•

- 100 M

THE LIBRARY
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
& LAND MANAGEMENT /
WESTERN AUSTRAUA

A VERTEBRATE FAUNA SURVEY OF RESERVES 19085, 19091, 20069, 20070 IN THE SHIRE OF DUMBLEYUNG, WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Prepared for: Department of Conservation and Land Management

By: Ninox Wildlife Consulting

March 1987

# CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	3
1.1	Study objectives	1
2.0	METHODS	2
2.1	Mammal reptile and amphibian sampling	3
2.2	Bird sampling	4
2.3	Taxonomy	4
2.4	Personnel	5
3.0	VERTEBRATE RESULTS	6
3.1	Reserve 19085	6
3.2	Reserve 19091	14
3.3	Reserve 20069	21
3.4	Reserve 20070	28
4.0	DISCUSSION OF RESULTS	37
4.1	A local perspective	37
4.2	Assessment of individual reserves	39
5.0	REFERENCES	41
6-0	APPENDICES	43

4

3

138

.

### INTRODUCTION

This report was commissioned by the Department of Conservation and Land Management and details a vertebrate fauna survey of four Nature Reserves in the Shire of Dumbleyung, Western Australia. These are Reserves 19085, 19091, 20069 and 20070. The reserves were selected for study either because they are small and therefore vulnerable, or because they are subject to future management plans. The information gathered during this survey will act as a baseline resource inventory to facilitate future planning and define management priorities.

#### 1.1 STUDY OBJECTIVES

The study was planned to:

- assess all vegetation formations in the reserves for vertebrates;
- provide a vegetation formation/association description for each location surveyed;
- 3. prepare a vertebrate species list for each vegetation formation/association;
- 4. discuss and compare the results of this survey with other fauna work conducted in the Wheatbelt, highlight any unusual records;
- 5. prepare a short conclusion assessing individual reserves.

### METHODS

The survey took place between March 16 and March 24, 1987 in a period of very variable weather ranging from hot days and cool nights to wet windy mornings and afternoon thunderstorm activity. The first four days of the survey were primarily set aside for reconnaissance and trapline establishment and the remainder allocated to intensive sampling of vertebrate fauna. Four field personnel were used and were divided into two teams, each with a four-wheel drive vehicle to allow for efficient and concurrent sampling of the reserves.

As all the reserves were fairly close to one another it was decided that they could be regarded as a continuum rather than discrete units, in order to most efficiently utilise resources and maximise results. This allowed the greatest number of different vegetation associations to be sampled, instead of repeating the same habitats on different reserves. The main criteria governing the choice of a habitat were that it was:

- 1. large enough to be considered a major unit;
- represented on most reserves such that extrapolation from one reserve to another was possible;
- 3. poorly represented in the system but had the possibility of supporting fauna with specialised habitat requirements or a restricted geographical distribution.

Data collection centered on a series of Sampling Locations on each reserve (Figs. 1, 2, 3, 4) all of which are directly referrable to the major vegetation associations described in Backshall, 1985.

#### 2.1 MAMMAL, REPTILE AND AMPHIBIAN SAMPLING

Trapline structure was variable but consisted of a minimum of 5 plastic lined pit-traps (50 x 15 cm) bisected across the top by an aluminium flywire drift-fence (30 m x 20 cm). Where the substrate consisted of very hard clay or rock, shorter pits were used. A minimum of 5 and a maximum of 20 Medium Elliott box-traps and 1 wire cage-trap were set at each Sampling Location, checked each morning, and left in position for a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 6 days. Extra trapping effort was concentrated in habitats likely to support species such as the Red-tailed Wambenger Phascogale calura, e.g. Sampling Location 1/5, Reserve 19085.

Diurnal hand foraging for reptiles and recording of active mammals plus signs such as tracks, scats and diggings was carried out each morning by all personnel and restricted to the vegetation associations surrounding each trapline; ecotones were avoided. All animals recorded outside Sampling Locations were integrated with the results from the most similar vegetation association. One full afternoon and evening of intensive sampling involving all personnel was conducted in each reserve. During this period all Sampling Locations were visited in rotation and the following activities carried out: hand foraging, recording all active species, headtorching and vehicle spotlight traverses along reserve boundaries.

Reserve 20070 was selected for intensive bat sampling. A bat trap was left in position for 4 days and 3 mist nets were manned for 2 hours after dark for 2 nights.

#### 2.2 BIRD SAMPLING

During daily trapline checking one team member concentrated on recording all birds seen or heard within the Sampling Location. These data were supplemented by records gathered by all personnel during morning, afternoon and nocturnal sampling periods. A minimum of 2 hours bird sampling was conducted in each Sampling Location and was supplemented by additional records from the most similar vegetation associations outside Sampling Locations.

TABLE 1 Trapnight sampling effort for Reserves 19805, 19091, 20069, 20070 in March 1987.

Reserve no.	Trapline no.	Pit- trap	Elliott	Cage	Vegetation code (Backshall, 1985)
19085	1/1	25	50	5	M-Sc <sub>l</sub> (Mallee-scrub)
	1/2	25	50	5	M-H <sub>2</sub> (Mallee-heath)
	1/3	25	50	5	W <sub>3</sub> (Woodland)
	1/4	25	50	5	w <sub>1</sub>
	1/5	20	100	0	w <sub>2</sub>
19091	4/1	25	50	5	W <sub>2</sub> -M (Woodland-Mallee)
	4/2	25	50	5	F <sub>1</sub> (Low forest)
	4/3	25	50	5	M-H <sub>1</sub> (Mallee-heath)
20069	3/1	25	25	5	Sc-H <sub>1</sub> (Scrub-heath)
	3/2	25	25	0	Sc-H <sub>3</sub>
	3/3	25	25	5	W <sub>2</sub> (Woodland)
20070	2/1	30	60	6	$W_4$
	2/2	25	50	5	F <sub>1</sub> (Low forest)
	2/3	25	50	5	H <sub>2</sub> (Heath)

### 2.3 TAXONOMY

Nomenclature in this report follows Blakers et al., 1984 - Birds; Strahan, 1983 - Mammals; Storr et al., 1981, 1983, 1986 - Reptiles; Tyler et al. 1984 - Amphibians.

### 2.4 PERSONNEL

K.	Youngson	•	Coordination,	field	sampling,	report	drafting
J.	Henry	_	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
A.	Sanders	-	Field sampling	}			
G.	Harold	_	••				

# 3.0 VERTEBRATE RESULTS

#### 3.1 RESERVE 19085

VEGETATION AND SOILS

Five major vegetation formations were chosen for intensive sampling. A description extracted from Backshall (1985) for each Sampling Location follows:

### Sampling Location 1/1

Open mallee-scrub (M-Sc1).

Description: Open shrub mallee of <u>Eucalyptus eromophila</u>, <u>E. uncinata</u> over scrub including <u>Melaleuca uncinata</u>, <u>Regelia inops</u>, <u>Gastrolobium spinosum</u>, over dwarf scrub C of <u>Hakea lehmanniana</u>, <u>Isopogon teretifolius</u>.

Soil is a light brown (10 yr 6/3) clayey sand.

### Sampling Location 1/2

Open mallee-heath  $(M-H_2)$ .

Description: Very open shrub mallee of Eucalyptus eromophila, E.? falcata, E. gardneri, E. incrassata, E. uncinata, over heath A including Dryandra nobilis, D. armata, Melaleuca pungens, Beaufortia incana, Melaleuca uncinata, over dwarf scrub C including Adenanthos argyreus, Thysanotus dicotomus, Acacia lasiocarpa, Isopogon teretifolius, Gastrolobium spinosum, Banksia sphaerocarpa var sphaerocarpa, Glischrocaryon? aureum, Petrophile striata, P. heterophylla, over very open low sedges.

Soil is a light yellow brown (10 yr 6/4) sandy loam with lateritic gravel.

Sampling Location 1/3

Banksia attenuata low woodland (W3).

Description: Open low woodland of Banksia attenuata, Nuytsia floribunda, Dryandra sessilis, over heath A, including Allocasuarina thuyiodes, Petrophile ericifolia, Eremaea pauciflora, over dwarf scrub C of Allocasuarina humilis, Melaleuca scabra, Stirlingia latifolia, over dwarf scrub D of Isopogon villosus, Calytrix fraseri, Verticordia densiflora, over open low sedges Caustis dioica, Loxocarya fasciculata, Lyginia barbata, sp. D.U. 8551, sp. D.U. 8552.

Soil description not available.

Sampling Location 1/4

<u>Eucalyptus</u> <u>wandoo</u> - <u>E. longicornis</u> woodland (W<sub>1</sub>).

Description: Similar woodland to Loc. 1, 3, including tall shrubs <u>Santalum acuminatum</u>, Choretrum glomeratum.

Soil description not available.

Sampling Location 1/5

Eucalyptus wandoo open woodland (W2).

Description: Open woodland of <u>Eucalyptus wandoo</u> over low woodland A of <u>Allocasuarina huegeliana</u>, <u>Acacia acuminata</u>, over open low sedges <u>Loxocarya cinerea</u>, <u>Lepidosperma viscidum</u>, <u>L. gracile</u>, <u>Lepidobolus preissianus</u>, over very open low herbs including <u>Stipa hemipogon</u>, <u>Stipa sp.</u>, <u>Waitzia acuminata</u>, <u>Stypandra imbricata</u>.

Soil is a dark yellowish brown (10 yr 4/4) sandy loam.

FIGURE 1 Diagram of Reserve 19085 showing Sampling Locations and vegetation associations surveyed for vertebrates.

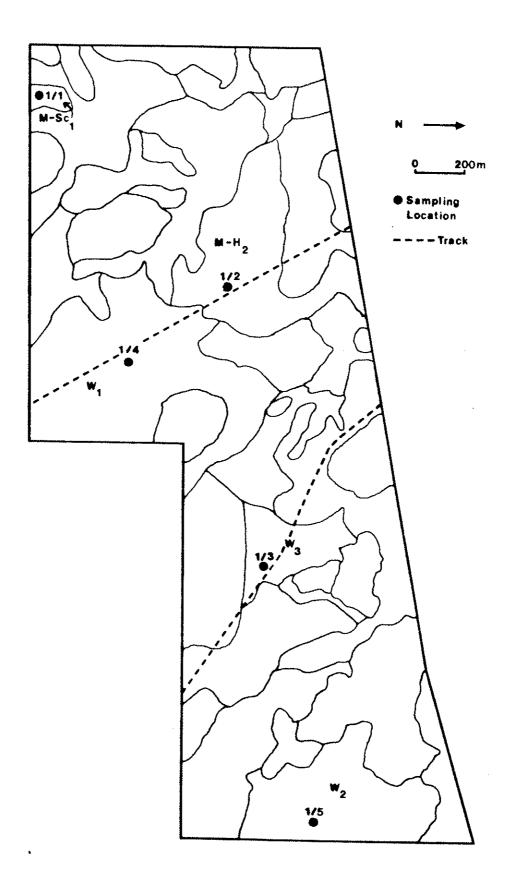


TABLE 2 Birds, mammals, amphibians and reptiles recorded in the vegetation associations of Reserve 19085.

N = unused nest; S = scats; D = diggings

		22 2			
VEGETATION CODE	M-Sc <sub>1</sub>	M-H <sub>2</sub>	w <sub>3</sub>	$w_1$	$w_2$
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
BIRD SPECIES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<b>** ** ** **</b> **
ANATIDAE					
Tadorna tadornoides, Australian Shelduck				1	144
ACCIPITRIDAE  Aquila audax, Wedge-tailed Eagle				1	
COLUMBIDAE  Phaps chalcoptera, Common Bronzewing Ocyphaps lophotes, Crested Pigeon		1	1	1	1
Glossopsitta porphyrocephala, Purple-crowned Lorikeet		6		14	
PLATYCERCIDAE  Barnadius zonarius,  Port Lincoln Ringneck		1		20	3
CUCULIDAE					
Cuculus pyrrhophanus, Fan-tailed Cuckoo				1	
AEGOTHELIDAE Aegotheles cristatus,					
Australian Owlet-nightjar			2	1	
Dacelo novaeguineae,					
Laughing Kookaburra				1	
HIRUNDINIDAE Cecropis nigricans, Tree Martin		15		7	

TABL	E	2	Cont.
1 4 1 1	1.	_	U.CHI U

VEGETATION CODE	M-Sc <sub>1</sub>	м-н <sub>2</sub>	$w_3$	$w_1$	w <sub>2</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
BIRD SPECIES				<del></del>	
CAMPEPHAGIDAE					
Coracina novaehollandiae,					
Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike		1			
MUSCICAPIDAE					
Petroica goodenovii,					
Red-capped Robin					2
Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter				2	
Pachycephala pectoralis,					
Golden Whistler		1			
P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler				2	2
Colluricincla harmonica,					
Grey Shrike-thrush		1	1	1	
Myiagra inquieta,					
Restless Flycatcher				2	
Rhipidura leucophrys,					
Willie Wagtail		1	3	2	1
TIMALIIDAE					
Pomatostomus superciliosus,					
White-browed Babbler				1	5
ACANTHIZIDAE					
Sericornis frontalis,					
White-browed Scrubwren	4		6		
S. cautus, Shy Hylacola	2	1			
S. fuliginosus, Calamanthus			1		
Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill	2		2	18	1
Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone				2	2
Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill			4	5	1
A. uropygialis,					
Chestnut-rumped Thornbill		5			1
A. chrysorrhoa, Yellow-rumped Thornbill				2	
= outless =::0FIIOFTT				4	
CLIMACTERIDAE					
Climacteris rufa, Rufous Treecreeper				5	

TABLE 2 Cont.

VEGETATION CODE	M-Sc <sub>l</sub>	м-н <sub>2</sub>	<b>w</b> 3	$w_1$	$w_2$
SAMPLING LOCATION		1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
BIRD SPECIES	777 MAR COM AND AND AND THE AND	- <del></del>			···
MELIPHAGIDAE					
Anthochaera carunculata,					
Red Wattlebird				2	
Lichenostomus virescens,					
Singing Honeyeater	,		1	_	3
L. leucotis, White-eared Honeyeater L. ornatus,	1		1	1	1
Yellow-plumed Honeyeater				4	
Melithreptus brevirostris,				**	
Brown-headed Honeyeater				3	
Lichmera indistincta,					
Brown Honeyeater			1		2
Phylidonyris nigra,					
White-cheeked Honeyeater		1	14		
Acanthorhynchus superciliosus,					
Western Spinebill					1
EPTHIANURIDAE					
Epthianura albifrons,					
White-fronted Chat		2			
PARDALOTIDAE					
Pardalotus striatus,					
Striated Pardalote		1		12	1
7OCHEDODIDAE					
ZOSTEROPIDAE Zosterops lateralis, Silvereye			2	10	<i>c</i>
			2	10	6
CRACTICIDAE					
Cracticus torquatus,					
Grey Butcherbird					1
Gymnorhina tibicen,					
Australian Magpie		12		1	2
Strepera versicolor, Grey Currawong		1		2	3
CORVIDAE					
Corvus coronoides, Australian Rayen		5		1	6
		5		*	v

ים זכו גייו	2	Cont
TABLE	۷.	Cont.

VEGETATION CODE		м-н <sub>2</sub>		$w_1$	<b>w</b> <sub>2</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
MAMMAL SPECIES		· —			— — — <u></u>
TACHYGLOSSIDAE  Tachyglossus aculeatus,  Short-beaked Echidna	D			D	
PHALANGERIDAE  Trichosurus vulpecula,  Common Brushtail Possum					S
TARSIPEDIDAE Tarsipes rostratus, Honey Possum		2			
MACROPODIDAE  Macropus fuliginosus,  Western Grey Kangaroo	S		s	2	3
Muridae Musculus, House Mouse					1
Oryctolagus cuniculus, Rabbit		S	S		S,D
Vulpes vulpes, Fox		S	S		S,D
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES  LEPTODACTYLIDAE Ground Frogs					
Heleioporus albopunctatus Limnodynastes dorsalis			4		7 1
GEKKONIDAE Geckos  Crenadactylus ocellatus  Diplodactylus maini  D. spinigerus		1		1 8	

TABLE 2 Cont.

VEGETATION CODE	M-Sc <sub>l</sub>	м-н <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>3</sub>	$w_1$	$W_2$
SAMPLING LOCATION		1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES					
D. granariensis				17	
Oedura reticulata Phyllodactylus marmoratus			2	3 2	
PYGOPODIDAE Legless Lizards					
Delma australis		1	2	1	
AGAMIDAE Dragon Lizards					
Pogona m. minor		1			
SCINCIDAE Skinks					
Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalus				3	
Lerista distinguenda		1		4	3
Morethia obscura Tiliqua r. rugosa		3 1	7	1	
IIIIqua I. Iugosa		1			
VARANIDAE Monitors					
<u>Varanus</u> gouldii			1		
TYPHLOPIDAE Blind Snakes					
Ramphotyphlops australis					1

#### 3.2 RESERVE 19091

VEGETATION AND SOILS

Three major vegetation formations were chosen for intensive sampling. A description extracted from Backshall (1985) for each Sampling Location follows:

## Sampling Location 4/1

Open woodland - mallee  $(W_2)$ .

Description: An open low woodland of <u>Eucalyptus astringens</u> mixed (patchily) with a shrub mallee of <u>E. transcontinentalis</u>, <u>E. uncinata</u>, <u>E. celastroides</u> sp. nov. with a patchy and variable tall shrub understorey, including <u>Leptospermum erubescens</u>, <u>Dodonaea bursarifolia</u>, <u>Melaleuca acuminata</u>, <u>M. spicigera</u>, <u>M. adnata</u>, <u>M. uncinata</u>, <u>Acacia glaucoptera</u>, <u>Dodonaea amblyophylla</u>, <u>Phebalium filifolium</u>, <u>Daviesia benthammi</u> ssp. benthammi.

Soil is a brown (10 yr 5/3) sandy clay.

### Sampling Location 4/2

Low forest (F<sub>1</sub>).

Description: Low forest A of <u>Eucalyptus astringens</u> (dominant) with <u>E. gardnera</u> and occasional <u>E. falcata</u>. Understorey is sparse or absent.

No soil description available.

Sampling Location 4/3

 $Mallee-heath (M-H_1).$ 

Description: Very open shrub mallee of Eucalyptus foecunda, E. albida, over low heath C, that includes Hakea incrassata, Hakea aff erinaceae, Melaleuca pentagona, M. cuneata, Dodonaea amblyophylla, Dryandra cirsioides, Calytrix leshenaultii, Chorizema asciculare, over open sedges Lepidosperma drummondii, L. (Unnamed taxa D.U. 8553), Harperia lateriflora, Restio sphacelata.

Soil is clayey sand.

FIGURE 2 Diagram of Reserve 19091 showing Sampling Locations and vegetation associations surveyed for vertebrates.

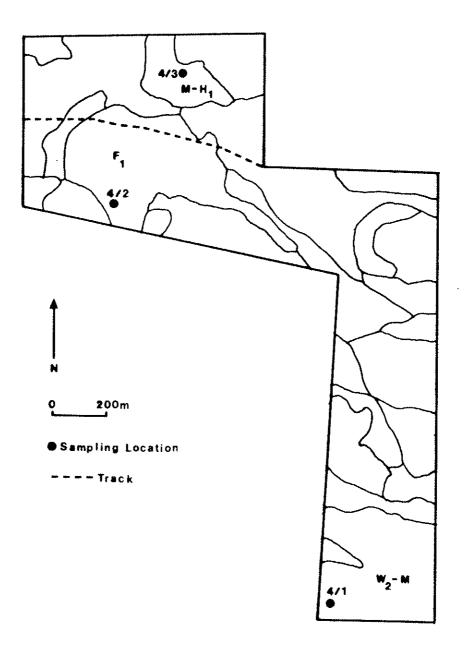


TABLE 3 Birds, mammals, amphibians and reptiles recorded in the vegetation associations of Reserve 19091.

N = unused nest; S = scats; D = diggings

VEGETATION CODE	W <sub>2</sub> -M	$\mathbf{F_1}$	
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3
BIRD SPECIES			** *** *** *** *** *** ***
COLUMBIDAE  Phaps chalcoptera, Common Bronzewing  Ocyphaps lophotes, Crested Pigeon		1	1
LORIIDAE Glossopsitta porphyrocephala,			
Purple-crowned Lorikeet	12		2
Nymphicus hollandicus, Cockatiel			16
PLATYCERCIDAE  Barnadius zonarius,  Port Lincoln Ringneck	ı	14	5
STRIGIDAE  Ninox novaeseelandiae,  Southern Boobook		1	
AEGOTHELIDAE  Aegotheles cristatus,  Australian Owlet-nightjar		1	1
HIRUNDINIDAE <u>Cecropis nigricans</u> , Tree Martin		4	
MUSCICAPIDAE  Pachycephala pectoralis,  Golden Whistler		1	
Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush Rhipidura leucophrys, Willie Wagtail	1	1 1	

TA	DI	r.	3	Cont.
3.M	LD1	c	J	CODE

\*)

VEGETATION CODE	w <sub>2</sub> -m	F <sub>1</sub>	M-H <sub>1</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3
BIRD SPECIES	the data with many copy, even were draw copy gaps gaps and		
TIMALIIDAE			
Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler	1,N		
ACANTHIZIDAE			
Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill	3	3	7
Acanthiza uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill			9
A. chrysorrhoa,			,
Yellow-rumped Thornbill			4
NEOSITTIDAE			
Daphoenositta chrysoptera, Varied Sittella			3
MELIPHAGIDAE			
Lichenostomus virescens,			
Singing Honeyeater  L. leucotis, White-eared Honeyeater	2	1	2
L. ornatus,	2.		1
Yellow-plumed Honeyeater		1	
Phylidonyris melanops, Tawny-crowned Honeyeater			1
PARDALOTIDAE			
Pardalotus punctatus,			
Spotted Pardalote		5	
P.striatus, Striated Pardalote	3	1	2
ZOSTEROPIDAE			
Zosterops <u>lateralis</u> , Silvereye		2	
ARTAMIDAE			
Artamus cyanopterus,			
Dusky Woodswallow			1

TAI	BLE	3	Cont.

VEGETATION CODE	w <sub>2</sub> -м	$^{\mathtt{F}_{\mathtt{l}}}$	м-н <sub>1</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3
BIRD SPECIES	<b>10 410 410 410 410 410 410 410 410 410 4</b>	* **** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****	··· ···
CRACTICIDAE			
Cracticus torquatus,			
Grey Butcherbird		1	2
Gymnorhina tibicen,	_		
Australian Magpie	1	10	3
Strepera versicolor, Grey Currawong		1	1
CORVIDAE			
Corvus coronoides, Australian Raven	1	1	1
MAMMAL SPECIES	•		
TACHYGLOSSIDAE			
Tachyglossus aculeatus,			
Short-beaked Echidna		D	
MACROPODIDAE			
Macropus fuliginosus,			
Western Grey Kangaroo	S	2	8
CANIDAE			
Vulpes vulpes, Fox	s		s
			2
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES			
GEKKONIDAE Geckos			
Diplodactylus granariensis	4	1	
Oedura reticulata	3		
Phyllodactylus marmoratus	2		

TABLE	3	Cont.

VEGETATION CODE	W <sub>2</sub> -M	F <sub>1</sub>	м-н <sub>1</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION	1/1	1/2	1/3
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES	T TOTAL SIZE		
SCINCIDAE Skin Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalus Tiliqua r. rugosa	aks 1	1	1

#### 3.3 RESERVE 20069

VEGETATION AND SOILS

Three major vegetation formations were chosen for intensive sampling. A description extracted from Backshall (1985) for each Sampling Location follows:

## Sampling Location 3/1

Scrub-heath (Sc-H<sub>1</sub>).

Description: Low scrub A of Leptospermum erubescens, Hakea baxteri, H. corymbosa, over low heath D including Melaleuca cuneata, M. pentagona, Calytrix sp. Allocasuarina humilis, A. microstachya, over open low sedges Restio sphacelata, Harperia lateriflora, sp. D.U. 8542.

Soil is a light brownish grey (10 yr 6/2) sand.

# Sampling Location 3/2

Scrub-heath (Sc-H<sub>3</sub>).

Description: Low scrub A including Xanthorrhoea reflexa, Banksia sphaerocarpa var sphaerocarpa, Dryandra armata, over low heath C, including Melaleuca cuneata, Beaufortia micrantha, Isopogon teretifolius, over dwarf scrub D, with Synaphea polymorpha, Stirlingia tenuifolia, Glischrocaryon? aureum, over very open low sedges Mesomelaena stygia, Lepidobolus preissianus.

Soil is a brownish yellow (10 yr 6/6) clay loam with gravel and emergent stones.

Sampling Location 3/3

<u>Eucalyptus</u> <u>longicornis</u> - <u>E.</u> <u>wandoo</u> woodland ( $W_2$ ).

Description: Woodland of <u>Eucalyptus longicornis</u>, <u>E. wandoo</u> over open sedges.

Soil is a brown clay loam.

FIGURE 3 Diagram of Reserve 20069 showing Sampling Locations and vegetation associations surveyed for vertebrates.

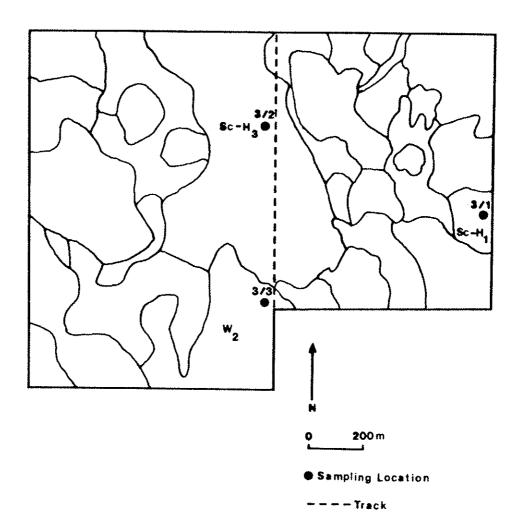


TABLE 4 Birds, mammals, amphibians and reptiles recorded in the vegetation associations of Reserve 20069.

N = unused nest; S = scats; D = diggings

....

VEGETATION CODE	Sc-H <sub>l</sub>	Sc-H <sub>3</sub>	w <sub>2</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION		3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECIES	**************************************	T 477 199 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	
AGTETER			
ACCIPITRIDAE  Aquila audax, Wedge-tailed Eagle			N
PHASIANIDAE Coturnix novaezealandiae,			
Stubble Quail			1
COLUMBIDAE			
Phaps chalcoptera, Common Bronzewing			2
Glossopsitta porphyrocephala, Purple-crowned Lorikeet			39
PLATYCERCIDAE			
Barnadius zonarius,			
Port Lincoln Ringneck	6		8
AEGOTHELIDAE Aegotheles cristatus,			
Australian Owlet-nightjar		2	1
ALCEDINIDAE Dacelo novaeguineae,			
Laughing Kookaburra			2
HIRUNDINIDAE			
Cecropis nigricans, Tree Martin			11
MUSCICAPIDAE Petroica goodenovii,			
Red-capped Robin Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter	2		3

TADDE 4 COIL	TABL	E 4	Cont
--------------	------	-----	------

VEGETATION CODE	Sc-H <sub>1</sub>	Sc-H <sub>3</sub>	$w_2$
SAMPLING LOCATION		3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECIES	**		<b></b>
Pachycephala rufiventris,			
Rufous Whistler Colluricincla harmonica,			1
Grey Shrike-thrush			1
Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher			1
TIMALIIDAE			
Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler			2,N
ACANTHIZIDAE			
Sericornis frontalis,			
White-browed Scrubwren Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill	1	2	
Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill	1	1 2	4
A. chrysorrhoa,	•••	_	
Yellow-rumped Thornbill	10		
CLIMACTERIDAE			
Climacteris rufa, Rufous Treecreeper			6
MELIPHAGIDAE			
Lichenostomus virescens,			
Singing Honeyeater			1
L. leucotis, White-eared Honeyeater L. ornatus,		1	
Yellow-plumed Honeyeater			35
Lichmera indistincta,			33
Brown Honeyeater			1
Phylidonyris nigra, White-cheeked Honeyeater		7	4
		,	4
Pardalotus punctatus			
Pardalotus punctatus, Spotted Pardalote			2
P.striatus, Striated Pardalote			7
			•

TABLE 4 Cont.			
VEGETATION CODE	Sc-H <sub>1</sub>	sc-H <sub>3</sub>	w <sub>2</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION		3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECIES			
GRALLINIDAE			
Grallina cyanoleuca, Australian Magpie-lark			1
ARTAMIDAE			
Artamus cyanopterus, Dusky Woodswallow			4
CRACTICIDAE			
Gymnorhina tibicen, Australian Magpie	1		8
Strepera versicolor, Grey Currawong	ı		2
CORVIDAE			
Corvus coronoides, Australian Raven			3
MAMMAL SPECIES			
TACHYGLOSSIDAE			
Tachyglossus aculeatus, Short-beaked Echidna		D	D
PHALANGERIDAE			
Trichosurus vulpecula, Common Brushtail Possum			1
BURRAMYIDAE			
Cercartetus concinnus, Western Pygmy-possum			1
TARSIPEDIDAE			
Tarsipes rostratus, Honey Possum		1	

TABL	r	Λ	Cont.
TABL	. Pi	4	CODE

VEGETATION CODE	Sc-H <sub>1</sub>	Sc-H <sub>3</sub>	$w_2$
SAMPLING LOCATION	3/1	3/2	3/3
MAMMAL SPECIES	** *** ***	(Pr. 188) (M.) (M.) (M.) (M.) (M.) (M.) (M.) (M.	
MACROPODIDAE			
Macropus irma, Western Brush Wallaby		1	
M. fuliginosus,		1	
Western Grey Kangaroo	6	4	S
LEPORIDAE			
Oryctolagus cuniculus, Rabbit	S	1	
CANIDAE			
Vulpes vulpes, Fox		S	1
BOVIDAE			
Bos taurus, Domestic Cattle	3		
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES  LEPTODACTYLIDAE Ground Frogs  Heleioporus albopunctatus	1		
GEKKONIDAE Geckos			
Crenadactylus ocellatus			-
D. spinigerus	1		1
D. granariensis	<b>-</b>		1 2
			2
Phyllodactylus marmoratus			
**************************************			2
Phyllodactylus marmoratus			2
Phyllodactylus marmoratus  SCINCIDAE Skinks			2 1 4

#### 3.4 RESERVE 20070

VEGETATION AND SOILS

Three major vegetation formations were chosen for intensive sampling. A description extracted from Backshall (1985) for each Sampling Location follows:

### Sampling Location 2/1

Eucalyptus wandoo woodland (W4).

No detailed description is available in Backshall (1985), but the following information for  $W_1$  (Loc. 3) in Reserve 19085, the most similar vegetation formation to that under consideration, is relevant:

<u>Eucalyptus</u> <u>wandoo</u> - <u>E. longicornis</u> woodland (W<sub>1</sub>).

Description: Woodland of <u>Eucalyptus wandoo</u> - <u>E. longicornis</u> over open scrub of <u>Allocasuarina huegeliana</u>, <u>Acacia acuminata</u>, over open low scrub of <u>Gastrolobium crassifolium</u>, over very open low sedges <u>Borya</u> (unnamed taxa) <u>Lepidosperma gracile</u>.

No soil description available.

## Sampling Location 2/2

Eucalyptus astringens low forest (F1).

Description: A low forest dominated by <u>Eucalyptus astringens</u>, understorey very sparse or absent. <u>E. gardneri</u> (mallet) occurs near periphery of stands or on erosion slopes.

Soils are sands or loamy sands with laterite exposed or near-surface.

Sampling Location 2/3

Heath  $(H_2)$ .

Description: A heath B of Leptospermum erubescens, Eremaea pauciflora, Dryandra armata, over low heath C including Daviesia juncea, Banksia sphaerocarpa var sphaerocarpa, B. baueri, Petrophile ericifolia, P. squamata, Hakea corymbosa, over low heath D of Microcarys lenticularis, Phylota gracilis, Isopogon villosus, Hakea incrassata, Calytrix sp. over open low sedges Caustis dioica, Lyginia barbata, Mesomelaena preissii, sp. D.U. 8542.

Soil is pale brown (10 yr 6/3) fine sand.

FIGURE 4 Diagram of Reserve 20070 showing Sampling Locations and vegetation associations surveyed for vertebrates.

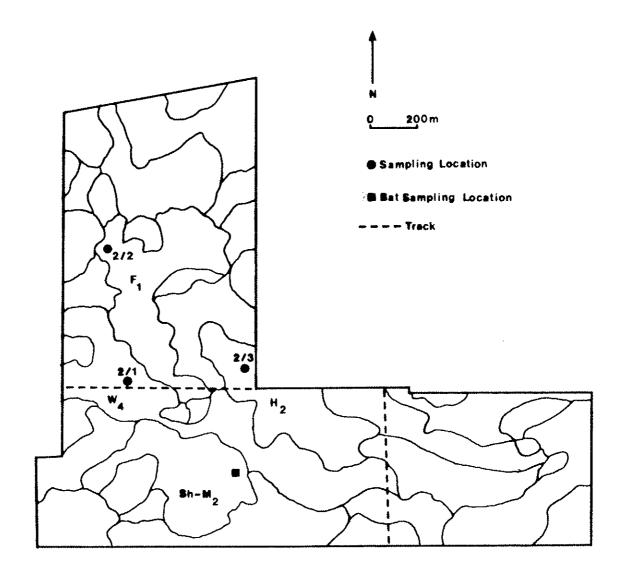


TABLE 5	Birds, mammals, amphibians vegetation associations of Re			recorded	in the
	N = unused nest; S = scats;	D = dig	gings		
VEGETATION	CODE	$w_4$	w <sub>1</sub> w <sub>3</sub>	F <sub>1</sub>	Н2
SAMPLING LO		3/1		3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECI				to which death paints games	- 400 000 000 000 000
	ACCIPITRIDAE				
Aquila auda	ax, Wedge-tailed Eagle	1			
	COLUMBIDAE coptera, Common Bronzewing ophotes, Crested Pigeon	4		1	2
Cacatua ros	CACATUIDAE seicapilla, Galah	7	2		
	LORIIDAE ta porphyrocephala, crowned Lorikeet	16	3		
Platycorou	PLATYCERCIDAE s icterotis,				
Western Barnadius	Rosella	2	2		
Port Lin	ncoln Ringneck	14	18	3	2
Neophema e	legans, Elegant Parrot	1			
Podargus st	PODARGIDAE trigoides, Tawny Frogmouth	3	1		1

ALCEDINIDAE

Australian Owlet-nightjar

Aegotheles cristatus,

\*)

Dacelo novaeguineae,
Laughing Kookaburra

AEGOTHELIDAE

1 2 1

TABLE 5 Cont.

\*)

••)

1)

\*)

w)

•)

•)

### SAMPLING LOCATION 3/1 3/2 3/3  BIRD SPECIES  ###################################	VEGETATION CODE	$w_4$	w <sub>1</sub> w <sub>3</sub>	F <sub>1</sub>	н <sub>2</sub>
BIRD SPECIES  HIRUNDINIDAE  Cecropis nigricans, Tree Martin 3 5  CAMPEPHAGIDAE  Coracina novaehollandiae, Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike 2  MUSCICAPIDAE  Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin 1 P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1  Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1  Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 2  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	SAMPLING LOCATION			3/2	3/3
Campephagidae  Coracina novaehollandiae, Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike  MUSCICAPIDAE  Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin P. goodenovii, Red-caped Robin P. goodenovii, Red-caped Robin P. gooden Whistler Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler P. rufiventry, Rufous Whistler P. ru	BIRD SPECIES			77 PPD veld sidd dair mak ymp gyp, gyp, gg,	
CAMPEPHAGIDAE   Coracina novaehollandiae,					
Coracina novaehollandiae, Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike  MUSCICAPIDAE  Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin 1 P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1 Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1 Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4 Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1 Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 2 Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1 TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2 5 Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2 A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5 A. chrysorrhoa,	Cecropis nigricans, Tree Martin	3	5		
MUSCICAPIDAE  Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin 1 P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1 Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1 Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4 Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1 Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2 Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1 Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5 Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2 A. chrysorrhoa,	CAMPEPHAGIDAE				
MUSCICAPIDAE  Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin 1 P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1  Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1  Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 2  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5 Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2 A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5 A. chrysorrhoa,	Coracina novaehollandiae,				
Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin 1 P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1 Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1 Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4 Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1 Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1 TIMALIIDAE Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2 Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1 Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5 Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 5 A. chrysorrhoa,	Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	2			
P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin 2 1 1 1  Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter 4 1  Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler 2  P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	MUSCICAPIDAE				
Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter  Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler  P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill  A. chrysorrhoa,	Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin	1			
Pachycephala pectoralis, Golden Whistler  P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher  Restless Flycatcher  Restless Flycatcher  Restless Flycatcher  Indicate the second of the secon	P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin	2	1	1	1
Golden Whistler 2 P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler 4 Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush 1 Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher 2 2 Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1 R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1 TIMALIIDAE Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2 Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1 Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5 Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2 A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5 A. chrysorrhoa,		4	1		
P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler  Colluricincla harmonica, Grey Shrike-thrush  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill A. chrysorrhoa,		2			
Grey Shrike-thrush  Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill Cherysorrhoa,	P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler				
Myiagra inquieta, Restless Flycatcher Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill Chestnut-rumped Thornbill A. chrysorrhoa,	Colluricincla harmonica,				
Restless Flycatcher 2 2 2  Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	Grey Shrike-thrush	1			
Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail 1 1  R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail 1 1  TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler 4  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren 2  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	Myiagra inquieta,				
TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill Chrysorrhoa,	Restless Flycatcher	2	2		
TIMALIIDAE  Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill A. chrysorrhoa,	Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail	1	1		
Pomatostomus superciliosus, White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill A. chrysorrhoa,	R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail		1		1
White-browed Babbler  ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill  A. chrysorrhoa,	TIMALIIDAE				
ACANTHIZIDAE  Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5 A. chrysorrhoa,	Pomatostomus superciliosus,				
Sericornis frontalis, White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill A. chrysorrhoa,	White-browed Babbler	4			
White-browed Scrubwren  Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill  A. chrysorrhoa,	ACANTHIZIDAE				
Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill 13 4 1  Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	Sericornis frontalis,				
Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone 2 5  Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	White-browed Scrubwren				2
Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill 2  A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,	Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill	13	4	1	
A. uropygialis, Chestnut-rumped Thornbill Chrysorrhoa,	Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone	2	5		
Chestnut-rumped Thornbill 5  A. chrysorrhoa,			2		
	Chestnut-rumped Thornbill	5			
		12	10		

ጥል	BLE	- 5	Con	٠.
	עעט	•	COH	

•)

-)

.)

VEGETATION CODE	$\mathtt{w_4}$	$w_1 \\ w_3$	Fl	н <sub>2</sub>
SAMPLING LOCATION			3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECIES	<del></del>		***************************************	
NEOSITTIDAE				
Daphoenositta chrysoptera, Varied Sittella	6			
CLIMACTERIDAE				
Climacteris rufa, Rufous Treecreeper		1		
MELIPHAGIDAE				
Anthochaera carunculata,	• •	_	_	
Red Wattlebird Lichenostomus virescens,	13	3	7	
Singing Honeyeater	5			
L. <u>leucotis</u> , White-eared Honeyeater	4			
L. ornatus,				
Yellow-plumed Honeyeater		31		
Melithreptus brevirostris,	* *			
Brown-headed Honeyeater Lichmera indistincta,	11			
Brown Honeyeater	13	4		
Phylidonyris nigra,	10			
White-cheeked Honeyeater				4
DICAEIDAE				
Dicaeum hirundinaceum, Mistletoebird	1			
PARDALOTIDAE				
Pardalotus punctatus,				
Spotted Pardalote	3			
P.striatus, Striated Pardalote	9	1		
ZOSTEROPIDAE				
Zosterops <u>lateralis</u> , Silvereye	4	6		4
GRALLINIDAE				
Grallina cyanoleuca,				
Australian Magpie-lark			2	

TABLE	r,	Cont.
* (*1)1		COHE

•)

•)

•)

\*)

•)

•)

\*)

•)

VEGETATION CODE	$\mathtt{w_4}$	w <sub>1</sub> w <sub>3</sub>	F <sub>1</sub>	
SAMPLING LOCATION	3/1		3/2	3/3
BIRD SPECIES		* ***		
ARTAMIDAE				
Artamus cyanopterus, Dusky Woodswallow		6		
CRACTICIDAE				
Cracticus torquatus,	_			
Grey Butcherbird  Gymnorhina tibicen,  Australian Magpie	5 7		5	
Strepera versicolor, Grey Currawong	8	1	2	
CORVIDAE				
Corvus coronoides, Australian Raven	13		6	
MAMMAL SPECIES  TACHYGLOSSIDAE  Tachyglossus aculeatus,  Short-beaked Echidna		D	D	
PHALANGERIDAE				
Trichosurus vulpecula, Common Brushtail Possum	2	3		
BURRAMYIDAE				
Cercartetus concinnus, Western Pygmy-possum	1			
MACROPODIDAE				
Macropus irma, Western Brush Wallaby M. fuliginosus,	1		2	1
Western Grey Kangaroo				

TABLE 5 Cont.			
VEGETATION CODE	$w_4  w_1 \\ w_3$	F <sub>1</sub>	<sup>H</sup> 2
SAMPLING LOCATION	3/1	3/2	3/3
MAMMAL SPECIES	THE LOTE THE SAID SAID SAID SAID SAID SAID SAID SAID		··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··
VESPERTILIONIDAE			
Nyctophilus geoffroyi,			
Lesser Long-eared Bat	5		
Chalinolobus morio,			
Chocolate Wattled Bat	1		
Eptesicus regulus,			
King River Eptesicus	5		
LEPORIDAE			
Oryctolagus cuniculus, Rabbit	S		s
CANIDAE			
Vulpes vulpes, Fox			s
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES			
LEPTODACTYLIDAE Ground Frogs			
Heleioporus albopunctatus			2.4
Limnodynastes dorsalis			24
Neobatrachus sp.			12
Ranidella pseudinsignifera			4
<u> pseudinsignifera</u>			1
GEKKONIDAE Geckos			
Crenadactylus ocellatus	5	2	
Diplodactylus maini	2 11		
o. spinigerus		1	
D. granariensis	7 14	5	
Dedura reticulata	1	1	
Phyllodactylus marmoratus	1		
Phyllurus milii	9		
	•		

•

•)

•)

\*)

. )

\*)

\*\*)

\*)

\*)

**4** 

\*)

•)

\*)

TA	nr.	æ.	5	Cont.
		111	,	CUILLA

VEGETATION CODE		$W_4$	$w_1 \\ w_3$	F <sub>1</sub>	<sup>H</sup> 2
SAMPLING LOCATION		*		3/2	3/3
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES		· — — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>		
PYGOPODIDAE Legless  Delma australis  D. fraseri	3 Lizards	1			1
SCINCIDAE	Skinks				
Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalu	ıs	3	3		
Lerista distinguenda		1			1
Morethia obscura		1			2
Tiliqua r. rugosa		3	2	5	
VARANIDAE	Monitors				
Varanus gouldii					1

## DISCUSSION

### 4.1 A LOCAL PERSPECTIVE

A combined total of 64 species of bird, 13 native and 4 introduced mammals, 4 amphibians and 16 reptiles were recorded on the reserves and the immediately adjacent farmland. Considering that sampling did not take place at the optimum period, the survey was fairly productive.

Comparisons can be made with the nearby series of 4 contiguous reserves (19096, 19083, 19082, 10473 - total area 1061 ha) sampled by the Western Australian Museum in September/October 1974 and April 1975 (Kitchener et al., 1978).

### Birds

•

\*)

The Museum surveys recorded 82 species of bird, 23 of which were not recorded by us in Reserves 19085, 19091, 20069, 20070 (total area 888 ha). While the size and separation of these reserves may have some bearing on their individual lists (Kitchener et al., 1982a) it is more likely that seasonal effects and the secretive habits of some birds have caused the discrepancy between the surveys. For example, 17 of the 23 species recorded only by the Museum team were listed for spring 1974 and represent seasonal migrants unlikely to be recorded during the current survey (Dell, 1978). The remaining species are listed as uncommon. Dell (1978) records 7 raptores not seen by us; the relative abundance of the House Mouse Mus musculus partially accounts for this, since this prey species was very common during the Museum surveys but scarce during the present one.

The CALM survey has added a further 5 species to the area list: Stubble Quail, Crested Pigeon, Cockatiel, Shy Hylacola and Mistletoebird. The Southern Scrub-robin was not listed by us but

a series of short calls possibly attributable to this bird was heard in the mallee scrub association on reserve 19085 (Sampling Location 1/1). Further survey work should confirm this provisional record.

#### Mam mals

Mammal results were typically poor. Three species recorded during the Museum surveys were not located by us: Red-tailed Wambenger, White-tailed Dunnart and Gould's Wattled Bat. There is no apparent reason why at least some of the reserves should not support these species.

Three further mammals have been added to the area list: Chocolate Wattled Bat, Lesser Long-eared Bat, European Fox. The presence of the Common Brushtail Possum on at least 3 reserves is of interest since, although not entirely relevant to the Wheatbelt, the Ninox team has not recorded this species in six years' survey work in the eastern Darling Range. Their presence in the Wheatbelt reserves is of some conservation importance to the Western Australian population of this species.

### Amphibians and reptiles

Very few reptiles were seen diurnally active, suggesting that the prevailing weather conditions had some adverse effect on trapline and foraging results. The Museum list contains 11 amphibians and reptiles not recorded by us; some of these are a direct result of a further Museum survey period in spring while others can be related to the vageries of sampling. We believe that all species listed for the Museum surveys should be found on all or most of the reserves.

Two further species have been added: Ranidella pseudinsignifera and Phylurus milii. The latter was found only on small granite exposures on Reserve 20070 and is probably restricted to this type of habitat on all reserves (G. Harold, pers. comm.).

In total the combined list of vertebrates from the reserves represents a typical suite of Wheatbelt fauna with no unusual inclusions or significant extensions of geographic range. Further survey effort in a different season should extend the number of species substantially.

## 4.2 ASSESSMENT OF INDIVIDUAL RESERVES

\*)

-)

\*

•)

\*\*)

The results of the survey show that Reserve 20070 with 73 vertebrates (excluding bats) was the richest area, followed in descending order of species richness by Reserve 19085 (65 species), Reserve 20069 (47 species) and Reserve 19091 (35 species). This was a short duration, single season survey and was not conducted systematically in the strictest sense. However, there appears to be a correlation between reserve area and number of vertebrates recorded. Table 6 lists the reserves in descending order of area, and the numbers of species present of the various faunal groups.

TABLE 6 Number of vertebrate species in each reserve tabulated against reserve area and number of vegetation formations. (Bats and stock animals excluded.)

RESERVE #	20070	19085	20069	19091
Area (ha) Formations	275 16	275 19	199 12	139 12
Birds	48	43	31	28
Mammals	7	8	8	2
Amphibians	4	2	1	0
Reptiles	14	12	7	5
Total species	73	65	47	35

A trend towards lower numbers of species in reserves of smaller area is apparent. The mammal data does not seriously contradict this since due to sampling difficulties it is likely to be incomplete. A further influence on species richness may be the amount of open mixed Eucalypt woodland present. Backshall (1985) maps this formation as being much more extensive in Reserves 20070 and 19085 - the two with the highest bird species count (Tables 2, 5, 6). Kitchener et al. (1982a) state that woodland formations in the Wheatbelt are the most important areas for resident and transient bird species. They also consider that the number of lizard species correlates highly with the numbers of plant associations present; data from the present survey supports this (Table 6). Similarly they show that, although other variables affect different bird species groups, reserve area is the most important determinant of the numbers of bird species present.

All the reserves surveyed were smaller than 1500 ha, the minimum reserve area required to conserve a local avifauna (Kitchener et al. 1980a). However, these authors believe that a reserve of 80 ha can be an important avifaunal sanctuary in the Wheatbelt. For lizards and mammals 30 ha can act as an important refuge (Kitchener et al. 1980a, 1980b). The main importance of the four reserves surveyed is that three of them, at least, are in close proximity, not only to one another, but to the series of contiguous reserves to the north. Reserve 19091 is also close to several other reserves. This linked system is of importance to birds, and between them the reserves have the capacity to support a large proportion of the total vertebrate fauna of the Wheatbelt.

-)

•)

\*)

\* }

\*\*)

\* >

\* 2

•

•

### REFERENCES

- Backshall, D. (1985). Vegetation survey of reserves 19085, 20070, 20069, 15197, 19091. Shire of Dumbleyung. Internal report to the Department of Conservation and Land Management. 41 pp.
- Blakers, M., Davies, S. J. J. F. and Reilly, P. N. (1984). The

  Atlas of Australian Birds. Melbourne University Press. 738

  pp.
- Dell, J. (1978). Birds of Dongolocking Nature Reserve. <u>In:</u>
  Biological Survey of the Western Australian Wheatbelt, Part
  5. <u>Rec. West. Aust. Mus. Suppl.</u> 6: 59-70.
- Kitchener, D. J., Chapman, A., Dell, J., and Muir, B. G. (1978).
  Biological Survey of the Western Australian Wheatbelt, Part
  5: Dongolocking Nature Reserve. Rec. West. Aust. Mus. Suppl.
  6: 80 pp.
- Kitchener, D. J., Chapman, A., Dell, J., Muir, B. G., and Palmer, M. (1980a). Lizard assemblage and reserve size and structure in the Western Australian Wheatbelt. Some implications for conservation. Biological Conservation (17) 1: 25-62.
- Kitchener, D. J., Chapman, A., Muir, B. G., and Palmer, M. (1980b). The conservation value for mammals of reserves in the Western Australian Wheatbelt. <u>Biological Conservation</u> (18) 3: 179-208.
- Kitchener, D. J., Dell, J., Muir, B. G., and Palmer, M. (1982).

  Birds in Western Australian Wheatbelt reserves implications for conservation.

  Biological Conservation 22: 127-163.
- Storr, G. M., Smith, L. A. and Johnstone, R. E. (1981). <u>Lizards</u>
  of <u>Western Australia</u>. <u>Vol. I. Skinks</u>. University of Western
  Australia Press with Western Australian Museum: Perth. 200
  pp.
- Storr, G. M., Smith, L. A. and Johnstone, R. E. (1983). <u>Lizards</u>
  of <u>Western Australia</u>. <u>Vol. II. Dragons and Monitors</u>. West.
  Aust. Mus. Perth. 114 pp.

### References

Storr, G. M., Smith, L. A. and Johnstone, R. E. (1986). <u>Snakes</u>
of <u>Western Australia</u>. West. Aust. Mus. Perth. 187 pp.

Strahan, R. (ed.) (1983). The Australian Museum complete book of Australian Mammals. Angus & Robertson: Sydney. 530 pp.

Tyler, M. J., Smith, L. A., and Johnstone, R. E. (1984). Frogs of Western Australia. West. Aust. Mus. Perth. 109 pp.

# APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 Combined vertebrate fauna list for Reserves 19085, 19091, 20069, 20070 and adjacent cleared land.

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code	1	4	3	2	Cleared land
BIRD SPECIES		<del></del>		<del></del>	
ANATIDAE					
Tadorna tadornoides,					
Australian Shelduck	X				X
Chenonetta jubata, Maned Duck					X
ACCIPITRIDAE					
Aquila audax, Wedge-tailed Eagle	Х		X	X	X
FALCONIDAE					
Falco berigora, Brown Falcon					X
PHASIANIDAE					
Coturnix novaezealandiae,					
Stubble Quail			X		X
COLUMBIDAE					
Phaps chalcoptera, Common Bronzewing	х	х	х	х	X
Ocyphaps lophotes, Crested Pigeon				X	X
CACATUIDAE					
Cacatua roseicapilla, Galah				X	X
LORIIDAE					
Glossopsitta porphyrocephala,					
Purple-crowned Lorikeet	X	X	X	Х	
POLYTELITIDAE					
Nymphicus hollandicus, Cockatiel		X			
PLATYCERCIDAE					
Platycercus icterotis,					
Western Rosella				Х	
Barnadius zonarius,					
Port Lincoln Ringneck	X	X	Х	X	X
Neophema elegans, Elegant Parrot			X	Х	

\*

•)

•)

\*)

1)

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code	1	4	3	2	
BIRD SPECIES					
CUCULIDAE					
Cuculus pyrrhophanus,					
Fan-tailed Cuckoo	x				
STRIGIDAE					
Ninox novaeseelandiae,					
Southern Boobook		X			
PODARGIDAE					
Podargus strigoides, Tawny Frogmouth				X	
AEGOTHELIDAE					
Aegotheles cristatus,					
Australian Owlet-nightjar	X	X	х	X	
ALCEDINIDAE					
Dacelo novaeguineae,					
Laughing Kookaburra	X		X	X	
Halcyon sancta, Sacred Kingfisher					X
HIRUNDINIDAE					
Cecropis nigricans, Tree Martin	Х	X	X	X	
MOTACILLIDAE					
Anthus novaeseelandiae,					
Richard's Pipit					X
CAMPEPHAGIDAE					
Coracina novaehollandiae,					
Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	x			X	
MUSCICAPIDAE					
Petroica multicolor, Scarlet Robin				X	
P. goodenovii, Red-capped Robin	X		X	Х	
Microeca leucophaea, Jacky Winter	X		X	x	X
Pachycephala pectoralis,					
Golden Whistler	X	X		X	
P. rufiventris, Rufous Whistler					

•)

•)

**"**)

")

\*)

, )

\*)

(**26**)

**w**)

M)

\*)

•)

•)

\*)

	19085				Cleared
Location code	1	4	3	2	land
BIRD SPECIES					
Colluricincla harmonica,	•				
Grey Shrike-thrush	Х	Х	X	Х	
Myiagra inquieta,					
Restless Flycatcher	X		Х	X	
Rhipidura fuliginosa, Grey Fantail				X	
R. leucophrys, Willie Wagtail	X	X		X	X
TIMALIIDAE					
Pomatostomus superciliosus,					
White-browed Babbler	X	X	X	X	х
ACANTHIZIDAE					
Sericornis frontalis,					
White-browed Scrubwren	Х		X	X	
S. cautus, Shy Hylacola	X				
S. fuliginosus, Calamanthus	X				
Smicrornis brevirostris, Weebill	X	Х	X	X	
Gerygone fusca, Western Gerygone	X			X	
Acanthiza apicalis, Inland Thornbill	Х		Х	X	
A. uropygialis,					
Chestnut-rumped Thornbill	X	Х		Х	
A. chrysorrhoa,					
Yellow-rumped Thornbill	X	X	Х	X	
NEOSITTIDAE					
Daphoenositta chrysoptera,					
Varied Sittella		X		X	
CLIMACTERIDAE					
Climacteris rufa, Rufous Treecreeper	X		X	Х	
MELIPHAGIDAE					
Anthochaera carunculata,					
Red Wattlebird	X			X	X
Manorina flavigula,					
Yellow-throated Miner					X
Lichenostomus virescens,					
Singing Honeyeater	Х	X	X	X	
L. leucotis, White-eared Honeyeater	X	X	X	X	

•)

•)

\*)

,

\*)

•

•)

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code	1	4	3	2	
BIRD SPECIES	***************************************	1148 1148 was took <u>aan</u> aga (			
L. ornatus,					
Yellow-plumed Honeyeater	X	x	Х	X	
Melithreptus brevirostris,					
Brown-headed Honeyeater	X			X	
Lichmera indistincta,					
Brown Honeyeater	X		X	X	
Phylidonyris nigra,					
White-cheeked Honeyeater	X		X	X	
P. melanops,					
Tawny-crowned Honeyeater		X			
Acanthorhynchus superciliosus,					
Western Spinebill	X				
EPTHIANURIDAE					
Epthianura albifrons,					
White-fronted Chat	X				Х
DICAEIDAE					
Dicaeum hirundinaceum, Mistletoebird				X	
PARDALOTIDAE					
Pardalotus punctatus,					
Spotted Pardalote		X	X	X	
P.striatus, Striated Pardalote	X	X	X	X	
ZOSTEROPIDAE					
Zosterops <u>lateralis</u> , Silvereye	X	X		Х	
GRALLINIDAE					
Grallina cyanoleuca,					
Australian Magpie-lark			X	X	x
ARTAMIDAE					
Artamus cinereus,					
Black-faced Woodswallow		-			X
A. cyanopterus, Dusky Woodswallow		Х	Х	Х	X
The state of the s					

•)

\*)

•)

\*)

1

\*)

**w**)

**\*** )

\*)

•)

•)

\*)

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code	1	4	3	2	Cleared land
BIRD SPECIES		<del> </del>			
CRACTICIDAE					
Cracticus torquatus,					
Grey Butcherbird	Х	х		Х	Х
Gymnorhina tibicen,					
Australian Magpie	Х	X	X	X	Х
Strepera versicolor, Grey Currawong	X	X	X	X	X
CORVIDAE					
Corvus coronoides, Australian Raven	X	X	X	X	X
Total number of species	43	28	31	48	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TACHYGLOSSIDAE aculeatus,					
Short-beaked Echidna	X		Х	Х	
PHALANGERIDAE					
Trichosurus vulpecula, Common Brushtail Possum	x		Х	х	
BURRAMYIDAE		•			
Cercartetus concinnus,					
Western Pygmy-possum	X		X	X	
TARSIPEDIDAE					
Tarsipes rostratus, Honey Possum			Х		
**************************************	X		Λ		
MACROPODIDAE	Х		Α		
MACROPODIDAE Macropus irma,	Х			v	
	х		X	x	
MACROPODIDAE Macropus irma, Western Brush Wallaby	x	x		x x	

-

•

-

•

•

•

•)

•)

•)

, ))

•)

•

\*)

\*)

\*)

•)

\*)

200)

**30**)

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code	1	4	3	2	Cleared land
MAMMAL SPECIES					
VESPERTILIONIDAE					
Nyctophilus geoffroyi,					
Lesser Long-eared Bat Chalinolobus morio,				Х	
Chocolate Wattled Bat				Х	
Eptesicus regulus,					
King River Eptesicus				X	
MURIDAE					
Mus musculus, House Mouse	X				
LEDODINA					
Oryctolagus cuniculus, Rabbit	Х		Х	X	
	21		Λ	Λ	
CANIDAE					
<u>Vulpes</u> , Fox	X	X	X	X	
BOVIDAE					
Bos taurus, Domestic Cattle			Х		
Total number of species	8	2	9	10	
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES					
LEPTODACTYLIDAE Ground Frogs					
Heleioporus albopunctatus	X		x	X	
Limnodynastes dorsalis	X			X	
Neobatrachus sp. Ranidella pseudinsignifera				X X	
poctation gillet				Λ	
GEKKONIDAE Geckos					
Crenadactylus ocellatus	X		X	X	
Diplodactylus maini			X	X	
D. spinigerus	X		X	X	

•

•

\*)

•

• )

**(** 

.)

• )

•)

•)

RESERVE NO./CLEARED LAND Location code				20070	Cleared land
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES			**		
D. granariensis	Х	х	х	x	
Oedura reticulata	X	X	••	x	
Phyllodactylus marmoratus	х	Х	x	X	
Phyllurus milii				X	
PYGOPODIDAE Legless Lizards					
Delma australis	Х			X	
D. fraseri				X	
AGAMIDAE Dragon Lizards					
Pogona m. minor	X				
SCINCIDAE Skinks					
Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalus	X	Х	х	X	
Lerista distinguenda	Х			X	
Morethia obscura	X			X	
Tiliqua r. rugosa	Х	X		X	
VARANIDAE Monitors					
<u>Varanus gouldii</u>			X	X	
TYPHLOPIDAE Blind Snakes					
Ramphotyphlops australis	X				
_	·	P. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		<b>_</b>	
Total number of species	14	5	8	18	

APPENDIX 2 Contents of 7 Wedge-tailed Eagle casts found under a nest at Sampling Location 3/3, Reserve 20069.

Rabbit Oryctolagus cuniculus - jaw, teeth, fur.

Sheep Ovis aries - wool, teeth.

-

**m**)

•)

•

\*)

•)

\*)

,

.

w)

o )

\* )

•

• •

\*)

**#**)

m)

Brush Wallaby Macropus irma - partial skull, fur.

Common Brushtail Possum Trichosurus vulpecula - jaw, fur.

Australian Raven Corvus coronoides - feathers, feet.

Port Lincoln Ringneck Barnadius zonarius - beaks, feathers.

APPENDIX 3 Location of capped pit-traps left in position for future surveys.

All traplines are marked with blue and green tags on both sides of the firebreak or track.

## RESERVE 20070

### Κm

\*\*

\*)

...

m)

m)

.

- 0.0 Enter reserve at north-west corner, turn south.
- 1.2 Turn east along internal firebreak.
- 1.55 <u>Sampling Location</u> 2/1 80 m north of firebreak. Wandoo woodland.
- 2.1 Turn north.
- 2.2 <u>Sampling Location</u> 2/3 20 m west of firebreak. Heath.
- 3.4 Exit from reserve.

## RESERVE 20069

### Km

- 0.0 Enter reserve at eastern boundary farm gate and turn north.
- 0.8 Turn west along boundary.
- 1.6 Turn south along internal firebreak.
- 1.95 Sampling Location 3/2 5 m west of firebreak. Heath.
- 2.55 <u>Sampling Location</u> 3/3 50 m west of firebreak. Morrel woodland.
- 2.6 Turn east.
- 3.3 Turn north.
- 3.55 Exit at entry point.

## RESERVE 19085

### Km

- 0.0 Enter reserve at north-eastern corner and travel south.
- 1.1 Turn west.
- 1.6 Turn north-west on to internal firebreak.
- 2.2 <u>Sampling Location</u> 1/3 5 m west of firebreak. Banksia woodland.
- 2.9 Turn west.

- 3.6 Turn south on to internal firebreak.
- 3.9 <u>Sampling Location 1/2 15 m west of firebreak. Mallee</u> heath.
- 4.4 <u>Sampling Location</u> 1/4 120 m east of firebreak. Wandoo woodland.
- 4.9 Turn west.
- 6.3 Turn north.
- 7.3 Exit from reserve.

## RESERVE 19091

### Km

-)

-)

•)

5.

F# 🖔

•)

. .

\* )

w )

w þ

- 0.0 Enter reserve at north-eastern corner and travel west.
- 0.6 Turn north.
- 1.1 Turn west.
- 1.35 <u>Sampling Location</u> 4/3 120 m south of firebreak. Mallee heath.
- 2.0 Turn south.
- 2.25 Cross central firebreak.
- 2.6 Turn east.
- 2.95 Sampling Location 4/2 55 m north of firebreak. Mallet forest. 3.8 Turn north.
- 4.95 Sampling Location 4/1 25 m east of firebreak. Mallee woodland.
- 5.0 Turn east.
- 5.45 Exit from reserve.

Sampling Location 1/5, the <u>Allocasuarina/Banksia</u> forest on Reserve 19085 has not been left in position. We believe that this is typical <u>Phascogale</u> <u>calura</u> habitat and should be trapped intensively with Elliott traps.

Opportunistic bird sampling at Sampling Location 1/1, Mallee scrub, should confirm the presence of the Southern Scrub Robin on Reserve 19085 (see Section 4.1).