

FOREST RECREATION

















DWELLINGUP DIVISION



DWELLINGUP DIVILION

RECREATION WORKING PLAN

RECREATION RESOURCE MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE, POLICIES & STRATEGIES

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE is the goal of recreation management. It is a broad statement of what the Division expects to achieve within known legal, economic and social constraints. It is aligned with Departmental and Regional objectives.

POLICY is the course of action to be taken to achieve the objective and specifies broadly what will be done by the Division.

A STRATEGY explains how the course of action, specified as policy, is intended to be achieved.

1.2 MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICES.

To provide for the planned development and maintenance of recreation opportunities on State Forest in Dwelling-up Division having regard to the best available information concerning community needs, resource capability and constraints to management.

1.2.1 General

- 1. Separate incompatible uses.
- Provide facilities and sites for recreational pursuits as the demand is foreseen, locating these facilities and associated services so as to avoid degradation of the environment and protect recreation attributes of the locality.
- 3. Increase availability and diversity of recreational opportunities.
- 4. Redesign and develop existing areas and facilities to resolve existing conflicts and facilitate increased use.
- 5. Provide for and control camping and off-road vehicle activity.
- Expand visitor education and interpretation programmes.
- 7. Idaise with other management authorities, through the Regional Superintendent, to jointly determine how recreational use can best be accommodated in the Division.
- 8. Maintain all Departmental recreation areas and facilities under Dwellingup Division control in a clean, workable and safe condition.

1.2.2 Specific Management Units

 Manage the Darling Escarpment for non-motorised activities including nature study, bushwalking, picnickers, scenic viewing and rock climbing in selected locations.

- 2. Manage the Dissected River Valleys to avoid user conflicts and minimise environmental degradation.
- 3. Manage the lateritic Uplands to provide for a wide range of recreational pursuits and so as to present the concept of the "working forest".
- 4. Manage the Monadknocks for non-motorised low intensity activities which are compatible with flora and fauna conservation.
- 5. Manage the Eastern Woodlands intensively for recreation providing areas which offer a wide range of activities which can be undertaken at individual sites.
- 6. Manage Reservoirs in accordance with guidelines as communicated by the water authorities.
- 7. Manage Plantations for a wide variety of recreational pursuits and modified by the fire risk.
- 8. Manage Highways for forest education and interpretation giving close attention to conduct of all forest lands use activities.

1.3 STRATEGIES

1.3.1 General

- 1. Resolve conflict between incompatible users through zoning to minimise both environmental and social conflicts.
- 2. Design and develop new and existing sites and facilities in accordance with plans approved by the Superintendent Northern Region and Recreation Specialist.
- 3. Consider all factors in site planning according to the Site Planning Checklist and specificiations contained in the Recreation Operations Manual.
- 4. Design and mount maintenance programmes, including periodic inspection, and use of site Maintenance Checklists.
- Tailor site maintenance schedules to cope with periods of heavy use.
- 6. Utilise Extension Services expertise in design construction and maintenance of all facilities and sites.
- 7. On appropriate sites provide for handicapped and invalid persons designing for comfortable and easy access to nominated areas which will be advertised and signposted.
- 8. Prepare maps, guides and directories to ensure forest visitors are fully informed about the recreation opportunities available to them.
- 9. Judicious use of signposting will accompany all developments using standards for sign design and construction prepared by Extension Services.

- 10. Contact with, and supply of information to, school and special interest groups will be actively maintained in the form of talks, displays and field trips.
- 11. Motorised recreation activities may only proceed following detailed hygiene planning.
- 12. Recreation planning within mining influence zones will have regard for
 - . public safety
 - . post mining public access needs
 - identification and protection of recreational, historical and educational attractions prior to mining, and
 - . recreational use after rehabilitation.
- 13. Identify areas where tent camping facilities could be located and provide proper management of approved camping sites according to Extension Services advice and within guidelines contained in the Health Act 1911-1979 and Caravans and Camping Act.
- 14. Trial and trail bike activity will be confined to suitable areas selected so as to minimise damage to the environment and reduce conflict with other forest users.
- 15. Control of off-road vehicle activity, outside areas zoned specially for that use, will proceed via powers and guidelines contained in the Control of off-road Vehicles Act.
- 16. Patrols will be organised and conducted on weekends and holiday to foster positive contact with the recreating public and to disseminate explanatory information and answer enquiries.
- 17. Relevant conditions of the Bushfires Act will be enforced stringently at all recreation sites.
- 18. Staff will encourage organised recreation groups to use the forest and will maintain liaison with them.

1.3.2 Specific Management Units

- 1. Darling Escarpment
 - (a) Restrict vehicular access.
 - (b) Provide carefully designed picnic areas, lookouts and trail systems.
 - (c) Provide selected areas for rock climbing zoned so as not to conflict with the more passive uses of this unit.
 - (d) Produce flora, fauna and scenic guides to enhance forest visitors' awareness of this unit.

Y 7 DISSECTED RIVER MALLE-15

- (a) Tightly control vehicular access.
- (b) Close existing tracks and access points where there are resulting in high levels of site disturbance.
- (c) Upgrade existing sites and provide new facilities designed to sustain high levels of recreation use.
- (d) Provide designated sites for tent and caravan camping. Such areas will include provision of toilet facilities.
- (e) Actively discourage all forms of off-road vehicle activity through sign-posting, patrols and provision of suitable areas in other management units.
- (f) Design walk trails and information displays which will centre on developed picnic sites.
- (g) Provide guides to the fauna, flora, landscape and land use conflicts of river valley systems.

3. LATERITIC UPLANDS

- (a) Intensively manage and develop areas for a range of recreational activities including picnicking, bush-walking, back-pack camping and sight seeing subject to the approval of the relevant water supply authorities.
- (b) Develop a series of demonstration forest tours based on existing land use activities and including detailed hygiene planning.
- (c) Provide detailed guides to flora, fauna, landscape and land use conflicts characteristic of the uplands management unit.

4. MONAPKNOCKS

- (a) Exclude all road construction activity so as to discourage vehiclar use and to minimise the problems of erosion and dieback spread.
- (b) Facilitate access on foot by providing recreation facilities at the base of the Monadknock chain.
- (c) Provide interpretative material at all sites.
- (d) Produce written guides to flora, fauna and landscape characteristics of this unit.

5. EASTERN WOODLANDS

- (a) Develop sites suitable for tent camping, along with a network of interpretative trails and scenic drives.
- (b) Allocate specific areas for the use of trail/trial bikes and organised motor rallies.
- (c) Encourage public awareness of the eastern woodland through provision of published information and use of signs and map directories.

6. RESERVOIRS

(a) Work closely with the Metropolitan Water Authority, Public Works Department and Public Health Department in the planning of all forest recreation areas and facilities within active catchments.

7. PLANTATIONS

- (a) Develop rating systems relating fire risk with recreation potential.
- (b) Allow for recreation uses where fire risk is low or buffer protection provided.
- (c) Initiate an effective public education and information programme which explains plantation management.

8. HIGHWAYS

- (a) Ensure all activities involving removal of forest produce including gravel and rehabilitation of degraded areas are carried out according to landscape design and management guidelines provided by Extension Services.
- (b) Establish a comprehensive visitor information system which includes:
 - forest information bays
 - additional interpretative facilities at existing sites
 - co -ordinated approach to design and use of signs

2. RECREATION RESOURCE AND ITS USE

2.1 LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

This plan includes all of Dwellingup Division and part of Harvey Division adjacent to the Murray River.

This area covers approximately 170000 ha. of forest and is situated between 60 km. and 120km. South South East of the Perth metropolitan area (Figure 1). Mandurah, a popular seaside resort, is 40 km. to the North West of Dwellingup.

The Western boundary of the Division is an irregular line running North-South along the Darling Scarp and adjoining private property. To the East, the Division borders large tracts of privately owned forest and smaller farm holdings. Several isolated forest blocks - Gyngoorda, Wandering, Marradong, Saddleback and Quindanning - are situated a few kilometres to the East of the main Divisional block. The Northern and Southern boundaries are the Jarrahdale and Harvey Divisionsrespectively.

Topography over most of the Division East of the Scarp is moderately undulating with occasional forested peaks - monadknocks. The dominant forest type is a mixture of jarrah (Eucalyptus marginata) and marri (Eucalyptus calophylla) which grades into more open wandoo (Eucalyptus wandoo) woodland further East.

Divisional Headquarters are located at Dwellingup, population 500, a historic timber town that was once a major centre for a number of satellite milltowns, several of which were destroyed in the 1961 fire.

The sealed Pinjarra-Williams Road passes through the town and permits easy access from Pinjarra to the West and Boddington to the East. A comprehensive forest road network exists, allowing access to all sections of the Division.

2.2 RECREATION MANAGEMENT UNITS

A variety of environments for recreation are offered by the Division. These range from steep, rocky slopes of the Darling Escarpment through to open Eastern woodlands. For the purposes of objective capability planning the plan area has been subdivided into recreation management units which are distinct and mappable.

5 "natural" and 3 "man-made" units have been identified within the plan area. Man-made units relate to major developments of regional importance such as highways and reservoirs. Natural units have been defined by the vegetation, landform and soil studies of Hamel (1975).

2.2.1 Natural Units

1. Darling Escarpment

Consists of the Western edge of the Darling Plateau which runs North-South and rises approximately 300 m. above the coastal plain.

Landform is characterised by steep slopes with little, if any, laterite and with the surface occupied mainly by exposed weathered or unweathered materials. Vegetation characteristically includes a large variety of flora with several features evident — dominance of wandoo, admixture of marri, occurrence of rare <u>Eucalyptus laeliae</u> and variety of both the floristic and structural composition of the vegetation.

2. Dissected River Valleys

Include river valleys slopes and floors running generally East-West which are steeply dissected where they meet the Darling Escarpment.

Land form surfaces represented include

- (a) Helena unit occupies deepest entrenchments; may have 200 m. relief and slopes of 300; red and yellow earth dominate but also significant areas of red and yellow duplex soils overlying a rocky bed.
- (b) Murray unit occurs upstream from Helena unit; has relief of 90 120 m., slopes generally not greater than 15° and smoothly mantled by detritus from laterites and country rock; soils form a more uniform pattern consisting of same types as Helena surface.

Vegetation complexes characteristic of this unit include

- (a) Helena complex, medium high rainfall; vegetation varies with soil depth; ranges from open forest jarrah marri on lower slopes and valley floors to heath or shallow soils on upper slopes to herblands and lithic complex on granite rocks.
- (b) Murray complex, medium-high rainfall; vegetation dominated by open forest jarrah-marri on valley slopes and open forest jarrah-marri-blackbutt on lower slopes; along streams is fringing woodland of flooded gum Melaleuca rhaphiophylla.

3. Lateritic Uplands

This unit is broadly undulating forested uplands of jarrah-marri which form the South Western portion of the Darling Plateau.

Landforms include

- (a) Dwellingup unit; uplands with elevation of 250-300m; is dominated by duricrust gravels and sands.
- (b) Yarragil unit; minor valleys, slopes and floors; narrow flat swampy floors with orange earth; smooth slopes with gravelly sands.

Vegetation complexes characteristic of this unit include:

- (a) Dwellingup-Hester complex, high rainfall Central and South; open forest jarrah-marri localised patches tall open forest restricted in occurrence.
- (b) Yarragil complex (minimum development swamps) medium-high rainfall; mixture open forest jarrah-marri; admixtures of blackbutt and bullich.
- (c) Yarragil complex (maximum development swamps), medium-high rainfall; differs from previous complex in large areas of swamps; open forest jarrah-marri; admixture blackbutt; well defined second storey of Banksia on sandy soils; low, open woodland Melaleuca preissiana Banksia littoralis on moist valley floors.
- (d) Swamp complex; vegetation range from low open woodland M.preissiana B.Littoralis to sedge-lands on wetter soils.

5. Monadknocks .

Chain of residual granite outcrops rising several hundred metres above the Darling Plateau.

Landform surface represented is the Cooke unit; mainly mantled by laterite but with some rock outcrop.

Vegetation complex represented in this unit is the Cooke Complex; vegetation varies with widely varying soil depth; ranges from lithic complex through herbfields, through heath, through low open forest of rock sheoak on shallow soils in the low rainfall areas; to woodlands of wandoo marri and open forest of jarrah-marri on deeper soils.

6. Eastern Woodlands

Form a combination of broad valleys and low undulating divides.

Surfaces contained within this unit include

- (a) Dwellingup unit (described under laterite uplands).
- (b) Pindalup unit; minor valleys, slopes and floors; broader floors (f Yarragil) and evidence of more stripping of the weathered mantle; slopes often show erosion scars, rock outcrop, may be discontinuous breakaways; lower slopes and floors dominated by duplex soils.
- (c) Coolakin unit; minor valleys; slopes extensively stripped, dominated by duplex soils but have much rock outcrop and shallow soils over rock; commonly lateritic breakaway around the perimeter.
- (d) Yalanbee unit; similar to Dwellingup unit but with lesser extent of fine gravels.
- (c) Michibin unit; valley slopes, minor relief with steep slopes and rock outcrop.

Vegetation complexes represented include:-

- (a) Dwellingup, Yalanbee, Hester complex, low-medium rainfall; open forest jarrah-marri.
- (b) Yalanbee, Dwellingup complex, low rainfall; mixture open forest jarrah-marri and woodland wandoo-marri.
- (c) Yalanbee complex, low rainfall; mainly supports woodland of wandoo-powderbark wandoo; overlaps with adjacent complexes by minor occurrences of woodland wandoo-marri and open forest jarrah-marri.
- (d) Pindalup, Yarragil complex, low-medium rainfall; mainly open woodland wandoo; some admixture marri, blackbutt and jarrah; some open forest jarrah-marri.
- (e) Coolakin complex, low rainfall; woodland wandoo; mixture jarray, marri, blackbutt.
- (f) Michibin complex; woodland wandoo; York gum only in isolated patches mixed with wandoo.

2.2.2 Man-Made Units

1. Reservoirs.

Major valley systems which have been impounded for domestic and industrial water supply.

2. Plantations.

Isolated areas of forest land planted with Pinus pinaster and Pinus radiata mixing rehabilitation and arboreta.

3. Highways.

Important regional roads and highways which traverse the plan area in State Forest and which serve as either existing or potential major public access routes.

2.3 MANAGEMENT ZONES

Recreation management units have been sub-

, 2.3 MANAGEMENT POMES.

Recreation management units have been sub-

divided into management zones. Criteria used for subdivision of each unit are given below and were chosen to be generally compatible with the Hardwood Operations Control System and the Plantations Operation Control System.

Later in this Plan these zones will be grouped into Priority Zones.

1. Darling Escarpment Zoned by blocks

- 1.1 Whittaker
- 1.2 Turner
- 1.3 Marrinup

2. Dissected River Valleys Zoned by stream name. Murray Valley further subdivided by block.

- 2.1 North Dandalup R.
- 2.2 Whittaker Mill
- 2.3 Little Dandalup Ck.
- 2.4 South Dandalup R.
- 2.5 Oakley Brook
- 2.6 Marrinup Brook
- 2.7 Murray Valley Teesdale/Park (West)
- 2.8 Murray Valley Park (East)
- 2.9 Murray Valley Holmes
- 2.10 Murray Valley Holyoake
- 2.11 Murray Valley Plavins
- 2.12 Murray Valley Nanga
- 2.13 Murray Valley Yarragil, Young, Howse, Pascoe
- 2.14 Murray Valley Keats, Federal, Tumlo, Chalk
- 2.15 Murray Valley Bell

Lateritic Uplands Zoned by block.

- 3.1 Torrens, Wilson, Urbrae
- 3.2 Whittaker
- 3.3 Turner, Marrinup
- 3.4 Teesdale
- 3.5 Park
- 3.6 O' Neill
- 3.7 White, Scott, Banksiadale

- 3.8 Holyoake
- 3.9 Holmes
- 3.10 Plavins
- 3.11 Boonerring, Duncan, Cameron
- 3.12 Kennedy
- 3.13 Inglehope, Pindalup, Amphion
- 3.14 Wells, Hedges, Bomba la
- 3.15 Curara, Yarragil, Young, Hakea, Howse
- 3.16 Taree
- 3.17 Pascoe

4. Monadknocks Zoned by block

- 4.1 Boonerring
- 4.2 Duncan
- 4.3 Gyngoorda
- 4.4 Wells
 - 4.5 Saddleback
 - 4.6 George

5. Eastern Woodlands Zoned by block

- 5.1 Boonerring
- 5.2 Duncan, Cameron, Wells, Hedge, Bomballa
- 5.3 Gyngoorda
- 5.4 Wandering
 - 5.5 Marradong
 - 5.6 George, Hakea, Taree
 - 5.7 Saddleback, Quindanning

6. Reservoirs

Zoned by dam name

- 6.1 North Dandalup pipehead
- 6.2 Banksiadale Dam
- 6.3 South Dandalup Dam
- 6.4 Oakley Dam

7. Plantations

Zoned by plantation name, mine or arboreta

- 7.1 Murray
- 7.2 Turner
- 7.3 Mine Rehabilitation
- 7.4 Arboreta

8. <u>Highways</u> Zoned by road

- 8.1 Pinjarra Williams Rd
- 8.2 Del Park Rd
- 8.3 Nanga Rd
- 8.4 South West Highway
- 8.5 River Rd
- 8.6 Park Rd
- 8.7 Murray Valley Rd
- 8.8 Waroona Rd
- 8.9 Stawell Rd
- 8.10 North East Rd
- 8.11 Albany Hwy
- 8.12 North Rd
- 8.13 Yarragil Form
- 8.14 Murray Rd
- 8.15 North Spur Road
- 8.16 Scarp Rd

2.4 INVENTORY OF FOREST RECREATION SITES/FACILITIES/ DEVELOPMENTS

MANAGEMENT UNIT / ZONE	SITE	SITE TYPE	FEATURES	ACCESS	21642	PARKING	TOILET SETS	PICHIC	CAMPSITES	WALK
I. LARLING ESCARTHENT		7.3								
1.1 WHITTAKER.	GOLD MINE HILL	Picale, Locker	ROCK OUTCOMES	SCARP RD	1 AMMACH 1 S.TE	5	-	3		le e
1.2. TURNER.	12									
1.3 MARKINUL	DAKLEY DAIL	FILM-E. LEGICONT	PAM + BROCK	STATE TO	1 142	10		5	- 2	BISSULMU
2. DISSECTED RNER VALLE		İ								
2-1 NOCTH DANSALUP R	5			.e	4.5					BIBBLEAU TILLCE.
2-2 WHITTAKER MILL	_			1 - 5					1 1	BIBGULALA TAACK
2.3 LITTLE DANSALLOP CK				В						316mmu
2.4 South DANIEL R.										BIOGULMEN
2.5 OAKLEY BLOCK	-									BISSULMA
2.6 MARRINUP Break	-			1, == 1						BIBGUM,
2. 7 TEESDALE /PARK	SCAN LOOKOUT	לוניאוב בסטלמוים	SENIC, ITEE!,	SCARF RD.	1 1.7E	10	-	4		6.6 GULMU, TRACK
A = 1265 (01)	SCARF FOCL	Picuc, Cimpine	Scenic, WATEN	SCHV LA	/ == [15	1	4	-	5.6 GHLML
2.8 FACK	BADEN POJELL	Picare , MFORMAL	SCENC, WATER	PARK 20	2 SITE	20	1	ų.	-	
2.9 HOLMES									i	BIBBULMUM
2-10 HOLYOAKE										4
2 .11 - FLAVINS	ISLAND BOL	PICAL , CAMPING	SCENIC, WATER	RUER RD	1 SITE	ر ن 2	1	6	-	

-91

FEATURES ACCESS Infinit water, victoria, Infinit water, victoria, Présace,	FEATURES AN SCENCE, HISTORY WHERE, VEGENE PRESENCE PRESENCE AN TONING A
	14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1

MANAGEMENT UNIT / ZONE	SITE	SITE	FEATURES	ACCESS	21642	PARKING	TOILET	PICAIC	CAMPSHES	WALK TRAILS.
3.13 AMPHION	ALLOFETUR	Fructional	Andcherum, Japan Folest	PINTAMA -	151€	20	-	2	-	2
3.14 Boubles.								+		4
3.15 Yours, HAREA	1.3	(T. T.								-
3.16 THEE									1	2
3-17 PASCOE	-									-
4, hanadkrocks					÷	ь.				
4.1 GODNERLING	1,2									-
4.2 Dunch										-
4.3 GYNGOORDA	100		3							
4.V הצודנ	-			**						н
4.5 SAPPLEBACK										(4) a 1
4.6 GEORGE										4
	12.	, -								
5. EASTERN WOUDLAND										
5.1 bowERMING	-									
5.2 WELLS . HEBEED . Some 4.4	-									E-8
5.3 EYN GOORJA				i				3		5-11

MANAGEMENT UNIT / ZONE	SITE	SITE	FEATURES	ACCESS	SIGNS	PARKING	TOILET	PICAIC	сАмРзпез	WALK TRAILS.
S.Y WANDERING	1									1
5.5 MARLABONC	ı									I
S. 6 GEOLUE, HAKEA	. 1	3								ı
SADDUF 6.4CK	4									.1
							í			
6. RESERVENTS										
1.1 NTH. DAUBALL	1									1
6.2 SAUKSIADALE DAM	1									1
	M.W.A.	לונאכ,	BCENK, WATER DAM WEEKS	DEL FARK CO 2 Allesach	24/16,3CH	163	2	20	1	त
	356 SECTION 2 . 1 .									
7. PLANTATIONS										
7.1 Mapun	ì									ı
7.2 TULNGA	1								Ī	t
7.7 MINE REHABATION	4								Ì	1
7.4 AKBOLETA	r									4
8. HIGHWAYS	î									1
								Ą		

2.5 FOREST RECREATION USE PATTERNS

2.5.1 Level of Use

Broadscale recreation planning requires detailed analysis of public use of the forest recreation resource.

Data on use patterns is available through forest visitor surveys carried out in 1972 and 1978. Additional information was obtained from a survey of local knowledge.

The estimated 1978 level of visitor use was 65000 vistor days per annum. Using a growth estimate of 7% annually, current visitor usage is assessed at 91000 visitor days per year.

By the year 2000 visitor days would number 288000 each year.

However these estimates do not take account of the level of use occurring in those areas controlled by other authorities e.g. South Dandalup Dam. Nor do they give an estimate of usage by recreation zones.

Local experience indicate 90% of visitor days are spent in zones where water is the main feature i.e. Murray River Valley, South Dandalup Dam, Oakley Dam. Usage estimates also fail to reflect undetected uses such as marron fishing.

2.5.2 Visitor Activities

Data on type and length of visit by recreation—ists to Dwellingup Division is indicated on Table 2.5.1. Note that one—day visits and over—night visits have equal weighting in this Division in contrast to both the Northern Region and State Forest as a whole.

Table 1.5.1 TYPE OF VISIT (percentage breakdown of responses)
Source 1978 FVS.

Jan 17 20 L.	Adminis	trative Unit	
Type of Visit	Dwellingup	Northern Region	State Forest
One day Trip Overnight camping -	50	86	68
(undeveloped)	35	8	13
Overnight camping - developed	8	3	6
Fassing through on journey	2	3	8

Activities in which recreationists engage in during their stay in State Forest indicate preferences for major recreation resource features and zones, availability of facilities and existence of constraint on activity in certain areas.

Information detailed in Table 2.5.2 attests to the predominance of water-based, destination-orientated activities.

Table 2.5.2 VISITOR PARTICIPATION IN RECREATIONAL

- (i) Reasons for visiting State Forest (percentage breakdown of responses)
- (ii) Activities which recreationists were observed engaged in (percentage of groups)
 Source 1978 FVS

	ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT											
activities Picnic/Barbecue Camping Solitude/Retreat Swimming Marroning Relaxing/resting Travel-orientated	Dwellingup	Northern Region	State Forest									
Destination-orientated activities												
Picnic/Barbecue	(i) 35	(i) 57	(i) 43									
	(ii) 42	(ii) 65	(ii) 51									
Camping	(i) 1* (ii) 27	(ii) 7	(ii) 9									
Solitude/Retreat	(i) 20	(i) 8	(i) 9									
Swimming	(i) 5	(i) l	(i) 2									
	(ii) 6	(ii) l	(ii) 3									
Marroning	(i) 4	(i) 1	(i) 2									
	(ii) 2	(ii) 1	(ii) 1									
Relaxing/resting	(ii) 1	(ii) l	(ii) l									
Travel-orientated activities												
Sightseeing/touring	(i) 7	(i) 6	(i)12									
	(ii) 6	(ii) 6	(ii)14									
Boating/Canoeing	(i) 8	(i) 2	(i) 3									
	(ii) 5	(ii) 1	(ii) 2									
Bushwalking	(i) 4	(i) 3	(i) 3									
	(ii) 1	(ii) 2	(ii) 3									
Trail/trial bike riding	(i) 2	(i) 2	(i) 2									
	(ii) 1	(ii) 3	(ii) 2									
Viewing flora & fauna	(i) l	(i) 4	(i) 4									
	(ii) -	(ii) 1	(ii0 l									

Other recreation activities utilizing forest areas but undetected by the 1978 survey are listed below:

- 1. Collecting firewood increases each year with increasing popularity of wood for fuel.
- 2. Car rallies (a) Large organized 2 3 per year.
 - (b) Small social club type up to 5 per year.
- Trail and enduro motor bike events at least
 2 per year.
- 4. School groups up to 10 per year.
- 5. Army exercises at least 1 request per year.
- 6. Hotham Valley Tourist Railway at least 25
 weekend trips to Dwellingup
 during winter/spring carrying
 600 people per trip.

2.5.3 Future Use by Zones

Demands for future recreational use of State Forest in the Division is unknown. Growth estimates used by the Forests Department and System 6 enquiry will only be realised or exceeded depending on changes in the following factors as addressed by the Recreation Framework Plan

- (i) Population
- (ii) Technological and social factors leading to new patterns of work and leisure.
- (iii) Per capita disposable income levels and expenditure or leisure goods and services.
 - (iv) Public interest/awareness of natural environments.
 - (v) Recreation opportunies in non-forest areas and competing land use pressures.

Forest Department analysis of recreation demand indicates that a substantial increase in the level and diversity of recreation activity in the Division will occur.

Future usage by zones is likewise difficult to predict. It is likely that usage will continue to increase in order of importance for the following management zones.

 Murray Valley - Teesdale/Park to Plavins/Nanga

Sightseeing, water-based activities, overnight camp-ing, picnicking, bushwalking, usage by organised groups.

2. Murray Valley - Yarragil/Keats to Pascoe/Chalk

4x4 touring and camping, water based activities.
Less demand presure than the before-mentioned Murray Valley Zone.

4. Lateritic Uplands - Holyoake

Increasing heavy usage of Dwellingup Railway Station by HVR patrons for picnicking and barbecues.

5. South Dandalup Dam

Sightseers, picnicking with progressive upgrading of Del Park Rd.
Marroning (illegal).

6. Highways - Pinjarra-Williams Rd, Del Park Rd, Nanga Rd, River Rd, Park RD, Murray Valley Rd, Waroona Rd, Scarp Rd. Access to Murray Valley zones.

7. Highways - Del Park Rd, Pinjarra-Williams Rd, Scarp Rd, North Spur Rd. Access to Darling Escarpment zones.

8. Highways -Pinjarra -Dwellingup Railway Line Hotham Valley Tourist Railway access to Dwellingup Station.

9. Murray Plantation

Camping, sightseeing in association with river features.

10. Lateritic Uplands - Whittaker, Turner, Marrinup

Bushwalking, picnicking, sightseeing, firewood collection.

11. Iateritic Uplands - Teesdale

Trail/trial bike events, bushwalking.

12. Albany Highway

Increased use for stopover by cars passing throughs.

13. Lateritic Uplands - Park

Trail/trial bike events, sightseeing.

 Lateritic uplands - Holmes
 Lateritic Uplands - Torrens, Urbrae Bushwalking, sightseeing.

16. Lateritic Uplands - Quarantined

Pig hunting, some sight seeing and firewood gather-ing.

17. Hamel Plantation and Nursery.

Pig hunting, access to marron resource.

Forest Park and Arboreta.

2.6 COMPARISON OF DEMAND AND SUPPLY

X

In order to adequately equate recreation demand (current and future) with supply of recreation opportunities and facilities accurate demand data is needed. In the previous section of

this plan mention was made of the lack of accurate and detailed demand information. Hence, consideration of demand and supply in this part of the working plan will be confined to those zones where conflict can be detected and under-supply is perceived.

2.6.1 Murray Valley - Teesdale/Park to Plavins/Manga.

(a) Picnic/BBQ

Facilities have been supplied at five managed locations.

Carrying capacity of all sites is exceed on peak use days and has resulted in vandalism to site furniture, conflict between bona fide one-day visitors and overnight campers for space and facilities and environmental damage.

Toilet facilities are very heavily used at all these sites as is supplied firewood.

The sites listed in order of demand pressure are Scarp Pool, Baden Powell Water Spout, Island Pool and Nanga. and Scarp Pool Lobow.

(b) Overnight Camping

No managed camping areas have been supplied by the Department for use by the recreating public. However, as previously discussed, there is a very high demand for camping sites, parking areas, suitable access (both to the zone and to the river itself), rubbish collection, toilet facilities and cooking facilities.

This demand has been satisfied in part by laissez-faire creation of small campsites along the river bank resulting in a moderate level of river bank degradation. The remainder of campsite demand is provided by managed picnic sites with resultant conflict with one-day visitors and site crowding. It is percieved that approximately half of the camping demand can be catered for in relatively large (up to 20 camps) managed camping sites with facilities. However an equal number prefer "bush" camping in isolation and solitude.

Up to 200 campsites can be occupied on peak use days in December and January and during Easter.

Areas of concern include conflict with one-day visitors, aspect of personal hygiene, the spread-out nature of campsite wild removal of refuse, fire control problems, environmental degradation and road safety.

(c) Water-based activities.

Swimming, canoeing and marroning are not actively catered for through provision of sites and facilities. Demand for these activities

is high and is related to camping and picnicking sites throughout these zones.

The availability of suitable pools for swimming could be a limiting factor in the future.

Areas of concern include provision of suitable launching sites for canoes, safety aspects of swimmers and conceists using the same zone and safety aspects of using the river for swimming and diving (legs, rocks, broken bottles, etc.)

Care needs to be taken to maintain the suitability of the resource i.e. Murray River.

(d) Sightseeing/Pleasure driving.

A two-way scenic drive of 35 km. was constructed in 1973 using River, Rd, Yarragil Form, Murray Rd and Pinjarra-Williams Rd. However, it has since deteriorated through lack of maintenance and adequate written information and publicity.

This route offers scenic views of the river and a variety of vegetation types and land-forms. Demand for this form of leisure activity is significant and currently supply of formal self-guiding tours is lacking.

Aspects of concern involve road safety, dieback hygiene and written imformation.

(e) Organised groups.

This zone is being increasingly used by organised groups as a suitable location for various
activities - camping, survival courses, army
exercises. To date, these groups have set up
base camps at managed sites, mostly at Nanga
and Scarp Pool. This can result in conflict
with other user groups, especially those seeking relaxation and solitude. It appears that
some degree of segregation could be used to
ameliorate these effects.

(f) Trail Bikes.

Some of the recreating public do use trail bikes on State Forest whilst camping, in, or visiting, these zones. No sites or facilities have been provided by the Department and this activity is not managed for in this zone. Complaints have been received concerning this activity from neighbouring campers. It appears necessary to provide areas for this informal trail bike activity in areasadjacent to this area and institute active discouragement of trail bike use in the valley zones.

(g) Forest Information and Education.

No provision for education of the visiting

public, or supply of information, has been made to date. The demand for self-educating activities in relation to forestmanagement and ecology and land use issues can be expected to be high. Hence, inclusion of information boards, walk-trails and interpretation material at all managed sites would be worthwhile.

(h) Bushwalking.

Bushwalkers using this zone have been provided with the Murray Circuit of the Bibbulmum Track. This appears to be coping adequately with demand. However, conflict is occurring between walkers and destination— oriented users along the Murray River fireline in Park Block. Here, litter and destruction of vegetation and clear evidence of vehicular traffic detract from the walking experience. Action is needed to remove these influences from this area.

(i) Other.

2.6.2 Murray Valley - Yarragil/Keats to Pascoe/Chalk

(a) Picnic/BBQ

Demand for sites catering for one-day visits is much lower in this zone when compared with zones considered in section 2.6.1.

However, with increasing and continuing heavy usage of zones in the Western sections of the Murray Valley future use of this area for managed picnic sites is warranted. Some problems to be expected if sites are established in this area are increase of area for intensive fire detection, increase in maintenance costs due to distance from Dwellingup and Harvey and increase in costs of patrols.

(b) Overnight Camping.

A large demand exists for isolated camping sites in these zones. Along the Murray River Fireline (Dwellingup Division) 4WD touring and camping is practised. In Harvey Division, access by normal motor vehicles is afforded by North Junction Form, South Junction Form, Driver Road, Muddy Landing Road, Calana Form and a new road through to Tumlo Plantation. There has been no active management for camping in this area. Supply of sites is offered by uncontrolled or wild camping.

Aspects for concern echo those discussed in section 2.6.1 part (b).

Any active management in these areas will incur cost penalties due to remoteness.

(c) Water based activities.

Many water-based activities are associated with

overnight camping in these zones because of their remoteness. It is estimated that supply of the resource (Murray River) has not been exceeded by demand because of the lower levels of camping compared with zones to the West. However environmental effects at specific sites need to be monitored and managed to preserve the resource for future users.

(d) Sightseeing/Pleasure driving.

No formal tours have been constructed in these zones. 4WD vehicles use the Murray River fireline for bush touring and no development is warranted other than a check of road drainage. In Harvey Division the roads adjacent to the Murray River have a high suitability for scenic driving, if adequately upgraded. Increases in demand for this leisure activity are forecast for the future. Hence, provision of a self guiding tour using these roads in tandem with construction of formal picnic areas and managed campsites can be a future option.

(e) Bushwalking.

These zones could also provide satisfying walking experience in the future as long as planning through use zoning proceeds and the walking experience is maintained or heightened.

- 2.6.3 Lateritic Uplands Holyoake (Dwellingup Railway Station).
 - (a) Picnic/BBQ.

Facilities are provided by the Hotham Valley Tourist Railway and the Forests Department at the Dwellingup Railway Station to cater for an estimated peak usage of 600 people each weekend for 25 weeks in Autumn, Winter and Spring. Demand for tables, BBQ's and bins is satisfied by current facities. However, some effort needs to be made to influence HVTR to improve the standard of their site furniture to a level commensurate with the adjacent Department site. Growth in demand can also be satisfied by an increase in facilities at the Department site.

(b) Walking Trails.

Many patrons of the railway find they have little to do after finishing lunch, other than a walk through Dwellingup. Hence, provision of short interpretative walk trails taking people from the station to the forest surrounding Dwellingup could be warranted.

(c) Visitor Education and Information.

No provision is currently made for visitor information services or self-education. Demand has been seen as potentially high for those types of ancillary services. Information boards, guides, directories and pamphlets should be available.

(d) Sight seeing/Pleasure driving.

Dwellingup is an excellent location as a start for self-guiding tours. There are many scenic and historic sites and other points of interest. Currently, supply of scenic drives is zero. However, demand is high as evidenced by the number of visitors to this office requiring infor-Consequently, it is suggested mation. that the Railway Station picnic area be considered as the nucleus for all traveloriented activities in State Forest around Dwellingup.

(e) Trail bike.

Trail bike usage is high in Dwellingup townsite, including the railway station and also at the old Holyoake town area. No facilities or management has been provided for these uses. However, proper use zoning should reduce conflict with passive recreationists by provision of approved areas and patrol for illegal activity in liaison with Murray Shire

2.6.4 Darling Escarpment - Marrinup, Whittaker

(a) Picnic/BBQ

Facilities are provided at two sites on the Darling Scarp at Oakley Dam and Gold Mine Hill. They are coping with current demand but with supply of a recreation directory to the general public in the near future demand will increase greatly. Hence, increase and supply is warranted and should be well=planned to conserve the scenic amenity of the sites. Further sites are available on the Scarp in Whittaker, Marrinup and Turner blocks but need careful consideration due to access problems.

(b) Camping

There is a moderate demand for camping at Oakley Dam which is satisfied by the current available space at this site. Many school groups and other users of the Bibbulmun Track use it for tent camping, however, caravan camping has also occurred.

Aspects of concern include site capability for this activity, personal hygiene and conflict with one-day visitors.

Camping facilities for Bibbulmun Track users are needed but caravan camping should be deterred.

(c) Bushwalking.

The Bibbulmun Track passes through the Marrinup zone of this unit and caters adequately for current and projected demand for long walks. However, many "Wild" trails have been worn by recreationists at both formal picnic areas. This demand needs to be satisfied by construction of short interpretative walk trails.

- (d) Visitor Education and Information.

 Comments are similar to Section 2.6.1 part (g) and Section 2.6.3. part (c).
 - (e) Rock Climbing.

Demand for this activity within the area of this plan is unknown.

Provisions of a well-planned area away from other passive activities should proceed to cater for the possibility of future demand.

2.6.5 South Dandalup Dam.

This recreation management zone has the site and facilities to cater adequately for current usage for the permitted activities.

This Department can become more involved in the South Dandalup Dam picnic site through provision of interpretative walk trails and visitor information.

2.6.6 Highways - Pinjarra-Williams Rd, Del Park Rd, Nanga Rd, River Rd, Park Rd, Murray Valley Rd, Waroona Rd, Scarp Rd.

> Demand for use of these roads as access to the Murray Valley zones is extremely high and very likely to increase greatly. Supply is currently well catered for however aspects for concern include, road safety, and conditions, landscape considerations for operation in forest adjacent to these roads, lack of information bays and signposting and dieback hygiene problems.

2.6.7 Highways - Del Park Rd, Pinjarra-Williams Rd, Scarp Road, North Spur Rd.

Usage of these roads as access to the Lateritic Uplands and Darling Escarpment management units of the Western forest (including Dwellingup Township) is also high and likely to increase. Del Park Rd, especially, is certain to be under heavy use pressure with continuous upgrading to MRD highway standards.

Supply considerations of concern include road conditions, road safety, landscape considerations and lack of information bays.

2.6.8 Highways - Pinjarra-Dwellingup Railway Line.

Increased pressure of Hotham Valley Tourist Railway excursions in Dwellingup will mean continuing and increasing use of this line. The Department has a responsibility to ensure that the train trip experience is maintained through control of operations adjacent to the track. Some forest improvement and gravel pit rehabilitation works are necessary to improve scenic amenity.

2.6.9 Murray Plantation.

The plantation is under pressure for use for camping, pleasure driving, sight-seeing and organised car rallies. This pressure will increase with the expansion of recreation demand in the Murray Valley zone. The plantation is not currently managed for recreation and no facilities or sites have been provided.

2.6.10 Lateritic Uplands - Whittaker, Turner, Marrinup.

The proximity of these zones to the coastal plain ensures continuing demand for areas of forest for activities including bush walking, picnicking, sightseeing, pleasure driving and fire wood collection.

Bushwalking is currently supplied by the Bibbulmun Track, however, improvements including overnight camping areas could be suitable.

Picnicking, sightseeing and pleasure driving are not catered for in these zones by the Department. Self-guided tours and suitable feature-oriented destination for picnics are necessary. Education of the visiting public or forest management and land use problems could be done based on tours, stopovers and walk trails.

Firewood collection is mostly difficult to police and dieback hygiene is lacking.

2.6.11 Lateritic Uplands - Teesdale.

Teesdale uplands zone is heavily used for organised trail and trial bike events.

This level of demand is likely to continue and expansion of activity should occur. The Department has applied management to this area in the past for this activity. Liaison with organised clubs has occurred. However, there is need to improve our efforts regarding organised bike events to adequately cater for demand and protect environmental values and other forest users.

Bushwalking is the other main use of this zone and is in heavy demand. The Bibbulmun Track is considered capable of satisfying current and future demand in this zone.

2.6.12 Highways - Albany Highway.

There is heavy and increasing use of Albany highway by travellers passing through State Forest bound for other destinations.

In Dwellingup there is no F.D. input into parking bays on areas adjacent to State Forest. There is scope for provision of information boards and interpretative walk trails at selected locations. Thought should also be given to establishment of picnic areas in conjunction with the parking bays, although their remoteness will increase maintenance costs.

2.6.13 Lateritic Uplands - Park.

This zone is heavily dieback affected and habeen used in the past by trail bike enthusiasts. Some F.D. planning and management has occurred.

In the future this zone could be used to take trail bike demand pressure away from the adjacent Murray Valley zones. The other current use occurring in this area is sightseeing. No provision has been made for this activity.

2.6.14 Lateritic Uplands - Holmes.

Bushwalking, sightseeing and pleasure driving are the main activities occurring in this zone.

The Murray circuit of the Bibblemun Track is satisfying demand for walking tracks in this area although consideration needs to be given to restricting vehicle use of the track.

Aspects concerning sightseeing and pleasure driving were discussed in section 2.6.6.

2.6.15 Lateritic Uplands - Torrens, Urbrae.

These areas are currently used for pig hunting, some firewood gathering and sightseeing. No Department input has been made into these activities.

Provision could be made for extension of the self-guided tour network into these zones with picnic areas based on historic sites (old settlements, mill, etc.)

2.6.16 Lateritic Uplands - Disease Risk Zones.

These are lateritic upland zones that have been proclaimed disease risk areas under the Forest Act Disease Regulations. These zones have been used illegally by pig hunters and as access to marron resources of the South Dandalup Dam and the Murray River. Demand for these activities is quite high, however, the Department does not sanction, or provide for, their conduct.

Following Cabinet approval of re-entry into quarantine for specific operations, public demand for use of quarantine for recreation activities may increase.

2.6.17 Plantations - Hamel Plantation and Mursery.

Usage of Hamel for picnics and BBQ's is quite high, especially during despatch season. People coming to collect plants do spend time having a picnic lunch. However, there is no provision for this activity.

3. WORKING PLAN

3.1 USE ZONING CONCEPT

The system of recreation management discussed in the Recreation Framework Plan is use zoning.

This system will be applied in this plan.

It involves allocating recreation activities sharing similar environmental and cultural requirements to designated management units or zones. The assignment of activities to specified areas is based on user needs, assessed recreation land use capabilities, and legis-lature, environmental and management constraints which currently exist.

To achieve adequate implementation of the zoning strategy 4 factors must be fulfilled:

- (i) allocation of activities to areas is realistic in providing environments user groups prefer.
- (ii) users are fully informed about why and where specified areas have been allocated.
- (iii) access and facilities are planned and located so as to encourage the type(s) of activities allocated to a specific area.
 - (iv) activities allocated to a particular zone are compatible.

The compatibility relationships of various recreational pursuits in the plan area are summarised in Table .

3.2 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS

1. Darling Escarpment.

1.1 Whittaker

Allocated activities - nature study
picnicking
photography/painting
bushwalking

Development location

1. Gold Mine Hill, Whittaker Road.

Features - scenic views, old gold mine, scarp vegetation

Developments - (a) increase picnic units by

(b) walk trail loop (c) track closure

(d) stabilisation/drainage of Whittaker Rd.

(e) signposting

(f) information board

(g) walk trail to Whittaker
Nill

(i) written guide - ecology, history

(j) picnic site redesign

TABLE 3.1: RECREATION ACTIVITY COMPATIBILITY MATFIX

			1	DE:	ST.	IN	AT:	IO	N-(OR:	IE	NT	ED				TR	AVI	EL.	-0	RI	ENT	rei	D
ACTIVITIES	Picnickíng	Nature study	1 51	Hunting	Tent camping	Caravan camping		Rock climbing	Swimming/wading	Canoeing/rowing	Sailing	Motor boating/skiing	Fishing	Marroning	Pleasure driving	Car rallying	Trail/trial bike riding	4 x 4 touring	Cycling	Bushwalking	Horseriding	Running/Jogging	Rodaining /Orienteering	
	Picnicking	-		0			'n											H						
DESTINATION-ORIENTED ACTIVITIES	Nature study	С	-				ij		7			-						ī						
	Photography/painting	С	C	-			6					ī												
	Hunting	I	I.	М	-																			-
	Tent camping	M	Ç	С	М	1								i								1		
	Caravan camping	М	c	С	I	М	1												Ħ					
	Shooting (clubs)	I	I	М	I	I	I	-			4	i												
	Rock climbing	С	С	С	I	C	С	m	-							i								-
	Swimming/wading	C	М	C	I	С	С			-														
	Canoeing/rowing -	C	С	С	ī	С	С	m	п	C	-					in a								
	Sailing	С	c	С	I	С	С			С	М					ī								
	Motor boating/skiing	C	М	С	I	С	С	-		М	м	М	-											-
	Fishing	C	С	c	I	c	С		-	М	М	М	I	-										
	Marroning	c	С	c	I	С	С			М	М	М	I	С	-									
	Pleasure driving	С	-		I	С	С	-		п	-		-			-			-					-
	Car rallying	М	м	M	I	_	М	-						0		М	_							
ED	Trail/trial bike riding	I	М	М	I	I	I	I	I					I	I	I	М							
ES	4 x 4 touring	М	М	С	М	М	М							M		-	М	-	ា					
ITI	Cycling	C	C	С	I	С	C				n				-	C	м	-	М	-				
TRAVEL-ORIENTED ACTIVITIES	Bushwalking	C	C	c	I	C	C	I	С	С	С			С	-	М	I		I	С	_			-
AC	Horseriding	М	С	c	I	С	С	I	OR .			15	п		М	77	I	-	I	_	м	_		
H	Running/jogging	С	C	·C	I	С	С	I				10				М	I		М	C		М	-	-
	Rogaining/orienteering	-	М	С	I		-	I	c		-				-		I		I	C	-	М		-

Legend: C = Compatible

M = Compatible under management

I = Incompatible

= Not applicable (unlikely to compete for the same areas or resources)

1.2 Turner

Allocated activities - nature study photography/ painting bushwalking

Development location - nil

Features - scenic views, solitude, extensive wandoo on scarp, rock outcrop scarp vegetation

Developments - (a) track closure (b) reserve for future use.

1.3 Marrinup

Allocated activities - nature study picnicking photography/ painting bushwalking backpack camping only rock climbing orienteering

Development locations:

1. Oakley Dam
Features - old railway dam, scenic
views, rock outcrops, scarp vegetation.

Developments (a) increase picnic units by two

- (b) septic toilets
- (c) walk trail loop (d) information boardhistorical
- (e) written guide ecology, history,
 Alcoa Pinjarra
 Refinery
- (f) track closure
- 2. Rock climbing area, Marrinup, West of Scarp Rd.

Features - suitable climbing area.

Developments - (a) prescribe
environmental
and management

requirements
(b) liaise with
potential user

groups

3. Bibbulmun Track
Developments - track closure to vehicles.

2. Dissected River Valleys

North Dandalup River 2.1 Allocated Activities bushwalking, Bibbulmun Track only picknicking at MWA approved sites nature study photography/paint-

> Development locations - N/A Developments - (a) track closure - no vehicle access to Bibbulmun Track

Whittaker Mill 2.2 Allocated Activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study backpack camping orienteering/ rogaining

Development locations

- 1. Whittaker Mill Site and Settlement Features - historical site, flat open area, water available
 - Developments (a) track closure to Bibbulmun track
 - (b) overnight camping area to service Bibbulmun track

 - (c) 4 picnic units (d) site rehabilitation

ing

- (e) vehicle parking
- (f) walk trail loops (g) walk trail to Gold Mine Hill
- (h) toilets
- (i) shelter for walkers
 - possible use as orienteering area.
- Little Dandalup Creek Allocated Activities - bushwalking,

Bibbulumun Track only picnicking at MWA approved sites nature study photography/painting.

Development locations 1. Huntly Settlement

Features - historical area, pine plot, swamp and jarrah vegetation

- Developments (a) track closure
 (b) vehicle parking
 (c) 4 picnic units
 (d) toilets

 - (e) information board historical

 - (f) walk trail loops (g) walk trail connected to Bibbulmun Track at Del Park Rd
 - (h) written guides
- Bibbulmun Track Developments - track closure to vehicles
- South Dandalup River Allocated Activities - bushwalking on Bibbulmun Track only picnicking at MWA approved sites nature study photography/painting

Development locations

- 1. Bibbulmun Track Developments (a) track closre to vehicles
- MWA South Dandalup Perth pipeline Developments (a) rehabilitation/landscaping
- 3. Del Park Rd bridge Feature - South Dandalup River, river vegetation
 - Developments (a) 2 picnic units
 - (b) walk trail loop (c) information board
- 2.5 Oakley Brook Allocated Activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study backpack camping photography/painting

Development locations

- Access to Oakley Dam Developments (a) gravel, drain, grade, stabilise
 - (b) light understorey vegetation
 - (c) plot silvicultural work
- Oakley Brook Scarp Rd waterpoint Feature - river valley vegetation, water
 Developments (a) two picnic units
 (b) walk trail loop

 - (c) walk trail to Oakley Dam
 - (d) vehicle parking
- Bibbulmun Track Developments (a) track closure to vehicles

2.6 Marrinup Brook
Allocated Activities - pleasure driving sightseeing picnicking backpack camping nature study photography/painting

Development locations

- 1. Marrinup self-guided tour

 Developments (a) construction of stopover and information bays according to prescription prepared by Extensions

 Branch
- 2. Marrinup Brook Feature perennial brook, river vegetation, rock outcrops

Developments - (a) vehicle parking

(b) camping area landscaping

(c) information board

(d) Bibbulmun Track registration station

(e) two picnic units

- (f) walk trail to Marrinup Falls and Greys Rd
- 3. Bibbulmun Track
 Developments (a) track closure to vehicles
- 4. Teesdale
 Features isolated gully, river vegetation
 Developments (a) track closure
 (b) reserve for future use
- 2.7 Murray Valley Teesdale/Park (West of Nanga Rd)

Allocated Activities - bushwalking
nature study
photographing/painting
backpack camping
swimming/wading

Development locations

1. Scarp Pool
Features - Murray river and vegetation,
steep slopes

Developments (a) erosion works, batters, walls, fill

(b) replace BBQ's

- (c) Two more picnic units
- (d) information board Teesdale MPA
- (e) control foot access along river bank
- (f) Bibbulmun Track backpack camping area
- (g) toilets (replace with WC's)

- (h) walk trail loops into MPA
- (i) walking bridge across Murray
 River
- (j) written information/guide
- Scarp Lookout Features - scenic views, virgin jarrah, Teesdale, MPA.
 - Developments (a) replace BBQs
 - (b) 2 more picnic units
 - (c) walk trail loops
 - (d) information board
- 3. Teesdale MPA
 - Developments (a) track closure in Teesdale Block
 - (b) maintain Farley's Rd closed to vehicles
 - (c) gate at northern end of Farley's Rd
 - (d) track closure in Park Block
 - (e) close Murray River fireline
- 4. Bibbulmun Track
 - Developments (a) track closure to vehicles
- 2.8 Murray Valley Park (east of Nanga Road)
 - Allocated activities bushwalking
 picnicking
 camping
 nature study
 photographing/painting
 swimming/wading
 canoeing
 marroning

Development locations

- 1. Toms Crossing Murray Valley Rd & Park Rd Developments (a) close to vehicle access with gates
- 2. Baden Powell
 Features river pool, rapids, pine plantation
 - Developments (a) separate vehicle parking and pedestrian
 - (b) erosion control
 - (c) access control
 - (d) allow no camping on river bank
 - (e) install septic toilets

(f) four more picnic units

(g) replace BBQ's

(h) information board(i) walk trail loop to southern side of river

- Bobs Crossing Feature - good access to river, river pool, river vegetation, flat
 - Developments (a) provide 30 tent sites south side of river upland of Murray Valley Road
 - (b) six picnic units

(c) septic toilets

(d) information board

(e) walk trail loops(f) close access to river(both sides) for camper

(g) construct cance launching area

(h) separate vehicles/ pedestrians

4. Area south side of river between Bobs Crossing and Nanga Feature - flat. suitable for camping.

Feature - flat, suitable for camping, river pool

Developments (a) provide 20 tent sites upland side of road

(b) four picnic units (c) septic toilets

- (d) walk track to river no vehicle access
- (e) canoe launch area
- (f) walk trail loops
- (g) information board(h) vehicle parking
- (i) separate pedestrian/ vehicles
- 5. Davies Brook (triangle between Park Rd and River Rd)

Features - flat, fresh running water, pines (shade), river vegetation, large pool

large pool
Developments (a) provide 20 camp sites in pines

(b) fuel reduce pines

(c) septic toilets(d) 4 picnic units

(e) walk track to river

(f) no camping within 20m of river or Davies Brook

(g) information board(h) vehicle parking

(i) separate pedestrians/vehicles Developments (a) close these campsites

(b) close access (c) rehabilitation

(d) signs explaining rehabilitation

7. Murray-Yarragil Scenic Drive Features - river vegetation, scenic views. vegetation changes, river views

Developments (a) use River Road
(b) signposting
(c) information boards for stopover

(d) written guide

2.9 Murray Valley - Holmes Allocated Activities - bushwalking nature study photography

Departmental locations

1. Davies Brook to Holyoake walk trail Features - scenic views, vegetation changes, forest management examples

Developments - (a) walk trail from Davies Brook along River Road to small fireline. Along fireline to Pinjarra-Williams Rd. From there to railway and along railway to Holyoake and Dwellingup.

2. Bibbulmun track Developments (a) track closure to vehicles

2.10 Murray Valley - Holyoake Allocated activities - pleasure driving bushwalking nature study photography painting

> Development location 1. Holyoake self-guided tour Features - excellent forest stand, vegetation, railway line

Development (a) one-way self-guided tours from Dwellingup through Holyoake, along railway line returning to Dwellingup

(b) written tour information

(c) track closure

(d) link to picnic site at Holyoake

2.11 Murray Valley - Plavins Allocated activities - tent camping picnicking bushwalking pleasure driving nature study photographing/painting swimming/wading fishing marroning

Development locations 1. Plavins MPA

> Features - Conservation MPA, high quality jarrah forest

Developments (a) track closure

(b) written information guide

2. Small "wild" campsites

Developments (a) closure of campsite and access

(b) rehabilitation

(c) sign posting explaining rehabilitation

3. River Road camping area. Features - flat, cleared (gravel pit, surrounding high quality jarrah forest, adjacent to river

Developments (a) 20 camp sites upland side of River Rd

> (b) revegetation/rehabilitation (c) vehicle parking and access

(d) 4 picnic units

e) walk track to river

(f) septic toilets

(g) signposting (h) walk trail loops

(i) canoe launching area

(i) information board

4. Island Pool

Features - large river pool, scenic, river vegetation, small rapids

Developments (a) 30 camp sites upland side of River Rd

(b) upgrade picnic area on river banks

(c) septic toilets

(a) vehicle access and parking (e) 4 new picnic units (f) information board

walk trail loops

track closure to south side of river

i) walking bridge

(j) erosion control working

5. Yarragil Brook

Features - secluded, river vegetation, pools

Developments (a) 10 camp sites (b) septic toilets (c) track closure

(d) 2 picnic units

(e) no camping on river bank (f) walk trail loop

g) canoe launching area

(h) erosion control

6. Murray - Yarragil - self-guided tour Developments (a) information boards at stopovers (b) written guide Allocated activities - picnicking nature study photography/painting camping - tent and caravan swimming/wading fishing marroning group camps Departmental locations 1. Nanga adjacent to river Features - close to river, river vegetation Developments - (a) 40 camp sites (b) no camping on river banks (c) septic toilets --(d) 6 new picnic units (e) track closure (f) vehicle parking and access (g) erosion control (h) information board (i) walk trail loops canoe launching area access to river controlled 2. Nanga Mill Features - relatively flat, suitable for camping, shade (pines), adjacent high quality forest, running potable water. Developments - (a) 200 camp sites (b) track closure/access con-(c) vehicle parking (d) septic toilet pairs (e) information board - historical (f) walk trail loops g) firewood (h) revegetation and rehabilitation (i) no camping close to Nanga Brook (j) 16 new picnic units k) erosion control (1) 2 shelters in picnic areas 3. Nanga townsite Features - flat, cleared, adjacent to potable water, river valley vegetation, high quality jarrah forest. Developments (a) 3 camping areas of 40 camp camp site size (b) 3 septic toilet pairs (c) 1 shelter (d) 4 picnic units at each site (e) walk trail loops (f) allocate these areas to large groups (g) revegetation (h) no camping within 20m of

Nanga Brook

- (i) vehicle access and parking (j) track closure
- 4. North Junction South Junction self guided tour and camping areas. Features - secluded, river vegetation large pools and rapids, historic old tramway formation, tramway bridge remains.

Developments (a) self-guided tour

- (b) camping/picnic areas_at Christmas Creek and Dawn Creek
- (c) historical guide tramway logging
- 5. Small "wild" campsite

Developments (a) closure of campsites and access (b) rehabilitation

- (c) sign posting explaining rehabilitation
- 2.13 Murray Valley Yarragil, Young, Howse, Pascoe Allocated activities - 4x4 touring camping - tent picnicking swimming/wading fishing marroning canoeing bushwalking

Development locations

1. Murray River Fireline 4x4 tour Features - 4x4 track, secluded, river vegetation, high quality forest, large pools and rapids

Developments - (a) 4x4 self-guided tour (b) wild/primitive camping

- (c) written guide on primitive camping
- 2. Pascoe walk trail Features - remote, Conservation MPA buffer, high quality jarrah forest, river vegetation

Development (a) walk trail system linked to Long Gully Bridge picnic area

3. Long Gully Road self-guided tour Features - vegetation transition, river views, high quality jarrah forest Developments (a) self-guided tour from Long Gully Bridge to Hakea pines

(b) bridge upgrade

(c) stopover construction (d) written tour guide

Murray Valley - Keats, Federal, Tumlo, Chalk Allocated activities - pleasure driving picnicking camping nature study bushwalking canoeing swimming/wading fishing marroning

Development locations - the following are suitable sites but are under Harvey Division Control

- 1. Camping/picnicking sites along South Junctouring tion Form, Drivers Rd ford, Muddy Landing Rd, Calona Form, newly constructed fireline, Tumlo pines, Long Gully Bridge
- 2. Features tramway bridge ruins, large pools, rapids, high quality jarrah forest.
- 2.15 Murray Valley Bell
 Allocated activities bushwalking
 photography/painting
 nature study

No developments

3. LATERITIC UPLANDS

3.1 Torrens, Wilson, Urbrae
Allocated activities - bushwalking,
Bibbulmun Track only
picnicking at MWA
approved sites
Development locations

l. Huntly walk trail loops - see little
Dandalup Creek

3.2 Whittaker
Allocated activities (a) On Zone 1 catchment
bushwalking
Bibbulmun Track
only
picnicking at
MWA approved
sites

(b) Off Catchment bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/ painting camping

Development locations

1. Bibbulmun Track (a) reroute more sections off tracks

(b) track closure to vehicles

2. Whittaker Mill Developments (a) track closure

(a) track closure
(b) integrated walk trails
with Whittaker Mill trail
loops

(c) walk trail to Gold Mine

3.3 Turner, Marrinup
Allocated activites (a) Zone I catchment
bushwalking
Bibbulmun Track
only
picnicking, MWA

approved site (b) off Catchment bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting orienteering pleasure driving

Development locations

1. Marrinup self-guided tour Developments (a) prescription written by Extensions Branch

2. Bibbulmun Track Developments (a) track closure to vehicles

> (b) reroute selected sections through bush

Orienteering Area Developments (a) select area and demarcate

> (b) write prescription and management guidelines

4. Marrinup Townsite Features - historical, jarrah pole stands, vantage point for steam train

Developments (a) 6 picnic units
(b) walk trail loops
(c) information board

(d) toilets

(e) part of Marrinup Tour

3.4 Teesdale

Allocated activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting trail bikes

Development locations 1. Teesdale Trail bike area (West Tees-

Features - severely dieback affected forest, relatively flat Developments - (a) select area and demarcate

> (b) base camp area - 20 campsites

(c) toilets

(d) 4 picnic units

(e) signposting

(f) no access to creek gullies or firebreaks

(g) maintain 100m buffer with private property and Bibbulmun Track

2. Bibbulmun Track - Teesdale east Developments (a) track closure to vehicles

(b) reroute track through forest where appropriate (i.e. off vehicle tracks, roads)

3.5 Park

Allocated activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting trail bike area

Development locations 1. Park trail bike area

Features - severely dieback affected forest relatively flat

Developments (a) select area and demarcate (b) base camp at Nanga townsite

- (c) no access to creek gullies
- (d) 100m buffer with dissected river valleys and private property

(e) signposting

- (f) written prescription and management guidelines
- 2. Dwellingup Waroona Scenic drive Features - advanced dieback areas, vegetation transitions, softwood plantation forestry, scenic views

Developments (a) stop overs with information boards

(b) written tour guide

- (c) make feature of Stawell Rd dieback
- (d) route to follow Nanga Rd Stawell Rd and Waroona Rd

3.6 O'Neill (Disease Risk Area)

Allocated activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting pleasure driving

Development locations 1. North East Road self guided tour Developments - stopovers and information boards

2. O'Neill Brook picnic area (North East Rd)

Features - attractive, steep sided brook which drains into Serpentine Dam, E.rudis stands, jarrah forest adjacent

Developments - (a) 4 picnic units

- (b) information board (c) vehicle parking and access
- (d) walk trail loops
- (e) integrate with North-East Rd scenic drive

3.7 White, Scott, Banksiadale (Disease Risk Area)

Allocated activities (a) Catchment Zone 1 pleasure driving (open road only) nature study photography/painting Development locations 1. North East Road self-guided tour Developments (a) stopovers and information boards (b) re-route North East Rd progressively 3.8 Holyoake Allocated activities (a) Catchment Zone 1 nature study photography/painting (b) Catchment Zone 3 (i) Disease Risk Area bushwalking nature study photography/paint (ii) Non-quarantine bushwalking picnicking pleasure driving nature study orienteering Development locations 1. Holyoake Townsite Features - historic area, mill site, railway line, housing ruins, open, relatively flat, E.rudis stand, adjacent jarrah forest (a) liaison with Murray Shire (b) 6 picnic units Developments (c) septic toilets (d) vehicle parking and access (e) information board (f) signposting walk trail loops Holmes walk trail 2. Holyoake self-guided tour Developments (a) see section 3.2.2. Part(x) Murray Valley - Holyoake 3. Holyoake orienteering area Developments (a) select area and demarcate (b) written prescription and management guidelines (c) use Holyoake picnic area as 4. Dwellingup Railway Station Features - railway station, Dwellingup townsite, Hotham Valley Tourist Rail-way Steam trains Developments (a) 2 picnic units (b) childrens' playground (c) Railway Station museum (d) walk trail loops into surrounding forest (e) information board (f) start point for Marrinup,

Holyoake tours

- (g) written guides and information(h) liaise with HVTR and Westrail regarding landscape of Railway Station
- 3.9 Holmes
 Allocated activities bushwalking
 nature study
 photographing/
 painting

Development locations
1. Holmes walk trail
Developments (a) see Section 3.2.2.
Part (ix)

- (b) interpretative material
- 2. Bibbulmun Track
 Developments (a) track closure to vehicles
 - (b) reroute appropriate sections through forest
- 3.10 Plavins (Disease Risk Areas)
 Allocated activities nature study
 photography/painting

Development locations

1. Plavins walk trail system

Developments - (a) integrated walk

trail system with

Island Pool picnic/
camping area.

(b) track closure to vehicles

bush walking

2. Plavins Conservation MPA
Developments (a) Access closure to
vehicles

3.11 Boonerring, Duncan, Cameron (Disease Risk Area)

Allocated activities (a) Catchment Zone 1

(b) Catchment Zone 2
bushwalking
nature study
photography/painting
pleasure driving

Development locations

1. Pindalup - Windsor self-guided tour
Developments (a) Dieback policy 7 point
test

(b) rerouting of upland road sections

(c) stopovers and information boards

(d) track closure

3.12 Kennedy (Disease Risk Area)
Allocated activities (a) Catchment Zone 1

(b) Catchment Zone 2 picnicking bushwalking nature study photography/painting pleasure driving

Development locations

1. Pindalup - Windsor self-guided tour Developments - see Section 3.2.3. Part (xi)

2. Duncans Pines Features - flat, pine plot providing shade, adjacent jarrah forest

(a) 4 picnic units Developments

(b) information board (c) vehicle access and parking

(d) walk trail logs

(e) integrate with Pindalup-Windsor tour

(f) track closure

3.13 Inglehope, Pindalup, Amphion (Disease Risk Area)

Allocated activities - picnicking pleasure driving bushwalking nature study photography/painting

Development locations

1. Inglehope Arboretum
Features - arboretum, surrounding high quality jarrah forest, old sleeper cutters camp

Developments (a) old arboretum - Cadet training area

(b) 4 new picnic units

(c) toilets

(d) information shelter

(e) walk trail loops

(f) upgrade and redesign

(g) new tour guide

2. Inglehope - Chadoora self-guided tour Features - high quality jarrah pole stand, railway, small private property block, active forest management

Developments (a) stopovers (b) information boards (c) written tour guide

3.14 Wells, Hedges, Bombala Allocated activities - bushwalking nature study photography/painting pleasure driving

Development locations

1. Pindalup - Windsor tour Developments - see Section 3.2.3. Part(xi)

2. Wells tour Features - road to Mt. Wells and Wells Fire tower

Developments (a) road upgrading

(b) track closure to vehicles

(c) sign positing

3. Waraming

Features - old rail siding, forest settle-

ment and spot mill
Developments (a) 4 picnic units
(b) toilets

(c) information board (d) walk trail loops

(e) vehicle access and park-

ing (f) integrate with Pindalup-Windsor tour

3.15 Curara, Yarragil, Young, Hakea, Howse Allocated activities - pleasure driving bushwalking nature study photograpy/painting

> Development locations 1. Murray-Yarragil tour Developments (a) see Section 3.2.2. Part (viii)

> > (b) stopovers

(c) information boards (d) reroute and upgrade Yarragil Form

3.16 Taree Allocated activities - bushwalking nature study photography/painting

Development locations No developments

3.17 Pascoe Allocated activities - bushwalking

nature study photography/painting

Development locations

1. Pascoe walk trail system Features - steep, high quality jarrah forest,

views of Murray River Developments (a) walk trails integrated with Long Gully Bridge picnic area.

(b) trail guides

4 MONADKNOCKS

4.1 Boonerring Allocated activities - bushwalking nature study photography/painting

Development locations -

1. Boonerring Hill Features - Monadknock vegetation, scenic

views Developments (a) walk trail systems integrated with Boonerring picnic area.

(b) track closure to vehicles (c) lookout (inconspicuous)

2. Monadknock bush waking track
Features - monadknock vegetation, scenic
views

Developments (a) walking track through
Ronerring, Duncan and
Wells Monadknock zones
terminating at Mt. Wells

4.2 Duncan

Allocated activities - bushwalking
backpack camping
nature study
photography/painting

Development locations
1. Monadknock bushwalking track
see above Section 3.2.4. Part 1

4.3 Gyngoorda
Allocated activities - bushwalking
nature study
photography/painting

Development locations 1. Bannister Hill

Features - jarrah-wandoo forest, monadknock vegetation, scenic views Developments (a) walk trail and lookout linked to Gyngoorda picnic area in Gyngoorda Eastern woodland zone.

(b) interpretive material concerning Gyngoorda MPA and monadknock vegetation

4.4 Wells

Allocated activities - pleasure driving
bushwalking
picnicking
nature study
photography/painting

Development locations

1. Wells tour

see section 3.2.3. Part XIV

2. Mt. Wells

Features - scenic views, FD firetower Developments (a) 2 picnic units

(b) lookout facilities

(c) walk trail loops
(d) Monadknock bush walking track terminal

(e) information board(f) written guides

4.5 Saddleback

Allocated activities - bushwalking
picnicking
camping
pleasure driving
nature study
photography/painting

Development locations - Nil
Objective - Conduct a broad scale investigation into

recreation and mining in Saddleback Block. Write a long term development plan for the post-mining phase.

4.6 George

Allocated activities - pleasure driving picnicking bushwalking nature study photography/paint-ing

Development locations

1. George Hill

Features - jarrah forest ecosystem, scenic views, FD fire tower

Developments (a) 2 picnic units (b) walk trail loops

(c) use of tower as look-

(d) terminal for George Tower

(e) information board

5. EASTERN WOODLANDS

5.1 Boonerring

Allocated activities - picnicking
bushwalking
nature study
photography/painting

Development locations
1. Boonerring picnic area

Features - close to Boonerring Monadknock.

Developments (a) 5 picnic units

(b) walk trail to Boonerring
Hill

(c) walk trail loops

(d) toilets

(e) information board

(f) guide/brochure

(g) terminal for Monadknock Bushwalking Track

(h) vehicle parking and access

5.2 Duncan, Cameron, Wells, Hedges, Bombala
Allocated activities - bushwalking
backpack camping
nature study
photography/painting

Development location

1. Monadknock bushwalking to

 Monadknock bushwalking track See Section 3.2.4. Part 1

5.3 Gyngoorda

Allocated activities - bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting

Development location

Gyngoorda picnic area
 Features - high quality eastern jarrah and
 Wandoo stand, eastern vegetatio

types, good access to Bannister Hill Developments (a) 6 picnic units (b) toilets (c) walk trail loops (d) walk trail to Bannister Hill (see section 3.2.4. Part III) (e) information board (f) guide/brochure (g) vehicle parking and access 5.4 Wandering Allocated activities - bushwalking photography/painting nature study Development locations 1. Wandering MPA (Flora, fauna and landscape) Development (a) track closure (b) rubbish removal (c) signposting (d) Management plan 5.5 Marradong Allocated activities - bushwalking nature study photography/painting picnicking trail bikes horse riding Development locations 1. Marradong Forest Park Developments - Conduct broad scale investigation into suitability of Marradong Block as a forest park catering for many users. Check suitability of development as (a) walking trails (b) picnic areas (c) trail bike areas (d) horse riding area e) orienteering areas (f) nature study/conservation zones 5.6 George, Hakea, Taree Allocated activities - pleasure driving bushwalking picnicking nature study photography/painting Development locations 1. George Road tour. Features - high quality low rainfall jarrah forest, arboretum, George Hill Developments - (a) link George arboretum and George Hill

(b) stopovers and information

(c) arboretum walk trails and information shelter

	2. Hakea Pines Features - pine plot, valley vegetation Developments (a) 4 picnic units (b) walk trail loops (c) vehicle access parking (d) toilets (e) information board (f) terminal for Long Gully tour	
5.7	Saddleback, Quindanning Allocated activities - camping picnicking bushwalking nature study photography/painting	
	Development locations nil See section 3.2.4 Part V.	
6. RESERVOIRS		
6.1	North Dandalup Pipehead Dam No developments	
6.2	Banksiadale Dam No developments	
6.3	South Dandalup Dam Allocated activities - picnicking bushwalking nature study photography/ painting	
	Development locations 1. MWA picnic area Features - scenic views of dam and associated facilities, high quality jarrah forest, South Dandalup River and vegetation. Developments (a) liaison with MWA re- garding increased FD in- put to picnic area. (b) walk trail loops (c) information board/shelter (d) stopover on Marrinup Tour	
6.4	Oakley Dam See Section 3.2.1 Part (III)	
7. PLANTATIONS		
7.1	Murray Allocated activities - camping bushwalking picnicking Development locations 1. Fuel Reduced Buffer Strip Features - adjacent to high usage Murray Valley area, suitable for camping (flat and shady) Developments (a) Fuel reduced buffer along all roads adjacent to Murray River (b) Camping areas - 200 sites	
	(dispersed) (c) regular fuel reduction	

3.3 Priority Schedule

The following schedule indicates the priority for developments within Dwellingup Division.

It is ranked from highest priority first to the

lowest pressure for development and is referenced to Section 2.3 (Management Zones) and Section 3.3 (Proposed Developments)

TABLE PRIORITY SCHEDULE FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS

Priority Ran	iking	Zone Numbers
1		2.7, 3.4, 2.8, 7.1, 2.11,2.12
2		3.8
3		1.3, 2.5, 2.6, 3.3, 7.2, 7.3.
4		2.9, 2.10, 3.8, 3.9, 1.1, 2.2 3.2.
5		3.4, 3.5.
6		3.13
7		4.3, 5.3
8		3.11, 4.1, 5.1
9		3.11, 4.2, 5.2
10		3.12, 3.14, 4.4, 5.2
11		5.5
12		5.4
13		4.5, 5.7
14		2.13
15		2.13, 3.17, 5.6
16		2.14, 2.15
17		4.16, 5.6
18		3.15
19		3.6
A		1.1, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 3.2, 3.3
В		3.1, 3.7

A - Bibbulmun Track Only - Priority 1

B - No developments

Year

Developments

1983/84

Scarp Pool
Scarp Lookout
Baden Powell
Murray Plantation
Plavins MPA
Teesdale MPA
Island Pool
Nanga - river
Nanga Brook Mill

Bibbulmun Track - Teesdale, Park, Holmes

1984/84

Bobs Crossing
Murray Valley Campsite
River Rd Campsite
Yarragil Brook
Nanga Townsite.
Davies Brook
Dwellingup Railway Station
Murray-Yarragil Scenic Drive

1985/86

Dwellingup Railway Station
River Rehabilitation - Wild Camping Areas
Oakley Dam
Bibbulmun Track - Turner, Marrinup
Marrinup Self-guided tour
Marrinup Brook
Marrinup Townsite
Oakley Brook

1986/87

Davies Brook - Holyoake walk track Holyoake self-guided tour Gold Mine Hill Whittaker Mill Bibbulmun Track - Whittaker Holyoake Townsite MWA - South Dandalup Dam Teesdale ORV area

1987/88

Park ORV area
Inglehope Arboretum
Inglehope - Chadora self-guided tour
Gyngoorda MPA
Bannister Hill walk track
Gyngoorda picnic area

4. IMPLEMENTATION

4.1 Recording and Control

Recreation Officer will maintain records of recreation developments within the HOCS or POCS systems with duplicate copies forwarded to Kelmscott I & P.

This record will be indexed to all job prescriptions, specifications, site designs and standards to be followed.

4.2 RECREATION RESPONSIBILITIES

4.2.1 Recreation Chain-of-Command

Conservator

nsions Specialists C.O.D. Extensions

Recreation Superintendent North Region

Divisional Forest Officer

Project Leader Recreation

Recreation Officer

Overseer

4.2.2 Divisional Forest Officer

Responsible to Superintendent for the overall organisation and direction of the recreation development and maintenance programmes.

Controls expenditure on recreation.
Integrates the recreation development and
maintenance programmes into the annual Divisional works programme.

Reviews the performance of the Recreation Project Group at frequent intervals.

4.2.3 Project Leader Recreation

Responsible to the Divisional Forest Officer for all aspects of the recreation programme.

Prepares job prescriptions, specifications, site designs, standards etc. according to Extensions Branch guidelines (Recreation Operations Manual).

Prepares recreation development and maintenance programmes on a 5 year basis.

Submits annual estimates to the DFO for approval and submission to SHQ.

Reviews the performance of the Recreation Officer and Overseer regularly.

Ensures maintenance of standards in all aspects of the recreation programme.

4.2.4 Recreation Officer

Responsible to the Project Leader Recreation for implementation of the recreation programme in the field.

Assists Project Leader Recreation in preparation of job prescriptions, specifications, site designs standards etc.

Implements job control procedures in the field for the overseer to maintain.

4.2.5 Overseer

Responsible to the Recreation Officer for supervision of all recreation works.

Maintains standards on all works.

Ensures adequate job control.

Assists in the development of new techniques and methods.

4.3 MAINTENANCE PROGRAMMES

The following maintanance programmes will be designed, standards and prescriptions prepared and schedules written.

- (i) Mainteance Inspections
- (ii) Rubbish Removal
- (iii) Firewood Supply
 - (iv) Damage Repair
 - (v) Hazard Reduction (Fire)
 - (vi) Erosion control
- (vii) Access Maintenance
- (viii) Toilet maintenance

4.4 PLAN REVIEW

The Divisional Plan will be reviewed annually when yearly budgets and works programmes are being developed. The Recreation Project Group will be responsible for plan review.





