



011786

CALM LIBRARY ARCHIVE  
NOT FOR LOAN

THE LIBRARY ~~THE LIBRARY~~  
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION  
& LAND MANAGEMENT

## THE BOTANY OF YALGORUP NATIONAL PARK

### INTRODUCTION

Yalgorup National Park is situated west of the Old Coast Road approximately 15-30 miles south of Mandurah towards Bunbury.

The Park includes Lakes Preston and Clifton and various areas of land connected by these two bodies of water. The majority of the Park is situated near the southern end of Lake Clifton and the northern part of Lake Preston, while a smaller area adjoins the northern end of Lake Clifton.

For the purpose of this report, the former area is referred to as the 'southern sector' and the latter as the 'northern sector' of the Park. (See accompanying map.)

Six different vegetation systems are recognized within the Park; these are discussed below. With the aid of aerial photographs the vegetation boundaries have been checked and mapped accordingly.

A list of species collected and their respective distributions is attached. All 220 species were collected from within the Park.

## VEGETATION:

Six vegetation systems are recognized within the confines of the Park:

1. Unconsolidated dune vegetation.
2. Sand dune heath.
3. Limestone heath.
4. Tuart woodland.
5. Paperbark swamp.
6. Sedge swamp.

### 1. Unconsolidated dune vegetation:

The topography of this coastal foredune system is constantly changing due to on shore wind erosion, consequently blow-outs and sand drifts are common. The plants here characteristically aggregate into dense clumps (with bare white sand between) thus affording protection to one another.

On the windward side of the foredunes, dense stands of *Olearia axillaris*, *Scaevola crassifolia*, *Carpobrotus virescens*, and *Scirpus nodosus* occur, and much root growth is exposed by erosion. The more sheltered leeward side allows *Diplolaena dampieri* and *Myoporum adscendens* to form the dominant shrub cover. Also common on the leeward side of the fore-dunes are *Anthericum divaricatum*, *Senecio lautus*, *Cakile maritima* and *Exocarpus sparteus*.

### 2. Sand dune heath:

This region consists of stabilized sand dunes and occurs immediately east of the unconsolidated dune system. It is an area of undulating sand hills covered by a dense layer of low heath vegetation, while in the depressions and on the leeward side of the hills taller shrubs are usually well developed.

In the 'northern sector' of the Park, the dunes are higher than in the south, they form deeper depressions and therefore have larger areas which are protected from the wind. Although the dominant shrub cover in 'northern' and 'southern sectors' is the same, the increased protection from the wind in the former region permits the growth of some species which were not found in the south, for example, *Hibiscus huegelii* and *Thomasia cognata*.

*Melaleuca acerosa* and *Acacia lasiocarpa* are the dominant plants of the low heath vegetation, however, a number of other species are very common, notably *Phyllanthus calycinus*, *Pimelia ferruginea* (common on the windward side of the hills) and *Lepidosperma angustatum* (which is very abundant). *Acacia rostellifera* is the dominant tall shrub in the more sheltered areas, however, *Acacia saligna*, *Jacksonia furcellata*, *Agonis flexuosa* (better developed in the northern sector) and Tuart (rare) do also occur.

### 3. Limestone heath:

This region has an undulating topography of limestone hills with shallow sandy deposits between the rocky outcrops. In places the limestone heath borders directly upon the sand dune heath and the Paperbark swamp systems while elsewhere the Tuart woodland forms a barrier to this continuity.

In the 'northern sector' this system is less defined from the Tuart woodland than it is in the south. This is because the limestone hills are not so prominent and especially because the heath and surrounding woodland has been severely burnt. The fire has allowed many species to colonize both regions and little regrowth of characteristic shrubs has occurred.

Because of the pronounced undulations of topography in the 'southern sector' of the Park, deep sand has accumulated in the depressions between adjacent hills and in these areas a sparse cover of Tuart woodland has developed.

*Acacia cuneata* is perhaps the most common low shrub (ca 1 m tall) on the limestone heath, however, a number of other shrubs are very common for example, *Hakea trifurcata*, *Templetonia retusa*, *Lycinema ciliatum*, *Casuarina humilis*, *Melaleuca acerosa*, and *Melaleuca huegelii* (restricted in its distribution). Small pockets of *Acacia cochlearis* and *Conospermum triplinervium* (mainly on limestone heath - Tuart woodland border) do occur. The mallee, *Eucalyptus decipiens* forms dense stands of up to ca 2 m tall in some areas. In rare instances *Banksia grandis* and *Xanthorrhoea preissii* occur in this region.

### 4. Tuart Woodland

This is the most common vegetation type in the Park. The topography of this region consists of flat areas and gently undulating hills, the predominant soil type being light brown sand.

Associated with the Tuart (*Eucalyptus gomphocephala*) is Agonis flexuosa and Jarrah (*E. marginata*) all of which form the dominant tree layer. The relative frequency of these three species seems to vary throughout the system, for example, the Agonis is more common in the low-lying areas near the swamps and lakes while the Jarrah is more common in the drier eastern regions of the 'northern sector'. *Acacia saligna* is a common tall shrub throughout this belt, while in certain areas *Banksia attenuata* and *B. grandis* become prominent. *Casuarina fraseri* is common in the 'northern sector', while Marri (*Eucalyptus calophylla*) is restricted to the eastern verges of the Park. *Acacia pulchella*, *Melaleuca acerosa*, and *Jacksonia sternbergiana* are among the more common lower shrubs.

### 5. Paperbark swamps

Surrounding the lakes and the sedge swamps there is a relatively narrow band of Paperbark trees. There are two species of *Melaleuca* involved - *M. cuticularis* and

*M. rhaphiophylla*. *M. cuticularis* is the more common species, occurring close to and into the waters of lakes and swamps where the soil is of a gritty limestone nature. *M. rhaphiophylla* is restricted to the sedge swamps and some areas of Lake Clifton where humus accumulation and black peaty soil occur - *Lepidosperma gladiatum* usually forms the dominant ground cover beneath this species. In areas where the two Paperbarks grow together, *M. cuticularis* forms in a band closer to the lake or swamp.

Beneath the *M. cuticularis* along the shores of Lake Clifton, *Juncus maritimus*, *Cyperus nitens* and *Wilsonia backhousii* form the dominant ground cover. While *J. maritimus* is usually present beneath the Paperbark, the other two species appear to be restricted to certain regions along the Lake. Immediately behind the *M. cuticularis* stand there is a very narrow band of *Acacia cyclops*, this zonation is particularly noticeable around Lake Preston.

#### 6. Sedge swamps

These swamps are restricted to the south-east of the 'southern sector' of the Park and are basically an extension of the Lake Clifton water system. They are open flat areas predominantly covered with sedge but some patches of free water do occur; the soil is a light grey clay.

An undescribed species in the family Cyperaceae is common in the free water areas, there is also some *Typha* but this is fairly rare.

In the areas surrounding the water *Melaleuca viminea* and *Leptocarpus aristatus* are by far the most dominant species. Some *Melaleuca cuticularis* does occur throughout the region and dense stands of *Xanthorrhoea preissii* are also common. Some of the dominant smaller shrubs are *Melaleuca incana* (growing predominantly among the Blackboys), *Scaevola holosericea*, *Acacia pulchella*, and *Stackhousia huegelii*. There are occasional transgressions of *Acacia saligna*, *Agonis flexuosa*, and *Banksia attenuata* onto this area from the surrounding Tuart woodland. *Pteridium esculentum* (bracken fern) was present but rare.

Susan Paust  
B.R. Maslin.

SPECIES LIST AND RECORDED DISTRIBUTIONS

1 2 3 4 5 6

The numbers at the head of the 'distribution columns' refer to the Vegetation systems as follows:

1. Unconsolidated dune system
2. Sand dune heath
3. Limestone heath
4. Tuart woodland
5. Paperbark swamp
6. Sedge swamp

LICHEN

*Xanthoria ectanea* (Ach.) Räs  
ex R. Filson

x

POLYPODIACEAE

*Pteridium esculentum* (Forst.f) Nakai

x

CYCADACEAE

*Macrozamia riedlei* (Gaud.)  
C.A. Gardner

x x

TYPHACEAE

*Typha* sp.

x

GRAMINEAE

*Aira caryophyllea* L.  
*Avena fatua* L.  
*Briza maxima* L.  
*Briza minor* L.  
*Poa drummondiana* Nees  
*Spinifex hirsutus* Labill.  
*Stipa compressa* R.Br.  
*Stipa ? variabilis* Hughes

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

CYPERACEAE

*Gahnia trifida* Labill.  
*Lepidosperma angustatum* R.Br.  
*L. gladiatum* Labill.  
*L. gracile* R.Br.  
*Schoenus grandiflorus* (Nees) F.Muell.  
*Schoenus ? nitens* (R.Br) Poir  
*Scirpus nodosus* Rottb.  
*Cyperaceae* sp (SP. 1376)

x x

x x

x x

x

x

x

RESTIONACEAE

*Leptocarpus aristatus* R.Br.  
*Loxocarya cinerea* R.Br.  
*L. flexuosa* Benth.

x

x x x

x

JUNCACEAE

*Juncus maritimus* Lam.  
*Luzula meridionalis* Nord.

x

x

LILIACEAE

*Anthericum divaricatum* Jacq.  
*Burchardia umbellata* R.Br.  
*Caesia parviflora* R.Br  
*Chamaescilla corymbosa* (R.Br) F.Muell.

x x

x

x

x

	1	2	3	4	5	6
--	---	---	---	---	---	---

LILIACEAE (Cont'd)

<i>Dianella revoluta</i> R.Br.					x	
<i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i> Lindl.					x	
<i>Stypandra imbricata</i> R.Br.					x	
<i>Thysanotus dichotomus</i> (Labill.) R.Br.	x					
<i>T. patersoni</i> R.Br.	x	x	x			
<i>T. multiflorus</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>Trichoryne elatior</i> R.Br.	x					

XANTHORRHOEACEAE

<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i> Lehm.	x					
<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i> Endl.		x	x	x		

AMARYLLIDACEAE

<i>Anigosanthus humilis</i> Lindl.	x	x	x			
<i>A. manglesii</i> D.Don			x			
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i> R.Br.	x	x				
ssp. <i>preissii</i> (Endl.) J.W. Green						
<i>C. candicans</i> Endl.	x					

IRIDACEAE

<i>Orthrosanthus laxus</i> (Endl.) Benth	x					
<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i> R.Br.	x	x	x			

ORCHIDACEAE

<i>Elythranthera emarginata</i> (Labill.)	x					
A.S. George						
<i>Theelymitra nuda</i> R.Br.	x					

CASUARINACEAE

<i>Casuarina fraseriana</i> Miq.	x					
<i>C. humilis</i> Otto et Dietr.	x					

PROTEACEAE

<i>Banksia attenuata</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>B. grandis</i> Willd.	x	x				
<i>B. littoralis</i> R.Br.						x
<i>Conospermum triplinervium</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>Dryandra nivea</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>D. sessilis</i> (Knight) Domin	x					
<i>Grevillea crythmifolia</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>G. thelemanniana</i> Endl.	x					
<i>Hakea prostrata</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>H. ruscifolia</i> Labill.	x					
<i>H. trifurcata</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>H.?</i> sp. nov. (SP. 1422)	x					
<i>Petrophile linearis</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>P. longifolia</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>P. serruriaefolia</i> R.Br.	x	x				

SANTALACEAE

<i>Exocarpus sparteus</i> R.Br.	x	x	x			
<i>Leptomeria cunninghamii</i> Miq.						x
<i>L. pauciflora</i> R.Br.						x
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i> (R.Br.) DC.	x					

POLYGONACEAE

<i>Muehlenbeckia adpressa</i> (Labill.) Meisn.	x			x		
--	---	--	--	---	--	--

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<u>CHENOPODIACEAE</u>						
<i>Rhagodia radiata</i> Nees	x					
<i>Salicornia blackiana</i> Ulbrich				x		
<i>Salsola kali</i> L.	x					
<i>Threlkeldia diffusa</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<u>AMARANTACEAE</u>						
<i>Ptilotus? drummondii</i> (Moq.) F.Muell. Var. <i>drummondii</i>					x	
<u>PHYTOLACCACEAE</u>						
<i>Tersonia brevipes</i> Moq.			x	x		
<u>AIZOACEAE</u>						
<i>Carpobrotus virescens</i> (Haw.) Schwantes	x	x				
<i>Tetragonia decumbens</i> Mill.	x					
<u>PORTULACACEAE</u>						
<i>Calandrinia brevipedata</i> F.Muell.	x					
<i>C. liniflora</i> Frenzl.		x	x			
<u>CARYOPHYLLACEAE</u>						
<i>Petrohagia prolifera</i> (L.) Ball et Heywood	x	x				
<i>Silene gallica</i> L.	x	x	x			
<u>RANUNCULACEAE</u>						
<i>Clematis pubescens</i> Hueg.	x	x	x		x	
<i>Ranunculus ? parviflorus</i> L.			x			
<u>LAURACEAE</u>						
<i>Cassytha racemosa</i> Nees	x	x	x	x	x	
<u>BRASSICACEAE</u>						
<i>Cakile maritima</i> Scop.	x					
<i>Heliophylla pusilla</i> L.	x	x				
<i>Lepidium rotundum</i> DC.	x					
<i>Stenopetalum robustum</i> Endl.	x	x	x			
<u>PROSERPACEAE</u>						
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i> Endl.			x			
<u>CRASSULACEAE</u>						
<i>Crassula colorata</i> (Nees) Ostf.	x	x	x			
<u>MIMOSACEAE</u>						
<i>Acacia cochlearis</i> (Labill.) Wendl.	x					
<i>A. cuneata</i> Benth.	x					
<i>A. cyclops</i> Cunn. ex Don				x		
<i>A. diptera</i> Lindl.				x		
<i>A. lasiocarpa</i> Benth.	x					
<i>A. pulchella</i> R.Br.			x	x		
<i>A. rostellifera</i> Benth	x					
<i>A. saligna</i> (Labill.) Wendl.	x	x				
<u>PAPILIONACEAE</u>						
<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i> Benth			x			
<i>Burtonia conferta</i> DC.	x	x				
<i>Daviesia divaricata</i> Benth.	x					
<i>D. incrassata</i> Sm.	x					
<i>Gompholobium tomentosa</i> Labill.	x					
<i>Hardenburgia comptoniana</i> (Andr.) Benth.	x	x	x	x		

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<u>PAPILIONACEAE (Cont'd)</u>						
<i>Jacksonia furcellata</i> (Bonpl.) DC.	x				x	
<i>J. sternbergiana</i> Hueg.				x		
<i>Kennedia coccinea</i> Vent.	x	x	x			
<i>K. prostrata</i> R.Br.	x	x	x			
<i>Lupinus hirsutus</i> L.				x		
<i>Medicago polymorpha</i> L. ssp. <i>polymorpha</i>				x		
<i>Melilotus indica</i> All.				x		
<i>Oxylobium capitatum</i> Benth.	x					
<i>Sphaerolobium macranthum</i> Meisn.				x	x	
<i>S. medium</i> R.Br.	x					
<i>Templetonia retusa</i> (Vent.) R.Br.	x	x	x		x	
<i>Viminaria juncea</i> (Schrad.) Hoffmgg.				x	x	
<u>GERANIACEAE</u>						
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> (L.) L'Her. ex Ait.	x	x				
<i>Pelargonium capitatum</i> (L.) Ait.		x				
<i>P. littorale</i> Hueg.	x					
<u>LINACEAE</u>						
<i>Linum marginale</i> Cunn. ex Planch.					x	
<u>RUTACEAE</u>						
<i>Diplolaena dampieri</i> Desf.	x	x	x			
<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i> A.Rich.	x	x	x		x	
<i>Phebalium anceps</i> DC.				x		
<u>TREMANDRACEAE</u>						
<i>Tetrapetala viminea</i> Lindl.				x		
<u>EUPHORBIACEAE</u>						
<i>Adriana quadripartita</i> (Labill.) Gaud.			x			
<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i> Labill.	x	x	x			
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i> Brongn.	x					
<u>STACKHOUSIACEAE</u>						
<i>Stackhousia huegelii</i> Endl.	x	x	x			
<u>SAPINDACEAE</u>						
<i>Diplopeltis huegelii</i> Endl. var. <i>huegelii</i>	x	x				
<i>Dodonaea aptera</i> Miq.				x		
<u>RHAMNACEAE</u>						
<i>Spiridium globulosum</i> (Labill.) Benth.	x	x				
<i>Trymalium ledifolium</i> Fenzl.			x	x		
<u>MALVACEAE</u>						
<i>Hibiscus huegelii</i> Endl.	x					
<u>STERCULIACEAE</u>						
<i>Lasiopetalum membranaceum</i> (Steud.) Benth.				x		
<i>Thomasia cognata</i> Steud.	x					
<i>T. triphylla</i> J. Gay				x		
<u>DILLENIACEAE</u>						
<i>Hibbertia cuneiformis</i> (Labill.) Gilg.	x	x				
<i>H. hypericoides</i> (DC.) Benth.			x	x		
<i>H. polystachys</i> Benth.			x			
<i>H. racemosa</i> (Endl.) Gilg.			x	x		
<u>THYMELIACEAE</u>						
<i>Pimelea ferruginea</i> Labill.	x					

THYMELIACEAE (Cont'd)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
P. spectabilis Lindl.				x		
P. sylvestris R.Br.			x			

MYRTACEAE

Agonis flexuosa (Spreng.) Schau.	x	x	x			
Eucalyptus calophylla R.Br.		x				
E. decipiens Endl.	x					
E. falcata Turcz.	x	x				
E. gomphocephala DC.	x	x				
E. marginata Sm.		x				
Melaleuca acerosa Schau.	x	x	x			
M. cuticularis Labill.			x	x		
M. huegelii Endl.	x					
M. incana R.Br.			x			x
M. leptoclada Benth.			x			x
M. rhaphiophylla Schau.			x			
M. viminea Lindl.	x					x

APIACEAE

Centella cordifolia (Hook.f.) Nannf.				x		
Daucus glochidiatus (Labill.) Fisch., Mey. et Ave-Lall.	x	x				
Eryngium pinnatifidum Bunge	x	x	x			
Hydrocotyle tetragonocarpa Bunge	x					
H. sp. (SP. 1340A).			x			
Trachymene pilosa Sm.	x	x		x		

EPACRIDACEAE

Astroloma baxteri DC.	x					
A. drummondii Sond.	x					
Leucopogon parviflorus (Andr.) Lindl.	x			x		
Lycinema ciliatum R.Br.	x				x	

PRIMULACEAE

Anagallis arvensis L.				x		
Anagallis arvensis L. var. caerulea Gouan.	x	x	x	x		
Samolus junceus R.Br.			x			

LCGANIACEAE

Logania vaginalis (Labill.) F.Muell.	x	x				
--------------------------------------	---	---	--	--	--	--

GENTIANACEAE

Villarsia albiflora F.Muell.	x					
------------------------------	---	--	--	--	--	--

APOCYNACEAE

Alyxia buxifolia R.Br.	x	x				
------------------------	---	---	--	--	--	--

CONVOLVULACEAE

Cuscuta epithymum L.	x					
Wilsonia backhousii Hook.f.			x			

LAMIACEAE

Hemianandra pungens R.Br.	x	x				
---------------------------	---	---	--	--	--	--

SOLANACEAE

Anthocercis littorea Labill.	x	x	x	x		
Solanum sodomaeum L.			x			

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<u>SCROPHULARIACEAE</u>						
<i>Bellardia trixago</i> (L.) All.		x	x		x	
<i>Dischisma arenarium</i> E. May			x			
<i>Parentucellia laxifolia</i> (L.) Car.		x	x		x	
<i>P. viscosa</i> (L.) Car.	x	x	x			
<i>Veronica calycina</i> R.Br.	x					
<u>OROBANCHACEAE</u>						
<i>Orobanche australiana</i> F.Muell. ex Tate		x				
<u>LENTIBULARIACEAE</u>						
<i>Polypomphlox multifida</i> (R.Br.) F.Muell.					x	
<u>MYOPORACEAE</u>						
<i>Eremophila glabra</i> (R.Br.) Ostf.			x			
<i>Myoporum adscendens</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>M. tetrandrum</i> (Labill.) Domin	x	x				
<u>PLANTAGINACEAE</u>						
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L.					x	
<i>P. varia</i> R.Br.			x			
<u>RUBIACEAE</u>						
<i>Opercularia hispidula</i> Endl.				x	x	
<i>O. vaginata</i> Labill.	x	x				
<u>LOBELIACEAE</u>						
<i>Isotoma hypocrateriformis</i> (R.Br.) Druce					x	
<i>Lobelia tenuior</i> R.Br.	x	x	x	x		
<u>GOODENIACEAE</u>						
<i>Dampiera prostrata</i> DeVr.					x	
<i>Scaevola crassifolia</i> Labill.	x	x				
<i>S. globulifera</i> Labill.		x	x			
<i>S. holosericea</i> DeVr.	x				x	
<u>STYLEDIACEAE</u>						
<i>Stylium aff. caricifolium</i> Lindl.	x					
<i>S. junceum</i> R.Br.	x	x				
<i>S. schoenoides</i> DC.			x			
<i>S. sp nov.</i> (S.P. 1404)	x					
<u>ASTERACEAE</u>						
<i>Arthrixia pulverulentia</i> (Lindl.) Druce				x		
<i>Brachycome iberidifolia</i> Benth	x	x	x			
<i>Craspedia uniflora</i> Forst.			x			
<i>Helichrysum bracteatum</i> (Vent.) Andr.			x			
<i>H. cordatum</i> DC.	x	x				
<i>Helipterum cotula</i> DC.			x			
<i>Hypochoeris glabra</i> L.				x		
<i>Leptorhynchos elongatus</i> DC.	x					
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i> (Benth.) Steetz.	x	x	x			
<i>Olearia axillaris</i> (DC.) Benth	x				x	
<i>O. rufa</i> (Benth.) Benth.	x	x	x			
<i>Picris hieracioides</i> var <i>squarrosa</i> (Steetz.) Benth.			x			
<i>Podolepis gracilis</i> (Lehm.) R. Grah.			x			
<i>P. lessonii</i> (Cass.) Benth.	x	x	x			
<i>Podotheca angustifolia</i> (Labill.) Less.	x	x				
<i>P. chrysanthia</i> (Steetz.) Benth.			x			
<i>Senecio lautus</i> Willd.	x	x	x	x		
<i>S. ramosissimus</i> DC.				x		
<i>Waltzia citrina</i> (Benth.) Steetz.	x					