WARLPIRI FIRE (and SPINIFEX) VOCABULARY

Many of the following terms are taken from the "Fire" domain of Introduction to Vocabulary and Domains, also titled Introduction to Warlpiri Vocabulary, compiled by Kenneth L. Hale in 1959. Other terms come from subsequent work of the Warlpiri Dictionary Project.

Abbreviation: E,H Eastern Warlpiri -- as at Alekarenge (Warrabri)

David Nash July 1990

GENERAL

warlu fire, firewood, heat warluparnta hot to the touch [E] (= warlu) kunpariji kurnpariji (= warlu) used in avoidance situations jarra flame firelight (= rdili) rdili (= jarra) janka-mi to burn, be burning--of fire to burn him--of fire (=kampa-mi) kampa-mi (= janka-mi) yintarlarrarlarra-janka-mi to burn with high flames paarrpaarr-janka-mi to singe, get singed--as of hair put in or near fire maramarakarda-janka-mi to get scorched jurnjurn-janka-mi to sizzle while burning--as of fat maramara-ma-ni to scorch it--as when fire scorches objects, as clothes, placed too near papi-mi to flame up suddenly, to catch fire waapapa-nga-rni to flare up, sweep through (like big blazing fire pushed by wind) parruly-ya-ni to be alight, to flame Warlumaliny (pa) important Fire Dreaming place, to northwest, on way

FIRE PRODUCTION

to Gordon Downs

warlu-mani make a fire warlu-warlu-mani anger, make angry, goad into anger, upset yarrpi-rni to build a fire, start a fire kantuka fire-place, hearth jimanypa fire saw kurru fire saw, essence of fire ?? luwa-rni to work fire saw Kurru kapala luwarni. The two are making fire with a fire saw. jimany-pi-nyi to build a fire by means of saw purrut! ideophone of using fire saw kungkala fire drill kungkalarlu panti-rni to work a fire drill kindling wood jiwirri jiwirri-marntu a place where there is abundant kindling jiwinypa chipsngijijangka fire started from a fire stick

FIRE CONTROL

yurduyurdu-ma-ni to cook on all sides by turning over palu-pi-nyi to extinguish a fire, put fire out to turn out a light fire-stick ngiji kiji-yinjakurlku (H) See ngiji 'brush', brand maripi to burn it--as with fire stick, brand, to cook it (requires purra-mi human subject) jilyiwilyiwi-purra-mi to burn it so that it crackles--as when branding a calf rdiji-ma-ni to set fire to it--spinifex tiji-kanyi make a line of fire (with brand) [E] to burn country by a line of fire [E] tiji-tiji-kanyi -rni to light it, set fire to it--spinifex winiwini burnt-off spinifex yingki-rni wini burnt-off country [E] kuntara country with burnt patches wini-wini burnt country with regrowth wini-jangka yalki big fire, huge flames; Kalarla warlungka karrija ngalyalkirla. [WII,20] He would stand where the big flames were and ngalyalki wait for it (animal). hunting smoke lirranji smoke haze, cloud of smoke, smoke from bush fire hanging in air double hunting fire lirramirni julyurlpa into the fire into the water julyurlpa kiji-rni to throw it into the fire to throw it into the water warlukarra-warlukarra by the light of the fire warlamarra technique of finding murderer by fire; Warlamarra kalu purrami. They are burning a fire to find the murderer.

FIRE PRODUCTS

yirnti spark smoke cigarette, 'a smoke' yulyurdu to bite, irritate--as smoke biting eyes wiyingki-ka-nyi kunjuru smoke, a plume or puff of smoke to rise in a single puff of smoke kunjuru-karri-mi kunjuru-kunjuru-karri-mi to rise in several and successive puffs of smoke steam--as from hot tea ngapuru rduyurduyu-karri-mi to waft--of steam to irritate them--eyes, of smoke manjarnmanjarnpa-ma-ni smoking log, smoking firestick ngalyalki kinjiri hot coals, hot ashes ashes, cooled ashes yurlpulypa ashes [E] puna pirilyi charcoal, coal blacking from charcoal--esp. from burnt corkwood bark a species nguyu of fungus

TEMPERATURE

warm, cosy

purlku-ma-ni to warm it, self

to warm it, self [E] purntu-ma-ni

yardu-yi-nyi to get warm by the fire

ngarningirri-karri-mi to stand with one's back to the fire

ngawurr (pa) - be hot, be scorching hot

warntuwarnturrpa hot, searing heat, hot to the touch

SOME EXTENDED MEANINGS

warlu-jarra fighters

warlu-jarra-warlu-jarra (N) many good fighters, many renowned warriors

(V) pick a fight with, humbug, upset, behave badly warlu-rurru-mani towards

SPINIFEX VOCABULARY

Triodia pungens, Aristida inaequiqlumis (= janpa, mulkunju (h))

marnanganpa (or marnangarnpa) spinifex, Plectrachne sp. Cf. warrpa warrpa seed-heads; spinifex, Triodia sp. Cf. marnanganpa

seed heads (of spinifex grass) yawirlara

open country with spinifex cover, spinifex plains manangkarra

(= ngataji (H), warlpawu (H))

(H) Triodia spicata, spear-grass

grass sp.; a low grass which spreads out over the ground -kalajirdi sends roots in all directions under the ground; lies flat over the ground and which comes together into one main stem.

pujuwaja Triodia longiceps, Giant Grey Spinifex; contains no resin tingkirrkari-tingkirrkari area of spinifex with gaps between

hummocks not really suitable for burning Cf. tingki, rdingki 'gap'

area with patches of bare ground not really suitable for burning Cf. yarlu 'bare ground, open area'

large clumps of spinifex Pakuru, mala kala rdululutarltarlpanu nyinaja marnangurlu -- tarltarlpanungurlu. Tarltarlpanuju marna wiriwirinyayirni. The pakuru and mala run out from the cover of the spinifex, from the large clumps. (name possibly because it burns with bangs)

tarlajirri old spinifex, old spinifex grass which is very dry and very tall Cf. tarltarlpanu

rotten, dead (of spinifex) Considered to be a regrettable stage of spinifex, to be avoided by burning it before it gets in this condition.

spinifex resin palya

ground spinifex wax (in termite mounds) yarrkurla