

Vascular Flora of Woodmans Point Nature Reserve

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Introduction

Woodmans Point Nature Reserve (number 42469) is a small nature reserve which forms part of the Woodmans Point Regional Park of 247 hectares of which some 92 hectares is bushland (Government of Western Australia, 2000). The largest bushland remnant is contained in the nature reserve.

Methods

Several floristic sites were established in the reserve for the study of the floristics of the Swan Coastal Plain (Gibson. *et al*, 1994) The reserve has been extensively surveyed by foot traverse during all seasons for the reserve survey of the Swan Coastal Plain (Keighery, 1999). These surveys and Powell and Emberson (1981), were used to compile the flora list. The list is considered 90% complete.

Vegetation

Structural vegetation of the area has been mapped by Powell and Emberson (1981) who show Eucalyptus gomphocephala open forest, Callitris preissii low closed forest, Acacia rostellifera/Spyridium globulosum tall open scrub and Spinfex hirsutus/S. longifolius grassland on the strand (largely outside the reserve). At the south-eastern margin of the nature reserve is a low open shrubland of Melaleuca systena with mixed Acacia and Scaevola nitida over bunch grasses not listed by Powell and Emberson (1981) as separate from the Acacia shrubland.

As noted in Keighery et al (1997) and Bushforever (Government of Western Australia, 2000) the reserve contains the Threatened ecological community of *Callitris preissii* low closed forest. It also contains a mature stand of Quindalup Tuart in very good to excellent condition, having not been grazed. This stand is also of considerable scenic value in the landscape.

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Vascular Flora

581. 9 (9411) WOO the table of vascular flora occurrences of plants in these communities are listed under art (Eucalyptus gomphocephala open forest, T), Spinfex hirsutus/S. longifolius issland on the strand (Dune), Callitris preissii low closed forest (Callp), Acacia itellifera/Spyridium globulosum tall open scrub (Acacia) and the shrubland of italialeuca systema (Heath).

Plants (weeds) only found along tracks are listed under these areas of disturbance.

Discussion

A total of at least 161 species of vascular plant taxa have been recorded from within the boundaries of the Nature Reserve. Of these 67 are naturalized aliens. There are some very interesting records in the native species:

Callitris preissii is an uncommon species and aspects of its conservation are discussed in Keighery et al (1997).

Diplolaena dampieri is at its northern range limit on the mainland.

Linum marginale and Opercularia hispidula are uncommon on the Quindalup dunes, although we have recorded them frequently in the Quindalup wetlands of the Rockingham Beach Ridge Plain, which Woodmans Point abuts.

Dodonaea hakettiana a priority species normally found on Spearwood sands throughout its range.

Of the 67 naturalized aliens. The most serious weeds are:

Asparagus asparagoides (Bridal Creeper), a major control program on this highly invasive weed is in progress.

Grassy Weeds are widespread, especially the annual s, Wild Oats (Avena spp.), Brome Grassses (Bromus spp.) and Pussy Willow Grass (Lagurus ovatus). Perennial grasses (Buffalo (Stenotraphrum secundatum), Kikyuyu (Pennisetum clandestinum), Fountain Grass (Pennisetum purpureum) and Couch (Cynodon dactylon)) are in small highly disturbed areas but should be controlled as a matter of urgency to prevent them spreading further.

The woody weeds Victorian Tea Tree (Leptospermum laevigatum) and Pepper Trees, (Schinus terebinthifolius) are both potentially invasive, but are still present in limited areas.

Annual weeds that should be controlled after fire or soil disturbance are the Thistles (Carduus pycnocephlaus and Cirsium vulgare) and Wild Turnip (Brassica tournefortii).

Another potentially serious weed present in low numbers is Geraldton Carnation Weed (*Euphorbia terracina*), this should be eradicated.

References

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		Vegetation community recorded in				1
ТАХ	'ON	Т	Dune	Callp	Acacia	heath
Aizoaceae	AND	X	Dano	Сапр	Acacia	noam
*	Carpobrotus edulis	•				
	Carpobrotus virescens		•	•		 -
*	Tetragonia decumbens		•		•	
Amaryllid	aceae					
*	Pancratium maritinum	······································	•.			
*	Narcissus tazetta	•	<u></u>			
Anacardia *	ceae Schinus terebinthifolius	•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Delinius tereoritamionus	······································				<u></u>
Anthericac						
	Thysanotus patersonii			•	•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Thysanotus arenarius	•		·	•	•
Asparagac	eae					
*	Asparagus asparagoides	•		•	•	
A iooooo			·			
Apiaceae	Daucus glochidiatus					
	Hydrocotyle callicarpa	•		 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····
	Hydrocotyle diantha	•				
 	Trachymene pilosa	•	•	•	•	
N amh a dala						
Asphodela *	Asphodelus fistulosus	•			•	
*	Trachyandra divaricata		•			
					•	
Asteraceae		T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
*	Arctotheca calendula	•	•			
	Arctotheca populiifolia		•			
	Arctotis stoechadifolia		•			
*	Carduus pycnocephalus	•		•		
*	Cirsium vulgare	•				
*	Conyza albida	•		•		
*	Cotula bipinnata	•				
*	Dittrichia graveolens			•		
*	Hedypnois rhagadioloides Hypochaeris glabra					•
		•				

Olearia axillaris	•	•	•	•	
Ozothamnus cordatus		•			
Podotheca angustifolia	•				**
* Reichardtia tingitiana					•
Senecio lautus		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
subsp maritimus	•	•	•		
* Sonchus oleraceus	•	•	•	•	
Brassicaceae	T I	Dune Ca	illp Ac	cacia	Heath
* Brassica tournefortii		•	•		
* Cakile maritima		•			**
* Heliophila pusilla	•	•			
Campanulaceae					
Wahlenbergia preissii	•		•		•
manorigia protosti					
Caryophyllaceae	T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
* Arenaria serpyllifolia			•		
* Corrigiola littoralis			1		•
* Cerastium glomeratum	•	•			
* Minuartia meditterranea	track	S			
* Petrohagia velutina					•
Chenopodiaceae Atriplex isatidea		•			
Rhagodia baccata	•	•	•	•	•
Salsola kali		•			
Threlkeldia diffusa	•	<u>`</u>		•	
i meikeidia diffusa	·				
Crassulaceae					
* Crassula alata		•		•	
Crassula colorata	•		•		
* Crassula glomerata		•	•		
Cuscutaceae					
* Cuscuta epithymum		•			
Cupressaceae					
Callitris preissii	•	•	•	•	•
Camuns preissn		-			
Cyperaceae	Т	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
Isolepis nodosa		•			
Lepidosperma gladiatum	•	•	•	•	•
Lepidosperma squamatum	•				•
Lepidosperma ?tenue	•				
Schoenus grandiflorus	•			•	•

Dasypogonaceae					
Acanthocarpus preissii	•	•	•	•	•
Lomandra maritima	•		·		•
Epacridaceae					
Acrotriche cordata		•		•	
Leucopogon australis			•		
Leucopogon parviflorus	•				•
Leucopogon racemulosus	•		•		•
Euphorbiaceae					
Adriana quadripartita	 	•			·
* Euphorbia peplus	•	•	•	······	
* Euphorbia terracina	·····	•	•		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Phyllanthus calycinus	•			•	•
Transcription			~		
Fumaria conrectate	T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
* Fumaria capreolata	•	•	······································		
Geraniaceae					
* Erodium cicutarium	•	•	•		
* Pelargonium capitatum	•	•	•		
Goodeniaceae					
Scaevola crassifolia		•			
Scaevola nitida	<u>•</u>				•
Haemodoraceae					
Conostylis candicans	•	•	•	•	•
Iridaceae * Chasmanthe floribunda					
* Romulea rosea	•				
Romulea rosea	•	•			
Juncaceae					
Juncus kraussii	•				
luncaginaceae					
Triglochin centrocarpum					•
Triglochin trichophorum		•			•
mgiochin uronophorum			 		
Lamiaceae	Т	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
Hemiandra pungens					•
Lauraceae					
Cassytha pubescens	·			•	•
Cassytha pavoseens				•	

Cassytha racemosa	•				
Linaceae					
Linum marginale					•
Lobeliaceae			•		
Lobelia tenuior	•				•
Loganiaceae	Т	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
Logania vaginalis	•				•
Loranthaceae					
Ameyema miquelii	•				•
Mimosaceae					
Acacia cochlearis	•	. •	•	•	•
Acacia cyclops	•		•		•
Acacia lasiocarpha				<u> </u>	•
Acacia rostellifera	•		•	•	•
Acacia saligna	•			····	•
Myoporaceae	T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
Eremophila glabra	•				•
Myoporum insulare	•	•		•	
Myrtaceae					
Eucalyptus gomphocephala			•		
* Leptospermum laevigatum	•	•			
Melaleuca huegelii		 	•	•	•
Melaleuca systena	•	······································	•	•	•
Onagraceae					
* Oenothera drummondii		•		·····	•
* Oenothera stricta		•			
Orchidaceae					
Caladenia latifolia	•			•	•
Leptoceras menziesii				•	
Cyrtostylis heugelii	•		•	•	•
Orobanchaceae	T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
Orobanche australiana	<u> </u>	•			***
Oxalidaceae					
* Oxalis pres-caprae	•				

Papilionac	Gompholobium tomentosum	•		•		•
	Hardenbergia comptoniana	•	•	•	•	•
··	Kennedia prostrata	•				
*	Medicago polymorpha	•	•			
*	Melilotis indica		•			
	Templetonia retusa	•		•		
Phormiace	ae					
	Dianella revoluta	•				•
Poaceae		T	т.	C 11		** .*
*	Aira cupaniana	T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
*	Arra cupamana Avena barbata	•	•		····	
*	Briza maxima	•	***************************************	•		
*	Briza minor	•		·		
*	Bromus diandrus	•	·			
*	Cynodon dactylon		tracks	•		
*	Desmazeria rigidum		tracks	•		
	Dichelachne crinita	•		-		
*	Ehrharta longiflora	•	·	•		
*	Eragrostis curvula		**************************************			
*	Lagurus ovatus	•	roadve	rges		
*	Lolium rigidum	<u> </u>	•	•		
*	Pennisetum clandestinum		tracks			
*	Pennisetum purpureum		tracks			
*	Poa anuua		tracks			
···········	Poa drummondiana		tracks			•
	Poa poiformis	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Poa porphyroclados		•			
	Spinifex hirsutus		•			
	Spinifex longifolius		•			
*	Stenotraphum secundatum	•	-			••••
	Austrostipa flavescens	•			•	•
	Austrostipa elegantissima	•				•
*	Vulpia myuros		•	•		·
				·········		
hytolaccae *		T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
<u>т</u>	Phytolacca octandra		•	•		
olygalacea	ne					
	Comesperma confertum	***************************************		***************************************		•
	Comesperma integerrimum	•		•	•	•
ortulacace						
	Calandrinia calyptrata	•		*		

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T	Dune	Callp	Acacia	Heath
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		T Dune  • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	T Dune Calip	Dune Callp Acacia

*	Nicotiana glauca	•	•	
*	Physalis peruviana	•		
*	Solanum nigrum	•		·
	Solanum symonii	•	•	
Urticaceae	•			
	Parietaria debilis	•		