

VEGETATION MONITORING OF TOOLIBIN LAKE AND RESERVES

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION

FINAL

Prepared by:

Ecoscape (Australia) Pty Ltd

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Summary

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

The wetland trees of Lake Toolibin and reserves continue to show a decline in numbers.

The overall number of *Casuarina obesa* trees has declined in the last two years. Following higher than average rainfall in 2003 some of the stressed trees recovered resulting in an increase in the portion of healthy trees. Since then the years following had below average rainfall resulting in the overall decline in *C. obesa* vigour.

The three transects used for monitoring the *C. obesa* seedlings that germinated in 1998 on the west side of the lake around pump 9 were re-monitored in 2006/2007. Whilst the height ranges within all the transects indicate that germination has continued after the initial recruitment in 1998, it appears that within the last years the transects have had no significant change in seedling numbers with only a small increase in seedlings. The lower soil salinity around pump 9 should favour seedling establishment however there is considerable variability within the area and high seedling densities are found in areas with electrical conductivities in the top 50 cm of soil in excess of 200 mS/m.

There has been a decrease in the EM38 horizontal readings in 2006/2007 but it is difficult to state if this is a significant change, given that the EM38 horizontal readings varied from the direct EC measurement by an average of 50%, and readings can be affected by soil moisture and temperature, and the accuracy of the zeroing process for the EM38.

The *Melaleuca strobophylla* population has also continued to decline over the last few years with relatively few mature healthy individuals remain on the lake floor. However there has been some recruitment of seedlings in areas within the lake but outside the original plots. In 2004 an additional plot was established to monitor a stand of 312 healthy seedlings, two more were recorded in 2006/2007. It is unclear from the data collected within this project whether the decline in *M. strobophylla* is related to continuing elevated salinity levels, water availability or other factors.

The terrestrial tree species of the Toolibin reserves have declined slightly in vigour since the last round of monitoring in 2002. Not all the declines in tree vigour are associated with salinity. One example of this is plot 30, which is not saline but lost virtually all mature trees in the period between 1998 and 2002 this may have resulted from a combination of drought stress leading to the death of mature trees and a lack of germination.

The understorey plant community within the study area has changed slightly since 2004. *Atriplex semibaccata*, although was still present at the Plots it was previously recorded in was found to be less abundant in 2006/2007 compared to 2004. there was also two species previously not recorded at any of the Plots, *Angianthus tomentosus* was observed from Plots, 6, 7, 8, and 10 and *Goodenia viscida* was observed from Plots 7 and 33.

The results showed a trend towards a decline in *Halosarcia lepidosperma*. It was found to be absent or nearly absent from Plots 3, 5, 6, 8, 21, 36 and 37 in 2006/2007. Such changes

may be reflected in the amount of rainfall between years or the fact that it has been 10 years since the lake was last inundated rather than significant changes in salinity. Discounting grazing pressures it is most likely that changing water regimes is the crucial factor causing this change.

From the 2006/2007 monitoring programme, it is recommended that:

1. The heights of seedlings are measured until they reach a nominal height (based on the depth to which the lake fills). When they reach this nominal height they are deemed to be 'mature' and then allocated to height classes;
2. Clarify method used to determine the point at which seedlings become 'mature' trees;
3. Establish protocols to tag recently matured trees to minimise damage to still growing individuals;
4. The requirement for diameter at breast height to be frequently measured be reviewed;
5. A single estimate of the percentage cover of each overstorey species in each plot be made;
6. Previous raw data be made available to the data collectors to enable the consistent collection of data at individual plots;
7. The monitoring program reviewed and long term trends only measured from a date at which all data is being collected in a consistent manner;
8. Review the vegetation descriptions for each of the plots (still include original description);
9. Remove all dead trees from data set and only count live individuals;
10. Soil samples to be taken at 25 and 50 cm depths only and at the same plots they were collected in 2004 and 2006 for validation of the EM38 horizontal readings;
11. Identify the *Eucalypt* seedlings found at Plots 7, 28 and 33; and
12. The population dynamics of *B. prionotes* be investigated and in particular the impediments to germination and recruitment of this species.

1.0 Introduction

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

1.1 Background

The background for the project, as documented by Ogden and Froend (1998) is as follows:

The monitoring is an integral part of the Recovery Plan and has been conducted since 1977 when a baseline flora and vegetation survey was conducted for the Northern Arthur River Wetlands Rehabilitation Committee by Mattiske Consulting.

The baseline work involved the establishment of 22 monitoring plots and the mapping of plant communities and their status and condition. Four additional plots were established in 1980 in the reserve to the north of the Lake, to record the impact of burning and clearing activities. Of these 26 plots, eleven are located on the lake bed, with the remainder located in the reserves to the north east of the lake. Reassessment of the plots was conducted in 1980, 1982, 1986 and 1992.

In 1983, additional research plots were established by Dr Ray Froend, Edith Cowan University, to investigate the causes of lake bed tree mortality. Four plots were established in this study, one across the Northern Arthur River channel, two plots on the lake edge with similar elevational gradients and vegetation zonation but differing soil conditions, and a plot located on the lake bed with no elevational gradient.

Five more vegetation plots were added in 1998, 2 in the Banksia prionotes woodland in the south east of the reserve and 3 on the lake bed. The lake bed plots were located in the west and south west areas of the lake to improve the coverage in these areas and to replace the plots lost during construction of the separator channel.

The 1998 Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves found a general decline in the health of both the aquatic and terrestrial vegetation in most of the 30 plots sampled. Some recovery of trees was noted in certain areas of the lake, particularly in the vicinity of pump 9 on the western side where significant numbers of seedlings were found. This improvement in both the tree health and soil salinity was likely to be in response to the effectiveness of the groundwater pump. The existing vegetation monitoring plots were not well located to monitor the effectiveness of the network of groundwater abstraction bores so in 2000, five additional plots were established on the lake bed in close vicinity to pumps 1, 2, 12, 13 and 15. Independent monitoring of the seedling recruitment around pump 9 was also undertaken in 2000 and these transects have now been formally marked and added to the Lake Toolibin vegetation monitoring plots. The system of monitoring plots now

consists of 18 plots on the lake bed, 2 in the reserve to the east of the lake, 15 in the reserves to the north east and 3 seedling transects on the west side of the lake.

In the 1998 monitoring, all existing plots were upgraded to the standard of the Salinity Action Plan Wetland Vegetation Monitoring program and all new plots have been established using this methodology. Regular (every three years) monitoring of these plots using the Salinity Action Plan methods was a key recommendation of the 1998 report.

1.2 Objectives

As part of the Toolibin Lake Recovery Plan, The Department of Conservation and Land Management (CALM) oversee and implement the monitoring of lake and reserve vegetation composition and health. This report documents the results of the 2006/2007 round of monitoring.

The following was undertaken for the 2006/2007 vegetation monitoring of the Toolibin Lake and reserves:

1. Re-survey and reassess 36 monitoring plots in and around Lake Toolibin consistent with the methodology used by Froend *et al.* (1998);
2. Record EM38 readings across all plots and validate against soil samples;
3. Present data and results in a similar format to Froend *et al.* (1998);
4. Discuss management options in light of the results of the vegetation monitoring.

2.1 Overview of the Salinity Action Plan Methodology

The SAP Program methodology used in the 1998 reassessment involved the collection of a significant amount of additional data on biotic and abiotic factors. The methodology used was specifically designed to address change in wetland vegetation floristics, physiognomy, individual plant vigour and population vigour and dynamics in response to long-term changes in hydrology and salinity. An overview of the various components of the SAP methodology follows (how this methodology was applied to the Toolibin plots is discussed later):

1. Transect establishment

The locations of each transect determined using GPS and marked on maps for future reference. All location markers and tags are metal. Transects made up of contiguous 20 x 20 m quadrats running perpendicular to the shoreline into upland vegetation. Each of the 20 x 20 m quadrats divided into five 4 x 20 m quadrats. Photographs were taken each monitoring year from a marked reference point. Site data such as, topographic position, slope, aspect, surface soil characteristics, litter and water depth recorded.

2. Floristic composition

Within each 4 x 20 m subplot of each 20 x 20 m quadrat all overstorey species and large understorey species (>1.5 m) were identified. All trees were tagged and given a unique reference number. Data for each overstorey subplot will be kept distinct to determine gradient transitions. Understorey 4 x 4 m subplots focus on species < 1.5 m. Presence of seedlings of tree and large shrub species recorded in overstorey subplots.

3. Density and foliage cover

Density of understorey species was generally estimated for each subplot. Percentage foliage cover for each overstorey species was estimated for entire plots.

4. Physiognomy

Height ranges for each vegetation strata measured within quadrats and subplots. Profile diagrams depicting vegetation structure constructed for each transect.

5. Tree vigour

The vigour of each individual tree within overstorey subplots categorised using a subjective 3 factor system based on crown density, presence of dead branches and epicormic growth.

6. Population dynamics

The size class structure of key tree species was determined by measuring height and diameter at breast height (DBH) of each individual in each 20 x 20 m quadrat. Seedling recruitment events recorded in the field when found.

7. Distribution of wetland plant communities, populations

The different structural units of vegetation at each wetland mapped from aerial photography and groundtruthing. At the transect scale, distribution of plant populations or community types is related to hydrology and salinity. The ground level (in relation to the deepest point in the lake) at each end of the 4 x 20 m overstorey subplots is measured using an auto level and staff. These relative levels are converted to mAHD if suitable benchmarks exist. The elevation gradient along each transect can then be compared to wetland water levels (information from other DEC SAP projects) and the water regime determined for different positions on the transect. Where available, historical wetland water levels will be related to vegetation distribution to identify past impacts and explain current distributions.

8. Physio-chemical parameters

Transects are located adjacent to piezometers (if present) established as part of the Wetland Monitoring Project. Information on groundwater level and salinity is vital to correct interpretation of vegetation change. Surface soil salinities at each transect measured each monitoring year using an EM 38 and validated with limited soil sampling and direct measurement (EC of 1:5 soil:water extracts).

9. Database

All data collected as part of the wetland vegetation monitoring project are databased using Microsoft Excel and presented to the Department of Environment and Conservation in digital form.

2.2 Plot Establishment and Maintenance

Each plot was subdivided into subplots for measurement of understorey and overstorey vegetation. From the north-west corner of each plot, 4 x 20m subplots were marked out with measuring tapes running in a southerly direction for assessment of the overstorey. Understorey subplots were then established at the northern end of each overstorey subplot to provide a set of contiguous 4 x 4m understorey plots (Fig. 2.1).

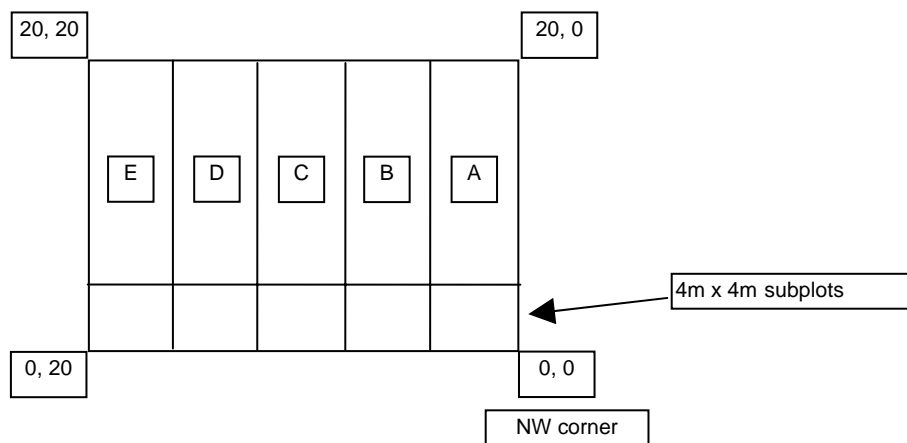


Figure 2.1: Plot Design

Where plot markers were missing, the original location was determined with tapes and an optical square and a new star picket installed. All tree tags were inspected and replaced where necessary. Some trees, which have increased in girth, have either begun to enclose the head of the nail or push the tag off the nail. Attempts to remove the nails appeared to do more damage to the tree than simply leaving the nail. Most tags that had worn through from swinging on the nail were found and reattached or replaced with a new tag. The majority of the remaining tags were bent over the nail head to prevent this from occurring in the future.

More regular inspection of the trees within the monitoring plots may be necessary to prevent tags and nails damaging vigorously growing trees.

2.3 Overstorey

For each tree within each 4 x 20m subplot, the tag number, diameter at tag height and crown condition was recorded. Stem diameter was measured directly under the tag if nailed or at breast height if wired onto the tree. In the case of individual trees with multiple stems, all stems were measured at the same height as the position of the tag or at breast height.

Crown assessment was carried out using a subjective three-part scale where a score is recorded for crown density, dead branches and epicormic growth. Using diagrams for comparison, crown density is given a score out of nine, dead branches a score out of nine and epicormic growth a score out of five (Ladd, 1996) (Fig. 2.2). The higher the overall score, the better the condition of the tree. For the purpose of comparison with previous results, crown assessment values less than or equal to 11 were considered stressed and values greater than 11 considered healthy. It was found that recording the number of dead individuals became problematic over time as some had fallen over, some remained standing and some were no longer able to be found due to decomposition. Mentioned later within this report is the possibility of excluding dead species from the dataset if they were recorded as dead over two monitoring periods prior.

In dense stands of trees, stand height was measured with a clinometer and tape measure and presented as a height range for each species present. In open woodlands, height was directly measured for each tree less than 4 metres only. Number, species and height of seedlings were also measured within the 4 x 20m subplots.

2.4 Understorey

Within the 4 x 4m subplots, all perennial understorey plants were identified and percentage foliage cover determined by direct measurement (two foliage measurements at right angles) or percentage estimate. Height ranges for each species was also recorded.

2.5 Soil Salinity

EM38 measurements, which determines soil conductivity over 1-1.5m depths, were taken at three points across each plot, every 4m along the transect. Adequate distance was always allowed when measuring near the fence posts or other metallic objects in the plots. EM38 data was validated against direct conductivity measurement of one soil sample taken at the North West corner of each plot. For plots 39 to 41, vertical and horizontal EM38 measurements were taken down the centre of the 5m wide transects every 5 metres from 0 to 100m. Salinity measurements are interpreted using the Agwest Soil Salinity Classes for Revegetation (Agwest, 2002) which provides a more accurate comparison for EM38 data than the modified Hunt and Gilkes (1992) scale used in the 1998 report.

2.6 Reference Photographs

One photograph was taken from approximately 1m directly behind the tagged corner post looking diagonally across the plot.

2.7 Plot Locations

The GPS readings for plot locations were not found to be accurate. The GPS readings were retaken for each plot in 2006/2007 (GDA 94 Datum, MGA Zone 50 Projection) and used for placing plot locations on an aerial photo in this report to reduce time lost in relocating the plots in future years.

2.8 Seedling Transects

Three 100m transects were established in 2000 through a recruitment area of *C. obesa* seedlings. Both the start and end points of the transects are marked and run in a west to east direction with the tagged marker and starting point at the west end. *C. obesa* seedlings were counted to five metres south of the tagged marker and each five metre section along the transect line. EM38 readings were measured every five metres along the transect.

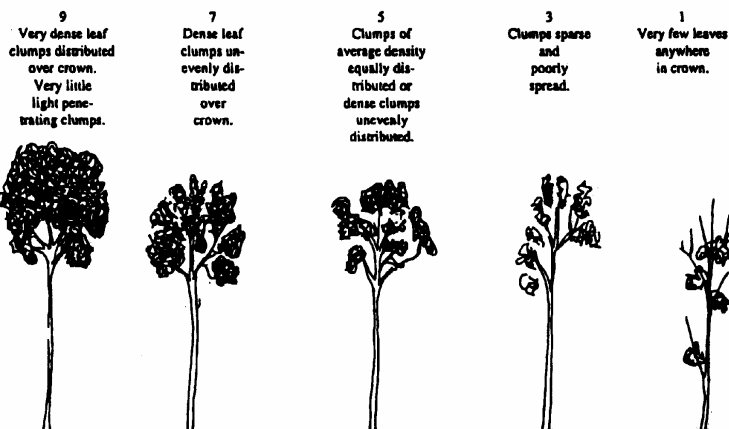
Coordinates for the transects are shown in Table 2.1

Table 2.1 *C. obesa* seedling transect coordinates

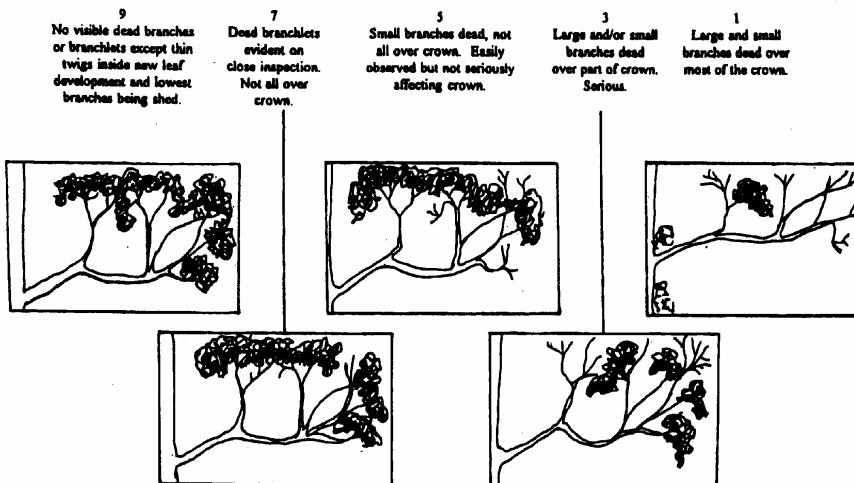
Plot	Start Coordinates	End Coordinates
39	6357325	6357297
	0555988	0556079
40	6357283	6357255
	0555982	0556075
41	6357242	6357220
	0555978	0556071

Crown Assessment Procedure

Crown density



Dead branches



Epicormic growth

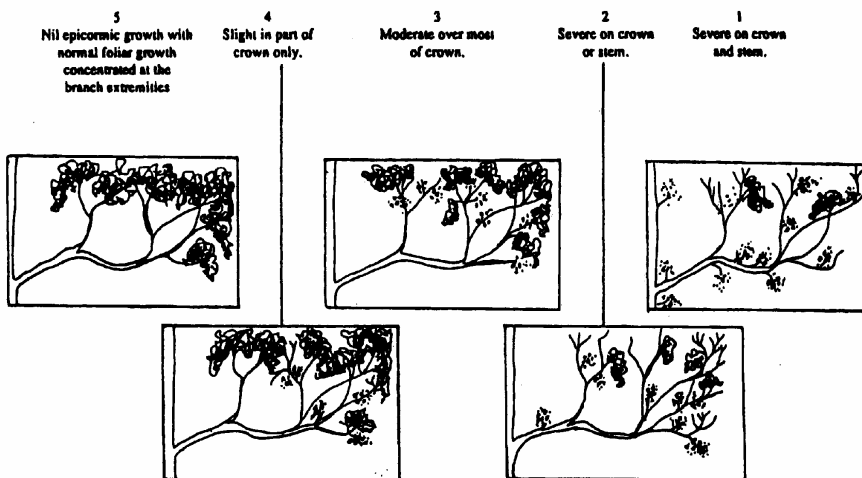


Figure 2.2: Crown Assessment Procedure Diagrams (Ladd, 1996)

3.0 Results

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

3.1 Plot Data

There were 35 plots monitored in 2006/2007. Previously established plots not reassessed were Plots 1, 2, 14 and 31. Plots 1 and 2 were destroyed during the construction of the separator channel. Plot 14, near Dulbinning Lake, could not be located in 1998, 2002 or 2004. Plot 31 could not be located in 2004 or 2006/2007.

Plots assessed in 2006/2007 are shown in Map 1 and their co-ordinates (GDA 94 Datum, MGA Zone 50 Projection) are listed in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 Co-ordinates for Plots within Study Area

Plot	Northing	Easting
3	6357405	556083
4	6357442	556413
5	6357462	556423
6	6357575	557266
7	6357711	557496
8	6357664	557391
9	6357844	557519
10	6357950	557117
11	6358405	557036
12	6358562	557122
13	6358921	557643
15	6360835	559729
16	6360805	559788
17	6360778	560503
18	6360808	561068
19	6360800	561345
20	6360428	559060
21	6359773	561051
22	6360018	561128
23	6359500	558891
24	6359428	558858
25	6359808	558828
26	6358783	558882
27	6357284	556032
28	6356601	556189
29	6356584	556496
30	6356494	557422
32	6359030	557307
33	6357330	556116

Plot	Northing	Easting
34	6358111	556927
35	6356552	556796
36	6356958	557290
37	6357053	556887
38	6357859	556708
42	6357715	557540

The salinity status of the plots was based on EM38 horizontal readings and the class boundaries shown in Table 3.2.

Table 3.2 Salinity Class Boundaries

Classes	Measures and Units	
	E _c e (mS/m)	EM-38 hor (mS/m)
Non-saline	<200	<50
Slightly	200-400	50-100
Moderately	400-800	100-150
Very	800-1600	150-200
Extremely	>1600	>200

George, R & Short, R (2004)

The average EM38 horizontal reading for each plot and its salinity class is shown in Table 3.3, and the salinity classes are shown in Map 2.

Table 3.3 Salinity Classes of Plots

Plot	Average EM38 horizontal reading for Plot (mS/m)	Salinity Class
3	229	Extremely
4	160	Very
5	175	Very
6	151	Very
7	193	Very
8	185	Very
9	163	Very
10	291	Extremely
11	297	Extremely
12	35	Non-saline
13	19	Non-saline
15	101	Moderately
16	117	Moderately
17	160	Very
18	187	Very
19	371	Extremely
20	127	Moderately
21	918	Extremely
22	825	Extremely
23	156	Very
24	116	Moderately

Plot	Average EM38 horizontal reading for Plot (mS/m)	Salinity Class
25	111	Moderately
26	59	Slightly
27	78	Slightly
28	191	Very
29	270	Extremely
30	3	Non-saline
32 (RF1)	132	Moderately
33 (RF4)	148	Moderately
34	263	Extremely
35	194	Very
36	258	Extremely
37	259	Extremely
38	238	Extremely
42 (new seedling)	169	Very

Key results are presented for each plot below, including vegetation description, tree vigour trends, salinity trends and a reference photograph. Tree vigour categories are Healthy (H), Stressed (S) and Dead (D).

The data collected during 2006/2007 is included in the Appendices at the rear of this report:

- **Appendix 1** includes overstorey data for each plot. This includes species composition, DBH, height and crown health;
- **Appendix 2** is comprised of the vigour vs time tables for the dominant species of each plot. This data set includes information since 1977 (since 1983 for plots 32 and 33; since 1998 for plots 27 to 31 and since 2000 for plots 34 to 38) for all plots monitored;
- **Appendix 3** comprises the understorey data, including the density, % cover and height of perennial species.
- **Appendix 4** contains EM38 readings;
- **Appendix 5** contains seedling number, seedling height and EM38 data for the three transects established in April 2000 to monitor the *C. obesa* recruitment on the west side of the lake around pump 9; and
- **Appendix 6** comprises the percentage cover of each overstorey species within all the Plots.

Plots 1 and 2

Destroyed during construction of separator channel.

Plot 3**Location E 556083; N 6357405**

Western side of the lake bed, east of track and north of pump 9.

Vegetation Description:

Low woodland of *Casuarina obesa*. Understorey initially of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Maireana brevifolia*

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

Most of the *C. obesa* trees are dead. The overall condition of the remaining trees in the plot appears to have remained stable since 2004, but this should be tempered with the fact that change is based on the assessment of a total of three trees.

Twenty three *C. obesa* seedlings were recorded in this plot in 2002. Eleven seedlings were recorded in 2004 with the majority of new seedlings found in subplot E. There appeared to be little growth in the seedlings since 2004 with evidence the seedlings have been grazed.

Conditions within the plot have changed with no *Halosarcia lepidosperma* or *Maireana brevifolia* found. Instead there was an increase in *C. obesa* seedlings and *Atriplex semibaccata* was recorded, both in subplot E.

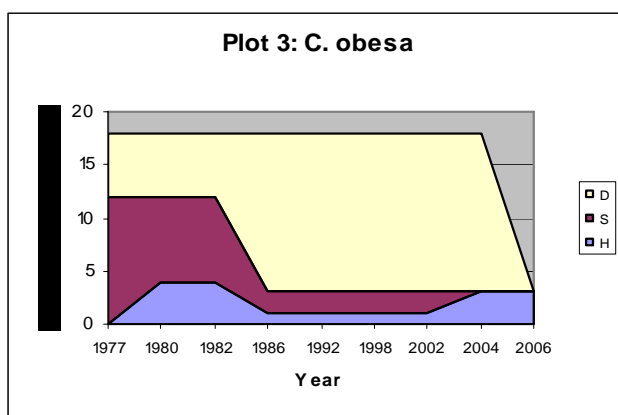


Figure 3.1: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 3



Plate 1: Facing diagonally across Plot 3

Plot 4**Location: E 556413; N 6357442**

Western side of the lake bed, north-east of pump 9.

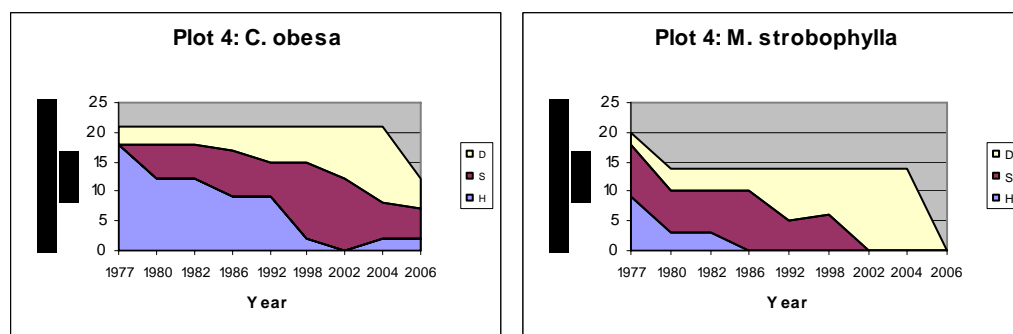
Vegetation Description:Woodland of *Casuarina obesa* and *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Understorey consists of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Atriplex semibaccata*.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The proportion of live *C. obesa* that are healthy has fallen with a recent death since 2004. The three *C. obesa* seedlings present in this plot in 2002 were still present in 2004.

The *M. strobophylla* trees are dead and the number of seedlings within the subplots has remained consistent between 2004 and 2006/2007 which suggests salinities are still within the tolerance range for germination and establishment. Some growth was recorded however, there was evidence of grazing.

**Figure 3.2: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 4****Plate 2: Facing diagonally across Plot 4**

Plot 5

Location: E 556423; N 6357462

Western side of the lake bed, adjacent to, and north of, Plot 4.

Vegetation Description:

Woodland of *Casuarina obesa* – *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Dense stand in parts (closed canopy). Large number of younger plants. Understorey of *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Halosarcia* sp.

Salinity Class:

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The proportion of live *C. obesa* that are healthy rather than stressed has declined. The seedling recorded in 2004 was still present but showed little sign of growth.

The decline in the *M. strobophylla* that commenced more than a decade ago has continued since 2004. Of the 60 live trees surveyed in 1998, 11 were alive in 2004 and only 3 are still alive (2 of which are stressed). At this rate there may be no mature *M. strobophylla* in the plot within several years. Despite this, some recruitment of seedlings has occurred with 20 seedlings being recorded. Soil salinities are lower than in 2004 but remain high.

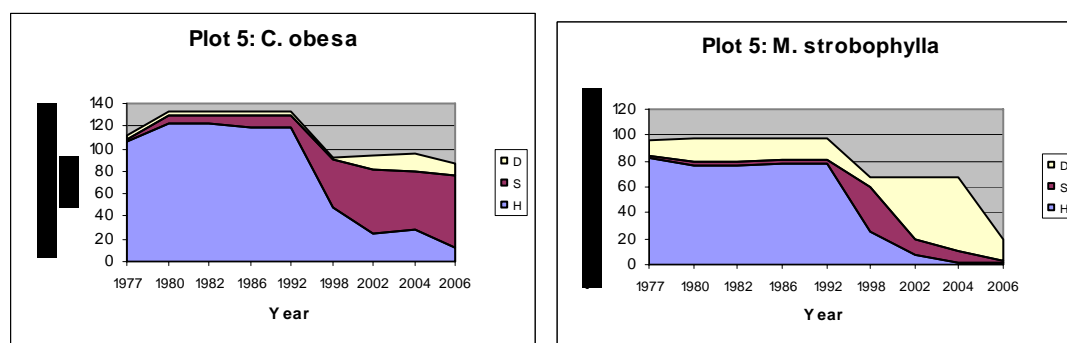


Figure 3.3: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 5



Plate 3: Facing diagonally across Plot 5

Plot 6**Location:** E 557266; N 6357575

Eastern edge of lake bed.

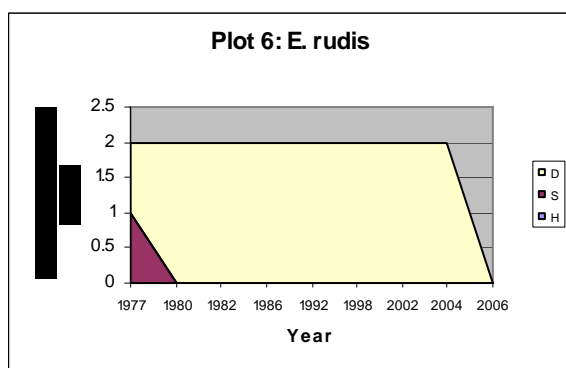
Vegetation Description:Initially an open woodland of *Eucalyptus rudis*. Understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Atriplex semibaccata*.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All trees are dead and have been since 1980.

The understorey has changed since 2004, with *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Halosarcia lepidosperma* dropping out. *Wilsonia rotundifolia* provided less significant cover compared to 2004, and *Angianthus tomentosus*, which was not previously recorded for the plot, now provides significant cover.

**Figure 3.4: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 6****Plate 4: Facing diagonally across Plot 6**

Plot 7**Location:** E 557496; N 6357711

Eastern edge of lake bed, to the east of Plot 6.

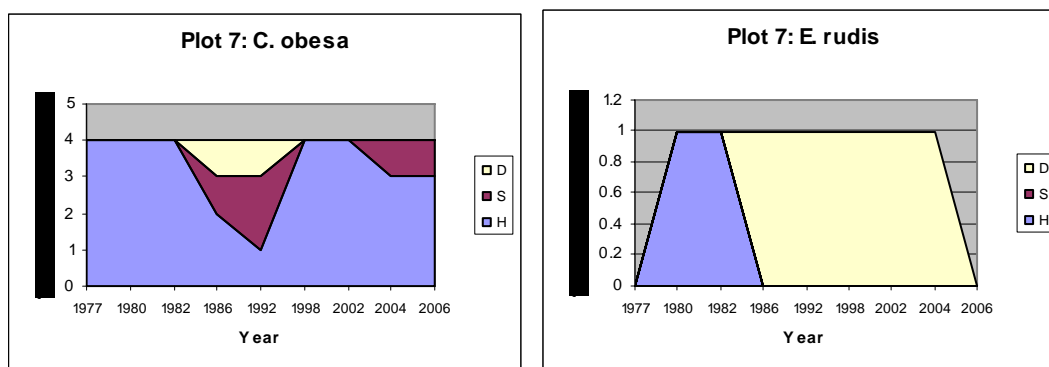
Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *Casuarina obesa* – *Eucalyptus rudis* with a sparse understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma*, *Maireana brevifolia* and *Atriplex semibaccata*.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:All *E. rudis* are dead and have been since 1986.

The vigour of *C. obesa* declined significantly in 1986 and 1992 but increased in 1998, indicating a revival of the adults of this species. The condition of these trees has remained essentially unchanged since 1998.

The composition of the understorey species has changed since 2004. *Atriplex semibaccata*, *Maireana brevifolia*, and *Wilsonia rotundifolia* were not observed while *Angianthus tomentosus* and *Goodenia viscida* which were not previously recorded, now provide considerable cover. The three *Eucalyptus* seedlings recorded in 2002 and 2004 are still surviving in 2006/2007 and are healthy.

**Figure 3.5: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 7****Plate 5: Facing diagonally across Plot 7**

Plot 8**Location: E 557391; N 6357664**

Eastern edge of lake bed.

Vegetation Description:

Surrounded by an open woodland of *Casuarina obesa* – *Melaleuca strobophylla*. The plot itself has never contained any trees and has a sparse understorey of *Wilsonia rotundifolia* and *Angianthus tomentosus*.

Salinity Class:

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

No trees present. The understorey has changed since 2004. *Maireana brevifolia* and *Halosarcia lepidosperma* have been lost while *Angianthus tomentosus* has become established and provides significant cover.

**Plate 6: Facing diagonally across Plot 8**

Plot 9**Location: E 557519; N 6357844**

Eastern fringe of the lake bed.

Vegetation Description:Woodland of *Casuarina obesa* – *Melaleuca strobophylla*. No understorey.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The *M. strobophylla* population has been in poor condition since assessment began and all individuals were dead by 1998.

The proportion of live *C. obesa* that are healthy has declined since 2004. Soil salinities have also declined since 2004.

No recruitment was recorded in the plot.

There continues to be no understorey in the subplots.

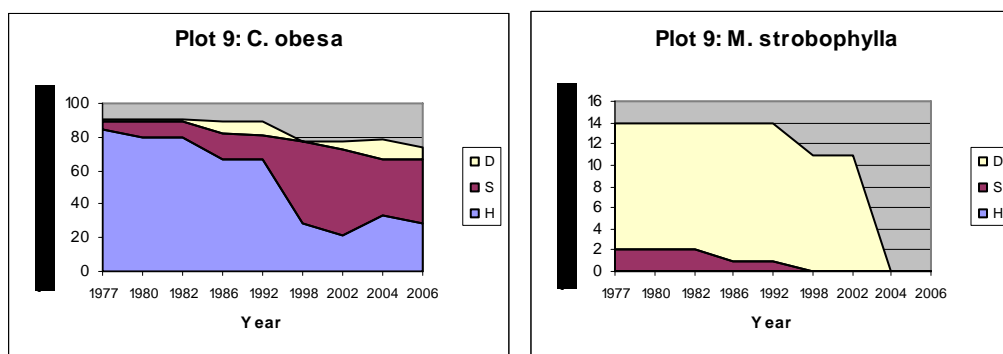


Figure 3.6: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 9



Plate 7: Facing diagonally across Plot 9

Plot 10**Location:** E 557117; N 6357950

Northern end of lake bed.

Vegetation Description:

Open woodland of *Casuarina obesa*, *Melaleuca strobophylla* and *Eucalyptus rudis*.
Understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Atriplex semibaccata*.

Salinity Class:

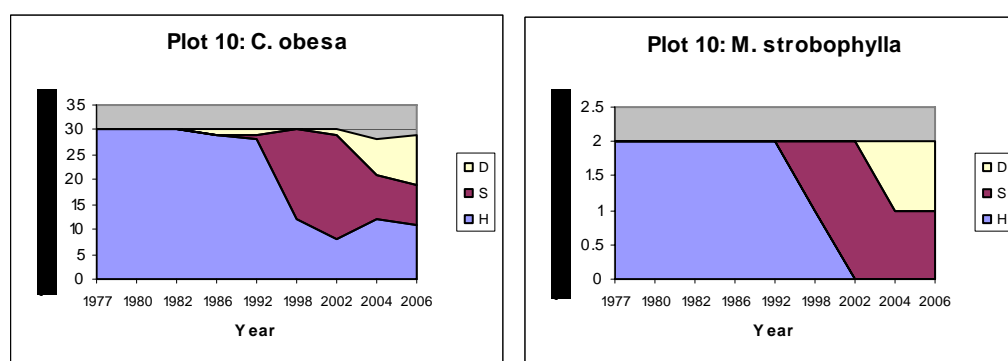
Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:All *E. rudis* trees have been dead since 1980.

As with most plots assessed the proportion of live *C. obesa* that are healthy has declined along with the overall number.

The one stressed *M. strobophylla* individual from 2004 still remains in 2006/2007.

The understorey has changed. *Maireana brevifolia* was not found within the plot and *Atriplex semibaccata* was less abundant in 2006/2007 than 2004. *Angianthus tomentosus* was found but had not previously been recorded.

**Figure 3.7: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 10****Plate 8: Facing diagonally across Plot 10**

Plot 11**Location:** E 557036; N 6358405

Northern lake edge.

Vegetation Description:

Originally a woodland of *Eucalyptus rudis* with substorey of *Melaleuca strobophylla* and *Casuarina obesa*. Now an open woodland of *C. obesa* with a dense understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Halosarcia indica*.

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All *M. strobophylla* trees have been dead since 1992.

The condition of the *C. obesa* trees has remained stable since 1998.

The understorey has not changed greatly but *Atriplex semibaccata* was recorded in more subplots in 2006/2007 than 2004.

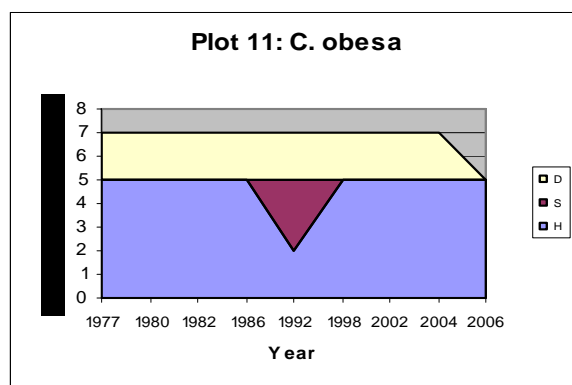


Figure 3.8: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 11



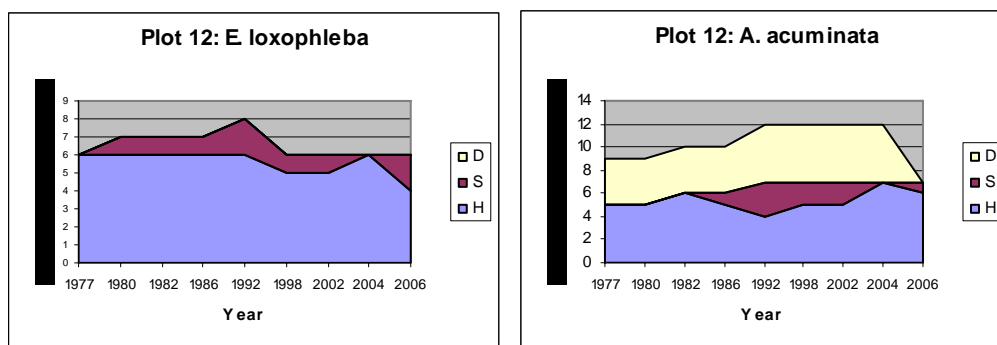
Plate 9: Facing diagonally across Plot 11

Plot 12**Location:** E 557122; N 6358562

On sandy soils to the north of the lake.

Vegetation Description:Woodland of *Eucalyptus loxophleba* with a substorey of *Acacia acuminata* and *Allocasuarina huegeliana*. Understorey dominated by *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Austrostipa elegantissima*.**Salinity Class:**

Non-saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:There has been minimal change in the vigour of *E. loxophleba* and *A. acuminata* from 2002.*Atriplex semibaccata* was recorded within two of the subplots and has not been previously recorded.**Figure 3.9: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 12****Plate 10: Facing diagonally across Plot 12**

Plot 13

Location: E 557643; N 6358921

North of the lake, roadside.

Vegetation Description:

Low open forest of *Allocasuarina huegeliana* – *Banksia prionotes*. *Banksia attenuata* also nearby on sandy soils. Diverse understorey dominated by *Jacksonia furcellata*.

Salinity Class:

Non-saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The condition of the mature *A. huegeliana* population remains relatively unchanged. The number of *A. huegeliana* seedlings decreased from 8 to 5 individuals between 2004 and 2006/2007. The range of heights for the remaining seedlings recorded in 2006/2007 has increased.

No significant change in the status of *B. prionotes* is evident. All individuals are within the healthy class range.

Of the 12 *Jacksonia furcellata* seedlings from 2004, 10 remained in 2006/2007.

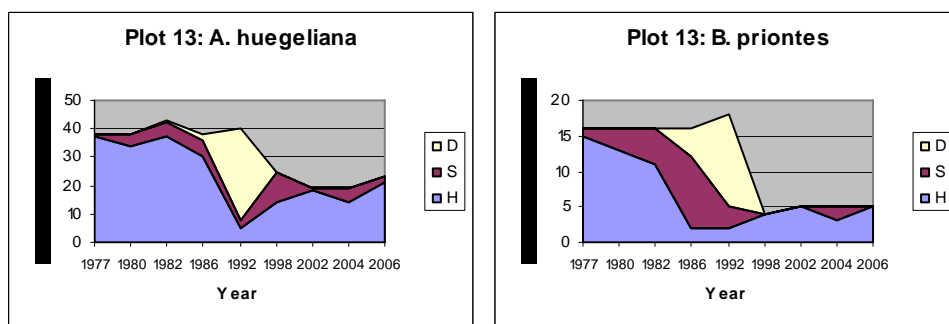


Figure 3.10: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 13



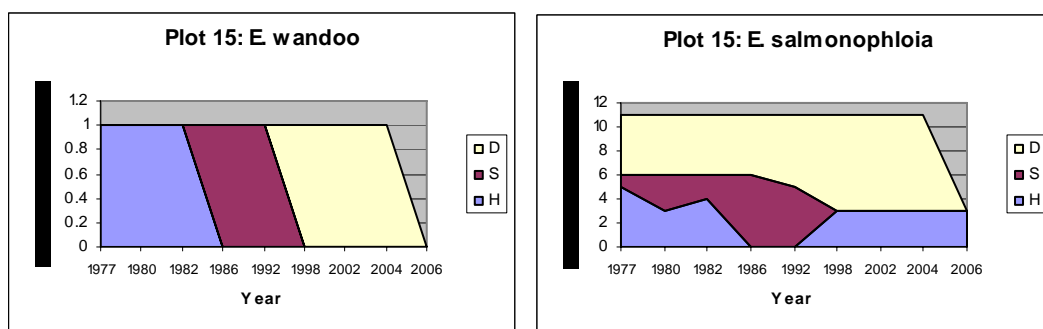
Plate 11: Facing diagonally across Plot 13

Plot 15**Location: E 559729; N 6360835**

On northern fence-line of Dulbinning Nature Reserve, south of dam in adjacent property.

Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia* – *Eucalyptus wandoo*. Understorey of *Gahnia ancistrophylla*, *Lomandra micrantha* and *Daviesia debilior*.**Salinity Class:**

Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:The status of *E. wandoo* and *E. salmonophloia* has remained unchanged since 1996.There was no significant change in understorey species. However, *Atriplex semibaccata* was not observed within the plot in 2006/2007.**Figure 3.11: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 15****Plate 12: Facing diagonally across Plot 15**

Plot 16**Location: E 559788; N 6360805**

Situated on the northern fringe of Dulbinning Nature Reserve; south of dam in adjacent property; just east of Plot 15.

Vegetation Description:

Open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*. Understorey dominated by *Gahnia trifida* and *Lomandra micrantha*.

Salinity Class:

Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

E. salmonophloia vigour has remained stable since 1996.

A decline in understorey diversity was noted in 2002 but this trend was reversed in the two years after. *Atriplex semibaccata* has become established in all of the subplots since 2002 and have maintained presence as have the two *Dianella revoluta* var *divaricata* that were established in one subplot.

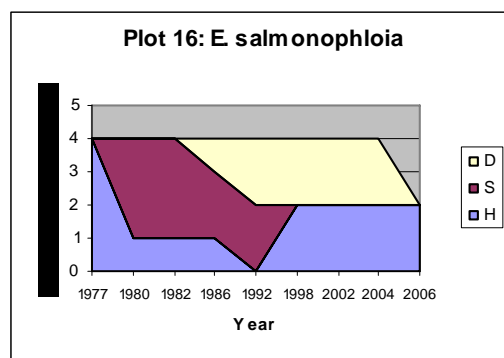


Figure 3.12: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 16



Plate 13: Facing diagonally across Plot 16

Plot 17**Location: E 560503; N 6360778**

Situated on the northern fringe of the Dulbinning Nature Reserve; south of the fence-line and east of Plots 15 and 16.

Vegetation Description:

Initially an open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*. Understorey dominated by *Melaleuca acuminata* and *Gahnia ancistrophylla*.

Salinity Class:

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All *E. salmonophloia* have been dead since 1998.

M. acuminata vigour remains high.

Understorey remains relatively unchanged.

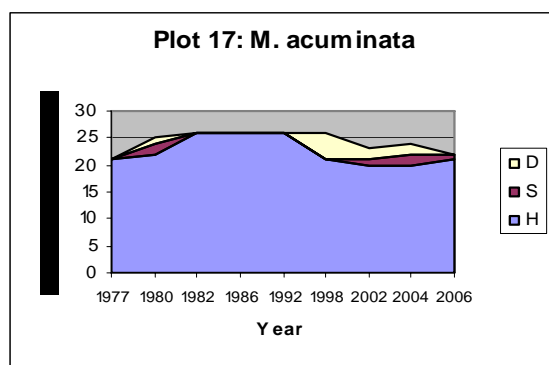


Figure 3.13: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 17



Plate 14: Facing diagonally across Plot 17

Plot 18**Location: E 561068; N 6360808**

Situated on the northern fringe of Dulbinning Nature Reserve; east of Plot 17.

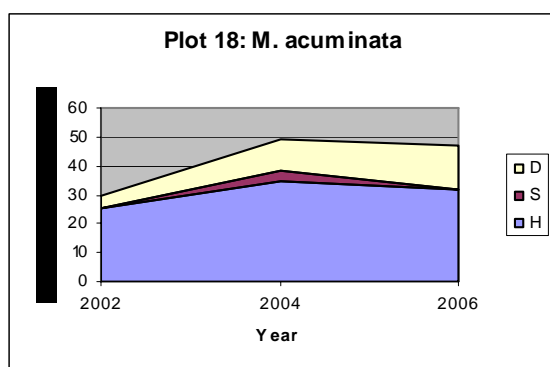
Vegetation Description:Initially an open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*. Understorey dominated by *Melaleuca acuminata* and grasses.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:All *E. salmonophloia* and *E. loxophleba* have been dead since monitoring began.

Monitoring of *M. acuminata* commenced in 2002, as this is now the dominant overstorey species. The change in the number of Melaleucas may reflect the number of individuals on the boundary of the plot that were counted. The overall vigour of *M. acuminata* has reduced from 2004 to 2006/2007 due to additional dead individuals.

There was an increase in the individual numbers of *Atriplex semibaccata*, while *Halosarcia indica* present in 2004 was not observed in two of the subplots in 2006/2007.

**Figure 3.14: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 18****Plate 15: Facing diagonally across Plot 18**

Plot 19**Location:** E 561345; N 6360800

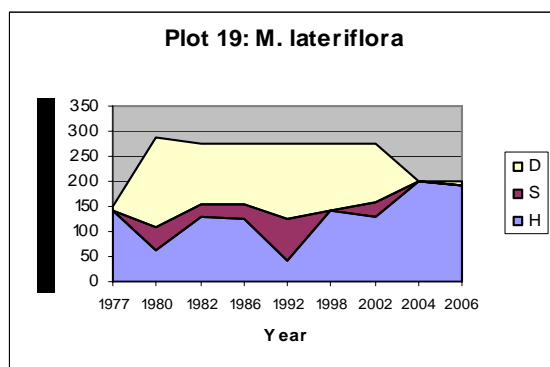
Northern fringe of Dulbinning Nature Reserve on western edge of drain.

Vegetation Description:Closed scrub of *Melaleuca lateriflora*. Very dense stand. Sparse understorey of *Atriplex semibaccata*.**Salinity Class:**

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:Seven *M. lateriflora* individuals were recorded as dead.

Significant changes have occurred in the understorey. In 2004 *Atriplex semibaccata* was recorded in all subplots and *Halosarcia indica* was recorded in one. In 2006/2007 *Atriplex semibaccata* has disappeared from the subplots which are now dominated by *Halosarcia indica*.

**Figure 3.15: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 19****Plate 16: Facing diagonally across Plot 19**

Plot 20**Location: E 559060; N 6360428**

Situated in Dulbinning Nature Reserve, near Oval Rd (between Chadwick's block and the reserve).

Vegetation Description:

Initially an open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*. Understorey dominated by *Melaleuca acuminata* and grasses.

Salinity Class:

Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All *E. salmonophloia* trees have been dead since 1998.

The *M. acuminata* understorey has remained relatively healthy and unchanged since 2002.

Atriplex semibaccata, which was present in 1998 and 2004, but not in 2002, has again dropped out of all but one subplot.

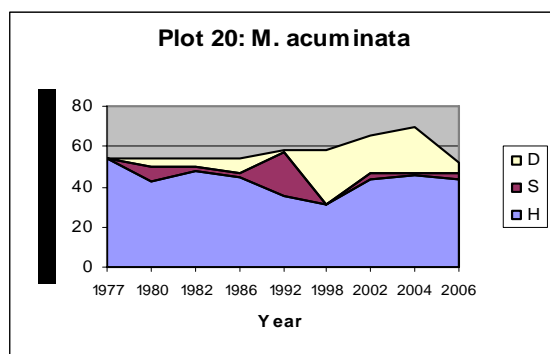


Figure 3.16: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 20



Plate 17: Facing diagonally across Plot 20

Plot 21**Location: E 561051; N 6359773**

Situated on the southern fringe of Dulbinning Nature Reserve, just north of dam on adjacent property.

Vegetation Description:

Initially a woodland of *Eucalyptus rudis*, *Casuarina obesa* and *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Understorey of *Melaleuca lateriflora*. Only *Halosarcia* species remain.

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All trees are dead and have been since monitoring began.

Understorey of samphires has been present since 1977.

In 2004 both *Halosarcia indica* and *Halosarcia lepidosperma* were recorded, while in 2002 and 2006/2007 only *Halosarcia indica* was recorded. There was also an increase in the percentage cover of the individuals.



Plate 18: Facing diagonally across Plot 21

Plot 22**Location: E 561128; N 6360018**

Located on the southern fringe of Dulbinning Nature Reserve, immediately west of dam in reserve (not the same dam as mentioned near Plot 21).

Vegetation Description:

Initially a woodland of *Eucalyptus rudis*, *Casuarina obesa* and *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Understorey of *Melaleuca lateriflora*. Only *Halosarcia indica* and *H. lepidosperma* remain.

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

All trees are dead and have been since monitoring began.

The understorey of samphires has been present since 1977. There were hundreds of *Halosarcia indica* germinants in 2006/2007.



Plate 19: Facing diagonally across Plot 22

Plot 23**Location:** E 558891; N 6359500

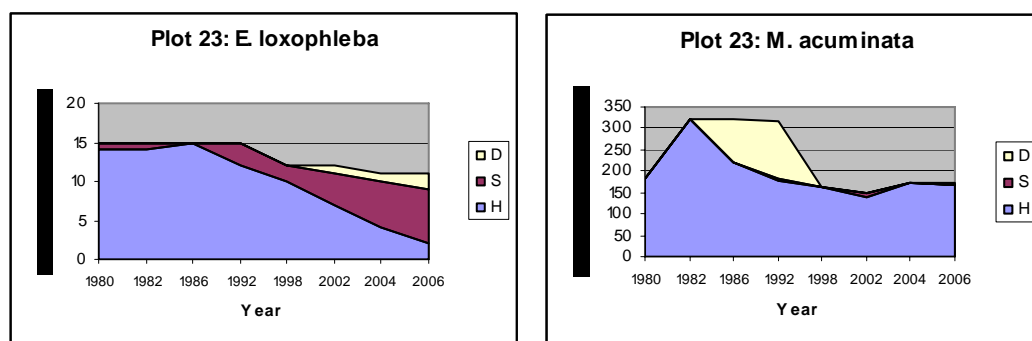
On the Dulbinning Nature Reserve to the west of Oval Rd.

Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*, *E. loxophleba*. Understorey of dense *Melaleuca acuminata* and *M. lateriflora*.**Salinity Class:**

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The plot occurs within the bulldozed and burnt area of Dulbinning Nature Reserve. Monitoring began in 1980, after the disturbance.

Vigour of the *E. loxophleba* trees has declined since 1986 and this trend has continued over the last 2 years.There has been no significant change to the number of *M. acuminata* individuals, but their overall vigour has declined. The remainder of the understorey is also unchanged (i.e. the soil remains bare).**Figure 3.16: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 23****Plate 20: Facing diagonally across Plot 23**

Plot 24**Location: E 558858; N 6359428**

Approximately 100m west of Oval Rd. In the regeneration area to the south of Plot 23.

Vegetation Description:Initially open woodland of *Eucalyptus salmonophloia*. Now an open woodland of *E. loxophleba* and *E. wandoo*. Dense understorey of *Melaleuca acuminata* and *M. lateriflora*.**Salinity Class:**

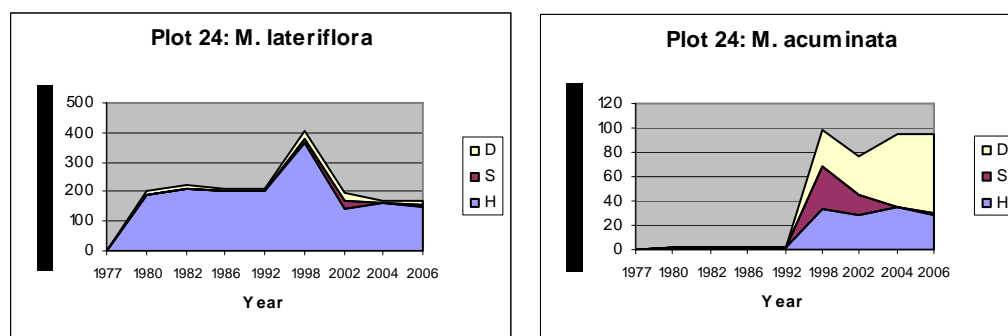
Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:The plot occurs within the bulldozed and burnt area of Dulbinning Nature Reserve. Monitoring began in 1980, after the disturbance. Very sparse trees of *E. loxophleba* and *E. wandoo* remain in the vicinity.

Based solely upon the data, there appears to have been a germination event of *Melaleuca acuminata* between 1986 and 1992 when the number of individuals increased from 2 to 33 healthy individuals. Since then there has been little change in the number of healthy individuals but those identified as stressed in previous years have now died.

The overall vigour of *M. lateriflora* and *M. acuminata* has declined in 2006/2007 from 2004 with an increase in stressed and dead individuals.

The understorey remains relatively unchanged.

**Figure 3.17: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 24****Plate 21: Facing diagonally across Plot 24**

Plot 25

Location: E 558828; N 6359808

On the Dulbinning Nature Reserve to the west of Oval Rd. Plot is approximately 150m south of northern boundary and 100m west of Oval Rd.

Vegetation Description:

Open woodland of *Eucalyptus wandoo* (identified as *E. salmonophloia* in reports prior to 1998). Understorey of dense *Melaleuca acuminata*, grasses and small herbs

Salinity Class:

Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The vigour of *E. wandoo* onsite remains relatively unchanged. Two of the three *E. wandoo* seedlings recorded in 2004 were still surviving in 2006/2007.

There was no significant change in the number of *M. acuminata* individuals from 2004 to 2006/2007. Only *Lepidosperma tenue* was observed in the Understorey.

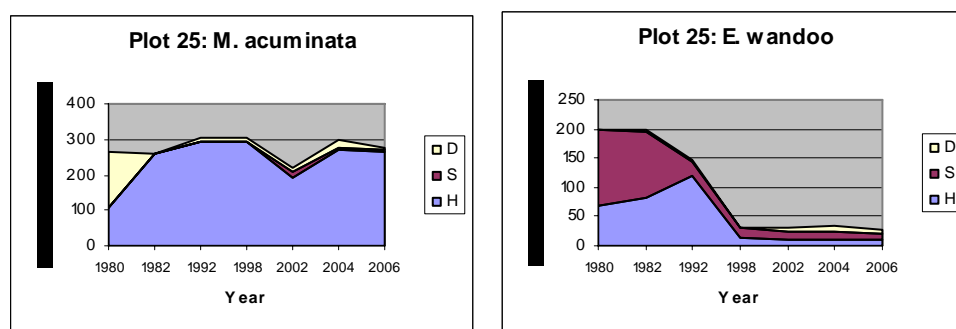


Figure 3.18: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 25



Plate 22: Facing diagonally across Plot 25

Plot 26**Location: E 558882; N 6358783**

To the west of Oval Rd. Located in the regeneration area to the south of Plots 23-25.

Vegetation Description:

Initially *Eucalyptus loxophleba* with *Acacia acuminata* and *Casuarina obesa* (identified as *Allocasuarina huegeliana* in previous reports) substorey. Now only *Acacia acuminata* and *Casuarina obesa* remain. No perennial understorey.

Salinity Class:

Slightly saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

Most of the *A. acuminata* remain healthy although one individual has died since 2004.

The two *C. obesa* trees in the plot remain healthy.

There has been no change in the understorey as the soil remains bare.

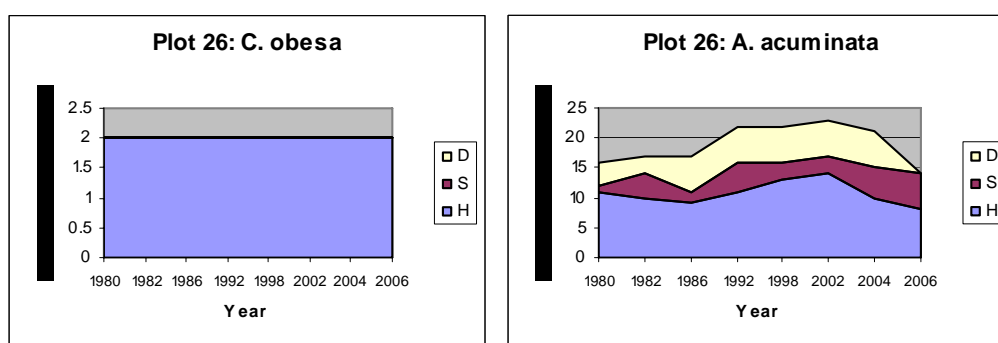


Figure 3.19: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 26



Plate 23: Facing diagonally across Plot 26

Plot 27**Location: E 556032; N 6357284**

Western edge of lake bed, just south of Plot 3. Plot established in 1998.

Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *Casuarina obesa*.**Salinity Class:**

Slightly saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

Almost all of the mature *C. obesa* trees are healthy, with only one individual which was recorded as stressed.

C. obesa seedling numbers have continued to increase (from 117 in 1998 to 891 in 2002 to 1069 in 2004 and then 1085 in 2006/2007). The seedlings remained in good health in 2006/2007 and some grazing was noted.

The samphires present in the understorey in 1998 were absent in 2004 and 2006/2007.

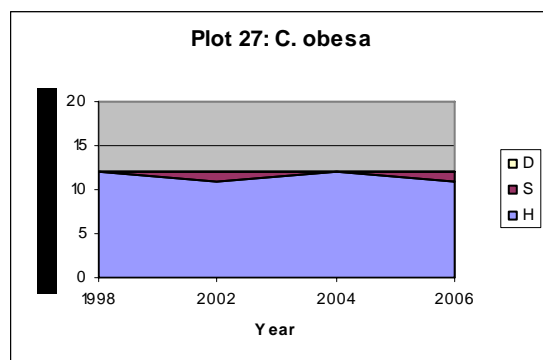


Figure 3.20: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 27



Plate 24: Facing diagonally across Plot 27

Plot 28**Location:** E 556189; N 6356601

Southern portion of lake bed, near abstraction bore 7. Plot established in 1998.

Vegetation Description:Woodland of *Casuarina obesa*. Some *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Very sparse understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Maireana brevifolia***Salinity Class:**

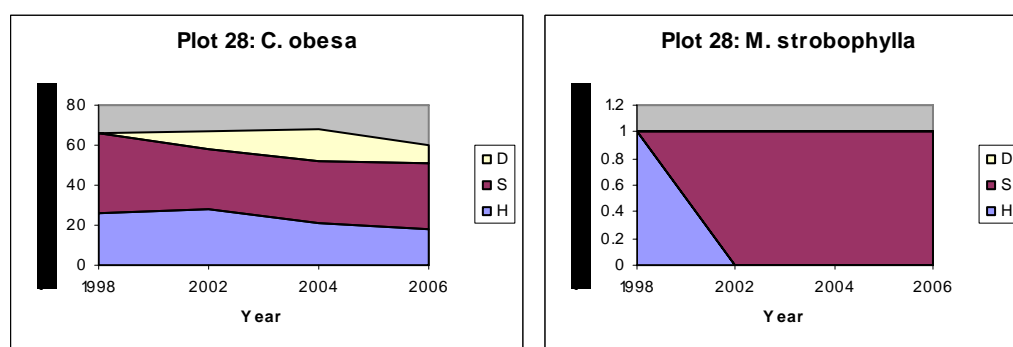
Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:The number of healthy *C. obesa* is continuing to decline.

One *M. strobophylla* tree is still present and has remained stressed. The one *M. strobophylla* seedling recorded in 2002 and 2004 was still surviving in 2006/2007, and had grown from 1.1 m to 2.1m during this time.

The four unidentified eucalypt seedlings from 2004 were still remaining in 2006/2007.

The number of subplots in which *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *Atriplex semibaccata* were recorded has decreased since 2004. *Atriplex semibaccata* only remains in one subplot.

**Figure 3.22: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 28****Plate 25: Facing diagonally across Plot 28**

Plot 29**Location:** E 556496; N 6356584

Southern portion of lake bed, 300m east of Plot 28. Plot established in 1998.

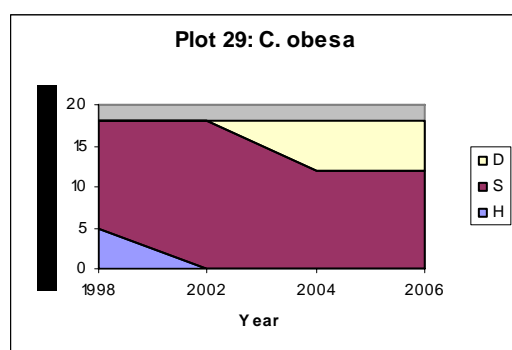
Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *Casuarina obesa*. Very sparse understorey of *Halosarcia lepidosperma*.**Salinity Class:**

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The decline in *C. obesa* has continued since 1998 and there have been no healthy trees since 2002. No change in the overall vigour of *C. obesa* occurred from 2004 to 2006/2007.

The composition of understorey species was unchanged, however *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Halosarcia lepidosperma* were absent from two of the subplots.

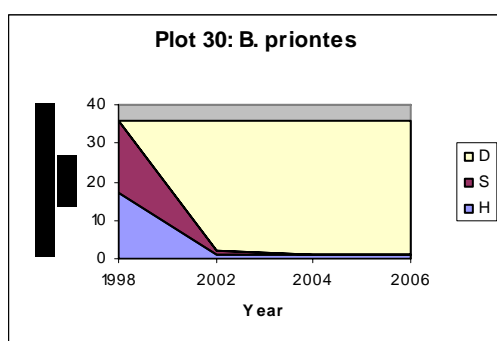
**Figure 3.23: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 29****Plate 26: Facing diagonally across Plot 29**

Plot 30**Location:** E 557422; N 6356494

On the deep sand dunes near the eastern fringe of the lake. Plot established in 1998.

Vegetation Description:Woodland of *Banksia prionotes*. Understorey of grasses and small herbs.**Salinity Class:**

Non-saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:Of the 36 *B. prionotes* surveyed in 1998, only one was alive in 2004 and again in 2006/2007.Of the three *B. prionotes* seedlings observed, all were healthy in 2006/2007. In 2004 the two live seedlings were judged to occur just outside the bounds of the plot.The understorey appears largely unchanged and consisted predominately of exotic grasses. The predominant native species in the subplots was *Lomandra rupestris*.**Figure 3.24: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 30****Plate 27: Facing diagonally across Plot 30**

Plot 32**Location: E 557307; N 6359030**

Across the Northern Arthur River, 50m south of road. Plot runs across the river and extends approximately 30m east and 30m west from the river channel. Plot originally established in 1983.

Vegetation Description:

Woodland of *Eucalyptus loxophleba*, *Casuarina obesa* and *Melaleuca strobophylla*. Understorey of *Halosarcia indica* and *H. lepidosperma*.

Salinity Class:

Moderately saline. Soil salinities range from Slightly (EM38 horizontal of 47 mS/m) at higher ground to Very (EM38 horizontal of 189 mS/m) near or in the channel.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The overall vigour of *C. obesa* has slightly improved from 2004 to 2006/2007 with an increase in healthy individuals.

The overall health of the *M. strobophylla* population appears to have improved slightly with an individual rating as Healthy.

The cause of the decline in numbers of *E. loxophleba* in 2004 is uncertain, there appeared to be a discrepancy between the number of trees in the raw data and the summarized data from previous monitoring.

Understorey was estimated across the entire plot rather than recorded on a plot by plot basis. There was no significant change from 2004 to 2006/2007.

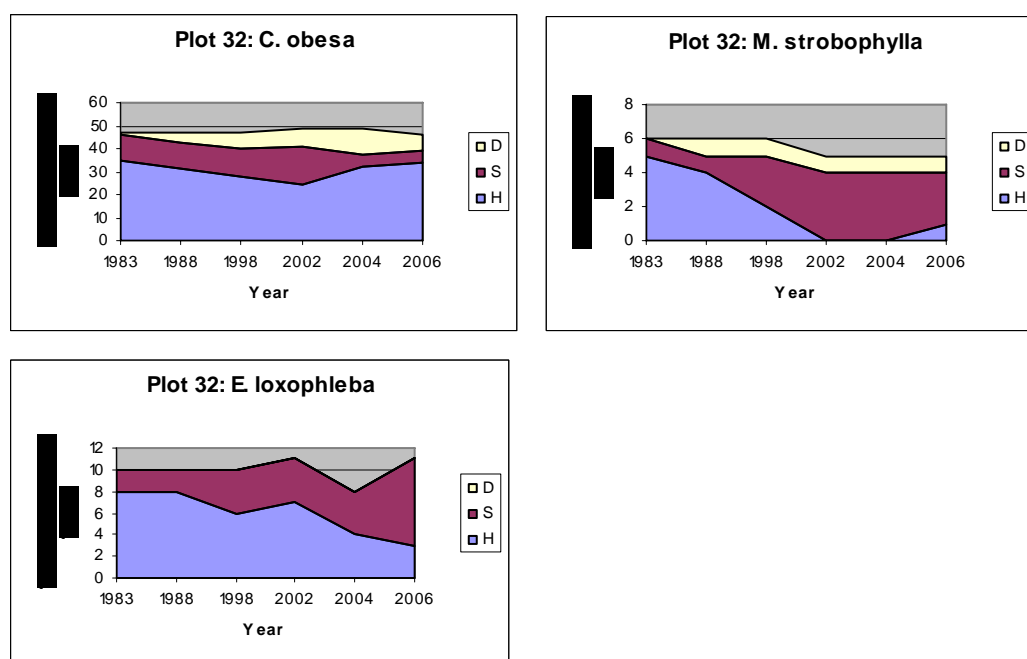


Figure 3.26: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 32



Plate 29: Facing diagonally across Plot 32

Plot 33**Location: E 556116; N 6357330**

South west corner of the lake bed. Plot originally established in 1983. Plot is 20 m x 40 m in size.

Vegetation Description:

Woodland of *Casuarina obesa*. Understorey of very sparse *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and small herbs.

Salinity Class:

Moderately saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

There has been an improvement in the vigour of *C. obesa* in the plot.

Four unidentified Eucalypt seedlings were also observed within the plot ranging from 0.4m to 2.3m which were not previously recorded in 2004.

Understorey was estimated across the entire plot rather than recorded within subplots. *Maireana brevifolia* was not observed in 2006/2007, *Halosarcia lepidosperma* increased its percentage cover and a new species was observed, *Goodenia viscida*.

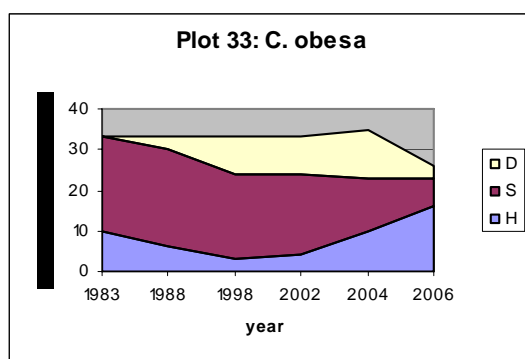


Figure 3.27: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 33



Plate 30: Facing diagonally across Plot 33

Plot 34**Location:** E 556927; N 6358111

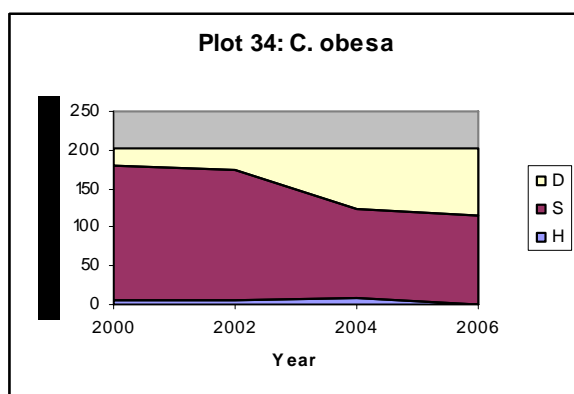
Approx. 25m east of Pump 1. Plot established in 2000.

Vegetation Description:Dense *C. obesa* and *M. strobophylla* stand on undulating gilgai mounds. Scattered *Halosarcia* sp. understorey.**Salinity Class:**

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:This plot is still declining. Another 10 *C. obesa* have died in the last two years and only one individual's vigour remains healthy. All *M. strobophylla* individuals were recorded as dead since 2004.

The understorey remains relatively stable.

**Figure 3.28: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 34.****Plate 31: Facing diagonally across Plot 34**

Plot 35**Location:** E 556796; N 6356552

Approx. 50m south west of Pump 13. Plot established in 2000.

Vegetation Description:

Open woodland of *C. obesa*. Generally large trees occurring on flat ground. Occasional *Carpobrotus sp.*, otherwise no understorey present.

Salinity Class:

Very saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

There was no significant change in the vigour of the *C. obesa*. No individuals had died since 2004, however, there were more stressed individuals recorded in 2006/2007 than 2004.

The understorey of *Carpobrotus* was significantly less abundant in 2006/2007 than in 2004, and was absent at three of the plots. *Atriplex semibaccata* was not found in 2006/2007 but *Maireana brevifolia* was recorded and had not been previously recorded in 2004. Soil salinities are lower than in 2004.

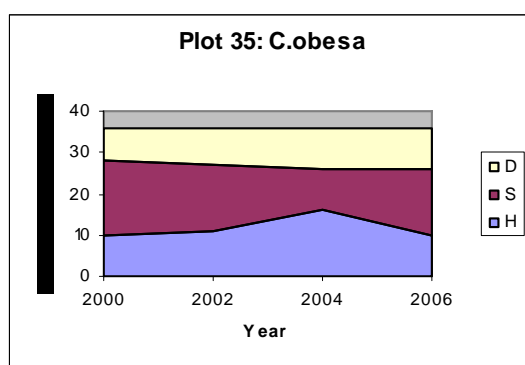


Figure 3.29: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 35.



Plate 32: Facing diagonally across Plot 35

Plot 36**Location:** E 557290; N 6356958

Approx. 80m west of Pump 15. Plot established in 2000.

Vegetation Description:

Woodland of *C. obesa* and *M. strobophylla*. Density of stems ranges from high on the raised gilgai mounds to low in and around depressions. Understorey consists of occasional *Halosarcia lepidosperma*

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

There was no significant change in the overall vigour for either species within this plot. There were less healthy *C. obesa* trees, but only one death since 2004. Only one *M. strobophylla* individual had died since 2004

The abundance of both *Atriplex* and *Halosarcia* species has decreased significantly since 2004.

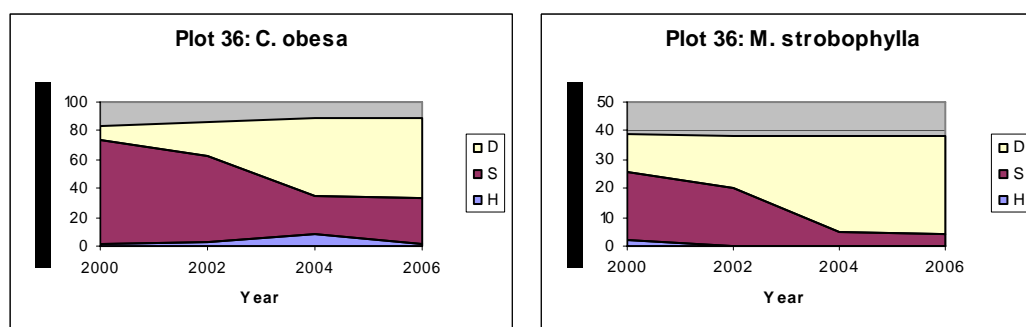


Figure 3.30: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 36



Plate 33: Facing diagonally across Plot 36.

Plot 37**Location: E 556887; N 6357053**

Approx. 50m south of Pump 12. Plot established in 2000.

Vegetation Description:

Plot samples one stand of *C. obesa* in an open woodland of *C. obesa*. The majority of trees to the south of Pump 12 are restricted to areas of higher elevation (ie. on gilgai mounds) with scattered *Halosarcia* sp. in the understorey.

Salinity Class:

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:All *E. rudis* trees are dead and have been since 2000.

The majority of the *C. obesa* is stressed and two trees have died since 2004.

There was a significant change in the understorey with both *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Halosarcia lepidosperma* not recorded in 2006/2007, leaving only *Halosarcia pergranulata*.

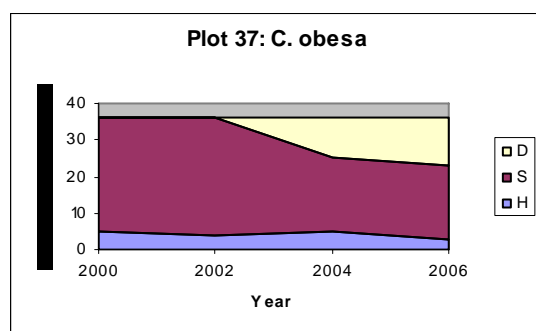


Figure 3.31: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 37



Plate 34: Facing diagonally across Plot 37.

Plot 38**Location:** E 556708; N 6357859

Approx. 50m west of Pump 2. Plot established in 2000.

Vegetation Description:Open woodland of *C. obesa* with low open shrubland of *Halosarcia lepidosperma*.**Salinity Class:**

Extremely saline.

Condition in 2006/2007 and Trend To-date:

The number of healthy *C. obesa* has increased from 14 to 17 and only 2 trees have died since 2004 showing increased health among the previously stressed individuals.

Atriplex semibaccata was not recorded within the subplots in 2006/2007. *Halosarcia lepidosperma* has increased during the past two years.

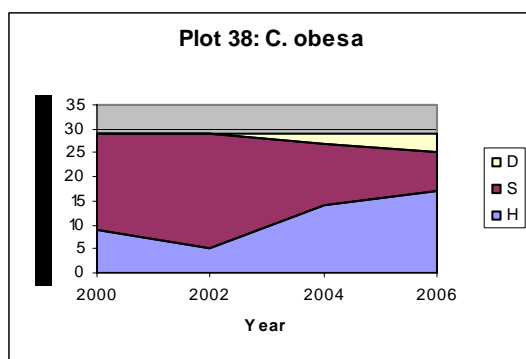


Figure 3.33: Trend in the vigour of the dominant species at Plot 38.



Plate 35: Facing diagonally across Plot 38.

Plot 42 *Melaleuca* seedling plot (established 2004)**Location: E 557540; N 6357715**

Situated on the north-western edge of the lake bed, south of Plot 9 and just east of Plot 7.

Salinity Class:

Very saline

Description:

This plot was established in 2004 to monitor a recruitment event by measuring a dense stand of *M strobophylla* seedlings. A total of 312 *M strobophylla* seedlings and 2 *C obesa* seedlings were present in 2004 with 314 *M strobophylla* seedlings and 1 *C obesa* seedling present in 2006/2007.

**Plate 38: Seedling plot 42, photo taken from NW corner post**

3.2 Seedling Data

Plot 39: Seedling Transect

Location: E 555988; N 6357325

Runs east-west, 60m north of pump 9. Plot established in 2000.

Salinity Class:

Slightly saline

Description:

Transect runs at the northern end of the seedling recruitment area and samples a relatively low density of *C. obesa* seedlings in a generally open area. There was an increase the last two years from 136 to 145. This is likely to be a real increase as there were a number of seedlings less than 50 cm high.

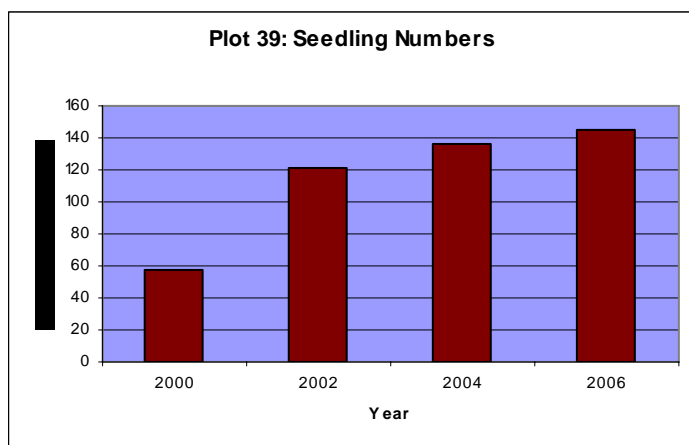


Figure 3.34: Seedling numbers at plot 39.



Plate 36: Seedling plot 39, facing east

Plot 40: Seedling Transect**Location:** E 555982; N 6357283

Runs east-west, 20m north of pump 9. Plot established in 2000.

Salinity Class:

Slightly saline

Description:

This transect passes through the stand of *C. obesa* trees just north of pump 9 and into the open area east of the pump. *C. obesa* seedling densities are low under the trees becoming higher in the open areas to the east and west.

Seedling numbers have increased from 517 in 2000 to 927 in 2002 to 1143 in 2004 and then 1192 in 2006/2007. The increase in the last two years may be within the range of error in counting large numbers of very small seedlings.

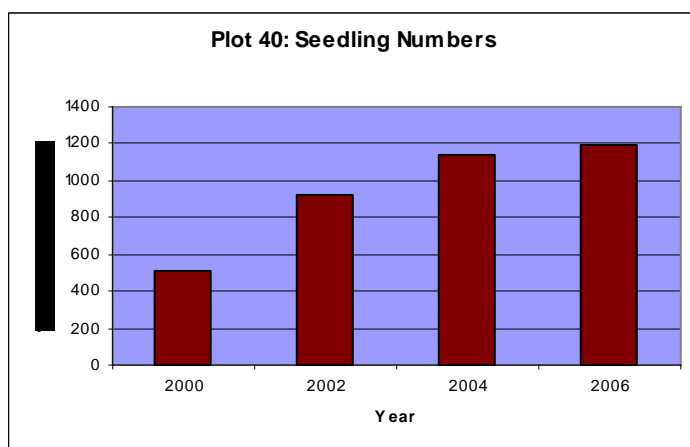


Figure 3.35: Seedling numbers at plot 40.



Plate 37: Seedling plot 40, facing east

Plot 41: Seedling Transect**Location:** E 555978; N 6357242

Runs east-west, 20m south of pump 9. Plot established in 2000.

Salinity Class:

Slightly saline

Description:

Very high densities of *C. obesa* seedlings with variable heights occur throughout much of this transect. Soil salinity varies from slightly saline to very saline at the eastern margin. Seedling numbers have increased from 1469 in 2000 to 2912 in 2002, then declined to 2690 in 2004 and increased to 2719 in 2006/2007. The increase between 2004 and 2006/2007 is likely to be within the range of error in counting large numbers of very small seedlings.

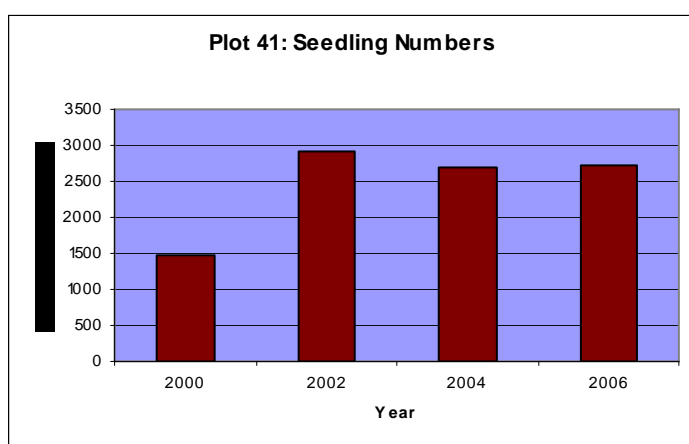


Figure 3.36: Seedling numbers at plot 41.



Plate 38: Seedling plot 41, facing east

3.3 Salinity Data

The validation of EM38 readings with the direct measurement of electrical conductivity of soil samples is first mentioned in the 2002 report, but the method was not elaborated upon, and neither the EC data nor a comparison of the EC and EM38 readings was presented.

As with 2004, in 2006/2007 for each group of plots, soil samples at 25 cm (depth) intervals were collected up to a depth of 2 m where possible. These samples were analysed for EC and compared to the EM38 readings. These were not used to calibrate the EM38 readings as a minimum of 12 sites for each location or major soil type is needed to generate the required linear regression required for calibration (Bennett *et. al*, 1995). Given that plots were located across a number of soil types it was not practical to auger 12 holes to a depth of 2 m for each soil type.

The comparisons of the direct measurements of EC with the EM38 readings are shown in Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 Comparison of EM38 readings and direct measurements of EC

Plot	EM38- horizontal	EM38- vertical	Avg EC for 25cm & 50cm sample	Avg EC all samples	Depth (m)	EM38-h as % of EC	EM38-v as % of EC
3	229	287	61	61	0.50	375	470
4	160	275	94	94	0.25	170	293
5	175	288	65	65	0.25	270	443
6	151	253	112	112	0.50	135	226
7	193	297	250	263	0.75	77	113
8	185	299	156	156	0.50	119	191
9	163	247	205	251	0.75	79	98
10	291	407	31	31	0.25	940	1313
11	297	411	170	170	0.50	174	242
12	35	65	4	4	0.75	874	1613
13	19	32	2	3	1.00	972	1057
15	101	153	105	107	0.75	96	143
16	117	161	71	71	0.50	165	227
17	160	209	77	77	0.25	208	271
18	187	187	103	103	0.25	181	182
19	371	493	299	299	0.25	124	165
20	127	175	28	28	0.50	453	624
21	918	749	513	513	0.25	179	146
22	825	763	506	506	0.25	163	151
23	156	222	179	179	0.50	87	124
24	116	182	162	174	0.75	72	105
25	111	160	47	47	0.50	235	339
26	59	101	2	7	0.75	2942	1449
27	78	125	47	47	0.25	167	267
28	191	286	62	62	0.25	308	462
29	270	395	106	106	0.25	255	373
30	3	8	3	2	1.25	97	415
32	132	154	9	22	0.75	1463	700
33	132	204	184	286	1.25	72	71
34	263	365	89	89	0.25	295	410
35	194	270	225	273	2.00	86	99
36	258	375	82	168	1.00	314	223
37	259	400	109	109	0.50	237	367
38	238	325	150	150	0.25	159	217
42	169	248	26	26	0.25	648	955
Average	209	273	124	133	1	*171	*240

*average excludes extreme values of 10, 12, 13, 26 and 32

4.0 Discussion

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

4.1 Methodology

4.1.1 Tree Height

Due to the recommendations made in the 2004 report regarding tree heights, trees under 4m only were measured for height, reducing field time and data inaccuracies.

Measuring the growth rates of juvenile trees still provides useful information for managing water levels within Lake Toolibin as the height of seedlings when the lake fills is critical to their survival. It would be reasonable to assume that seedlings totally submerged for a significant time would die; therefore information regarding growth rates will be useful for manipulating water levels within the lake.

A previous recommendation was that the heights of seedlings are to be measured until they reach a nominal height (based on the depth to which the lake fills). Clarification needs to be made about exactly what this height is before they are deemed to be 'mature', tagged and allocated into height classes. Permanently tagging immature trees can be problematic as they can outgrow them which can be damaging to the individual. It is recommended that a method of tagging recently mature trees to minimise damage be devised.

4.1.2 Diameter at Breast Height

From the 2004 report it was established that measuring tree diameters required approximately 25% of the field time for this project. In addition to being very time consuming, it is not clear whether this is going to be analysed, and if so for what end. The requirement for this parameter to be regularly measured should be reviewed.

4.1.3 Vigour

Vigour Scale

The vigour scale is appropriate for the project, provided it is only used for analysis in terms of vigour classes (healthy, stressed and dead). The scale was designed specifically for eucalypts and is essentially subjective but it does seem to produce reasonably consistent vigour class assessments by different assessors. However the exact numerical value produced by different assessors using the condition scale is somewhat variable and therefore analysis should not be undertaken using these values within the vigour classes.

It was found that recording the number of dead individuals became problematic over time as some had fallen over, some remained standing and some were no longer able to be found due to decomposition. It is a recommendation that dead species be eliminated from the dataset if they were recorded as dead for the two monitoring periods prior.

Vigour trends

The data from 2006/2007, 2004 and 2002 appears to be directly comparable but assessing long term trends would be somewhat compromised by inconsistencies in data collection over time. This has largely resulted from changes in the position and the number of plots being measured and whether previously dead trees have continued to be included in the datasets for the plots.

Resolving inconsistencies within the dataset is outside the scope of this project and a project in its own right. But it is recommended that there be consistency in the method of recording dead trees.

The analysis of trends provided below is based on the portion of the dataset that includes plots that have been measured up to 2006/2007. Both percentages and number of trees are presented to provide an insight into some of the inconsistencies within the dataset.

4.1.4 Salinity Data

The EM38 provided a reasonable indication of the salinity across the study area given the overall agreement between the EM38 readings and the direct EC measurements determined under laboratory conditions, although there were large discrepancies at the three non-saline and slightly saline sites (plots 12, 13 and 26) as seen in **Table 3.1**. These discrepancies are large as percentages but relatively small as actual qualities, and it should be noted that soil factors have a greater influence on EM38 readings where the salinity is low (Bennett *et. al*, 1995). The readings for plots 10 and 32 were taken after a rain event which could have had an impact on the results.

On average the EM38 slightly overestimated the EC levels. The overestimation appears to be greater between the vertical EM38 readings and the direct measurements. However the sample holes were on average less than 1 m due to the hardness of the soil instead of the 2 m required for direct comparison. Therefore this discrepancy should not be interpreted as being precise.

The comparison of vertical and horizontal EM38 readings indicates whether salinity levels are greater at the surface or at depth. In 11 of the 35 sample sites the EM38 readings and the direct EC measures agree in terms of whether salinity is greater at depth or not. However, the fact that the sample holes were on average less than 1 m and in most cases only to 50cm instead of the 2 m required for direct comparison, means that the vertical readings were not validated and some caution should be exercised in assessing the level of agreement between the EM38 readings and the direct measurements.

The comparison of soil samples with the EM38 readings can be a useful exercise but the soil sampling regime should be reviewed given that:

- Obtaining soil samples in this project required 10% of the field time;
- The EM 38 can not be calibrated with soil samples unless a very large number of samples are taken;
- Obtaining soil samples disturbs the sites; and
- On average holes could only be hand augered to less than 1.0 m, where samples need to be taken down to 2.0 m to compare to EM38 vertical readings.

It is a continued recommendation that samples at 25 and 50 cm depths are taken only at the same plots they were collected in 2004 and 2006/2007 for validation of the EM38 horizontal readings. Vertical readings require comparison of samples up to 2 m below the surface and this can be practicably obtained with a hand auger but it is not recommended that samples below 50 cm be collected due to the damage it causes and time constraints.

4.1.5 Percentage Cover for Overstorey

In previous years the monitoring brief has stated that percentage cover for each overstorey species be estimated at 100 points across the 20 x 20 m plots (i.e. at 2 m intervals). No data for this was presented in the 2002 report and it was deemed in 2004 that this method was both very time consuming, and less accurate, than making a single estimate of the percentage cover of each overstorey species in each plot. In 2006/2007 an estimate of the overall percentage cover for each species within the whole plot was measured, results are found in Appendix 6.

It is recommended that the monitoring brief be modified to reflect this change in method.

4.2 Vegetation Trends

4.2.1 Short Term Trends

The data from 2006/2007 and 2004 appears to be directly comparable and this was in large part due to access to the raw 2004 data in the field when collecting the 2006/2007 data. Access to the previous dataset provides the data collectors the opportunity to ensure data is collected within any individual plot consistently over time. It is therefore a continued recommendation that for future monitoring, previous years raw data be made available to the data collectors to ensure data at individual plots is collected consistently.

The short term trends are discussed in Section 4.2.4 Understorey.

4.2.2 Long Term Trends

From the 2004 report it was established that assessing the long term trends is somewhat compromised due to inconsistencies in the data collection over time, which has resulted from changes in the position and number of plots being measured and whether previously dead trees have continued to be included in the datasets for the plots.

An assessment of long term trends on the basis of a superficial examination of the data is therefore fraught with difficulties and this is evident in Figures 4.1 to 4.5 which incorporate data for all plots still being measured in 2006/2007.

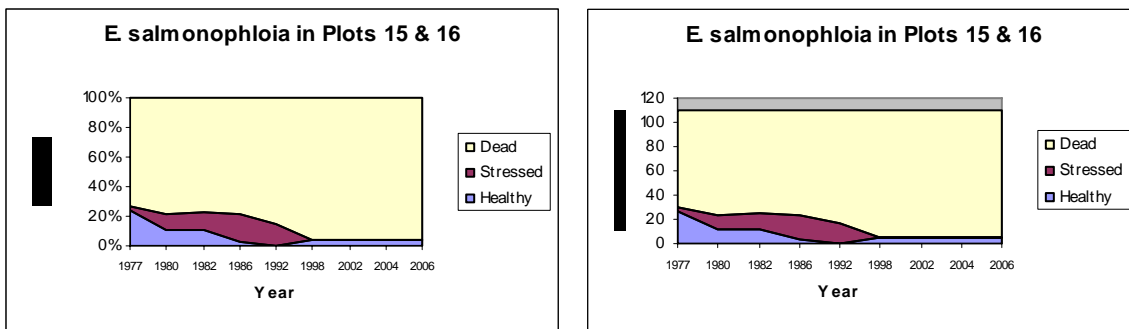


Figure 4.1: Trend in vigour for all *E. salmonophloia* trees within the study area

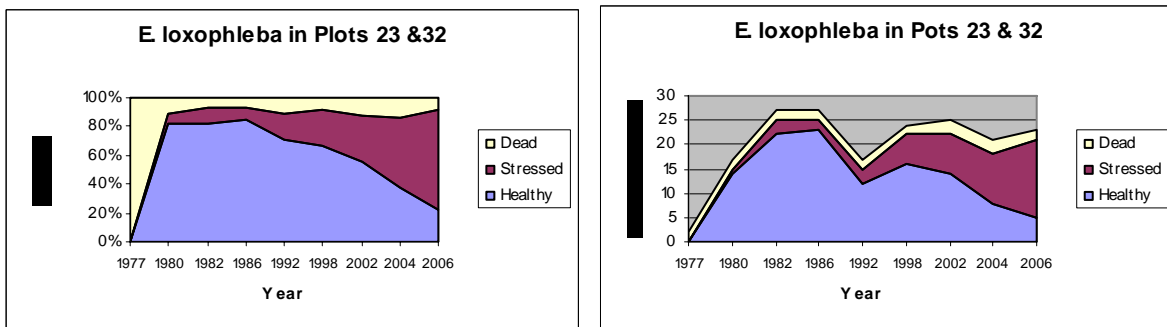


Figure 4.2: Trend in vigour for all *E. loxophleba* trees within the study area

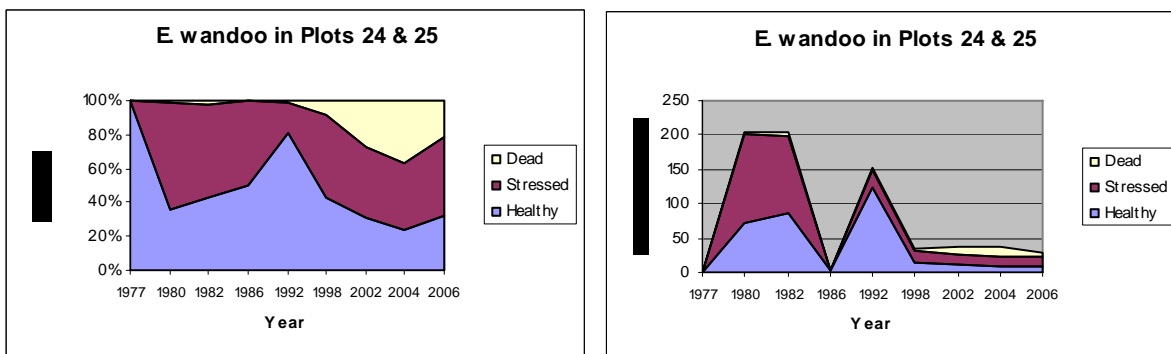


Figure 4.3: Trend in vigour for all *E. wandoo* trees within the study area

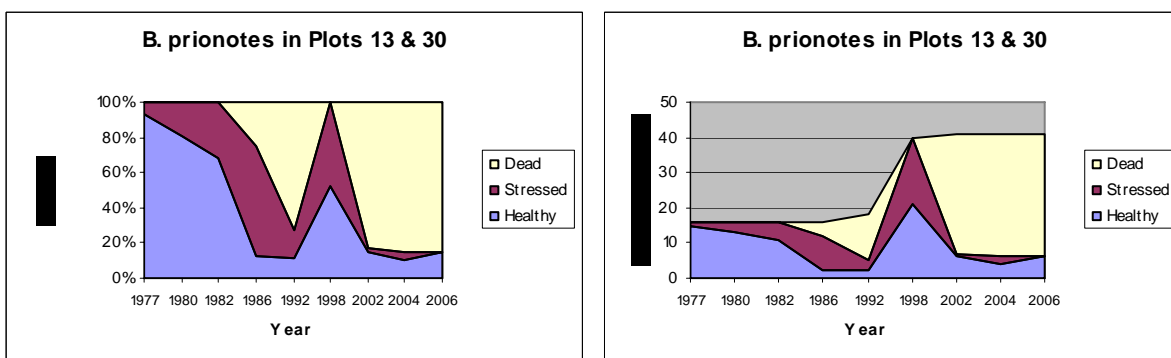


Figure 4.4: Trend in vigour for all *B. prionotes* trees within the study area

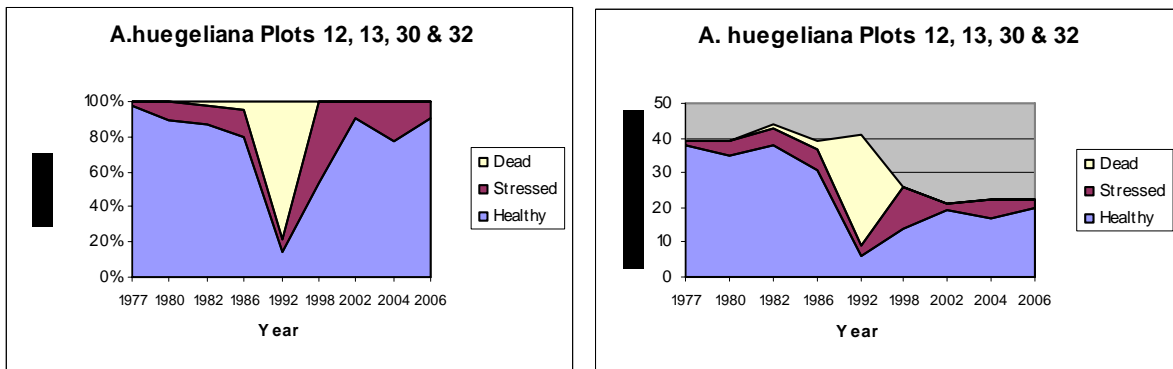


Figure 4.5: Trend in vigour for all *A. huegeliana* trees within the study area

The intent of the monitoring program is to measure changes in vegetation over time. Given the difficulties in using the existing dataset it is recommended that the monitoring program be reviewed and long term trends only be measured from a date at which all data is being collected in a consistent manner. This is further discussed in Section 4.2.5 Terrestrial Vegetation.

4.2.3 Wetland Vegetation

Casuarina Obesa

The data in Figure 4.6 represents the percentages of *C. obesa* with the first graph showing plots monitored since 1977 and the second graph for the plots established in 2000. Figure 4.7 represents the actual number of *C. obesa* within Lake Toolibin again with one graph showing the plots monitored since 1977 and the second showing the plots established in 2000. The overall percentage and number of healthy *C. obesa* trees has decreased slightly within Plots 34 to 38, while there was no significant change in vigour for Plots 3 to 33.

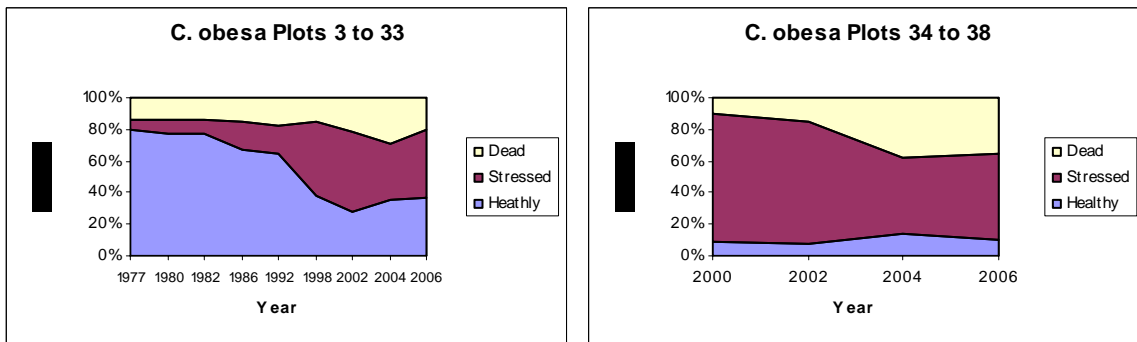


Figure 4.6: Trend in vigour for all *C. obesa* trees within the Lake Toolibin monitoring plots

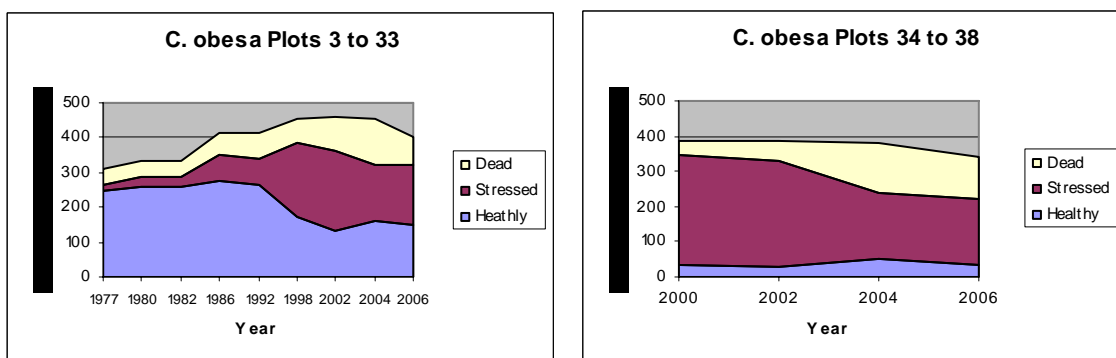


Figure 4.7: Total Number of *C. obesa* trees within the Lake Toolibin monitoring plots

The trend of reducing vigour is likely to be the result of rainfall patterns as shown in Figure 4.8. From 2004 to 2006/2007 Toolibin Lake received below average rainfall compare this to the abnormally high rainfall in 2003 which would have accounted for the improved health of species within the 2004 monitoring period.

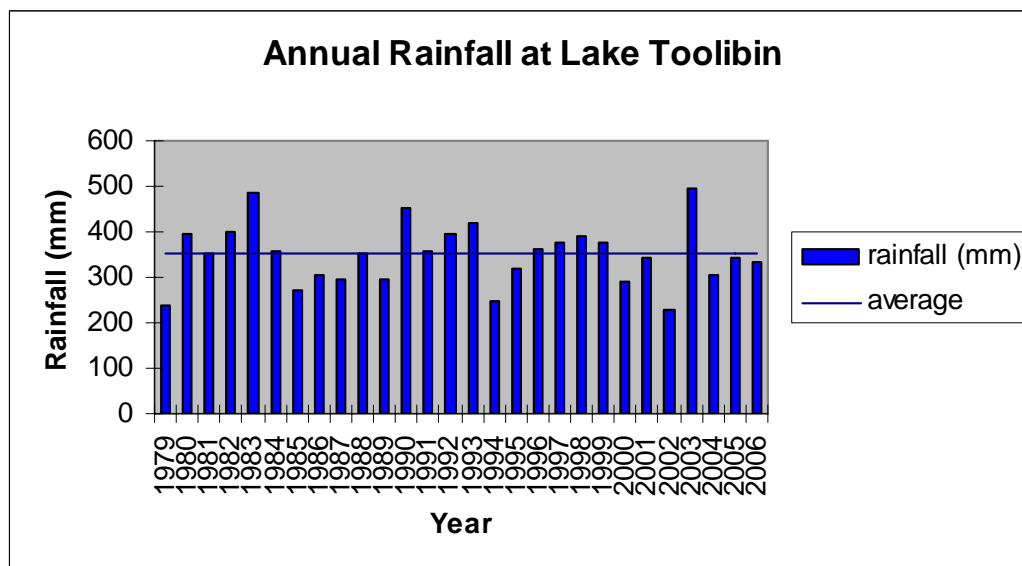


Figure 4.8: Annual Rainfall for Lake Toolibin 1979 - 2006/2007

It is likely that a significant portion of the stress recorded in the *C. obesa* trees monitored in 2002 had been induced by three successive years of below average rain and the improvement in species health in 2004 was due to an abnormally high rainfall. Following the higher than average rainfall in 2003 some of the stressed trees recovered. However, it appears that a significant portion of these trees have now died. This trend appears to support investigations reported by Ogden and Froend (2002) at Toolibin Lake that showed both mature trees and seedlings of *C. obesa* and *M. strobophylla* are very dependent on rainfall to surface soils. The above rainfall chart only goes back to 1979, these last 25 years have been noted as being much dryer than the previous 25 years, which averaged closer to 450 mm/year (Lacey 2007).

A significant germination and seedling establishment event was noted in 1998 in the area on the west side of the lake around pump 9. The area of seedling establishment extends from approximately 100m south to 80m north of pump 9 and from the separator wall to 100m to the east.

In April 2000 a plot was established in this area (plot 27) to monitor the condition of the trees and encompassed 118 *C. obesa* seedlings. Three 100 x 5m belt transects were also established through this area and seedling numbers, height and soil salinity recorded in each 5m section.

In 2006/2007 the seedlings in the transects varied in height from 0.03 to 6.4m, and the seedlings in Plot 27 varied from 0.03 m to 3.0 m. The variability in heights suggested germination has continued after the initial recruitment in 1998.

In Plot 27 *C. obesa* seedling numbers have continued to increase (from 117 in 1998 to 891 in 2002, to 1069 in 2004 and to 1072 in 2006/2007). The soil salinity at Plot 27 is slight (mean EM38 horizontal 78 mS/m) and samphires have not been present in the understorey since 1998. This contrasts greatly with the higher salinity levels of nearby plots 33 and 3 (mean EM38 horizontal 132 mS/m and 229 mS/m respectively).

In the three transects, seedling numbers has increased to 4056 in 2006/2007 from 3969 in 2004, showing viable seed is continuing to be dispersed and conditions are favourable for germination and establishment.

The lower soil salinity around pump 9 should favour seedling establishment however there is considerable variability within the area. High seedling densities are found in areas with conductivities between 100 and 200 mS/m.

Melaleuca strobophylla

The mature *Melaleuca strobophylla* population has declined almost continuously since 1977 and this trend has continued over the last two years, as shown in Figure 4.3. Of the original 111 live trees assessed in 1977 only 29 remained in 2002, 18 in 2004 and 10 in 2006/2007. Of the surviving trees in 2006/2007 three were healthy, one more than in 2004, however more were dead compared to 2004..

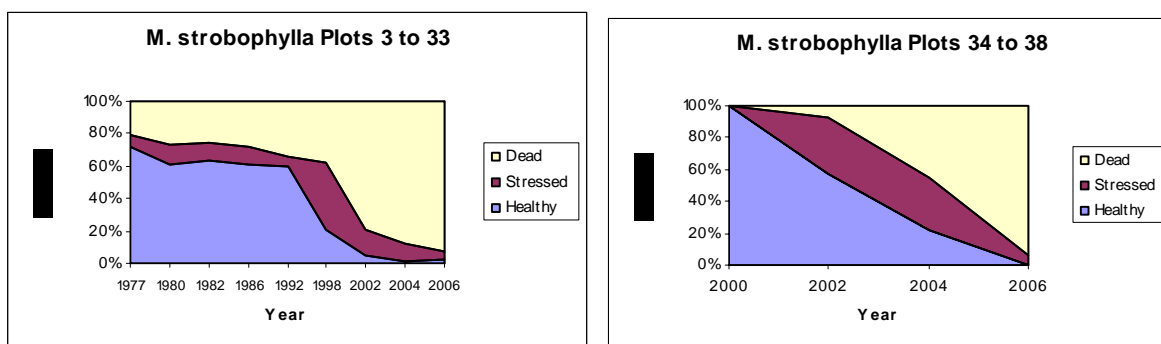


Figure 4.3: Trend in vigour for all *M. strobophylla* trees within the Lake Toolibin monitoring plots

This continued decline is not necessarily caused by continuing increases in salinity as most plots have not shown significant increases in salinity status over the past two years, as shown in Table 4.2.

Table 4.1 Comparison of salinity status in 2002 and 2004 in Plots

Plot	Salinity Class in 2004	Salinity Class in 2006/2007	Difference in Em38 – horizontal readings
12	Non-saline	Non-saline	-37
13	Non-saline	Non-saline	37
30	Non-saline	Non-saline	-33
26	Slightly	Slightly	5
27	Slightly	Slightly	-18
3	Very	Extremely	26
8	Very	Very	0
16	Very	Moderately	-45
25	Very	Moderately	-71
6	Very	Very	-32
7	Very	Very	20
15	Very	Moderately	-83
17	Very	Very	-23
20	Very	Moderately	-45
33	Extremely	Moderately	-39
24	Extremely	Moderately	-98
23	Extremely	Very	-53
4	Extremely	Very	-97
5	Extremely	Very	-90
9	Extremely	Very	-79
10	Extremely	Extremely	-1
11	Extremely	Extremely	-20
18	Extremely	Very	-58
19	Extremely	Extremely	-21
28	Extremely	Very	-58
29	Extremely	Extremely	-53
32	Very	Moderately	-41
34	Extremely	Extremely	-18
35	Extremely	Very	-86
37	Extremely	Extremely	-44
38	Extremely	Extremely	-11
21	Extremely	Extremely	11
22	Extremely	Extremely	6
36	Extremely	Extremely	-66
42	Extremely	Very	-50
Average			-35

There has been a decrease in the EM38 horizontal readings in 2006/2007 but it is difficult to state if this is a significant change, given that the EM38 horizontal readings varied from the direct EC measurement by an average of 50%, readings can be affected by soil moisture and temperature, and the accuracy of the zeroing process for the EM38.

It is unclear from the data collected within this project whether the decline in *M. strobophylla* is related to continuing elevated salinity levels, water availability or other factors.

There has been some recruitment of seedlings in areas within the lake but outside the original plots. In 2004, plot 42 was established to monitor one of these stands. The stand of 312 seedlings was entirely contained within the 20 x 20 m plot (which equates to a density in the order of 0.8 plants/m²). The vast majority of these individuals were healthy.

4.2.4 Understorey

The understorey plant community within the study area has changed slightly since 2004. *Atriplex semibaccata*, although was still present at the Plots it was previously recorded in was found to be less abundant in 2006/2007 compared to 2004. *Atriplex* is typically short lived and commonly grazed, which could explain the fluctuation. *Maireana brevifolia* was also found to be less abundant, and is also a heavily grazed species.

Two species previously not recorded at any of the Plots were observed in 2006/2007. *Angianthus tomentosus* was observed from Plots, 6, 7, 8, and 10 and *Goodenia viscida* was observed from Plots 7 and 33. *Goodenia viscida* is at the edge of its usual range and found more commonly to the south east between Albany and Esperance (Western Australian Museum, 2007).

The results showed a trend towards a decline in *Halosarcia lepidosperma*. It was found to be absent or nearly absent from Plots 3, 5, 6, 8, 21, 36 and 37 in 2006/2007. Such changes may be reflected in the amount of rainfall between years or the fact that it has been 10 years since the lake was last inundated rather than significant changes in salinity. Discounting grazing pressures it is most likely that changing water regimes is the crucial factor causing this change.

4.2.5 Terrestrial Vegetation

The terrestrial tree species of the Toolibin reserves have shown little change since 1998. A slight decline in vigour is apparent for *E. loxophleba* and *E. wandoo* however the remaining *E. salmonophloia* and *Allocasuarina huegeliana* are in good health. The *Eucalyptus* sp seedlings found in Plots 7 and 28 in 2004 had remained healthy and showed signs of growth in 2006/2007. A new healthy *Eucalyptus* sp seedling was also recorded in Plot 33 at a height of 2.3 metres. Salinity class for Plot 33 had reduced from Extremely saline in 2004 to Moderately saline in 2006/2007. It is a recommendation that these seedlings be identified to species level.

The terrestrial tree species in Plot 30 of the Toolibin reserves have improved slightly in vigour since the last round of monitoring in 2004 and with some evidence of recruitment. The two *B. prionotes* that were recorded as stressed in 2004 were recorded as healthy in 2006/2007 and 3 more healthy seedlings were observed just outside the plot.

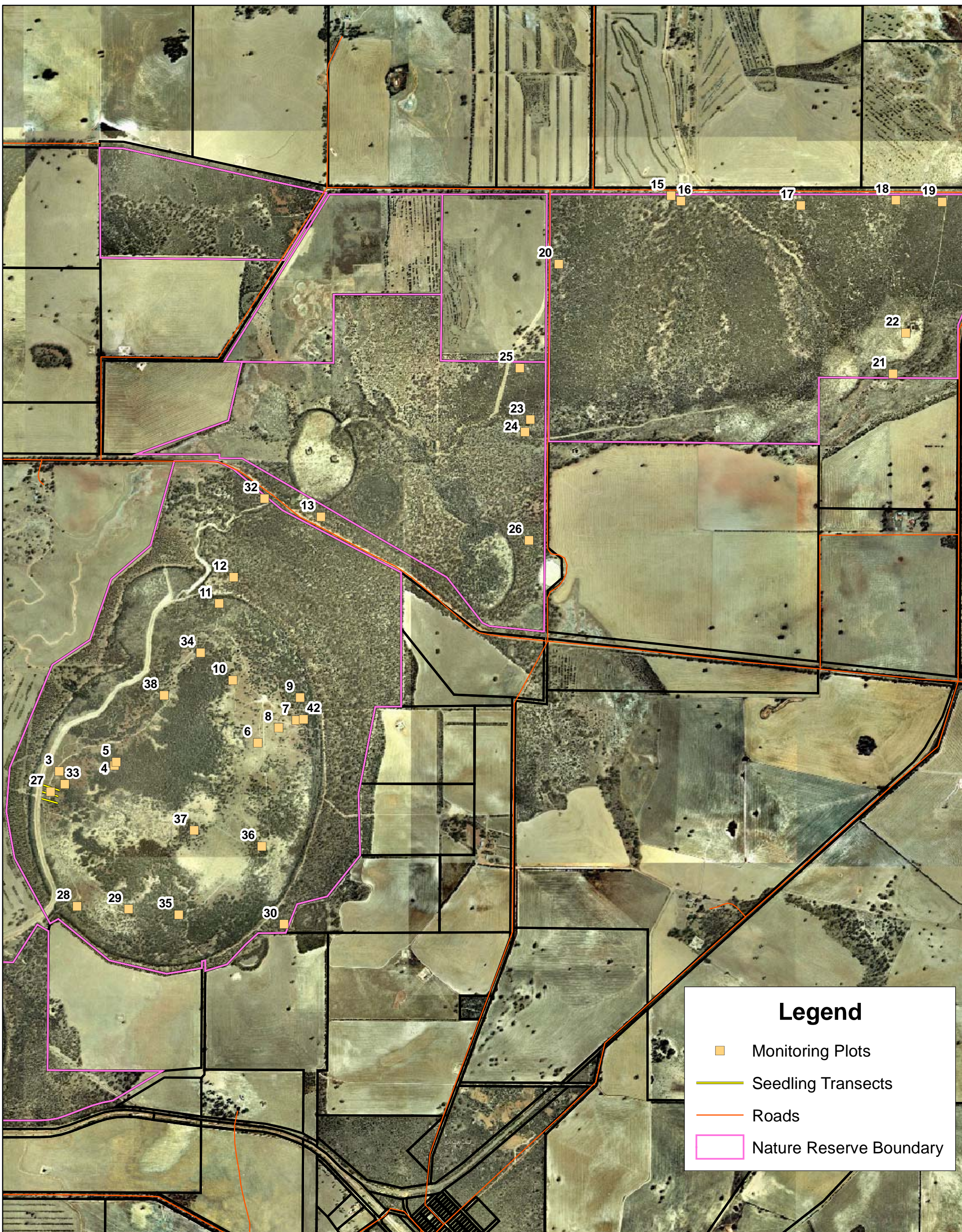
The recommendation by Ogden and Froend (2002) that population dynamics of *B. prionotes* be investigated is made once again in 2006/2007.

5.0 Recommendations





Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

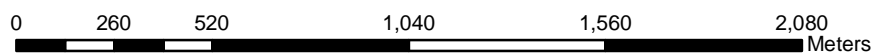
It is recommended that:

1. The heights of seedlings are measured until they reach a nominal height (based on the depth to which the lake fills). When they reach this nominal height they are deemed to be 'mature' and then allocated to height classes;
2. Clarify method used to determine the point at which seedlings become 'mature' trees;
3. Establish protocols to tag recently matured trees to minimise damage to still growing individuals;
4. The requirement for diameter at breast height to be frequently measured be reviewed;
5. A single estimate of the percentage cover of each overstorey species in each plot be made;
6. Previous raw data be made available to the data collectors to enable the consistent collection of data at individual plots;
7. The monitoring program reviewed and long term trends only measured from a date at which all data is being collected in a consistent manner;
8. Review the vegetation descriptions for each of the plots (still include original description);
9. Remove all dead trees from data set and only count live individuals;
10. Soil samples to be taken at 25 and 50 cm depths only and at the same plots they were collected in 2004 and 2006/2007 for validation of the EM38 horizontal readings;
11. Identify the *Eucalypt* seedlings found at Plots 7, 28 and 33; and
12. The population dynamics of *B. prionotes* be investigated and in particular the impediments to germination and recruitment of this species.



Legend

-  Monitoring Plots
-  Seedling Transects
-  Roads
-  Nature Reserve Boundary



1:20,000

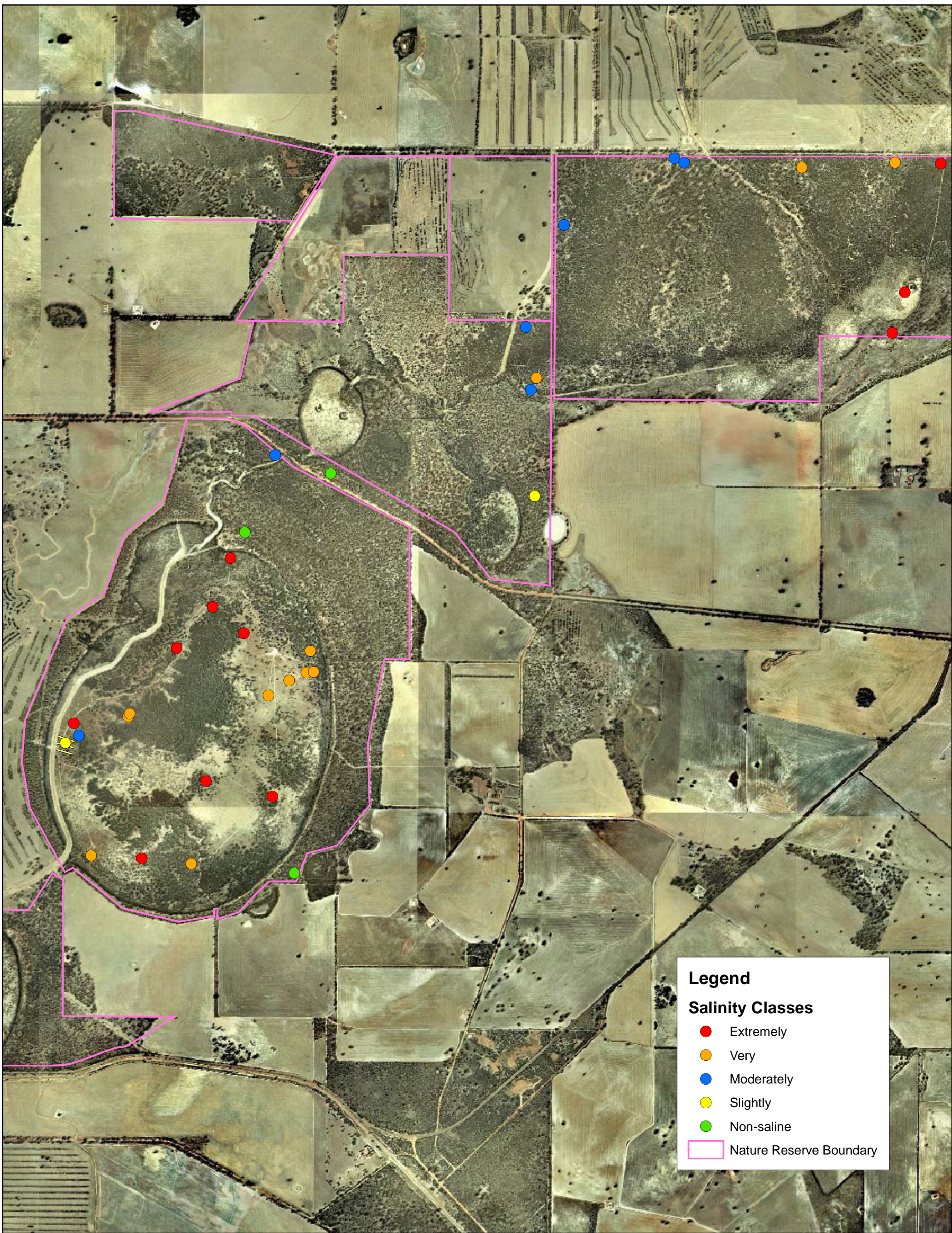
Location of Monitoring Plots

Map 1

Lake Toolbin Long Term Monitoring

March 2006





Legend

Salinity Classes

- Extremely
- Very
- Moderately
- Slightly
- Non-saline
- Nature Reserve Boundary



References

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

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Appendix One: Overstorey Data

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

Height and crown health were determined for live trees only.

Refer to methods section for transect design.

Refer to methods for crown health and DBH assessment.

Multiple DBH measurements represent multistemmed trees

Subplot refers to the section of the plot that trees were located; of relevance when locating trees

and when a significant elevational gradient is present.

Missing Plots:

Plots 1 and 2 - Destroyed during construction of the separator channel

Plot 14 - Unable to locate

Plot No.	Tag No.	Subplot	Species	2006/2007 DBH (cm) or #	2006/2007 Ht (m)	2006/2007 Crown Health	
3	182	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	26.9	0.5-2.0	13	
3		B	<i>C. obesa</i>	2 seedlings		2H	
3	183	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.8	0.5-0.75	15	
3		C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7 seedlings		4grazed	
3	184	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	31.2	0..2-0.7	15	
3		D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3 seedlings		1grazed	
3		E	<i>C. obesa</i>	11 seedlings		grazed	
4		A	<i>C. obesa</i>	1 seedling	0.3	1 grazed	
4		A	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	2 seedlings	0.25-0.5	1H, 1S	
4		185	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	14	0.3-0.7	10
4			B	<i>C. obesa</i>	12		4
4		187	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	2 seedlings	0.25	grazed
4			B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	1 seedling		1H
4		186	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	17	0.7-1.7	10
4			C	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
4		188	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.8	0.7	9
4			C	<i>C. obesa</i>	14,17		13
4		197	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	0	0.25-1.58	13
4			C	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
4		198	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	3 seedlings	0.7	3H
4			C	<i>C. obesa</i>	15		5
4		200	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0	0.7	
4			D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
4		201	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0	0.7	
4			D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
4		202	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0	0.7	
4			D	<i>C. obesa</i>	1 seedling		H
4	203	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.5	0.7	13	
4		E	<i>C. obesa</i>	18 seedlings		18H	
4	205	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.5	0.7	13	
4		E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	18 seedlings		18H	
5	209	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.5		4	
5	210	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	21.1		4	
5		A	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	12		12	
5	212	B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		0	
5	213	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		0	

5	214	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.4, 9.1, 6.6		13
5	215	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		0
5	216	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.1, 5.4, 3.7, 3.2		12
5	217	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		15
5	218	B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	7.5		7
5	220	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.9, 4.9		10
5	224	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.2		15
5	225	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.8, 15.3, 18.2		15
5	400	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4		10
5		B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	5 seedlings	0.5-1.7	
5		B	<i>C. obesa</i>	1 seedling	0.7	
5	226	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4		10
5	227	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.5		10
5	228	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		10
5	229	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.4		12
5	230	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.6		12
5	231	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.6		10
5	232	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	233	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		7
5	234	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	235	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	236	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
5	238	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.6		10
5	239	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		10
5	242	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.7		9
5	243	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.9		15
5	244	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	245	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.2		14
5	248	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	249	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	250	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	8		14
5	251	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	252	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.1		10
5	253	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3		10
5	254	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	255	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.3		10
5	256	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.2		10
5	257	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9		12
5	258	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5		C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	3 seedlings	0.7-1.0	
5	260	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.1, 5.3		11
5	261	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.2		4
5	262	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.3		5
5	263	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		7
5	264	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	RD		
5	265	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.9		10
5	267	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.5		11
5	268	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		9
5	269	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.8		7
5	270	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3		3
5	271	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.8		3
5	272	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		4
5	274	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
5	275	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	276	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		
5	277	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	RD		
5	283	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.5		3

5	284	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
5	285	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.5		4
5	286	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
5	289	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		10
5	290	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		10
5	291	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.5, 7.1, 5.8, 5.4, 6.2, 4.2, 6.3		10
5	292	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		10
5	295	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		3
5	305	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.8		8
5	306	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		11
5	307	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.7		11
5	309	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.3		12
5	310	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5, 3.5		11
5	312	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	RD		
5	313	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	315	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		3
5	317	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		4
5	318	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	3.6		3
5	320	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		6
5	321	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	RD		
5	322	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		7
5	323	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.4		4
5	324	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9, 3.5, 2.1		4
5	379	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	2.9		3
5	380	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	0		
5	381	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		7
5	401	D	<i>C. obesa?</i>	4.5		4
5	327	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.6		3
5	328	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.6, 5		9
5	329	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.2		3
5	330	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.2, 7.4, 6.9		4
5	332	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.8, 5, 5.7		9
5	334	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	10		10
5	336	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	0		
5	383	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.1		7
5	385	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		6
5	387	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.1		11
5	388	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		7
5	389	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4, 3		7
5	390	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.8		9
5	391	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.8, 7.2, 5, 2.5		10
5	392	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1		3
5	393	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1		3
5	395	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.1		5
5	396	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.8		9
5	397	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		12
5	398	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.5		3
6		A	all dead			
6		B	all dead			
6		C	all dead			
6		D	all dead			
6		E	all dead			
7	101	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	38.4, 23.1, 23.5		19

7		C	<i>Eucalyptus sp.</i>	2 seedlings	1.45-3.68	2H
7		D	<i>Eucalyptus sp.</i>	1 seedling	1.49	H
		D	<i>C.obesa</i>	2 seedlings	1	2H
7	102	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.6, 13.6, 13		17
7	103	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	66.1		11
7	104	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	43.2		13
8		A	all dead			
8		B	all dead			
8		C	all dead			
8		D	all dead			
8		E	all dead			
9	105	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	10		15
9	106	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	16.5		13
9	107	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.1		13
9	108	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.6		13
9	109	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.9		13
9	110	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	16.9, 8.5, 10.8		13
9	111	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	15.4		13
9	112	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	15.8		13
9	113	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	17.5		15
9	114	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	21.2		8
9	115	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	14.4, 10.1		8
9	116	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.2		8
9	117	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	7.6		11
9	118	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	4.2		7
9	119	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	120	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	15.2	fallen	13
9	121	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.6		8
9	122	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	14		13
9	123	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	18.5		11
9	124	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.8		11
9	125	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	14.1		15
9	126	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.1, 6.4, 3.8		13
9	127	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	11.2		13
9	128	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	14		13
9	129	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	12.4		8
9	130	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	3.2		4
9	131	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	8.5		11
9	132	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	133	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	134	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	13.5		13
9	135	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.8		4
9	136	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	14.3		11
9	137	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	13, 10.9, 9.5		13
9	138	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	19.5		8
9	139	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	13.2		13
9	140	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	19.9		13
9	141	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	3.8		7
9	142	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.5, 5.7		7
9	143	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.8		9
9	145	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.3		10
9	146	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	7		12
9	147	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.3		7
9	148	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	8.7		13
9	149	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.3		12

9	150	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	4.8, 4.4		10
9	151	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	6		9
9	152	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.3		9
9	153	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	154	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	12.8, 3.6, 3.4		13
9	155	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.4		6
9	158	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	12.5		13
9	159	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	4.7, 4.8		7
9	160	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	10		11
9	161	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	162	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	163	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	12		13
9	165	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	11.8		13
9	166	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	15.4		13
9	167	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	7		7
9	168	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.3, 5.7		11
9	169	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		D
9	170	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	8.3		10
9	171	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	8.6		7
9	172	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	9.7, 7.5		10
9	173	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	3.5, 3.7, 1.8		7
9	174	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	4.2		11
9	175	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.5		11
9	176	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	10, 6.8		8
9	177	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	19		11
9	178	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.9		13
9	179	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	13.9		13
9	180	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	5.9		4
9	181	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.6		8
9	182	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	6.5		3
10		A	x			x
10		B	x			x
10		C	x			x
10	60	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.8		11
10	61	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		RD
10	62	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	13.4, 5.5, 7.5		11
10	63	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.4		7
10	64	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	65	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	13		8
10	66	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		RD
10	67	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.8		15
10	68	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.3		15
10	69	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.7		15
10	70	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.7		15
10	71	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.5		15
10	72	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.9		11
10	73	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.2		11
10	74	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	76	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
10	77	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	78	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.9		7
10	79	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.7, 10.5, 14.9		7
10	80	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.2		13
10	81	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		RD
10	82	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	83	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D

10	84	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	85	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.4, 3.6		13
10	86	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.9, 12.5		13
10	87	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		11
10	88	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.4		15
10	89	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
10	90	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.1		13
10	91	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.2		15
11	350	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.6, 10.1, 14, 11.1, 15.6, 13.9, 15.7		15
11	351	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	21.2		15
11	352	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	23.2		15
11	353	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	19.9		15
11	354	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	20.9		15
12	335	B	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	31.6		11
12	337	C	<i>A. acuminata</i>	13.4, 13.2, 8.0		19
12	338	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	32.9, 10.9, 5.4, 3.2		15
12	339	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	19		11
12	340	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	43.2, 55.4		15
12	342	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	42.9		17
12	345	D	<i>A. acuminata</i>	17.4, 16.5		17
12		D	<i>A. acuminata</i>	seedling		
12	341	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	12.8, 9.4		13
12	343	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	34.5, 36.2		15
12	344	E	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	10.9		7
12	346	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	5.1		15
12	347	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	10.2		15
12	348	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	8.6		15
12	349	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	10		7
13	41	A	<i>B. prionotes</i>	7.2, 7.3, 5.6, 4.6, 4, 2.1		19
13	42	A	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	2.9, 1.2, 7.3		15
13	955	A	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3.8		15
13		A	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	4 seedlings	1-4.5	2H, 2D
13	43	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	4		15
13	44	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	4		15
13	45	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	5.1		15
13	46	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3.2		15
13	47	B	<i>B. prionotes</i>	2.5, 4.2, 4.3, 5, 5.1, 2.3, 3		19
13	48	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	6.1		15
13	49	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	10.1		15
13	50	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	27.2		15
13	956	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	4.8		17
13	957	B	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3		15
13		B	<i>J. furcellata</i>		1.95	1H, 2D
13	51	C	<i>B. prionotes</i>	10, 9.9, 11.9		13

13	52	C	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	19		13
13	53	C	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	26.3		13
13	54	C	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3.2		13
13	958	C	<i>B. prionotes</i>	3.3, 2.3		15
		C	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	seedling	1.9	H
13	55	D	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3.8		15
13	56	D	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	8.4		15
13	959	D	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3.3		11
13		D	<i>J. furcellata</i>	2 seedlings 1.8, 1.5		
13		D	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	3 seedlings 1.35, 0.7, 2.17		
13	57	E	<i>B. prionotes</i>	10.7, 11.4		13
13	58	E	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	35.8		13
13	59	E	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	5.1		13
13			<i>J. furcellata</i>	8 seedlings	0.7-2.5	7H, 1D
15		A	x			x
15	1	B	<i>E. salmonophloia</i>	30, 33.5		15
15	2	B	<i>E. salmonophloia</i>	17.7, 13.3		13
15	3	C	<i>E. salmonophloia</i>	29.9, 34.9		17
15		D	x			x
15		E	x			x
16		A	x			x
16		B	x			x
16	4	C	<i>E. salmonophloia</i>	31.2, 20.9		13
16	5	C	<i>E. salmonophloia</i>	30.5, 51.9		13
16		D	x			x
16		E	x			x
17		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	2 individuals	2.9-3	2H
17		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	3 individuals	3.6-3.7	3H
17		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	5 individuals	3-4.1	5H
17		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	6 individuals	2.7-4.6	5H, 1S
17		E	<i>M. acuminata</i>	6 individuals	1.6-4.9	6H
18		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	7 individuals	2.5-3.1	6H, 1D
18		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	8 individuals	2.3-2.8	2H, 6D
18		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	8 individuals	1-3.1	4H, 4D
			<i>M. acuminata</i>	seedling	0.5	1H
18		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	2 individuals	2 - 2.9	2H
18		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	6 seedlings	0.5 - 0.7	5H, 1D
18		E	<i>M. acuminata</i>	14 individuals	2.5-3.5	11H, 3D
			<i>M. acuminata</i>	seedling	0.5	1H

19		A	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	36 individuals	2.1 - 4.2	36H
19		B	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	39 individuals	(Ht range for	37H, 2D
19		C	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	39 individuals	whole plot)	38H, 1D
19		D	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	38 individuals		37H, 1D
19		E	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	46 individuals		43H, 3D
20		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	13 individuals	3-4.3	12H, 1D
20		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	14 individuals	2.7-4.3	9H, 2S, 3D
20		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	12 individuals	3.1-3.8	11H, 1D
20		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	8 individuals	3-3.7	7H, 1S
20		E	<i>M. acuminata</i>	5 individuals	2.8-3.6	5H
21		A	x			all dead
21		B	x			all dead
21		C	x			all dead
21		D	x			all dead
21		E	x			all dead
22		A	x			all dead
22		B	x			all dead
22		C	x			all dead
22		D	x			all dead
22		E	x			all dead
23		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	86 individuals	1.1-2.5	83H, 1S, 1D
23		A	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	2 individuals	2.8-3.2	2H
23		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	43 individuals	1-2.75	41H, 2D
23		B	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	2 individuals	2.8-3	2H
23	27	C	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	11, 11.1, 8.7		15
23	28	C	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	10.2, 10.3		11
23	29	C	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	7.6, 6.4, 7.3		11
23		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	23 individuals	1-2.65	21H, 1S, 1D
23	30	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	D		D
23	32	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	6.7		9
23	33	D	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	5.5		8
23		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	14 individuals		14H
23	34	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	5.7, 5.5, 3.3, 3.2, 6, 7, 5.4, 3.8		19
23	35	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	RD		RD
23	36	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	6.6		7
23	37	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	11.6, 11.2		9
23	38	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	7.9		9
23	40	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	11		15
23		E	<i>M. acuminata</i>	7 individuals	1.5-2.7	7H
23		E	<i>Hakea priessii</i>	1 individuals	1.4	1H
24	532	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	RD		
24		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	20 individuals	1.5-3	19H, 1S
24		A	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	71 individuals	1.7-4.1	70H. 1S

24		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	31 individuals	1-2.7	5H, 26D
24		B	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	25 individuals	1.9-3.75	23H, 2S
24		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	29 individuals	1.2-1.8	5H, 24D
24		C	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	45 individuals	2.5-3.2	38H, 7D
24		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	15 individual	D	15D
24		D	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	13 individuals	2.1-3.2	10H, 1S, 2D
24	533	E	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	9.5, 7.5, 7.1, 4.8, 6.3, 4		13
24		E	<i>M. lateriflora</i>	16 individuals	1.1-3.8	10H, 3S, 3D
25	534	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	6.5, 7.3		15
25	535	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5.7, 6.0		15
25	536	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	1.5	1.95	3
25	537	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	RD		RD
25	538	A	<i>E. wandoo</i>	6.3	3.7	13
25		A	<i>M. acuminata</i>	99 individuals	1-2.5	95H, 2S, 2D
25	540	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	RD		
25	542	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	D		
25	543	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	4	2.04	11
25	545	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	3	2.7	8
25	546	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	2.1	1.86	13
25	547	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	3.8	2.25	7
25	548	B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	6	1.9	3
25		B	<i>E. wandoo</i>	2seedlings	0.2-0.5	2S
25		B	<i>M. acuminata</i>	63 individuals	1-2.5	59H, 3S, 1D
25	544	C	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5, 4		8
25	549	C	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5.4, 4.5	3.6	13
25	550	C	<i>E. wandoo</i>	2.7	3.31	5
25	551	C	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5.8, 4.6, 4.7, 5.8		15
25		C	<i>M. acuminata</i>	25 individuals		22H, 2S, 1D
25	552	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	8.7, 5.8, 6.5		13
25	554	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	3	2.11	3
25	555	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	2.1	2	8
25	556	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	4.5	2.03	8
25	557	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	3.6	2.54	8
25	558	D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	D		D
25		D	<i>E. wandoo</i>	D		D
25		D	<i>M. acuminata</i>	54	1-2.5	53H, 1D
25	559	E	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5.2	4.2	15
25	560	E	<i>E. wandoo</i>	5.6, 5.3		15
25	562	E	<i>E. wandoo</i>	4	2.57	3
25	563	E	<i>E. wandoo</i>	3	3.31	3
25		E	<i>M. acuminata</i>	36 individuals	1-2.5	34H, 1S, 1D
26	8	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	12, 7.9, 12.1, 3.9, 3.7		15
26	9	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	3.3	4.2	11
26	10	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	3.9, 9.7, 4.5, 3.3, 9.1, 7.5, 7.5, 6.5, 8.3, 3.2, 3.9, 6.2,		17

				5.1, 3.8, 7.4, 6.2		
26	11	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	6, 3.6, 3		13
26	12	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	12, 13.8		13
26	13	A	<i>A. acuminata</i>	4.4	4.2	11
26	14	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11, 14.8, 9.7, 8.9, 6, 4, 3.2, 5.6, 16.4, 10, 14.7		19
26	15	B	<i>A. acuminata</i>			11
26	16	B	<i>A. acuminata</i>	7.4, 9.9, 7.6, 5.5, 2.7, 2.7, 2.7, 3.9, 2.2, 12.5, 11.6, 4.9, 8.6, 7.7, 11.4		15
26	17	B	<i>A. acuminata</i>	RD		D
26	26	B	<i>A. acuminata</i>	6.3		11
26	18	C	<i>A. acuminata</i>	4.1	3.8	15
26	19	C	<i>A. acuminata</i>	2.4, 5.6, 4.6, 3.8, 2.8, 3.9, 2.5, 3.9	4.6	17
26	20	D	<i>A. acuminata</i>	6.5, 6.4, 7.8		7
26	22	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	7.2, 11.3, 7, 11, 8.5, 9.3, 5.8, 5.8		15
26	23	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	29.4		19
26	24	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	11.4		9
27	355	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	29.2	10	17
27		A	<i>C. obesa</i>	365 seedlings	0.15-2.93	H
27	356	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.5, 32		19
27		B	<i>C. obesa</i>	279 seedlings	0.1-2.3	H
27	357	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	19.6		15
27	358	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.2, 15.3		13
27	359	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.8		15
27	360	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.7		8
27	361	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.4		13
27	362	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.8		13
27		C	<i>C. obesa</i>	118 seedlings	0.3-2.45	H
27	363	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	17, 11.9		15
27	364	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.9, 8.2, 6.3, 4.1		15
27		D	<i>C. obesa</i>	135 seedlings	0.4-2.55	H
27	365	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	21		15
27	366	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	15.9		17
27		E	<i>C. obesa</i>	175 seedlings	0.15-2.83	H
28	367	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.3		11
28	368	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	24.8		10
28	369	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4, 4.1, 6, 5.2		9
28	370	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.7, 3.4		7
28	371	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
28	373	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD

28	374	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.1		11
28	375	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.1		9
28	376	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.9		11
28	377	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.5		11
28	378	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	10		11
28	400	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.2		9
28	401	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11		13
28	403	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.9, 7.5		11
28	404	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.4		7
28	405	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
28	406	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.2		9
28	407	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
28	408	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.5, 2.4, 2.4		11
28	409	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9, 4.6		5
28	410	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
28	411	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
28	412	B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	5.4, 3.9		11
28	415	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.1, 8.7		9
28	416	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.2, 5, 7		11
28	417	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		13
28		B	<i>Eucalyptus sp.</i>	2 seedlings	0.6-1.41	
28	418	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.5		15
28	419	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.5		15
28	420	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.5		13
28	421	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.2		9
28	422	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.9		9
28	423	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		13
28	424	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.8		11
28	426	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		11
28	427	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.7		12
28		C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	1 seedling	2.07	
28		C	<i>Eucalyptus sp.</i>	2 seedlings	1.5-1.97	
28	425	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		11
28	429	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	21.9		11
28	430	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.9, 7.2		13
28	431	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.7		15
28	432	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.4		13
28	434	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		13
28	435	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.5		15
28	436	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		13
28	437	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.4		11
28	438	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.1		9
28	439	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
28	440	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		13
28	441	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
28	442	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
28	443	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		9
28	454	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		
28	455	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
28		D	<i>Eucalyptus sp.</i>	1 seedling	0.95	

28	444	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.5		12
28	445	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.8		13
28	446	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.4		11
28	447	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
28	448	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.9		9
28	449	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		9
28	450	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.2		9
28	451	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.1		7
28	452	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		11
29	456	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	457	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	458	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	22.9, 18.5		8
29	459	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.8		11
29	460	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	15		11
29	461	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	462	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	463	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	22.5		9
29	464	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.1, 16.2, 25.3		9
29	465	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	466	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
29	467	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.8		9
29	468	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.9		7
29	469	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	22		9
29	470	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.9		10
29	471	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	19.3		9
29	472	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	20.7		9
29	473	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	19		10
30		A	<i>B. prionotes</i>	1 seedling 5 outside plot	3	H
30	480	B	<i>B. prionotes</i>	D		D
		C	<i>J. furcellata</i>	2 seedlings	0.7-1.5	H
30	503	D	<i>B. prionotes</i>	4.8		13
30	510	E	<i>A. acuminata</i>	D		D
30	954	E	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	10.2		21
32	71	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.3		15
32	72	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>			D
32	73	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>			D
32	76	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>			D
32	80	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>			D
32	82	east bank	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	4	3.5	14
32	84	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.8, 8.3		13
32	85	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	22.5		13

32	87	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	21.8		17
32	88	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	17.5		9
32	89	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	14		9
32	90	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.3, 10.6		17
32	91	east bank	<i>M. laterflora</i>	9.4, 9.1		15
32	92	east bank	<i>M. laterflora</i>	10.1, 10.5, 7		15
32	97	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	7.8		3
32	98	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	11.5, 10.4		11
32	100	east bank	<i>A. acuminata</i>	21.5		11
32	103	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	31.9		15
32	104	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	34.4		15
32	105	east bank	<i>A. acuminata</i>	17.2, 23.3		7
32	106	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	11.1, 19.1, 11.7		3
32	107	east bank	<i>A. acuminata</i>	21.5		11
32	109	east bank	<i>E. loxophelba</i>	49.7, 9.4		8
32	111	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		15
32	112	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9	3.4	15
32	113	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		15
32	114	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.1	3.3	15
32	115	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
32	116	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.4	2.8	15
32	117	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1, 1.8	3.5	15
32	118	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.9	3.5	15
32	119	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.8	2.8	15
32	120	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.8	4	15
32	121	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	2	2	6
32	122	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.1	2.5	6
32	123	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.5	2.5	6
32	124	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.2	3.9	15
32	125	east bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D

32	126	east bank	<i>C.obesa</i>	RD		RD
32	127	east bank	<i>M. laterflora</i>	9.2	2.9	21
32	128	east bank	<i>M. laterflora</i>	8.8		13
32	129	east bank	<i>A. acuminata</i>	6.5		17
32	130	east bank	<i>A. huegeliana</i>	7.6		17
32		east bank	<i>M. laterflora</i>	D		D
		east bank	<i>A. acuminata</i>	1 seedling	1	
32	1	west bank	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	15.2, 13.4		11
32	5	west bank	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	31.8, 26, 22.7, 35.5		11
32	7	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.2		17
32	8	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.6		17
32	9	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.6		17
32	10	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.6		17
32	12	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.8		17
32	22	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	27		17
32	24	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	21.8		17
32	30	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	27.6		17
32	36	west bank	<i>E. loxophleba</i>	31, 23.5		15
32	42	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	19.1		15
32	46	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.2		11
32	47	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.8		13
32	50	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.9, 11.1		15
32	51	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.8		13
32	52	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.5		15
32	53	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.1		15
32	54	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.3		13
32	55	west bank	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	4.3, 3.1	2.8	11
32	64	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.3		17
32	66	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.9		17
32	68	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.9		17

32	69	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.1		17
32	70	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	15.1		11
32	133	west bank	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	3.2, 2, 1.5	2.7	11
32	134	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.2, 7.9		17
32	132	west bank	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.4		15
32	131	west bank	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	3.7	3.2	11
32	110	east bank	<i>Hakea preissii</i>	7.3	2.6	13
		west bank	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	1 seedling	1.75	
33	222	fallen	<i>C. obesa</i>	epicormic growth		
33	200		<i>C. obesa</i>	17.3		7
33	202		<i>C. obesa</i>	16, 12.7		15
33	205		<i>C. obesa</i>	18.7		13
33	206		<i>C. obesa</i>	22.7		13
33	212		<i>C. obesa</i>	18.3, 16		8
33	214		<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
33	215		<i>C. obesa</i>	13.7		9
33	223		<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
33	232		<i>C. obesa</i>	17.4		8
33	233		<i>C. obesa</i>	17.1		13
33	234		<i>C. obesa</i>	16, 13.6, 16.1		13
33	235		<i>C. obesa</i>	20.9, 16.2		13
33	237		<i>C. obesa</i>	18.2		13
33	241		<i>C. obesa</i>	9.5		7
33	245		<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
33	246		<i>C. obesa</i>	13.7		11
33	247		<i>C. obesa</i>	22.2		13
33	248		<i>C. obesa</i>	10.5, 13.2		13
33	249		<i>C. obesa</i>	19.4, 13.6		15
33	250		<i>C. obesa</i>	12.3, 14, 17.5		13
33	251		<i>C. obesa</i>	13.3		13
33	255		<i>C. obesa</i>	16.3		15
33	256		<i>C. obesa</i>	14		15
33	997		<i>C. obesa</i>	11.4		15
33	996?		<i>C. obesa</i>	12.5		13
			<i>Eucalyptus sp</i>	1 seedling	2.3	H
			<i>C. obesa</i>	3 seedlings	0.4-1.5	2H, 1 grazed
34	470	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.1, 6.2		8
34	471	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	472	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.4		7
34	473	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D

34	474	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	475	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	476	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
34	477	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.9		7
34	478	B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
34	479	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
34	480	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	481	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	482	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		7
34	483	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
34	484	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	485	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.6		6
34	486	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.8		8
34	487	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	can't find		RD
34	488	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	489	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	490	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.8		3
34	491	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	492	B	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
34	493	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.1		3
34	494	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	495	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	8		13
34	496	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		3
34	497	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	498	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.2		3
34	499	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	501	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	10		8
34	502	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	503	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
34	504	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	505	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	506	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.7		3
34	507	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9		4
34	508	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.6		8
34	509	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.6		8
34	510	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		8
34	511	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	7, 7, 5		3
34	512	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	513	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	514	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	515	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	516	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	517	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	518	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	8		3
34	519	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	520	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	521	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3, 3.5		3
34	522	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4		3
34	523	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.2		3
34	524	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.9, 4.2		4

34	525	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.6, 8.1, 2.8		3
34	526	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	527	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	1.2		3
34	528	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	529	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.7		3
34	530	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.6		3
34	531	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.6		3
34	532	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	1.5		3
34	533	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.4		11
34	534	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.9		7
34	535	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1		3
34	536	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		5
34	538	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.2		3
34	539	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		5
34	540	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		11
34	541	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.7		7
34	542	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		RD
34	543	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		7
34	544	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	545	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	546	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	547	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		3
34	548	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		RD
34	549	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	550	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	551	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		5
34	552	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	553	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		5
34	554	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	555	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	559	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.1		11
34	560	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3		11
34	562	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.4		7
34	563	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.8		7
34	564	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	565	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.2		5
34	566	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	8		11
34	567	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		9
34	568	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.4		9
34	569	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.6		4
34	570	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.4		3
34	571	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.8		4
34	572	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1		4
34	573	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.7		3
34	574	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.9		4
34	575	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.1		5
34	576	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		5
34	577	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		3
34	578	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.2		9
34	580	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.1, 5.5		9

34	581	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		4
34	583	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5, 4.6		7
34	584	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		7
34	585	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	587	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		3
34	588	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.8		4
34	589	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.2		9
34	590	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		3
34	591	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.2		4
34	592	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	11		5
34	593	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.5		11
34	594	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	595	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
34	596	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	597	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	598	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		3
34	599	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	600	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	601	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	602	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.3		7
34	603	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	604	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	605	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		3
34	606	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.5		11
34	609	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.5		9
34	610	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		7
34	611	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	612	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	can't find		RD
34	613	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.2, 7.1		7
34	614	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.1		7
34	615	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		4
34	616	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.4		7
34	617	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.9		3
34	618	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	can't find		RD
34	619	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	620	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		5
34	621	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		3
34	622	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		4
34	623	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		7
34	624	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.7		5
34	625	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.8		3
34	626	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.2		3
34	627	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		5
34	628	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		6
34	629	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9		6
34	630	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.3		9
34	631	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.2		10
34	632	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		8
34	633	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	634	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		8

34	635	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		3
34	636	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.8		3
34	637	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9		3
34	638	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5		4
34	640	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	5		7
34	641	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	2.6		3
34	642	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.8		11
34	643	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		7
34	644	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		6
34	645	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		6
34	646	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		11
34	648	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.6		8
34	649	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.9		5
34	651	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.8		7
34	652	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.3		3
34	653	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.2		5
34	654	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4		3
34	655	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	656	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	657	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.8		7
34	658	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
34	659	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.4		4
35	273	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	7		6
35	274	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	24.3		10
35	275	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	13, 18.5		13
35	276	A	<i>C.obesa</i>	16.3		10
35	277	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	25.8		13
35	278	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	29.3		15
35	279	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	D		
35	280	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	22.2		7
35	281	B	<i>C.obesa</i>	15.3		7
35	282	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	19.2		11
35	283	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	20.1		11
35	284	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	17.4		13
35	285	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	23.9, 17.5		13
35	286	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	18.4		13
35	299	C	<i>C.obesa</i>	10.3		9
35	287	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	32.8		13
35	288	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	26.5		11
35	289	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	17.7		11
35	290	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	19.8		10
35	292	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	26.7		11
35	293	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	16.3		11
35	294	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	39.6		13
35	295	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	16.6		11
35	300	D	<i>C.obesa</i>	20.5		11
35	296	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	23.4		13
35	297	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	30		12
35	298	E	<i>C.obesa</i>	18.9		9

36	337	A	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
36	338	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	339	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	340	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	341	A	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
36	342	A	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		D
36	345	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	346	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	347	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.3		13
36	348	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	349	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
36	350	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.7		12
36	352	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	355	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	can't find		
36	358	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	359	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	361	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		4
36	362	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.2		9
36	363	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	365	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	366	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	367	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.5		5
36	368	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		5
36	369	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		5
36	370	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9		5
36	371	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.2		5
36	372	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	4.5		5
36	373	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	374	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	375	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	5.8, 4.2		9
36	376	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		3
36	377	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	379	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	380	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	can't find		
36	382	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	383	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.6		3
36	384	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	388	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	389	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	390	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	RD		RD
36	391	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	392	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.8		6
36	393	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.5, 10.8		3
36	395	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.6		9
36	396	C	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	8.7		9
36	397	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.1		7
36	398	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	399	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.2		5
36	400	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.4		7

36	401	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.3, 8.7		7
36	409	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.2		7
36	404	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	5.9		3
36	405	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.8		3
36	407	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	408	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.2		7
36	411	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	412	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	413	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	414	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	415	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	4.7		4
36	417	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.7		9
36	418	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	419	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		5
36	420	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	6.7		10
36	421	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	422	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	423	D	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	424	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.7		11
36	425	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	426	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	13		11
36	427	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	428	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.9		7
36	429	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	430	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	431	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	432	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	433	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	434	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	435	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	436	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.9		11
36	437	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
36	438	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.5		5
36	439	E	<i>M. strobophylla</i>	D		
36	440	D	<i>C. obesa??</i>	3		3
36	441	D	<i>C. obesa??</i>	4.2		4
36	442	D	<i>C. obesa??</i>	4.2		3
37	301	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	302	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	303	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.6		3
37	304	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.9		10
37	305	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	306	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.4		11
37	307	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.2		11
37	308	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	309	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	310	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.5		5
37	311	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.1		6
37	312	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.4		7

37	313	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.2		10
37	314	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	15.2		12
37	315	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	24.2		11
37	316	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.7, 8.9, 14.2, 20.2		13
37	317	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	318	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
37	319	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
37	320	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	321	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD
37	322	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.9, 10.2		9
37	323	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	324	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	325	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.8		7
37	326	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	20.6		5
37	327	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.3		7
37	328	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.7, 6.1		9
37	329	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	9.2		10
37	330	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.7		9
37	331	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	3.7, 10.3		4
37	332	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		
37	333	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.2		6
37	334	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	18		11
37	335	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	20.4		7
37	336	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	19.6, 16.8		13
38	440	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.7		15
38	441	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.7		13
38	442	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	18.5		15
38	443	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.8		13
38	444	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.6		13
38	445	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	7		15
38	446	A	<i>C. obesa</i>	6		8
38	447	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	16.3		15
38	448	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	10.6, 8.2, 7.7		15
38	449	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.7		15
38	450	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.3		9
38	451	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	9		11
38	452	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.9		11
38	453	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.3		11
38	454	B	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.6, 8.5		13
38	455	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	11		15
38	456	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	11.9, 13		13
38	457	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	13.7		13
38	458	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	14.8		13
38	459	C	<i>C. obesa</i>	7.6		11
38	460	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.3, 21.6		19
38	461	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	8.4		13
38	462	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	18		7
38	463	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD

38	464	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	17.8		7
38	465	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	12.1		13
38	466	D	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
38	467	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	D		D
38	468	E	<i>C. obesa</i>	RD		RD

Appendix Two: Vigour Trends

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

Lists the change in vigour of the structurally dominant species in each plot.
1977-1992 data collected by Mattiske Consulting (taken from Mattiske Consulting, 1993).

Plot 1	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977			27			7
1980			27			7
1982			27			7
1986			27			7
1992			27			7
1998	Not sampled					
2004	Not sampled					
2006/2007	Not sampled					

Plot 2	C. obesa			E.rudis			A. huegeliana		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	11			1		1	3		2
1980	10	1	1		1	1	1	2	2
1982	10	1	1		1	1	1	2	2
1986	8	2	2			2	1	1	3
1992	8	2	2			2	1		4
1998	Not sampled								
2004	Not sampled								
2006/2007	Not sampled								

Plot 3	C. obesa		
	H	S	D
1977		12	6
1980	4	8	6
1982	4	8	6
1986	1	2	15
1992	1	2	15
1998	1	2	15
2002	1	2	15
2004	3	0	15
2006/2007	3	0	0

Plot 4	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	18		3	9	9	2
1980	12	6	3	3	7	4
1982	12	6	3	3	7	4
1986	9	8	4		10	4
1992	9	6	6		5	9
1998	2	13	6		6	8
2002	0	12	9			14
2004	2	6	13			14

2006/2007	2	5	5			
Plot 5	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	106	2	3	83	1	12
1980	123	6	4	77	3	17
1982	123	6	4	77	3	17
1986	119	11	3	78	3	16
1992	119	11	3	78	3	16
1998	47	43	3	25	35	7
2002	25	57	12	7	13	47
2004	29	50	17	1	10	57
2006/2007	13	64	9	1	2	17

Plot 6	E. rudis		
	H	S	D
1977		1	1
1980			2
1982			2
1986			2
1992			2
1998			2
2002			2
2004			2
2006/2007			

Plot 7	C. obesa			E. rudis		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	4					
1980	4			1		
1982	4			1		
1986	2	1	1			1
1992	1	2	1			1
1998	4					1
2002	4					1
2004	3	1				1
2006/2007	3	1				

Plot 8	H	S	D
	no trees on this plot		
1977			
1980			
1982			
1986			
1992			
1998			
2002			
2004			
2006/2007			

Plot 9	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	85	4	2		2	12
1980	80	9	2		2	12

1982	80	9	2		2	12
1986	67	15	7		1	13
1992	67	14	8		1	13
1998	29	48				11
2002	21	52	4			11
2004	33	34	11			
2006/2007	29	38	7	no plants		

Plot 10	C. obesa			M. strobophylla			E. rudis		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	30			2				1	1
1980	30			2					2
1982	30			2					2
1986	29		1	2					2
1992	28	1	1	2					2
1998	12	18		1	1				2
2002	8	21	1		2				
2004	12	9	7	0	1	1			
2006/2007	11	8	10		1	1			

Plot 11	C. obesa			M. strobophylla			E. rudis		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	5		2	6		1		1	14
1980	5		2		6	1		1	14
1982	5		2		5	2		1	14
1986	5		2		1	6			15
1992	2	3	2			7			15
1998	5		2			7			15
2002	5		2			7			15
2004	5		2			7			
2006/2007	5								

Plot 12	E. loxophleba			A. acuminata			A. huegeliana		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	6			5		4	1		
1980	6	1		5		4	1		
1982	6	1		6		4	1		
1986	6	1		5	1	4	1		
1992	6	2		4	3	5	1		
1998	5	1		5	2	5		1	
2002	5	1		5	2	5		1	
2004	6			7		5	1		
2006/2007	4	2		6	1			1	

Plot 13	A. huegeliana			B. prionotes		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	37	1		15	1	
1980	34	4		13	3	
1982	37	5	1	11	5	
1986	30	6	2	2	10	4
1992	5	3	32	2	3	13
1998	14	11		4		
2002	18	1		5		

2004	14	5	3	2
2006/2007	21	2	5	

Plot 14	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	11	4	7	1		
1980	3	12	8	1		
1982	3	12	7	1		
1986	2	12	7	1		
1992	3	10	9	1		
1998	Not sampled					
2002	Not sampled					
2004	Not sampled					
2006/2007	Not sampled					

Plot 15	E. wandoo			E. salmonophloia		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	1			5	1	5
1980	1			3	3	5
1982	1			4	2	5
1986		1			6	5
1992		1			5	6
1998			1	3		8
2002			1	3		8
2004			1	3		8
2006/2007				3		

Plot 16	E. salmonophloia		
	H	S	D
1977	4		
1980	1	3	
1982	1	3	
1986	1	2	1
1992		2	2
1998	2		2
2002	2		2
2004	2		2
2006/2007	2		

Plot 17	E. salmonophloia			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	4	2	3	21		
1980		5	4	22	2	1
1982	1	4	4	26		
1986		4	5	26		
1992		2	7	26		
1998			9	21		5
2002			9	20	1	2
2004			9	20	2	2
2006/2007				21	1	

Plot 18	E. loxophleba			E. salmonophloia			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977			2			22			
1980			2			22			
1982			2			22			
1986			2			22			
1992			2			22			
1998			2			22			
2002			2			22	25		5
2004			2				35	3	11
2006/2007							32		15

Plot 19	M. lateriflora			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	143		6			
1980	62	46	179			
1982	131	25	120			
1986	124	30	122			
1992	40	86	148			
1998	140		136	1		
2002	131	28	118			
2004	198					
2006/2007	191		7			

Plot 20	E. salmonophloia			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977	13	1	50	54		
1980	8	1	55	43	7	4
1982	6	4	54	48	2	4
1986	2	9	53	45	2	7
1992		7	57	35	22	1
1998			64	31		27
2002			64	44	3	18
2004				46	1	23
2006/2007				44	3	5

Plot 21	C. obesa			M. strobophylla			E. rudis			M. lateriflora		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977			24			8			8			2
1980			24			8			8			2
1982			24			8			8			2
1986			24			8			8			2
1992			24			8			8			2
1998			24			8			8			
2002			24			8			8			
2004	all dead											
2006/2007	all dead											

Plot 22	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977			4		1	5
1980			4			6
1982		1	3			6

1986			4			6
1992			4			6
1998			4			6
2002			4			6
2004	all dead					
2006/2007	all dead					

Plot 23	E. loxophleba			E. wandoo			M. lateriflora			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977												
1980	14	1		3			6			180		
1982	14	1		3			9			319		
1986	15			2	1		9			221	1	97
1992	12	3		2	1		10			179	1	136
1998	10	2		1		2	6			161	2	
2002	7	4	1			3	6			139	9	2
2004	4	6	1			3	4			173		2
2006/2007	2	7	2				4			166	2	4

Plot 24	M. lateriflora			M. acuminata			E. wandoo			E. loxophleba		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977												
1980	188		16	1								
1982	209		16	1								
1986	204		5	2								
1992	202	1	9	2								
1998	367	13	24	33	36	30						
2002	141	31	25	28	17	32	1			1		
2004	162		8	35		60		1		1		
2006/2007	151	7	12	29	1	65			1	1		

Plot 25	E. wandoo			E. sp			M. lateriflora			M. acuminata		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977												
1980	69	128	2	69	128	2				109		153
1982	82	113	4	82	113	4				261		
1992	121	24	2				86			293		10
1998	14	17					86			293		10
2002	10	15	6							192	19	10
2004	9	14	10							270	8	19
2006/2007	9	13	5							263	8	6

Plot 26	A. acuminata			C. obesa		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977						
1980	11	1	4	2		
1982	10	4	3	2		
1986	9	2	6	2		
1992	11	5	6	2		
1998	13	3	6	2		
2002	14	3	6	2		
2004	10	5	6	2		
2006/2007	8	6	1	2		

Plot 27	C. obesa		
	H	S	D
1977			
1980			
1982			
1986			
1992			
1998	12	0	0
2002	11	1	0
2004	12	0	0
2006/2007	11	1	0

Plot 28	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977						
1980						
1982						
1986						
1992						
1998	26	40		1		
2002	28	30	9		1	
2004	21	31	16		1	
2006/2007	18	33	9		1	

Plot 29	C. obesa		
	H	S	D
1977			
1980			
1982			
1986			
1992			
1998	5	13	
2002		18	
2004		12	6
2006/2007		12	6

Plot 30	B. prionotes			A. acuminata			A. huegeliana		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977									
1980									
1982									
1986									
1992									
1998	17	19		1					
2002	1	1	34		1		1		
2004	1		35				1		
2006/2007	1		35				1	1	

Plot 31	B. prionotes			A. huegeliana			J. furcellata					
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1977												
1980												

1982												
1986												
1992												
1998	10	4	1	4		1	4					
2002	5	7	3	5		1	8	4	3			
2004	NOT SAMPLED											
2006/2007	NOT SAMPLED											

Plot 32	C. obesa			M. strobophylla			E. loxophleba			E. rudis		
	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D	H	S	D
1983	35	11	1	5	1		8	2				3
1988	31	12	4	4	1	1	8	2				3
1998	28	12	7	2	3	1	6	4				3
2002	24	17	8		4	1	7	4				3
2004	32	5	12		4	1	4	4				3
2006/2007	34	5	7	1	3	1	3	8				

Plot 33	C. obesa		
	H	S	D
1983	10	23	
1988	6	24	3
1998	3	21	9
2002	4	20	9
2004	10	13	12
2006/2007	16	7	3

Plot 34	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
2000	6	173	22		13	17
2002	5	169	27		2	28
2004	8	116	77			30
2006/2007	1	113	87			

Plot 35	C. obesa					
	H	S	D	H	S	D
2000	10	18	8			
2002	11	16	9			
2004	16	10	10			
2006/2007	10	16	10			

Plot 36	C. obesa			M. strobophylla		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
2000	2	71	11	2	24	13
2002	3	60	23		20	18
2004	9	26	54		5	33
2006/2007	2	32	55		4	34

Plot 37	C. obesa			E. rudis		
	H	S	D	H	S	D
2000	5	31				2
2002	4	32				2
2004	5	20	11			2
2006/2007	3	20	13			

Plot 38	C. obesa					
	H	S	D	H	S	D
2000	9	20				
2002	5	24				
2004	14	13	2			
2006/2007	17	8	4			

Appendix Three: Understorey Data

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

	Species	2006/2007 Number	2006/2007 %Cover	2006/2007 Ht (m)	Comments
Plot 3					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	All Dead
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Casuarina obesa</i>	1	1	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	1	0.1	New
Plot 4					
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	2	0.2	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	5	45	0.7	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	30	0.7	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	6	7	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	5	0.5	
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	5	0.5	

	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
Plot 5	<i>plot went from SE to NE</i>				
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		6	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
C	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		8	0.3	New
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		5	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>		2	0.3	
Plot 6					
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		5	0.2	New
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		2	0.2	New
C	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.2	
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		2	0.2	
D	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		5	0.25	New
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.2	
E	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		5	0.25	New
Plot 7					
A	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		25	0.1	New
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		5	0.1	New
	<i>Goodenia viscida</i>		2	0.3	New
C	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		5	0.1	New
	<i>Goodenia viscida</i>		2	0.3	New

D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	2	0.4	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		1	0.1	New
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	4	5	0.4	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
Plot 8					
A	<i>Casuarina obesa</i>	1	0.5	0.3	grazed
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		10	0.1	New
B	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		10	0.1	New
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		15	0.2	New
D	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		10	0.1	
	<i>Aniganthus tomentosus</i>		15	0.2	New
E	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>		5	0.1	
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		15	0.2	New
Plot 9					
A	x	0	0	0	
B	x	0	0	0	

C	x	0	0	0	
D	x	0	0	0	
E	x	0	0	0	
Plot 10					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		5	0.1	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		10	0.25	New
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.3	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		5	0.1	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>		10	0.25	New
C	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>	2	7	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		2	0.1	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		25	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		3	0.1	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		5	0.5	
	<i>Wilsonia rotundifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		4	0.1	
Plot 11					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	16	25	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	4	5	0.05	

	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	2	2	0.4	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	3	5	0.7	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	3	15	0.4	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	4	10	0.4	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	3	5	0.5	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	12	20	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	1	0.1	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i>	1	2	1.5	New
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	5	10	0.5	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	2	2	0.1	New
Plot 12					
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	2	0.1	New
B	x				
C	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	2	0.1	New
D	x				
E	x				
Plot 13					
A	x				
B	<i>Jacksonia furcellata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>	24	8	0.2	
C	<i>Melaleuca seriata</i>	1	1	0.4	
	<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>	11	6	0.4	
D	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>		1	0.5	

	<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>		2	0.2	
E	<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>		8	0.3	
	<i>Jacksonia furcellata</i>	1	1	0.7	
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
Plot 15					
A	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	3	1	0.2	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Daviesia debilior</i>	2	1	0.2	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	7	1	0.3	
	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	2	1	0.2	
B	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	11	10	0.4	
	<i>Daviesia debilior</i>	1	1	0.3	
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	11	2	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	2	1	0.1	
C	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	7	5	0.3	
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	15	2	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	2	1	0.2	
	<i>Daviesia debilior</i>	6	5	0.4	
D	<i>Daviesia debilior</i>	17	15	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	2	1	0.3	
	<i>Comesperma virgatum</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	17	1	0.2	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

	<i>Daviesia debilior</i>	9	10	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	4	1	0.2	
Plot 16					
A	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	2	10	1	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	11	5	0.2	
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	3	1	0.1	
	<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	0	0	0	
B	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	2	5	0.8	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	8	2	0.2	
	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>	1	2	0.7	
	<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	0	0	0	
C	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	1	10	1.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	16	6	0.2	
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>	2	1	0.7	
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
D	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	5	1	0.2	
	<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	4	1	0.1	
	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	3	1	0.2	New
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>	1	1	0.25	New
E	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	11	5	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	3	1	0.2	
	<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	2	0.5	0.2	

	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	3	1	0.1	
Plot 17					
A	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	8	6	0.3	
B	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	9	6	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>	1	2	0.3	
C	<i>Gahnia ancistrophylla</i>	2	3	0.3	
D	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
E	x	0	0	0	
Plot 18					
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	3	2	0.1	
B	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	4	2	0.1	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	1	0.5	0.3	New
C	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	7	2	1	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	1	2	0.2	
D	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	1	1	0.2	
	<i>Melaleuca acuminata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	9	3	0.2	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	
E	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	2	1	0.5	
Plot 19					
A	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	2	6	0.3	
B	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
C	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	1	7	0.2	
D	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	1	1	0.2	New
E	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	4	5	0.2	New
Plot 20					
A	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	8	10	0.8	
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	7	1	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>	1	1	0.9	
B	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>		1	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
C	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	7	3	0.5	
D	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	10+	3	0.7	
E	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	5	1	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	2	1	0.1	
Plot 21					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	75	30	0.2	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		15	0.2	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		15	0.2	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		20	0.2	
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		30	0.2	
Plot 22					
A	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	75+	3	0.5	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		8	0.15	
B	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		1	0.15	
C	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		1	0.15	
D	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	100+	8	0.15	
E	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	100+	6	0.15	
Plot 23					
A	x				
B	x				
C	x				
D	x				
E	x				
Plot 24					
A	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>	1	1	0.5	
	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>	1	1	0.2	
	<i>Melaleuca acuminata</i>				
B	<i>Melaleuca acuminata</i>				
C	x				
D	x				
E	x				
Plot 25					
A	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	
B	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	
C	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	

	<i>Chorizandra enodis</i>	0	0	0	
D	<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Cryptandra sp</i>	0	0	0	
E	<i>Lepidosperma tenue</i>	1	1	0.2	
	<i>Ptilotus manglesii</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>	0	0	0	
	<i>Cryptandra sp</i>	0	0	0	
Plot 26					
A	x				
B	x				
C	x				
D	x				
E	x				
Plot 27					
A	x				
B	x				
C	x				
D	x				
E	x				
Plot 28					
A	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	2	1	0.3	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	2	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	5	30	0.7	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	8	3	0.5	

	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	1	0.1	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>	1	1	0.4	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	8	2	1	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	2	3	0.8	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	9	3	1	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	5	0.7	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	12	5	1.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
Plot 29					
A	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	1	1	0.3	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	2	2	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	1	1	0.1	New
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	4	4	0.5	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	0.5	0.2	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
Plot 30					
A	x				
B	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>	2	5	0.4	
C	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>	2	5	0.6	
D	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>	1	2	0.4	
E	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

	<i>Austrostipa compressa</i>		2	0.7	
Plot 31					
A	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>				
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>				
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>				
B	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>				
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>				
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>				
C	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>				
	<i>Lepidobolus preissiana</i>				
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>				
D	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>				
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>				
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>				
E	<i>Lomandra rupestris</i>				
	<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>				
Plot 32 (RF1)					
Whole Plot	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		15	0.3-0.4	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		30	0.4	
	<i>Dianella revoluta. divaricata</i>		1	0.3-0.5	
	<i>Hakea preissii</i>		1	1.5	
	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>		1	0.3	
	<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>		2	0.2-0.3	
	<i>Carpobrotus sp</i>		0.5	0.1	New
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>		0.5	0.4	New

Plot 33 (RF4)					
Whole Plot	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		5	0.5	
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Goodenia viscida</i>		1	0.4	New
Plot 34					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.1	
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		40	0.4	
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		45	0.4	
	<i>Halosarcia indica</i>		2	0.5	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		15	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		10	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		1	0.2	New
Plot 35					
A	x				
B	<i>Carpobrotus sp.</i>	1	0.5	0.1	
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.2	
C	<i>Carpobrotus sp.</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	1	0.1	0.1	New
D	<i>Carpobrotus sp.</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Carpobrotus sp.</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	0.5	0.4	
Plot 36					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		15	0.4	

	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		1	0.1	New
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		0.5	0.15	
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		2	0.2	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		3	0.4	
	<i>Carpobrotus sp.</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		1	0.1	
Plot 37					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		20	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		1	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		5	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>		5	0.4	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i>		1	0.4	

	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
Plot 38					
A	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	2	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
B	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.25	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
C	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	1	1	0.3	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
D	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0	30	0.6	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead
E	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	2	5	0.5	
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0	0	0	Recently Dead

Appendix Four: Salinity Data

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

**Plot 3 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	264	208	317	255	400	316
4	248	189	298	211	343	261
8	255	200	241	182	378	319
12	259	208	218	172	337	284
16	250	195	258	204	292	251
20	229	181	282	236	291	248

Plot 4

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	312	212	287	194	283	115
4	217	116	287	182	288	181
8	269	178	268	163	264	112
12	219	116	294	182	260	161
16	289	113	271	160	246	154
20	282	166	375	228	240	141

Plot 5 - 2006/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	280	185	276	175	253	163
4	281	159	258	163	295	180
8	335	197	317	174	271	111
12	300	231	294	178	257	160
16	308	197	291	179	257	111
20	350	231	290	175	275	185

**Plot 6 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	283	174	250	150	266	159
4	285	173	252	149	248	150
8	276	168	243	144	237	146
12	253	149	239	140	250	149
16	208	125	228	134	255	150
20	263	152	250	151	269	161

**Plot 7 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	316	220	324	195	288	196
4	318	218	332	228	286	187
8	341	230	341	244	306	177
12	344	233	265	170	261	156
16	315	193	224	152	239	154
20	320	196	281	171	245	154

**Plot 8 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	311	197	315	196	289	181
4	295	179	327	207	310	190
8	295	179	322	206	307	186
12	298	189	304	189	286	180
16	299	183	283	173	280	174
20	292	181	285	176	279	170

**Plot 9 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	150	131	280	186	236	129
4	242	154	296	193	241	150
8	289	188	259	151	255	162
12	163	169	292	110	269	163
16	255	150	301	195	291	185
20	250	174	128	187	253	148

Plot 10 - 2006/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	353	253	419	285	399	300
4	356	254	407	301	405	283
8	412	293	418	297	441	320
12	410	292	399	279	441	312
16	355	271	417	294	434	308
20	397	290	428	302	437	312

**Plot 11 -
2006/2007** after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal

0	427	303	382	245	323	235
4	431	309	400	272	338	228
8	437	322	407	479	372	237
12	427	285	419	308	397	269
16	428	310	471	315	411	283
20	420	292	456	313	451	334

**Plot 12 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	82	46	29	42	52	27
4	84	42	68	37	48	23
8	81	43	73	38	46	24
12	82	45	75	40	42	20
16	88	44	68	36	39	17
20	95	53	69	33	40	19

**Plot 13 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	33	19	32	20	31	18
4	32	20	32	20	30	19
8	32	19	31	19	31	19
12	33	20	31	19	30	19
16	34	21	31	19	30	18
20	35	22	32	19	31	20

**Plot 15 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	172	131	153	206	178	
4	148	106	154	185	135	
8	156	102	147	183	130	
12	168	116	145	180	132	
16	180	130	161	177	130	
20	178	126	171	167	120	

**Plot 16 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	144	103	146	96	161	115
4	150	112	145	104	183	130
8	135	83	154	112	176	122
12	135	92	198	143	174	162
16	147	109	180	126	175	134
20	161	118	154	104	188	145

**Plot 17 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	169	120	241	181	172	173
4	173	119	220	173	240	193
8	161	106	225	167	190	126
12	236	172	190	128	171	112
16	280	252	219	153	218	190
20	259	263	202	128	192	127

**Plot 18 -
2006/2007** 100's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	184.8	183.4	187.7	188.5	187.9	189.3
4	185.3	181.5	187.6	187.7	187.8	187.8
8	186.3	186.9	187.9	188.1	188.2	189.1
12	186.8	185.8	186.9	188.4	188	188.1
16	187	185.4	186	185.2	187	187.2
20	186.8	185.6	187	186	187.7	189.2

**Plot 19 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	516	389	528	399	562	490
4	471	330	555	415	465	315
8	512	410	507	361	507	349
12	458	316	467	320	515	408
16	488	411	460	334	455	356
20	447	349	457	340	499	394

**Plot 20 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	178	108	177	116	168	132
4	170	106	163	112	156	114
8	174	134	165	116	162	110
12	164	119	178	120	169	121
16	191	168	170	99	180	142
20	199	169	194	168	187	130

**Plot 21 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal

(m)						
0	538	723	746	946	728	945
4	621	729	684	876	715	878
8	639	799	612	772	911	902
12	701	922	727	731	810	1011
16	744	1053	604	859	796	1016
20	1005	1251	899	950	1000	1159

**Plot 22 -
2006/2007** 1000's-after rain

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	981	867	827	935	750	810
4	845	860	890	948	663	851
8	806	833	697	790	733	940
12	761	811	717	752	696	788
16	690	692	740	755	655	716
20	701	728	815	873	775	909

**Plot 23 -
2006/2007** NB: subplots run E-W instead of N-S, thus reading were taken from NW (0,0) to SW (0,20). Calibration site at (10,0). 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	213	146	165	111	194	129
4	209	150	175	121	211	148
8	232	175	228	160	224	160
12	249	181	236	165	214	150
16	249	193	235	187	235	169
20	278	151	224	147	222	162

**Plot 24 -
2006/2007** NB: tagged on the NE post. 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	190	121	167	111	143	87
4	179	122	190	137	198	111
8	159	103	201	128	210	140
12	152	97	205	136	195	128
16	149	89	224	137	177	115
20	175	103	202	121	161	105

**Plot 25 -
2006/2007** 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	165	103	138	104	146	102
4	154	100	155	103	164	115
8	168	118	163	125	165	114
12	166	110	150	103	163	113
16	169	120	137	109	152	106

20	180	121	167	108	169	118
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Plot 26 -
2006/2007 NB: x100 range used on EM38

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	90	51	86	49	81	46
4	96	54	92	53	84	48
8	95	56	100	58	88	49
12	98	57	110	63	98	57
16	120	70	120	72	109	62
20	126	77	116	70	117	67

Plot 27 -
2006/2007 31/1/07 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	106	65	134	89	130	79
4	112	69	131	86	121	75
8	116	72	132	81	127	75
12	113	75	146	95	136	86
16	116	73	139	88	131	81
20	115	68	130	79	123	73

Plot 28 -
2006/2007 1/02/2007 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	245	152	241	146	257	164
4	272	176	270	182	269	172
8	288	196	297	183	280	188
12	278	192	307	217	305	208
16	300	217	282	182	308	209
20	309	203	330	233	313	215

Plot 29 -
2006/2007 1/02/2007 1000's

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	408	282	385	262	404	268
4	429	289	387	266	384	262
8	397	276	366	258	376	269
12	421	294	386	260	393	271
16	428	305	384	271	394	271
20	401	269	396	213	378	272

Plot 30 -
2006/2007 NB: x100 range used on EM38

EM38	Distance Across (m)		
	0	10	20

Distance (m)	Vertical		Horizontal		Vertical		Horizontal	
0	7.1	3.1	9	2.7	14.2	6.2		
4	6.2	2.4	8.5	2.5	12.7	4.4		
8	4.6	1.5	8.1	1.3	12.6	4.2		
12	4.8	1.4	7	2.4	12	5.9		
16	4.8	1.5	6.4	0.5	11.1	5.4		
20	4.7	1	5.3	0.7	10.4	5.2		

Plot 32 (RF1) - 2006/2007 100-after rain

EM38	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
Distance (m)	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	150.1	94.1	85.2	53.4	74.3	47.3
4	160.3	112.8	123.6	77.3	89.5	55.8
8	174.3	132.1	165.7	107.4	115.9	76.5
12	180.7	162.3	179.2	144.7	174.1	121.8
16	182.6	172	182.2	163.9	184.9	163
20	184.8	182.5	185.2	181.6	184.8	180.1
24	185.7	186	186.5	186.6	186.4	185.3
28	185.8	185.5	186.9	181.9	187	188.3
33	183.6	179.8	184.3	180.4	186.1	188.6
37	184.4	180	186.1	185.9	186.8	187.1
41	184.7	179.6	185.4	183	187.5	186.7
45	167.2	123.8	176.7	146	185.8	183.7
49	145.1	101.4	154.8	106.5	179.4	150.6
53	120.7	78.1	129.2	86.7	178.8	149.2
57	99.3	63.4	96.5	62.3	119.1	128.8
61	87.5	55.1	88.4	57.3	95.6	62.3
65	90.3	54.7	85.5	54.9	88.5	57.5

NB: (0,0) is at NW post, (40,0) is at NE post; (20,0) is at SW post and (20,40) is at SE post.

Plot 33 (RF4) - 2006/2007

EM38	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
Distance (m)	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	260	195	152	100	157	95
4	225	161	212	157	161	95
8	251	159	188	131	152	94
12	300	221	210	22	135	84
16	279	200	198	145	153	93
20	234	157	214	151	189	118
24	238	175	206	131	203	114
28	235	157	245	170	302	207
32	187	120	224	171	283	200
36	191	128	252	145	312	238
40	215	142	280	201	274	213

Plot 34 - 2006/2007 30/01/2007

EM38	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
Distance (m)	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal

0	405	282	268	252	401	283
4	349	266	434	274	402	290
8	380	271	401	267	287	210
12	372	280	365	255	357	246
16	366	271	353	257	344	246
20	354	261	349	266	379	255

Plot 35 1/02/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	302	214	292	206	279	200
4	286	205	261	188	256	184
8	285	210	247	172	267	190
12	288	213	241	169	263	183
16	293	226	244	174	261	187
20	291	208	242	174	260	181

**Plot 36 -
2006/2007** 1/02/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	407	275	360	238	447	310
4	447	297	322	223	395	272
8	448	298	322	210	256	227
12	459	341	296	196	346	233
16	485	337	352	240	321	218
20	423	276	325	225	342	221

**Plot 37 -
2006/2007** 1/02/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	386	256	471	309	471	298
4	441	290	472	340	414	269
8	501	293	393	246	364	237
12	391	262	423	275	327	205
16	383	263	385	250	317	200
20	366	221	353	225	337	220

**Plot 38 -
2006/2007** 30/01/2007

EM38 Distance (m)	Distance Across (m)					
	0		10		20	
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
0	401	298	355	252	262	191
4	402	297	318	247	273	196
8	325	252	303	225	314	231
12	321	237	285	215	287	214
16	348	256	273	194	317	221
20	324	232	290	213	459	311

Plot T42 (seedling plot)2006/2007		30/01/2007					
EM38		Distance Across (m)					
Distance (m)	0		10		20		
	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	
0	220	153	275	197	245	169	
4	206	135	187	125	248	162	
8	212	152	180	117	239	197	
12	269	188	223	148	206	145	
16	306	199	309	205	245	174	
20	279	171	300	190	321	207	

Appendix Five: Seedling Data

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

Plot 39	2006/2007			
	Distance (m)	Seedling #	Height (M)	EM38 (V)
0-5	2	2.0-3.0	140	87
5-10	6	1.7-4.0	130	81
10-15	19	1.0-4.0	112	66
15-20	17	0.5-4.5	111	71
20-25	18	1.0-4.0	116	68
25-30	10	0.5-4.0	132	86
30-35	3	0.5-1.5	145	84
35-40	18	1.0-3.0	143	87
40-45	30	0.3-3.0	159	96
45-50	6	0.5-2.5	210	127
50-55	0	0	149	88
55-60	0	0	148	89
60-65	1	0.5	143	87
65-70	0	0	123	67
70-75	1	1	123	73
75-80	2	0.5-1.0	157	103
80-85	8	0.5-2.5	172	104
85-90	2	0.5	176	130
90-95	0	0	138	85
95-100	2	0.5	130	84

Plot 40	2006/2007			
	Distance (m)	Seedling #	Height (M)	EM38 (V)
0-5	50	1.0-3.5	177	125
5-10	96	0.5-5.3	133	84
10-15	210	0.3-6.4	134	82
15-20	62	0.2-2.5	126	76
20-25	25	0.2-2.1	126	84
25-30	120	0.2-2.0	117	71
30-35	37	0.3-1.6	121	78
35-40	16	0.2-0.7	123	76
40-45	16	0.1-1.0	133	83
45-50	12	0.1-0.5	145	89
50-55	22	0.2-1.1	137	86
55-60	3	0.1-0.7	131	82
60-65	111	0.2-2.8	122	77
65-70	102	0.2-3.6	104	64
70-75	60	0.5-4.0	93	57
75-80	80	0.5-4.0	107	67
80-85	60	0.5-3.1	115	73
85-90	47	0.8-2.8	131	88
90-95	34	0.1-2.2	169	110
95-100	29	0.5-2.3	184	125

Plot 41	2006/2007			
	Distance (m)	Seedling #	Height (M)	EM38 (V)
0-5	8	1.5-3.0	118	75
5-10	16	0.5-5.7	91	60
10-15	33	0.5-5.0	110	73
15-20	32	0.75-5.2	96	58
20-25	40	0.7-4.2	100	59
25-30	80	0.5-4.5	108	67
30-35	75	0.5-3.75	107	59
35-40	105	0.5-3.7	101	56
40-45	210	0.3-3.0	105	65
45-50	120	0.4-3.2	109	68
50-55	175	0.5-3.0	129	77
55-60	290	0.5-3.0	137	85
60-65	410	0.4-2.75	131	82
65-70	425	0.3-2.5	148	90
70-75	300	0.3-2.0	180	113
75-80	237	0.5-1.75	166	102
80-85	100	0.4-2.25	160	99
85-90	40	0.5-1.5	176	104
90-95	14	0.7-1.75	208	121
95-100	9	0.5-2.0	294	197

Appendix Six: Percentage Cover

Vegetation Monitoring of Toolibin Lake and Reserves

Plot	<i>C obesa</i>	<i>M strobophylla</i>	<i>B prionotes</i>	<i>A huegeliana</i>	<i>E loxophleba</i>	<i>M lateriflora</i>	<i>M acuminata</i>	<i>A acuminata</i>	<i>J furcellata</i>	<i>E salmonophloia</i>	<i>E wandoo</i>
3	2										
4	10	0									
5	20	1									
6											
7	15										
8											
9	50	0									
10	10	2									
11	10										
12				1	30			15			
13			1	5					1		
15										5	5
16										5	5
17							20				
18							15				
19						45					
20							25				
21	0	0									
22	0	0									
23		1			3	10	40				
24					1	40	30				1
25							60				2
26	1							15			
27	5										
28	20										
29	6										

30			1	1						
32	7	1		1	5	1		1		
33	5									
34	30									
35	30									
36		1								
37	7									
38	20									