

Dates meetings were held	27/5/09; 12/11/09
Summary of recovery Actions	New populations of the following threatened flora were located:  Calectasia cyanea (CR), Banksia brownii (CR), Persoonia micranthera (CR), Andersonia pinaster (EN),  Caladenia bryceana subsp. bryceana (EN), Chordifex abortivus (VU)
	Known numbers of <i>Eucalyptus</i> burdettiana (East Mt Barren) and Verticordia helichrysantha (Vu) (Trigelow Beach) were substantially increased following survey,
	New translocations was completed for the CR taxa Gastrolobium luteifolium and Latrobea colophona at a new site recently purchased by DEC, while further translocations to existing sites were undertaken for Banksia anatona, Banksia brownii, Lambertia fairallii and Banksia montana.
	The Albany aerial phosphite program for control of <i>Phytophthora</i> dieback continued in 2009. Monitoring indicates that species decline and disease spread has been reduced particularly at <i>Banksia anatona</i> population 2, <i>Daviesia pseudaphylla</i> Pop 1 and <i>Daviesia glossosema</i> P1.
	The status of four Priority flora were evaluated following survey for nomination as DRF: Asterolasia sp Kalgan (P1), Calochilus pruinosum (P1), Banksia rufa ssp pumila and (P2) Gastrolobium vestitum (P2).
	Acacia awestoniana was re-surveyed after fire in 2006 and a change in status from VU to CR recommended.
One to two paragraph summary of achievements suitable for WATSNU	A new population of Calectasia cyanea (CR), previously known from only one population of 100 plants was located near the Albany wind farm by local volunteer Keith Smith.  Extensive survey has been conducted around Albany for this species with efforts made to retrace the steps of Robert Brown who first collected the species in 1801. Keith was looking for the Queen of Sheba orchid Thelymitra variegata whose coloration resembles that of the Calectasia, a possible case of floral mimicry to attract pollinators.
List of actions undertaken by Recovery Team	
Annual monitoring of Critically Endangered Flora including 13 species in phosphite program	
Post-fire monitoring of <i>Verticordia crebra</i> (VU), burnt 2008, <i>Adenanthos ellipticus</i> (VU), West Mt Barren, burnt in 2006.	
Aerial phosphite application to 18 DRF in 30 targets, 282 ha in	

total.

New targets were established for *Daviesia ovata* (CR) at two sites, Manypeaks west.

Additional herbivore protection (caging/ fencing) was undertaken for CR taxa *Persoonia micranthera, Banksia montana,* and *Daviesia ovata,* and commenced for *Acacia awestoniana* (VU).

Rabbit baiting (1080 oats) was initiated on Bluff Knoll and East Bluff to protect CR taxa *B. montana*, *P. micranthera* and *L. gnaphalioides* as well as other components of the Montane Thicket TEC.

Additional seed collections were made for CR taxa *Banksia* montana, *Daviesia glossosema*, *D. pseudaphylla and Lambertia fairallii*, *B. anatona*, and *Daviesia ovata*.

Cuttings were taken from CR taxa *Persoonia micranthera*, *Daviesia ovata* and *Latrobea colophona*.

Extensive monitoring was conducted for *Calectasia cyanea* (CR) at Torndirrup National Park and the wind farm area.

Herbicide control of *Dolichos lignosus*\*(post-fire) was ongoing with around populations of *Apium prostratum* ssp. *phillipii* in the Porongurup NP.

## **Communications:**

Journal article in Australasian Plant Conservation regarding seed orchards for CR taxa, autumn 2009.

Presentation on translocations and seed orchards at Kew UK spring 2009.

Article on translocations submitted to Kew Bulletin summer 2009.

Phytophthora dieback interpretation on display at Albany Wildflower Show.

Article in Mountain Forum Bulletin July 2009 including DRF management within Montane Thicket TEC

Assessment of progress towards meeting criteria for success (from Recovery Plan)	Phosphite slows rate of decline for Stirling Range and other CR taxa threatened by <i>P. cinnamomi, ex-situ</i> conservation and establishment of seed orchards for these species adds to total numbers of individuals.
	Other CR taxa remain stable other than where fire has impacted on populations in the short term.
Assessment against criteria for failure (from Recovery Plan)	