## ARALIACEAE

1. ASTROTICHE, DC.

Calyx-teeth minutely prominent. Petals 5, valvate, usually pubescent outside. Stamens 5. Disk broad and not thick, the margin often prominent. Ovary 2-celled. Styles 2, distinct, at first erect, afterwards recurved. Fruit flattened or thick, the endocarp hardened into 2 pyrenes, furrowed on each side of the commissural edge or curved into spurious empty cells, the endocarp quite distinct as in other Araliaceæ, but not so succulent. Albumen even.—Shrubs more or less clothed with a stellate tomentum. Leaves petiolate, undivided, entire. Umbels pedunculate, in large terminal panicles. Flowers articulate on the pedicel.

The genus is limited to Australia. It is usually placed in *Umbelliferæ*, but the structure of the flowers and fruit, as well as the habit, are much nearer those of *Panax*, from which the genus differs slightly in the epicarp rather drier, in the foliage and the stellate to-

Fruit thick, with narrow wings on each side. Endocarp curved into spurious cells on each side of the inner angle of the pyrene. Leaves

Fruit flat. Endocarp grooved only on each side of the inner angle of

pyrene.

Leaves from ovate-lanceolate to narrow-lanceolate

Leaves linear-lanceolate, acute, mostly 3 to 6 in. long. Calyx-teeth
scarcely conspicuous

Leaves from oblong-linear to narrow linear, obtuse, 1 to 3 in. long. 

1. A. pterocarpa.

2. A. floccosa.

3. A. longifolia.

4. A. ledifolia.

Astrotricha hamptonii