PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT INSECT SURVEY SUMMER 1990 - 1991

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PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT INSECT SURVEY

SUMMMER 1990 - 91

Introduction

The survey was conducted in accord with directives in the CALM Insect Manual. Weekly monitoring of new plantings were performed by CALM staff primarily to assess the level of wingless grasshopper and budworm populations with the object of determining when appropriate measures of control were to be implemented. Data was collected from plantation managers by Simon Penfold then forwarded to Economic Entomology for collation and assessment.

There were a number of difficulties in assessing the data. These included:

1. Method for assessing populations of wingless grasshopper and budworm as described in the 1990 edition of the CALM manual was obviously not practical for plantation staff (see appendix I). Thus each manager adopted their own individual method; from recording populations as none (0), low (0 - 20), medium (20 - 50), high (>50), most common qualification in parentheses; to several other methods. Some rankings used a quadrat sampling method, some a plant row walking method, other methods were not clear. Thus population estimates of whatever nature were inconsistent and not comparible between observers.

The data on wingless grasshopper and budworm therefore refer to the number of positive sightings not number of individuals.

2. The initial data gave no indication of any control measures implemented. This was because application to spray notices had not been included. This data implied that although insects were present in plantations their numbers were not high enough to justify control. However from a number of chemical control enquires directed to Economic Entomology (ex Nannup and Kirup) I knew this to be false. Also in the procedure for application to spray, the insect survey form for that week would accompany the application and thus be missing from the data. Only extensive enquiries enabled me to recover this information.

Secondary to this problem was that applications to spray were often several for one site over a period of days. These sometimes listed different recommended insecticide treatments and sometimes not. It was difficult to determine whether such applications referred to one control treatment or several unsuccessful attempts. I assumed for the most part that they were singular treatments.

I would therefore like to point out that the control data may be incomplete.

3. A few plantation forms included data for only 1 or 2 quadrats. Such data are unusable. Also very few forms had the reverse

pages on damage estimates completed (I. Abbott, personal communication).

4. Several forms referred to large numbers of spring beetles and weevils, but no specimens appear to have been collected. This means that these obsevations are useful only in a very general sense (I. Abbott, personal communication)

Results and Discussion

A total of 306 observations were taken from 36 plantations. Examining individual weekly records (table 1) wingless grasshopper was present in 57% of samples; budworm in 17%. Of the 13 eucalypt and mixed eucalypt plantations 62 observations were made in which 27% of records showed wingless grasshopper present; 19% of records showed spring beetle present; 6% of records had budworm present (only mixed pine and eucalypt).

Comparing plantations: 57% of all plantations were infested with budworm, 74% with wingless grasshopper (table 2). Despite the greater apparent infestation rate by wingless grasshopper most control measures were directed toward budworm (table 3). I suspect that the number of control operations for wingless grasshopper is an under-estimate since it was believed by plantation managers that the recommended control for this insect was not effective. Thus it is likely that in cases of high grasshopper numbers budworm was looked for to justify a more prefered spray regime. This problem has now been addressed with permission to use alphamethrin to control this insect (CALM insect manual, 1991, attachment 6A).

For control methods against other insects there is one record for locusts, two for garden weevil and one for spring beetle (table 3). However the control for spring beetle is an assumption as the target insect is not clear (see raw data summary p7, appendix III). It mube pointed out that for spring beetle, observation numbers and the number of control measures taken are not a reliable estimate of the incidence or impact of this insect on eucalypt plantations. reason for this is the nature of the insect in relation to its episotic behaviour. This insect flies in swarms particularly during spring and early summer. Swarms of these insects will fly into a plantation on clear sunny days and can strip eucalypt seedlings of leaves within three to six hours (personal observation) then fly on. Thus even if a plantation manager is present during a feeding flight, by the time a control measure is organised the insects have left and the damage is done. Usually eucalypt plantations adjoining native forest are most affected. Comments from plantation managers indicate damage by spring beetles is substantial.

Comments

This was the first plantation establishment insect survey conducted by CALM and many of the problems in sampling and observation technique have now been overcome. The original sampling technique was essentially designed for agricultural cropping systems and proved ineffective when applied to tree seedlings. New sampling techniques (see appendix II) for budworm, wingless grasshopper and weevils have

been devised so that the '91 - '92 survey should give a more comprehensive guide to insect populations and damage. Also control for wingless grasshopper has now been adjusted to a more acceptable insecticide so that the '91 - '92 survey should give a more reliable indication of the impact of this insect.

Comparing tree species, the data indicates that new plantations of pine had more insect problems than those of eucalypts. However only 36% of the plantations surveyed contained eucalypts in which the frequency of observations were far less than those for pines; an average of 4.8 observations per eucalypt plantation compared to 10.7 observations per pine plantation (see table 1). Whether this is a reflection of a later planting date for eucalypts is not known.

Spring beetles were recorded in 46% of eucalypt plantations. All of the spring beetle records are from Manjimup District. Whether the greater apparent incidence of this insect in Manjimup is a function of the greater number of observations made per plantation (mean 5.3, mode 6.0, table 1) or the location is uncertain. As mentioned previously spring beetle attack is episotic and thus more frequent observations are more likely to result in a greater apparent incidence. It may be useful in future to include a question on spring beetle presence within ecalypt plantations in the Plantation Insect Survey.

Lete

Table 1

Plantation Insect Survey Summer 1990 -91, summary of individual sample observations.

Insecticide Control		/12/9	15/12/90	/12/9		•	6/7			4/12/9	8/11/9	21/12/90	2/12/9							23/12/90				08/01/91	\mathbf{a}			
Inse			· ·			B&W	щ					GW								ф				Ţ				
W	•	H		н																						-		
SB																						7	7	٦	7	7	•	Н
æ % ¤				23		9			14	თ	16		31	25	9	∞	11			15					14			
BW		TT	თ	ო	ო	Н			П	Н	က		4	4	Н	1	7			7					Н			
% MGH		19	59	77	63	65		81	42	52	53		77	62	29	75	89	09		69	29	17	17	33	14	17	17	
WGH	,	16	16	10	14	11		<u>ი</u>	m	9	10		10	10	12	O	13	ო	50	თ	7	н	Н	7	н	н	Н	
a		56	27	13	22	17		11	7	11	19		13	16	18	12	19	വ	Н	13	က	9	9	9	7	9	ø	ਜ
Tree	. .	4	д	P&E	М	Д		Ħ	, Д	д	д		Ъ	д	д	Ъ	Ф	Ω _i	д	д	д	ы	퍼	Ħ	E&P	떠)	Д	中
Block		Cappell1	Skijoring	Horne	Treeby	Ball		Odea	WAWA1	WAWA2	UPC		Johnson	McWilliam	Dennis	Thorpe	Belrose	Milgraum	Lockhart	Wise	Cantwell	Dinnis	East	Johnson	Phillip	Price	Hanekamp	Long
District		Albany																				Manjimup						

Table 1 Cont.					•		•				•
		Tree			9/0		%			H	Insecticide
District	Block	ďs	ជ	WGH	WGH	BW	BW	SB	WV	S S	Control
Dwellingup	ALCOA	ы	2							,	
1	Wandellup	[띄	7								
Kirup	Ayer	떼	₽	1	100						
	Widdup	田	Н								
	Robert	ᅀ	7	7	100	7	100		,		
	Brown	ሷ	ч			Н	100				
	Ferndale F	д	ਜ਼			Н	100				
	Ferndale G	д	ㄷ			H	100				
	Southhampton	д	Н								
	Grimwade	떠	Н								
Nannup	Maidment	д	Н			Н	100			Д	26/12/90

6/13

12

9

52 4

27 68

17 168

62 246

3

Pine

Enc

Total

10

17

53

57

174

306

Note:

 $\mathbf{E} = \text{Eucalyptus.}$ P = pine; \mathbf{n} = number of observations (generally weekly) taken at each block. WGH = number of observations of wingless grasshopper

observations of bud worm number of BW =

of observations of spring beetle observations of unamed weevil Number = SB =

These values do not represent discrete insect population levels. % WGH and BW is calculated as % of n for each block

For control data

for wingless grasshoppper garden weevil "B" indicates control for budworm locusts "W" indicates control "GW"

Table 2

Plantation Details
(number of plantations)

Pltn Type	# Pltn	BW	WG	* В W	ક W G	*No B&W	** Cntrl
Euc	11	0	6		55	5	1
Pine	23	18	18	78	78	1	8
E&P	2	2	2	100	100	0	2
Total	36	20	26	57	74	6	11

^{*} Plantations where budworm and wingless grasshopper were absent. ** Number of plantations where chemical controls were implemented.

Table 3

Control Records

(*number of controls implemeted)

Budwm	Wingl.GH	Gd.Wv	Spr.B	Locust	Total
9	1	2	1	1	13

^{*} note comment 2 in introduction.

PLANTATION INSECT SURVEY

1.	SITE INFOR	RMATIC	N									
	Location		•	•••••	•••••		•••••					
	Tree Species		*************	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••••				
	Tree Age			••••••	•••••		••••••					
	Date			••••••	•••••	******	•••••	•••••				
	Name of Inse	ct	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••				
`	Identified by		************	• • • • • • •	•••••	••••••	••••••	••••••				
2.	INSECT SU	IRVEY				,						
2.1	Wingless g	rassho	pper and	bud	lwor	m						
count number a large one to paddo	ringless grassh the number of ers of budworm e plastic bag. two centimes ock until an esti-	individ is to ca Shake these long mate car	uals of earefully cur ne plants in this shape the made.	ch sy the n the ould	pecie plant e bag	s. A ra s from to dis	ipid an a 100c lodge 1	d easy m x 10 the cate	method Ocm sq erpillars	d to esti- uare and and cou	mate l place unt the	the in ose
Recor	d of Survey (no	. ot indiv				_	_	_	•	0		^
Sample No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Wingless grasshopper Budworm												
2.2	Other injuri	ous ins	sect spec	ies	- :	· •••		4-			-	
	•	DAM	AGE (ci	cle '	whic	hever	appli	cable)			
si c b b	eaf keletonised hewed listers lotchy calls cales other (specify be	elow)	Shoot snipped of wilted dead deformed other			bro gna hol gal	ls les		cl d: le d	oot newed ry ssions eformed ther		
I	f leaf then: a	e the lea	eves affect	ed								
	mature: juvenile:	old old		ew ew								
Dam	nage Description	n:				 						
											<u>-</u>	
												_
		Fmm	CALM	lI	nse	ct M	lanua	1 19	190			

From CALM Insect Manual

PLANTATION INSECT SURVEY

1.	BUDWORM	(Helicoverpa	punctigera)
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WEEVILS (Phlyctinus callosus) (Listroderes difficilis)

1.1. Site Information

Location	•••••
Tree Species	
Tree Age	
Insect Name	

1.2. Survey Technique

Commencing the second week in October, randomly select lines of 20 trees (one line for every 20 hectares of plantation) and mark with pegs. This is necessary only for 1 year old plantations; although 2 year old plantations can be damaged.

Starting at weekly intervals, inspect the lines for the presence of budworms. When caterpillars are discovered on trees commence recording their numbers for each location on the form overleaf. Once budworms are recorded it is necessary to inspect plantations every 3 days.

When an average of 5 caterpillars are recorded in each row of 20 trees commence spraying.

PLANTATION INSECT SURVEY

2. WINGLESS GRASSHOPPER

Site Information

2.1.

Location Tree Species Tree Age

2.2. Survey Technique

Begin inspecting plantations in September. At random intervals estimate the number of nymphs to every square metre. Record your estimate on the form overleaf. Also record if damage to trees is occurring.

Eucalypt plantations are more susceptible to damage by wingless grasshopper than pine plantations.

2.3. Method of Recording

Estimate of numbers: Few (F) Moderate (M) Dense (D) $0 - 30m^2$ $30 - 100m^2$ $>100m^2$

Level of damage: Nil (0); Light (1); Moderate (2); Severe (3)

No damage (0) is when insects may or may not be present but no damage to trees is evident.

Light damage (1) is where obvious damage to foliage is apparent; however, <10% of the foliage is affected.

Moderate damage (2) is when 10% - 50% of the foliage is affected. Some shoots may have been removed.

Severe damage (3) is when >50% of the foliage is affected, shoots have been removed and some damage to the stems is occurring.

Example:

Location No.	1		2),	3	· -	4	,	5		6		•	7	8	
	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii	i	ii
DATE: 22.3.91	F	0	M	0	D	1	D	2	M	1	M	0	F	0	M	1

from CALM insect Manual

APPENDIX III

Raw Data Report Summary

Appendix III

PLANTATION SURVEY-INSECTS SUMMER 1990 - 1991 Raw Data Sunnang Report.

			SUMM	ER 1990) - 1991	
DI OIII	DATE .	* BDWORM	**	H CTRI.	OTHER	COMMENTS
PLOT	DATE	PDWOKN	MTI G	II CIKD	OTHER	
** DISTRICT			_			
\mathtt{BALL}	03/10/90	0.0		N		
BALL	10/10/90	0.0		N		
BALL	22/10/90	0.0	0	N		
BALL	31/10/90	0.0	0	N		
BALL	13/11/90	0.0	0	N		
BALL	13/11/90	0.0	${f L}$	N		
BALL	19/11/90	0.0	0	N		
\mathtt{BALL}	28/11/90	1.2	L	Y	CATPL ?	CATERPILLAR
			_	37		UNIDENTIFIED
\mathtt{BALL}	05/12/90	0.0		N		
\mathtt{BALL}	12/12/90	0.0		N		
BALL	18/12/90	0.0	\mathbf{L}	N		ADDI MO CDDAV NOM
BALL	20/12/90	,0.0		Y		APPL TO SPRAY NOT SURVY REC
D3.7.T	21 /12 /00	0.0	M	N		SORVI KEC
BALL	31/12/90			N		
BALL	16/01/91	0.0		N		
BALL	16/01/91	0.0		N		•
BALL	22/01/91	0.0		N N		
BALL	29/01/91	0.0				
BALL	11/02/91	0.0		N		
BELROSE	05/10/90			N		
BELROSE	18/10/90	0.0		N		
BELROSE	24/10/90			N		
BELROSE	14/11/90			N		
BELROSE	20/11/90			N		
BELROSE	27/11/90			N		
BELROSE	04/12/90			N		DATE_GUESSED
BELROSE	12/12/90			N		DAID_GODDODD
BELROSE	17/12/90			N		
BELROSE	20/12/90			N		
BELROSE	26/12/90			N		
BELROSE	02/01/91	0.2		N		
BELROSE	08/01/91			N		
BELROSE	14/01/91	0.0		N		
BELROSE	17/01/91			N		
BELROSE	17/01/91			N		
BELROSE	30/01/91	0.0		N		
BELROSE	05/02/91	0.0		N		
BELROSE	12/02/91			N		
CANTWELL	10/10/90			N		
CANTWELL	19/12/90	0.0		N		
CANTWELL	03/01/91			N		
CAPELLI	04/10/90			N		
CAPELLI	10/10/90	0.0		N		
CAPELLI	15/10/90			N		
CAPELLI	22/10/90			N		
CAPELLI	31/10/90			N		
CAPELLI	03/11/90			N		DO MOMII CHEM
CAPELLI	14/11/90	0.0	0	N		BD MOTH SEEN

^{* 99.9} in Budworm refers to no record

of population numbers

** Wingless Grasshopper recorded as Low, Medium, High

Page No. ,2 25/10/91

PLOT	DATE	BDWORM	WL	GH	CTRL	OTHER	COMMENTS
CAPELLI	19/11/90	0.8	0		N		
CAPELLI	22/11/90	0.6	0		N		
CAPELLI	26/11/90		Ō		N		
CAPELLI	28/11/90	0.0			N		
CAPELLI	30/11/90	0.2			N		
CAPELLI	05/12/90	0.8			N	WEVL	50%TREE INF WEVL n10
CAPELLI	07/12/90	0.4			N		
CAPELLI	10/12/90	1.3			N		•
CAPELLI	12/12/90		L		N		
CAPELLI	14/12/90				Y		SMPL N=8,
CAPELLI	21/12/90				Ñ		<u> </u>
CAPELLI	31/12/90		ŏ		N		
CAPELLI	03/01/91				N		
CAPELLI	09/01/91	0.0			N		
CAPELLI	15/01/91				N		
CAPELLI	15/01/91	0.0			N		
CAPELLI	18/01/91		L		N		
CAPELLI	24/01/91				N		
CAPELLI	29/01/91		L		N		
CAPELLI	11/02/91	0.0	L		N		
DENNIS	05/10/90				N		
DENNIS	09/10/90				N		
DENNIS	15/10/90				N		
DENNIS	24/10/90		0		N		
DENNIS	29/10/90		0		N		
DENNIS	14/11/90		M		N		WGH MEAN-37
DENNIS	20/11/90		0		N		
DENNIS	27/11/90				Ν.		
DENNIS	04/12/90				N		
DENNIS	17/12/90		M		N		WG_SMPL_N=5
DENNIS	26/12/90		M		. N		
DENNIS	02/01/91		M		N		
DENNIS	08/01/91		H		N		
DENNIS	14/01/91	0.0	L	•	N		
DENNIS	17/01/91		M		0	BLK.H.CAT	${\tt WGH_DAM_PL_EDGE}$
DENNIS	30/01/91		M		N		
DENNIS	05/02/91		M		N		
DENNIS	12/02/91		M		N		POORREC
HORNE	10/10/90		0		N		
HORNE	19/10/90				N		
HORNE	22/10/90	0.0			N		
HORNE	31/10/90	0.0	L		N		
HORNE	13/11/90	0.0	0		N		
HORNE	05/12/90	0.5	LM		N	EVL&BLCAT	
HORNE	10/12/90	0.3	L		N		
HORNE	18/12/90	0.1			N		TO CODIN NOT
HORNE	20/12/90		1		Y		APPL TO SPRAY NOT
	•						SURVY
HORNE	31/12/90				N		
HORNE	16/01/91	0.0	M		N		

PLOT	DATE	BDWORM	WL	GH	CTRL	OTHER	COMMENTS
HORNE HORNE HORNE HORNE JOHNSON	16/01/91 22/01/91 29/01/91 11/02/91 03/10/90 30/10/90 19/11/90 28/11/90 10/12/90 19/12/90 31/12/90 16/01/91 16/01/91 22/01/91 29/01/91 11/02/91 03/11/91	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.6 2.5 0.0 0.0 0.0	L L O O L M M M M M L M M M M		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		BUDWORM, SPRAY
LOCKHART LOCKHART MCWILLIAM	15/10/90 03/01/91 05/10/90 18/10/90 24/10/90 29/10/90 14/11/90 20/11/90 05/12/90 11/12/90 17/12/90 20/12/90 08/01/91 30/01/91	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.9	0 L 0 0 0 0 0 0 L L L M L L L	ſ	N N N N N N N N N N		DATE GUESSED
MCWILLIAM MCWILLIAM MILGRAUM MILGRAUM MILGRAUM MILGRAUM ODEA ODEA ODEA ODEA ODEA ODEA ODEA ODEA	05/02/91 12/02/91 16/10/90 22/11/90 03/01/91 19/01/91 24/01/91 03/10/90 22/10/90 22/10/90 28/11/90 05/12/90 18/12/90 16/01/91 22/01/91 29/01/91		M O O L L O O O L L I O M		N N N N N N N N N N		poor_record

PLOT	DATE	BDWORM	ML	GH	CTRL	OTHER	COMMENTS
ODEA SKIJORING	11/02/91 04/10/90	0.0			N N		
SKIJORING	10/10/90	0.0			N		
SKIJORING	16/10/90	0.0			N		
SKIJORING	24/10/90	0.0			N		
SKIJORING	31/10/90	0.0	0		N		MANUAL CANDANCE
SKIJORING	03/11/90	4.1			N		BD METH STRANGE
SKIJORING	05/11/90	3.0	M		N		BD METH STRANGE
SKIJORING	14/11/90	0.0			N		BD MOTH SEEN MOTHS PRESENT
SKIJORING	22/11/90	0.0			N	' \$	MOTHS PRESENT
SKIJORING	26/11/90	0.0			N	¥	
SKIJORING	28/11/90	0.2			N		BD 2/60 TREES
SKIJORING	30/11/90	0.1			N		DD 2/00 111-12
SKIJORING	07/12/90	3.5			N		BD_METH_STRANGE
SKIJORING	10/12/90	5.6			N N		
SKIJORING	12/12/90	3.2			N Y		SMPL_N=7, SPRAYED
SKIJORING	14/12/90				N		
SKIJORING	21/12/90				N		
SKIJORING	31/12/90	0.0			N		
SKIJORING	04/01/91 09/01/91				N		
SKIJORING	15/01/91				N		
SKIJORING SKIJORING	15/01/91				N		
SKIJORING	18/01/91				N		
SKIJORING	24/01/91				N		
SKIJORING	29/01/91				N		
SKIJORING	11/02/91	0.0			N		
THORPE	03/10/90	0.0			N		
THORPE	30/10/90	0.0			N		
THORPE	22/11/90				N		
THORPE	26/11/90				N		
THORPE	04/01/91				N		
THORPE	15/01/91				N N		
THORPE	15/01/91		L		N		
THORPE	18/01/91) L		N		
THORPE	24/01/91) L		N		,
THORPE	30/01/91 11/02/91) L		N		•
THORPE	18/12/93	-	ı L		N		
THORPE TREEBY	04/10/90		0 0		N		
TREEBY	10/10/9				N		
TREEBY	16/10/9				N		
TREEBY	24/10/9		0 0		N		
TREEBY	31/10/9		0 0		N		
TREEBY	03/11/9	0.			N		
TREEBY	16/11/9	0.			N		
TREEBY	20/11/9				N		
TREEBY	22/11/9				N		
TREEBY	26/11/9				N N		
TREEBY	10/12/9	U U.	1 M	•	74		

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PLOT	DATE	BDWORM	WL	GH	CTRL	OTHER	COMMENTS
TREEBY TREEBY TREEBY TREEBY TREEBY TREEBY TREEBY	19/12/90 21/12/90 04/01/91 09/01/91 15/01/91 15/01/91 18/01/91		L L L L L		N N N N N		
TREEBY TREEBY U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C.	24/01/91 30/01/91 11/02/91 05/10/90 15/10/90 24/10/90 29/10/90 10/11/90 14/11/90 22/11/90	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	L M O O O O		N N N N N N N N	WEVL	WEVL 50/2YR,20/1YR BD MOTH SEEN APPL TO SPRAY NOT SURVY REC
U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C.	27/11/90 04/12/90 06/12/90 13/12/90 17/12/90 20/12/90 21/12/90	1.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.2 0.0	0 L 0 L		N N N N N	WEVL WEVL	GARDEN WEVL, SPRAY GDN WEVL/TR 12 n=10 BD_SMPL_N=14 APPL TO SPRAY NOT SURVY REC
U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. U.P.C. WAWA1 WAWA1	02/01/91 08/01/91 14/01/91 17/01/91 30/01/91 05/02/91 12/02/91 18/10/90 01/11/90 20/11/90 02/01/91	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	L L L M L O O		N N N N N N N N		POORREC WGH_DAM_E.G
WAWA1 WAWA1 WAWA2	02/01/91 14/01/91 17/01/91 05/10/90 18/10/90 01/11/90 01/11/90 13/11/90 06/12/90 06/12/90 02/01/91 08/01/91	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.3 12.9	L L O O O O O L L M		N N N N N N N N N		WGH EATING TREES DOMINEX 14/12 E.G_DAM_WGH

APPL TO SPRAY NOT SURV REC
5
GE<12 GE<12 GE<12 BOX
G G

COMMENTS BDWORM WL GH CTRL OTHER DATE PLOT SPR BTL Ν 0.0 0 28/11/90 EAST SPR BTL N 28/11/90 0.0 EAST N 05/12/90 0.0 L EAST Ν 0.00 31/10/90 HANEKAMP 0.0 0 N 08/11/90 HANEKAMP N 0.0 0 14/11/90 HANEKAMP BD MOTHS PRESENT N 0.00 22/11/90 HANEKAMP SPR BTL 0.0 0 N 28/11/90 HANEKAMP N 0.0 L 05/12/90 HANEKAMP Ν 0.9 0 18/12/90 HANEKAMP N 0.0 0 31/10/90 JOHNSONS 0.0 0 N 08/11/90 **JOHNSONS** DAM IN TR=50,PL<10 SPR BTL N 14/11/90 0.0 **JOHNSONS** N 0.0 0 JOHNSONS 22/11/90 WG 100-200/mm N 28/11/90 0.0 H **JOHNSONS** N 0.0 L 05/12/90 JOHNSONS CTRL DOMINEX PL LOCUST 0.0 H Y 08/01/91 JOHNSONS SB, WE, SC, P SPRING BEETLE 75% N 0.0 04/10/90 LONG DAM, WEVL, 100 BTL PER TREE SPR BTL Ν 28/09/90 0.0 0 PHILLIPN CTRL DOMINEX,19/12 Y 2.7 0 18/12/90 PHILLIPN 0.0 0 N 31/10/90 PHILLIPM N 0.0 0 08/11/90 PHILLIPM N 0.0 0 14/11/90 PHILLIPM BD MOTHS PRESENT 0.0 0 Ν. 22/11/90 PHILLIPM DAMAGE MINOR SPR BTL 0.0 0 Ν 28/11/90 PHILLIPM 0.0 L N 05/12/90 PHILLIPM N 0.00 31/10/90 PRICE N 0.0 0 08/11/90 PRICE N 14/11/90 0.00 PRICE SPR BTL 0.0 0 Ν 20/11/90 PRICE SPR BTL N 0.0 0 28/11/90 PRICE ** Subtotal ** 3.6 ** DISTRICT NANNUP DAM 100%, SPRAYED Y 99.9 0 MAIDMENTS1 26/12/90 DOMINEX SPRY DOMINEX Y 99.9 18/12/90 MAIDMENT4 SPRY DOMINEX Y 18/12/90 99.9 MAIDMENT3 DOMINEX Y 18/12/90 99.9 MAIDMENT2 ** Subtotal ** 399.6 *** Total ***

553.9