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Department of Biodiversity,
Conservation and Attractions

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Bridal Creeper

Asparagus asparagoides



PP

Native to South Africa A wintergrowing smothering climber with shiny leaves, small white flowers, red berries and a mass of underground tuberous roots. Flowers in spring.



Reproduces by seeds and/or sections of rhizome. **Spread** by birds, animals, water, machinery and garden waste.

Asparagus Fern

Asparagus scandens

Native to South Africa A fern-like sprawling creeper, with tiny delicate leaves and small white flowers. Flowers in spring. Reproduces by root tubers and seed. Spread by fauna,

birds, garden waste and soil.

OTHER WEEDS OF CONCERN

Agapanthus
Blackberry
Black Locust
Bleeding Heart
Butterfly Bush
Cotoneaster
Flinders Range Wattle
Periwinkle
Sweet Pittosporum

Agapanthus praecox
Rubus spp
Robinia pseudoacacia
Omalanthus nutans
Polygala myrtifolia
Cotoneaster species
Acacia iteaphylla
Vinca species
Pittosporum undulatum
Chamaecytisus palmensis
Acacia melanoxylon

KEY:

Tagasaste



Tasmanian Blackwood

Fire hazard

This

This plant may cause injury

DP Declared Plant

PP Proclaimed Pest Plant of Denmark

WHAT IS AN ENVIRONMENTAL WEED?

- Environmental weeds are non local plants degrading our local bushland
- Weeds can be invasive, competing with and displacing native vegetation
- Disturbed soil favours opportunistic weeds
- Weeds impact adversely on the natural ecosystem, water resources, health, primary production, visual resources and tourism
- Weeds increase fire hazard

INFORMATION ON CONTROL METHODS

Plants require different controls as they reproduce in different ways. Check identification before removing any plant. Some local native species can be mistaken for a weed. Don't drop garden waste in bush. Prune plants after flowering and remove seed heads. Hand remove weed seedlings using minimal disturbance and mulch, direct seed or plant local native species. Seek professional advice.

TRAINING AVAILABLE LOCALLY FROM

TAFE 08 98481928 Green Skills 08 98481019

LOCAL BUSH REGENERATORS

Diane Harwood/DWAG 08 98482889 Ian Hackett/NARNAC 08 98481762

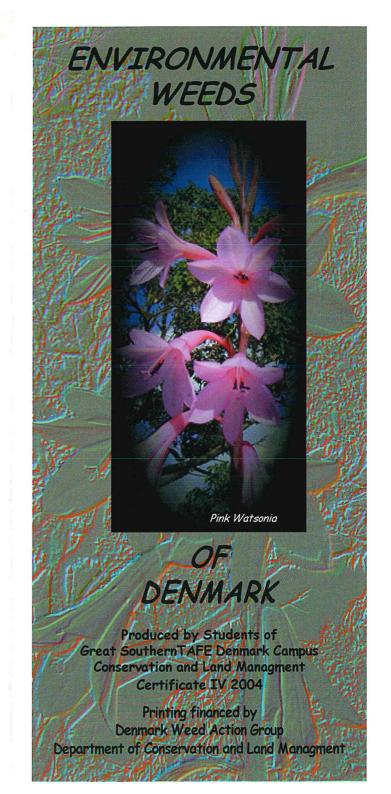
FOR MORE INFORMATION

Publications (available from Denmark Environment Centre) "Southern Weeds and their Control" and "Western Weeds: a guide to the weeds of Western Australia"

Online: www.weeds.org.au www.agric.wa.gov.au

www.members.iinet.net.au~ewan

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Victorian Tea Tree

Leptospermum laevigatum



Native to Eastern Australia An evergreen shrub to 5m. Grey green foliage. Has single white flowers with small broad petals. Flowers in Spring. Reproduces by seed. **Spread** by birds, animals, water, wind, machinery



and garden waste. Check: Some native species look similar.

Arum Lily

Zantedeschia aethiopica



Native to South Africa A robust perennial lily with broad shiny leaves and large funnel-shaped white



'flowers'. Flowers late autumn to spring. Reproduces by seed. Spread by birds, water, machinery, soil and rhizomes.

Taylorina

Psoralea pinnata

Native to South Africa Evergreen large shrub, with linear leaves and clusters of sweetsmelling pale blue flowers. Grows from 1.5 to appr. 5 m tall.

Reproduces by seed. Spread by birds, mammals, water, garden waste, soil and machinery.





Pampas Grass

Cortaderia selloana







Native to South America Tussock grass with large plume-like spikes to 4m high. Rasping leaves up to 1m long, crowded at base

of plant. Prolific seed production. Flowers opportunistic. Reproduces by seed. Spread by wind, water, machinery, soil, garden waste and rhizomes.

African Love Grass

Eragrostis curvula



Native to South Africa A vigorous densely tufted grass, growing up to 1.2m. It generally occurs on disturbed soils, mostly roadsides.

Flowers mostly in spring. Reproduces by seed. Spread by wind, mud, animals, but usually by road maintenance and machinery.



Wavy Gladiolus

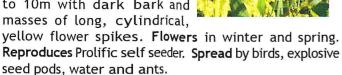
Gladiolus undulatus

Native to South Africa A perennial herb, arising from a corm. Flower colour creamy white. Base of stem is purple. Flowers in spring and early summer. Reproduces by seeds, underground bulbs and corms. Spread by soil and water.

Sydney Golden Wattle

Acacia longifolia

Native to Eastern Australia Dense bushy shrub or small tree to 10m with dark bark and



Dolichos

Dipogon lignosus



Native to South Africa Invasive perennial, climbing vine, with sprays of white, pink or purple pea flowers with large heart-shaped leaves. A garden escapee. Flowers in spring and summer. Reproduces by seed. Spread by birds, wind, garden waste and machinery.







Watsonia

Watsonia species



△[%] PP

Native to South Africa A flat-leaved plant with long stems and pale lilac, white, orange, shades of pink or red funnel-shaped flowers.

Flower spike to 2m. Produces many aerial corms. Flowers in spring to early summer. Reproduces by corms and seed.

Spread by water, soil, machinery and garden waste.

