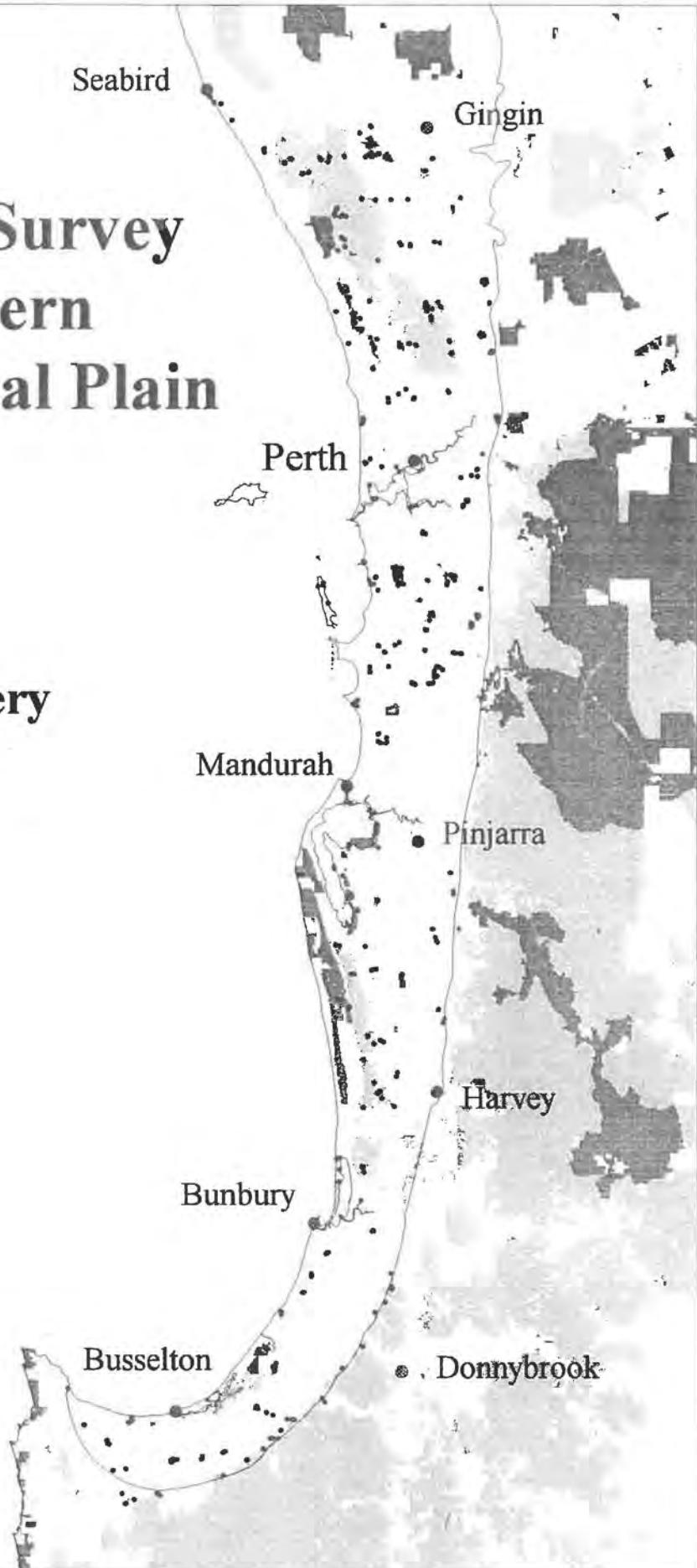
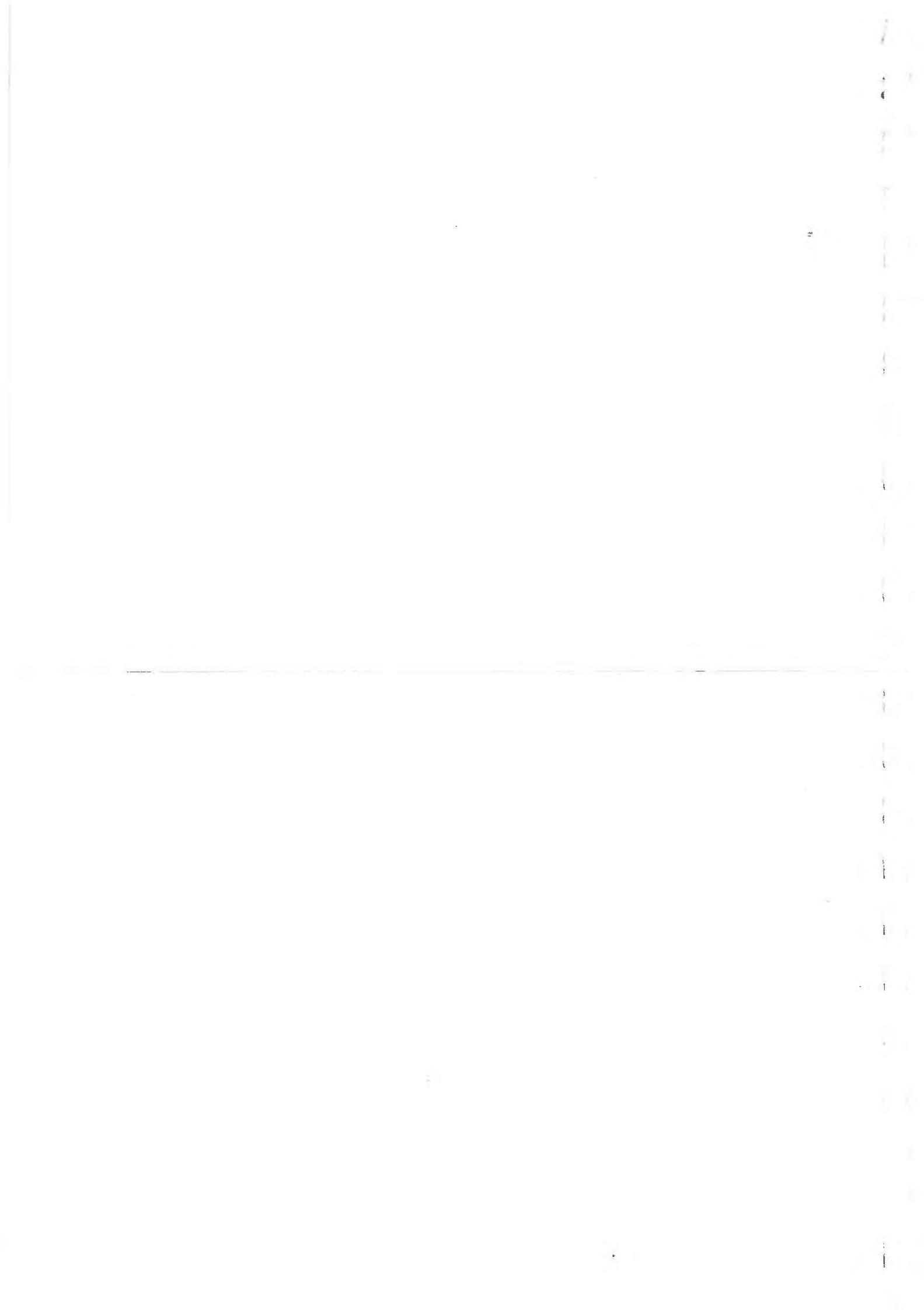


A Floristic Survey of the southern Swan Coastal Plain

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A report prepared by the Western Australian Department of Conservation and Land Management
and the Western Australian Conservation Council for the
Australian Heritage Commission.



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A Floristic Survey of the Southern Swan Coastal Plain

by

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ABSTRACT

A study was undertaken of the plant communities of remnant bushland on the southern Swan Coastal Plain (between Seabird and the foothills of the Whicher Range). Five hundred and nine sites were established and the floristic data were used to define the major regional community types.

A total of 1485 flowering plant taxa (species, subspecies and varieties) were found in the 509 quadrats or in adjacent areas. Of these taxa 1313 were natives and 172 were weeds. Sixty one taxa appear to be endemic to the study area. Most of the endemics are restricted to the eastern side of the coastal plain (28 taxa) or to areas of ironstone (13 taxa). Seventy seven taxa appear to have their southern range end and 48 taxa to have their northern range end in the study area. Ten species of Declared Rare Flora (DRF) were found during the survey. Two of these taxa (*Schoenus natans* and *Tetraria australiensis*) were previously believed to be extinct. In all, 19 new populations of DRF were recorded and a further 75 priority species were encountered. Eleven species are proposed for listing as Declared Rare Flora (eight of these species are from the very restricted southern ironstone communities) and changes to the priority listing are recommended for another 13 taxa. At least seven taxa appear to have become locally extinct on the southern Swan Coastal Plain.

The floristic analysis defined 30 communities types. It was possible to further subdivide some of these groups and, in all, a total of 43 types and subtypes were recognised. The major environmental correlates with this classification were seasonal moisture regime and geomorphology. Of the 30 major community types, three are found on the heavy soils of the eastern coastal plain, 16 in seasonal wetlands, four are centred on the Bassendean Dunes and seven are largely restricted to Spearwood and Quindalup systems.

The floristic classification showed very poor correlation to vegetation structure and, while geomorphology was a major environmental correlate, floristic community types were poorly correlated to individual mapped units. Similarly the floristic classification was poorly correlated with previously mapped vegetation complexes.

Of the 43 recognised community types or subtypes, ten are unreserved and a further 10 are only known from a single National Park or Nature Reserve. One community type (southern ironstones) is considered critically threatened, two communities are considered endangered, 15 are considered vulnerable and 11 are considered susceptible should any change in management or land use occur. Twelve communities are considered at low risk from any present threat and two communities could not be assessed due to insufficient information. Reserve recommendations are made to protect the three most threatened community types.

RECOMMENDATIONS

This study of the plant communities of the Swan Coastal Plain between Seabird and the foothills of the Whicher Range has lead to the following recommendations:

- 1) Eleven taxa should be proposed for listing as Declared Rare Flora and the priority listing for 13 taxa should be changed as detailed (Table 6).
- 2) The three most threatened community types need urgent reservation. The following areas should be declared as A class Nature Reserves for the protection of flora and fauna:
 - a) the southern ironstone communities from the five small areas of State Forest and the road and rail reserve east of Ruabon Nature Reserve. (This road and rail reserve is also of regional significance as it is one of the last two remaining continuous vegetated transects in the study area showing the catena of original vegetation types on the eastern side of the plain.)
 - b) the sedgeland in Holocene dune swales in the Point Becher area (M106) and the north west corner of Lake Walyungup (M103).
 - c) the eastern *Banksia attenuata* woodlands over species rich dense shrublands from Koondoola open space, Landsdale Rd, M12, and M 53
- 3) Final selection of areas for reservation of the 10 poorly reserved community types should be made in conjunction with species reservation data currently being collected.
- 4) The road and drain reserve on the southern side of Mundijong Road be declared as an A class Nature Reserve. (This area is of regional significance being the second catena of vegetation types across the eastern side of the plain).
- 5) As a consequence of the small amount of remnant vegetation on the eastern side of the plain, all such remnants in the study area with the basic vegetation intact or able to be regenerated are of high conservation value.
- 6) A further analysis of reservation status is needed since the present definition does not consider the area of communities reserved.
- 7) A similar analysis needs to be undertaken to determine conservation values of remnants not covered in this study since floristic community types are not well correlated to presently available geomorphological or vegetation mapping.
- 8) Additional work on the Swan Coastal Plain is required to determine, more precisely, the nature of floristic variation in the seasonal wetlands (because of their high levels of heterogeneity).

INTRODUCTION

The Swan Coastal Plain is a narrow belt of aeolian, alluvial and colluvial deposits generally of Holocene or Pleistocene age on which is found the city of Perth and most of the population of Western Australia. It extends from Dunsborough ($33^{\circ}45'S$) north to Jurien ($30^{\circ}06'S$). Beard (1980, 1981, 1990) included both the plain and the adjacent Dandaragan Plateau in the Drummond Botanical Subdistrict. Over most of its length the plain itself is less than 30 km wide and bounded on the west by the Indian Ocean and to the east by the faulted Yilgarn block (McArthur and Bettenay 1960). Ninety-seven percent of the alluvial soils on the eastern side of the plain in this area has already been cleared for agriculture or urban developments (A.H. Burbidge and J.K. Rolfe, unpublished data). Over the last 20 years there has also been a rapid expansion of major population centres. It is on the southern Swan Coastal Plain where most of the urban development will occur over the next 20 years (Department of Planning and Urban Development 1990). Despite the proximity of a major urban centre there still remains significant gaps in our knowledge of the distribution of flora and floristic communities of this area. Availability of such knowledge is vital if conservation of our unique flora and plant communities is to be integrated with urban and industrial growth.

CLIMATE

The coastal plain has a warm mediterranean climate with warm dry summers of five to six months and winter precipitation of 700 to 1000 mm (Table 1, Bureau of Meteorology 1988). Most of the plain receives 800 - 900 mm this drops off to 700 mm north of Yanchep and rises to over a 1000 mm at the base of the Scarp south of Pinjarra. There are similar gradients in mean temperatures across the study area (Table 1). The whole coast is under the influence of west to south westerly winds during winter but experiences strong diurnal wind patterns in summer with afternoon sea breezes reaching 20 - 30 knots. These winds occur throughout the summer months except when blocking high pressure systems result in dry hot easterlies.

Table 1. Annual rainfall, number of rain days, annual mean maximum temperature, annual mean minimum for five centres. Note Lancelin occurs on the coast just north of the study area. Data from Bureau of Meteorology (1988).

	Rainfall (mm)	Rain days	Mean Max. Temp (°C)	Mean Min. Temp. (°C)
Lancelin	627	112	24.0	13.3
Perth	869	119	23.6	13.5
Mandurah	888	118	23.4	13.4
Dwellingup	1279	131	21.7	9.7
Bunbury	871	119	21.9	12.4

GEOLOGY AND LANDFORMS

The Darling Fault forms the eastern boundary of the study area south to near Dardanup. The coastal plain then swings southwest bounded by the Whicher Range. The plain itself is made up of five major geomorphological elements (McArthur and Bettenay 1960, Churchward and McArthur 1980) (Table 2). These elements lie more or less parallel to the coast with the narrow Ridge Hill Shelf (Pleistocene age) of colluvial and alluvial deposits and old beach sands occurring at the base of the Darling Scarp. The Pinjarra Plain abuts the Ridge Hill Shelf, this alluvial plain is of Pleistocene to Holocene age, originating from the river systems flowing down from the Scarp. This is the most fertile land system and has been extensively cleared for agriculture. Dominating the central section of the plain are the Pleistocene aged Bassendean and Spearwood Dune systems. To the east are the low lying Bassendean dunes, falling from 40-80 m relief in the north of the study area to almost sea level in the south. The younger Spearwood Dunes lie to the west. These have a less leached profile with a similar relief of 50-80 m in both the north and south of the study area (Semeniuk and Glassford 1989). Churchward and McArthur (1980) recognise two subdivisions within the Spearwood Dunes: the Karrakatta unit of deep

yellow sands and the Cottesloe unit of thinner sands on Tamala limestone closer to the coast. The Quindalup Dunes on the western margin of the plain are calcareous coastal Holocene dunes. Overlaying the Quindalup, Spearwood and Bassendean Systems are a series of Holocene swamp and estuarine deposits. The geology of the area is tightly tied to these geomorphological units as is the vegetation (Briggs and Wilde 1980, Heddle *et al.* 1980).

Table 2. Geomorphological classifications of the lower Swan Coastal Plain. The McArthur and Bettenay (1960) classification was further refined by Churchward and McArthur (1980). Land forms are subparallel to coastline. The broader classification is used in the text except where otherwise indicated.

Major geomorphological systems (McArthur and Bettenay 1960)	More detailed geomorphological units (Churchward and McArthur 1980)
Quindalup Dunes	Quindalup unit
Spearwood Dunes	Cottesloe unit Karrakatta unit Herdsman unit
Bassendean Dunes	Bassendean unit Southern Rivers unit Caladenia unit Yoongarillup unit Herdsman unit
Pinjarra Plain	Guildford unit Abba unit Beermullah unit Bootine unit Yanga unit Cannington unit Serpentine unit Swan unit Dardanup unit Vasse unit
Ridge Hill Shelf (and similar units along the flanks of the Dandaragan Plateau and Whicher Scarp)	Forrestfield unit Regan unit (Dandaragan Plateau) Coonambidgee unit (Dandaragan Plateau) Cartis unit (Whicher Scarp)

Recent mapping of the permanent and seasonal wetlands of the coastal plain between Moore River and Mandurah has shown over 3000 wetlands on this section of the plain (Water Authority of Western Australia 1992). Semeniuk (1987) proposed a geomorphological classification of these wetlands based on basin shape and period of inundation. In addition to creeks, rivers and lakes, Semeniuk (1987) recognised the following units:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. Seasonally inundated basins | Sumplands |
| 2. Seasonally waterlogged basins | Damplands |
| 3. Seasonally inundated flats | Floodplains |
| 4. Seasonally waterlogged flats | Palusplain |
- All these wetland types are widespread across the study area.

SOILS

Fine scale geomorphological and soils mapping have not used a consistent methodology across the study area. Information on the soils of the study area can be obtained from a series of maps at 1:50 000 scale. These maps have been produced to supply information for planners concerned with aspects of urban, rural, industrial, transport or raw material and water supply development. The

Urban Geology and Environmental Geology Series prepared and published by the Geological Survey section of the Department of Minerals and Energy (Anon 1976, 1977a,b, 1978, 1981, 1982; Belford 1987a,b; Gozzard 1982a,b, 1983a,b, 1986, 1987; Jordan 1986a,b; Leonard 1991; Smurthwaite 1986a,b) used comparable mapping units throughout the study area, while the various land resources and land capability studies (King and Wells 1990; McArthur 1986; McArthur and Bartle 1980; Tille and Lantzke 1991; van Gool 1990; Wells and Hesp 1989) produced by various agencies, have generally not used directly comparable mapping units. While both types of maps cover most of the study area, the information available from these maps are not easily integrated, either with each other or with the broader scale mapping units of Churchward and McArthur (1980). As a consequence, only the series using comparable mapping units, the Urban Geology and Environmental Geology Series, can be used across the entire study area. Also, the units from this series can be directly compared with the major geomorphological systems (McArthur and Bettenay 1960) and, to a lesser extent, to the units identified by Churchward and McArthur (1980).

The general soil boundaries of Churchward and McArthur (1980), although used widely in vegetation mapping on the Swan Coastal Plain, are often quite different from those of the 1:50 000 maps referred to above. While the detailed mapping of the 1:50 000 maps is a better predictor of vegetation than the general maps, it is not possible to use standard soil maps reliably to predict vegetation patterning. For example, the Cardup Nature Reserve was considered to be an area representative of the Pinjarra Plain vegetation (Department of Conservation and Environment 1983) as on the broad scale maps of Churchward and McArthur (1980) it is entirely located on alluvial soils. However, in more detailed mapping van Gool (1990) maps Bassendean sands of aeolian origin on the sandy valleys and rises. To the west is mapped alluvium of the Pinjarra Plain and to the east colluvium of the Ridge Hill Shelf. Only small intrusions of these soils are mapped as being in the reserve. By contrast Jordan (1986a) maps much greater areas of colluvium and alluvium in the reserve. The rises are mapped as Bassendean sands. Further examples of inconsistencies in soil mapping are discussed by Semeniuk and Glassford (1989) and Semeniuk (1990).

VEGETATION

The early work of Speck (1952, 1958) was the first systematic attempt to map the major plant communities of this area. He described six major associations based on commonly occurring dominants and soil associations. Later more detailed structural mapping was undertaken by Smith (1973, 1974) and Beard (1979a, b), with both authors again recognising the importance of soil type. Beard (1980) used these maps as a basis for defining the Swan Coastal Plain as a subregion of the Darling Botanical District which encompasses the forest regions of south west Western Australia.

Heddle *et al.* (1980) produced a vegetation map at 1:250 000 scale based on vegetation complexes correlated to the major geomorphological units of Churchward and McArthur (1980). These were broader units than defined by Beard and Smith and were based on the concept of a series of vegetation communities forming regularly repeating vegetation complexes. The basis of this type of mapping was earlier quadrat based studies undertaken by Havel (1968) where he showed floristic site types in the Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes systems north of Perth were largely determined by degree of soil leaching and soil moisture. His work showed that the *Banksia* woodland of that area was made up of seven different floristic community types. Later work by Cresswell and Bridgewater (1985) suggests that at least 49 floristic community types are found on the dune systems around Perth with additional factors of seasonality of soil moisture, topographic position and historical factors being highlighted as important in determining vegetation pattern. Griffin and Keighery (1989) in a study of the northern sand plain vegetation showed strong geographical patterning and high levels of heterogeneity especially in wet heath communities. A survey of remnant vegetation on the eastern side of the plain from Gingin to Pinjarra found ephemeral wetlands were major centres of endemism on the eastern side of the plain (Keighery and Trudgen 1992). Again the wetlands were found to be highly heterogeneous. Recent work by Griffin (1993) has shown significant regional variation in vegetation of Quindalup Dunes between Swan and Irwin Rivers. He suggests that foredune and beach communities are less variable than those found a short distance inland. Landform, proximity to coast, age, geology and soil type had major influence on floristic community types. Reports by Keighery (1990) and Keighery and Keighery (1992) list known endemics and communities believed to be rare in the study area.

PURPOSE OF THE SURVEY

A survey of remnant vegetation of the southern half of the Swan Coastal Plain (as defined by Beard 1980, 1990) was undertaken to provide a more detailed knowledge of the conservation status of species and communities that occur in this area. The study area extended from Seabird 31° 15"S south to Dunsborough and east to include the colluvial deposits of the Darling and Whicher Ranges (Figure 1). The map shows Beard's (1990) boundary of the Swan Coastal Plain; our study included a few colluvial surfaces south of this boundary.

Due to limits on both time and resources the study was restricted to remnant bushland areas on public lands and one area of private property ('Lowlands' property).

Previous ecological studies on the coastal plain have been at local scales and are of limited use in gaining an understanding of the major floristic gradients across the study area. No regional floristic based vegetation survey for the southern Swan Coastal Plain has been published. Given the need to assess conservation significance of vegetation at a finer scale than present data allow, a quadrat based survey was undertaken to delimit floristic community types.

METHODS

Five hundred and nine 10 m x 10 m quadrats (plots, sites) were established in remnant vegetation in the study area (Figure 1). These sites were located on public land and on the 'Lowlands' property. As a result, not all the geographical or geomorphological variation could be covered. In particular the Ridge Hill Shelf, Pinjarra Plain and Quindalup land systems were under sampled. In the case of the former two they have largely been cleared (and hence the chance to study them lost) while few reserves occur on the latter land system. The 509 sites established attempted to cover the major geographical, geomorphological and floristic variation found on Crown lands. Previous studies by Keighery and Trudgen (1992) and Keighery and Keighery (1992) were used to identify areas to be sampled. Care was taken to locate sites in the least disturbed vegetation available in the area being sampled. It was not possible to cover fully the estuarine and riverine vegetation in the time available for this study; these restricted habitat types have been documented elsewhere (Pen 1980, 1993; Siemon *et al.* 1993). Some 190 of the sites were established with the aid of volunteers (See Acknowledgments). These sites were more aggregated but were located in areas containing a high degree of habitat diversity. Replication was somewhat greater in the volunteer sites than elsewhere.

Within each site all vascular plants were recorded. Most sites (>95%) were visited on at least two occasions. The seasonally wet clay pans were visited up to four times to ensure that the extended period of recruitment of annual and geophytic taxa that occurs as these pools dry was fully covered. Data on slope, aspect, vegetation structure and condition were collected from each site. Slope was scored on a one to three scale from flat to steep. Aspect was recorded as one of 16 cardinal directions. Vegetation structure was recorded using Muir's (1977) classification. Vegetation condition was scored on a five point scale with a score of one indicating vegetation in near natural condition and five indicating highly disturbed sites with significant weed invasion (after Trudgen 1991). Cause of disturbance varied but included grazing, disease, logging, high frequency fires, tracks, etc. Geomorphology and vegetation complex were derived from Heddle *et al.* (1980) and Churchward and McArthur (1980). Soil / geomorphology unit was derived from the Environmental and Urban Geology Series (Gozzard 1982a,b, 1983a,b, 1986, 1987; Smurthwaite 1986a,b; Jordan 1986a,b; Belford 1987a,b; Leonard 1991; Anon 1976, 1977a,b, 1978, 1981, 1982). Equivalent units to the Environmental Geology Series were derived from the Urban Geology Series based on map classification and field notes. The seven sites not covered by these map series were allocated to an appropriate unit based on field observation. It should be noted that as discussed earlier the units defined by these series are at times at variance with other soil / geomorphological classifications. This series was used because it gave the only complete uniform coverage of the study area. All sites were permanently marked with four steel fence droppers and most had their position fixed using a GPS unit. Estimates of mean annual rainfall and mean annual temperature were derived from the BIOCLIM model of Busby (1986).

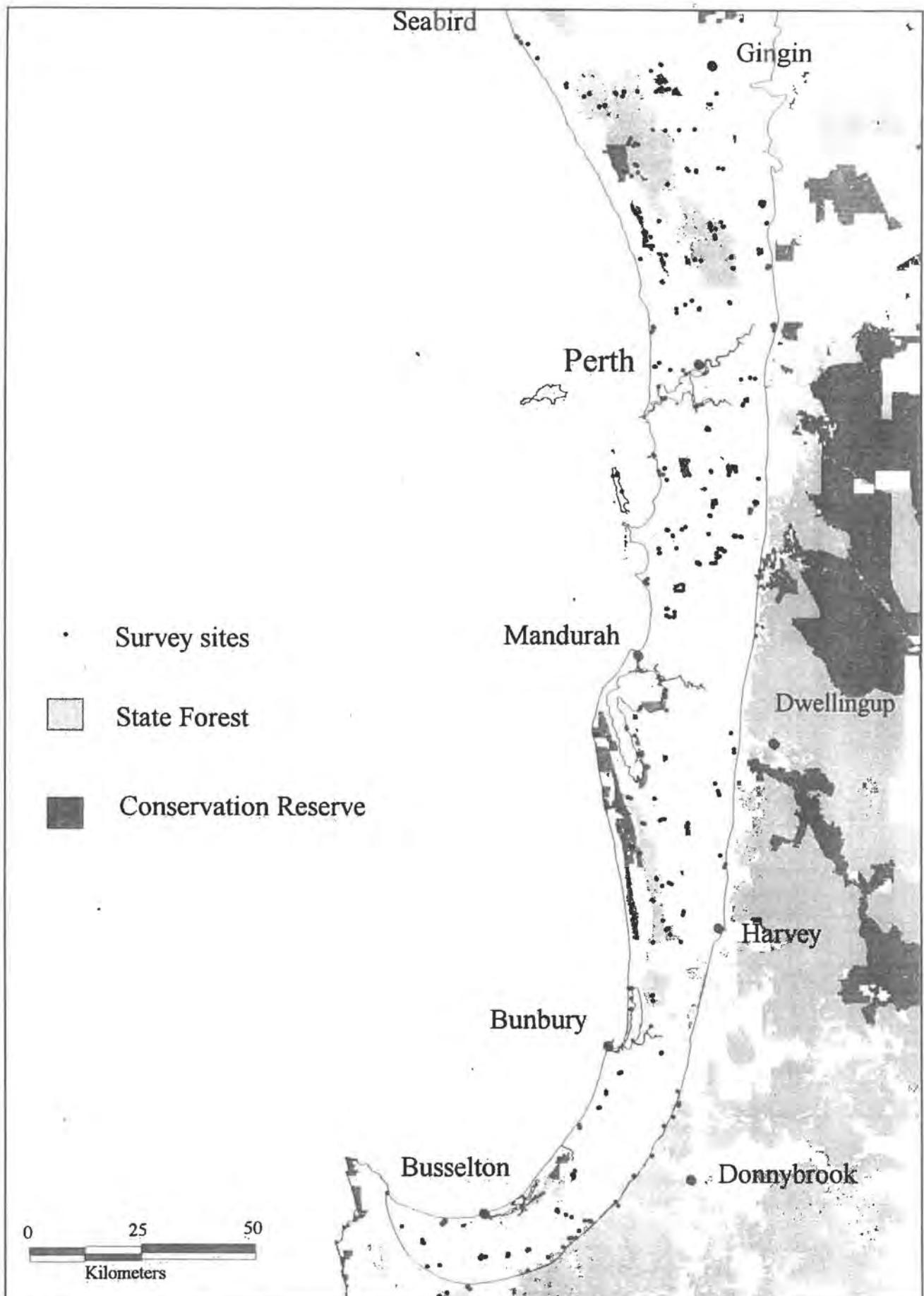


Figure 1. Location of survey sites in the study area. Conservation reserves include those managed by CALM with conservation in their purpose. The eastern boundary of the area is Beards' (1990) Swan Coastal Plain boundary.

Sites were classified according to similarities in species composition using the Czekanowski coefficient and "unweighted pair-group mean average" fusion method (UPGMA, Sneath and Sokal 1973). Species were classified into groups according to their occurrence at the same sites by using the TWOSTEP similarity algorithm (Austin and Belbin 1982) followed by UPGMA fusion. Alternate classifications were tried using the ALOC algorithm (Belbin 1987) and with replicate volunteer sites removed. The resulting classifications were largely similar and only the former will be discussed in detail.

Semi-strong hybrid (SSH) ordination of the sites data was undertaken to show spatial relationships between groups and to elucidate possible environmental correlates with the classification (Belbin 1991). Statistical relationship between site groups for such factors as species richness, weed frequency, percentage weed frequency, mean annual rainfall and mean annual temperature and slope class were tested using one way analysis of variance (ANOVA) and pairwise comparison of means made using least significant difference (Sneath and Sokal 1973). It was necessary to use square root transformation on weed frequency and square root and arcsine transformation on percentage weed frequency data to ensure normal distribution. Values reported have been back transformed.

Species nomenclature follows Green (1985) and current usage at the Western Australian Herbarium. Selected voucher specimens will be lodged in PERTH. Vegetation nomenclature is highly variable between different studies. In this report we present classifications based solely on floristic composition at two scales, a four group classification ('super groups') which reflect landscape scale pattern, and a finer 30 group classification. These 30 groups are called 'community types'. Finer subdivision of our community types is likely in the future as more detailed data become available. We use 'vegetation type' to refer to structural vegetation units. In south-western Australia it is well established that structural units generally encompass a range of floristic communities (Havel 1968, Griffin *et al.* 1983, Cresswell and Bridgewater 1985, Keighery and Trudgen 1992).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

FLORA

A total of 1485 flowering plant taxa (species, subspecies and varieties) were found in the 509 quadrats or in adjacent areas (Appendices 2, 3). Of these taxa 1313 were natives and 172 were weeds. In all 433 genera from 109 families were recorded with the Proteaceae (111 taxa), Papilionaceae (109 taxa), Myrtaceae (107 taxa), Cyperaceae (94 taxa), Orchidaceae (91 taxa), Asteraceae (87 taxa), and Poaceae (74 taxa) being the most common families. Of the 1313 native taxa at least 130 are undescribed representing a significant proportion of the taxa recorded (8.7%) (Appendix 2). Thirty of these taxa are newly recognised, reflecting the lack of previous systematic survey across the study area.

Weeds were most abundant in the Poaceae (34 taxa), Asteraceae (20 taxa), Iridaceae (16 taxa), Papilionaceae (15 taxa), Caryophyllaceae (12 taxa) and Scrophulariaceae (7 taxa). Weed frequency in the 509 quadrats ranged from zero to a maximum of 28 taxa per plot. The highest percentage weed frequencies were encountered in seasonal wetlands and in the Quindalup and Spearwood Dune systems.

Endemics

Of the 1485 taxa 61 appear to be endemic to the study area (Table 3). Most of the endemics are restricted to the eastern side of the coastal plain (28 taxa) or to areas of ironstone (13 taxa). A further five taxa (*Calothamnus* aff. *crassus* (Royce 84), *Dryandra* aff. *nivea* (GJK 6622), *Lepyrodia* aff. *macra* (GJK 9848), *Loxocarya magna* Ms) appear to be endemic to the ironstones of both the Swan and Scott Coastal Plains. None of the ironstone endemics from the Swan Coastal Plain are known from any conservation reserve. A further 13 taxa not encountered during the present survey also appear to be endemic to the study area (Table 4).

Table 3. List of taxa endemic to the southern Swan Coastal Plain and recorded during the present survey.

<i>Coastal Dunes</i>	<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>pleiobotrya</i>
<i>Carpobrotus</i> sp. (Hepburn Heights, GJK 11518)	<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>vassensis</i>
<i>Veronica</i> aff. <i>calycina</i> (BJK & NG 235)	
<i>Coastal Limestone</i>	<i>Foothills</i>
<i>Astroloma microcalyx</i>	<i>Conospermum undulatum</i>
<i>Billardiera</i> aff. <i>ringens</i> (GJK 12977)	<i>Eremaea asterocarpa</i> subsp. <i>brachyclada</i>
<i>Hakea</i> aff. <i>undulata</i> (BJK & NG 897)	<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> subsp. <i>elegantella</i>
<i>Melaleuca</i> aff. <i>acerosa</i> (GJK 11242)	
<i>Pinjarra Plain</i>	<i>Ironstone</i>
<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i> var. <i>bracteolata</i> (long peduncle form)	<i>Andersonia</i> aff. <i>latiflora</i> (Ironstone, BJK & NG 227)
<i>Aponogeton hexatepalus</i>	<i>Brachysema modesta</i> (sp. Treeton, BJK & NG 01)
<i>Blennospora</i> aff. <i>drummondii</i> (Golden bracts, BJK & NG 20)	<i>Brachysema papilio</i> (sp. Williamson, GJK 12719.)
<i>Caesia micrantha</i> (Large swamp form, BJK & NG 094)	<i>Calothamnus</i> aff. <i>quadrifidus</i> (Ironstone, BJK & NG 230)
<i>Chamaescilla</i> aff. <i>spiralis</i> (GJK 12501)	<i>Chamelaicum roycei</i> Ms
<i>Conospermum pedunculatum</i> Ms	<i>Darwinia</i> sp. (Williamson Rd, GJK 12717)
<i>Drosera bulbigena</i>	<i>Dryandra</i> sp. 30 (aff. <i>squarrosa</i> , ASG 11657)
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> (Swan coastal plain form, BJK & NG 228)	<i>Grevillea elongata</i>
<i>Drosera tubaestylis</i>	<i>Grevillea maccutcheonii</i> Ms
<i>Eleocharis</i> sp. Kenwick (GJK 5180)	<i>Hakea varia</i> (Yellow flowered ironstone form BJK & NG 226)
<i>Eryngium pinnatifidum</i> subsp. <i>palustre</i> Ms	<i>Opercularia vaginata</i> (Ironstone form, BJK & NG 238)
<i>Eryngium subdecumbens</i> Ms	<i>Petrophile latericola</i> Ms
<i>Grevillea brachystylis</i> subsp. <i>brachystylis</i>	<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Ironstone, wedge leaves GJK sn)
<i>Hydatella dioica</i>	
<i>Isotropis cuneifolia</i> subsp. <i>glabra</i> Ms	<i>Coastal Plain</i>
<i>Kunzea littoricola</i> Ms	<i>Caladenia huegelii</i>
<i>Myriocephalus helichrysoides</i>	<i>Dillwynia dillwynioides</i>
<i>Myriophyllum echinatum</i>	<i>Diuris micrantha</i>
<i>Pimelea imbricata</i> var. <i>major</i>	<i>Dodonaea hackettiana</i>
<i>Rhodanthe pyrethrum</i>	<i>Jacksonia</i> aff. <i>sericea</i> (swamp form)
<i>Schoenus</i> aff. <i>tenellus</i> (BJK & NG 110)	<i>Jacksonia sericea</i>
<i>Schoenus capillifolius</i>	<i>Johnsonia</i> aff. <i>pubescens</i> (GJK 5249)
<i>Schoenus natans</i>	<i>Macarthuria</i> aff. <i>australis</i> (Capel)
<i>Stylium mimeticum</i>	<i>Tetraria australiensis</i>
<i>Trichocline</i> sp. (GJK 6382-glabrous)	<i>Tripterococcus</i> sp. Cannington (A.S. George 16201)
<i>Verticordia lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i>	

The Pinjarra Plain endemics are all restricted to the heavy soils of the eastern side of the plain and the alluvial soils near the Peel-Harvey Estuary. Species such as *Aponogeton hexatepalus*, *Schoenus capillifolius*, *Schoenus natans*, and *Eleocharis* sp. Kenwick (GJK 5180) are restricted to clay pans which are seasonally inundated. Others such as *Rhodanthe pyrethrum*, *Myriocephalus helichrysoides*, and *Blennospora* aff. *drummondii* (Golden bracts, BJK & NG 20) form carpets of colour on the clay flats as they dry.

Range ends

The southern range end of 77 taxa and the northern range end of 48 taxa occur in the study area (Appendix 2). Eight taxa (*Acacia littorea*, *Calothamnus* aff. *crassus* (Royce 84), *Lambertia propinqua*, *Persoonia graminea*, *Pseudoloxocarya grossa* Ms, *Restio serialis* Ms, *Stylium imbricatum*, *Stylium preissii*) represent significant northern disjunctions, while a further 16 taxa (*Acacia barbinervis* subsp. *barbinervis*, *Actinostrobus acuminatus*, *Banksia incana*, *Beaufortia squarrosa*, *Calectasia grandiflora*, *Calytrix angulata*, *Calytrix leschenaultii*, *Conothamnus trinervis*,

Cryptandra humilis, *Dasygordon obliquifolius*, *Eremaea simbriata*, *Haemodorum loratum*, *Pityrodia bartlingii*, *Schoenus* aff. *obtusifolia* (EAG 3841), *Schoenus latitans*, *Scholtzia ciliata*) represent significant southern disjunctions (Appendix 2).

Table 4. Taxa apparently endemic to the southern Swan Coastal Plain but not recorded in the present study.

Taxon	Priority Listing (02/02/94)
<i>Acacia benthamii</i>	2
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Kenwick (aff. <i>composita</i>)	1
<i>Calytrix breviseta</i> subsp. <i>breviseta</i>	R
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. GinGin (N. Marchant sn. 4.11.88) [aff. <i>pauciflorum</i>]	1
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i> subsp. <i>cognorum</i>	-
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>pauciflora</i>	4
<i>Cryptandra glabrata</i>	1
<i>Diuris purdiei</i>	R
<i>Drakaea elastica</i>	R
<i>Epiblema grandiflorum</i> var. <i>cyanea</i> Ms	R
<i>Grevillea</i> sp. Yanchep (P. Olde 91/240) [aff. <i>obtusifolia</i>]	1
<i>Lasiopetalum membranaceum</i>	2
<i>Lepidosperma rostratum</i>	1

New records for the study area

In addition to the 30 newly recognised taxa found in the course of this survey another 51 taxa were found that had apparently not previously been recorded for the study area (Table 5). For many of these taxa this represents the first definitive record of Darling Scarp and Plateau species on the coastal plain.

Table 5. New records for the southern Swan Coastal Plain based on Western Australian Herbarium collections and field observation.

<i>Acacia browniana</i>	<i>Hovea elliptica</i>
<i>Acacia dentifera</i>	<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>
<i>Acacia divergens</i>	<i>Ixiolaena viscosa</i>
<i>Acacia ericifolia</i>	<i>Kennedia stirlingii</i>
<i>Acacia lateriticola</i>	<i>Lambertia propinqua</i>
<i>Acacia urophylla</i>	<i>Laxmannia grandiflora</i>
<i>Amperea ericoides</i>	<i>Leptomeria ericoides</i>
<i>Amperea volubilis</i>	<i>Leptomeria scrobiculata</i>
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	<i>Lomandra drummondii</i>
<i>Aristida ramosa</i>	<i>Lomandra nutans</i>
<i>Beaufortia sparsa</i>	<i>Lomandra spartea</i>
<i>Callitricha hamulata</i>	<i>Nemcia dilatata</i>
<i>Calothamnus</i> aff. <i>crassus</i> (Royce 84)	<i>Opercularia apiciflora</i>
<i>Calothamnus graniticus</i> subsp. <i>leptophyllus</i>	<i>Patersonia rudis</i>
<i>Calothamnus pallidifolius</i>	<i>Persoonia graminea</i>
<i>Cassytha micrantha</i>	<i>Petrophile shuttleworthiana</i>
<i>Chamaexeros serra</i>	<i>Platysace haplosciadia</i>
<i>Chorizandra cymbaria</i>	<i>Ptilotus humilis</i> subsp. <i>humilis</i>
<i>Conospermum teretifolium</i>	<i>Restio seralis</i>
<i>Conostylis setosa</i>	<i>Scholtzia ciliata</i>
<i>Cyathochaeta clandestina</i>	<i>Stylium imbricatum</i>
<i>Darwinia thymoides</i>	<i>Stylium roseonanum</i>
<i>Evandra aristata</i>	<i>Stylium spathulatum</i>
<i>Gyrostemon subnudus</i>	<i>Xanthorrhoea drummondii</i>
<i>Hakea cristata</i>	

Rare and Priority taxa found during the survey

Ten species of Declared Rare Flora (DRF, Department of Conservation and Land Management 1994) were found during the survey (Figure 2, Table 6). Two of these taxa (*Schoenus natans* and *Tetraria australiensis*) were previously believed to be extinct. Another species *Centrolepis caespitosa* is currently listed as extinct although it has been recently collected from the South Stirlings. In all, 19 new populations of DRF were recorded in the course of the survey. In addition to the DRF a further 75 priority species were encountered (Table 6).

Table 6. List of Declared Rare and Priority Flora encountered during the survey. Recommendations for listing as DRF and other changes to the Priority list (02/02/94) are also shown where relevant.

Taxon	Current Listing	Suggested Listing
<i>Acacia flagelliformis</i>	4	
<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i> var. <i>bracteolata</i> (Long peduncle form)	1	
<i>Acacia mooreana</i>	2	
<i>Acacia semitrullata</i>	3	
<i>Andersonia</i> aff. <i>latiflora</i> (Ironstone BJK & NG 227)	-	1
<i>Angianthus micropodioides</i>	3	
<i>Anthotium junciforme</i>	4	
<i>Aponogeton hexatepalus</i>	R	
<i>Aristida ramosa</i>	1	-
<i>Baeckea tenuifolia</i>	-	1
<i>Banksia meisneri</i> var. <i>ascendens</i>	4	
<i>Billardiera</i> aff. <i>ringens</i> (GJK 12977)	-	1
<i>Blennospora</i> aff. <i>drummondii</i> (golden bracts BJK & NG 20)	-	3
<i>Brachysema modesta</i> (sp. Treeton BJK & NG 001)	1	R
<i>Brachysema papilio</i> (sp. Williamson GJK 12719)	1	R
<i>Caladenia huegelii</i>	R	
<i>Calothamnus</i> aff. <i>crassus</i> (Royce 84)	1	
<i>Calothamnus</i> aff. <i>quadrifidus</i> (Ironstone BJK & NG 230)	-	1
<i>Calothamnus graniticus</i> subsp. <i>leptophyllus</i>	2	
<i>Carpobrotus modestus</i>	1	
<i>Centrolepis caespitosa</i>	R	
<i>Chamaescilla</i> aff. <i>spiralis</i> (GJK 12501)	-	1
<i>Chamelaucium erythrochlorum</i> Ms	R	
<i>Chamelaucium roycii</i> Ms	R	
<i>Chorizema varium</i>	R	
<i>Conospermum undulatum</i>	4	R
<i>Conostephium minus</i>	4	
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>euryhipis</i>	1	
<i>Darwinia</i> sp. (Williamson Rd GJK 12717)	1	R
<i>Dillwynia dillwynioides</i>	-	2
<i>Diuris micrantha</i>	R	
<i>Dodonaea hackettiana</i>	4	
<i>Drosera marchantii</i> subsp. <i>marchantii</i>	4	
<i>Drosera occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>occidentalis</i>	4	
<i>Dryandra</i> aff. <i>nivea</i> (GJK 6622)	-	R
<i>Dryandra</i> sp. 30 (aff. <i>squamrosa</i> ASG 11657)	1	R
<i>Eleocharis</i> sp. Kenwick (GJK 5180)	1	
<i>Eremaea asterocarpa</i> subsp. <i>brachyclada</i>	-	1
<i>Eryngium pinnatifidum</i> subsp. <i>palustre</i> Ms	1	
<i>Eryngium subdecumbens</i> Ms	1	
<i>Eucalyptus argutifolia</i>	R	
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> subsp. <i>elegans</i>	1	R
<i>Franklandia triaristata</i>	4	
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	-	2
<i>Grevillea althoferorum</i>	1	
<i>Grevillea brachystylis</i> subsp. <i>brachystylis</i>	2	
<i>Grevillea elongata</i>	2	R
<i>Grevillea mccoonei</i> Ms	1	
<i>Haemodorum loratum</i>	3	
<i>Hakea</i> aff. <i>undulata</i> (BJK & NG 897)	2	4
<i>Hakea myrtoides</i>	3	
<i>Hakea varia</i> (Yellow flowered ironstone form BJK & NG 226)	2	R
<i>Haloragis aculeolata</i>		
<i>Haloragis tenuifolia</i>	1	
<i>Hibbertia spicata</i> subsp. <i>leptotheقا</i>	3	

(Table 6 continued on next page)

Table 6 continued.

<i>Hydatella dioica</i>	2	
<i>Isopogon drummondii</i>	3	
<i>Isopogon scaber</i>	1	
<i>Isotropis cuneifolia</i> subsp. <i>glabra</i> Ms (GJK 9242)	-	R
<i>Jacksonia sericea</i>	3	
<i>Jacksonia</i> sp. Busselton (GJK 4482) PN	3	
<i>Lambertia multiflora</i>	3	
<i>Lambertia propinqua</i>	-	2
<i>Lepidium puberulum</i>	4	
<i>Leptomeria ericoides</i>	1	
<i>Leptomeria lehmannii</i>	2	
<i>Lepyrodia heleocharoides</i>	3	
<i>Loxocarya magna</i> Ms	3	
<i>Lysinema elegans</i>	2	
<i>Melaleuca</i> aff. <i>acerosa</i> (GJK 11242)	2	
<i>Mitrasacme palustris</i>	1	
<i>Mitrasacme</i> sp. Southwest (GJK 343)	2	
<i>Myriocephalus appendiculatus</i>	3	
<i>Myriophyllum echinatum</i>	1	2
<i>Parsonia diaphanophleba</i>	2	-
<i>Petrophile latericola</i> Ms	1	R
<i>Pithocarpa achilleoides</i>	2	
<i>Pultenaea skinneri</i>	4	
<i>Restio gracilior</i>	3	
<i>Rhodanthe pyrethrum</i>	3	
<i>Schoenus benthamii</i>	3	
<i>Schoenus capillifolius</i>	2	
<i>Schoenus natans</i>	R	
<i>Schoenus pennisetis</i>	1	
<i>Stachystemon axillaris</i>	4	
<i>Stylium</i> aff. <i>bulbiferum</i> (Ironstone - BJK & NG 706)	-	2
<i>Stylium longitubum</i>	1	
<i>Stylium mimeticum</i>	1	
<i>Stylium rigidifolium</i>	2	
<i>Synaphea acutiloba</i>	3	
<i>Synaphea pinnata</i>	4	
<i>Tetraena australiensis</i>	R	
<i>Thysanotus glaucus</i>	4	
<i>Trichocline</i> sp. (Glabrous - GJK 6382)	-	1
<i>Triglochin stowardii</i>	2	
<i>Tripterococcus</i> sp. Cannington (A.S. George 16201) PN	1	
<i>Verticordia lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i>	4	
<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>pleiobotrys</i>	1	
<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>vassensis</i>	1	
<i>Villarsia submersa</i>	4	

Taxa Subject to Recommendations for Gazettal as Declared Rare Flora or for Priority Listing

Sufficient survey was done in the course of this study and in earlier surveys (Whicher Range - G.J. Keighery, unpublished; the Scott Plain - Keighery and Robinson 1992; eastern Swan Coastal Plain - Keighery and Trudgen 1992; the south coast - N. Gibson and M. Lyons, unpublished; metropolitan region - Kelly *et al.* 1993) to make the following recommendations for changes to the schedule of Declared Rare Flora and to the Priority List (Table 6). A site record indicates the taxon was found in one or more of the 509 quadrats, an area record indicates the taxon was found in bushland remnants in which the quadrats were located.

Andersonia aff. *latiflora* (Ironstone BJK & NG 227)

Record type: site records, 4 populations from community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: distinguished from *Andersonia latiflora* by its larger leaves, low dense habit and occurrence on ironstones on the plain rather than on the laterites of the adjacent plateaus.

Comment: from community type 10b ranked as critical (Table 23); probably highly susceptible to *Phytophthora* spp.

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Baeckea tenuifolia

Record type: area record, one population from community type 8.

Comment: the only known population of this species in the study area (also occurs at several other localities to Moora in the north), from community type 8 ranked as vulnerable (Table 23).

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Billardiera aff. ringens (GJK 12977)

Record type: site record, one population from community type 29a.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised subspecies (E. Bennett pers. comm.).

Related taxa: *Billardiera ringens* which is found in the Geraldton area.

Comment: the only currently known population of this taxon, from a community type ranked as susceptible (Table 23).

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Blennospora aff. drummondii (golden bracts BJK & NG 20)

Record type: site records, eight populations from community types 7, 10a and 18.

Taxonomic Status: previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: distinguished from *Blennospora drummondii* by the golden corolla lobes; typical *Blennospora drummondii* was only found in the north of the study area.

Comment: these community types are ranked as vulnerable (Table 23).

Recominadation: Priority 3.

Brachysema modesta Ms (sp. Treeton BJK & NG 001)

Record type: area record, one population from the interface between community types 10b and 1a.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon, being described by M. Crisp (pers. comm.).

Related taxa: distinguished from *Brachysema minor* in having cream flowers (sometimes blushed with pink) grouped in diffuse prostrate terminal racemes.

Comment: confined to a single locality on the interface between community types 10b and 1a (Fig. 3).

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Brachysema papilio Ms (sp. Williamson GJK 12719)

Record type: area record, one population from community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon, being described by M. Crisp (pers. comm.).

Related taxa: distinguished from *Brachysema sericea* by its distinctive upright habit, V-shaped apex to the leaves, terminal racemes of smaller cream or pale red flowers.

Comment: a reseeder confined to a single small population on the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b); this community type is ranked as critical (Table 23, Figure 3).

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Calothamnus aff. quadrifidus (Ironstone BJK & NG 230)

Record type: site and area records, community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: distinguished from *C. quadrifidus* in being 2.5 metres tall, with glabrous leaves and brighter, light red flowers, reseeder.

Comment: confined to community type 10b which is ranked as critical (Table 23).

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Chamaescilla aff. spiralis (GJK 12501)

Record type: site records, 3 populations from community type 8.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: differs from *C. spiralis* in having straight not spirally twisted leaves, pale blue flowers and plants grow and flower in pools up to 5 cm deep rather than in sands.

Comment: confined to community type 8 which is ranked as vulnerable (Table 23).

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Conospermum undulatum

Record type: site records, 2 populations from community type 20a.

Comment: this taxon has been well surveyed (Kelly *et al.* 1993, Keighery and Trudgen 1992) and is confined to community type 20a which is ranked as endangered (Figure 3, Table 23); probably highly susceptible to *Phytophthora*.

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 4).

Darwinia sp. (Williamson Rd GJK 12717)

Record type: site record, individual from community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: distinguished from *Darwinia apiculata* in having recurved leaves, fringed floral bracts, which are red-green in colour and fewer flowers in the inflorescence.

Comment: represented currently by a single adult individual, and numerous seedlings, on the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b) which is ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23), reseeder.

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Dillwynia dillwynioides

Comment: an uncommon species found on seasonally inundated flats, generally alongside rivers or deeper swamps, between Harvey and north of Yanchep on the Plain, eight populations were identified in this study and there are eight collections in the WA Herbarium.

Recommendation: Priority 2.

Dryandra aff. *nivea* (GJK 6622)

Record type: site and area records, community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: recently recognised taxon.

Related taxa: one of the many 'mound' forms of *Dryandra nivea*, to be recognised as a distinct species (A.S. George pers. comm.).

Comment: confined to the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b) and ironstones in the Scott River area, community type 10b is ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23), highly susceptible to *Phytophthora*, reseeder.

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Dryandra sp. 30 (aff. *squarrosa* ASG 11657)

Record type: site and area records, community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: a recently recognised taxon.

Related taxa: related to *Dryandra squarrosa* (A.S. George pers. comm.).

Comment: confined to the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b), community type 10b is ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23), highly susceptible to *Phytophthora*, reseeder.

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Eremaea asterocarpa subsp. *brachyclada*

Record type: area record, community type 21b.

Taxonomic status: a recently recognised taxon.

Related taxa: related to *Eremaea asterocarpa* subsp. *asterocarpa*.

Comment: A very restricted taxa with very few collections.

Recommendation: Priority 1 (Hnatiuk 1993).

Eucalyptus marginata subsp. *elegantella*

Record type: 2 area records.

Taxonomic status: recently described taxon (Brooker and Hopper 1993).

Comment: confined to the Ridge Hill Shelf between Byford and Coolup, no populations are known from a conservation reserve (Figure 3).

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora (current listing, Priority 1).

Grevillea elongata

Record type: single area record, community type 10b.

Comment: all specimens of this species are from a single population on the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b), community type 10b is ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23).

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora.

Gnephosis angianthoides

Record type: a single large population of this taxon was found in the study growing on a sandy bank beside the Serpentine River.

Comment: the majority of collections in the Herbarium are from the wheatbelt with only three old collections (1910, 1917 and undated) from the plain around Perth. Indumentum patterns on these specimens indicate that can be separated from the wheatbelt populations (E.A. Griffin pers. comm.).

Recommendation: Priority 2.

Hakea aff. undulata (BJK & NG 897)

Record type: site and area from a single population on a limestone ridge in Yalgorup National Park, community type 26b and 28.

Taxonomic status: a recently recognised taxon (M. Trudgen pers. comm.).

Related taxa: distinguished from *Hakea undulata* by its generally smaller leaves, flowers and fruit and habitat, *Hakea undulata* being confined to isolated occurrences on the eastern side of the Plain and the Plateau in the study area, reseeder.

Recommendation: Priority 4.

Hakea aff. varia (Yellow flowered ironstone form BJK & NG 226)

Record type: site and area records, community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: a previously unrecognised taxon.

Related taxa: distinguished from the widespread *Hakea varia* in being up to 2.5 metres tall with bright lemon yellow flowers, flowering in spring not summer-autumn and terete leaves.

Comment: confined to the southern ironstone shrublands (community type 10b), community type 10b is ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23), reseeder.

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora.

Isotropis cuneifolia subsp. *glabra* Ms

Record type: site and area records, community type 7.

Taxonomic status: a previously unrecognised subspecies.

Related taxa: distinguished from the typical subspecies by the absence of hairs, a characteristic crescent shaped apex to the leaves and habitat as it is confined to the seasonally inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain.

Comment: confined to GinGin area in community type 7, which is ranked as vulnerable (Figure 3, Table 23)

Recommendation: gazettal as Declared Rare Flora.

Lambertia propinqua

Record type: area record, community type 10b.

Comment: the single record of this species in the study area represents a disjunct population from the other populations on the south coast east of Albany, community type 10b is ranked as critical (Table 23), highly susceptible to *Phytophthora*, reseeder.

Recommendation: Priority 2.

Myriophyllum echinatum

Record type: site and area records from eight populations in community types 7, 8, 9 and 10b.

Comment: a poorly collected species found on the seasonally inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain.

Recommendation: Priority 2 (presently Priority 1).

Petrophile latericola Ms

Record type: site and areas records from community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: a previously unrecognised species.

Related taxa: distinguished from the more widespread *Petrophile brevifolia* by its smaller inflorescences, leaves and lack of a lignotuber.

Comment: confined to community type 10b, ranked as critical (Figure 3, Table 23), highly susceptible to *Phytophthora*, reseeder.

Recommendation: gazetted as Declared Rare Flora (presently Priority 1).

Stylium aff. bulbiferum (BJK & NG 706)

Record type: site records from community type 10b.

Taxonomic status: a recently recognised taxon (A.H. Burbidge and A. Lowrie unpubl.).

Related taxa: distinguished from *Stylium bulbiferum* in being associated with community type 10b in the study area (also recorded at Eagle Bay in association with granitic soils) and having single terminal flowers, not a raceme.

Comment: generally confined to community type 10b, ranked as critical (Table 23).

Recommendation: Priority 2.

Trichocline sp.

Record type: site and area records from five populations in community types 8 and 10b.

Taxonomic status: a recently recognised species (Keighery and Keighery 1991), currently being investigated and will be described as a distinct species (R. Cranfield pers. comm.).

Related taxa: distinguished from *Trichocline spathulata* in being associated with seasonally inundated heavy soils and having short, linear leaves and shorter inflorescences that are smaller in all measurements.

Comment: not known from any conservation reserve.

Recommendation: Priority 1.

Other unusual and recently delineated taxa

Acacia lasiocarpa

Two varieties of this taxon occur in the study area. *Acacia lasiocarpa* var. *lasiocarpa* is found in near coastal areas generally on sand over Tamala limestone but is also characteristic of the Beach Ridge Plain at Becher Point. The other variety, *Acacia lasiocarpa* var. *bracteolata* (long peduncle) is endemic to the study area and confined to community types 7 and 8, on the seasonally waterlogged and inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain. This taxa was referred to by Maslin (1975) as a form of *A. lasiocarpa* var. *lasiocarpa* where he noted its affinities with var. *bracteolata*. It is presently a Priority 1 taxon under the name *Acacia lasiocarpa* var. *bracteolata* (long peduncle).

Acacia paradoxa

An uncommon taxon in the study area associated with riverine banks of several geomorphological systems. The vegetation of all areas where this taxon was found were so degraded that it is not possible to sample the community in which this taxon occurred in the study area.

Angianthus drummondii - preissianus - micropodioides Group

In this study five taxa were clearly distinguished in this group in the field: *A. aff. drummondii*, *A. drummondii*, green prostrate and upright forms of *A. preissianus* and *A. micropodioides*. The two forms of *A. preissianus* were combined for this study. Identifications of specimens in the herbarium are confused and this group needs to be re-examined (P.S. Short, pers. comm.).

Aristida ramosa

There are two known populations of this species in Western Australia (also occurs in eastern Australia), the population recorded in this survey is a new record for the study area.

It is presently a Priority 1 taxon and this listing should be maintained.

Boronia alata

Only two records are known for the study area: Rottnest Island and riverine cliffs at Minim Cove.

Boronia denticulata (Single site record)

This taxon was probably more common than study records indicate. *Boronia denticulata* is very similar to *B. spathulata* (especially around Perth) and flowering material is required to accurately determine the two taxa. A third taxon, *B. fastigiata*, also becomes very similar to *B. spathulata* around Perth and may also have been placed under *B. spathulata* in this study. Herbarium records indicate that *B. denticulata* is found in the south of the study area and replaced by *B. fastigiata* to the north.

Bossiaea eriocarpa (Large flowered form, BJK & NG 229)

Bossiaea eriocarpa is a widespread taxon with poorly understood patterns of variation. Marchant *et al.* (1987) commented that *B. eriocarpa* and *B. ornata* intergrade in the Perth region. However records from this study recognise a large flowered and leaved form of *B. eriocarpa* that is apparently confined to community type 3b. This taxon should be recognised at the specific level. These two taxa co-occurred in two areas (including one site). This taxon requires further survey, and should be considered for listing as Priority 1.

Calothamnus aff. crassus (Royce 84)

This taxon was previously considered to be confined to the south coast (Scott River and Chester Block) and this is the first record on the Plain. The community in which this taxa was found was confined to a narrow roadside remnant but it would probably group with community type 10b.

Calothamnus graniticus subsp. *leptophyllus*

This is the first record on the Plain and the second in the Perth Region.

Centrolepis caespitosa

Although listed as presumed extinct (Priority List 2/2/94) there is a recent collection from the South Stirlings (GJK collection). The two populations from the study area are from community types 8 and 10b (Figure 2). The current gazettal of the taxon as Declared Rare Flora is supported.

Chorizema varium

This presumed extinct taxon was rediscovered in 1990 just north of the study area on Tamala limestone. A further four populations have been located in community type 29a. This taxon has a very restricted geographical range and is presently not known from any conservation reserve (Figure 2). The current gazettal of the taxon as Declared Rare Flora is supported.

Craspedia species

Two species of *Craspedia* are recognised. *Craspedia* sp. as delineated by Marchant *et al.* (1987) is yet to be described. This taxon is confined to sandy soils and has a woolly indumentum and pale yellow flowers. *Craspedia* sp. nov. (Waterloo, GJK 13110) is completely glabrous with bright yellow flowers, and was found growing in water on the seasonally inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain near Waterloo. The community in which it was found was not sampled in the study as all areas located were too disturbed to be sampled. This community is closest to that represented in the study area by community type 8. Further investigation of this taxon is required for a recommendation to be made but it is apparently endemic to the study area.

Drosera macrantha subsp. *macrantha* (Swan Coastal Plain form, BJK & NG 228)

A tall robust densely glandular hairy form of *Drosera macrantha* from Marri Woodland on the eastern side of the Plain. Further investigation of this taxon is required for a recommendation to be made but it is apparently endemic to the study area.

Elatine gratioloides

A rarely collected aquatic previously known from one other location in the study area near Boyanup. The single collection from near Waroona in this study is a new record for the Perth Region (Marchant *et al.* 1987).

Eryngium subdecumbens Ms

A recently recognised species (Keighery and Keighery 1991) occurring in three populations in community types 7 and 8 between Kenwick and Busselton. The current priority listing (Priority 1) should be maintained.

Gompholobium capitatum, *G. preissii* and *G. tomentosum*

Marchant *et al.* (1987) comments on the need for further studies on the species boundaries between these three species. In the study area these three were readily distinguished in the field. *Gompholobium capitatum* has a dense corymb of relatively large bright yellow flowers, narrowly linear to terete pilose leaflets and was only found in sandy clay seasonally inundated areas south of

Capel. *Gompholobium preissii* was confined to the Ridge Hill Shelf north of Bullsbrook and has small orange flowers and narrowly ovate leaflets. *Gompholobium tomentosum* has a variety of forms which have probably been the source of the confusion between the three taxa. All forms have dull yellow flowers but these vary greatly in size.

Gompholobium confertum

An unusual maroon coloured form of this species was found in the study area at three widely separated localities (Burnside Road, State Forest 65 and Koondoola) in three different community types. This taxon requires further investigation to determine its taxonomic status.

Grevillea althoferorum

A newly described species previously known from a single locality (Olde and Marriot 1993), a new population of this species was located in the study area near Bullsbrook. The current coding as Priority 1 should be maintained as this taxon is probably susceptible to *Phytophthora* which is present in the area of the new population. It should be considered for gazettal as Declared Rare Flora.

Hovea trisperma var. *grandiflora*

A large flowered variety of this widespread species found on the Ridge Hill Shelf in six community types in the study area. It was placed in synonymy under *H. trisperma* in the latest revision of the genus *Hovea*. This distinctive variant co-occurs with *H. trisperma* var *trisperma*, and should be reinstated.

Hydatella dioica

A poorly collected inconspicuous species of inundated clay flats. A new location was found in this study and it is now known from three sites in the study area from community types 7 and 8. This community type needs to be searched at the appropriate time to locate further populations.

Isopogon scaber

This species was found in nine separate sites in a variety of community types on the Ridge Hill Shelf and Pinjarra Plain near Busselton. This species is also known from a single population on the Plateau near Dale.

Johnsonia aff. pubescens (GJK 5249)

This taxon is closely related to *Johnsonia pubescens* and will probably be described as a subspecies of *J. pubescens*. It is known from Cardup, Brickwood and Lowlands, all Bassendean Sands on the eastern side of the Plain. *Johnsonia pubescens* also occurs at Cardup and is here at the southern limit of its distribution.

Kennedia coccinea

A common species of the Plateau and to a lesser extent the Ridge Hill Shelf that also occurs less commonly on the Quindalup sands and the sand over Tamala limestone. Further studies on this species are required to establish if the coastal populations can be distinguished taxonomically.

Lysinema elegans

An uncommon species confined to the Bassendean Sands between Moore River and Jandakot. With the location of a new population in State Forest 65 (site record) the species is now known from two populations in the north of its range but the only other populations in the Jandakot area are threatened. The current priority listing (Priority 2) should be maintained.

Macarthuria aff. australis

A previously unrecognised taxon found between Capel and Jandakot on Bassendean Sands adjacent to seasonally inundated areas. This taxon may be *Macarthuria* sp. Harvey (Priority 1) but no collection was located in PERTH.

Marsilea sp. (BJK & NG 084)

A single collection of this taxon was made from community type 7 in Austin Bay Nature Reserve. Our collection is a poor match for *Marsilea drummondii*. Further studies are required to establish this taxon's taxonomic relationships.

Melaleuca aff. acerosa (GJK 11242)

Previously only recorded on thin sand Tamala limestone at Parrot Ridge, a further population may occur on a similar ridge immediately to the north. This needs to be checked in the appropriate season. The current priority listing (Priority 2) should be maintained.

Myriocephalus species

Four species of *Myriocephalus*; (*M. appendicularis*, *M. helichrysoides*, *M. rhizocephalus* and *M. isoetes*) were found in the study. While these species are common in community types 7 and 8 (single occurrence in community type 9) they are rarely collected. In their vegetative phase two of the species, *M rhizocephalus* and *M. isoetes*, are difficult to distinguish and both are poorly collected.

Nemcia sp. (Cordate leaves, BJK & NG 032)

A recently recognised species (M. Crisp pers. comm.), represented presently by a single specimen in the Herbarium and one site record in this study from Dardanup. This species should be further investigated for possible Priority listing.

Nemcia reticulatum

This species has a distinct broad leaved coastal form which is very common on near-coastal sands and sand over Tamala limestone on the Plain extending from Burns Beach to Northampton. This taxon is not known in any conservation reserves south of Nambung.

Opercularia vaginata (Ironstone form, BJK & NG 238)

A gracile form of this species consistently associated with community type 10b (area and four site records). Further studies on this form are required to establish if this form can be distinguished taxonomically.

Parsonia diaphanophleba

A creeper confined to areas of relatively intact native vegetation on the riverine banks on the Murray and Serpentine Rivers extending up onto the Darling Plateau. Few intact areas remain along these rivers on the Plain. The current priority listing should be maintained but consideration should be given to gazettal of this species as DRF.

Petrophile serruria

A pink variant of this species occurs on the sand over Tamala limestone on the Plain from Yalgorup to Geraldton. Further studies on this form are expected to establish this form as a distinct species.

Podolepis gracilis (Swamp form)

A robust glabrous form of this species with large pink or white flowers was consistently distinguished in the field on the seasonally inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain from GinGin to Busselton. Further studies on this form are required to establish if it can be distinguished taxonomically.

Rhodanthe manglesii and *R. spicata*

These two species were uncommon in the study area and were associated with the northern ironstones south of GinGin. It was not possible to sample this community as the only areas located in reasonable condition were on private land.

Schoenus natans

Previous to this study this species was considered to be extinct. Five populations were located in the study area in community types 7 and 8 in fresh water pools on clay (Figure 2). The current gazettal as Declared Rare Flora should be maintained.

Schoenus sp 2

A recently recognised species (B. L. Rye pers. comm.) found on the seasonally inundated heavy soils of the Pinjarra Plain from GinGin to Busselton in the study area.

Scholtzia ciliata

An isolated population of this taxon was found near Yarloop on the Ridge Hill Shelf.

Stipa campylachne, S. semibarbata, S. hemipogon and S. mollis

These four species are difficult to distinguish and are grouped in this study. *Stipa campylachne* and *S. semibarbata* are listed by Marchant *et al.* (1987) but all four may occur in the study area. *Stipa hemipogon* is recorded for the Perth Region but is not included in Marchant *et al.* (1987).

Stylium bulbiferum

A variant of this species occurs on the thin sand over Tamala limestone on the Plain from Yalgorup to Yanchep. Further studies on this form are expected to establish it at the subspecific level and possibly at species level.

Stylium preissii

Although previously recorded on the Plain it is presently known in the study area from only one locality in the Jandakot area (A. Lowrie, pers. comm.). Otherwise this species is known from the south coast between Esperance and Mt Manypeaks. The Jandakot population is in need of detailed study to establish its relationship to the south coast populations.

Stylium roseonanum

A large population of this species occurred at Austin Bay in community type 7. This is an inconspicuous and poorly collected species and it should be considered for Priority listing.

Synaphea species

Eight recently recognised undescribed taxa are distinguished in the study area. While each of these taxa are considered to be locally common they are of restricted distribution (A.S. George pers. comm.) and should be considered for Priority listing on completion of the current taxonomic revision.

Tetraria australiensis

Prior to this study this species was considered to be extinct. Two populations were located in the study area on sandy soils associated with heavy soils on the Pinjarra Plain (Figure 2). The current gazettal as Declared Rare Flora should be maintained.

Themeda triandra

Roadside populations of this species were observed in the study area associated with Wando Woodlands from GinGin to Dardanup. It was not possible to sample this community as all locations were in a very disturbed condition, generally being reduced to scattered trees over exotics.

Tribonanthes aff. *violacea*

A tall robust pale purple flowered form of *Tribonanthes violacea* confined to community type 7 in this study (also found at Alfred Cove in a community which is floristically similar to community type 7). Further studies on this form are expected to establish this form as a distinct species.

Veronica aff. *calycina* (BJK & NG 235)

This taxon is related to *V. calycina* but is more robust and less densely pubescent and is currently known from less than five records on the Quindalup Dunes at Yalgorup and Alkimos (Trudgen and Keighery 1990). Most of the habitat type that it occurs in between Yalgorup and Yanchep has been cleared or degraded by grazing and it appears to be rare or at least very uncommon. This is probably *V. stolonifera* described from Fremantle.

Wurmbea dioica subsp. aff. *alba* (GJK 12803)

A robust large flowered form of this taxon found growing in water up to half a metre deep in community types 7,8 and 10b.

Wilsonia humilis

An uncommon species in the study area confined to highly saline communities near Coogee, Mandurah and Rottnest. This species is not listed in Marchant *et al.* (1987).

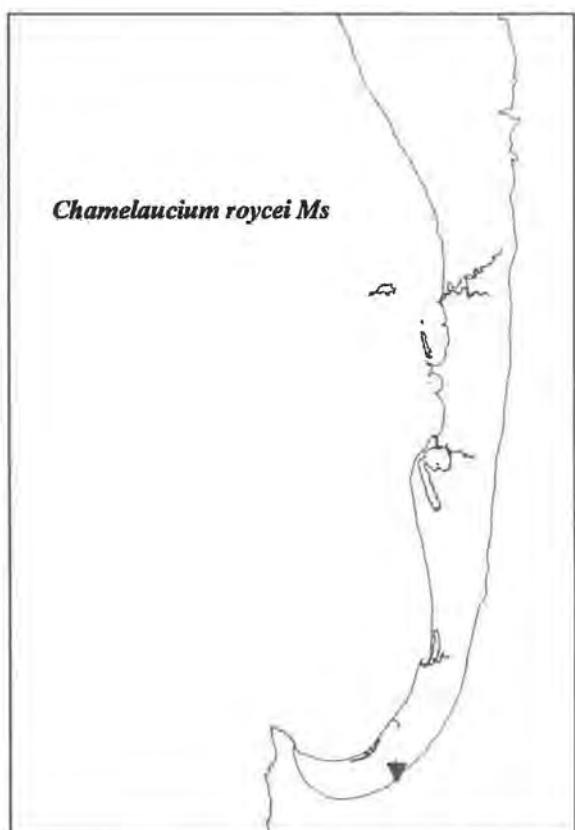
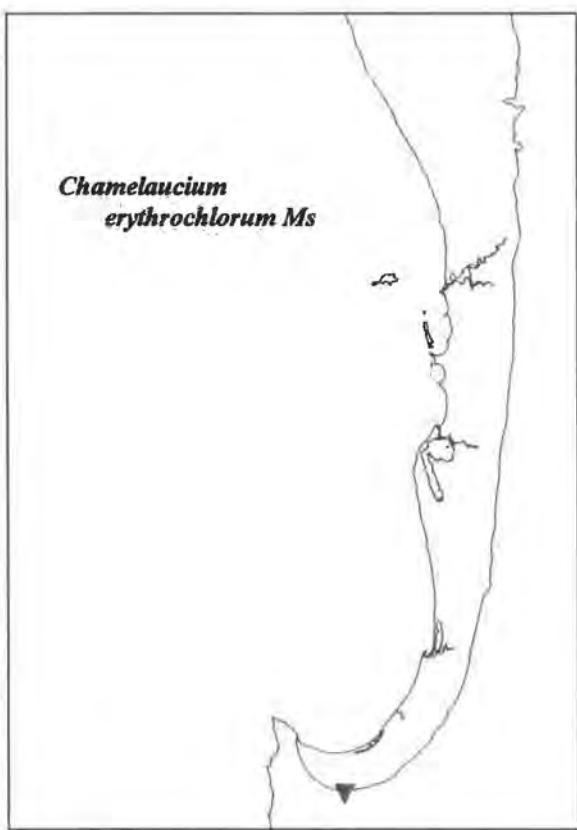
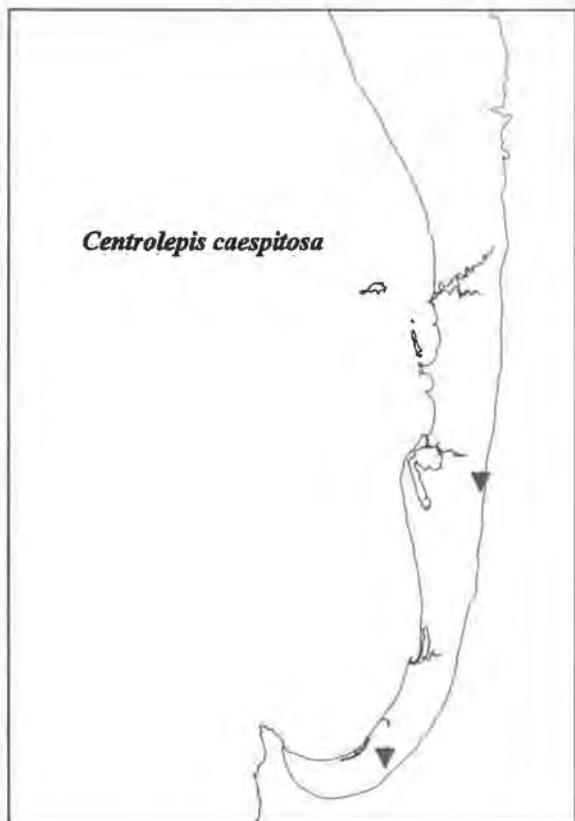
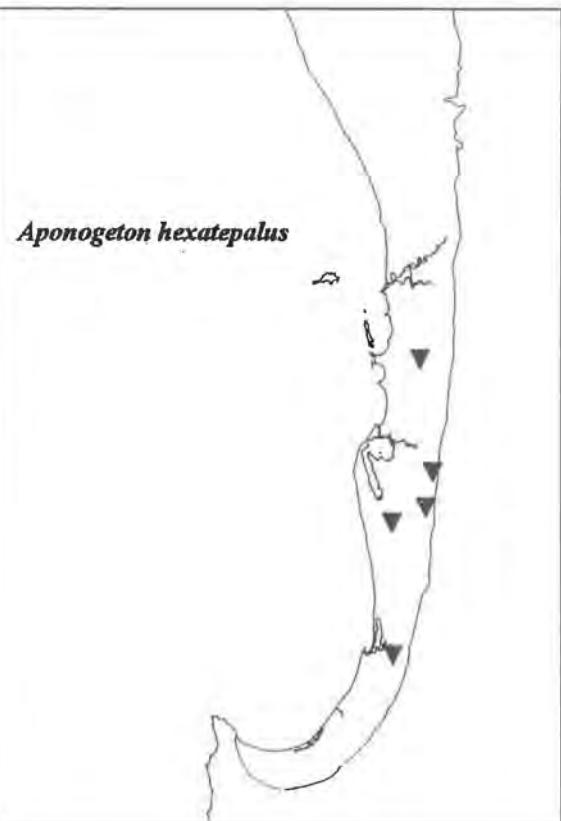


Figure 2. New populations of Declared Rare Flora in the study area.

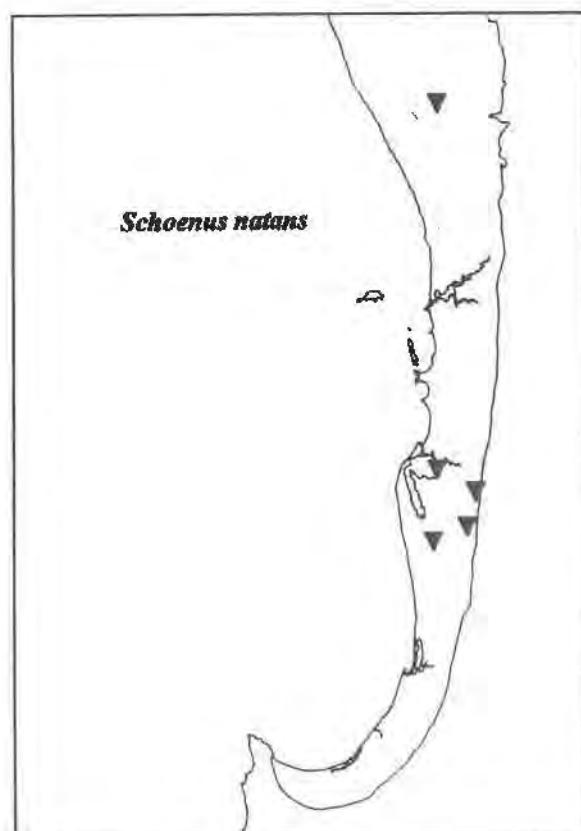
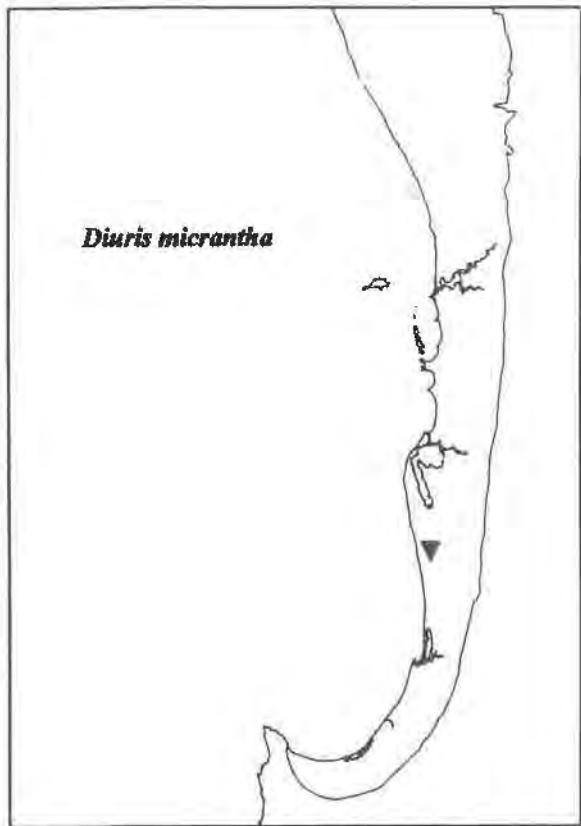
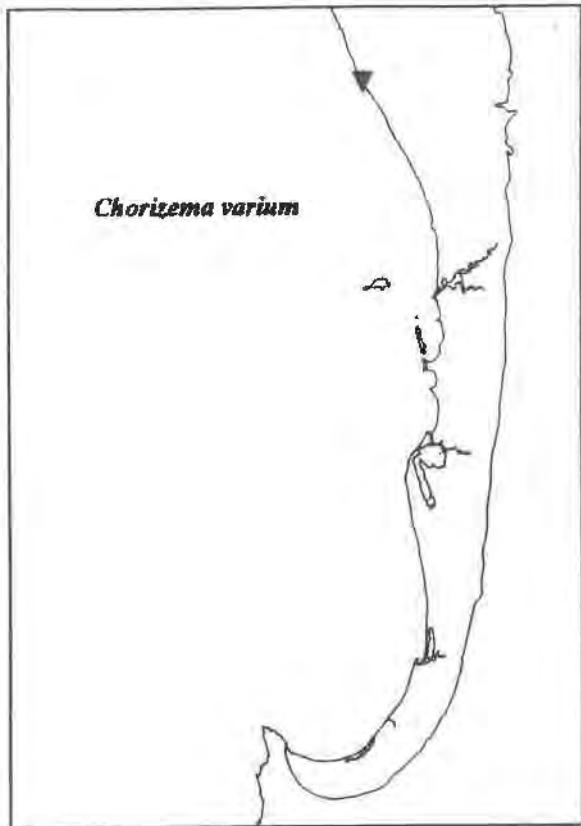


Figure 2 (cont.). New populations of Declared Rare Flora in the study area.

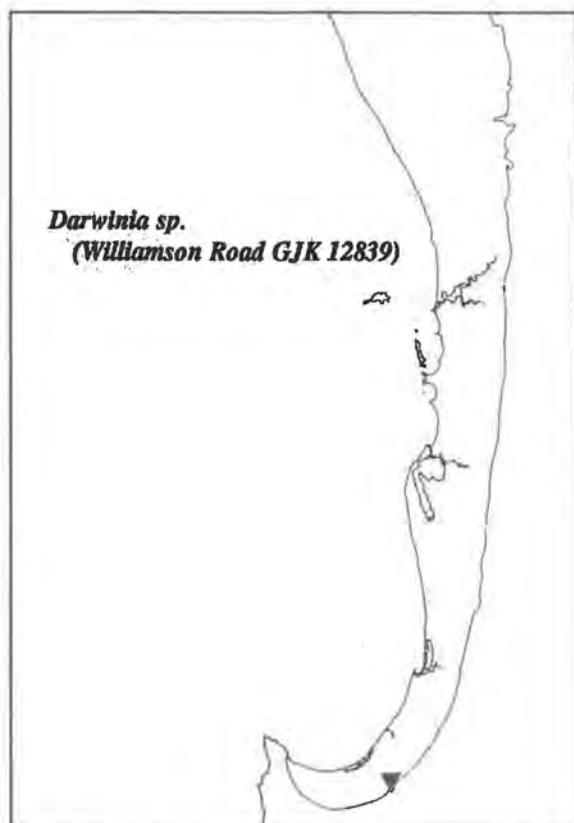
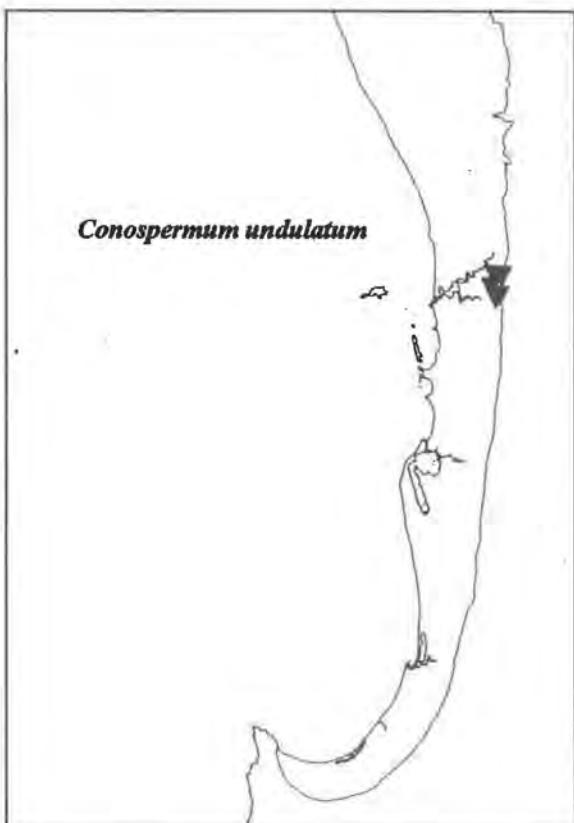
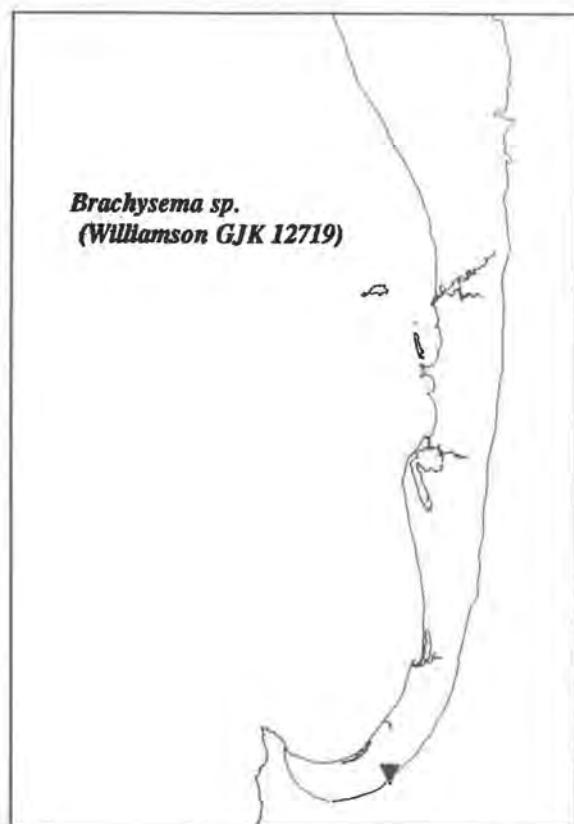
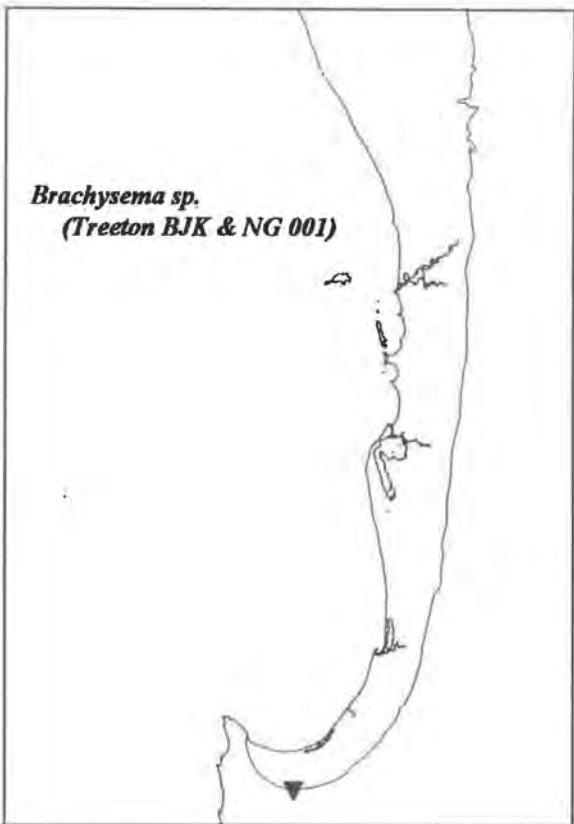


Figure 3. Location of proposed Declared Rare Flora in the study area.

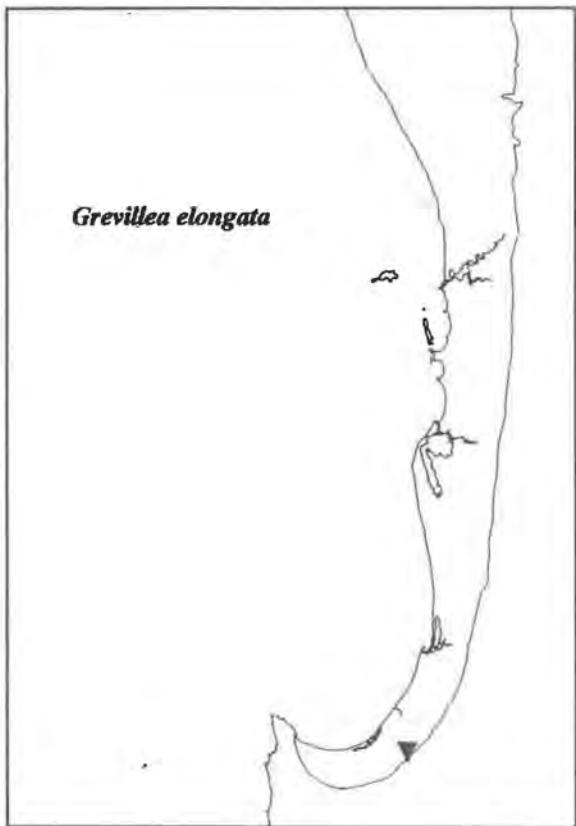
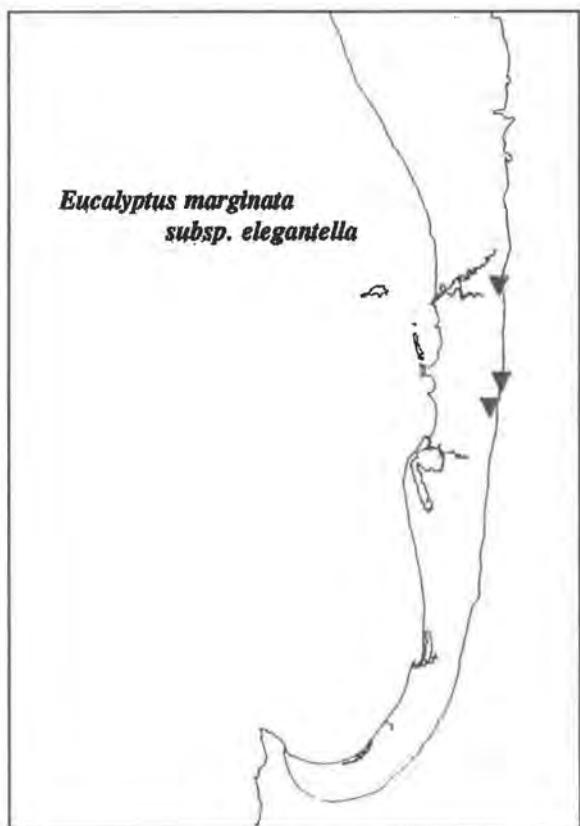
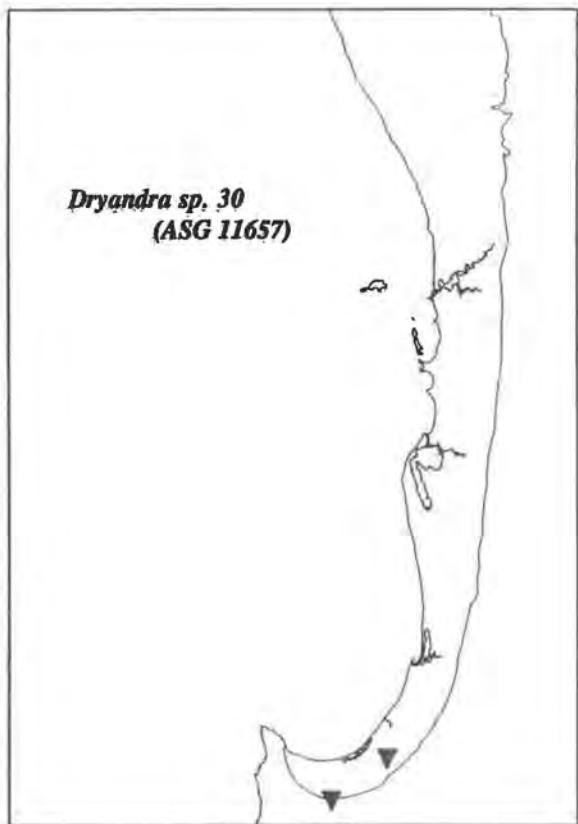


Figure 3 (cont.). Location of proposed Declared Rare Flora in the study area.

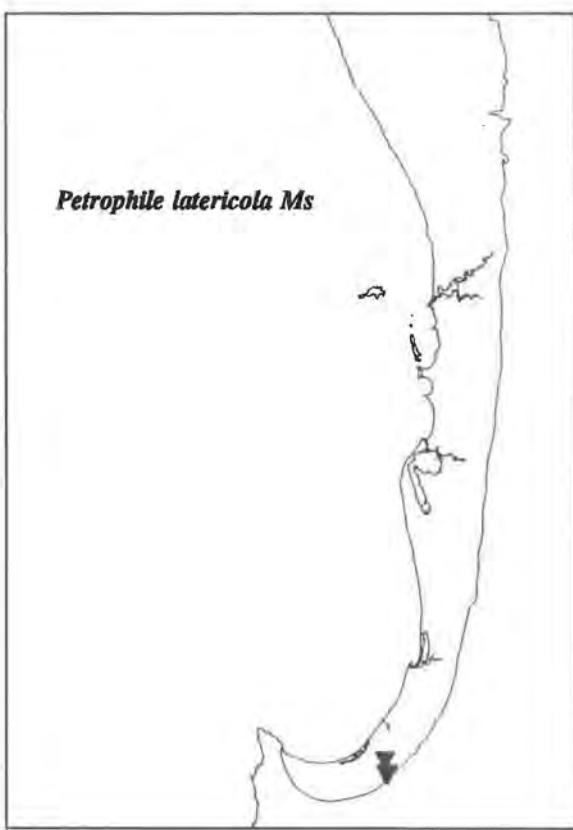
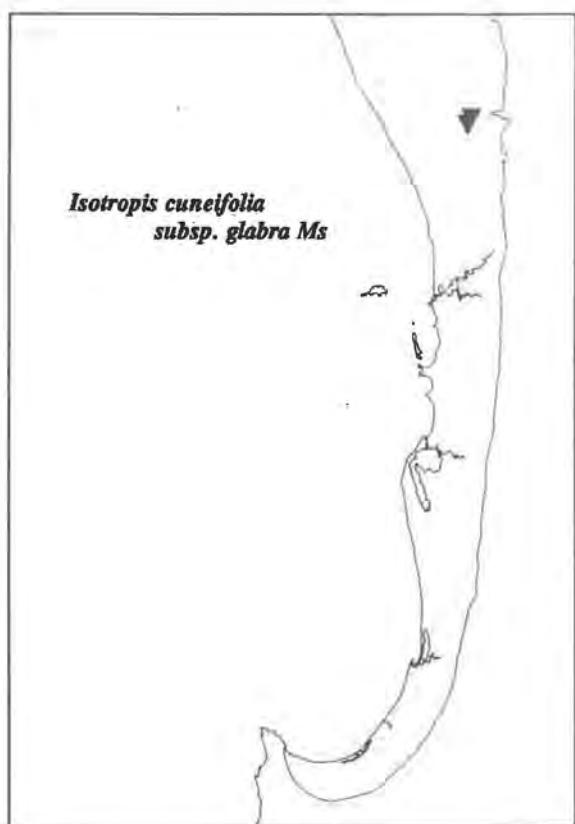
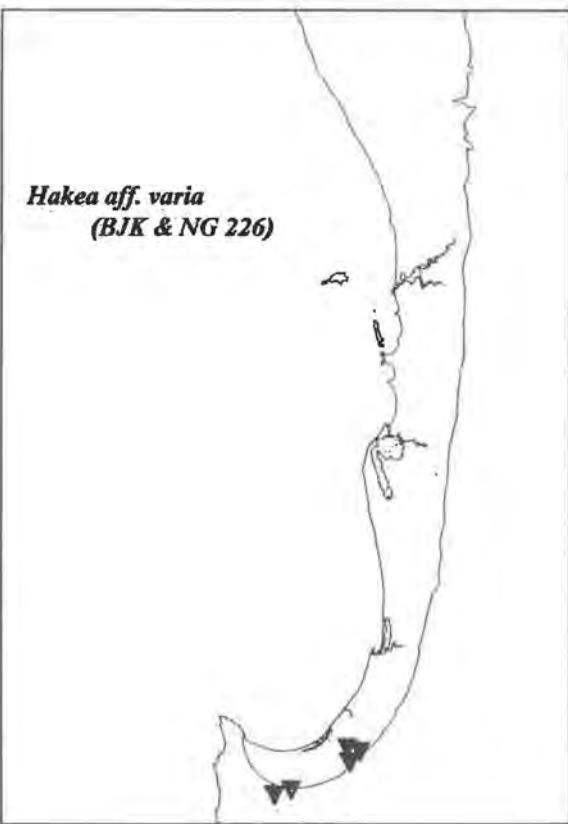


Figure 3 (cont.). Location of proposed Declared Rare Flora in the study area.

Areas of importance for conservation of Declared Rare Flora and proposed Declared Rare Flora

Most of the populations of Declared Rare Flora and proposed Declared Rare Flora encountered in the present survey lie outside the current reserve network. All of these areas are considered of high conservation value. More detailed analysis of the conservation and reservation status of species occurring on the coastal plain will be the subject of a future report. General areas in which DRF and proposed DRF occur are shown in Table 7 and Figures 2 and 3.

Table 7. General areas in which DRF and proposed DRF was located in the present survey and their present vesting.

Area	Current Vesting
Austin Bay Nature Reserve	A-class Nature Reserve
Agriculture Protection Board Reserve	Vested in APB for conservation of flora
Brixton Street Wetlands	Homeswest
C53 (Coolup Reserves)	Local Government and Road Reserve
C58 (Reserve A23172)	Local Government
GinGin Road Reserve	Road Reserve
Ken Hurst Park	Local Government
Lake Bambun (Reserve 22831)	Local Government
Lake Muckenburra (Reserve 25431)	Local Government
M53 (Reserve C29880)	SECWA, Fires Board, Main Roads, WAWA
Meelon Nature Reserve	Proposed A-class Nature Res (vested in CALM)
Mundijong Road	Road and Drain Reserves
Southern Ironstones	State Forest
Talbot Road Reserve	Local Government
VCL South of Seabird (part Red Book 5.24)	Vacant Crown Land
Waterloo School Site	Local Government
Wonnerup Road Reserve	Road and Rail Reserve
Yalgorup National Park	A-class National Park
Yoongan Nature Reserve	A-class Nature Reserve

Comparison with the Flora of the Perth Region

The *Flora of the Perth Region* (Marchant *et al.* 1987) records some 2057 species (almost 2200 taxa in all) from an area of 10,500 square kilometres stretching from Guilderton to Boyanup and inland to cover the Darling Scarp and part of the Plateau (see Map 1 in Marchant *et al.* 1987). This area covers 80-90% of our study area and it is useful to compare our data with that of the Flora.

Table 8. Geographic occurrence of 792 taxa recorded in the Flora of the Perth Region but not encountered in the present survey.

Habitat	Number of Taxa
Restricted to Coastal Plain	525
Restricted to Scarp or Plateau	222
Largely restricted to Scarp and Plateau	18
Taxonomic revisions (no longer in FPR area)	27
Total	792

Some 792 taxa recorded in the *Flora of the Perth Region* were not encountered during the current survey (Table 8). Of these taxa 222 are restricted to the Darling Scarp and Plateau (areas not sampled). The present survey may have been expected to encounter the 525 taxa recorded as occurring on the coastal plain. Of these 525 taxa 183 were native and 342 were introduced. The most important

families are the Poaceae, Papilionaceae, Asteraceae, Cyperaceae, Brassicaceae, Orchidaceae, Solanaceae and Iridaceae (Table 9).

The significant number of weed species not encountered in the present survey suggests that either our sampling of vegetation in the best condition missed a large number of weed species or that a large number of agricultural weeds do not invade bushland remnants. Given the large number of species involved it appears there is a suite of weed species poorly adapted to survival in bushland remnants.

Table 9. Native and introduced taxa for the most important families recorded for the Swan Coastal Plain but not encountered in the present survey.

Family	Native taxa	Introduced taxa	Total
Poaceae	6	81	87
Papilionaceae	7	36	43
Asteraceae	6	34	40
Cyperaceae	16	6	22
Brassicaceae	3	17	20
Orchidaceae	19	-	19
Solanaceae	2	17	19
Iridaceae	-	17	17

The two families for which significant numbers of non-weed species were missed were the Cyperaceae and the Orchidaceae. The Cyperaceae are common components of riverine and estuarine habitats which were under sampled in the present survey while the Orchidaceae are easily missed ephemeral taxa for which sampling time is critical, because flowers are crucial for identification and many species flower sporadically or only after summer fires.

Given that our total area of sampling was 5.01 ha ($509 \times 100\text{ m}^2$) the absence of only 183 native taxa indicates adequate coverage of most habitat types. Some 102 of these taxa have a riverine distribution and this habitat type was not sampled in the present survey. Of the remaining 80 odd taxa some are naturally rare (as indicated by low number of herbarium collections and field knowledge). As discussed above the survey has recorded a further 51 taxa not previously recorded from the plain (approximately 30% of these are new records for the area covered by the Perth Flora).

A synthesis of data from collections of Coastal Plain taxa lodged in the Western Australian Herbarium (PERTH) and taxonomic revisions indicate that there are at least seven or possibly eight taxa that are presumably extinct on the Coastal Plain. These taxa have not been collected for at least 50 years despite thorough searching (Table 10).

Table 10. Taxa likely to be extinct in the study area.

Taxon	Last Collections in the Study Area
<i>Dampiera triloba</i>	Gnangara Oct. 1945 (49 years ago)
<i>Empodium gracillimum</i>	Bunbury 1870, Bayswater 1935
<i>Euphrasia scabra</i>	Harvey 1860, Fremantle 1874
<i>Gahnia decomposita</i>	Bayswater 1902
<i>Glyceria australis</i>	Harvey 1940
<i>Isopogon attenuatus</i>	Waterloo 1920
<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	Harvey 1940
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>	Pinjarra 1904

The contemporary absence of taxa such as *Empodium gracillimum* and *Gahnia decomposita* from Bayswater and Bunbury strongly suggests that some wetland types originally in these areas have been lost. Both these taxa are very conspicuous and it is unlikely that further searching will rediscover them in these areas.

VEGETATION

For the floristic analysis some species had to be amalgamated into complexes due to difficulty of differentiating between closely related taxa without good flowering material (eg. *Thysanotus patersonii* and *Thysanotus manglesianus*, see Appendix 3) As a result the data were reduced to 1369 taxa. Of these 272 taxa occurred at only one site. Singletons (taxa recorded from only one plot) were recorded in 166 plots at frequency of one to seven singletons per plot. Preliminary analyses of the floristic dataset showed that singletons had no effect (ie. contained little information) on the community classification so they were excluded. The final data set consisted of 1097 taxa in 509 sites. Species richness ranged from seven to 86 per site (100^2 m), with individual taxa occurring in between two and 306 sites (Figure 4).

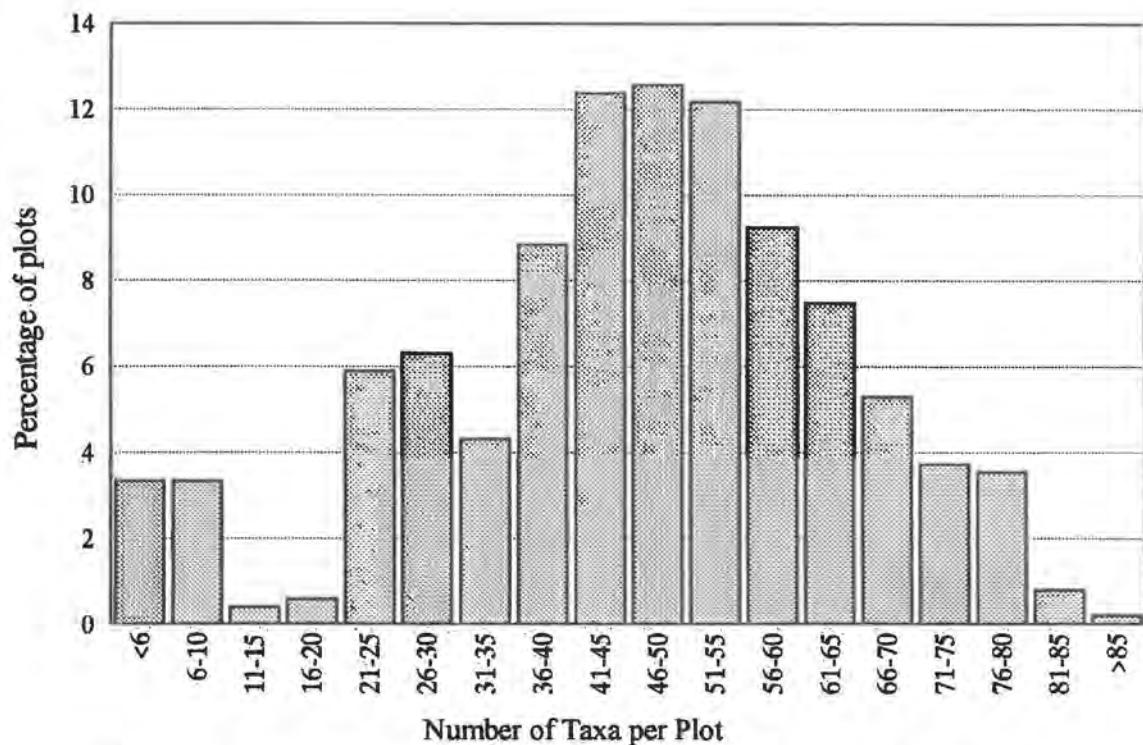
Multivariate analysis can assist in sorting both sites and species data such that patterns in species composition are more easily seen. The decision as to the number of site and species groups defined is subjective and related to the scale of pattern of interest (Kent and Coker 1992). In this analysis site groups are discussed at two scales: the four group level ('super groups'), roughly corresponding to major geomorphological patterning and the 30 group level which best reflected the scale of pattern seen in the field. Within some of the 30 groups finer subdivisions could be made and our final classification was of 43 individual groups and subgroups. This classification will not be definitive and as more data becomes available new floristic communities will emerge and a better understanding of inter and intra group relationships will be possible. This will be particularly true for the seasonal wetlands which are our most heterogenous group.

Four group classification

The four group classification ('super groups') broadly reflects the major geomorphological elements with the exception of one group made up of all the seasonal wetlands (Figure 5). Group 1 in this classification comprises sites almost entirely restricted to the Pinjarra Plain and Ridge Hill Shelf. The second major grouping are the almost entirely seasonal wetlands which occur across all geomorphological groups. The third major group is centred on but not exclusive to Bassendean Dunes. There are also significant occurrences on Pinjarra Plain and Spearwood Dunes systems. Group 4 is almost exclusively a Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes group. It can be seen from the dendrogram that group 2 (seasonal wetlands) is the most variable group, having by far the largest number of community types and lowest average number of sites / community type (Figure 6).

At the four group level there are significant differences between species frequency, weed frequency, slope, mean annual rainfall, and mean annual temperature (Table 11). Sites classified into group 1 are concentrated on the eastern side of the plain and the alluvial soils bordering the Peel - Harvey estuary (Figure 5a). The wide spread clearance of this land system is readily apparent (as blank areas) on this map. This group had significantly higher species richness than all other groups except group 3 and a lower number of weed species than any group other than group 3 (centred on Bassendean Dunes) (Table 11). Rainfall was also significantly higher reflecting its position at the base of the Scarp and concentration in the south.

The seasonal wetland group (group 2) are more or less uniformly spread across the plain, except in the north west of the study area where the decrease in rainfall and steeper nature of the Spearwood Dunes exclude them (Figure 5b). These wetlands have significantly lower species richness than all other groups. Weed frequency was also moderately high, with the percentage of weeds as a proportion of total species richness being very high, comparable only with Spearwood / Quindalup Dune groups (group 4) (Table 11). The lack of correlation with major geomorphological elements contrasts markedly with the other three super groups. The high level of heterogeneity within this group is consistent with patterns found by Griffin and Keighery (1990) on the northern sandplain.



*Figure 4. Histogram showing percentage of plots with different species richness.
Note the group of species poor wetlands at one end and the very high
species richness of some woodlands and shrublands at the other.*

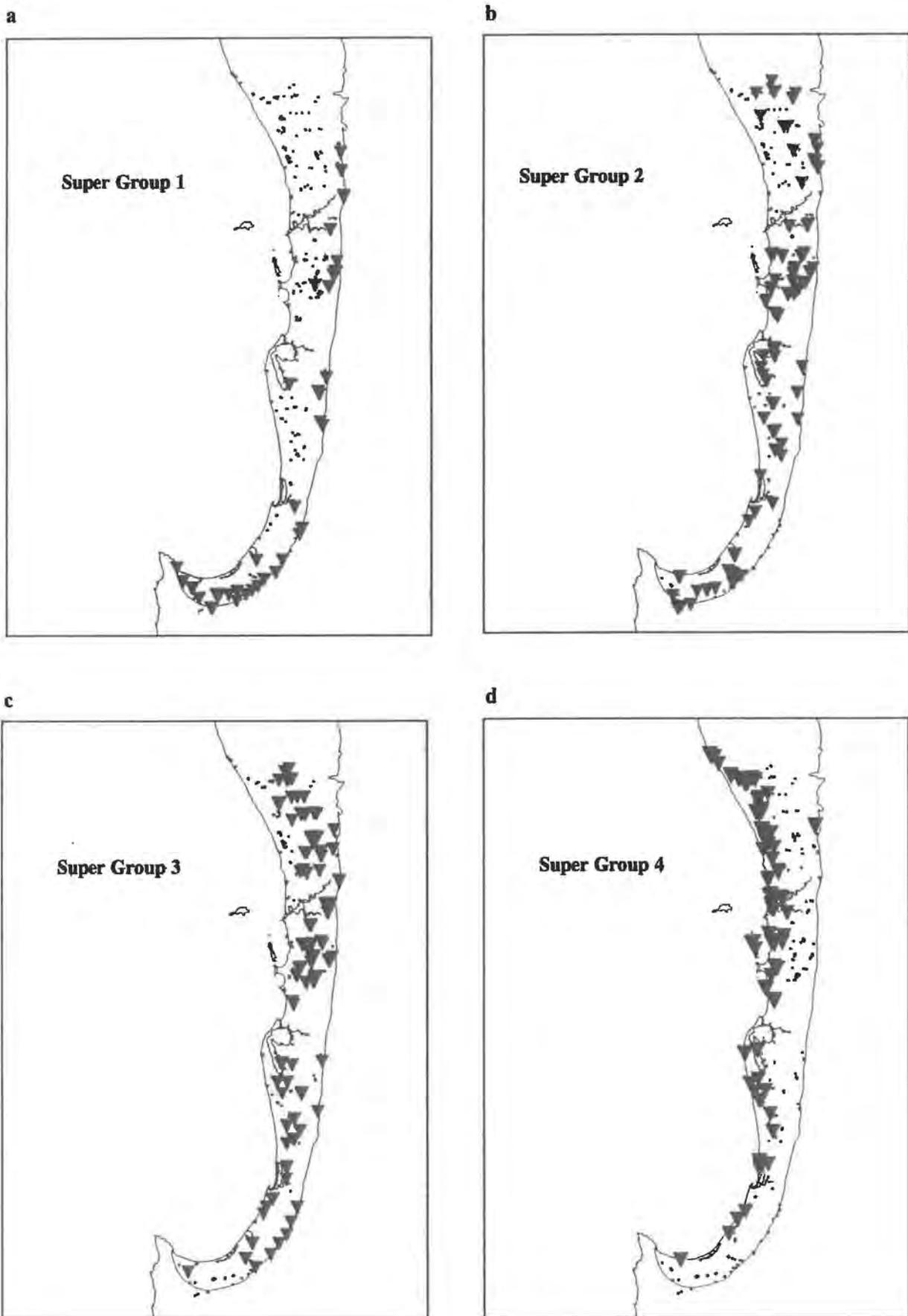


Figure 5. Distribution of the four major floristic groups across the Plain.

Group 3 is centred largely on the Bassendean Dunes but with significant numbers of plots on Spearwood and Pinjarra Plain and in the south on the Whicher Scarp (Figure 5c). The Whicher Scarp plots were generally *Banksia* woodlands on sand sheets occurring up to 110 m altitude. This group had high levels of species richness and low mean weed frequency (Table 11).

Most of the 151 sites in group 4 occur on the Spearwood or Quindalup Dunes (Figure 5d) They have a largely western distribution except for a small group of *Banksia* woodlands sites at Bullsbrook at the base of the Scarp. The number of plots diminishes to the south as does the occurrence of these land systems. This group has moderate levels of species richness, relative high levels of weed invasion and lower annual rainfall than most other groups reflecting the concentration of this community type in the north and west of the study area. Vegetation condition was significantly poorer on the coast relative to all other groups except for the seasonal wetlands (Table 11).

The major environmental correlates with the four group classification are major geomorphological units (McArthur and Bettenay 1960, Churchward and McArthur 1980) and a rainfall gradient running at 90 degrees to the coastline. Temperature, rainfall, geomorphology, and slope were all significantly inter correlated. It should also be noted that while the major variation in the vegetation appears to be primarily controlled by geomorphology, significant departures from this pattern are seen in the floristic data. This aspect will be discussed further below.

Table 11. Means for species frequency, weed frequency, slope (class 1 - flat; to class 3 - steep), annual rainfall, annual temperature and condition rating (class 1 - excellent, to class 5 - very disturbed) at the four super group level. Groups means with the same superscript are not significantly different at P < 0.001.

Super Group.	Mean species richness	Mean weed frequency	Slope	Mean annual rainfall (mm)	Mean annual temp (°C)	Mean condition rating	Number of quadrats
1	60.4 ^a	3.5 ^a	1.5 ^a	975 ^a	17.1 ^a	2.1 ^a	61
2	36.2 ^b	6.2 ^b	1.1 ^b	913 ^b	17.5 ^b	2.4 ^{ab}	154
3	54.6 ^a	3.4 ^a	1.7 ^a	902 ^b	17.7 ^{bc}	2.2 ^a	143
4	45.8 ^c	8.8 ^c	2.0 ^c	840 ^c	17.9 ^c	2.6 ^b	151

Thirty group classification

In the more detailed classification 30 community types and 35 species groups have been defined. Some of the 30 communities types have been further subdivided where distinct subunits were recognisable in the sorted two way table (Figure 6, Table 12). The sorted two way table shows only those species that occur at frequency of > 50% in at least one of the site groups. For some of the species groups, no species reached this frequency and these are omitted from the table. Very strong patterning in both site and species groups is evident (Table 12). Distribution maps for each of the community types are shown in Appendix 1.

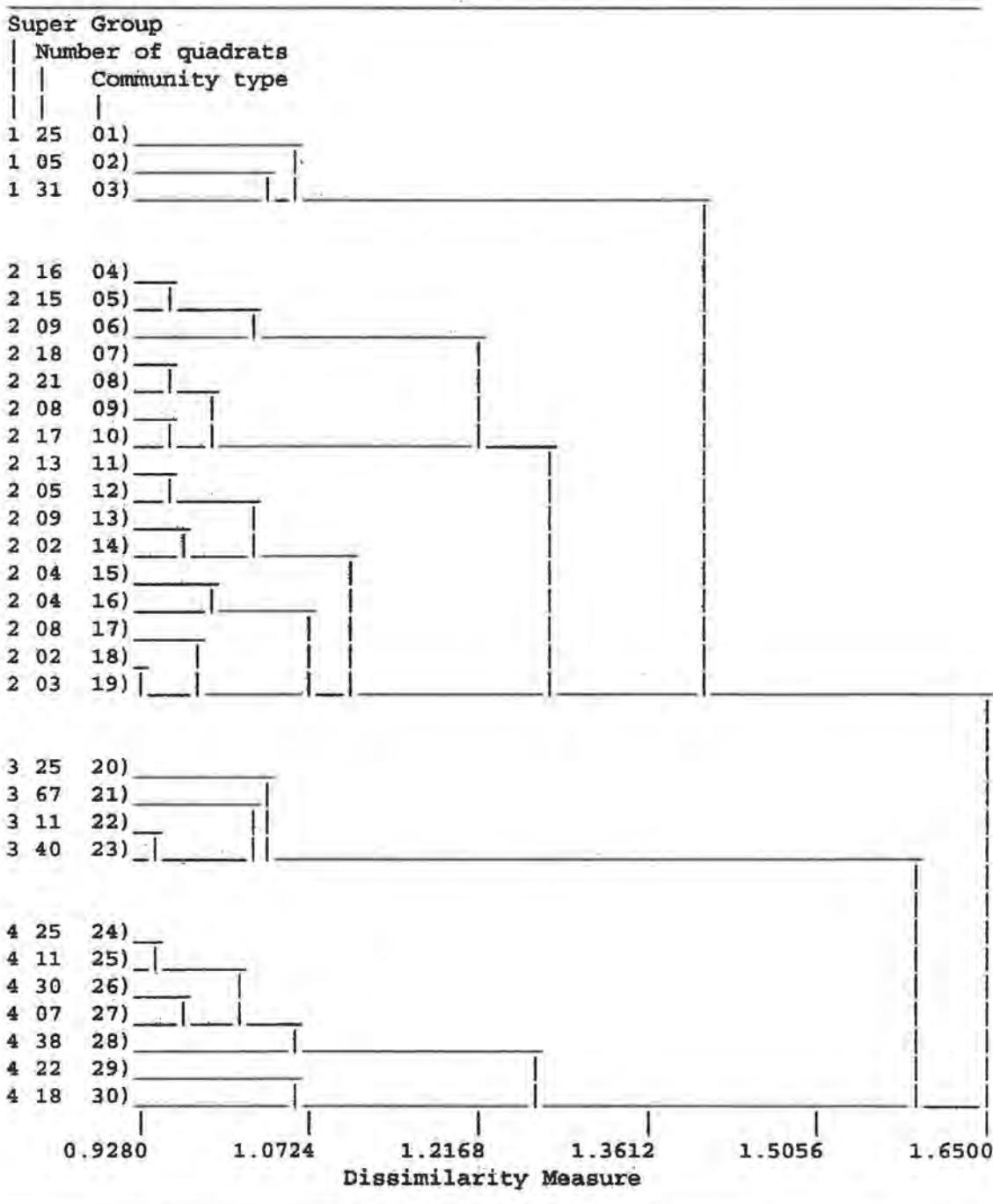
Community types of heavy soils

Three community types are found on the heavy soils of the eastern coastal plain. These heavy soil communities are defined by the general absence of species in the large species groups A, B, and I, and the presence of species in species groups R and S (Table 12).

Community type 1 is restricted to the area south of Bunbury and has two distinct subgroups. Type 1a occurs along the northern edge of State Forest along the base of the Whicher Range and is composed of *Eucalyptus haematoxylon* - *E. calophylla* - *E. marginata* forests and woodlands. The one site of this community type on the plain proper belonged to a fertile soil unit (Abba very fertile), that has been almost entirely cleared (Tille and Lantzke 1990). Community type 1a was characterised by high frequency of species in species group S and moderate frequencies in species group R. Lower frequency

species such as *Acacia teretifolia*, *Acacia varia* var. *varia*, *Agonis grandiflora*, and *Xanthosia pusilla* are virtually restricted to type 1a.

Figure 6. Dendrogram showing the four super groups and the 30 community types defined from the floristic presence / absence data set.



Community type 1b consists largely of *E. calophylla* forests and woodlands of bushland remnants on the plain south of Capel. Group R species were more common in community type 1b with lower frequencies of group S species compared to the previous group. In addition another low frequency group which includes *Acacia myrtifolia*, *Opercularia spermacocea* and *Acacia mooreana* are largely restricted to type 1b.

Table 12. Sorted two way table showing species frequency by community type. Only species which occur with frequencies of at least 50% in any one community type are shown.

Species group K

* *Lolium rigidum*

Species group L

Bauhinia ilicifolia

Kunzea ericifolia

Jacksonia furcellata

Leptomeria cunninghamii

Species group M

Molecular phylogeny

Schopsum rodwayana

Нормативы

Perianlympha elliptica

Thrysoxyne multiflora

Bartsia vaginalis

Species group N

Bonifortia elegans

Species group P

<i>Acacia stenopis</i>	31	25	60	15	38	-	19	7	-	-	19	-	25	56	8	-	-	-	-	11	-	21	42	-	18	11	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-			
<i>Chamissoa corymbosa</i>	54	67	-	38	75	20	31	33	11	11	14	13	13	22	-	-	11	-	-	13	-	14	100	67	59	75	44	-	42	-	4	36	5	-	13	-	
<i>Dempsteria linearis</i>	77	92	100	77	38	20	75	27	-	6	24	50	-	56	15	-	-	-	-	57	33	-	46	42	19	45	79	38	-	9	9	-	14	3	-	-	-

Species group Q

Acanthella willdenowiana	31	25	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	22	67	15	42	-	-	21	-	4	55	-	-	29	11											
Astroloma pallidum	23	25	-	15	25	10	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	56	-	28	-	-	-	5	8	18	-	-	-	26	-											
Caladenia flava	38	-	8	63	-	6	60	11	6	-	13	-	11	8	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-													
Lomandra cespitosa	15	33	-	8	38	-	13	7	11	-	-	38	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-														
Hibbertia hypericoides	100	100	-	38	100	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	78	89	90	100	13	-	68	57	48	82	9	79	57	100										
Hovea trisperme var. triplasperma	38	58	-	8	38	10	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	22	-	49	58	-	9	58	29	16	45	-	-	11	14	26									
Drosanthemum stokoeanum	15	-	-	15	75	10	-	7	-	6	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	100	-	29	44	56	52	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Isotropis cuneifolia	8	8	-	8	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	56	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
Dactyloctenium aegyptium	-	8	-	-	38	-	6	-	-	5	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	11	-	51	17	25	-	74	19	12	18	55	42	14	50	22	62					
Gompholobium tomentosum	-	8	-	-	25	-	13	40	11	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	56	67	79	58	63	27	79	29	36	18	55	21	29	55	22	54					
Loxocalyx flexuosus	15	25	-	-	60	-	-	22	-	5	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	44	69	25	38	-	63	48	72	36	100	79	100	87	44	92					
Trachymene pilosa	15	17	-	8	25	10	25	67	22	17	-	-	-	11	15	20	-	-	-	-	29	44	100	79	92	81	18	79	38	24	82	100	95	86	82	67	77	57	75	67		
Hibbertia racemosa	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	49	42	31	9	42	14	32	36	36	53	57	8	-	23	-				
Drosanthemum acutiflorum	-	-	-	8	75	30	6	13	22	11	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	100	-	64	25	56	9	84	71	20	55	36	79	43	79	-	-	33					
* Ursinia anthemoides	-	-	-	-	31	38	30	25	60	67	17	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	56	100	56	25	50	27	74	38	20	36	9	32	-	71	-	-	33					
* Gladiolus caryophyllaceus	-	-	-	8	-	30	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	89	-	-	25	27	68	43	40	-	9	5	-	68	-	-	-				
Spiraea compacta	-	8	-	-	-	20	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	78	8	58	19	-	-	58	38	-	-	55	42	-	26	-	-					
Wahlbergia pectinata	-	-	-	-	15	13	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	17	6	-	32	33	8	-	-	58	-	34	11	-	-						
* Aizoon caprifolium/cupaniaria group	8	17	20	23	63	10	38	73	11	39	57	-	38	44	8	80	11	-	-	-	43	-	11	46	33	31	9	63	19	24	55	73	100	14	71	33	-	14	13	33		
* Briza maxima	8	42	20	85	100	100	56	60	100	67	86	15	38	33	77	-	11	-	-	-	14	11	56	79	58	81	-	84	55	72	82	18	-	74	22	-	-	25	33			
* Hypochaeris glabra	15	83	60	62	100	60	69	93	100	56	52	50	50	78	62	40	33	50	-	-	13	50	-	29	44	56	87	75	81	18	89	10	80	91	91	89	-	89	11	8	-	67
Thysanotus manglesianus/petersoonii	8	50	20	54	-	50	-	33	35	56	48	-	25	22	38	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	43	11	44	46	42	81	-	53	-	48	36	91	58	71	63	33	23	43	25	100
Coccocypselus aculeatus	8	33	40	15	25	20	6	13	-	-	-	13	50	33	8	-	11	-	-	-	14	-	78	64	25	38	9	42	19	64	-	21	57	53	22	23	-	13	-	-		
Legiosperma engelmannii	92	75	40	46	75	40	25	-	11	-	19	38	38	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	29	67	33	85	83	44	9	68	38	72	73	45	74	86	58	22	92	50		
Kaorthiorchis pectinata	54	92	100	92	100	90	75	20	22	-	33	-	13	33	15	-	-	-	-	100	67	43	89	33	38	17	44	55	58	43	52	18	9	79	57	95	-	-	-			
Centrolepis drummondiana	8	-	-	8	25	10	-	40	22	11	10	13	50	56	15	40	-	-	-	-	14	-	44	13	42	31	9	53	19	20	18	9	63	-	50	-	-	-				
Quinetia urvillei	8	-	-	-	25	10	6	67	11	33	19	-	13	11	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	22	44	28	8	13	-	32	5	4	18	18	21	-	26	-	-	-				
Drosanthemum macrantha	-	-	-	15	13	40	-	-	22	22	10	25	13	22	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	56	33	28	-	13	9	16	5	8	9	36	5	71	16	-	8	-	-			
Hyalosperme octula	-	-	-	31	38	10	6	13	11	6	52	25	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	15	-	6	-	-	29	4	-	45	-	43	13	-	8	-	-				
Mitrasacme paradoxum	15	-	8	-	13	53	-	28	10	25	-	56	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	29	-	44	5	25	13	27	37	62	-	-	82	11	29	13	22	-	13			
Stylium calostomum	15	25	20	23	38	-	6	13	-	22	19	38	50	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	5	-	13	9	11	14	-	-	11	-	37	-	-	-					
Podolopia gracilis	8	-	-	-	13	-	-	6	14	13	25	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	100	21	-	-	-	-	9	-	11	-	16	-	8	-	-	-				
Homalocladium homalocarpum	-	-	-	-	63	30	25	40	-	17	5	-	-	8	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	11	33	8	13	-	5	-	8	45	36	53	-	47	11	8	-	-	-		
Keussia prostrata	-	-	-	8	50	30	6	-	11	-	5	-	-	15	-	-	50	-	-	-	33	-	-	28	-	13	9	-	8	27	9	53	14	26	-	23	-	13				

These community types have the highest mean species richness recorded (67.6 and 67.8 species / plot; Table 13). Weed frequency is significantly higher in community type 1b reflecting higher human impacts to the remnants to which this community is confined (2.4 weeds/ plot cf. 0.3 weeds/ plot). The community type 1a which occurred along the edge of a large forest block had the lowest disturbance rating of any group (Table 13). Mean rainfall for these groups was high as would be expected from their southern distribution.

Community type 2 are shrublands or open low woodlands restricted to small remnants south of Busselton. These occur on seasonally inundated sandy clay soils. They are shrub rich and thus differ from all other seasonal wetlands which classify into super group 2. They are best characterised by species groups E, M and R and are lacking most species in species group S. This community type has moderate species richness (mean 51 species / plot). Weed frequency is low with a low disturbance rating (Table 13). The wetter nature of these sites is apparent with the occurrence of species such as *Kingia australis*, *Eutaxia virgata* and *Calothamnus lateralis* being present in all plots. These species are totally lacking in both subgroups of community type 1.

The third community type of the heavy soils occurs further north stretching from Waterloo to Pearce airforce base (Appendix 1). This community type is considered to have been one of the most extensive community on the eastern side of the coastal plain (Keighery and Trudgen 1992) but due to clearing is now regionally rare (Keighery and Keighery 1992). It has three distinct subgroups comprising either *Eucalyptus calophylla*, *E. marginata* or *Eucalyptus wandoo* woodland or *Xanthorrhoea preissii* dominated scrub or heath formations. These three subgroups differ in the relative proportions of species in species groups P, Q and R.

Community type 3a has, in addition, high frequencies of species group E (Table 12). This subgroup occupies the wettest sites with high frequencies of *Eucalyptus calophylla* and *Kingia australis*, and very low frequencies of *E. marginata*. *Pericalymma elliptica* was present in over half the sites of this subgroup.

By contrast in group 3b most sites are dominated by both *E. calophylla* and *E. marginata*. Species such as *Bossiaea eriocarpa* and *Conostylis juncea* differentiate this subgroup. Type 3b has been recorded from alluvial soils near the Peel - Harvey estuary as well as the better drained sites on the eastern side of the plain.

Group 3c extended further to the north and differed from the other subgroups in terms of frequency of species occurrence rather than having different species groups. *Eucalyptus wandoo* was an occasional dominant and this group lacks species such as *Bossiaea eriocarpa*, *Stylium piliferum* and *Conostylis juncea* (common in type 3b) and *Acacia drewiana*, *Hakea incrassata*, and *Lepyrodia macra* (common in type 3a). Thirty percent of quadrats included *Acacia saligna*, this species was not recorded in the other subgroups.

There were significant differences in mean species richness between the subgroups. Subgroups 3a (58.9) and 3b (61.2) were significantly higher than subgroup 3c (48.0) (Table 13). Not surprisingly rainfall was also significantly lower in subgroup 3c. There was no significant difference in weed frequency between any of the groups. Average vegetation condition ranged from 2.0 in community type 3a to 2.6 in group 3c which represent more disturbed condition than seen in either community types 1 or 2.

Community types of the seasonal wetlands

Almost all of the quadrats in the second major subdivision of the dataset are seasonal wetlands. These occur across all major geomorphological elements. They are the most heterogenous group, with many more community types discernible than the other major groups (Figure 6). Many of the community types are represented by only a few quadrats with restricted distributions (Appendix 1).

Table 13. Average values for species richness, rainfall, slope (1 - flat to 3 - steep), weed frequency, vegetation condition (1 - excellent to 5 - badly degraded) and number of quadrats in each of the groups and subgroups in the 30 group classification.

Type	Species richness	Rainfall	Slope	Weed frequency	Vegetation condition	Number of quadrats
1a	67.6	1001	2.0	0.3	1.7	13
1b	67.8	966	1.5	2.4	2.0	12
2	51.0	972	1.0	0.8	1.9	5
3a	58.9	985	1.3	3.9	2.0	13
3b	61.2	1013	1.3	5.7	2.4	8
3c	48.0	907	1.5	6.0	2.6	10
4	36.9	922	1.0	3.3	2.0	16
5	38.4	907	1.1	5.8	2.1	15
6	26.6	885	1.2	7.9	3.6	9
7	46.4	864	1.0	8.0	2.3	18
8	52.0	943	1.0	11.0	2.7	21
9	35.5	972	1.1	2.2	2.0	8
10a	51.8	956	1.0	5.8	2.1	8
10b	53.7	987	1.6	4.9	2.2	9
11	27.2	920	1.3	6.9	2.7	13
12	26.4	895	1.0	5.5	2.9	5
13	17.4	918	1.0	1.4	1.8	9
14	16.5	792	1.0	0.7	2.3	2
15	17.5	833	1.0	4.3	2.9	4
16	13.5	893	1.3	3.7	2.9	4
17	13.6	872	1.0	1.7	2.3	8
18	39.5	942	1.0	5.6	2.5	2
19	22.6	829	1.3	6.9	2.7	3
20a	67.4	876	1.7	1.0	1.7	7
20b	62.7	1026	1.6	1.4	2.6	9
20c	64.0	875	1.7	4.0	2.2	9
21a	54.6	938	1.7	4.2	2.5	39
21b	61.3	948	1.8	1.7	2.0	12
21c	40.5	916	1.3	3.6	2.6	16
22	32.5	841	1.0	0.6	2.0	11
23a	62.8	884	1.8	5.2	2.0	19
23b	53.8	810	1.8	0.7	1.8	21
24	41.8	815	2.0	14.2	3.0	25
25	52.8	922	1.6	12.9	3.3	11
26a	50.2	844	2.2	8.0	2.1	11
26b	52.7	852	1.8	8.4	2.5	19
27	39.0	932	2.2	0.0	1.7	7
28	55.2	818	1.8	8.0	2.5	38
29a	40.7	799	2.1	11.2	2.3	9
29b	35.6	834	2.2	3.4	1.8	13
30a	21.1	781	2.0	6.3	3.2	7
30b	37.6	902	1.9	7.7	3.1	8
30c	27.3	825	2.6	3.7	2.7	3

The first two wetland communities are shrub rich damplands (Semeniuk 1987) centred on the Bassendean land system. These two communities with a diverse and dense shrub grow in soils that are saturated for short periods in winter. Free surface water is rare. Community type 4 is distributed over the length of the coastal plain and was generally found on the Bassendean or Southern River units. This shrub rich community generally has scattered *Melaleuca preissiana* as an overstorey. Where tree species are absent it forms heaths or scrubs. It shares a number of species in species group O and Q with upland Bassendean communities (Table 12). *Pericalymma ellipticum*, *Hypolaena exsulca*, *Hypocalymma angustifolium* and *Dasypteron bromeliifolius* were the most constant species in this community type. Average species richness for this group was 36.9.

By contrast, community type 5 has no consistent dominant overstorey. Dominants may include *Banksia ilicifolia*, *M. preissiana*, *Actinostrobus pyramidalis* and *Kunzea ericifolia*. While species composition is similar to the previous group this community has a higher frequency of species in species group L and a higher frequency of annual species. It also includes two sites from low dunes ridges in Austin Bay Nature Reserve. It generally has more open ground and a less dense shrub layer than community type 4. It has a mean species richness of 38.4 with an average weed frequency of 5.8. This community was recorded from Bassendean, Vasse, Herdsman and Beermullah land units.

Community type 6 is the first of the seasonal wetlands on the heavy soils, it has been recorded on the Guildford and Yanga units from Cardup to Bullsbrook. Floristically it is transitional between the moderately species rich Bassendean wetland described above and the heavy soil communities described below. Average species richness has dropped to 26.6 species / plot and average weed frequency risen to 7.9 / plot. The rise in weed species is even more dramatic when expressed as a percentage. It had the highest disturbance rating of any community and inspection of air photos indicates that this community type appears to have arisen from major disturbance events. In some cases this may have been clearing or grazing in others it appears to have resulted from major *Phytophthora* infections. It is not clear from the data which community type these sites would have belonged to prior to disturbance. The most faithful species to this group are all weeds except for *Hypocalymma angustifolium* (Appendix 1).

The next four community types are typical clay pan, clay flat and ironstone communities (seasonal wetlands) of the heavy soil of the eastern side of the plain and the heavy soils near the Peel - Harvey estuary. Keighery and Trudgen (1992) describe these communities as a mosaic of structural types. Sites of community type 7 are generally dominated by either *Melaleuca viminea*, *M. uncinata*, *M. cuticularis* or *Casuarina obesa* or a mixture of these species. This community occurs on heavy clay soils that are generally inundated from winter into mid summer. Species composition (*Melaleuca cuticularis*, and *Casuarina obesa*) may indicate some saline influence for at least some part of the year.

High frequencies of species in species group J defines community types 7 to 10. Differences between these groups is primarily on proportions of the species shown in Table 12, and in occurrence of a series of less frequent species restricted to each of these four types.

In community type 7, for example, such species as *Brachyscome bellidioides*, *Schoenus* sp 2, *Centrolepis polystachya*, *Pogonolepis stricta* and *Cotula coronopifolia* (species group J) are more typical of this community. In addition species such as *Angianthus* aff. *drummondii*, *Eryngium pannatifidum* subsp. *palustre* Ms, and *Blennospora* aff. *drummondii* occur in this community in low frequency (<50%) and are absent from community types 8 to 10.

These four clay pan, clay flat and ironstone communities are the most species rich seasonal wetlands (35.5 - type 9 to 53.7 - type 10b), with type 7 having an average of 46.4 species. Much of the species richness in all four communities types comes from geophytes and an annual flora that germinates, grows and flowers sequentially as these areas dry over summer. While the massive sheet ironstone finds surface expression in community type 10b, ironstone is known to occur at varying depth in the other three communities in this group.

In early spring many of the sites in community type 7 are covered by free water up to 30 cm deep. *Cotula coronopifolia* formed yellow floating mats in some pools while others were dominated by

Villarsia submersa. Aquatic species are common in this community type early in the growing season. As the wetland dries a succession of species such as *Centrolepis* spp. and annual *Stylium* spp. successively germinate grow and flower, resulting in an extended flowering period of over three months. It is likely that some of these communities would have occurred in the totally altered *Casuarina obesa* woodland south of Serpentine (Keighery and Trudgen 1992). The understorey of these stands have been completely converted to improved pasture. Some sites within community type 7 have significant variation in species composition and it may be that other related communities have been lost due to agricultural development.

Weed frequencies tend to be high in these four communities but given the high species richness the percentage of weeds is low to moderate. Average vegetation condition similarly ranges from 2.1 to 2.7.

Community type 8 are the clay pan communities which can be dominated by *Viminaria juncea*, *Melaleuca viminea*, *M. lateritia* or *M. uncinata* but also occasionally by *Eucalyptus wandoo*. They differ in proportions of species from species group E, and occurrence of such species as *Hypocalymma angustifolium*, *Acacia lasiocarpa* var. *bracteolata* (Long peduncle form), and *Verticordia huegelii* at moderate frequencies (Table 12). Aquatic annuals are again common but pools probably are not inundated to the same depth or for the same length of time as those above. Species richness averages 52 species / plot with weed frequencies of 11 / plot (almost entirely annuals or geophytes). This community had the highest disturbance score of the heavy soil wetland communities (2.7). This community type is distributed from Ellen Brook to Waterloo on small remnants of less than 20 ha (Appendix 1).

Average species richness in community type 9 fell dramatically to 35.5 (significantly lower than other heavy soil wetland communities) (Table 13). This community represents shrublands or open woodlands of clay flats that are inundated for long periods. Sedges are more apparent in this community (moderate frequencies of *Chorizandra enodis*, *Cyathochaeta avenacea*, *Lepidosperma longitudinale* and *Leptocarpus coangustatus*) and weed frequencies (2.2 / plot) drop significantly lower than other heavy soil wetlands, presumably because of the long inundation times.

The most rapidly drying of the clay flats form community type 10. These generally have shallower microtopography than the previous three community types or else have thin skeletal soils. Indeed two distinct subgroups are recognisable for this community. Both subgroups are differentiated from the other clay pan community types by the almost complete lack of low frequency species in species group H. This species group includes aquatic annuals and geophytes typical of the other clay pan and flat communities (eg. *Schoenus natans*, *Crassula natans*, *Eryngium pinnatifidum* subsp. *palustre* Ms, *Wurmbea dioica* subsp. aff. *alba* and *Amphibromus neesii*). Community type 10b occurs on small areas of ironstone with thin skeletal soils in the Busselton area. Much of this land unit has been cleared. These sites have an endemic flora which can be seen in species group G. These endemics include *Petrophile latericola* Ms, *Andersonia* aff. *latiflora*, *Dryandra* sp 30, *Hakea* aff. *varia* (Yellow flowered form with an earlier flowering period), *Loxocarya magna*, and *Lepyrodia* aff. *macra*. These communities are very rich with large numbers of annuals and geophytes.

All of the remaining nine wetland community types have much lower species richness than the preceding groups, except for community type 18 (shrublands on calcareous silts). These groups are largely the deeper wetlands and consequently much of the annual flora drops out (see species group J). These groups are generally but not totally restricted to the aeolian units.

Community type 11 occurs on both Bassendean and heavier soil units. Sites in this community are generally dominated by with *Eucalyptus rudis* and / or *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*. This community is found from Bullsbrook south to Pinjarra with an outlying site south of Bunbury (Appendix 1). Common species of this community type include *Astartea* aff. *fascicularis*, *Lepidosperma longitudinale* and *Pericalymma elliptica*. Average species richness is 27.2 (Table 13).

Sites in community type 12 have similar species composition to type 11 but are mostly dominated by *Melaleuca teretifolia* and / or *M. rhaphiophylla*. *Lepidosperma longitudinale* and *Astartea* aff. *fascicularis* also commonly occur in this community type. It is differentiated by high frequencies of

Baumea articulata, *Oxylobium linearis* and *Villarsia latifolia* and is restricted to the moderately deep seasonal wetlands of the Bassendean and Southern River units between Forrestdale Lake and Capel. Average species richness was 26.4.

Community type 13 represents deeper wetlands (seasonally inundated to 1 m) on clay or humus rich sandy soils and occurs on a variety of land systems (but primarily Bassendean and Pinjarra Plain). Where it occurs on the Bassendean system it occurs low in the landscape with considerable organic matter accumulation. Dominants recorded include *Eucalyptus rudis*, *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*, *M. lateritia* and in one plot *Melaleuca preissiana*. Characteristic species are *Triglochin procera*, *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla* and *Hakea varia*. This community type occurs south from Serpentine but an outlier was recorded from a deep wetland area in the head waters of GinGin Brook. Average species richness was very low (17.4) as was average weed frequency (1.4), again reflecting the long period of inundation of this wetland type.

The next wet community (type 14) has a similar inundation period to type 13 but occurs on sandy soils. Only two sites were located in this community type: one dominated by *Eucalyptus rudis* and the other by *Banksia littoralis* and *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*. Common taxa included *Melaleuca preissiana*, *Baumea vaginalis* (understorey dominant), *Kunzea ericifolia* and *Jacksonia furcellata*. This community was one of the most species poor recorded in our study (mean 16.5 species / plot) but had very few weeds. This community was only recorded in the north of our study area (Appendix 1).

Melaleuca rhaphiophylla or *Casuarina obesa* dominate community type 15. This group occurs on alluvial sediments and is related to community types 7 and 9. It occurs in site which are inundated for much longer periods and to a greater depth than community type 9 and as a result the annuals of species groups J and Q are absent. More typical aquatic species (species group H) and deep wetland species (group I) are more common (Table 12). It is obviously more saline than community type 9 with species such as *Atriplex cinerea*, *Samolus repens*, *Sarcocornia quinqueflora* and *Sporobolus virginicus* being more common. Species richness is low (mean 17.5 species / plot). The community was only recorded on the eastern side of the plain north of Perth and adjacent to the Peel-Harvey Estuary (Appendix 1).

Community type 16 is made up of the most saline sites. It is quite heterogenous and includes a saline estuarine site, a site on Tamala limestone in the salt spray zone and two sites from saline flats south of Busselton. These environments were poorly sampled and with further sampling more homogenous communities could be defined. The saline flats south of Busselton are now a very rare community type since most of this soil type has been converted to pasture.

The last three wetland communities are restricted to the Spearwood, Quindalup and Vasse land systems close to the coast. Community type 17 has only been recorded from swales in Quindalup and Spearwood dunes or at interfaces with other systems. This group is generally dominated by *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla* although one swale was dominated by *Eucalyptus gomphocephala*. This is the only record of Tuart in a seasonal wetland in this study. Species in species group I were common with *Gahnia trifida* being the usual dominant or subdominant in the understorey. Species diversity was very low (mean 13.6 species / site). This community type was found south from Rockingham (Appendix 1).

Community type 18 was a very species rich (39.5) community found restricted to a calcareous silt flat in Yalgorup National Park. The two sites located in this community were open low scrubs with rich annual flora. Common taxa were *Acacia saligna* (suckering form), *Leptomeria lehmannii* (a taxa apparently restricted to this community type), *Xanthorrhoea preissii*, *Gahnia trifida* and *Melaleuca teretifolia*. This flat would be classified by Semeniuk (1987) as a dampland.

The final wetland community type (type 19) is a species poor Quindalup swale community found restricted to the linear features in the Becher Point area and adjacent Quindalup swales at the northern end of Lake Walyungup. This community is dominated by *Lepidosperma longitudinale*, *Isolepis nodosa* and *Muehlenbeckia adpressa*. At the Lake Walyungup site an overstorey of *Banksia littoralis* was present. This community type had an average of 22.6 species / plot had moderate to high frequencies of species in species group A, species typical of the Quindalup and Spearwood systems.

Community types centred on the Bassendean system

The third major grouping (super group 3 in Figure 6) in the analysis is made up of four community types. While over 50% of the sites in this group occur on the Bassendean land system, another 20% of sites are mapped as occurring on Spearwood Dunes and a further 18% of sites are mapped as occurring on Pinjarra Plain. Inspection of the dendrogram and the sorted two way table (Figure 6 and Table 12 - see species group O) shows that despite this variation in geomorphology, all sites in the third major group are much more closely related to each other than any other site. This is despite the fact that most of the upland Pinjarra Plain and Ridge Hill Shelf sites occur in super group 1 and most upland Spearwood sites occur in super group 4 (Figure 5).

Community type 20 occurs from Koondoola south to Yarloop. Sites in this community type were generally *Banksia attenuata* woodlands, *Eucalyptus marginata* - *Banksia attenuata* woodlands or shrublands. The three subgroups of this community type share high frequencies of species in species group O with community type 28 which encompasses much of the *Banksia* woodland sites on Spearwood Dunes. However this community lacks most species of species group A which are common on the Spearwood system.

Sites in community type 20a were found on sandy soils near Koondoola and also at base of the Scarp at Forrestfield covering two distinct land form units, Southern River unit (part of the Bassendean system, Table 2) and Karrakatta unit (part of the Spearwood system). The environmental geology series (Gozzard 1986) also places the sites north of Perth on the Spearwood Dunes. Structurally this group was either *Banksia attenuata* woodlands or *Eucalyptus marginata* - *Banksia attenuata* woodlands. This group is the richest of any of the *Banksia* communities recorded with an average species richness of 67.4 species / site. Weed frequency was low and the community was distinctive in having a diverse shrub layer and *Mesomelaena pseudostygia* occurs in all plots. Sites of community type 20a were differentiated from the other two subgroups by occurrence of species such as *Alexgeorgea nitens*, *Daviesia nudiflora*, *Synaphea spinulosa*, *Hibbertia racemosa*, *Stylium calcaratum* and a variety of other taxa occurring at low frequency. These unusual *Banksia* woodlands have been previously identified by Keighery and Trudgen (1992) and Keighery and Keighery (1992).

Community type 20b was found on sands at the base of the Scarp between Byford and Yarloop. These sands were mapped as belonging to the Guildford or Forrestfield units (Pinjarra Plain and Ridge Hill Shelf). This community type was again very species rich (mean 62.7) with low weed frequency (Table 13). Most sites in this community type were *Eucalyptus marginata* - *Banksia attenuata* woodlands but *Banksia* woodlands and heaths were also found. Again *Mesomelaena pseudostygia* was common occurring in 67% of plots. Species that differentiated this subgroup included *Hakea stenocarpa*, *Conostylis setosa* and *Johnsonia aff. pubescens* as well as the absence of species restricted to the other subgroups.

Sites in community type 20c were largely scrubs and some *Banksia attenuata* woodlands again on sands of Forrestfield or Guildford units. This community type was only recorded from the Talbot Rd bushland at the base of the Scarp east of Perth. Species in species group C and D were largely restricted to this community type (as well as low frequency taxa not shown in Table 12). Again *Mesomelaena pseudostygia* was a ubiquitous species. This community type contained taxa more common on the Scarp (eg. *Templetonia biloba*) and taxa such as *Neurachne alopecuroides*, a species more typical of the marri - wandoo woodlands of the heavy soils. Species richness was again high in this community type (64.0) with average weed frequency rising to four species / plot.

In the original analysis patterns in sites and species grouping of community type 21 were equivocal. Data from this community type was re-analysed and three clear subgroups emerged. Community type 21a are primarily *Eucalyptus marginata* - *Banksia attenuata* woodlands, *Eucalyptus marginata* - *E. calophylla* - *B. attenuata* woodlands or *B. attenuata* woodlands. This is community type has high frequencies of most species in species groups O and Q and low frequencies of mainly native and weedy annuals from species group A. It also differs from the other two subgroups by presence of taxa such as *Sowerbaea laxiflora*, *Drosera pallida*, *Leucopogon propinquus* and *Isotropis cuneifolia*. *Allocasuarina fraseriana* and *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* are sometimes present as dominant or

codominant. Average species richness in this community type is 54.6 species / plot. This community type commonly occurs in the central part of the coastal plain from Perth to Capel. Two outlying occurrences of this community have been recorded north of Perth, these *Eucalyptus calophylla* - *B. attenuata* woodlands surround small lakes in the Bassendean Dunes east of state forest 65 (Appendix 1). Just on half of sites in this group occur on Bassendean Dunes, another third occur on Spearwood system and the rest on alluvial soils. The data suggests that some further segregation of the sites between Perth and Woodmans Point may be possible.

The second subgroup (type 21b) is restricted to sand sheets at the base of the Whicher Scarp, the sand sheets on elevated ridges or the sand plain south of Bunbury. Structurally this community type is normally *B. attenuata* or *Eucalyptus marginata* - *B. attenuata* woodlands. It differs from the other subgroups in the relative frequencies of species in species groups O and Q and by occurrence of species such as *Acacia extensa*, *Jacksonia* sp. Busselton, *Laxmannia sessiliflora*, *Lysinema ciliatum* and *Johnsonia acaulis* which are almost totally absent from the other subgroups. Species richness averages 61.3 species / plot.

Community type 21c occurs sporadically between GinGin and Bunbury. This community is significantly less species rich (mean 40.5) than the other subgroups and is largely restricted to the Bassendean systems. This subgroup tends to occupy the more low lying wetter sites and is variously dominated by *Melaleuca preissiana*, *Banksia attenuata*, *B. menziesii*, *Regelia ciliata*, *Eucalyptus marginata* or *E. calophylla* either singly or in combination. Structurally this community type may be either a woodland or occasionally shrubland.

Sites in community type 22 are also low lying and have significantly lower slopes than all other community types in the super group 3 except for community 21c. Sites in community 22 are generally *Banksia ilicifolia* - *B. attenuata* woodlands but *Melaleuca preissiana* woodlands and scrubs were also recorded. This community type was recorded on Bassendean and Spearwood systems and typically had very open understoreys. This group is likely to be seasonally waterlogged. It was found in the central coastal plain north of Rockingham. Species richness was low (mean 32.5) and the group was characterised by high frequency of species in species group M and a general absence of species in species group Q (compared to other communities in super group 3).

In *Banksia attenuata* - *B. menziesii* woodlands of community type 23 *Eucalyptus marginata* and *E. calophylla* are rare. This community type is generally restricted to the Bassendean system and can be subdivided into two distinct groups in the north of the study area. Type 23a stretches from Bullsbrook south to the Woodman Point area. Species richness of this group is very high with an average of 62.8 species / plot recorded, weed frequency is still relatively low at about 5.2 per site. This community type is differentiated by moderate frequencies of species in species groups L and M. The other subgroup (type 23b) has a more northern distribution (from Melaleuca Park to GinGin) and is characterised by high frequencies of species in species group N as well as a series of lower frequencies species not shown in Table 12. This group has a lower species richness than the other subgroup (53.8) and a significantly lower mean weed frequency (0.7 species / plot) reflecting the more extensive and intact *Banksia* woodlands which still occur north of Perth.

Community types centred on the Spearwood and Quindalup systems

The last major group seen in the dendrogram (Figure 6) are sites centred on the Spearwood and Quindalup systems. This group contains seven community types, types 24 to 28 are largely restricted to the Spearwood system while types 29 and 30 occur on Quindalup system. Both the Spearwood and Quindalup types are characterised by high frequency of species in group A. The Spearwood types also have moderate to high frequency of species in group Q, while this group of species are much less common in the Quindalup types. Indeed sites in the Quindalup types lack species from most species groups shown in Table 12.

Community type 24 are heaths or heaths with scattered *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* occurring on deeper soils north from Woodmans Point. All but three sites in this community type occur on the Cottesloe unit of the Spearwood system. This community is closely related to community type 25 which encompasses the *E. gomphocephala* - *Agonis flexuosa* woodlands south of Woodmans Point.

The former community differs in its virtual lack of species such as *Agonis flexuosa*, *Geranium retrorsum*, *Oxalis perennans*, *Lomandra micrantha* and *Luzula meridionalis*. This change in community type may be related to the drop in rainfall at the northern end of the study area. The southern group was recorded from Karrakatta, Cottesloe and Vasse units. Occasionally dominants other than Tuart were recorded (eg. *E. calophylla* at Paganoni block and *E. decipiens* at Kemerton). In both cases Tuart formed the overstorey nearby.

The heathland sites in community type 24 differ in presence of taxa such as *Dryandra sessilis*, *Calothamnus quadrifidus* and *Schoenus grandiflorus*. This may represent a distinct subgroup within type 24. The southern *E. gomphocephala* - *Agonis flexuosa* woodlands (type 25) are significantly richer than the northern group (52.8 cf. 41.8 species / plot). Weed frequency was very high in both groups (mean values of 14.2 and 12.9).

Community type 26 is restricted to the large limestone ridges north of Perth and those in the Yalgorup area. The two distinct subgroups are related to degree of soil development. On the skeletal soil on ridge slopes and ridge tops heaths dominated by *Melaleuca huegelii*, *M. acerosa*, *M. aff. acerosa* or *Dryandra sessilis* are found (type 26a). On the lower slopes or in pockets where deeper soil is able to develop *Eucalyptus gomphocephala*, *E. foecunda* or *E. petrensis* Ms woodlands or mallee develop over a dense heath (type 26b). Occasionally an overstorey was absent.

Type 26b is virtually restricted to the Cottesloe unit. Taxa typical of the limestone heaths are *Trymalium albicans*, *Templetonia retusa*, *Stylidium maritima*, *Wurmbea monantha*, and *Acacia lasiocarpa*. While on the deeper soils *Hibbertia hypericoides*, *Caladenia flava*, *Lagenifera huegelii*, *Sowerbaea laxiflora*, *Schoenus clandestinus* and *Mesomelaena pseudostygia* are common. Species richness is similar in both subgroups (mean 50.2 and 52.7) as was a high mean weed frequency (8.0 and 8.4 species / plot).

Another limestone community was community type 27. This was largely restricted to the Yalgorup area and was either shrubland or mallee heath variously dominated by *E. decipiens*, *E. foecunda*, *Melaleuca acerosa* or *Hakea prostrata*. While similar in species composition to type 26 it differs in lacking many of the annual native and weed species and by the occurrence of taxa such as *Acacia truncata*, *Hibbertia spicata* subsp. *leptothecla*, and *Comesperma conferta*. This community has significantly lower species richness than the other two limestone community types (39.0) and significantly lower average number of weeds (less than 1 species / plot). Most sites in this community type fall in the Yoongarillup unit (as do two sites in community type 26b) with an outlier occurring north of Perth on Shire View Hill. The large limestone ridge on which these sites occur appears little different geomorphologically from other large ridge systems north of Perth (Semeniuk 1990) and species composition is more likely to be controlled by light availability.

The last community in the Spearwood system is community type 28. This community type is largely made up of *Banksia attenuata* woodlands, *Eucalyptus calophylla* - *B. attenuata* woodlands or *E. marginata* - *B. attenuata* woodlands. Community type 28 is characterised by high frequencies of species in species groups A, O and Q. It differs from the other Spearwood community types in the occurrence of species from species group O. Community type 28 has been recorded from Thompson's Lake north to Seabird. Species richness averages 55.2 species / plot and average weed frequency is high at 8 species / plot. Sites in this community predominantly fall in the Karrakatta and Cottesloe units except for a group of sites on at the base of the Dandaragan scarp (Appendix 1). These plots are clearly seen as outliers on the distribution map, separated from the main occurrence by Bassendean sands. These sites are atypical in lacking species such as *Daucus glochidiatus* and in the presence of species such as *Lepidosperma 'eastern terete'*, *Scaevola phlebopetala* and *Acacia willdenowiana*. The sandy soils at the foot of the Scarp (Ridge Hill Shelf, Table 2) have been variously thought to be derived from weathered laterite (McArthur and Bettenay 1960) or to be a fossil shoreline beach and dune deposits (Woods 1979).

Both the Bullsbrook sites and the more western sites clearly show differences in species composition compared to the *Banksia* woodlands on Bassendean systems. In the Bassendean *Banksia* woodlands species from species group A were largely absent (except in community type 21a which includes unusual Spearwood sites). In addition species such as *Mesomelaena pseudostygia* and *Petrophile*

macrostachya which are common in the Spearwood *Banksia* woodlands are largely absent from Bassendean communities.

The other eastern *Banksia* woodlands and heaths (community types 20a, 20b, and 20c) are floristically more closely related to typical Bassendean *Banksia* communities (Figure 6, Table 12), although community type 20a also has significant associations with Spearwood communities as discussed earlier. The floristic data could be interpreted to indicate several different origins for these eastern sands or perhaps, more likely, indicate complex interleaving and / or reworking of some of the sand masses.

Community types 29 and 30 are largely restricted to the Quindalup system. Type 29 contains two distinct subgroups. The first subgroup are mostly heaths on shallow sands over limestone close to the coast. These communities do not have a single dominant but important species include, *Spyridium globulosum*, *Rhagodia baccata*, and *Olearia axillaris*. Average number of species / plot was 40.7 and weed frequency was high (mean 11.2 weeds / plot). This community was found from Seabird to Garden Island with woodland variants at Trigg and Yalgorup. These two anomalous sites, one *Callitris* woodland and the other a *Melaleuca lanceolata* woodland were both degraded with high numbers of annual weed species. As a result these two woodlands were classified with the Quindalup heaths rather than the other *Callitris* - *Melaleuca* woodland sites (community type 30a) as might have been expected.

Sites of the other subgroup (type 29b) were dominated by *Acacia* shrublands or mixed heaths of the larger dunes. This community type stretched from Seabird to south of Mandurah. Average species richness was 35.6 species / plot and weed frequency was significantly lower at 3.4 species / plot. Again there was no consistent dominant but species such as *Acacia rostellifera*, *Acacia lasiocarpa*, *Melaleuca acerosa* were important.

Community type 30 is typically the forests and woodlands of the Quindalup system. Again several subgroups are recognisable, type 30a are the *Callitris preissii*, *Melaleuca lanceolata* and (occasionally) *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* forests and woodlands restricted to a small area from Perth to Garden Island (Keighery and Keighery 1992). Typically the *Callitris* and *Melaleuca* forests have a dense overstorey with relatively few understorey taxa. As a result species richness is low (mean 21.1 species / plot, cf. type 29a) significantly lower than all other Quindalup community types except for type 30c. The two Tuart plots in this group are likewise both depauperate. Speck (1952) describes this community in some detail and states that it was probably more widespread in the past being restricted by too frequent fires. Certainly the area of this community type has been significantly reduced since his study by both fire and urban development but we can find no reference that this community type was more widespread at the time of white settlement. The best examples of this community type are now found on Garden Island where a no burn policy and a native Tammar population have resulted in impressive largely weed free *Callitris* and *Melaleuca* forests and woodlands.

Other *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* sites of the Quindalup system occur in community type 30b. This group is either dominated by Tuart or by *Agonis flexuosa*. It differs from community types 24 and 25 (Tuart / *Agonis* communities on Spearwood system) by complete absence of many species in species group Q. This community type also has significantly fewer weeds than types 24 and 25 (7.7 cf 14.2 and 12.9). Species richness is similar with a mean richness of 37.6 species / plot. The presence of species such as *Hibbertia cuneiformis*, *Geranium retrorsum* and *Dichondra repens* differentiate this group from other Quindalup community types. This community is found from the Leschenault Peninsular south to Busselton.

The final subgroup (30c) is a small heterogenous group of 3 sites similar to type 30b. This group lacks many of the species from species group A. It is represented by a single plot of *Eucalyptus argutifolia* mallee and two *Dryandra* scrub / thicket plots above the Swan estuary on Spearwood dunes. These sites are depauperate yet contain typical Quindalup taxa such as *Spyridium globulosum*, *Olearia axillaris* and *Poa porphyroclados*. This community type needs further sampling. However, the Swan River sites occur in the only remnant of this community type on the river.

A summary of the community types and the major land system on which they occur is presented in Table 14.

Table 14. Generalised description of the 30 community types and most frequent landforms on which they occur.

Floristic community type	Generalised description	Predominant landform type (as mapped by Churchward and McArthur 1980)
1a	<i>E. haematoxylon</i> - <i>E. marginata</i> woodlands on Whicher foothills	Ridge Hill Shelf
1b	Southern <i>E. calophylla</i> woodlands on heavy soils	Pinjarra Plain
2	Southern wet shrublands	Pinjarra Plain
3a	<i>E. calophylla</i> - <i>Kingia australis</i> woodlands on heavy soils	Pinjarra Plain
3b	<i>E. calophylla</i> - <i>E. marginata</i> woodlands on sandy clay soils	Pinjarra Plain
3c	<i>E. calophylla</i> - <i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i> woodlands and shrublands	Pinjarra Plain
4	<i>Melaleuca preissiana</i> damplands	Bassendean
5	Mixed shrub damplands	Bassendean / Pinjarra
6	Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils	Pinjarra Plain
7	Herb rich saline shrublands in clay pans	Pinjarra Plain
8	Herb rich shrublands in clay pans	Pinjarra Plain
9	Dense shrublands on clay flats	Pinjarra Plain
10a	Shrublands on dry clay flats	Pinjarra Plain
10b	Shrublands on southern ironstones	Pinjarra Plain
11	Wet forests and woodlands	Bassendean / Pinjarra
12	<i>M. teretifolia</i> and / or <i>Astartea</i> aff. <i>fascicularis</i> shrublands	Bassendean
13	Deeper wetlands on heavy soils	Bassendean / Pinjarra
14	Deeper wetlands on sandy soils	Bassendean / Spearwood
15	Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands	Pinjarra Plain
16	Highly saline seasonal wetlands	-
17	<i>M. rhiphiophylla</i> - <i>Gahnia trifida</i> seasonal wetlands	Quindalup / Spearwood
18	Shrublands on calcareous silts	Lake deposit
19	Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales	Quindalup
20a	<i>Banksia attenuata</i> woodlands over species rich dense shrublands	Spearwood / Pinjarra
20b	Eastern <i>Banksia attenuata</i> and / or <i>E. marginata</i> woodlands	Ridge Hill / Pinjarra
20c	Eastern shrublands and woodlands	Ridge Hill / Pinjarra
21a	Central <i>Banksia attenuata</i> - <i>E. marginata</i> woodlands	Bassendean / Spearwood
21b	Southern <i>Banksia attenuata</i> woodlands	Ridge Hill / Pinjarra
21c	Low lying <i>Banksia attenuata</i> woodlands or shrublands	Bassendean
22	<i>Banksia ilicifolia</i> woodlands	Bassendean
23a	Central <i>Banksia attenuata</i> - <i>B. menziesii</i> woodlands	Bassendean
23b	Northern <i>Banksia attenuata</i> - <i>B. menziesii</i> woodlands	Bassendean
24	Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands	Spearwood
25	Southern <i>E. gomphocephala</i> - <i>Agonis flexuosa</i> woodlands	Spearwood
26a	<i>M. huegelii</i> - <i>M. acerosa</i> shrublands of limestone ridges	Spearwood
26b	Woodlands and mallees on limestone	Spearwood
27	Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone	Spearwood
28	Spearwood <i>B. attenuata</i> or <i>B. attenuata</i> - <i>Eucalyptus</i> woodlands	Spearwood
29a	Coastal shrublands on shallow sands	Quindalup
29b	<i>Acacia</i> shrublands on taller dunes	Quindalup
30a	<i>Callitris preissii</i> (or <i>M. lanceolata</i>) forests and woodlands	Quindalup
30b	Quindalup <i>E. gomphocephala</i> and / or <i>A. flexuosa</i> woodlands	Quindalup
30c	Other mallees or scrubs	Quindalup - Spearwood

Major species groups

Thirty five species groups were defined in the classification. The 19 groups which had species frequency of at least 50% in one community type are shown in Table 12. The classification, groups species, based on similar distribution in sites. In the same way the site classification groups sites based

on similar species composition. While the 35 species groups will not be discussed in detail, the major patterning does warrant some discussion.

Species group A is largely restricted to Spearwood and Quindalup community types (types 19, 21a and 24 to 30). Species group B was also largely restricted to community types with the Spearwood and Quindalup systems to south but had less widespread occurrences within these sites than species in species group A. Species group E are largely restricted to the eastern side of the plain on sandy soils, while those of species group G are typical of the southern ironstone communities.

Group H species are annual aquatic taxa and species in species group I were typical of the seasonal wetlands. Species group J occurred in both the seasonal wetlands and the heavy soils of the eastern side of the plain.

Species in group L were typical of wet *Banksia* woodlands and group M were wet Bassendean species. Northern Bassendean taxa occurred in species group N while species group O typically occur in sites centred on the Bassendean system (types 20 to 23) but many of these species also occur on well drained sites on the east of the plain (types 1 to 3) and in the Spearwood *Banksia* community. Species group Q are the most ubiquitous group but are less common in seasonal wetlands and sites on Quindalup system. Group R were another group of southern taxa and group S were more typical of foothills of the Whiche Scarp.

Distribution of singletons

Given the large number of singletons (i.e. taxa found in only one plot) that were recorded in this survey (272) it was of interest to know if these taxa were distributed randomly across the study area or were aggregated. If all of these species were naturally rare then a random Poisson distribution might be expected. If however some land systems or community types have been massively reduced in area then singletons could be expected to be clustered in small remnants. The distribution pattern of the singletons was tested for randomness by initially calculating expected distribution assuming a random Poisson distribution then testing these results against the observed frequency using a Chi-squared test. This analysis showed that the distribution of singletons was highly non random ($\chi^2 = 79.05$, $P < 0.005$) with fewer than expected singletons at frequency two and many more singletons than expected at frequencies greater than or equal to four. All of the quadrats with higher than expected numbers of singletons were from the eastern side of the plain. These patterns are likely to have arisen from the almost total clearance (>95%) of these heavy soils on the eastern side of the plain resulting in some suites of species now having a very localised distribution. It is likely that careful searches of bushland remnants with high singleton frequencies will result in the location of further rare species.

ENVIRONMENTAL CORRELATES

Comparison of floristic groups with geomorphology / geology

The 509 sites were located on 40 different Environmental Geology units (Table 15; Gozzard 1982a,b, 1983a,b, 1986, 1987; Smurthwaite 1986a,b; Jordan 1986a,b; Belford 1987a,b; Leonard 1991; Anon 1976, 1977a,b, 1978, 1981, 1982). Many of these units were only sampled a few times so it was necessary to amalgamate similar units to compare with the floristic community types. In all, 16 amalgamated units are recognised (Table 15 and 16). There is a very close correlation between these amalgamated units and the major geomorphological and geological systems (McArthur and Bettenay 1960) (Table 2).

These data clearly show that while floristic types are broadly correlated with geomorphological / geological units there is generally not a direct one to one correspondence. This was also true when the full 40 geomorphological / geological units were examined. A few community types were found on only one unit (types 18, 27, 29b), but two of these communities were represented by only a few sites. Type 29b (*Acacia* shrubland on taller Quindalup dunes) was found only on the Quindalup system. Another 12 community types were recorded from only two geomorphological / geological units (types 6, 10b, 12, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20a, 20c, 25, 26a, 30c).

No sites in community types 1-3 (super group 1) occurred on Swamp, Vasse, Quindalup or Spearwood units. Similarly no sites from community types 20-23 (super group 3) occurred on Swamp, Vasse or Quindalup units nor did any sites from community types 24-30 (super group 4) occur on Pinjarra Plain, Ridge Hill Shelf or associated units except for 5 sites in community type 28 (Spearwood Banksia community) as previously discussed.

Table 15. Environmental geology units (reflecting geomorphology / soils) sampled during the floristic survey of the southern Swan Coastal Plain. Amalgamated units used in the analysis are shown in Table 16.

Amalgamated Environmental Geology Unit	Environmental Geology Code	Amalgamated Unit Name (major geomorphological system (Table 2))	Geology Code
SWP	cs1	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	cps	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	cps1	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	scp	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	spcl	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	spm	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	sp1	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
SWP	ms5	swamp deposits - holocene	qhw
VA	m5	lagoonal and estuarine deposits (vasse)	qhg
VA	sm2	lagoonal and estuarine deposits (vasse)	qhg
VA	ls5	lagoonal and estuarine deposits (vasse)	qhg
Q	s1	safety bay sands (quindalup)	qhs
Q	s2	safety bay sands (quindalup)	qhs
Q	s13	safety bay sands (quindalup)	qhs
Q	ls4	safety bay sands (quindalup)	qhs
Ss	s7	sands from tamala limestone (spearwood)	qts
Stl	ls1	tamala limestone (spearwood)	ql
Stl	ls2	tamala limestone (spearwood)	ql
Bs	s8	bassendean sands	qpb
Bld	s9	lagoonal deposits - bassendean dunes	qpw
Bs/PP	s10	bassendean sands over guildford formation	qpb/qpa
Pgf	ms2	guildford formation (pinjarra plain)	qpa
Pgf	msg1	guildford formation (pinjarras plain)	qpa
Pgf	c2	guildford formation (pinjarra plain)	qpa
Pgf	cs	guildford formation (pinjarra plain)	qpa
Pgf	sc	guildford formation (pinjarra plain)	qpa
Pad	cp	alluvial deposits (pinjarra plain)	qha
Pad	s14	alluvial deposits (pinjarra plain)	qha
Pad	sm1	alluvial deposits (pinjarra plain)	qha
Pad	msc1	alluvial deposits (pinjarra plain)	qha
Pa/d	g1	alluvial/colluvial deposit (pinjarras plain)	qha/qc
P/R	fs3	alluvial/colluvial deposit (pinjarras / ridge hill)	qha/qc
Rcd	msg1	colluvial deposits (ridge hill shelf)	qc
Rcd	csg	colluvial deposits (ridge hill shelf)	qc
Rcd	ms3	colluvial deposits (ridge hill shelf)	qc
Rcd	smg1	colluvial deposits (ridge hill shelf)	qc
Rcd	s5	colluvial deposits (ridge hill shelf)	qc
Rcs	s6	colluvial sand (ridge hill shelf)	qs
Rbs	s12	yoganup form (ridge hill shelf-beach deposit)	qpr
Sca	g2	scarp - gravels and laterite	ql (czl)
Sca	la1	scarp - gravels and laterite	ql (czl)

Table 16. Floristic community classification compared to amalgamated environmental geology units. Codes used for the amalgamated environmental units as in Table 15.

It is interesting to note that no community type is restricted to Rbs unit (Yoganup formation - an early Pleistocene beach ridge unit at the base of the Ridge Hill Shelf) (Tables 15 and 16). At least seven different communities have been recorded from this unit. Similarly the colluvial sand units of the Shelf (Rcs) are occupied by at least four different communities. The seasonal wetland communities occupy all geology / geomorphological units except the sandy Ridge Hill Shelf units and gravels associated with the Whicher Scarp.

The implication of these results is that while geomorphology is one of the major correlates with community composition, by itself it is not a good predictor of plant community type.

Ordination results

Ordination of the sites data was undertaken to show spatial relationships between groups and to elucidate possible environmental correlates with the classification. A measure of how good the ordination fits the original association matrix is termed the stress values. This value decreases as the number of dimensions in the ordination increases and a compromise between stress values and number of dimensions in the solution has to be reached. In the present analysis stress values decreased from 0.22 in a three dimensional solution, to 0.18 in a four dimensional solution, to 0.17 in a five dimensional solution. Consequently the results of the four dimensional solution are reported below.

The first two axes of the group means of the ordination confirm the major environmental correlates are moisture regime and soil type. Axis 1 is related to site soil moisture regime, with the seasonal wetlands occurring at low values on this axis and upland groups occurring at higher values (Figure 7). The second axis separates dominant geomorphological units within the upland group, with the predominantly Quindalup groups occurring at low scores, Spearwood groups at intermediate scores and Bassendean and Pinjarra Plains groups at high scores. Patterns within the seasonal wetlands are less clear but heavy soil groups also occur at high scores on axis 2 and sandy soils at lower scores. The exception to this trend is the group mean for community type 15 (forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands) which occurs at low value on this axis. Axis 3 shows even clearer separation of land units, while axis 4 was not interpretable (Figure 7).

The correlation between axis 1 and seasonality of soil moisture is clearly seen when average slope score (on a five point scale) is overlain on the ordination. Low slope scores are restricted to the low axis 1 scores and high average slope scores are at high axis 1 values (Figure 8a). As was discussed previously rainfall increases from coast across the coastal plain to the Scarp. In addition there is area of higher rainfall at base of the Whicher Scarp and a general decrease in rainfall north of Wanneroo. The broad pattern of decrease inland from the coast correlates strongly with the geomorphological pattern across the plain. It is no surprise therefore when the high average rainfall groups (on a five point scale) generally high scores on axis 2. (Figure 8b)

Species richness was also strongly correlated with ordination scores. Species poor wetlands were concentrated in lower left quadrant and species poor upland communities in the lower right (Figure 8c). Groups with highest average species richness were confined to Pinjarra Plain and Bassendean groups (super groups 1 and 2) in the upper right quadrant as well as the seasonally wet clay pans which had extended periods of geophyte and annual recruitment as the pools dried. Average percentage weed frequency followed similar trends (Figure 8d). Highest percentage of weeds occurred in species poor wetland and upland sites. In addition the herb rich shrublands in clay pans (community type 8) and community type 6 also had a high percentage of weeds. All community types associated with Tuart (types 24, 25 and 30b) have been heavily weed invaded (Table 12). It was rare in this survey to find any Tuart sites that had not been significantly invaded. It should also be noted that sites were located least disturbed areas found.

Vegetation condition is a subjective score (from 1 least disturbed to 5 most disturbed) based on weed frequency, weed aggressiveness, site disturbance, fire frequency and disease impact on a five point scale (Figure 8e). The groups with the highest average disturbance were again some of the species poor wetlands (types 6, 12, 15, 16), and the Tuart and *Callitris - M. lanceolata* woodlands (types 24, 25, 30a and 30b). The communities in the best condition tended to be the species rich communities of the Pinjarra Plain and Bassendean systems. Some of the best vegetation includes sites from small

remnants. These data suggests that weed invasion of the species rich communities only occurs after major disturbance events.

CORRELATIONS WITH OTHER CLASSIFICATIONS

Correlation with structural units

Structure has been used by various authors to map vegetation types or community complexes. It has been suggested that structural units bear little correlation to plant floristics in a variety of Western Australian ecosystems (Griffin *et al.* 1983, Cresswell and Bridgewater 1985, Keighery and Trudgen 1992, Griffin 1993). At each of the 509 sites a detailed structural description was recorded (Muir 1977). From these descriptions the structure of the dominant layer was compared to the floristic classification (Table 17). In all, 41 units were found in six major formations (Table 18). There appears to be little correlation between floristic group and structural units and only slightly better correlation between floristic group and formations. The mallee formation was entirely restricted to community types centred on the Spearwood system (super group 3) with only one exception from a Quindalup swale (type 30c). The seasonal wetland group were the most heterogenous in terms of structural diversity. The communities centred on the Bassendean system (super group 3) were largely forest and woodland formations as were the communities from uplands on heavy soils (super group 1). Most communities occurred in a variety of formations and vegetation units. The most diverse structurally was community type 24 (Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands) which was recorded from 14 structural units in four different formations.

These results are consistent with Cresswell and Bridgewater's (1985) conclusions that in areas of great species or vegetation richness, floristically based classificatory methods appear the most appropriate to describe the full vegetation variation which is an essential prerequisite to the development of adequate conservation planning.

Correlation with vegetation complexes (Heddle *et al.* 1980)

The vegetation complexes mapped by Heddle *et al.* (1980) are based on the concept of a series of vegetation communities forming regularly repeating vegetation complexes. These authors believed that vegetation was changing continuously and that pattern of vegetation change could only be detected in a localised area. Consequently it was necessary to map broad vegetation complexes. Both Beard (1979a) and Cresswell and Bridgewater (1985) believed that fine scale repeatable patterns were apparent both in structure (Beard 1979a) and floristics (Cresswell and Bridgewater 1985). Our data has shown that repeatable floristic communities do occur across the coastal plain and that these communities appear to be primarily determined by seasonal water regimes and geomorphology. As shown above our 30 floristic groups do not equate to structural units and as a result could not be mapped simply.

Four hundred and seventy-one of our sites occurred in the area mapped by Heddle *et al.* (1980). Our 471 sites occurred in 27 of the 75 vegetation complexes mapped by these authors. Tables 19 and 20 show the correlation between our floristic types and the mapped vegetation complexes. The floristic types occurred in between one (types 10b, 18 and 19) and 10 vegetation complexes (type 21a). Some floristic groups were centred on one or two particular complexes but also occurred at lower frequency in other complexes (eg. type 24, 26a, 29b). There is little indication in our data that groups of floristic communities are restricted to particular vegetation complexes across the coastal plain.

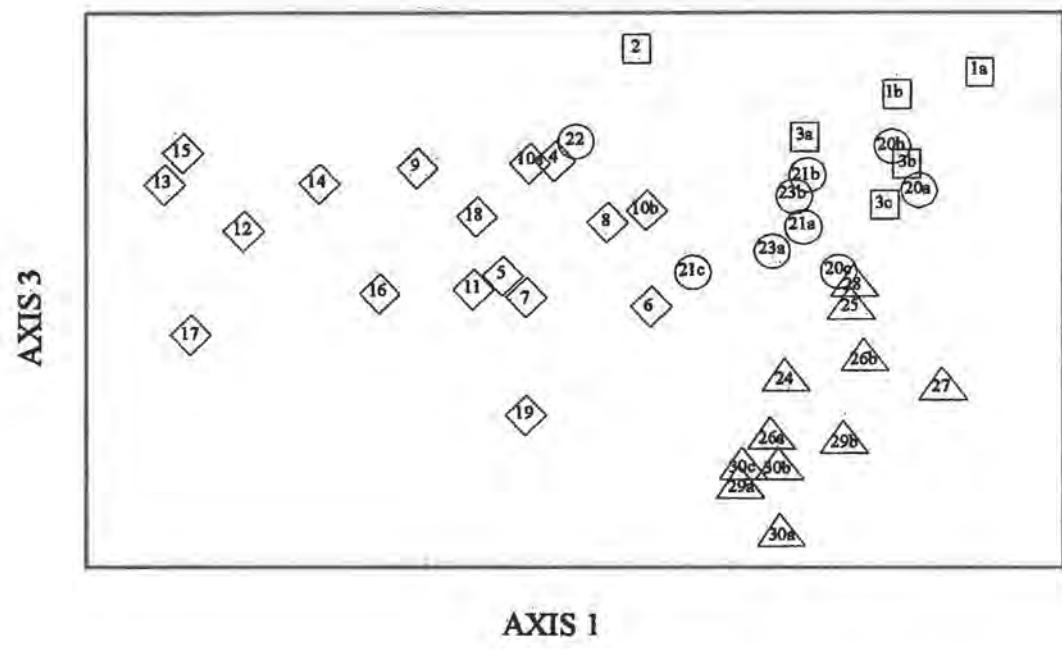
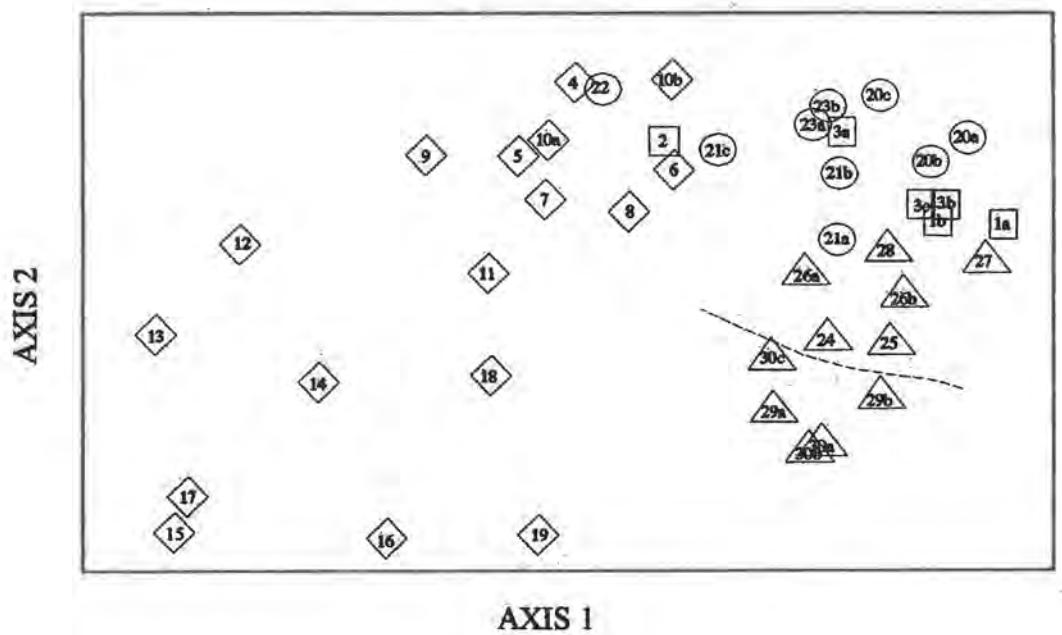


Figure 7. Ordination diagram of 43 floristic groups/subgroups. Symbols indicate super groups to which they belong (squares - super group 1; diamonds - super group 2; circles - super group 3; triangles - super group 4). In super group 4 Quindalup sites fall below the dotted line.

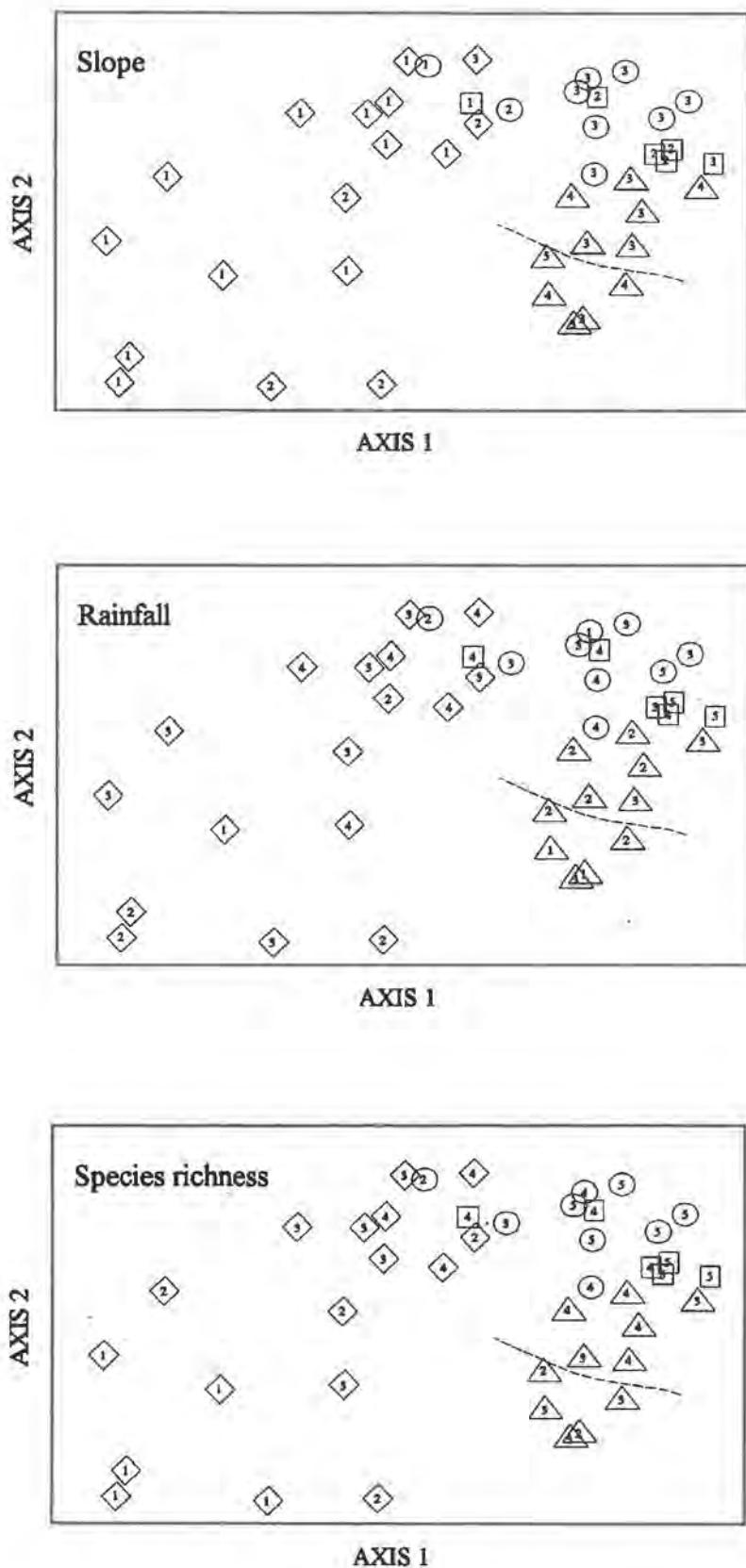


Figure 8. Ordination diagrams of 43 floristic groups/subgroups showing slope, rainfall, species richness, weed frequency, and vegetation condition on a five point scale. (Slope - flat to steep; rainfall, species richness, and weed frequency - low to high; vegetation condition - least disturbed to most disturbed).

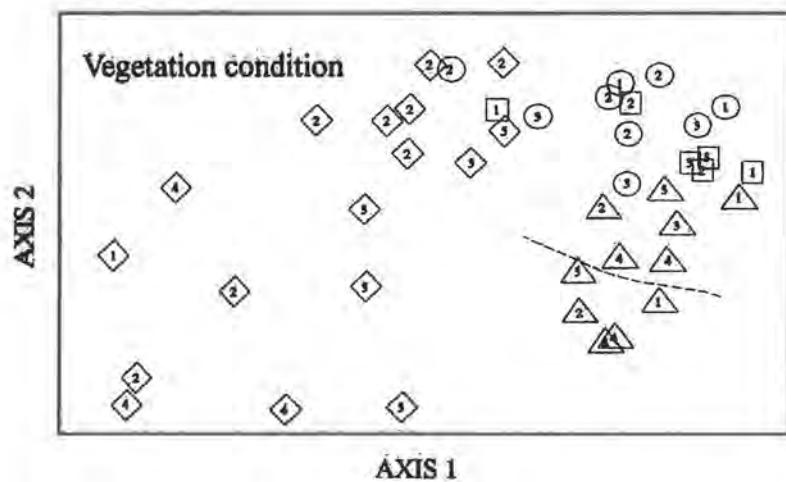
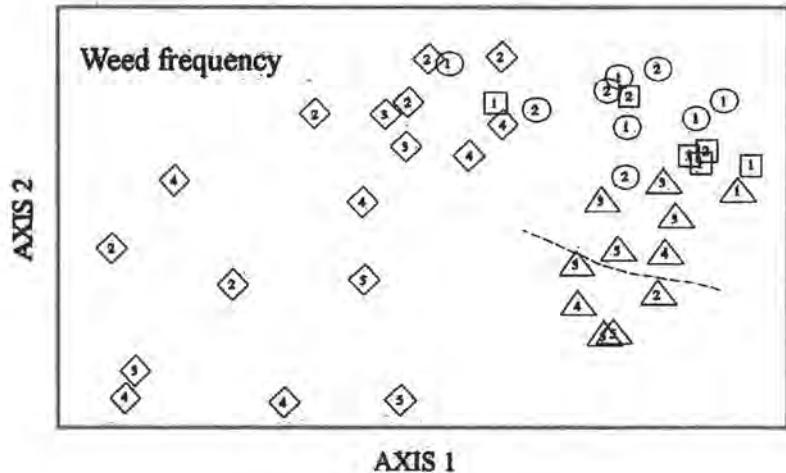


Figure 8 (cont.). Ordination diagrams of 43 floristic groups/subgroups showing slope, rainfall, species richness, weed frequency, and vegetation condition on a five point scale. (Slope - flat to steep; rainfall, species richness, and weed frequency - low to high; vegetation condition - least disturbed to most disturbed).

Table 17. Comparison of structural units with the floristic community types (H = Hermland, S = Sedgeland)

Table 18. List of formations and structural units recorded for the 509 plots surveyed in the floristic survey of the southern Swan Coastal Plain. Structural units follow Muir (1977). Codes used in Table 17 to compare floristic classification to structural classification.

Structural Formation	Structural Unit	Code
Forest	dense forest	1
	dense low forest A	2
	dense low forest B	3
	forest	4
	low forest A	5
	low forest B	6
Woodland	woodland	7
	low woodland A	8
	low woodland B	9
	open woodland	10
	open low woodland A	11
	open low woodland A	12
	very open low woodland B	13
Mallee	tree mallee	14
	open tree mallee	15
	dense shrub mallee	16
	shrub mallee	17
	open shrub mallee	18
	very open scrub mallee	19
Shrubland	dense thicket	20
	dense heath A	21
	dense heath B	22
	dense low heath C	23
	dense low heath D	24
	thicket	25
	heath A	26
	heath B	27
	low heath C	28
	low heath D	29
	scrub	30
	low scrub A	31
	low scrub B	32
	dwarf scrub C	33
	dwarf scrub D	34
	open scrub	35
	open low scrub A	36
	open low scrub B	37
Hermland	herbs	38
	open herbs	39
Sedgeland	dense low sedges	40
	low sedges	41

COMMUNITY RESERVATION AND CONSERVATION STATUS**Presumed destroyed community types**

Several community types appear to have been totally destroyed in the study area over the last 100 years. It is difficult to know exactly what has been lost however in several cases the remaining native species or early botanical accounts indicate total community loss. For example, Gozzard (1982b) maps a small area of Muchea limestone (Qpm) as occurring in the Bullsbrook area. A careful search found no significant remnant vegetation on public lands. The few native species still occurring on this geology suggests it supported a significantly different community type than anything found on other remnants in this area today. It appears that the community may have been dominated by a suckering form of *Acacia saligna*. All occurrences of this geology on private lands appear to have been mined or converted to pasture or both.

Table 19. The 27 vegetation complexes mapped by Heddle et al. (1980) on the southern Swan Coastal Plain.

Code	Vegetation Complex
For	Forrestfield Complex
Abba	Abba Complex
Guild	Guildford Complex
Swan	Swan Complex
Dard	Dardanup Complex
Serp	Serpentine River Complex
Beer	Beermullah Complex
Yang	Yanga Complex
Cann	Cannington Complex
Sth R	Southern River Complex
Bass N	Bassendean Complex - North
Bass CS	Bassendean Complex - Central and South
Bass NT	Bassendean Complex - North Transition
Bass CST	Bassendean Complex - Central and South Transition
Karr N	Karrakatta Complex - North
Karr NT	Karrakatta Complex - North Transition
Karr CS	Karrakatta Complex - Central and South
Cott N	Cottesloe Complex - North
Cott CS	Cottesloe Complex - Central and South
Herd	Herdsmans Complex
Quin	Quindalup Complex
Yoon	Yoongarillup Complex
Vass	Vasse Complex
Reg	Regan Complex
King	Kingia Complex
Jarr	Jarrahwood Complex
Cart	Cartis Complex

Another example is the extensive alluvial flats between Thomas Rd and the Serpentine River where large areas of the improved pasture are dominated by *Casuarina obesa*. It is likely that this community was related to type 7 but had significantly different species composition. Speck (1952) briefly comments on this community which had been almost totally converted by the time of his study. No extant remnants of these *C. obesa* woodlands are known.

Table 20. Comparison of vegetation complexes recognised by Heddle et al. (1980) with the floristic classification from the present study.

Community type	RHS	PINJARRA PLAIN									BASSENDENIAN					SPEARWOOD					QUI			WHICHER SCARP				
		For	Abba	Guild	Swan	Dard	Serp	Bear	Yang	Ceon	Sth R	Bass N	Bass CS	Bass NT	Bass CST	Karr N	Karr NT	Karr CS	Cott N	Cott CS	Herd	Quin	Yoon	Vinn	Reg	Kleg	Jarr	Catt
1a		1																								2	1	4
1b		1										1																
2																												
3a	3		10																									
3b	1		5									1																
3c	3		7																									
4												1	6	1	5		1											
5												2				1	6		1							2		3
6													4															
7		1	1									2	5			1											5	
8	2		16									1				2												
9	1	3										3																
10a		2											3	1														
10b		5																										
11												1		1	1											2		
12																4	1											
13	1	2										1		1	1											1		
14																1												
15												1																1
16																1												
17																		1	1	4					1			
18																										2		
19																										3		
20a													3							4								
20b	2		7																									
20c	6		3																									
21a		2	1									4	7	1	10		1		10		2		1				1	4
21b		3											2						1									
21c		1		1								2						1	1									
22													4	2	1	1				3								
23a	2					1						3	12	1														
23b													14		2		1	2		2								
24														1					1		20	3						
25														1					7	3			2					
26a																1				7	3							
26b																2				10	3	2	2					
27																			1			6						
28					2							1	2			2		8	8	12				3				
29a																			3		5	1						
29b																			1		11	1						
30a																			2		5							
30b																				5	1							
30c														2							1							

A restricted community not sampled in this survey

An undescribed northern ironstone community is known to occur on private land in the GinGin area. Roadside occurrences of this community type were so badly disturbed as to preclude sampling. Major differences in community composition between this community type and the southern ironstone community (type 10b) were the much greater dominance of annual Asteraceae and absence of the southern endemic ironstone taxa. This community is totally unreserved, apparently very restricted and would be classed as critically threatened. The private land on which this community occurs is grazed. Some of the ironstone soils have been converted to improved pasture.

Analysis of reservation and conservation status of the 30 community types

For the purposes of this analysis a community is considered well reserved if it occurs in two widely separated National Parks and / or Nature Reserves. If a community is known from only one National Park or Nature Reserve it is considered poorly reserved (since it is susceptible to catastrophe) and unreserved if it is not known from any National Park or Nature Reserve. Other land categories are useful additions to conservation estate (such as local government reserves for conservation of flora) but do not carry the legislative protection of National Parks and Nature Reserves in security of tenure and purpose.

The obvious limitation of this approach is that no estimate of the actual area of the community in the National Park or Nature Reserve has been determined. This was beyond the scope of the present study. Furthermore, many of the Nature Reserves on the eastern side of the plain are small remnants. As a result some communities which are classified as well reserved may in fact be represented by only two small remnants. Further detailed analysis of reservation status will be needed for those communities only known from these small Nature Reserves.

In all the floristic analysis recognised 43 community types or subtypes. Ten of these are unreserved, and a further 10 are only known from a single National Park or Nature Reserve (Table 22). Analysis of lands and geomorphological data has shown most Ridge Hill Shelf and Pinjarra Plain (fluvialite deposits) have had more than 90% of their original vegetation cleared. Only two of the 13 units have been less severely impacted (A.H. Burbidge and J.K. Rolfe, unpublished). The most severely impacted units were 99.4% cleared (Guildford and Swan units). These data were used to indicate which of the floristic units are likely to have suffered major range contractions (Table 23). In addition to communities which have been almost totally cleared for agriculture and other purposes there are naturally rare community types. These communities are generally restricted to uncommon geological or geomorphological units. Seven such communities are recognised and a further three may fall into this category.

Using these data and an assessment of future potential threat, communities were allocated to one of seven community conservation status categories (Table 21). Allocation to a category is likely to change in time due to further survey or further alienation in much the same way as CALM's species priority list changes through time as better information becomes available.

The shrublands on southern ironstones (community type 10b) are considered to be critically endangered. This community type is not presently reserved. These ironstones are regionally rare and have been massively impacted by agriculture clearance (Tille and Lantzke 1990). It is also a very species rich community type and has a number of endemic taxa some of which are Declared Rare Flora (DRF) under the Wildlife Conservation Act (*Chamelaucium erythrochlorum* Ms, and *Chamelaucium royceri* Ms) or are proposed for declaration (*Brachysema modesta* (sp. Treeton BJK & NG 001), *Brachysema papilio* (sp. Williamson GJK 12719), *Darwinia* sp. (Williamson Rd GJK 12717), *Dryandra* aff. *nivea* (GJK 6622), *Dryandra* sp. 30 (aff. *squarrosa* ASG 11657), *Grevillea elongata*, *Hakea varia* (Yellow flowered ironstone form BJK & NG 226), and *Petrophile latericola* Ms) (Tables 3, 6).

Two further community types are considered endangered. These are the sedgelands in Holocene dune swales (community type 19) and *Banksia attenuata* woodlands over species rich dense shrublands (community type 20a). The former community type is very restricted and has only been recorded from

the Becher Point (M106) and Lake Walyungup (M103) areas. Both are in proposed conservation areas but this area has a rapidly expanding urban population and is presently the subject of major planning amendment to the Metropolitan Regional Scheme. The area is also being considered for a Rapid Transport Corridor (Bowman, Bishaw and Gorham, and Department of Planning and Urban Development 1994).

Community type 20a is also regionally rare. It is a very species rich *Banksia* woodland occurring over restricted areas to the north and east of Perth on two different land systems. It was recorded at Koondoola open space, Landsdale Rd, remaining section of M12 (a small reserve near Marangaroo Golf course), M 53 (Reserve C29880, Forrestfield), and the APB complex at Forrestfield.

All of these areas have been proposed as conservation reserves. The APB land has had conservation of flora recognised in its purpose (P. Keppel, pers. comm.) and Koondoola Open Space has been zoned for Regional Open Space. Marangaroo Open Space is recognised as a conservation area by the Wanneroo Council but more than 60% of the original M12 (System 6) recommendation has been developed as a golf course and some remaining parts of this reserve appear badly infected by dieback. There are a variety of development proposals for M53 and some parts of this reserve have been alienated for the Roe highway and other road realignments. Future use of the Landsdale Rd bushland is presently being decided.

A further 15 community types are considered vulnerable (11 because they are the remaining fragments of previously extensive communities) and 11 are considered susceptible should any change in management or land use occur. Twelve communities are considered at low risk from any threat and two communities are not able to be assessed due to insufficient information.

Table 21. Definition of community conservation status (after Department of Conservation and Land Management, unpubl.).

Community conservation status	Definition
Presumed destroyed	A community that is totally destroyed or so extensively modified that it is unlikely to re-establish ecosystem processes in the foreseeable future.
Critical	A community with most or all of its known occurrences facing severe modification or destruction in the immediate future.
Endangered	A community in danger of severe modification or destruction throughout its range, if causal factors continue operating.
Vulnerable	A community likely to move into the endangered category in the near future if the causal factors continue operating.
Susceptible	A community of concern because there is evidence that it can be modified or destroyed by human activities, or would be vulnerable to new threatening process.
Low risk	A community that does not qualify for one of the above categories.
Insufficiently known	A community for which there is inadequate data to assign to one of the above categories

Suggested improvements to reservation and conservation of floristic community types

There is an urgent need to adequately protect the three most threatened community types, all of which are presently unreserved. These three communities are only known from small remnants. To adequately protect these communities these remnants should be declared as A class Nature Reserves for the protection of flora and fauna.

Southern ironstone communities (type 10b): This community type is known from five small areas of State Forest and a road and drain reserve east of Ruabon Nature Reserve (Figure 9c). This road and drain reserve is also of regional significance as it is the last remaining continuous vegetated transect across the lower Swan Coastal Plain showing the catena of original vegetation types. Several species of DRF or proposed DRF are found along this reserve. Immediate steps should be taken to have the vesting and purpose of these areas changed. Our survey has shown that even quite small remnants can maintain themselves in very good condition for long periods of time without disturbance. All forms of disturbance should be excluded from these critical threatened remnants until we have a much better understanding of community function.

Table 22. Present reservation and conservation status of the floristic communities on the southern Swan Coastal Plain. Numbers refer to the number of plots located in each community - tenure class, not number of individual reserves.

Type	Nature Res.	Nat. Park	State Forest	Local Govt	Federal	Crown Land	VCL	Road Res.	Private
1a			10	2				1	
1b	2			5		4		1	
2	1			3		1			
3a				7		4		2	
3b	3		2	3					
3c	1			5	1	3			
4	5		3	4		1	1	1	1
5	6		2			3	1		3
6	8				1				
7	10			3		2		3	
8	9			3		4		5	
9	3			3		1		1	
10a	5			2		1			
10b			6					3	
11	5					2		1	5
12	5								
13	4			1		3	1		
14			1				1		
15	3			1					
16	2			2					
17	2	1				5			
18	2								
19						1	2		
20a				1		6			
20b	6		1	2					
20c				9					
21a	14		5	4		9	2		5
21b	4		5	1		2			
21c	6			1		2	1		6
22	1		8	1			1		
23a	6		4	4		4			1
23b			13	1			7		
24	1	5		10		9			
25	1		6			4			
26a			8	3					
26b	5	1	12				1		
27	4	2		1					
28	7	7	10	5		7	2		
29a		1		4	1		3		
29b		3		1			9		
30a	2			2	3				
30b	2	5	1						
30c				2			1		

□

Table 23. Community reservation and conservation status on the southern Swan Coastal Plain. A community is considered well reserved if known from at least two National Parks or Nature Reserves, poorly reserved if known from only one National Park or Nature Reserve and unreserved if it was not recorded from a National Park or Nature Reserve. Communities likely to have been > 90% cleared are indicated as are naturally rare communities.

Type	Reservation status	Range contraction likely to be > 90%	Regionally rare	Conservation status
1a	Unreserved			Susceptible
1b	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
2	Poorly reserved	Yes	? Yes	Vulnerable
3a	Unreserved	Yes		Vulnerable
3b	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
3c	Poorly reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
4	Well reserved			Low risk
5	Well reserved			Low risk
6	Well reserved			Low risk
7	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
8	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
9	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
10a	Well reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
10b	Unreserved	Yes	Yes	Critical
11	Well reserved			Low risk
12	Well reserved			Low risk
13	Well reserved			Low risk
14	Unreserved	?	?	Insufficiently known
15	Well reserved	Yes	? Yes	Vulnerable
16	Poorly reserved	Yes		Vulnerable
17	Well reserved			Low risk
18	Poorly reserved		Yes	Vulnerable
19	Unreserved		Yes	Endangered
20a	Unreserved		Yes	Endangered
20b	Poorly reserved	Yes	Yes	Vulnerable
20c	Unreserved		Yes	Vulnerable
21a	Well reserved			Low risk
21b	Well reserved	?		Susceptible
21c	Well reserved			Susceptible
22	Poorly reserved			Susceptible
23a	Well reserved			Low risk
23b	Unreserved			Susceptible
24	Well reserved			Susceptible
25	Poorly reserved			Susceptible
26a	Unreserved			Susceptible
26b	Well reserved			Low risk
27	Well reserved		Yes	Low risk
28	Well reserved			Low risk
29a	Poorly reserved			Susceptible
29b	Poorly reserved			Susceptible
30a	Poorly reserved		Yes	Vulnerable
30b	Well reserved	? yes		Susceptible
30c	Unreserved			Insufficiently known

Community type 19 (sedgeland in Holocene dune swales): This community type is only known from small linear wetlands in the Point Becher area (M106) and north west corner of Lake Walyungup (M103) (Figure 9b). Both of these areas are in proposed conservation areas. These reserves should be gazetted as A class Nature Reserves for conservation of flora and fauna. This endangered community type is very restricted and presently at risk from urban and infrastructure developments.

The eastern *Banksia attenuata* woodlands over species rich dense shrublands (type 20a): This community type is also considered endangered. It is also very restricted being recorded in this survey from only seven quadrats. This community is found at Koondoola open space, Landsdale Rd, M12 (a small reserve near Marangaroo Golf Course), M 53 (another System 6 recommendation), and the Agricultural Protection Board (APB) complex at Forrestfield. Koondoola, M12 and M 53 are proposed conservation reserves. The APB reserve has recently had the conservation of flora inserted into its purpose. All the other small remnants should be declared as A class Nature Reserves for the conservation of flora and fauna (Figure 9a). Urgent investigation of areas apparently affected by dieback at M12 need to be undertaken with implementation of any necessary control action.

Another area that should be vested as a Nature Reserve for the conservation of flora and fauna as a matter of priority is the road and drain reserve along Mundijong Rd (Figure 9b). Like the road east of Ruabon Nature Reserve this linear remnant covers the full catena of vegetation types across the alluvial soils of the coastal plain west of Mundijong. These two linear remnants are therefore of both regional and national significance depicting the vegetation sequences that elsewhere have been reduced to fragments or totally cleared. Road verges have long been considered important for conservation. The EPA (1976) has stated that it is of the opinion that all road verges should be protected. The regional importance of these two reserves require formal vesting for conservation purposes.

For the other 16 community types that are unreserved or poorly reserved a range of reservation strategies are possible to improve their reservation status. To locate reserves optimally, both species and community reservation status need to be considered. Species reservation data are presently being gathered in a concurrent project (G.J. Keighery, unpublished data). In a future report these data sets will be combined to allow an optimal reservation strategy to be developed. Table 24 shows possible areas for reservation that would improve the present reservation status of the remaining unreserved or poorly reserved community types.

It should be noted that many of the possible areas are already proposed National Parks, Nature Reserves or EPA red book recommendations or are presently being managed for conservation as one of their primary aims (eg. Garden Island, Ambergate Reserve, Trigg Reserve, Brickwood Reserve, Brixton Street). However their present vesting does not give them maximum protection under WA legislation. This table highlights the very high conservation values of these areas.

It is also of note that while a community type is reserved in two or more National Parks or Nature Reserves it can still be considered vulnerable. This is because of the almost total clearance of these vegetation types and small size of the remaining remnants. Their size makes them particularly vulnerable to disturbance and to invasion by weeds. Our results are consistent with the earlier work of Keighery and Trudgen (1992) who found all remnants on the alluvial soils which had their basic structure intact or were able to regenerate had significant flora conservation values regardless of the remnant's size. Our data strongly supports this conclusion and we would consider any such remnant on the alluvial soils on the Swan Coastal Plain to be of high conservation value.

The results reported above relate to a survey of largely public lands on the coastal plain between Seabird and Dunsborough. Several community types were not sampled in detail due to time or access limitations. More detailed study of the Quindalup system (including foredune and beach communities), estuarine and riverine types are needed before a comprehensive understanding of conservation and reservation of all community types is achieved for this section of the coastal plain (but see Griffin 1993 for assessment of conservation status of Quindalups in the northern half of our study area). How well our sampling covers plant communities on private lands also needs to be assessed.

Table 24. Possible areas for reservation to improve community conservation status for the 15 non critical or endangered community types on the southern Swan Coastal Plain.

Type	Reservation status	Possible areas for conservation reserves.
1a	Unreserved	Areas of State Forest along base of Whicher Range, Payne Road Reserve
3a	Unreserved	Brixton Street, Brickwood Reserve, Mundijong Rd, C53, Lambert Lane
14	Unreserved	M5; Proposed Ridges extension to Yanchep N.P. (M4)
20c	Unreserved	Talbot Rd Reserve
23b	Unreserved	M5, Gnangara Water Reserve, Proposed Melaleuca Park NR (M9), Proposed Ridges extension to Yanchep N.P. (M4), Lake Muckenburra Reserve, VCL north of M5
26a	Unreserved	Lake Clifton townsite, Proposed Caraban NR (C12), Proposed extensions Yeal Swamp NR (M5), Proposed Ridges extension to Yanchep N.P. (M4), Shire View Hill
30c	Unreserved	VCL south of Seabird (part EPA recommendation 5.24), Mt Henry Reserve (M66)
2	Poorly reserved	Ambergate Reserve, Yoongarillup Water Reserve
16	Poorly reserved	No other saline flats known, saline heaths and estuarine vegetation poorly sampled.
18	Poorly reserved	No other remnants on calcareous silts known
20b	Poorly reserved	Burnside Road, extensions to Yarloop NP, Brickwood Reserve
22	Poorly reserved	Proposed extensions Yeal Swamp NR (M5), Proposed Ridges extension to Yanchep N.P. (M4), Proposed Melaleuca Park NR (M9), Gnangara Water Reserve
25	Poorly reserved	Paganoni area, C71, Lyons block (C57), Stirling block, Treasure block (C56)
29a	Poorly reserved	VCL south of Seabird (part EPA recommendation 5.24), M91, Trigg reserve (M36), Garden Is (M96), Burns Beach reserve (part M1)
29b	Poorly reserved	VCL south of Seabird (part EPA recommendation 5.24), Port Kennedy (M106), VCL west of Proposed Caraban NR
30a	Poorly reserved	Garden Is (M96), Peppermint Grove Reserve (M54)

What has been presented in this report is a regional overview of the floristic communities. Communities can be defined at a variety of scales depending on what questions are being asked. Undoubtedly finer subdivisions of our community types will be made in the future as these communities are studied in more detail. As more detailed information becomes available the classification will be refined. Seasonal wetlands are currently the most heterogeneous group and deserve more attention.

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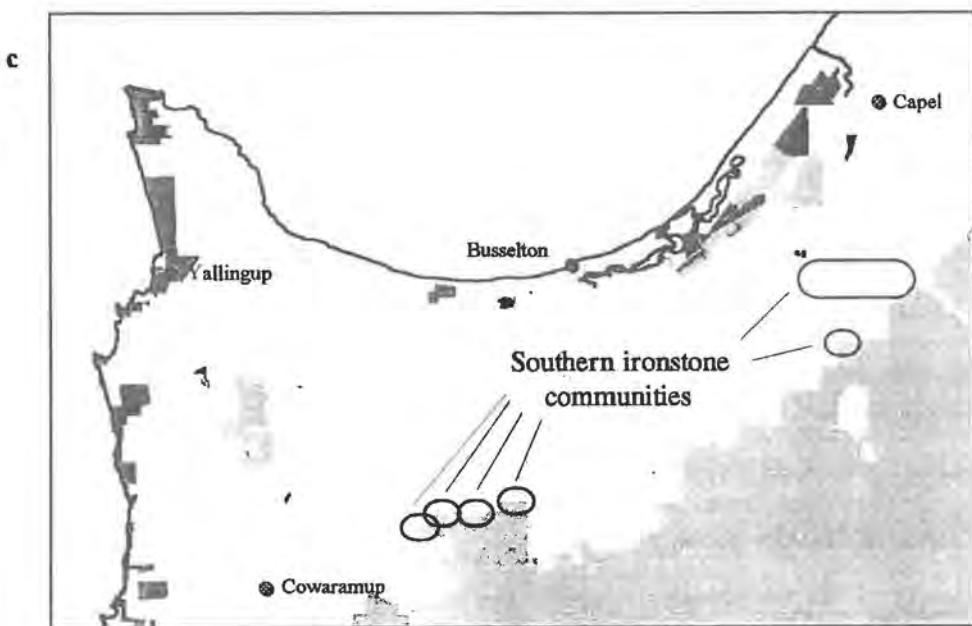
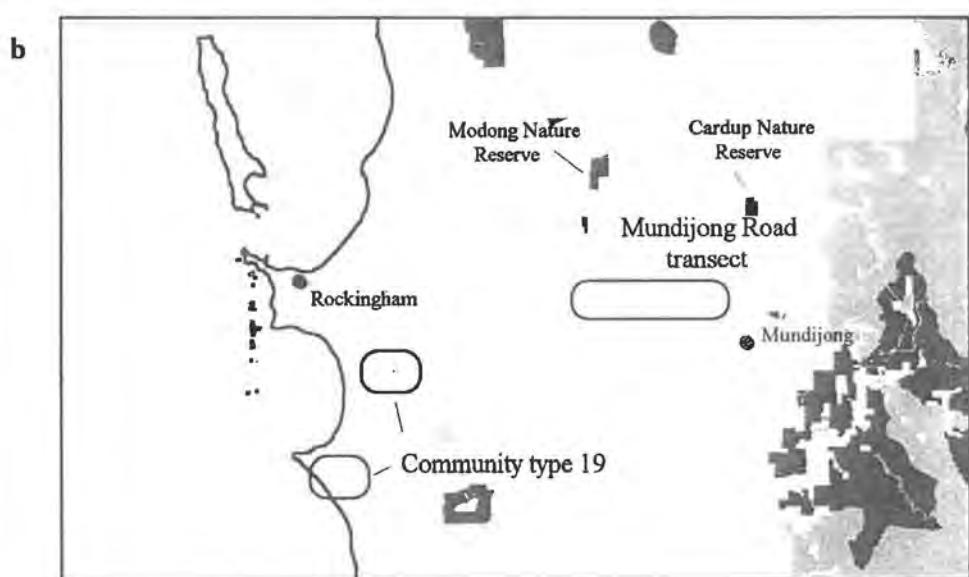
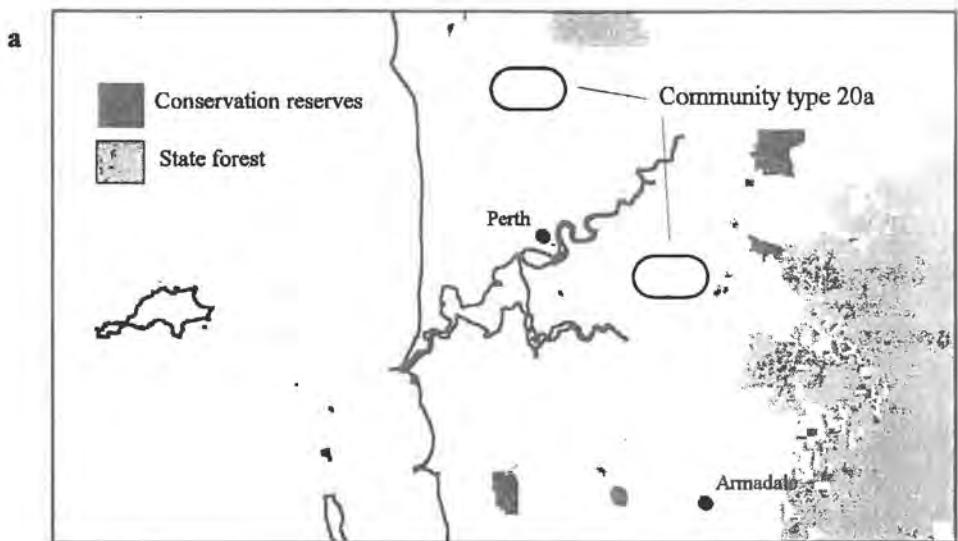


Figure 9. General areas (circled) containing parcels of land recommended for reservation to protect critically threatened and endangered community types and the Mundijong Road vegetation transect.

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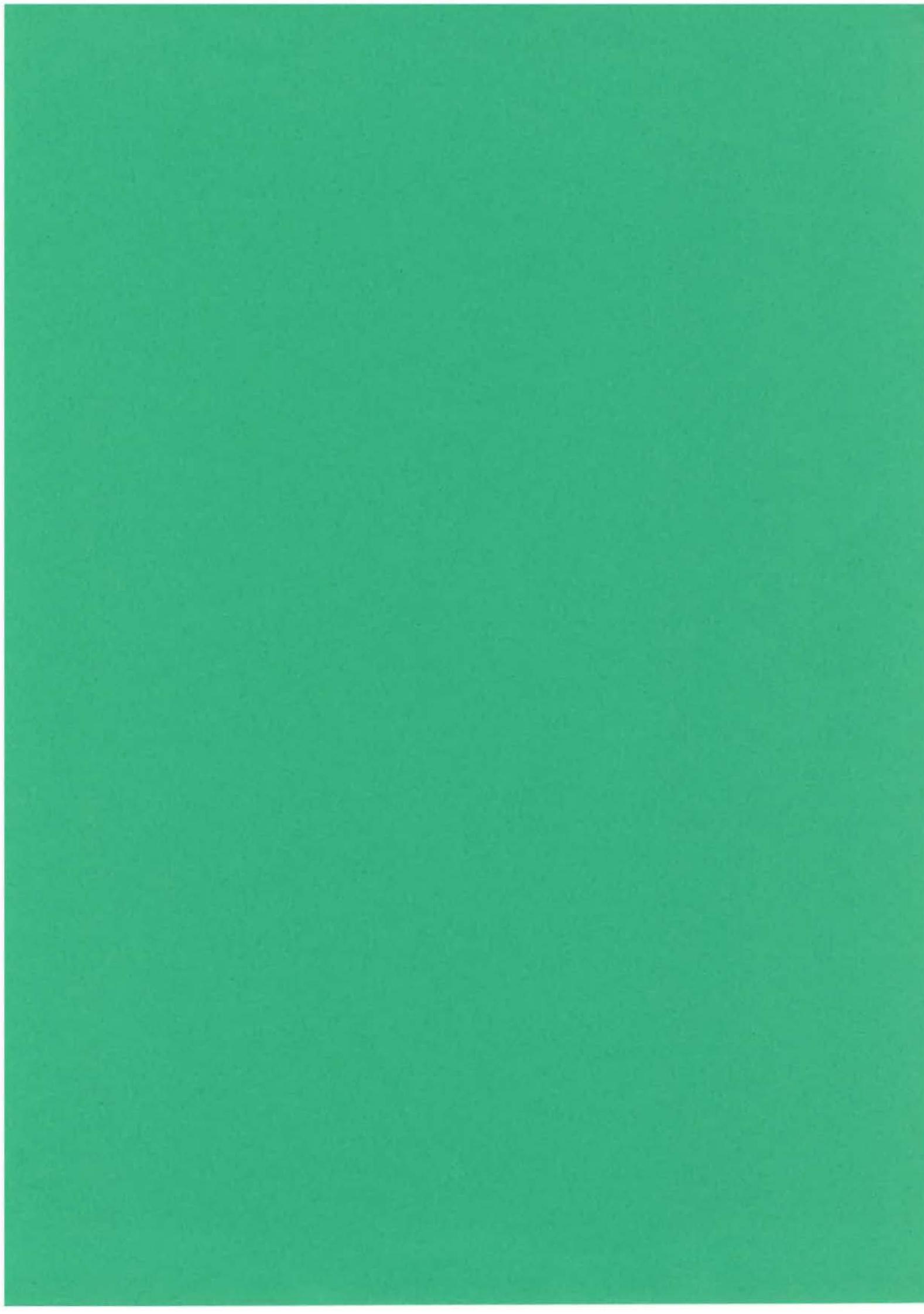
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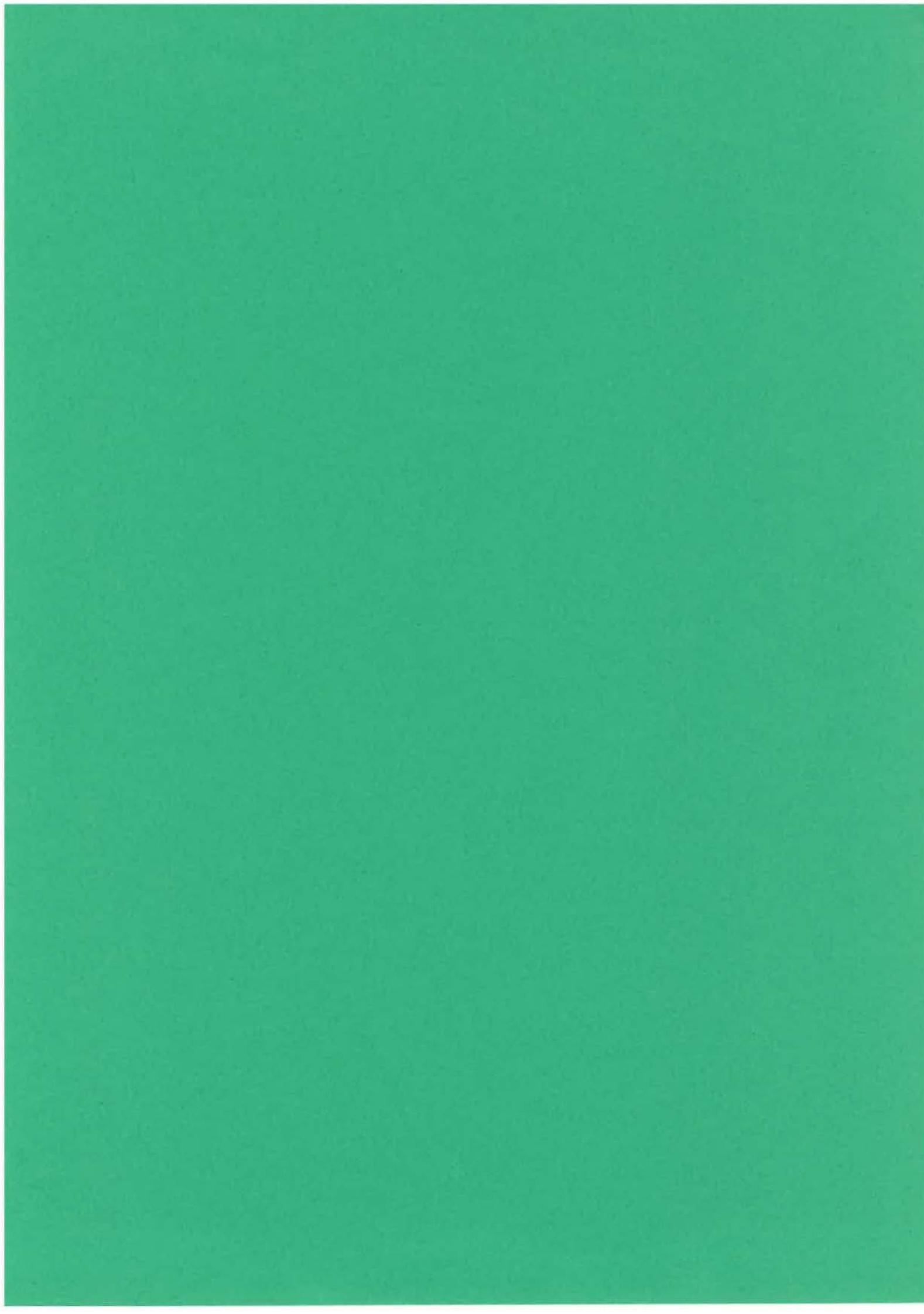
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Appendix 1

The following maps show the distribution of the community types delineated during the survey.
Accompanying each map is a description of each community.

Typical and common taxa

Typical taxa occur with a frequency of >75%, while taxa listed as common occur with frequencies between 50 and 75%.

Reservation status

Well reserved	known from two or more A class National Parks or Nature Reserves
Poorly reserved	known from a single A class National Park or Nature Reserve
Unreserved	not known to occur in any A class National Park or Nature Reserve

Conservation status (CALM unpublished)

Presumed destroyed	A community that is totally destroyed or so extensively modified that it is unlikely to re-establish ecosystem processes in the foreseeable future.
Critical	A community with most or all of its known occurrences facing severe modification or destruction in the immediate future.
Endangered	A community in danger of severe modification or destruction throughout its range, if causal factors continue operating.
Vulnerable	A community likely to move into the endangered category in the near future if the causal factors continue operating.
Susceptible	A community of concern because there is evidence that it can be modified or destroyed by human activities, or would be vulnerable to new threatening process.
Low risk	A community that does not qualify for one of the above categories.
Insufficiently known	A community for which there is inadequate data to assign to one of the above categories

Structural units

Units follow Muir (1977) and indicate the range of structural units these communities are known from.

Community type: 1a

***Eucalyptus haematoxylon - E. marginata* woodlands on Whicher foothills**

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

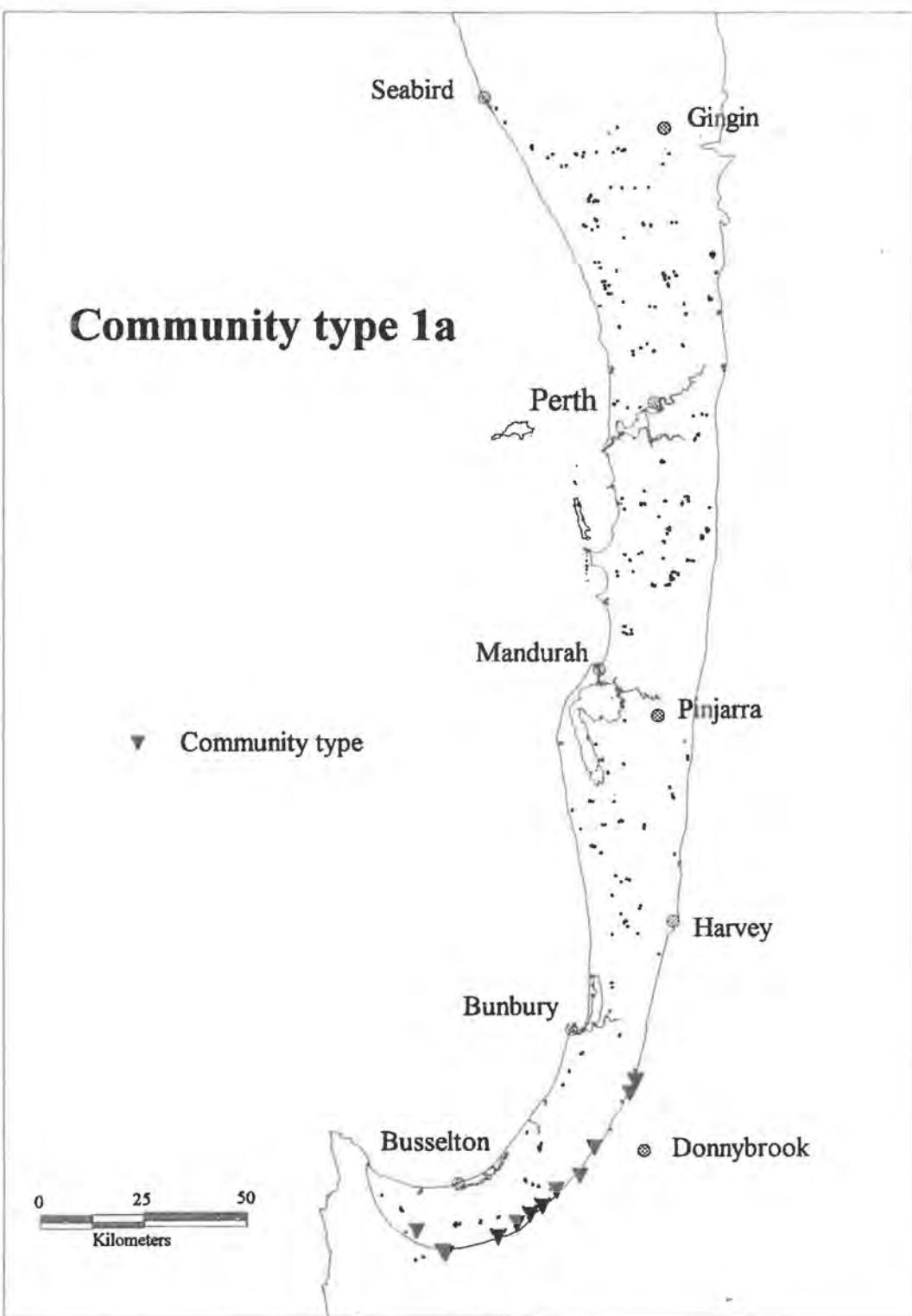
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	<i>Amphipogon amhipogonoides</i>
	<i>Gompholobium knightianum</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Lomandra sericea</i>
		<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
		<i>Patersonia umbrosa forma xanthina</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus haematoxylon</i>	<i>Billardiera variifolia</i>	<i>Agrostocrinum scabrum</i>
<i>Xylomelum occidentale</i>	<i>Gompholobium confertum</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Gompholobium polymorphum</i>	<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>
	<i>Hakea amplexicaulis</i>	<i>Conostylis setigera</i>
	<i>Hakea cyclocarpa</i>	<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i>
	<i>Hibbertia amplexicaulis</i>	<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
	<i>Hovea chorizemifolia</i>	<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Hypocalymma robustum</i>	<i>Pentapeltis peltigera</i>
	<i>Isopogon sphaerocephalus</i>	<i>Stylium amoenum</i>
	<i>Logania serpyllifolia</i>	
	<i>Scaevola calliptera</i>	
	<i>Xanthorrhoea gracilis</i>	
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	

Mean species richness:	67.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	0.3	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	1.7	woodland
Number of quadrats:	13	low woodland A
		open woodland

Community type 1a



Community type: 1b

Southern *Eucalyptus calophylla* woodlands on heavy soils

Reservation Status:	Well reserved
Conservation Status:	Vulnerable

Typical Species:

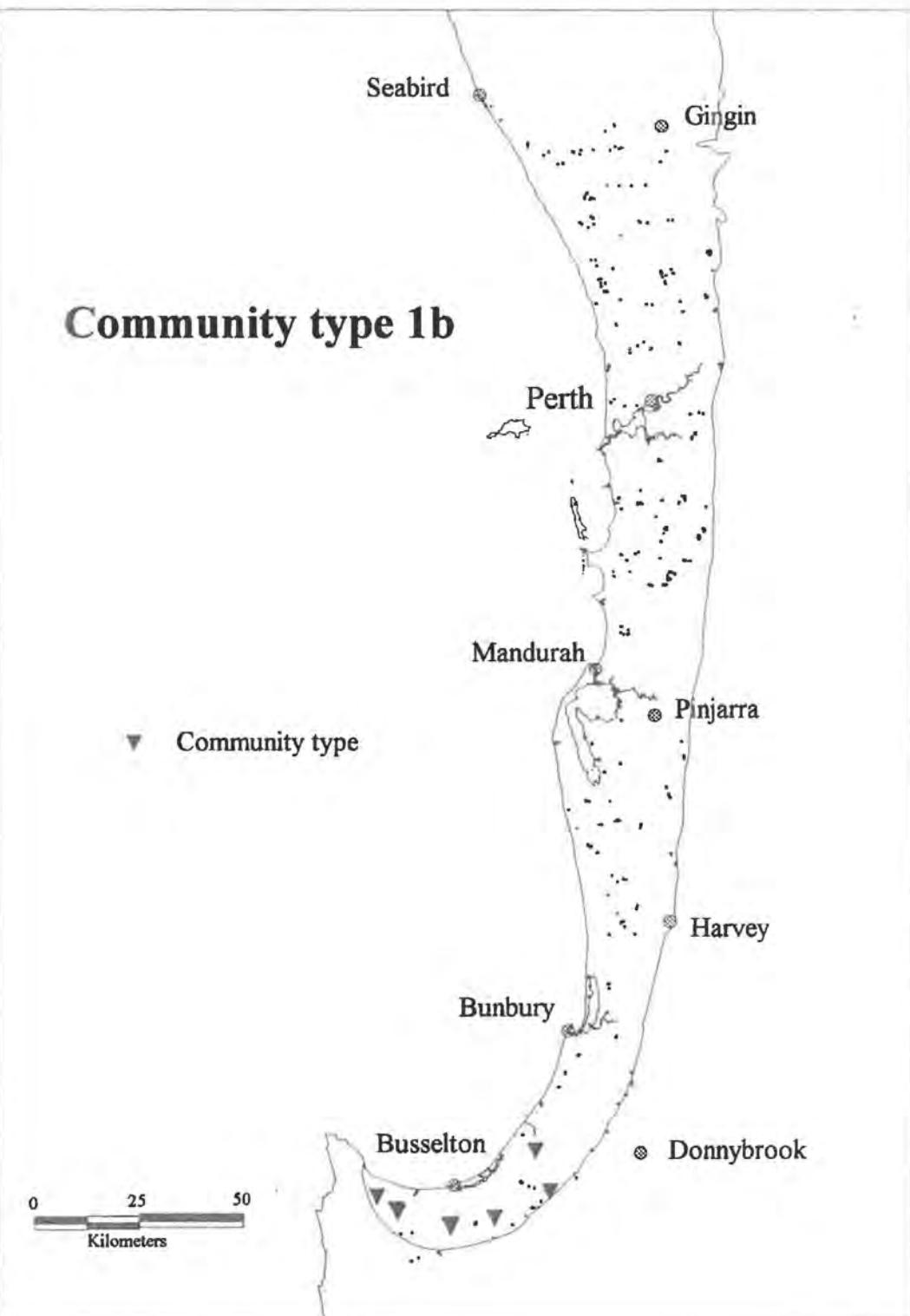
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus calophylla</i>	<i>Acacia extensa</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>	<i>Gompholobium polymorphum</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
	<i>Hypocalymma angustifolium</i>	<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
	<i>Scaevola calliptera</i>	<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i>
		<i>Stipa semibarbata/campylachne</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia pulchella</i>	<i>Agrostocrinum scabrum</i>
	<i>Adenanthes obovatus</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Billardiera variifolia</i>	<i>Caesia micrantha</i>
	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>penicillaris</i>
	<i>Hovea trisperma</i>	<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
	<i>Kingia australis</i>	<i>Lagenifera huegelii</i>
		<i>Lomandra purpurea</i>
		<i>Lomandra sericea</i>
		<i>Opercularia apiciflora</i>
		<i>Patersonia umbrosa</i> forma <i>xanthina</i>
		<i>Tetrarrhena laevis</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i> / <i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Xanthosia candida</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	67.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	2.4	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	12	woodland
		open low woodland A

Community type 1b



Community type: 2

Southern wet shrublands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

Trees

Calothamnus lateralis
Eutaxia virgata
Hakea ceratophylla
Hakea varia
Isopogon scaber
Kingia australis
Pericalymma ellipticum
Synaphea petiolaris
Xanthorrhoea preissii

Herbs

Comesperma virgatum
Dampiera linearis
Leptocarpus tenax
Loxocarya fasciculata
Mesomelaena tetragona
Stylium brunonianum
Thysanotus multiflorus

Other common species

Trees

Acacia stenoptera
Astartea aff. fascicularis
Boronia spathulata
Daviesia preissii
Dryandra nivea
Grevillea brachystylis
Hakea sulcata
Hibbertia rhadinopoda
Kunzea aff. micrantha (BJK &
NG 040)
Stirlingia latifolia

Herbs

Agrostocrinum scabrum
Cassytha glabella
Haemodorum sparsiflorum
Hypocalymma angustifolium
**Hypochaeris glabra*
Hypolaena exsulca
Lyginia barbata
Thelymitra crinita

Mean species richness:

51

Structural units

Mean weed frequency:

0.8

open low woodland B
thicket

Mean vegetation condition:

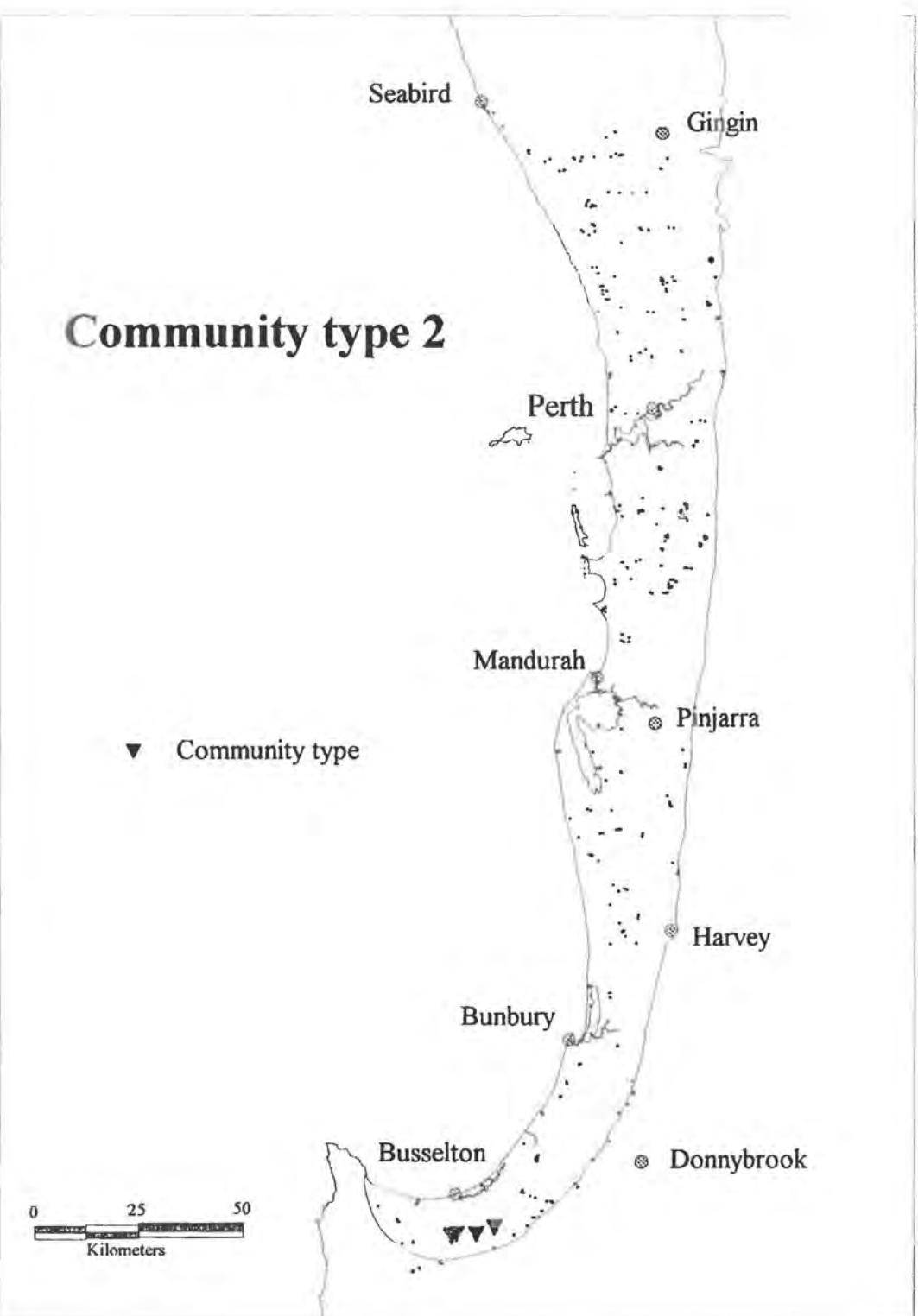
1.9

open scrub
open low scrub A
open low scrub B

Number of quadrats:

5

Community type 2



Community type: 3a

Eucalyptus calophylla - Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

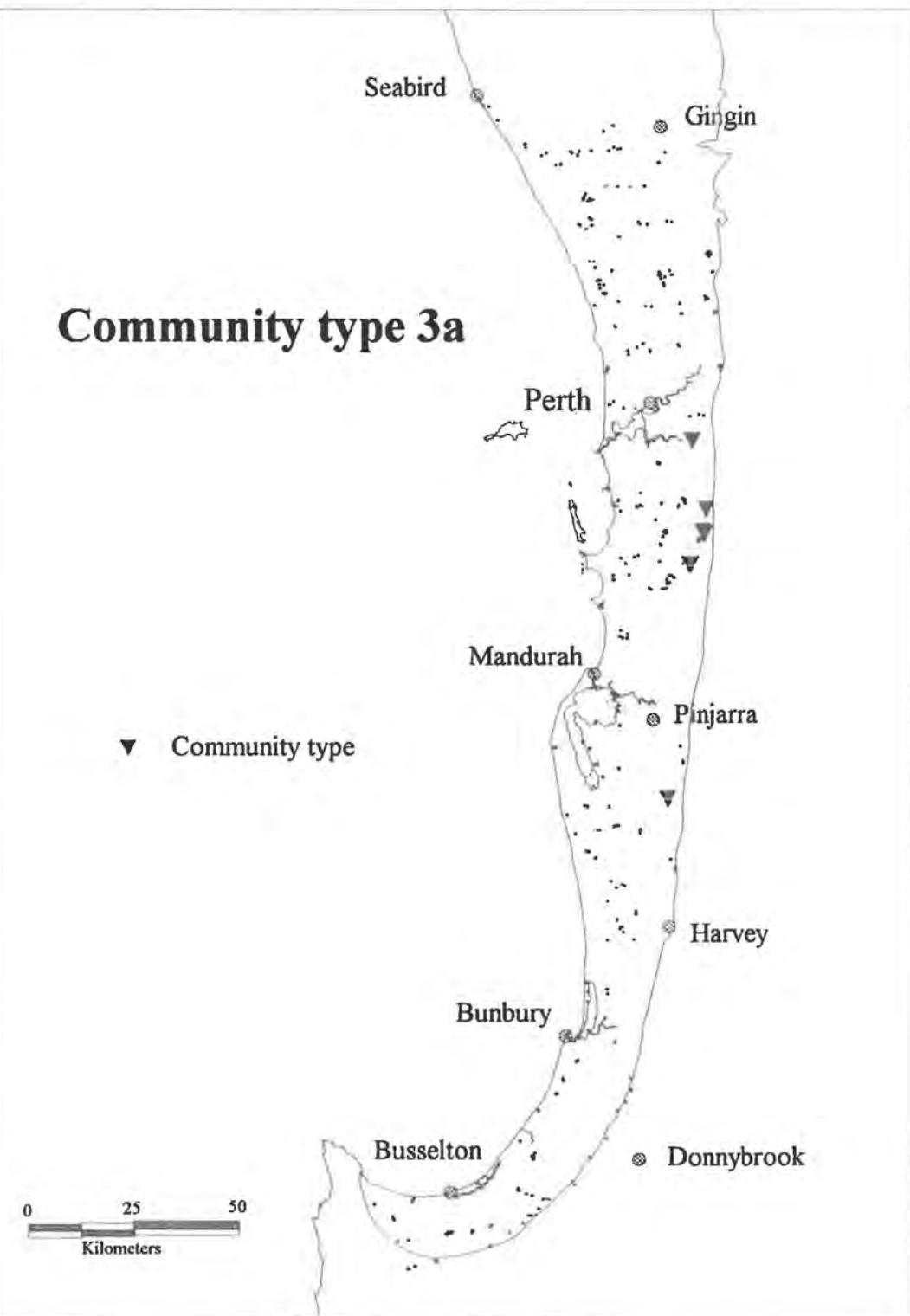
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus calophylla</i>	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Cyathochaeta avenacea</i>
	<i>Kingia australis</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Haemodorum laxum</i>
		<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
		<i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Goodenia caerulea</i>	<i>Borya scirpoidea</i>
	<i>Synaphea petiolaris</i>	<i>Cassytha glabella</i>
	<i>Hakea ceratophylla</i>	<i>Conostylis setigera</i>
	<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>menziesii</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
		<i>Neurachne alopecuroides</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i> / <i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	58.9	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.9	woodland
Mean vegetation condition:	2	low woodland A
Number of quadrats:	13	open woodland
		open low woodland A
		low heath D
		low scrub A
		low scrub B
		open scrub
		open low scrub A

Community type 3a



Community type: 3b

***Eucalyptus calophylla - E. marginata* woodlands on sandy clay soils**

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

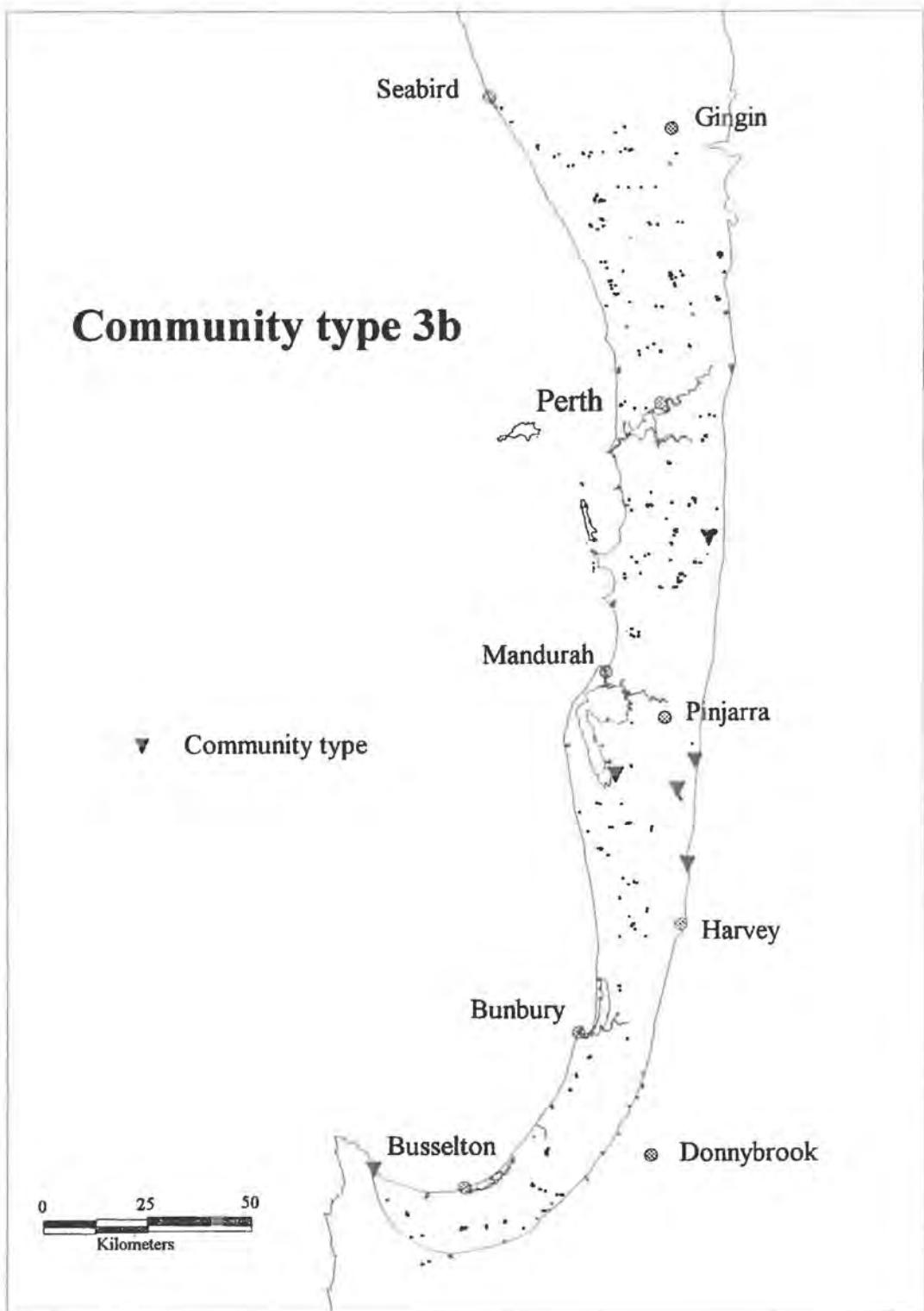
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus calophylla</i>	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	* <i>Briza minor</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Caesia micrantha</i>
		<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>
		<i>Conostylis juncea</i>
		<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
		<i>Drosera stolonifera</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
		<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
		<i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i>
		<i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia willdenowiana</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
	<i>Baeckea camphorosmae</i>	<i>Anigozanthos manglesii</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Caladenia flava</i>
	<i>Gompholobium marginatum</i>	<i>Cyathochaeta avenacea</i>
	<i>Kennedia prostrata</i>	<i>Haemodorum laxum</i>
	<i>Pronaya fraseri</i>	<i>Homalosciadium homalocarpum</i>
		<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
		<i>Lagenifera huegelii</i>
		<i>Stylidium piliferum</i>
		<i>Thysanotus thyrsoideus</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	61.2	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	5.7	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.4	woodland
Number of quadrats:	8	low woodland A
		open woodland
		open low woodland A

Community type 3b



Community type: 3c

Eucalyptus calophylla - Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

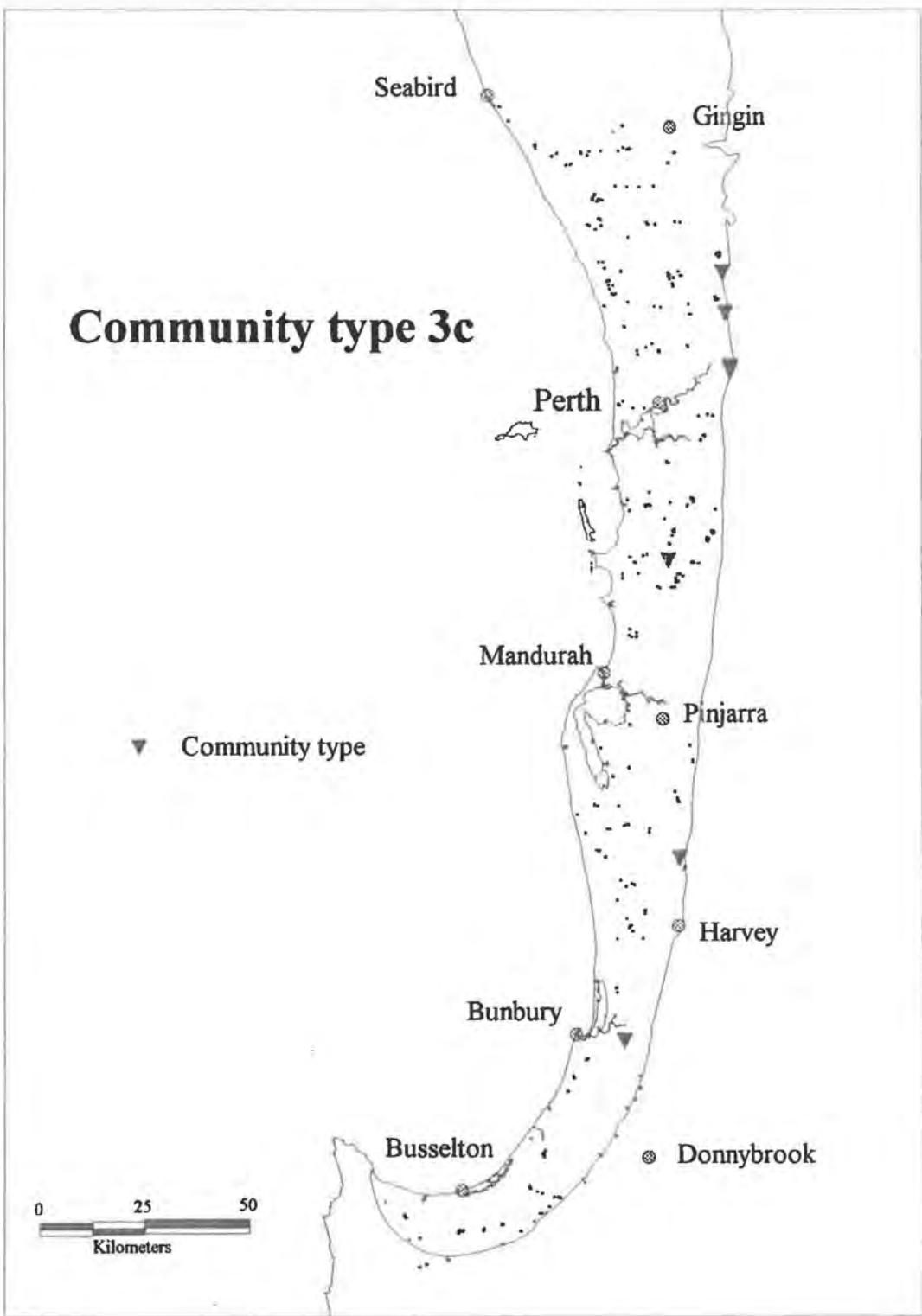
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus calophylla</i>	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i> <i>Burchardia umbellata</i> <i>Cyathochaeta avenacea</i> <i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i> * <i>Romulea rosea</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia pulchella</i> <i>Dryandra nivea</i> <i>Gompholobium marginatum</i> <i>Hypocalymma angustifolium</i>	<i>Caesia micrantha</i> <i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>penicillaris</i> * <i>Hypocharis glabra</i> <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (eastern terete) <i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i> <i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i> <i>Opercularia vaginata</i> <i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i> <i>Stipa pycnostachya</i> <i>Tetraria octandra</i> <i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex

Mean species richness:	48	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	6	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.6	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	10	heath A
		low woodland A
		open low woodland A
		open scrub
		low scrub B

Community type 3c



Community type: 4

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Reservation Status: Well reserved

Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

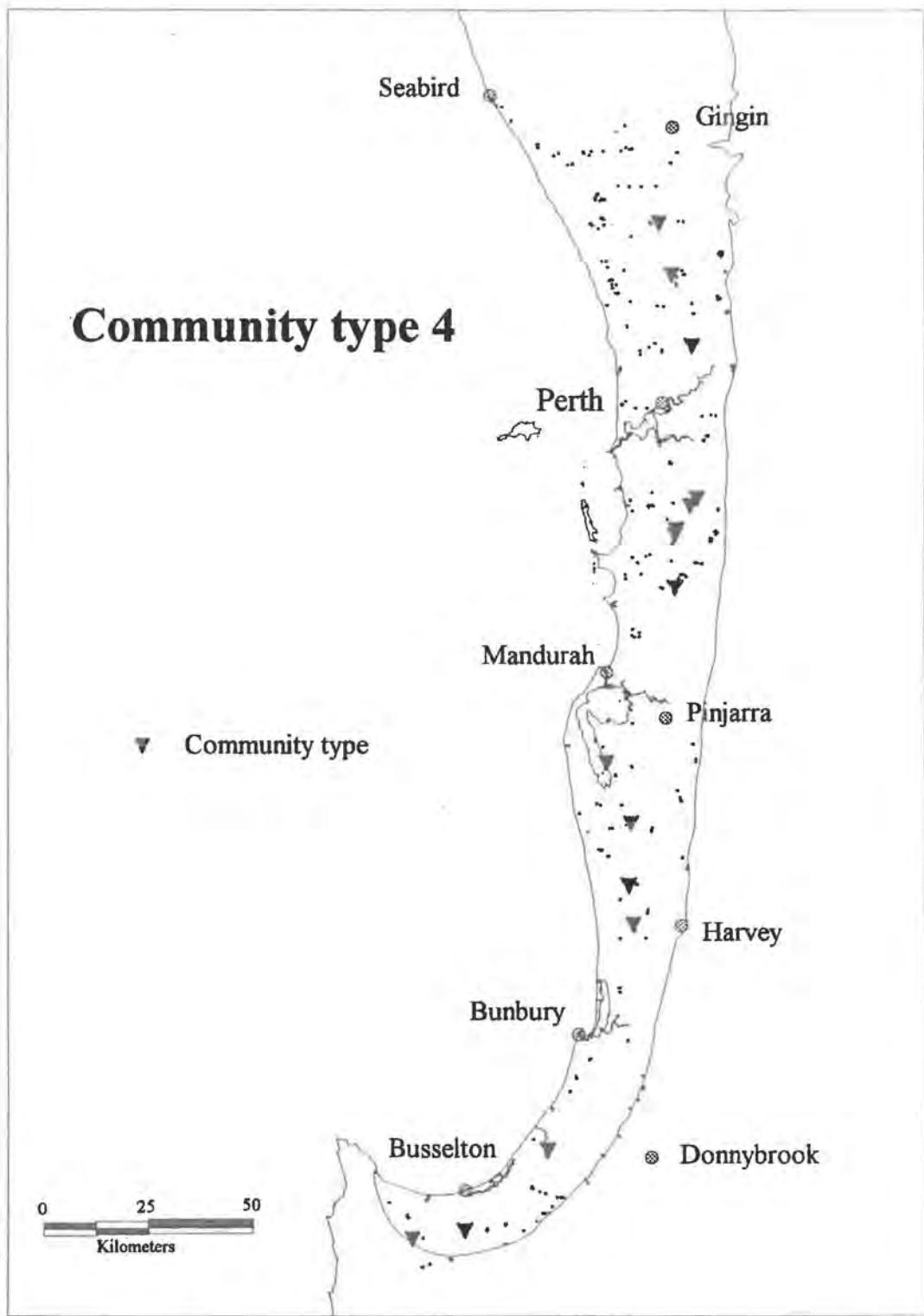
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Melaleuca preissiana</i>	<i>Hypocalymma angustifolium</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
	<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>	<i>Dasypteron bromeliifolius</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
		<i>Stylium brunonianum</i>
		<i>Stylium repens</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Adenanthera obovatus</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
	<i>Astartea aff. fascicularis</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i>
		<i>Schoenus rodwayanus</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	36.9	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.3	dense low heath C
Mean vegetation condition:	2	low woodland A
Number of quadrats:	16	open woodland
		open low woodland A
		heath A
		heath B
		low heath C
		low scrub A
		dense low sedges

Community type 4



Community type: 5

Mixed Shrub damplands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i> * <i>Hypolaena exsulca</i> <i>Siloxerus humifusus</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Kunzea ericifolia</i> <i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i> * <i>Briza maxima</i> * <i>Briza minor</i> <i>Caladenia flava</i> <i>Mitrasacme paradoxa</i> <i>Quinetia urvillei</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i> * <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i>

Mean species richness:

38.4

Structural units

Mean weed frequency:

5.8

low forest A

Mean vegetation condition:

2.1

low woodland A

Number of quadrats:

15

open woodland

open low woodland A

dense heath B

dense low heath C

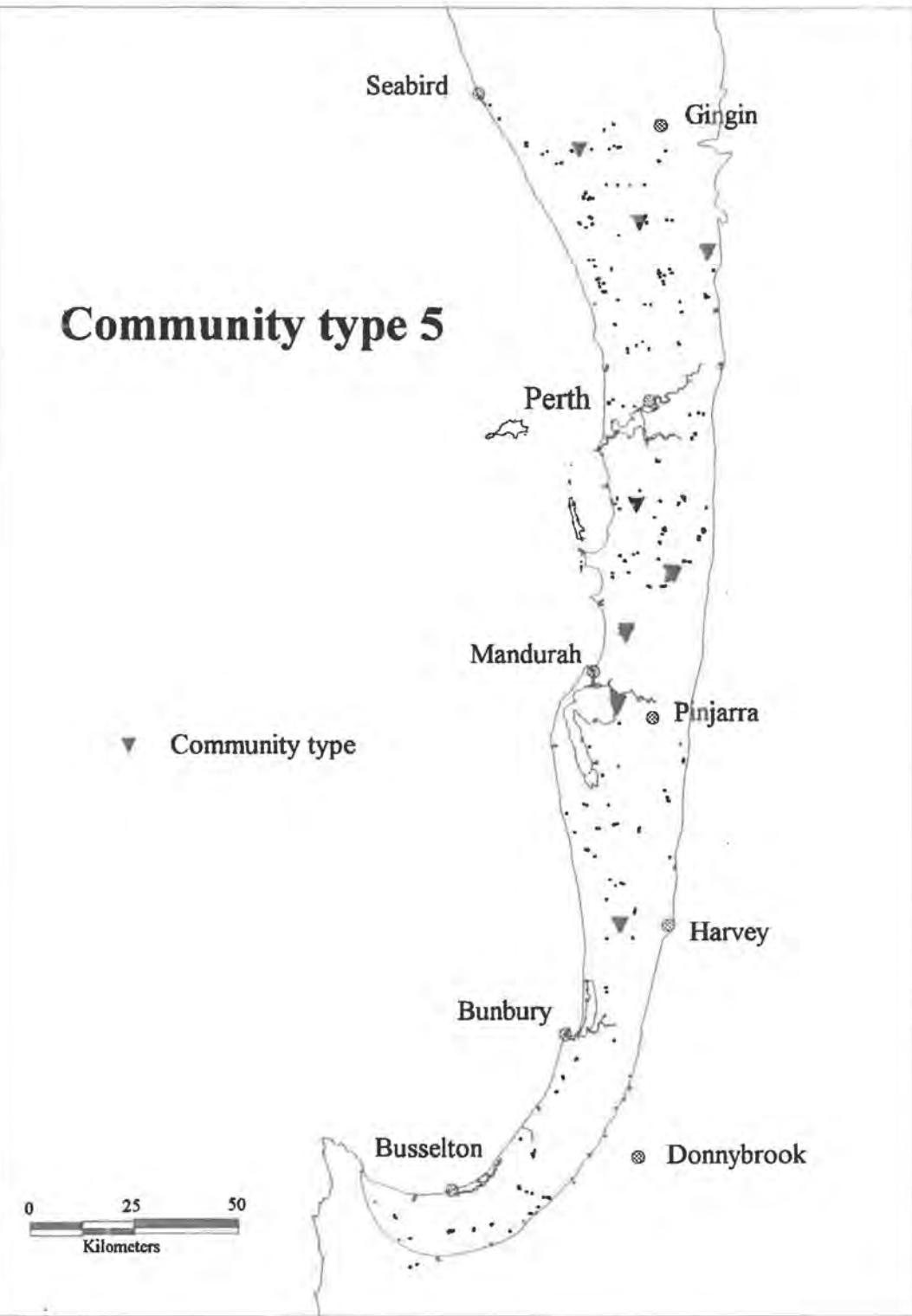
thicket

heath B

low heath C

scrub

Community type 5



Community type: 6

Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils

Reservation Status: Well reserved

Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees

Shrubs

Herbs

* *Briza maxima*

* *Hypochaeris glabra*

Other common species:

Trees

Shrubs

Herbs

Hypocalymma angustifolium

* *Ehrharta calycina*

* *Ehrharta longiflora*

* *Monadenia bracteata*

* *Romulea rosea*

* *Ursinia anthemoides*

Mean species richness: 26.6

Structural units

Mean weed frequency: 7.9

low forest A

woodland

Mean vegetation condition: 3.6

open low woodland A

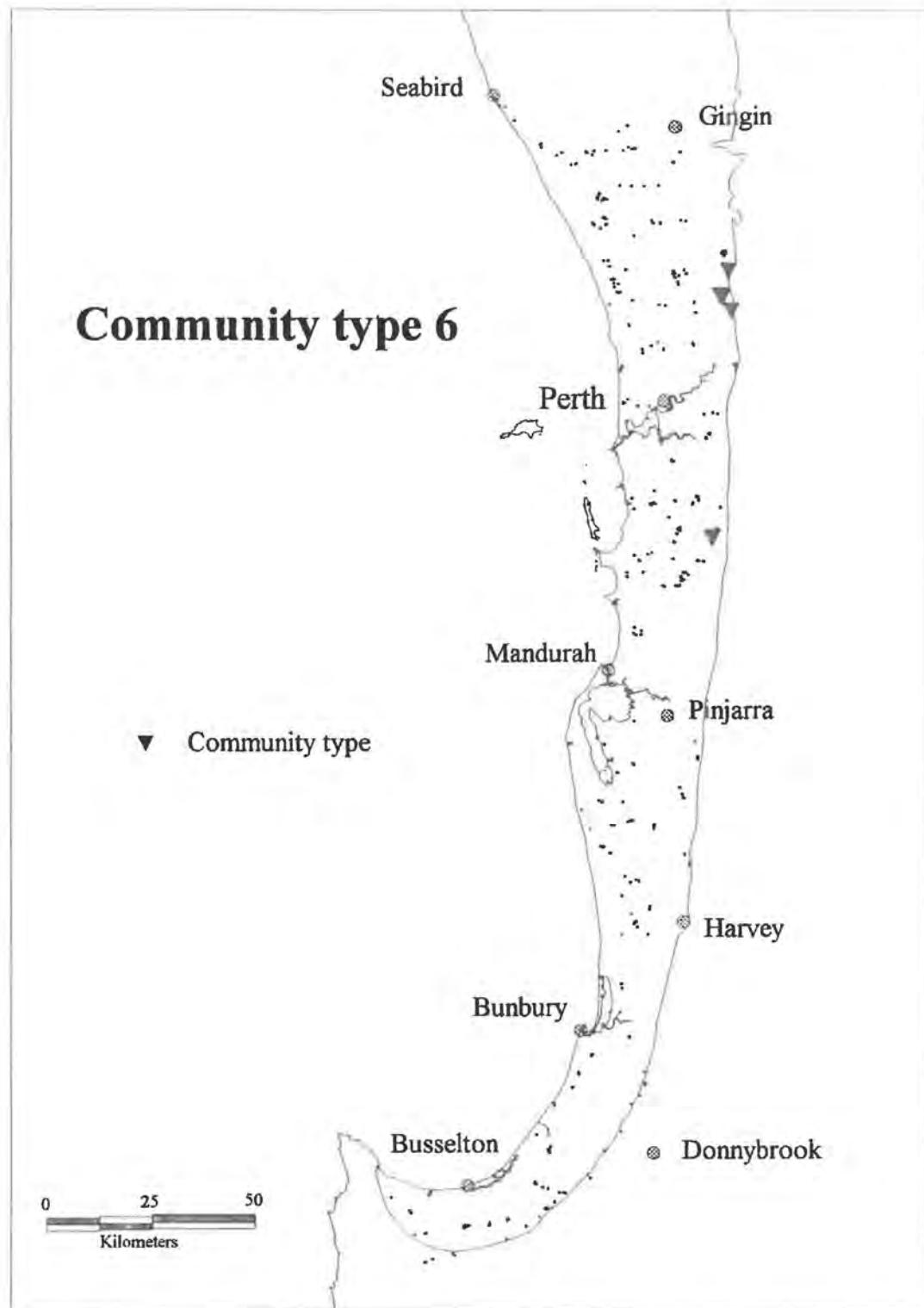
heath A

Number of quadrats: 9

low heath C

scrub

Community type 6



Community type: 7

Herb rich saline shrublands in clay pans

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

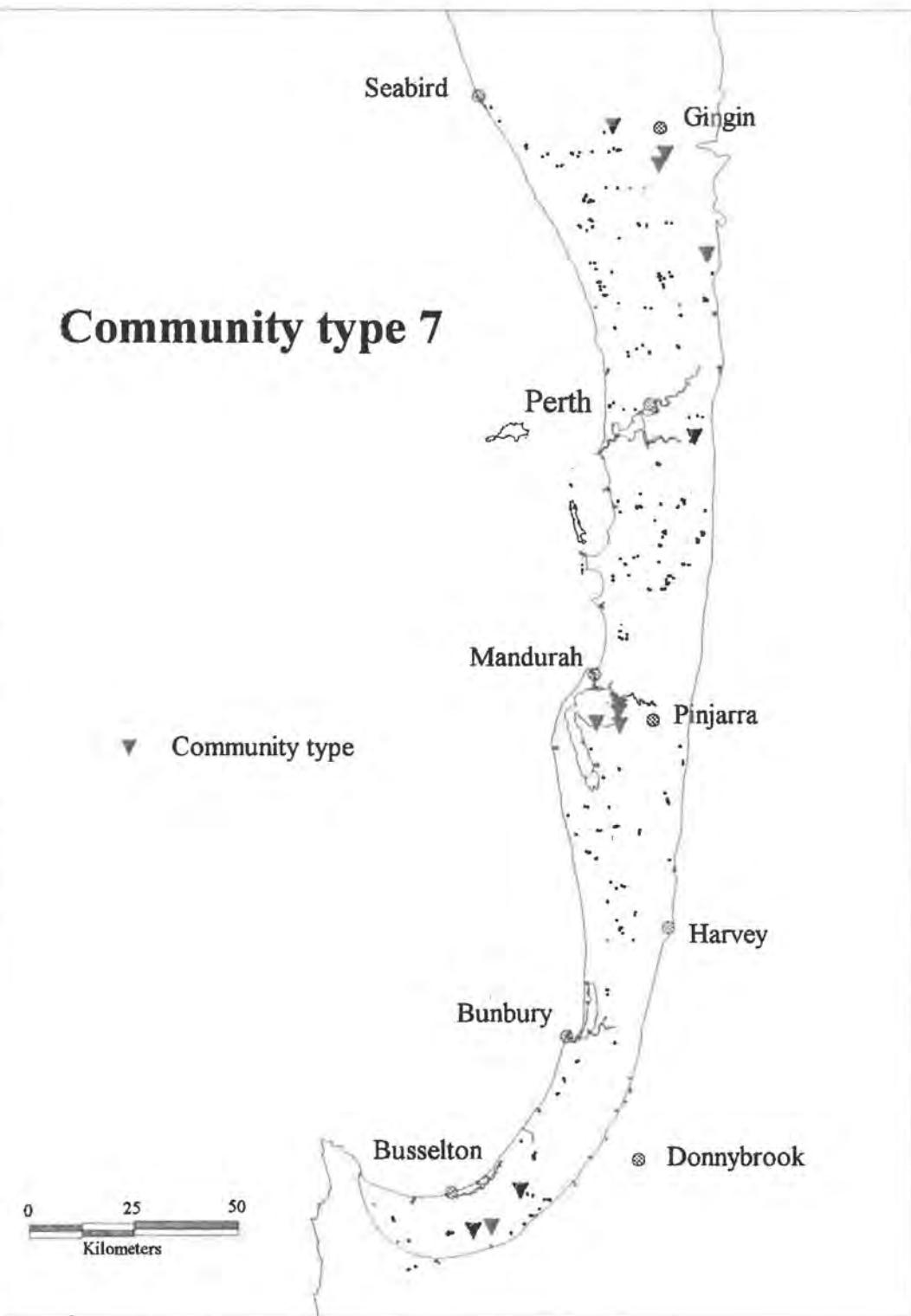
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		* <i>Briza minor</i>
		<i>Centrolepis aristata</i>
		<i>Philydrella pygmaea</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Melaleuca viminea</i>	<i>Brachyscome bellidoides</i>
		* <i>Briza maxima</i>
		<i>Centrolepis polystachya</i>
		* <i>Cicendia filiformis</i>
		<i>Goodenia micrantha</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Polygonatum strictum</i>
		<i>Polypompholyx multifida</i>
		<i>Schoenus odontocarpus</i>
		<i>Schoenus sp. 2 (GJK 5739)</i>
		<i>Siloxerus humifusus</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/patersonii complex</i>

Mean species richness:	46.4	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	8	low woodland A low woodland B
Mean vegetation condition:	2.3	open low woodland A dense heath A
Number of quadrats:	18	heath A thicket scrub low scrub A open scrub open herbs

Community type 7



Community type: 8

Herb rich shrublands in clay pans

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

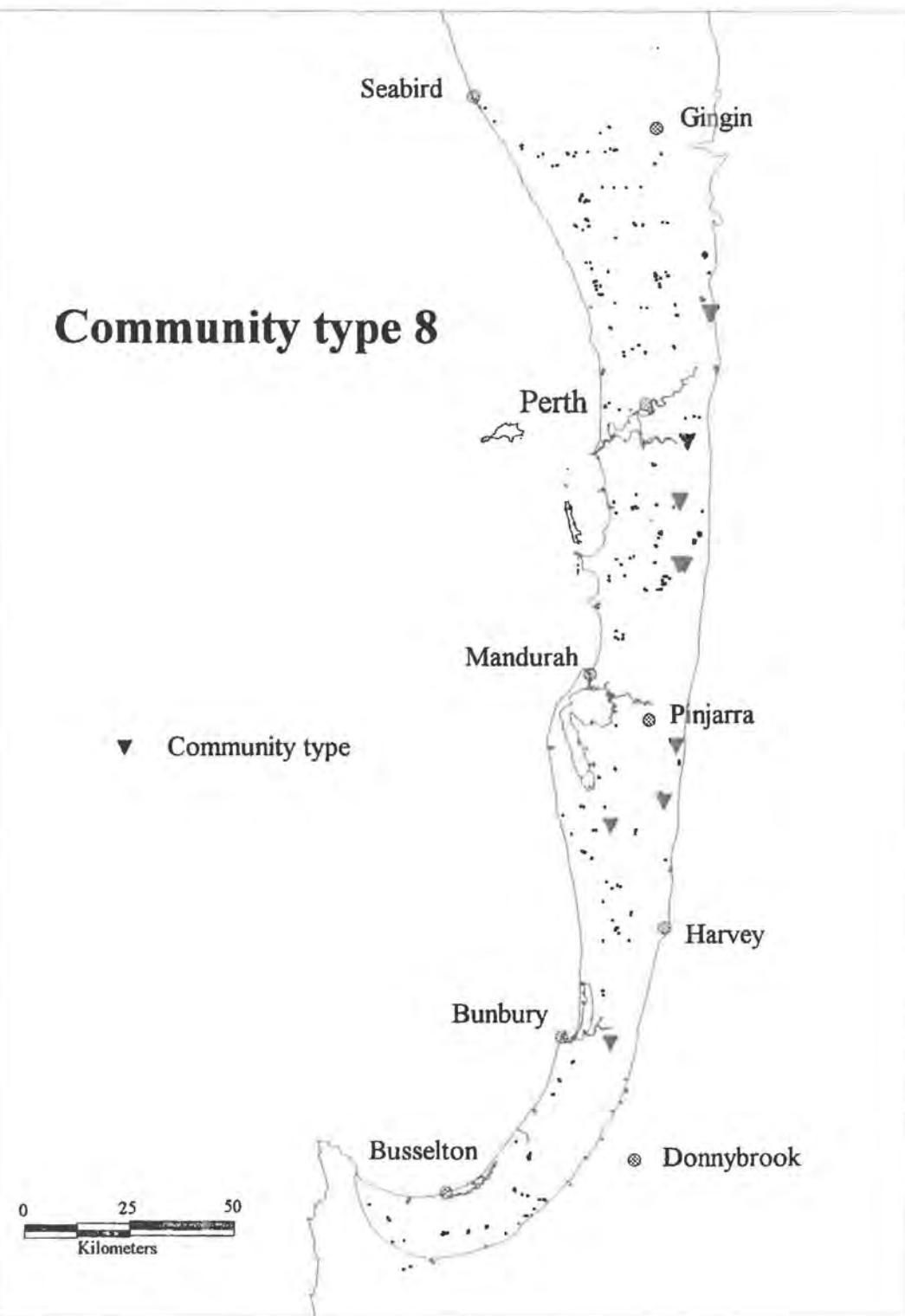
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		* <i>Briza maxima</i>
		* <i>Briza minor</i>
		<i>Centrolepis aristata</i>
		* <i>Cicendia filiformis</i>
		* <i>Cyperus tenellus</i>
		* <i>Romulea rosea</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Viminaria juncea</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
		<i>Chorizandra enodis</i>
		<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>menziesii</i>
		<i>Drosera rosulata</i>
		<i>Goodenia micrantha</i>
		<i>Haemodorum simplex</i>
		<i>Hyalosperma cotula</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		* <i>Juncus capitatus</i>
		* <i>Monopsis debilis</i>
		* <i>Parentucellia viscosa</i>
		<i>Schoenus odontocarpus</i>

Mean species richness:	52	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	11	woodland
Mean vegetation condition:	2.7	low woodland B
Number of quadrats:	21	dense thicket
		dense low heath D
		thicket
		scrub
		low scrub A
		low scrub B
		open scrub
		open low scrub B
		herbs

Community type 8



Community type: 9

Dense shrublands on clay flats

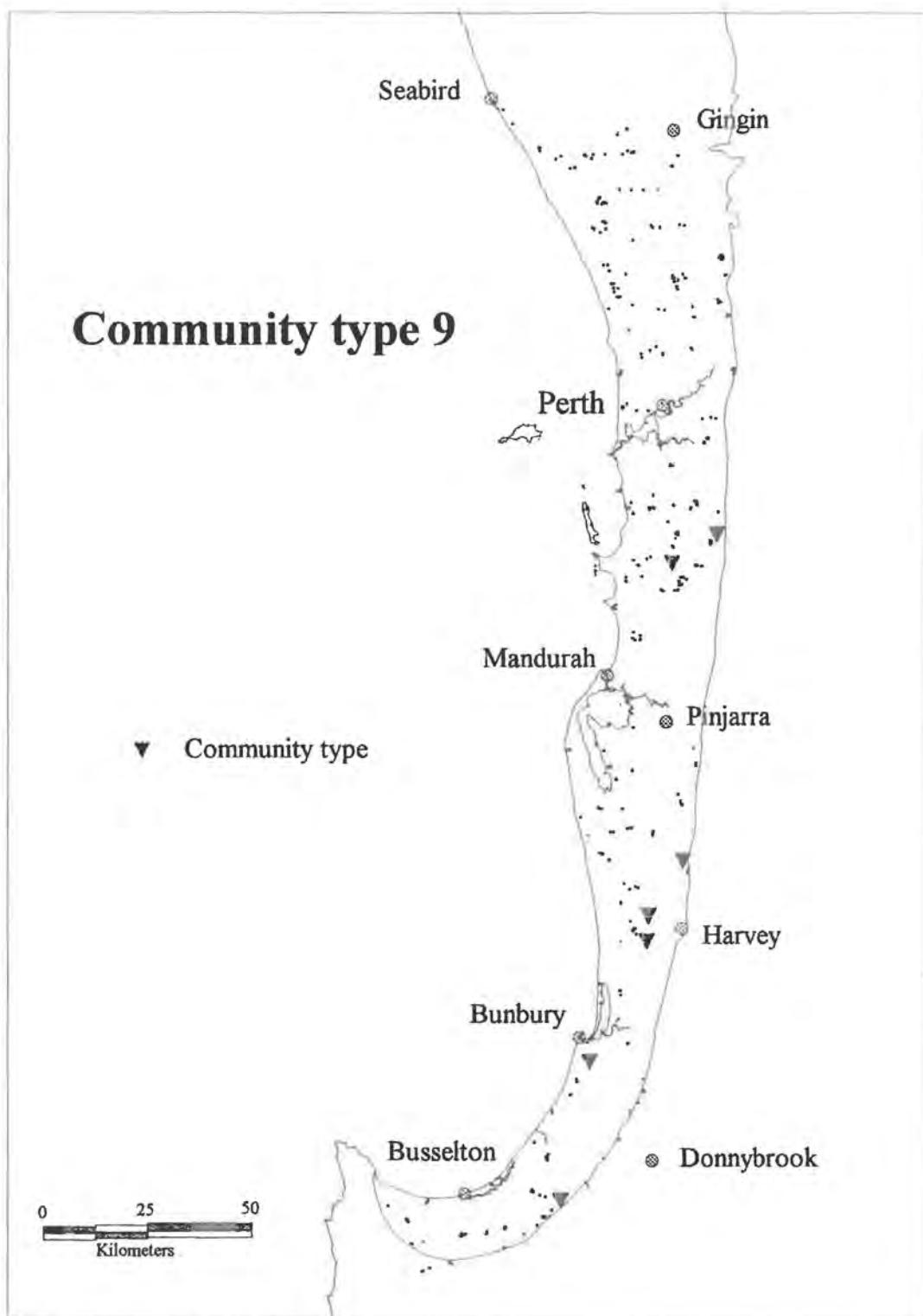
Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Astartea aff. fascicularis</i>	<i>Burchardia multiflora</i>
	<i>Eutaxia virgata</i>	<i>Cassytha racemosa</i>
	<i>Hakea varia</i>	<i>Chorizandra enodis</i>
	<i>Melaleuca viminea</i>	<i>Cyathochaeta avenacea</i>
		* <i>Cyperus tenellus</i>
		<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
		<i>Drosera gigantea</i>
		<i>Drosera rosulata</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma longitudinale</i>
		<i>Leptocarpus coangustatus</i>

Mean species richness:	35.5	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	2.2	low woodland A dense heath B
Mean vegetation condition:	2	thicket heath A
Number of quadrats:	8	heath B low heath C scrub open scrub

Community type 9



Community type: 10a

Shrublands on dry clay flats

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

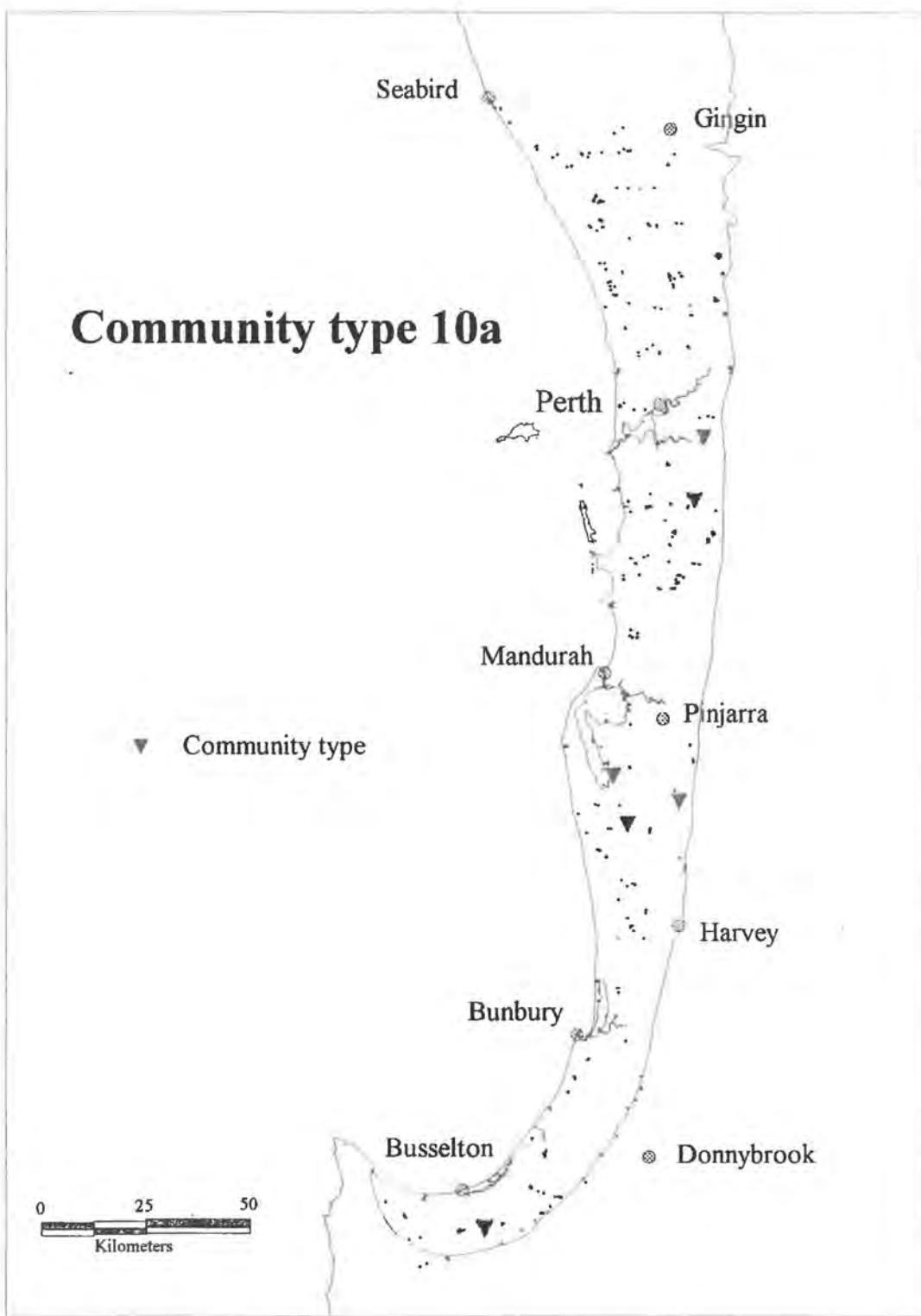
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Hakea sulcata</i>	<i>Aphelia cyperoides</i>
	<i>Verticordia densiflora</i>	<i>Centrolepis aristata</i>
		* <i>Cyperus tenellus</i>
		<i>Drosera gigantea</i> subsp. <i>gigantea</i>
		<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>menziesii</i>
		<i>Schoenolaena juncea</i>
		<i>Schoenus rigens</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Hakea varia</i>	<i>Burchardia multiflora</i>
	<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>	* <i>Briza minor</i>
	<i>Viminaria juncea</i>	<i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i>
		* <i>Cicendia filiformis</i>
		<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		* <i>Juncus capitatus</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Polypompholyx multifida</i>
		<i>Schoenus odontocarpus</i>
		<i>Stylium calcaratum</i>
		<i>Thelymitra antennifera</i>
		<i>Thysanotus thyrsoideus</i>
		<i>Philydrella pygmaea</i>
		<i>Siloxerus humifusus</i>

Mean species richness:	51.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	5.8	dense heath B
Mean vegetation condition:	2.1	thicket
Number of quadrats:	8	heath B
		scrub
		dwarf scrub C
		open scrub
		open low scrub B

Community type 10a



Community type: 10b

Shrublands on southern ironstones

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Critical

Typical Species:

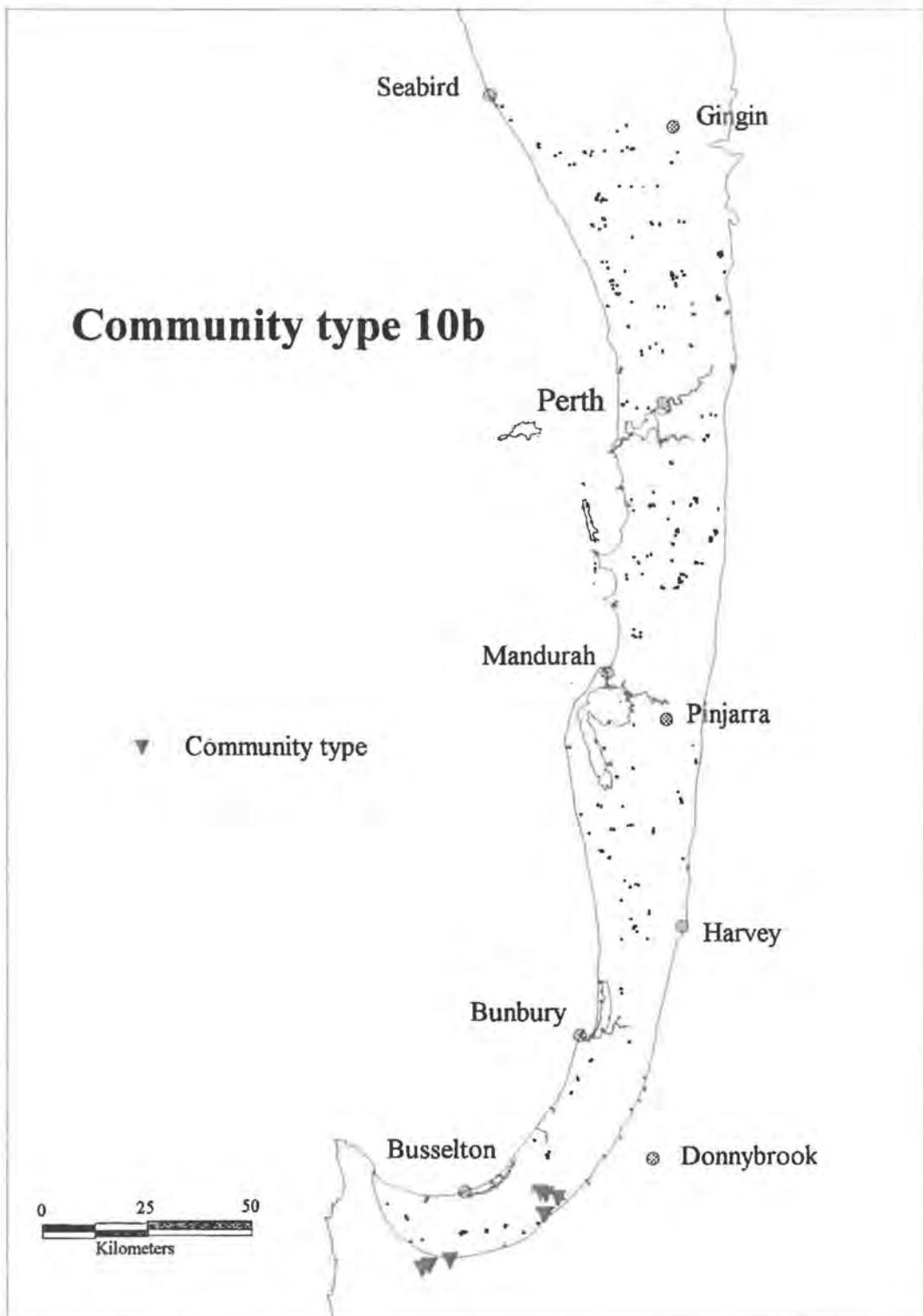
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Kunzea aff. micrantha</i> (BJK & NG 040)	<i>Aphelia cyperoides</i>
	<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>	<i>Centrolepis aristata</i> <i>*Hypochaeris glabra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia stenoptera</i>	<i>Borya scirpoidea</i>
	<i>Hakea varia</i> (Yellow flowered ironstone form)	<i>Caladenia marginata</i>
	<i>Hemiandra pungens</i>	<i>Caustis dioica</i>
	<i>Viminaria juncea</i>	<i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i>
		<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
		<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>
		<i>Drosera rosulata</i>
		<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
		<i>Loxocarya magna</i> Ms
		<i>Mitrasacme paradoxa</i>
		<i>Opercularia vaginata</i> (Ironstone form)
		<i>Philydrella pygmaea</i>
		<i>Polypompholyx multifida</i>
		<i>Schoenus odontocarpus</i>
		<i>Stylidium calcaratum</i>
		<i>Thelymitra antennifera</i>
		<i>Thysanotus thyrsoideus</i>

Mean species richness:	53.7	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	4.9	dense heath B scrub
Mean vegetation condition:	2.2	low scrub A open scrub
Number of quadrats:	9	open low scrub A

Community type 10b



Community type: 11

Wet forests and woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees

Shrubs

Herbs

**Briza maxima*
Lepidosperma longitudinale

Other common species:

Trees

Eucalyptus rufa

Shrubs

Astartea aff. fascicularis

Herbs

**Hypochaeris glabra*

Mean species richness: 27.2

Structural units

Mean weed frequency: 6.9

dense low forest A
forest

Mean vegetation condition: 2.7

low forest A

low forest B

Number of quadrats: 13

low woodland A

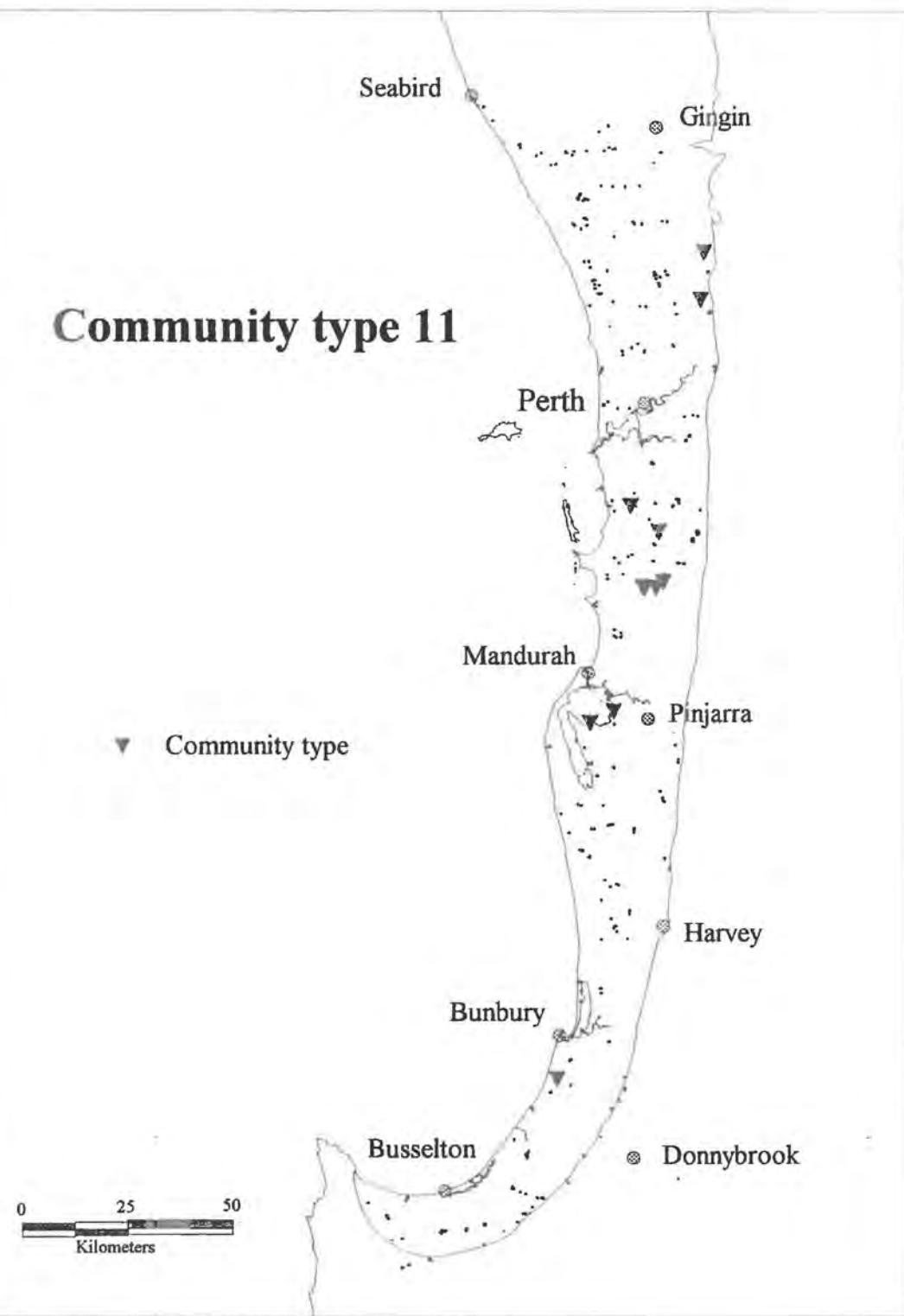
low woodland B

open low woodland A

dense heath B

low scrub A

Community type 11



Community type: 12

***Melaleuca teretifolia* and/or *Astartea aff. fascicularis* shrublands**

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Astartea aff. fascicularis</i> <i>Melaleuca teretifolia</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i> <i>Cassytha racemosa</i> <i>Lepidosperma longitudinale</i>
		* <i>Parentucellia viscosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Epilobium billardierianum</i> <i>Oxylobium lineare</i>	<i>Baumea articulata</i> <i>Siloxerus humifusus</i> <i>Villarsia latifolia</i> <i>Waitzia citrina</i>

Mean species richness:	26.4	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	5.5	dense thicket
Mean vegetation condition:	2.9	thicket
Number of quadrats:	5	heath A
		heath B

Community type 12

▼ Community type

0 25 50
Kilometers

Seabird Gingin
Perth
Mandurah Pinjarra
Harvey
Bunbury
Busselton Donnybrook

Community type: 13

Deeper wetlands on heavy soils

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

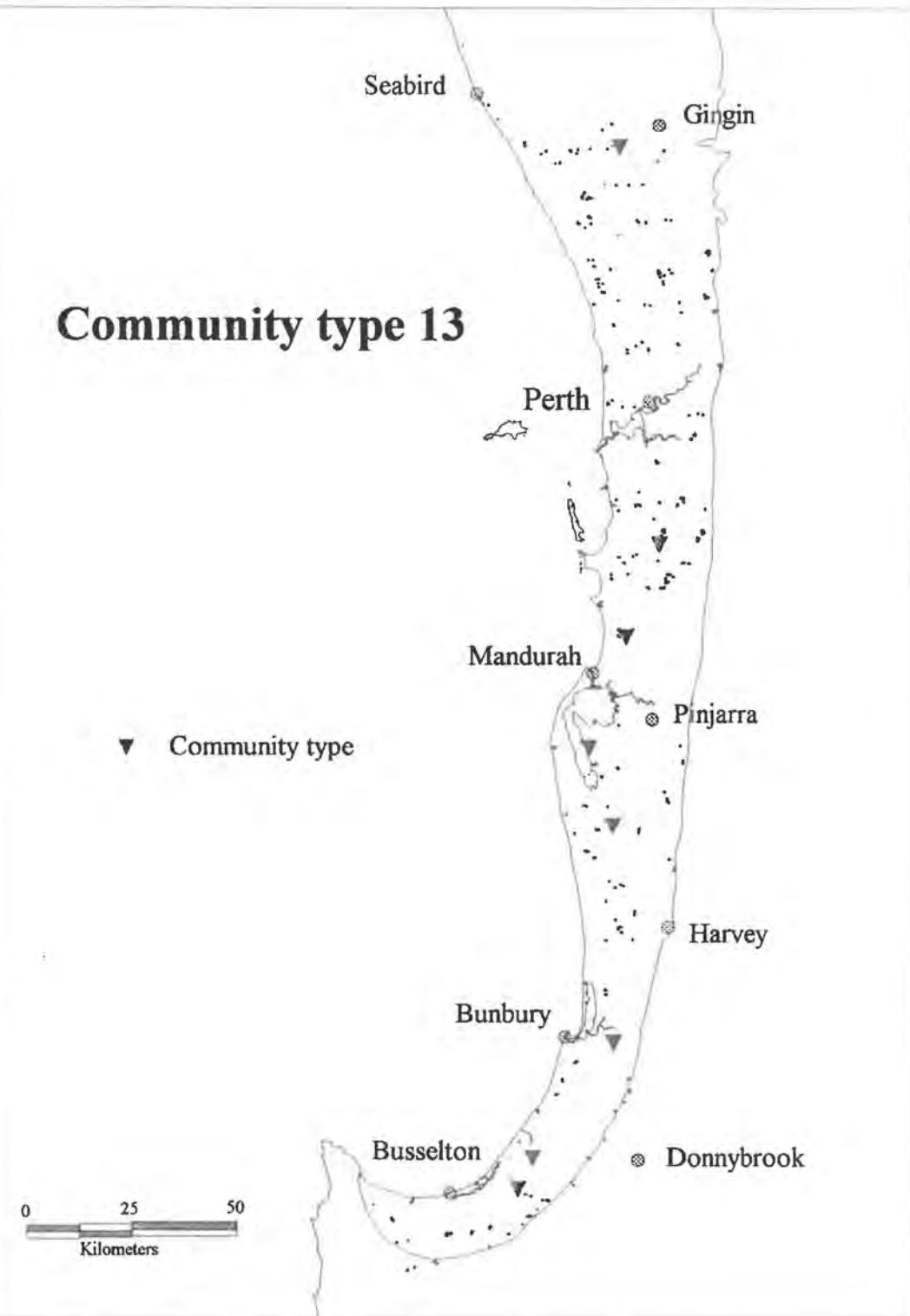
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		<i>Triglochin procerum</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Hakea varia</i> <i>Melaleuca lateritia</i> <i>Melaleuca rhaphiophylla</i>	<i>Cassytha racemosa</i>

Mean species richness:	17.4	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	1.4	dense low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	1.8	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	9	low woodland B
		open low woodland A
		dense heath A
		scrub
		low scrub A
		low scrub B
		dwarf scrub D

Community type 13



Community type: 14

Deeper wetlands on sandy soils

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Insufficiently known

Typical Species:

Trees

Shrubs

Herbs

Jacksonia furcellata
Kunzea ericifolia
Melaleuca preissiana

Baumea vaginalis

Other common species:

Trees

Eucalyptus rufa

Shrubs

Acacia pulchella var. *pulchella*
Acacia saligna
Kennedia prostrata
Melaleuca lateritia
Melaleuca rhaphiophylla

Herbs

**Anagallis arvensis*
**Briza minor*
Burchardia umbellata
Dianella revoluta
Homalosciadium homalocarpum
**Hypochaeris glabra*
Lagenifera huegelii
Lyperanthus nigricans
Thelymitra crinita

Mean species richness: 16.5

Structural units

Mean weed frequency: 0.7

woodland
open low woodland A

Mean vegetation condition: 2.3

Number of quadrats: 2

Community type 14

▼ Community type

0 25 50
Kilometers

Seabird

Gingin

Perth

Mandurah

Pinjarra

Harvey

Bunbury

Busselton

Donnybrook

Community type: 15

Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

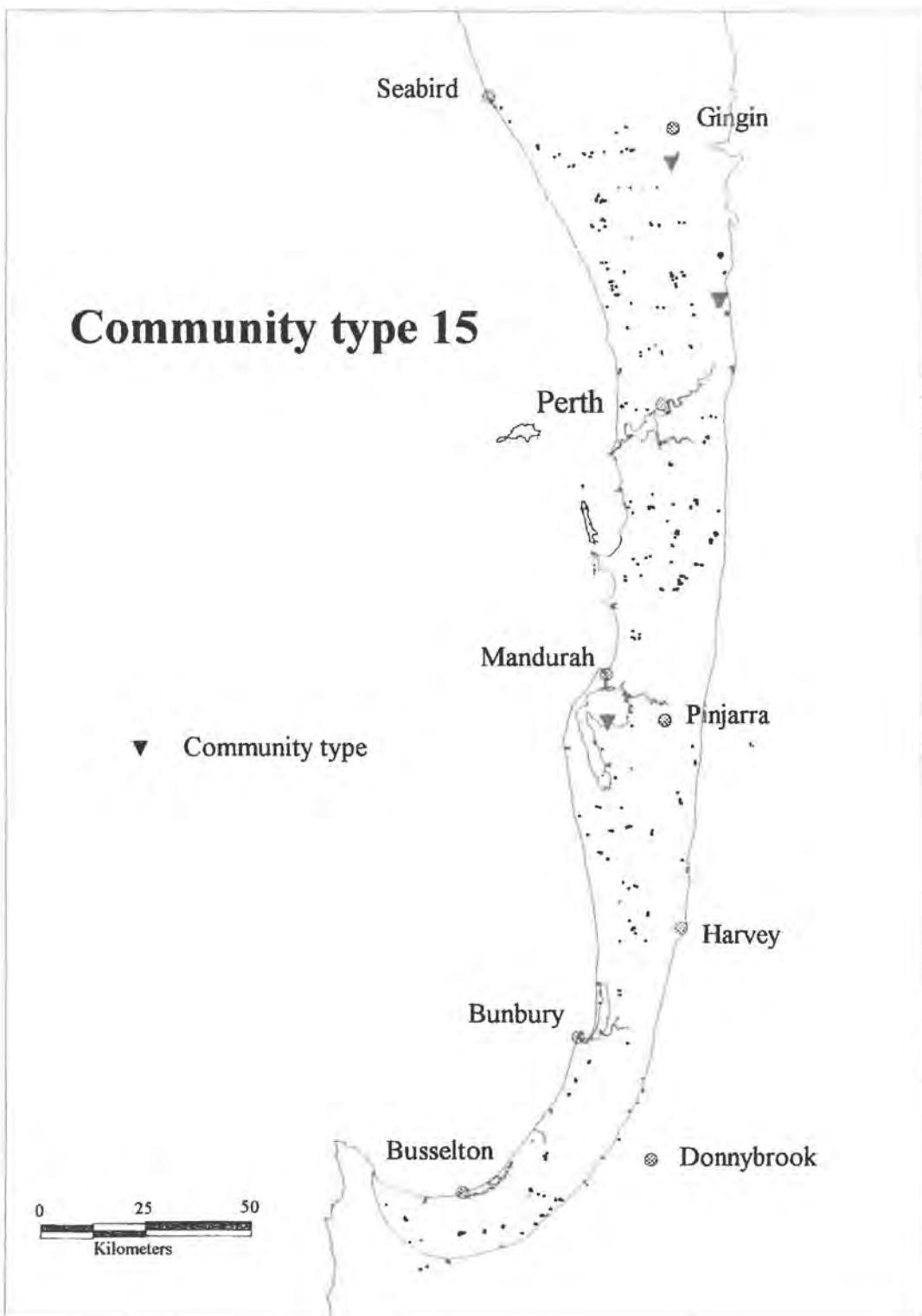
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Melaleuca rhaphiophylla</i>		<i>Cotula coronopifolia</i> <i>Crassula natans</i> * <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> <i>Isolepis producta</i> <i>Lemna disperma</i> <i>Triglochin procerum</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Melaleuca teretifolia</i>	

Mean species richness:	17.5	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	4.3	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.9	low forest B
Number of quadrats:	4	low woodland B
		dense thicket

Community type 15



Community type: 16

Highly saline seasonal wetlands

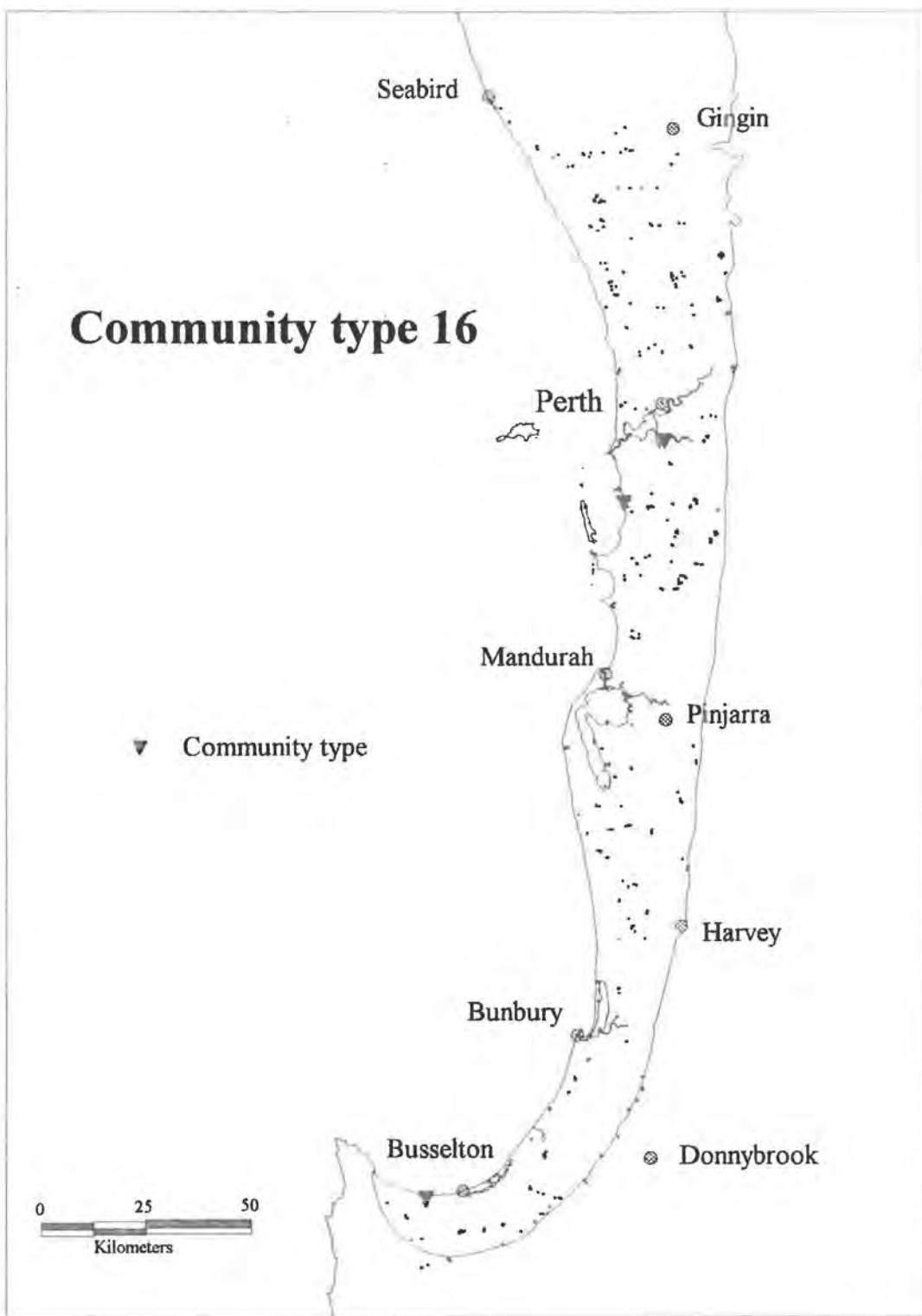
Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Atriplex cinerea</i>	<i>Samolus repens</i>
	* <i>Atriplex prostrata</i>	<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i>
	<i>Sarcocornia quinqueflora</i>	

Mean species richness:	13.5	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.7	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.9	low forest B
Number of quadrats:	4	dense low heath D
		low heath C

Community type 16



Community type: 17

***Melaleuca raphiophylla - Gahnia trifida* seasonal wetlands**

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees
Melaleuca raphiophylla

Shrubs

Herbs
Gahnia trifida
Lobelia alata

Other common species:

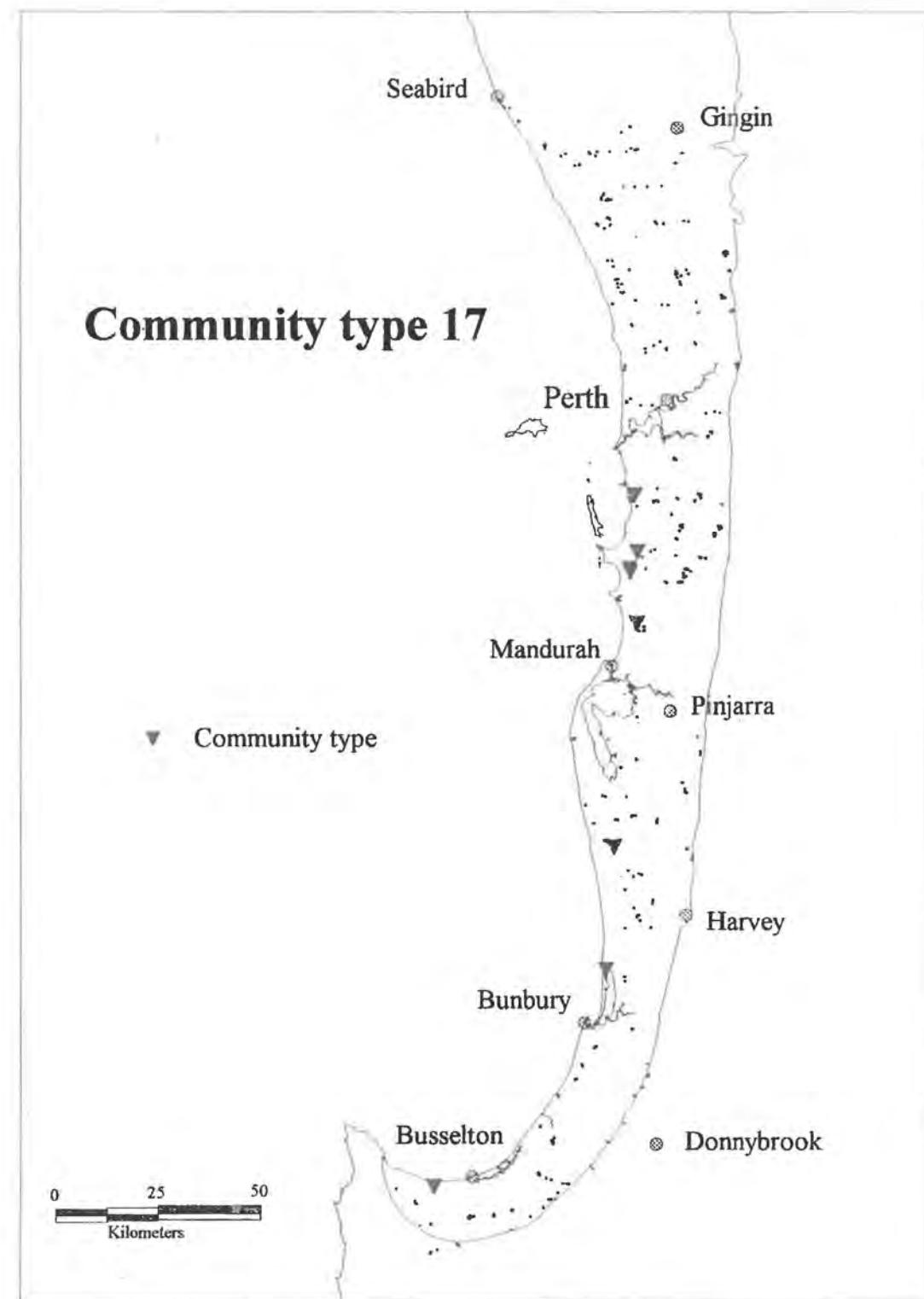
Trees

Shrubs

Herbs
Baumea juncea
Lepidosperma longitudinale
**Sonchus oleraceus*

Mean species richness:	13.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	1.7	dense forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.3	dense low forest A
Number of quadrats:	8	forest
		low forest A
		low forest B

Community type 17



Community type: 18

Shrublands on calcareous silts

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

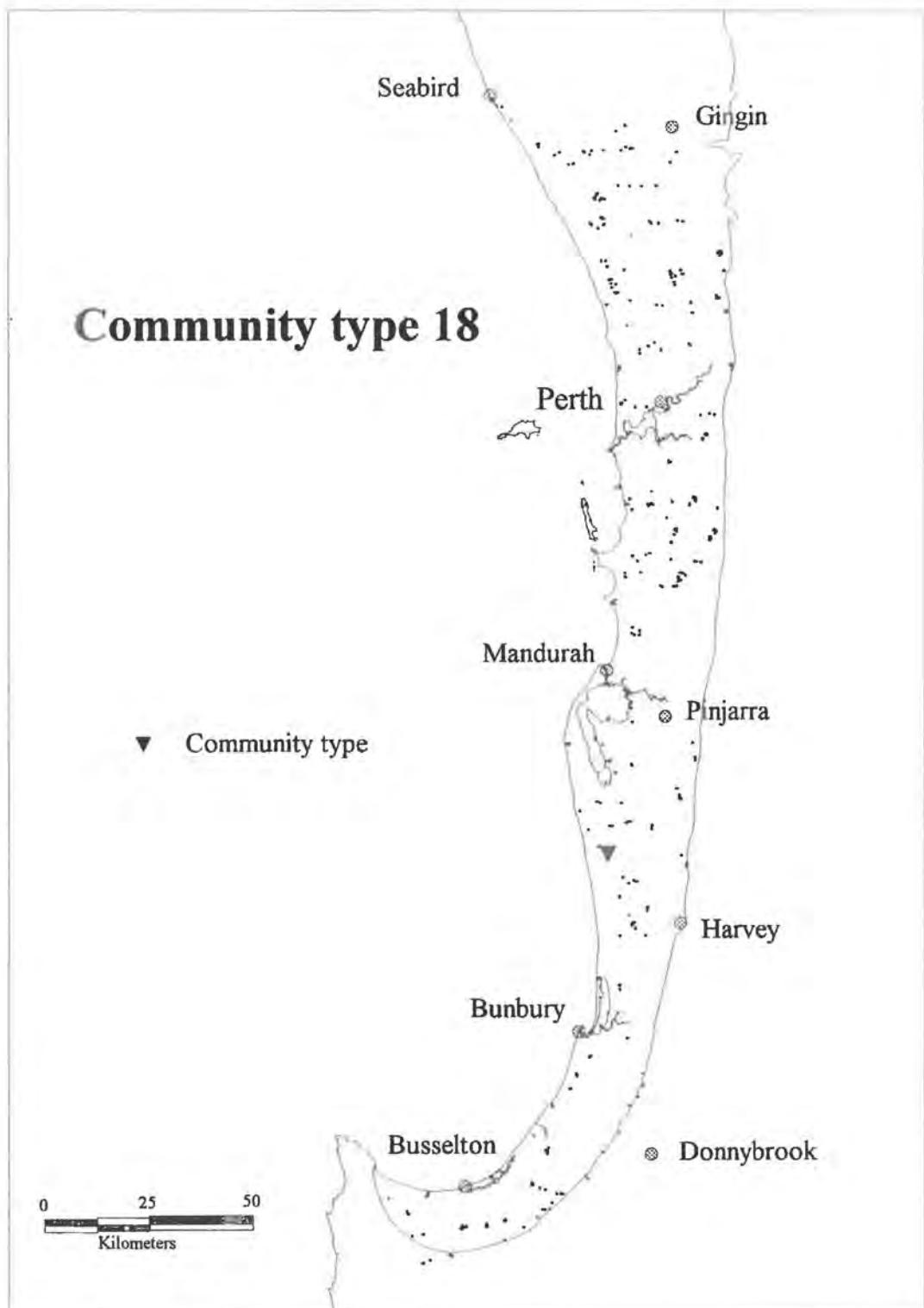
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia saligna</i>	<i>Drosera stolonifera</i>
	<i>Hakea varia</i>	<i>Gahnia trifida</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	<i>Lepidosperma longitudinale</i>
	<i>Melaleuca incana</i>	<i>Leptocarpus canus</i>
	<i>Melaleuca teretifolia</i>	<i>Leptomeria cunninghamii</i>
	<i>Melaleuca viminea</i>	<i>Leptomeria lehmannii</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Opercularia vaginata</i>
		* <i>Parentucellia viscosa</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Logania serpyllifolia</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>
		<i>Brachyscome bellidioides</i>
		* <i>Briza minor</i>
		<i>Cassytha glabella</i>
		<i>Cassytha racemosa</i>
		* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
		<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
		<i>Dianella revoluta</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Isolepis marginata</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Mitrasacme paradoxa</i>
		<i>Schoenus rodwayanus</i>
		<i>Schoenus</i> sp. 2 (GJK 5739)
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		* <i>Trifolium campestre</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Thysanotus multiflorus</i>
		<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>
		* <i>Vulpia myuros</i>
		<i>Wurmbea monantha</i>

Mean species richness:	39.5	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	5.6	open low scrub A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.5	open low scrub B
Number of quadrats:	2	

Community type 18



Community type: 19

Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Endangered

Typical Species:

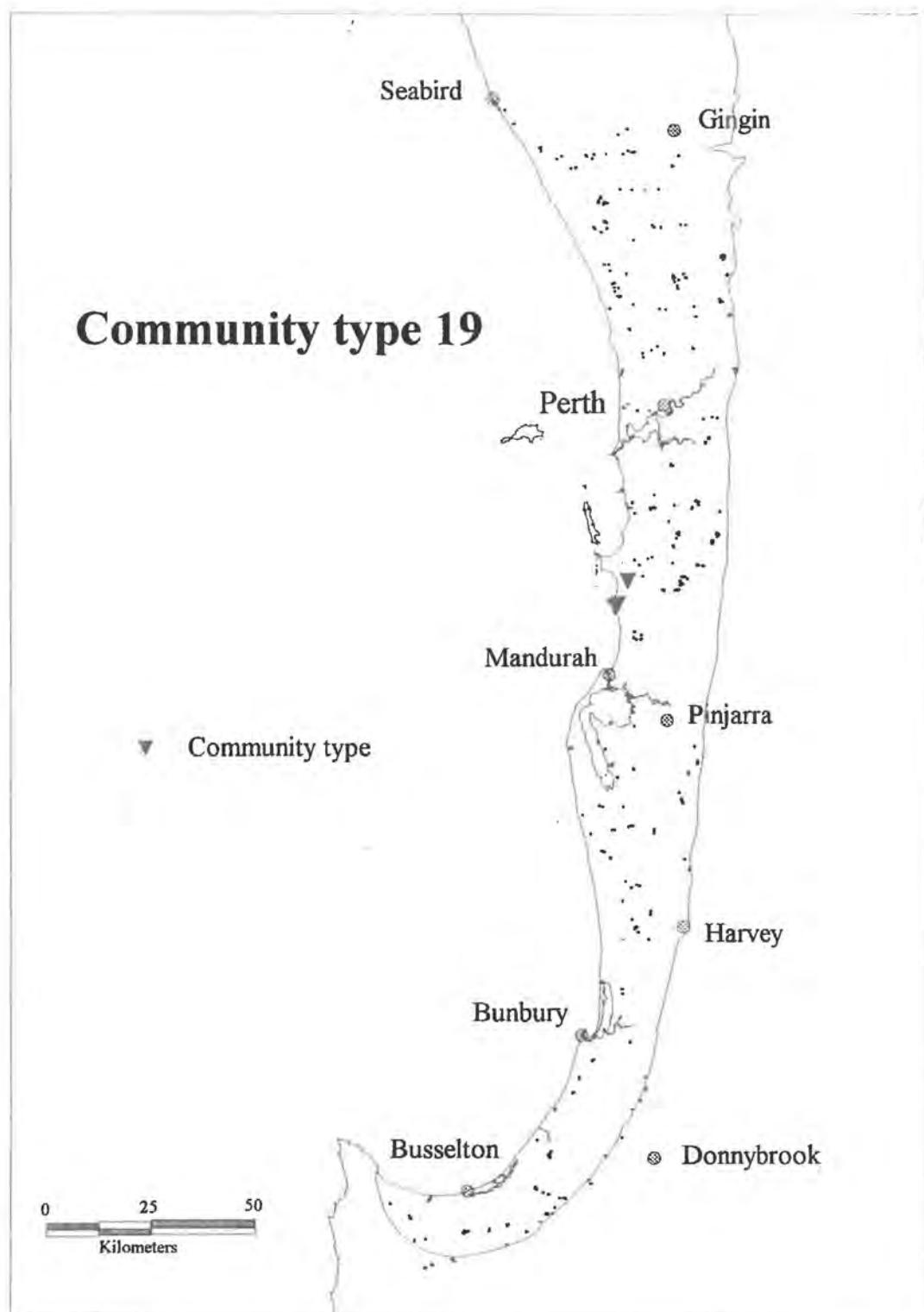
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Muehlenbeckia adpressa</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i> <i>Baumea juncea</i> <i>Isolepis nodosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia saligna</i> <i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	* <i>Bromus diandrus</i> * <i>Crassula glomerata</i> * <i>Lolium rigidum</i> <i>Poa porphyroclados</i> * <i>Romulea rosea</i> * <i>Trifolium glomeratum</i>

Mean species richness:	22.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	6.9	low woodland A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.7	open scrub
Number of quadrats:	3	low sedges

Community type 19



Community type: 20a

Banksia attenuata woodlands over species rich dense shrublands

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Endangered

Typical Species:

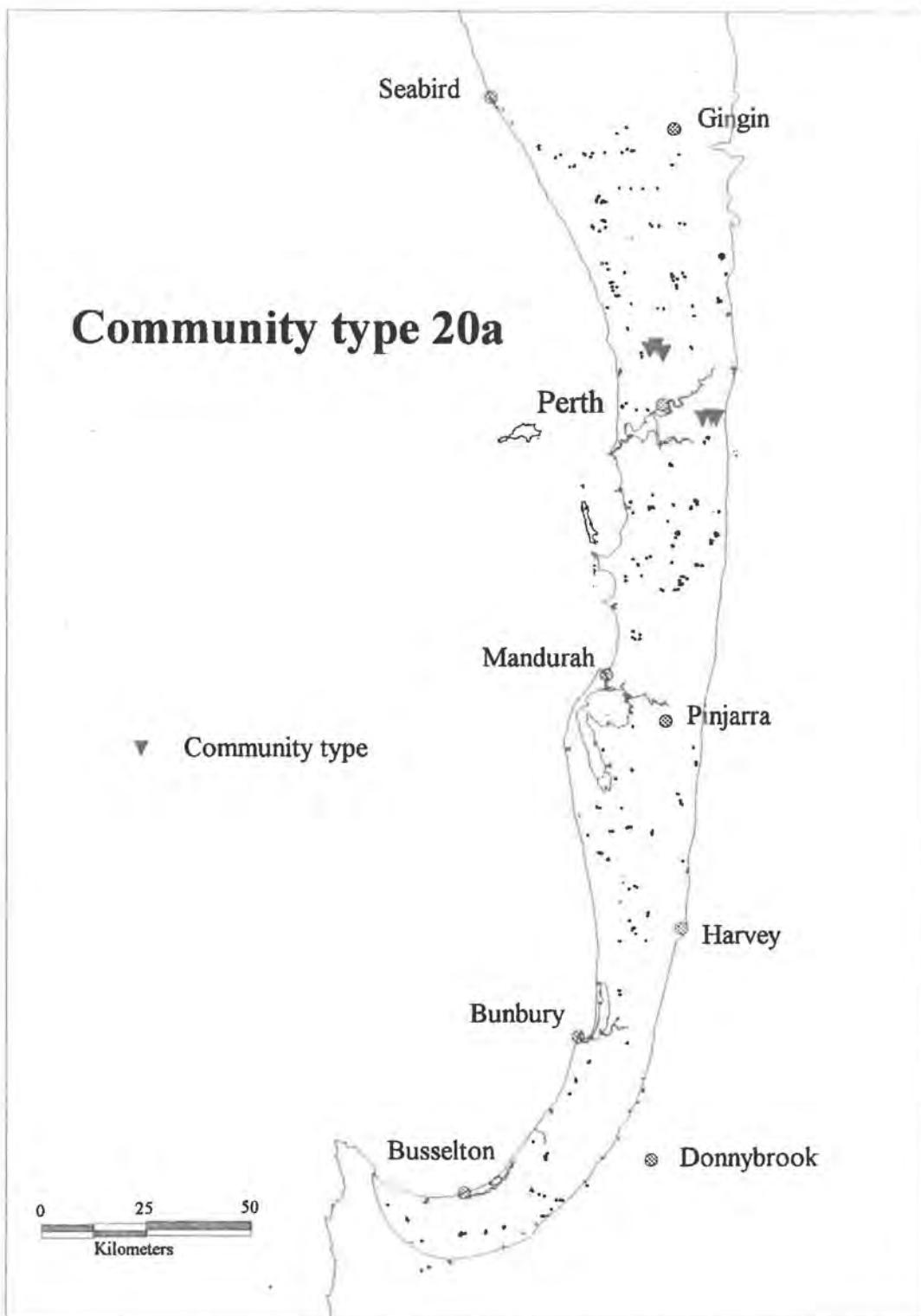
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>		
	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	<i>Alexgeorgea nitens</i>
	<i>Conostephium pendulum</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Hibbertia huegelii</i>	<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>penicillaris</i>
	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Haemodorum laxum</i>
	<i>Scaevola repens</i> var. <i>repens</i>	<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
	<i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>	<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Stylium piliferum</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>	<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i>
	<i>Astroloima pallidum</i>	<i>Conostylis aurea</i>
	<i>Daviesia nudiflora</i>	<i>Conostylis setigera</i>
	<i>Daviesia triflora</i>	<i>Cyathochaeta clandestina</i>
	<i>Eremaea pauciflora</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Danthonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	* <i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i>
	<i>Hemianдра pungens</i>	<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
	<i>Jacksonia densiflora / floribunda</i> complex	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (coastal terete)
	<i>Petrophile macrostachya</i>	<i>Lomandra caespitosa</i>
	<i>Synaphea spinulosa</i>	<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>
		<i>Monotaxis grandiflora</i>
		<i>Schoenus curvifolius</i>
		<i>Stylium brunonianum</i>
		<i>Stylium calcaratum</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>
		<i>Thysanotus triandrus</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	67.4	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	1	low forest A
		low woodland A
Mean vegetation condition:	1.7	low woodland B
Number of quadrats:	7	open low woodland A

Community type 20a



Community type: 20b

Eastern *Banksia attenuata* and/or *Eucalyptus marginata* woodlands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

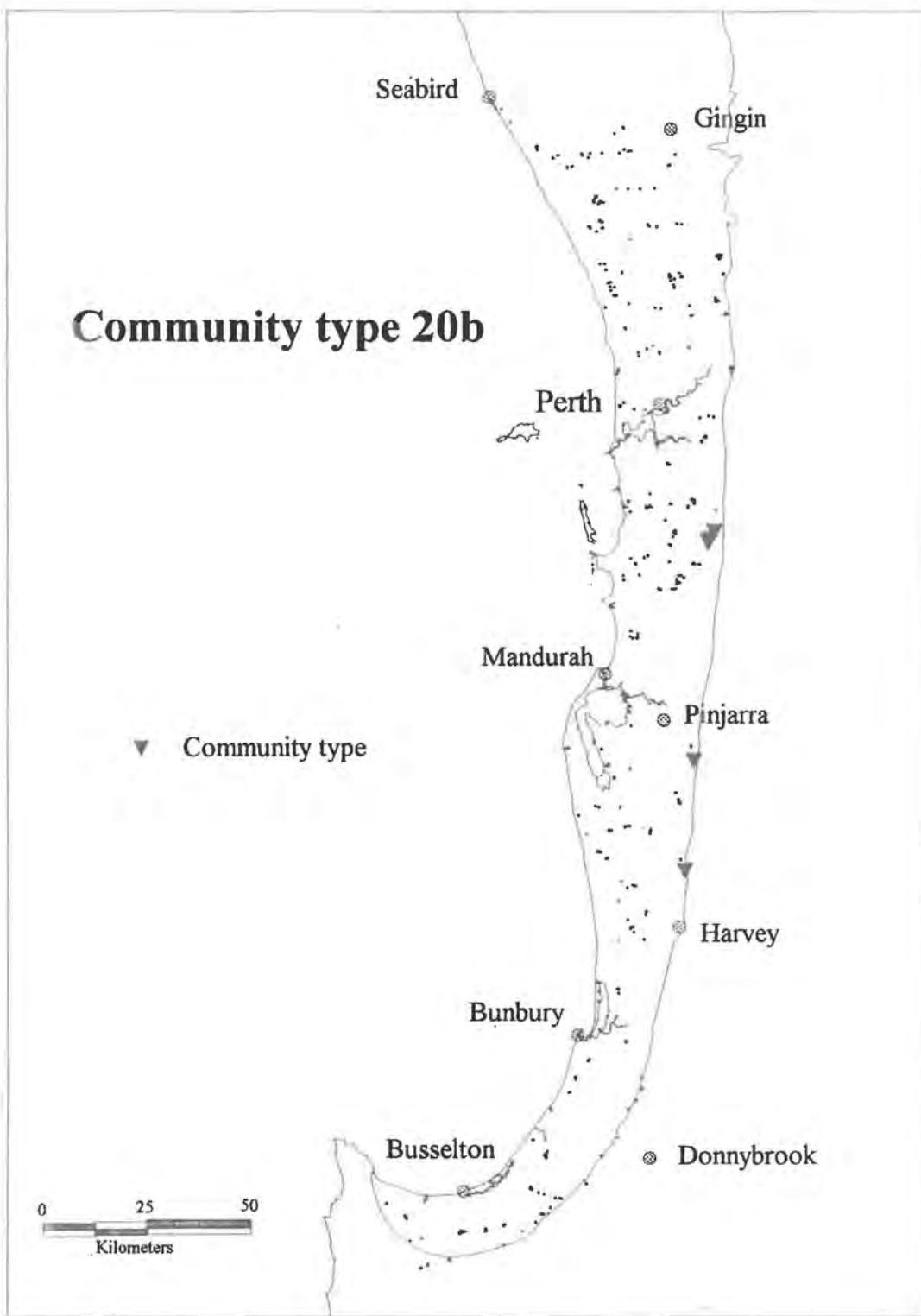
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i> <i>Conostephium pendulum</i> <i>Dryandra nivea</i> <i>Hibbertia huegelii</i> <i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i> <i>Petrophile linearis</i> <i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i> <i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i> <i>Dasygordon bromeliifolius</i> <i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> <i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i> <i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i> <i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i> <i>Restio sinosus Ms</i> <i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> <i>Xylomelum occidentale</i>	<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i> <i>Astroloba pallidum</i> <i>Baeckea camphorosmae</i> <i>Calectasia cyanea</i> <i>Eriostemon spicatus</i> <i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i> <i>Grevillea pilulifera</i> <i>Hakea ruscifolia</i> <i>Hibbertia vaginata</i> <i>Hypocalymma robustum</i> <i>Labichea punctata</i> <i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>	<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i> <i>Caladenia flava</i> <i>Conostylis juncea</i> <i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i> <i>Conostylis setigera</i> <i>Drosera macrantha</i> <i>Drosera paleacea</i> <i>Haemodorum laxum</i> <i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i> <i>Leporella fimbriata</i> <i>Lomandra sericea</i> <i>Hyperanthus nigricans</i> <i>Stylium brunonianum</i> <i>Stylium piliferum</i> <i>*Ursinia anthemoides</i> <i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	62.7	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	1.4	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.6	low woodland A
Number of quadrats:	9	open low woodland A

Community type 20b



Community type: 20c

Eastern shrublands and woodlands

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

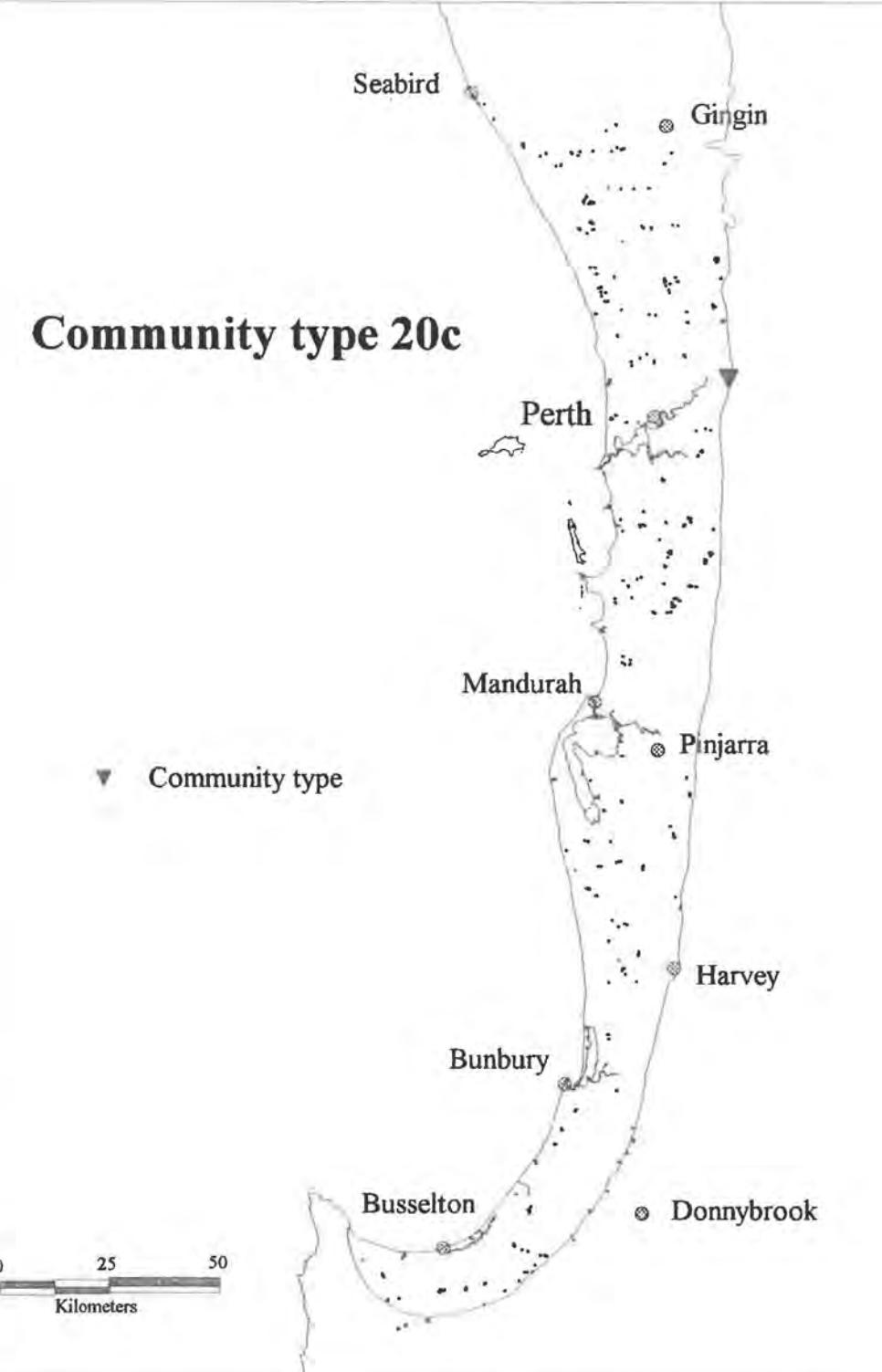
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>	<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i>
	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>
	<i>Scaevola repens</i> var. <i>repens</i>	<i>Conostylis aurea</i>
	<i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>	* <i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i>
		<i>Haemodorum laxum</i>
		<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i>
		<i>Neurachne alopecuroidea</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Podolepis gracilis</i>
		<i>Schoenus aff. brevisetis</i>
		<i>Stipa compressa</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>
		* <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia auronitens</i>	<i>Anigozanthos manglesii</i>
	<i>Acacia sessilis</i>	<i>Arnocrinum preissii</i>
	<i>Acacia willdenowiana</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>
	<i>Eremaea asterocarpa</i> subsp. <i>asterocarpa</i>	<i>Dasypteron bromeliifolius</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Drosera stolonifera</i>
	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	<i>Hybanthus calycinus</i>
	<i>Jacksonia densiflora</i> / <i>floribunda</i> complex	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Isotropis cuneifolia</i>
	<i>Scaevola canescens</i>	<i>Laxmannia sessiliflora</i> subsp. <i>australis</i>
		<i>Leporella fimbriata</i>
		<i>Schoenus curvifolius</i>
		<i>Stipa pycnostachya</i>
		<i>Tetraria octandra</i>

Mean species richness:	64	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	4	woodland
Mean vegetation condition:	2.2	low woodland A
Number of quadrats:	9	open low woodland A
		scrub
		open scrub
		open low scrub A
		open low scrub B

Community type 20c



Community type: 21a

Central *Banksia attenuata* - *Eucalyptus marginata* woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

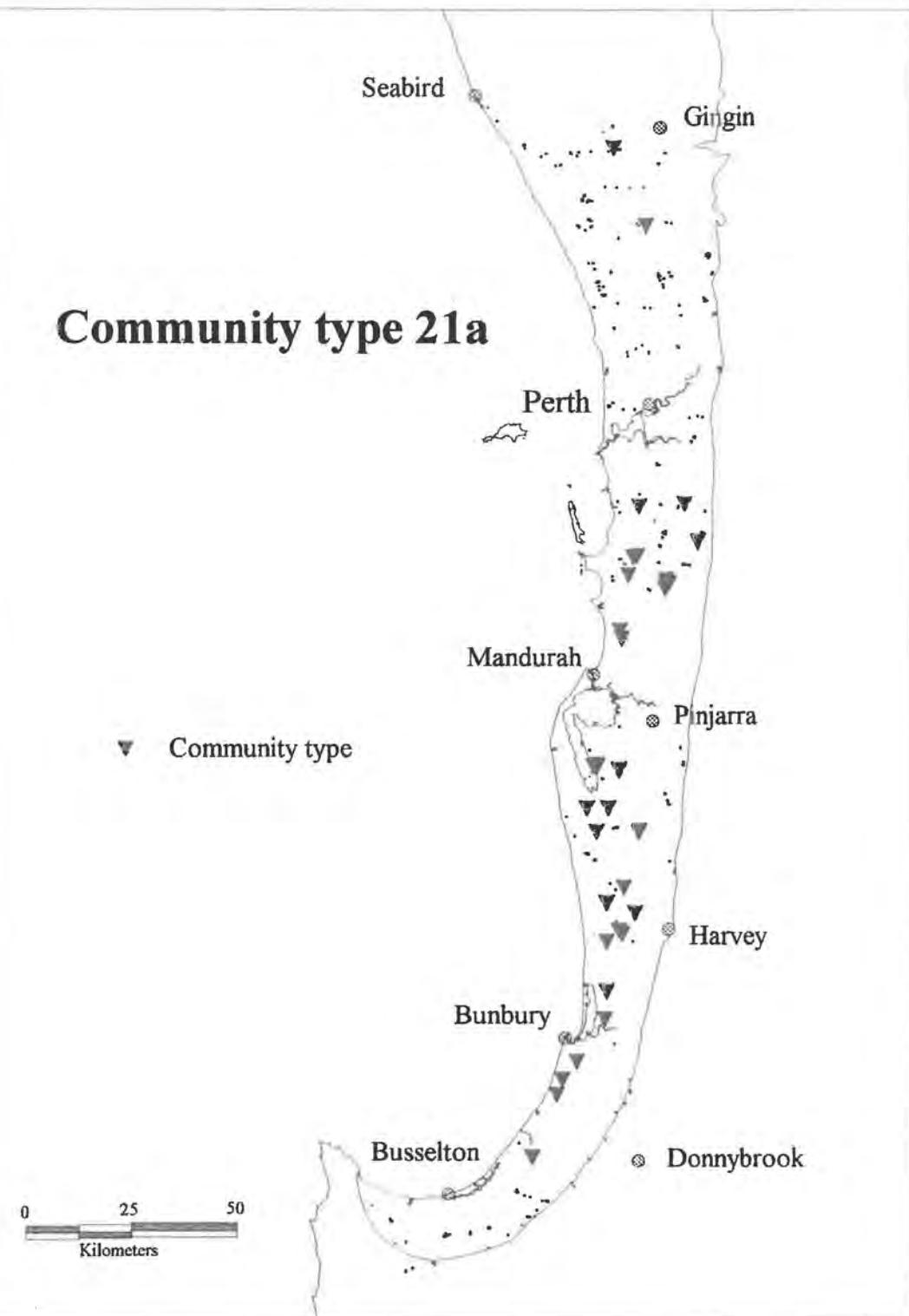
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i> <i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i> <i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i> <i>Petrophile linearis</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i> <i>Burchardia umbellata</i> * <i>Hypochnaeris glabra</i> <i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>	<i>Conostephium pendulum</i> <i>Eriostemon spicatus</i> <i>Macrozamia riedlei</i>	<i>Caladenia flava</i> <i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i> <i>Conostylis aculeata</i> <i>Conostylis juncea</i> <i>Danthonia occidentalis</i> <i>Dasypogon bromeliifolius</i> <i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> <i>Drosera stolonifera</i> <i>Lagenifera huegelii</i> <i>Lomandra caespitosa</i> <i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i> <i>Lomandra sericea</i> <i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i> <i>Lyginia barbata</i> <i>Patersonia occidentalis</i> <i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i> * <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i> <i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	54.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	4.2	dense forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.5	forest
Number of quadrats:	39	low forest A
		woodland
		low woodland A
		open woodland
		open low woodland A
		low heath C

Community type 21a



Community type: 21b

Southern *Banksia attenuata* woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

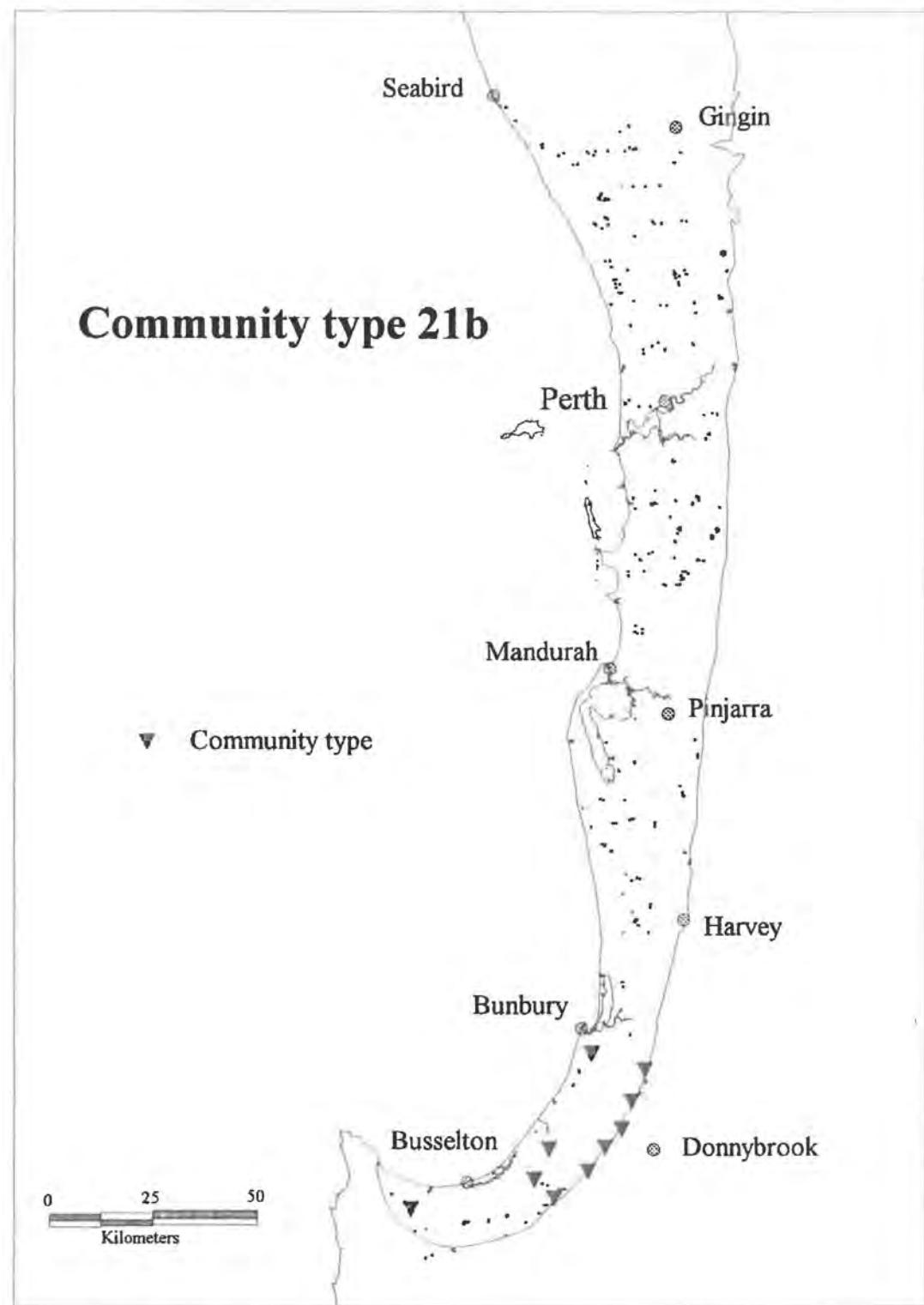
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>		
	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Calytrix flavescens</i>	<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>
	<i>Conostephium pendulum</i>	<i>Dasypteron bromeliifolius</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp.
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>penicillaris</i>
	<i>Hypocalymma robustum</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
	<i>Jacksonia</i> sp. Busselton (G.J. Keighery 4482)	<i>Laxmannia sessiliflora</i> subsp. <i>australis</i>
	<i>Leucopogon conostephioides</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
	<i>Melaleuca thymoides</i>	<i>Leporella fimbriata</i>
	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia extensa</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i> *
	<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>pulchella</i>	<i>Caladenia flava</i>
	<i>Boronia spathulata</i>	<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>
	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	<i>Lomandra caespitosa</i>
	<i>Hibbertia vaginata</i>	<i>Lomandra sericea</i>
	<i>Hovea trisperma</i>	<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>
	<i>Lysinema ciliatum</i>	<i>Lyperanthus nigricans</i>
	<i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>	<i>Stipa compressa</i>
		<i>Stylium piliferum</i>

Mean species richness:	61.3	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	1.7	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2	low forest A woodland
Number of quadrats:	12	low woodland A open low woodland A

Community type 21b



Community type: 21c

Low lying *Banksia attenuata* woodlands or shrublands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

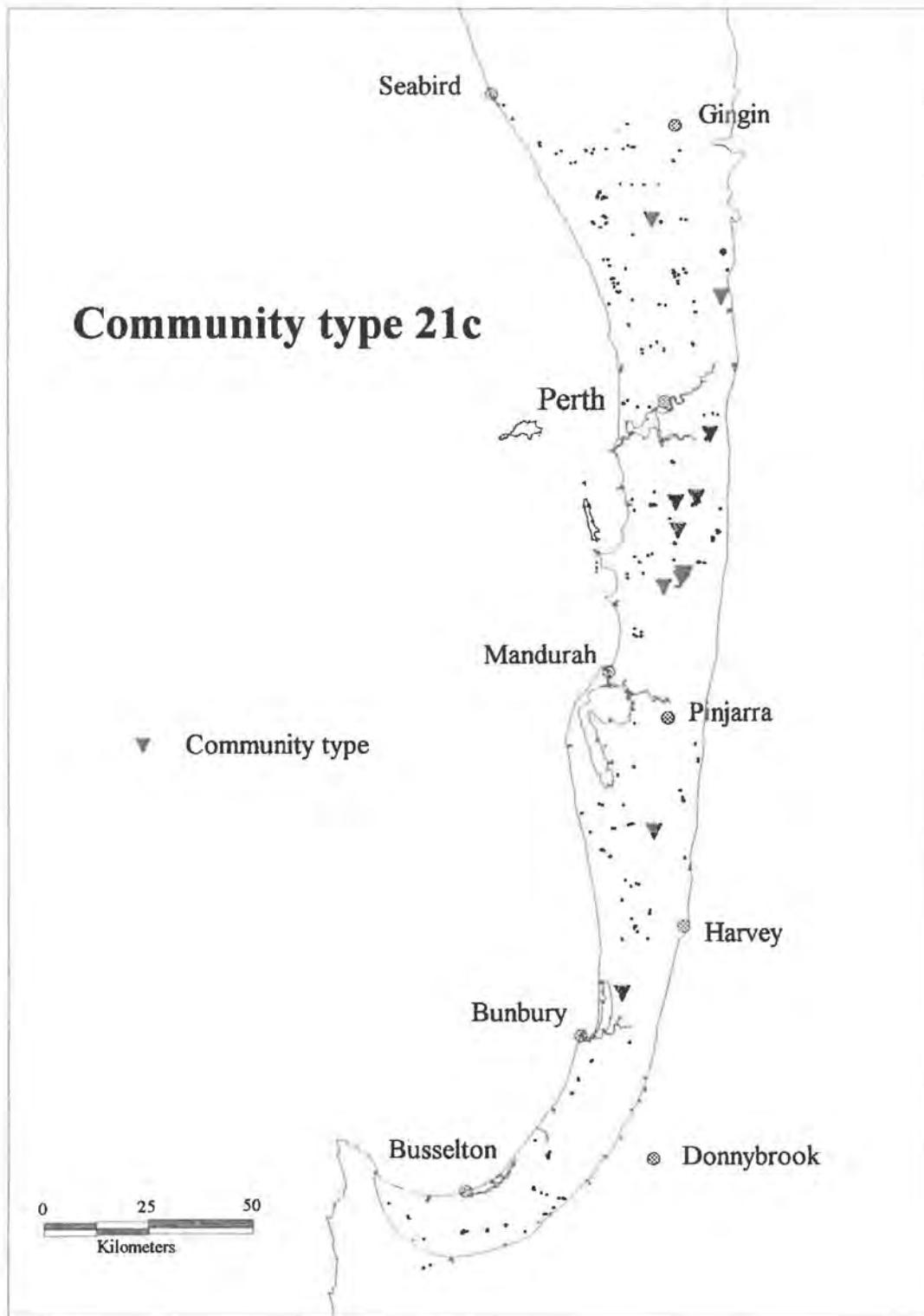
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>		<i>*Briza maxima</i> <i>*Hypochaeris glabra</i> <i>Lomandra caespitosa</i> <i>Lyginia barbata</i> <i>Thysanotus manglesianus/patersonii complex</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia menziesii</i>	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i> <i>Kunzea ericifolia</i> <i>Leucopogon conostephioides</i> <i>Petrophile linearis</i> <i>Scholtzia involucrata</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i> <i>Caladenia flava</i> <i>Dasygordon bromeliifolius</i> <i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> <i>Hypolaena exsulca</i> <i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i> <i>Patersonia occidentalis</i> <i>Stylidium brunonianum</i> <i>Stylidium repens</i> <i>*Ursinia anthemoides</i>

Mean species richness:	40.5	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.6	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.6	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	16	woodland
		low woodland A
		open low woodland A
		dense heath B
		dwarf scrub C

Community type 21c



Community type: 22

***Banksia ilicifolia* woodlands**

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Stylidium brunonianum</i>
<i>Banksia ilicifolia</i>		<i>Stylidium repens</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		<i>Dasygordon bromeliifolius</i>
		<i>Drosera paleacea</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i>
		<i>Stylidium piliferum</i>

Mean species richness: 32.5

Structural units

Mean weed frequency: 0.6

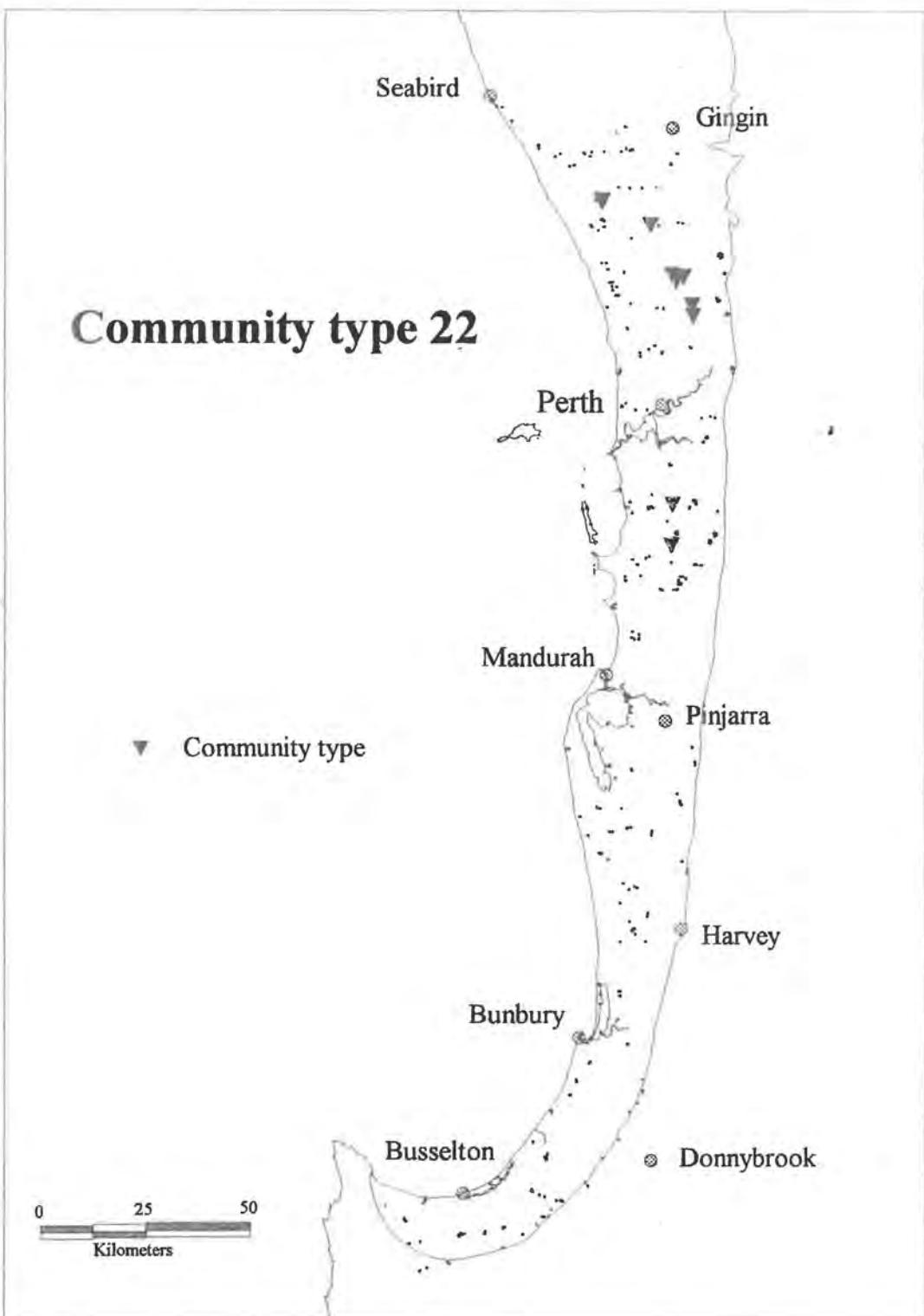
low woodland A

Mean vegetation condition: 2

open low woodland A
open scrub

Number of quadrats: 11

Community type 22



Community type: 23a

Central *Banksia attenuata* - *B. menziesii* woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

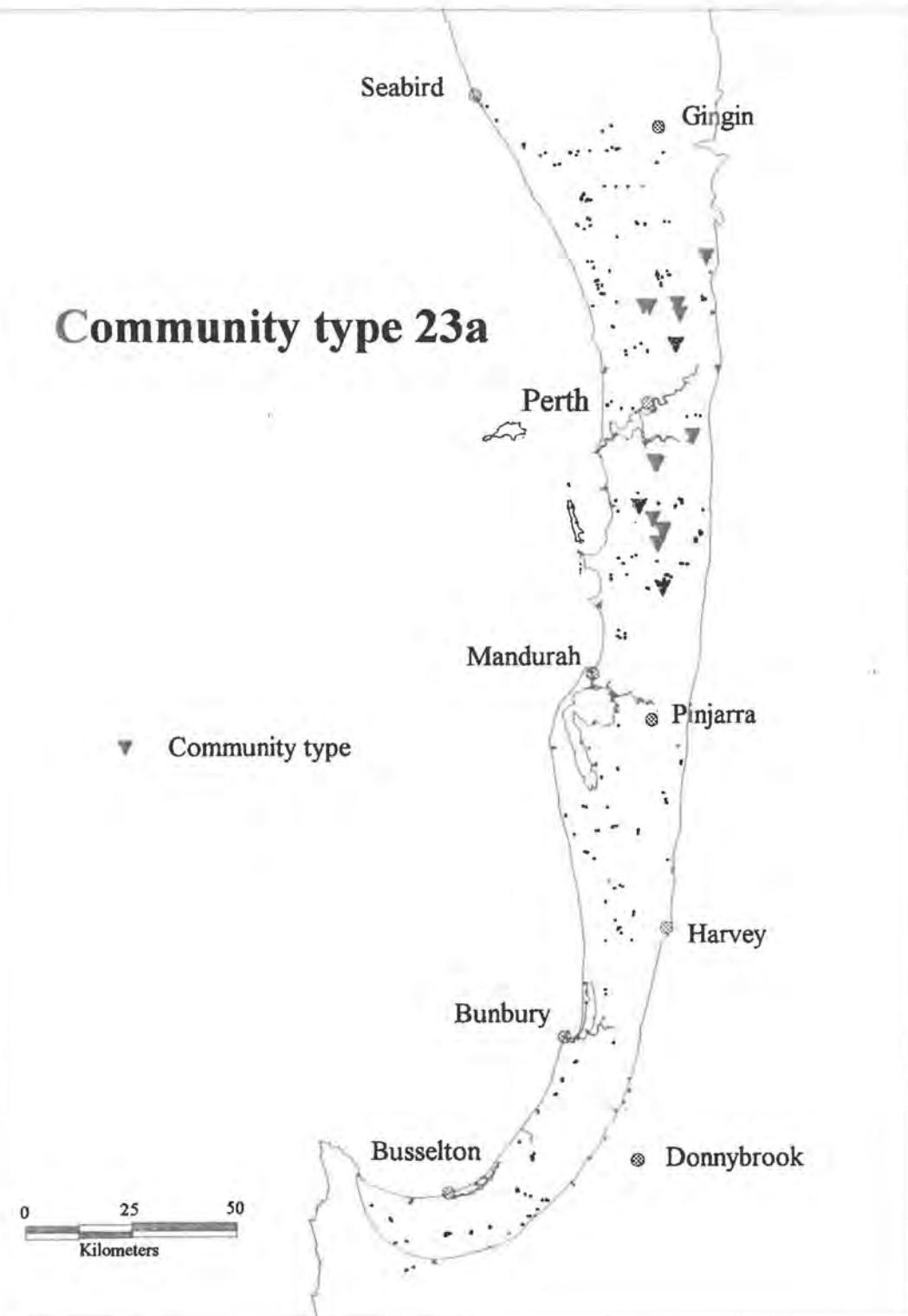
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia menziesii</i>	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Leucopogon conostephioides</i>	<i>Conostylis juncea</i>
	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Dampiera linearis</i>
	<i>Scholtzia involucrata</i>	<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
		<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
		<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
		<i>Schoenus curvifolius</i>
		<i>Stylium piliferum</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Adenantheros cygnorum</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
	<i>Calytrix flavescens</i>	<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i>
	<i>Conostephium pendulum</i>	<i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Danthonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Dasypteron bromeliifolius</i>
	<i>Hibbertia subvaginata</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp.
	<i>Hovea trisperma</i>	<i>penicillaris</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	* <i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i>
		<i>Laxmannia squarrosa</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>
		<i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i>
		<i>Stipa compressa</i>
		<i>Stylium brunonianum</i>
		<i>Stylium repens</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i>
		<i>patersonii</i> complex
		* <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i>
		<i>Waitzia suaveolens</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Mean species richness:	62.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	5.2	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2	woodland
Number of quadrats:	19	low woodland A
		low woodland B
		open low woodland A

Community type 23a



Community type: 23b

Northern Banksia attenuata - B. menziesii woodlands

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

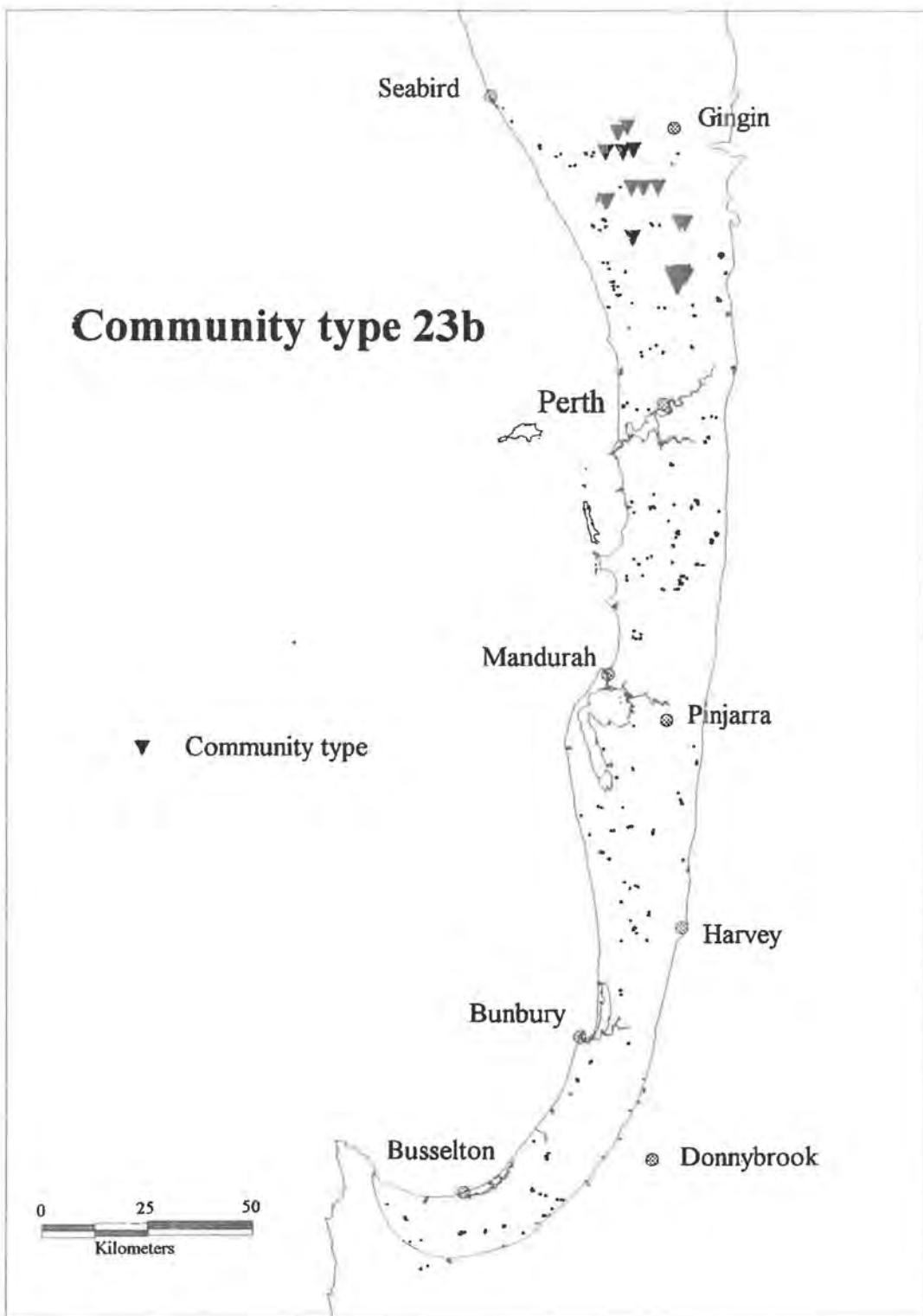
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	<i>Alexgeorgea nitens</i>
<i>Banksia menziesii</i>	<i>Calytrix flavescens</i>	<i>Anigozanthos humilis</i>
	<i>Eremaea pauciflora</i>	<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>
	<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>	<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>
	<i>Hibbertia subvaginata</i>	<i>Lyginia barbata</i>
	<i>Jacksonia densiflora / floribunda complex</i>	<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Petrophile linearis</i>	<i>Schoenus curvifolius</i>
	<i>Scholtzia involucrata</i>	<i>Stylidium repens</i>
		<i>Xanthosia huegelii</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>pulchella</i>	<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i>
	<i>Beaufortia elegans</i>	<i>Conostylis juncea</i>
	<i>Conostephium minus</i>	<i>Dasypteron bromeliifolius</i>
	<i>Conostephium pendulum</i>	<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>penicillaris</i>
	<i>Leucopogon conostephioides</i>	<i>Mitrasacme paradoxa</i>
	<i>Melaleuca aff. trichophylla</i>	<i>Stylidium brunonianum</i>
	<i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>	<i>Stylidium diurooides</i>
		<i>Stylidium piliferum</i>

Mean species richness:	53.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	0.7	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	1.8	low woodland A
Number of quadrats:	21	low woodland B open low woodland A

Community type 23b



Community type: 24

Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

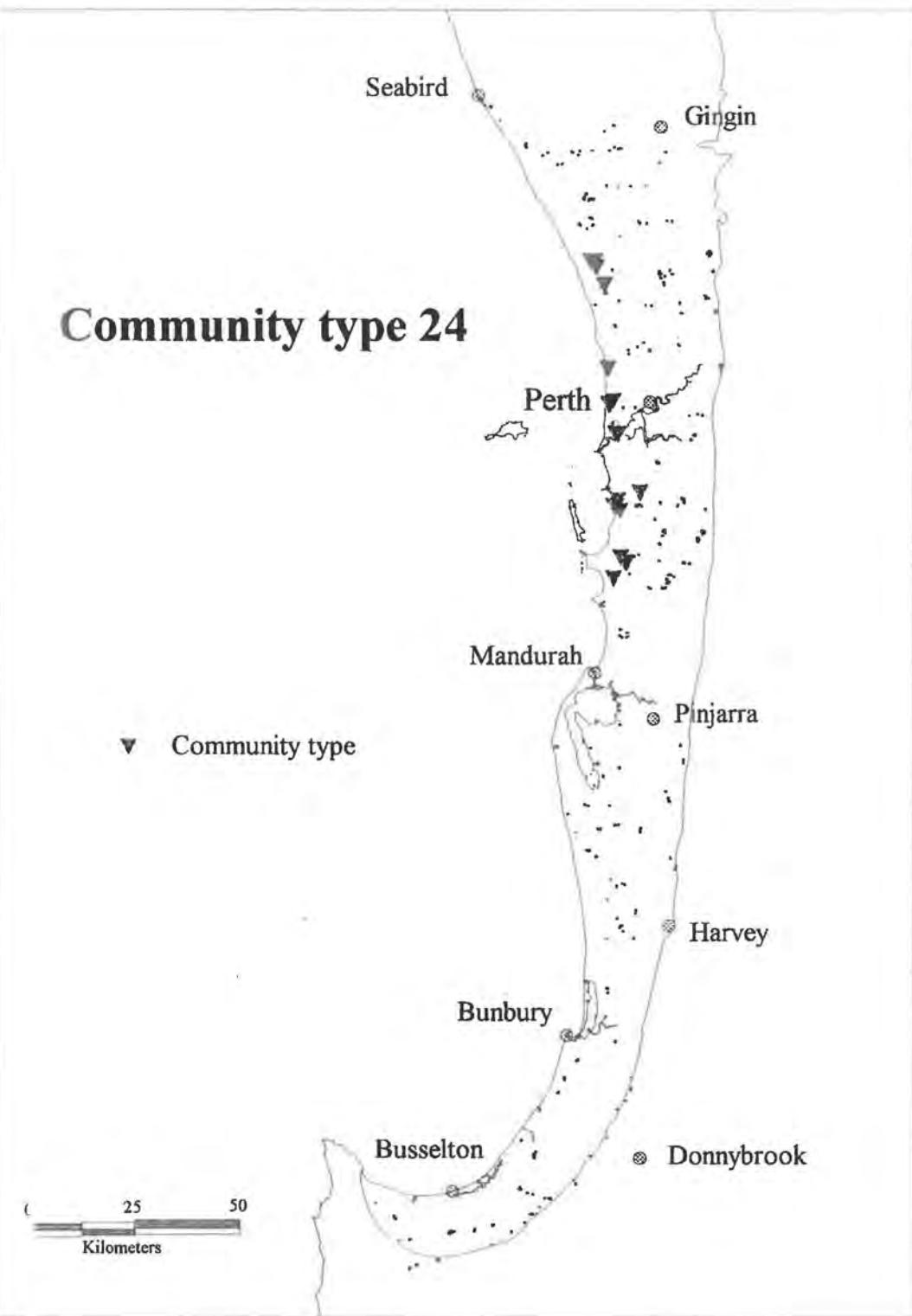
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
		<i>*Anagallis arvensis</i>
		<i>*Briza maxima</i>
		<i>*Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	<i>*Bromus diandrus</i>
	<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>	<i>*Cerastium glomeratum</i>
	<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i>	<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Dianella revoluta</i>
		<i>*Lagurus ovatus</i>
		<i>Lomandra maritima</i>
		<i>*Petrorhagia velutina</i>
		<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>

Mean species richness:	41.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	14.2	dense low forest B
Mean vegetation condition:	3	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	25	woodland
		low woodland A
		dense shrub mallee
		open shrub mallee
		thicket
		dense low heath C
		dense low heath D
		heath A
		low heath C
		low heath D
		low scrub A
		low scrub B

Community type 24



Southern *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* - *Agonis flexuosa* woodlands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

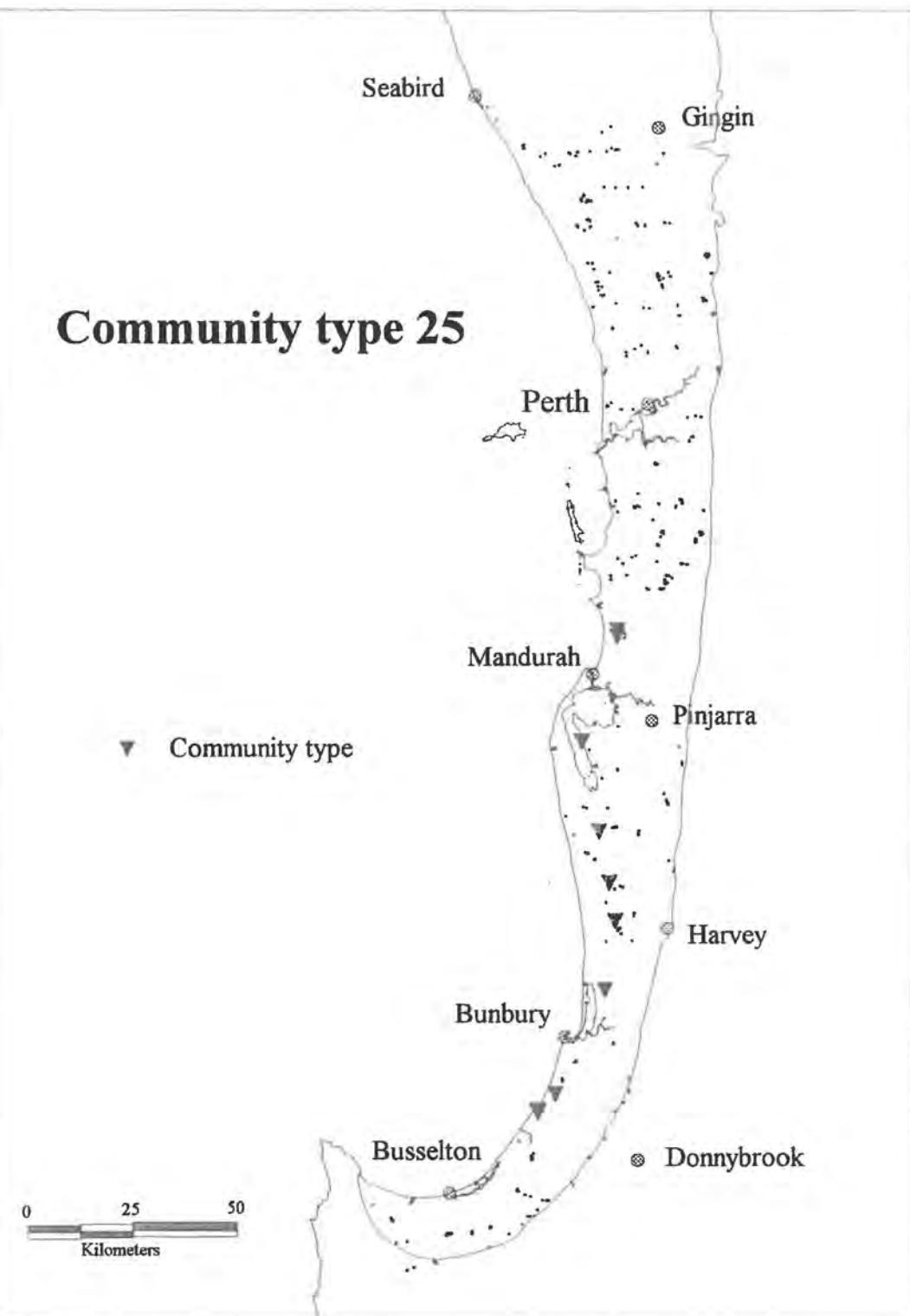
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	* <i>Briza maxima</i>
	<i>Macrozamia riedlei</i>	* <i>Briza minor</i>
	<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
		* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
		<i>Oxalis perennans</i>
		* <i>Petrorhagia velutina</i>
		<i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Agonis flexuosa</i>	<i>Acacia willdenowiana</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>
	<i>Leucopogon propinquus</i>	<i>Caladenia flava</i>
		<i>Caladenia latifolia</i>
		<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>
		<i>Dichopogon capillipes</i>
		<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
		<i>Geranium retrorsum</i>
		<i>Lagenifera huegelii</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Lomandra caespitosa</i>
		<i>Microlaena stipoides</i>
		* <i>Orobanche minor</i>
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>
		* <i>Trifolium campestre</i>

Mean species richness:	52.8	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	12.9	low forest A woodland
Mean vegetation condition:	3.3	open woodland open tree mallee
Number of quadrats:	11	

Community type 25



Community type: 26a

Melaleuca huegelii - M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

Reservation Status:	Unreserved
Conservation Status:	Susceptible

Typical Species:

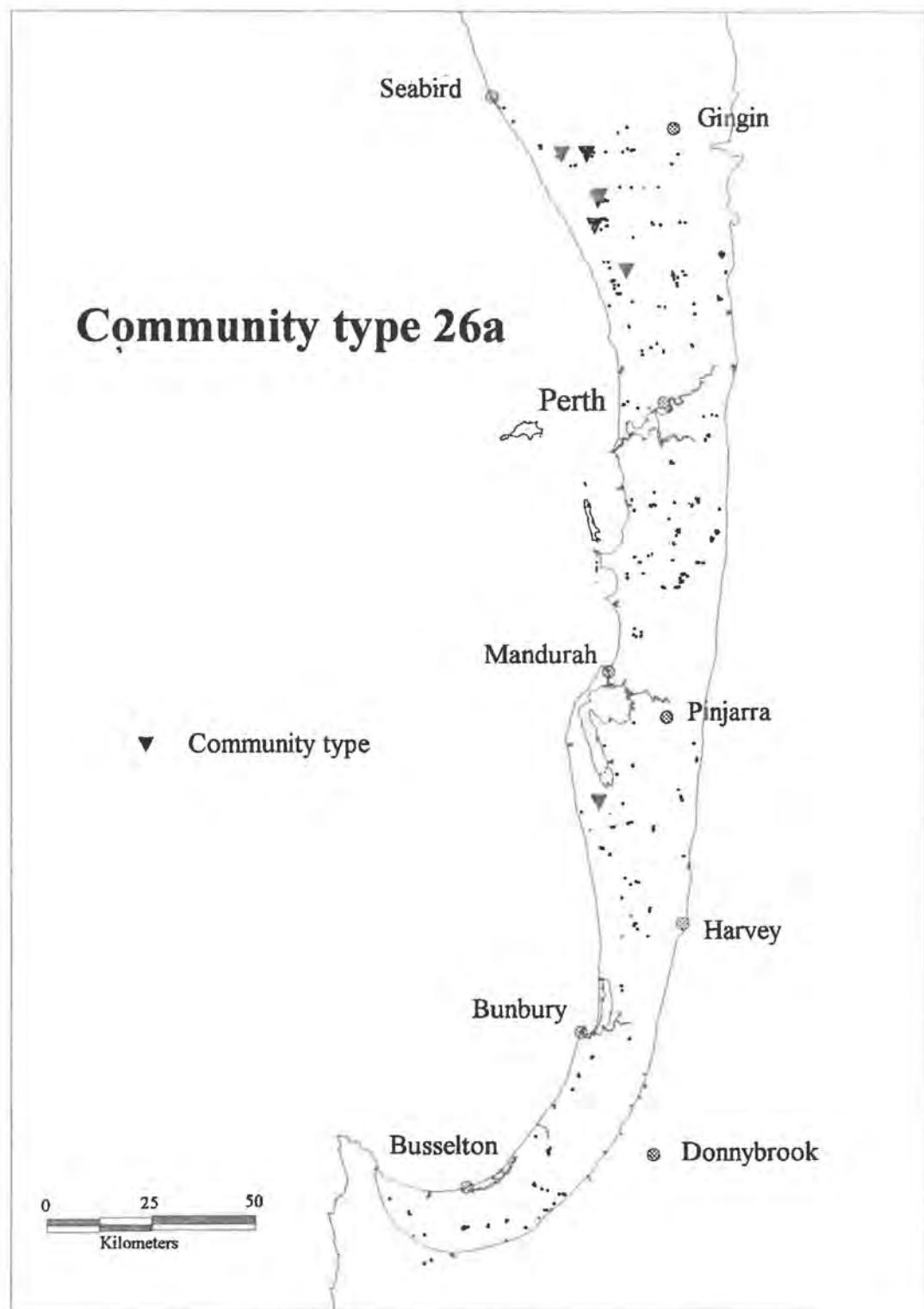
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
	<i>Dryandra sessilis</i>	<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i>
	<i>Grevillea thelemanniana</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
	<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>	<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>
	<i>Melaleuca huegelii</i>	<i>Millotia tenuifolia</i>
	<i>Trymalium albicans</i>	<i>Mitrasacme paradoxa</i>
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>
		* <i>Vulpia myuros</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	<i>Crassula colorata</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	<i>Danthonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Templetonia retusa</i>	* <i>Dischisma arenarium</i>
		* <i>Helophilus pusilla</i>
		<i>Hydrocotyle hispidula</i>
		<i>Opercularia vaginata</i>
		<i>Parietaria debilis</i>
		<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
		<i>Stipa compressa</i>
		<i>Stylium maritimum</i> Ms
		<i>Wurmbea monantha</i>

Mean species richness:	50.2	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	8	dense thicket
Mean vegetation condition:	2.1	dense heath A
Number of quadrats:	11	dense heath B heath A heath B low heath C low scrub B open scrub scrub

Community type 26a



Community type: 26b

Woodlands and mallees on limestone

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

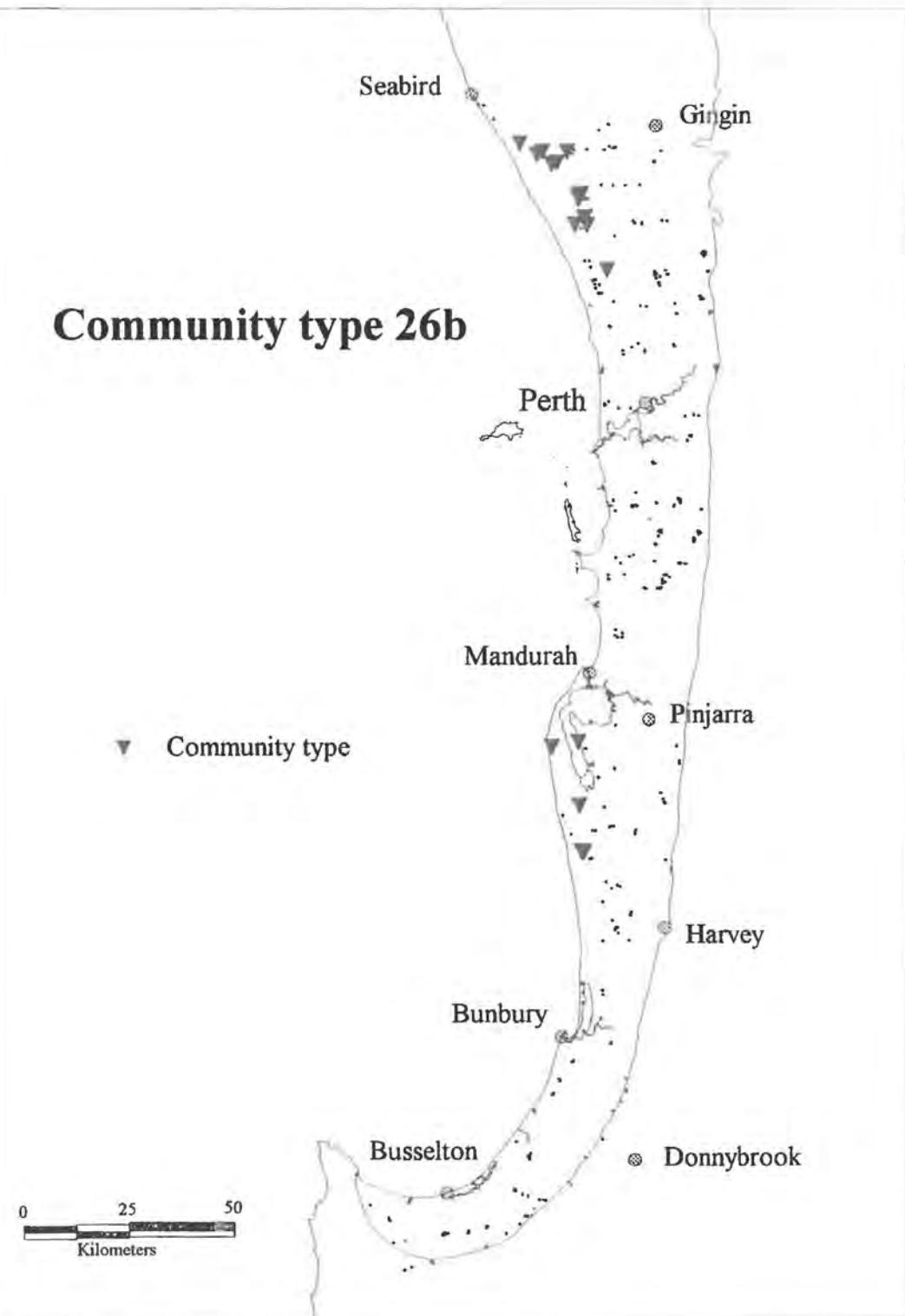
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i> <i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	
		* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i> <i>Daucus glochidiatus</i> * <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i> <i>Lagenifera huegelii</i> <i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i> <i>Millotia tenuifolia</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	<i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i>
	<i>Hibbertia racemosa</i>	* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
	<i>Kennedia prostrata</i>	<i>Crassula colorata</i>
	<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>	<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>
		* <i>Heliophila pusilla</i>
		<i>Homalosciadium homalocarpum</i>
		<i>Isolepis marginata</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Microlaena stipoides</i>
		<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i>
		<i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>

Mean species richness:	52.7	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	8.4	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.5	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	19	woodland
		low woodland A
		tree mallee
		open tree mallee
		shrub mallee
		very open scrub mallee
		thicket
		dense heath A
		dense heath B
		low scrub A

Community type 26b



Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

Reservation Status: Well reserved
 Conservation Status: Low risk

Typical Species:

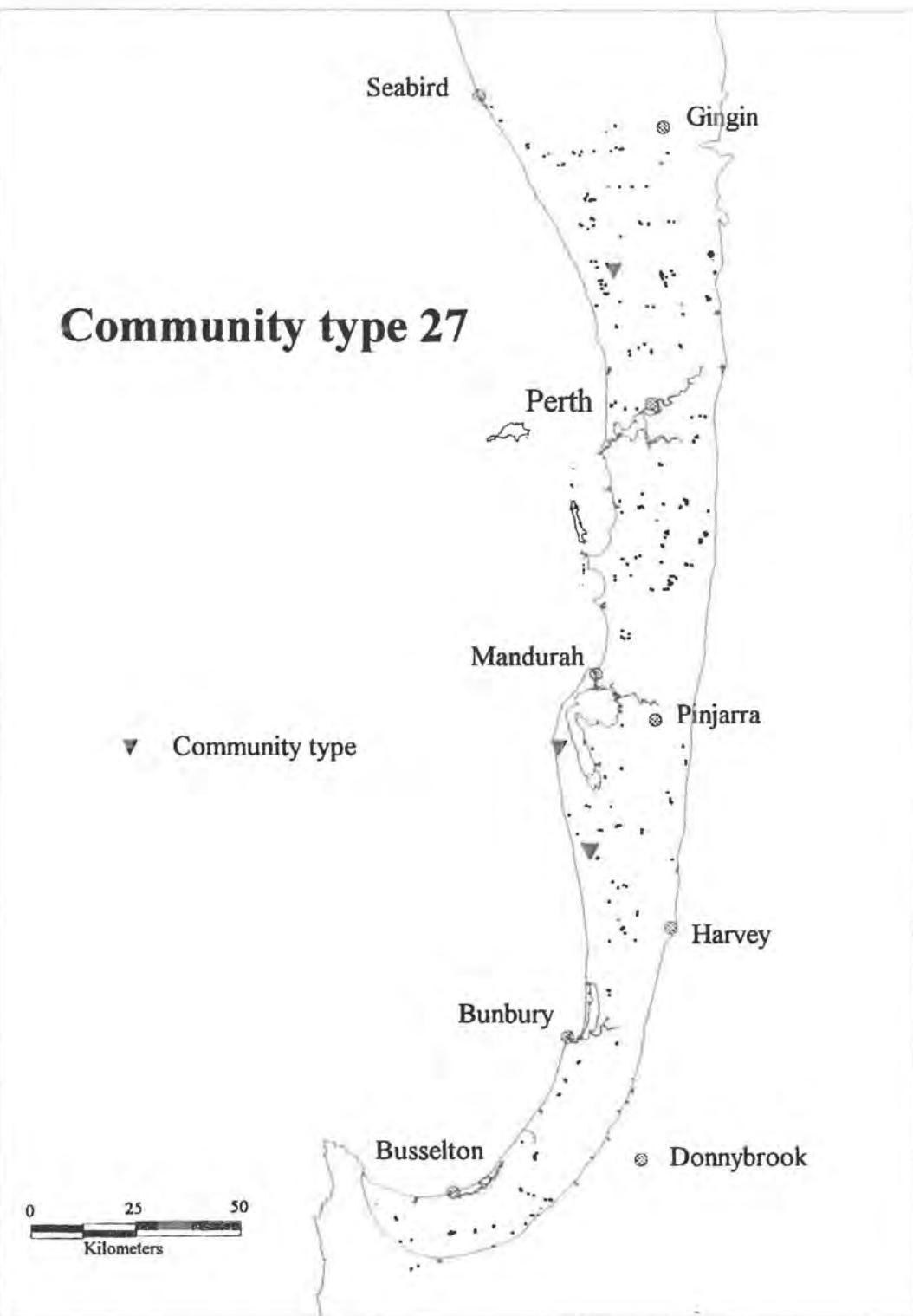
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia truncata</i>	<i>Comesperma confertum</i>
	<i>Astrolobia microcalyx</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
	<i>Dryandra nivea</i>	<i>Lomandra maritima</i>
	<i>Grevillea thelemanniana</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>	<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>
	<i>Lysinema ciliatum</i>	
	<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>	
	<i>Templetonia retusa</i>	

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Cassytha flava</i>
	<i>Hakea trifurcata</i>	<i>Cassytha glabella</i>
	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>	<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>
	<i>Hibbertia racemosa</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
	<i>Hibbertia spicata</i> subsp. <i>leptotheقا</i>	<i>Drosera macrantha</i>
	<i>Trymalium albicans</i>	<i>Opercularia vaginata</i>
	<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	<i>Poa drummondiana</i>
		<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
		<i>Schoenus lanatus</i>
		<i>Stylium junceum</i>
		<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex
		<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>

		Structural units
Mean species richness:	39	dense shrub mallee
Mean weed frequency:	0	low heath C
Mean vegetation condition:	1.7	low heath D
Number of quadrats:	7	low scrub B
		open shrub mallee
		shrub mallee

Community type 27



Community type: 28

Spearwood *Banksia attenuata* or *Banksia attenuata* - *Eucalyptus* woodlands

Reservation Status:	Well reserved
Conservation Status:	Low risk

Typical Species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>	<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i> <i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i> <i>Burchardia umbellata</i> <i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> <i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i> <i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>pulchella</i> <i>Conostephium pendulum</i> <i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i> <i>Petrophile linearis</i>	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i> * <i>Briza maxima</i> * <i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i> <i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i> <i>Conostylis aculeata</i> <i>Conostylis setigera</i> <i>Danthonia occidentalis</i> <i>Daucus glochidiatus</i> <i>Lagenifera huegelii</i> <i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i> <i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i> <i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i> <i>Stylium brunonianum</i> <i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex * <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i>

Mean species richness:	55.2	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	8	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	2.5	low forest A
Number of quadrats:	38	low forest B
		woodland
		low woodland A
		open woodland
		open low woodland A
		dense thicket
		scrub
		low scrub B

Community type 28

▼ Community type

0 25 50
Kilometers

Seabird

Gingin

Perth

Mandurah

Pinjarra

Harvey

Bunbury

Busselton

Donnybrook

Community type: 29a

Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

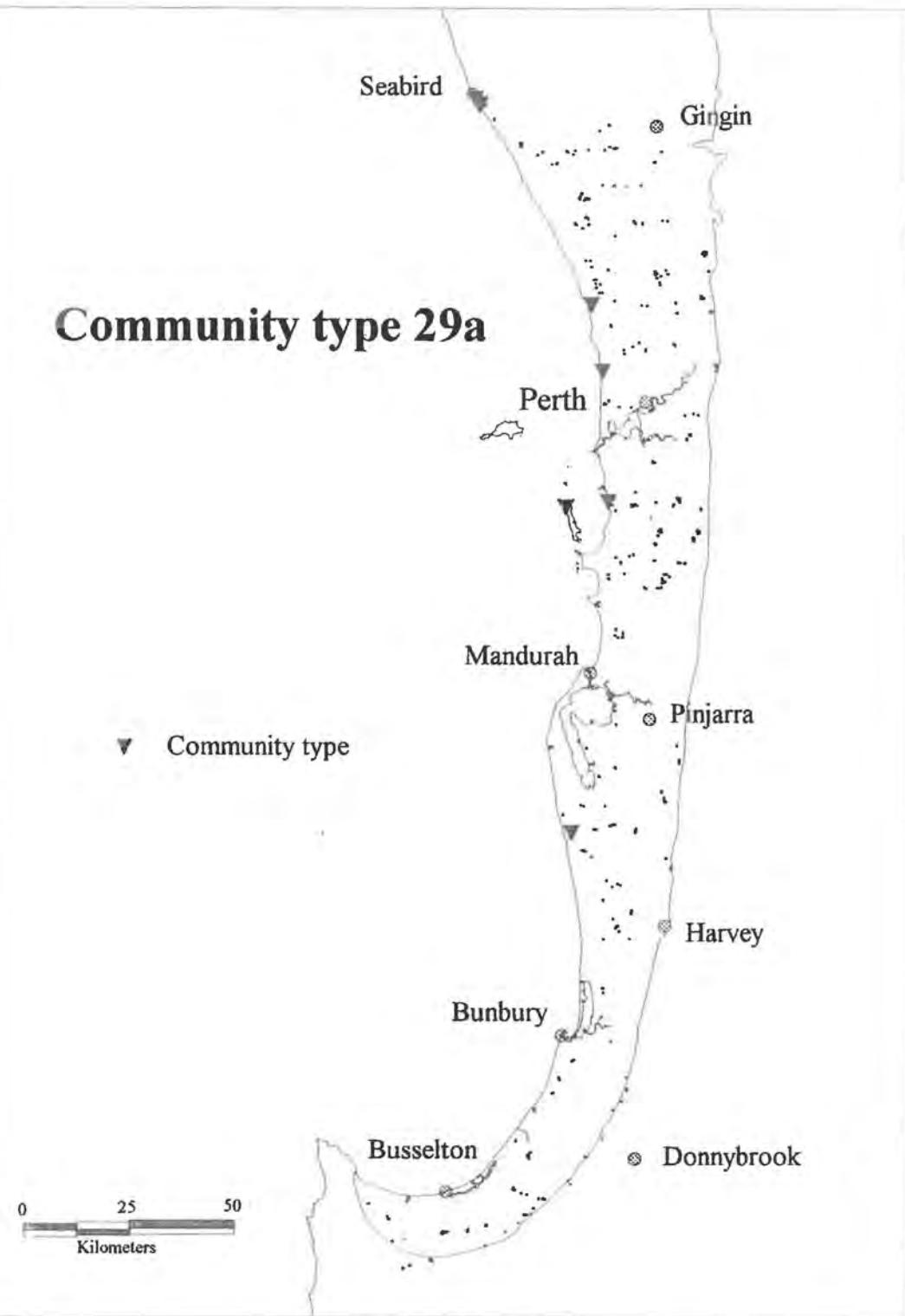
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i>	<i>Crassula colorata</i>
	<i>Rhagodia baccata</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
	<i>Spyridium globulosum</i>	<i>Senecio lautus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
	<i>Nemcia reticulata</i>	<i>Crassula glomerata</i>
		* <i>Galium murale</i>
		<i>Parietaria debilis</i>
		<i>Poa porphyroclados</i>
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Mean species richness:	40.7	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	11.2	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	2.3	dense low forest A
Number of quadrats:	9	dense heath B dense low heath C dense low heath D low heath D

Community type 29a



Community type: 29b

***Acacia* shrublands on taller dunes**

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

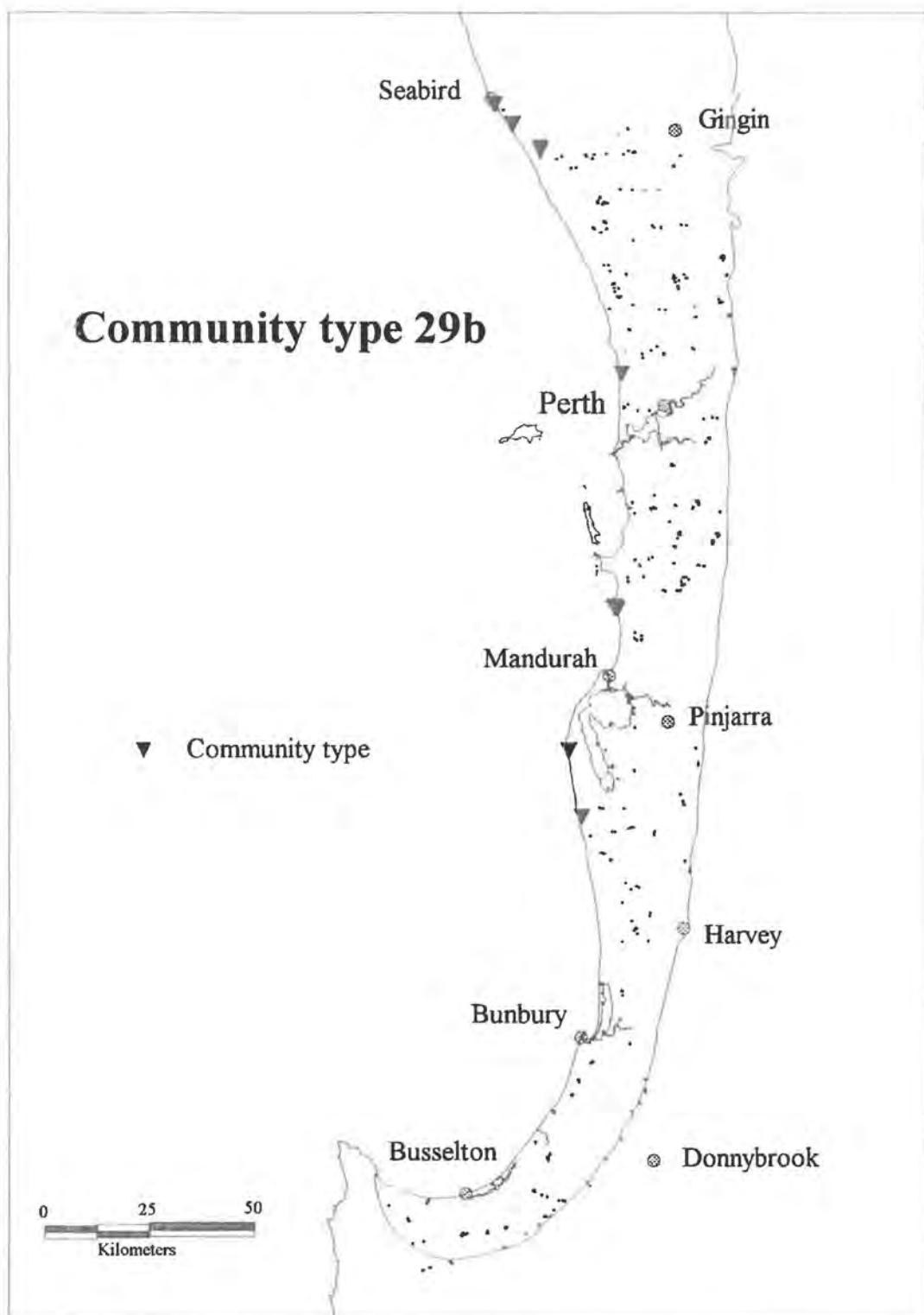
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>
	<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i>	* <i>Dischisma arenarium</i>
	<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
	<i>Rhagodia baccata</i>	<i>Lomandra maritima</i>
		<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>
		<i>Poa porphyroclados</i>
		<i>Senecio lautus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia rostellifera</i>	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>
	<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>	<i>Conostylis candicans</i>
	<i>Hemiandra pungens</i>	<i>Danthonia occidentalis</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	* <i>Helophilus pusilla</i>
	<i>Olearia axillaris</i>	<i>Opercularia vaginata</i>
	<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i>	<i>Schoenus grandiflorus</i>

Mean species richness:	35.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.4	heath A
Mean vegetation condition:	1.8	heath B
Number of quadrats:	13	low heath C
		low heath D
		low scrub B
		dwarf scrub C
		dwarf scrub D
		open low scrub A

Community type 29b



Community type: 30a

Callitris preissii (or *Melaleuca lanceolata*) forests and woodlands

Reservation Status: Poorly reserved
Conservation Status: Vulnerable

Typical Species:

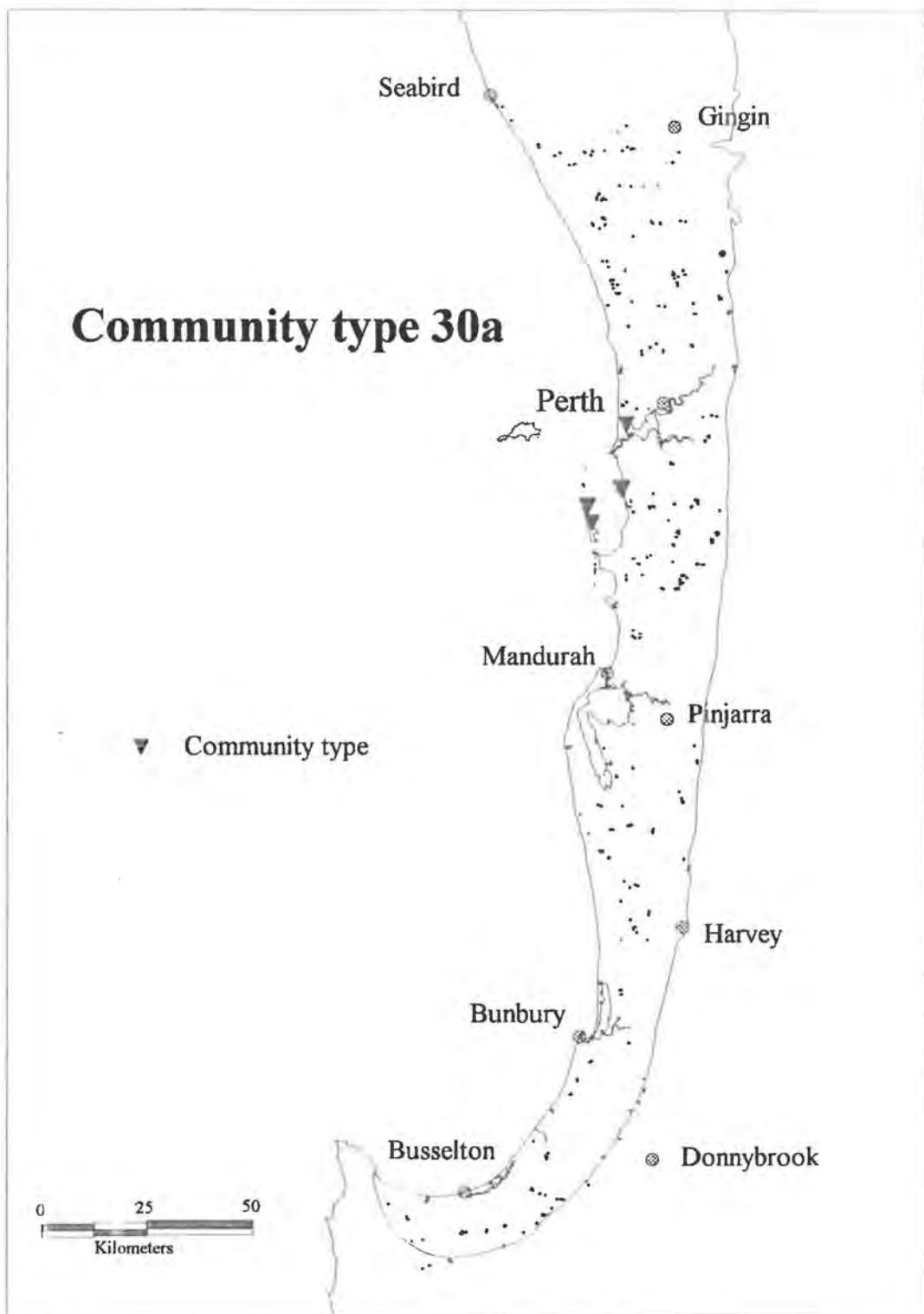
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Callitris preissii</i>	<i>Spyridium globulosum</i>	

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i> <i>Rhagodia baccata</i>	* <i>Galium murale</i> * <i>Myrsiphyllum asparagoides</i> <i>Stipa flavescens</i> * <i>Trachyandra divaricata</i> <i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Mean species richness:	21.1	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	6.3	forest
Mean vegetation condition:	3.2	dense low forest A
Number of quadrats:	7	dense low forest B
		low forest A
		low woodland A
		open woodland

Community type 30a



Community type: 30b

Quinadaluup *Eucalyptus gomphocephala* and / or *Agonis flexuosa* woodlands

Reservation Status: Well reserved
Conservation Status: Susceptible

Typical Species:

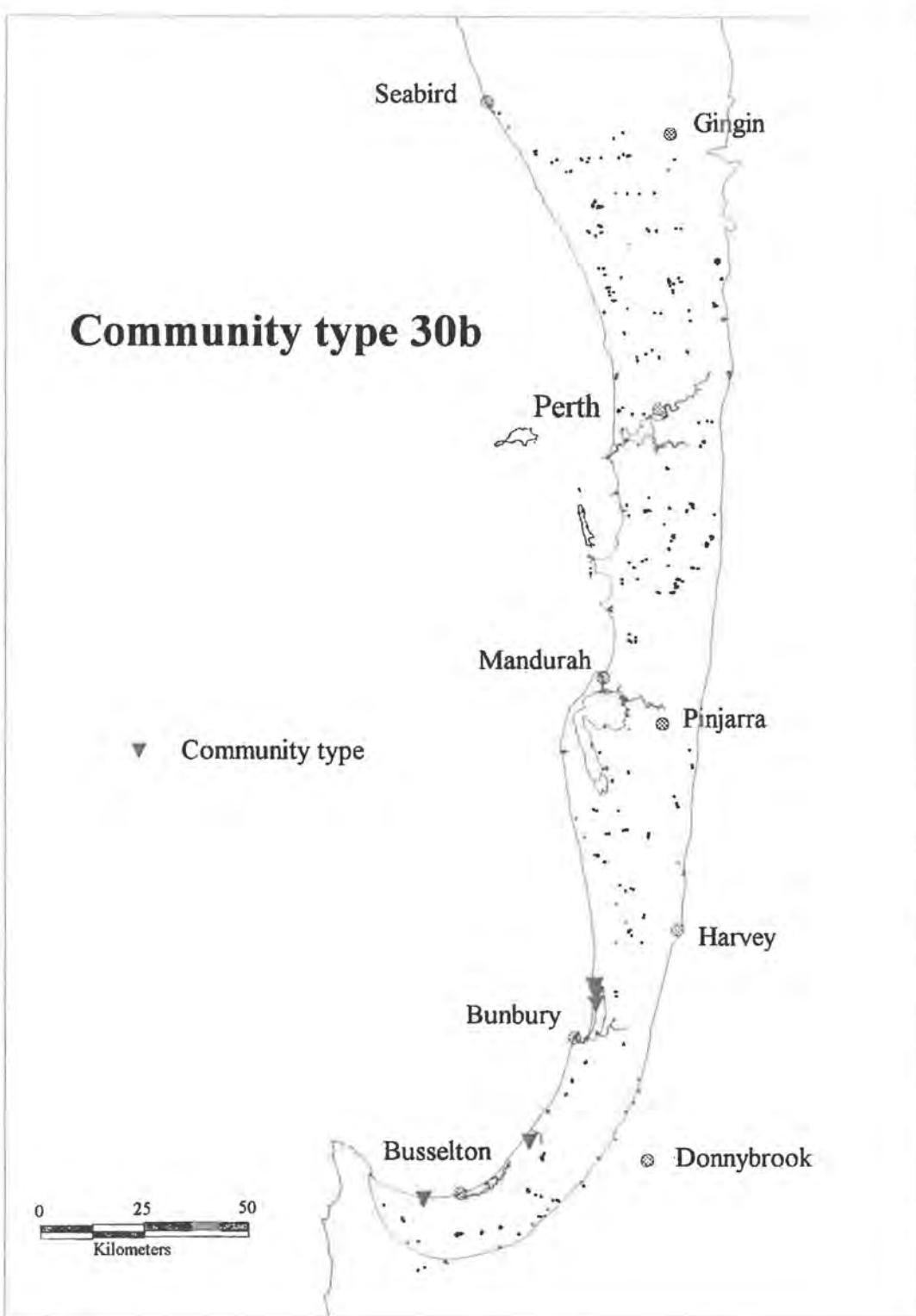
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
<i>Agonis flexuosa</i>	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	<i>Caladenia latifolia</i>
	<i>Hibbertia cuneiformis</i>	<i>Carex preissii</i>
	<i>Rhagodia baccata</i>	<i>Galium murale</i>
	<i>Spyridium globulosum</i>	<i>Geranium retrorsum</i>
		<i>Oxalis perennans</i>
		<i>Parietaria debilis</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Other common species:

Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i>	* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>
	<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>	<i>Calandrinia brevipedata</i>
	<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i>	* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
	<i>Templetonia retusa</i>	<i>Dichondra repens</i>
		<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i>
		<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
		<i>Microlaena stipoides</i>
		<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
		<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Stipa flavescens</i>
		* <i>Trachyandra divaricata</i>
		* <i>Zantedeschia aethiopica</i>

Mean species richness:	37.6	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	7.7	low forest A
Mean vegetation condition:	3.1	dense low forest A
Number of quadrats:	8	woodland
		open woodland
		dense heath A

Community type 30b



Community type: 30c

Other mallees or scrubs

Reservation Status: Unreserved
Conservation Status: Insufficiently known

Typical Species:

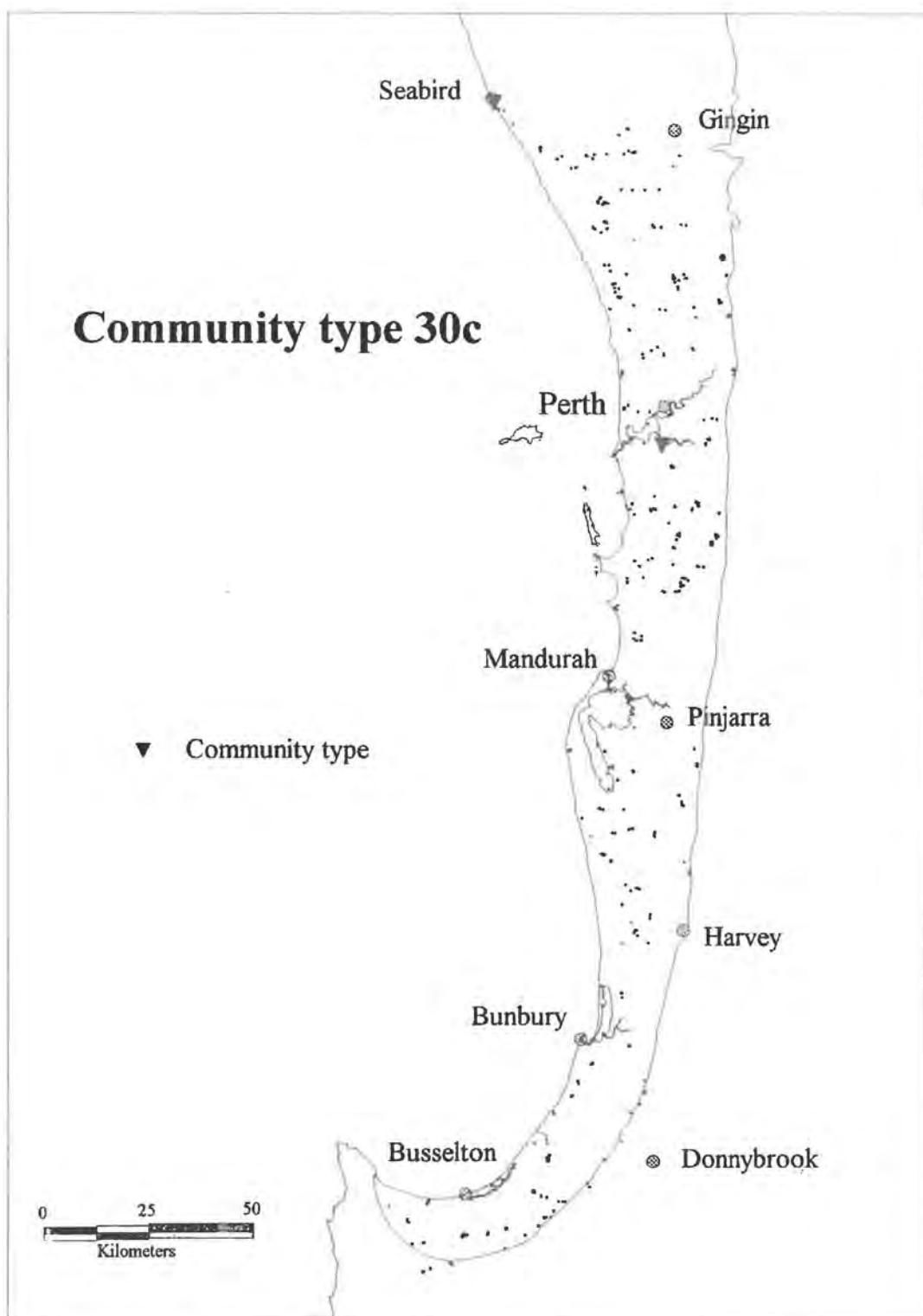
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Spyridium globulosum</i>	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i> <i>Dianella revoluta</i> <i>Thysanotus manglesianus/</i> <i>patersonii</i> complex

Other common species:

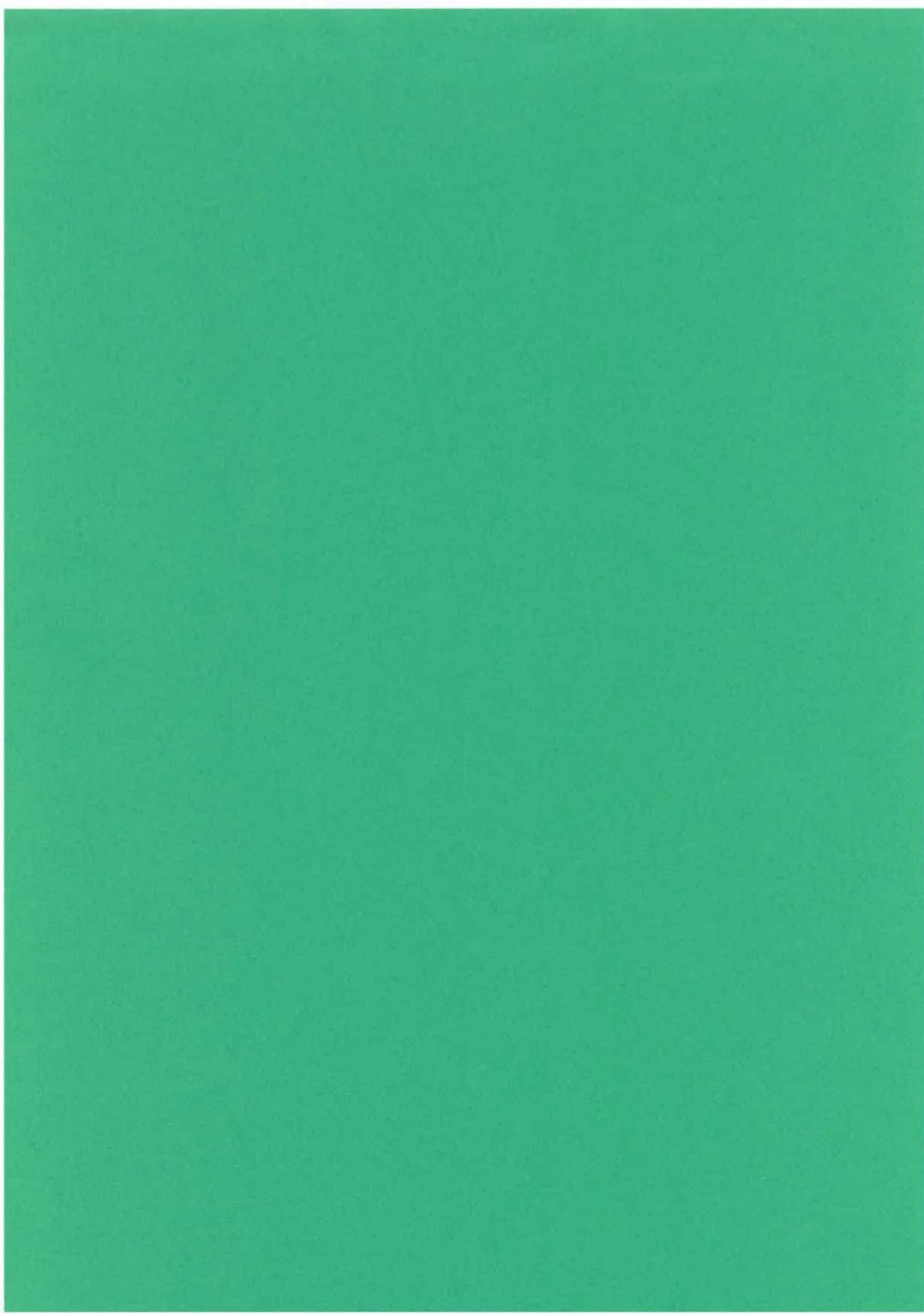
Trees	Shrubs	Herbs
	<i>Acacia lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Caladenia latifolia</i>
	<i>Dryandra sessilis</i>	* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
	<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>	* <i>Conyza albida</i>
	<i>Olearia axillaris</i>	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>
	<i>Templetonia retusa</i>	<i>Lepidosperma gladiatum</i>
		* <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>
		<i>Poa porphyroclados</i>
		<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
		* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
		<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>

Mean species richness:	27.3	Structural units
Mean weed frequency:	3.7	shrub mallee
Mean vegetation condition:	2.7	thicket
Number of quadrats:	3	scrub

Community type 30c







*Appendix 2.***Flora list for the southern Swan Coastal Plain.**

The list includes all taxa recognised in the survey (Appendix 3). When it was not possible to differentiate between species and subspecific ranks at sites both ranks are listed. See Appendix 3 for a list of taxa amalgamated for the purposes of the analysis.

Explanation of column headings and codes**Conservation code**

As defined by the Western Australian Department of Conservation and Land Management (2/2/94).

R: Declared Rare Flora - Extant taxa (= Threatened Flora = Endangered + Vulnerable)

Taxa which have been adequately searched for, and are deemed to be in the wild either rare, in danger of extinction, or otherwise in need of special protection, and have been gazetted as such, following approval by the Minister for the Environment, after recommendation by the State's Endangered Flora Consultative Committee.

1: Priority 1 - Poorly Known Taxa

Taxa which are known from one or a few (generally <5) populations which are under threat, either due to small population size, or being on lands under immediate threat, e.g. road verges, urban areas, farmland, active mineral leases, etc., or the plants are under threat from disease, grazing by feral animals etc. May include taxa with threatened populations on protected lands. Such taxa are under consideration for declaration as 'rare flora', but are in urgent need for further survey.

2: Priority Two - Poorly Known Taxa

Taxa which are currently known from one or a few (generally <5) populations, at least some of which are believed to be under immediate threat (i.e. not currently endangered). Such taxa are under consideration for declaration as 'rare flora', but are in urgent need of further survey.

3. Priority Three - Poorly Known Taxa

Taxa which are known from several populations, at least some of which are not believed to be under immediate threat (i.e. not currently endangered). Such taxa are under consideration for declaration as 'rare flora', but are in need of further survey.

4. Priority Four - Poorly Known Taxa

Taxa which are considered to have been adequately surveyed and which, whilst being rare (in Australia), are not currently threatened by identifiable factors. These taxa require monitoring every 5-10 years.

Proposed Conservation Code

Conservation code as recommended by the current survey. Codes as above.

Endemics

Taxa endemic to the study area (the region south of Seabird and west of the Darling and Whicher Scarps including the colluvial soils along their margins). See Figure 1.

eC	Coastal dunes
eCl	Coastal limestone
eE	Pinjarra plain
ef	Foothills
el	Ironstone
eP	Entire study area

Range Ends

Taxa for which the study area contains:

N	populations at the northern limit of their known geographic range.
S	populations at the southern limit of their known geographic range.
ND	populations disjunct and north of their known geographic range.
SD	populations disjunct and south of their known geographic range.
D	populations disjunct from their known geographic range.

Geographic limit

Location of range limits as defined above.

Code

Codes used in Appendix 3

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Adiantaceae						
<i>Adiantum aethiopicum</i>					ADIAET	
<i>Cheilanthes austrotenuifolia</i>					CHEAUS	
Aizoaceae						
* <i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>					CAREDU	
<i>Carpobrotus modestus</i>					CARMOD	
<i>Carpobrotus</i> sp. (Hepburn Heights GJK 11518)	1		eC		CARPHEP	
<i>Carpobrotus virescens</i>					CARVIR	
* <i>Tetragonia decumbens</i>					TETDEC	
<i>Tetragonia tetragonoides</i>					TETTET	
Amaranthaceae						
<i>Alternanthera nodiflora</i>					ALTNOD	
<i>Ptilotus declinatus</i>					PTIDEC	
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>					PTIDRU	
<i>Ptilotus squamatus</i>					PTIESQ	
<i>Ptilotus humilis</i> subsp. <i>humilis</i>				D	PTIHUMHU	
<i>Ptilotus manglesii</i>					PTIMAN	
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>					PTIPOL	
<i>Ptilotus stirlingii</i>					FTISTI	
Anthericaceae						
<i>Agrostocrinum scabrum</i>					AGRSCA	
<i>Arnocrinum preissii</i>					ARNPRE	
<i>Borya scirpoidea</i>					BORSCI	
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>					BORSPH	
<i>Caesia micrantha</i>					CAEMIC	
<i>Caesia micrantha</i> (Blue flowered form GJK 10857)					CAEMICBL	
<i>Caesia micrantha</i> (Large swamp form BJK & NG 094)		eE			CAEMICSW	
<i>Caesia occidentalis</i>					CAEOCC	
<i>Chamaescilla aff. spiralis</i> (GJK 12501)	1	eE			CHAFFSP	
<i>Chamaescilla corymbosa</i>					CHACOR	
<i>Chamaescilla versicolor</i>					CHAVER	
<i>Corynotheca micrantha</i>					CORMIC	
<i>Dichopogon capillipes</i>					DICCAP	
<i>Dichopogon preissii</i>					DICPRE	
<i>Hensmania turbinata</i>					HENTUR	
<i>Hodgsoniola junciformis</i>				N	Capel	
<i>Johnsonia acaulis</i>					HODJUN	
<i>Johnsonia aff. pubescens</i> (GJK 5249)			eP		JOHAFFPU	
<i>Johnsonia lupulina</i>					JOHLUP	
<i>Johnsonia pubescens</i>					JOHPUB	
<i>Laxmannia grandiflora</i>					LAXGRA	
<i>Laxmannia ramosa</i>					LAXRAM	
<i>Laxmannia sessiliflora</i> subsp. <i>australis</i>					LAXSESAU	
<i>Laxmannia squarrosa</i>					LAXSQU	
<i>Sowerbaea laxiflora</i>					SOWLAX	
<i>Thysanotus aff. pauciflora</i>					THY_PAU	
<i>Thysanotus aff. sparteus</i>					THY_SPA	
<i>Thysanotus arbuscula</i>					THYARB	
<i>Thysanotus arenarius</i>					THYARE	
<i>Thysanotus dichotomus</i>					THYDIC	
<i>Thysanotus glaucus</i>	4				THYGLA	
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>					THYMAN	
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/patersonii</i> complex					THYSMP	
<i>Thysanotus multiflorus</i>					THYMUL	
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>					THYPAT	
<i>Thysanotus pauciflorus</i>					THYPAU	
<i>Thysanotus pseudojunceus</i>					THYPSE	
<i>Thysanotus sparteus</i>					THYSPA	
<i>Thysanotus tenellus</i>					THYTEN	
<i>Thysanotus thyrsoides</i>					THYTHY	
<i>Thysanotus triandrus</i>					THYTRI	
<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>					TRIELA	
<i>Tricoryne humilis</i>					TRIHUM	
<i>Tricoryne tenella</i>					TRITEN	
Apiaceae						
<i>Actinotus glomeratus</i>					ACTGLO	
<i>Actinotus leucocephalus</i>					ACTLEU	
<i>Apium appnum</i>					APIANN	
<i>Apium prostratum</i>					APIPRO	
<i>Centella asiatica</i>					CENASI	
<i>Centella cordifolia</i>					CENCOR	

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic Code	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Daucus glochidiatus					DAUGLO	
Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. <i>palustre</i> Ms	I		eE		ERYPINPA	
Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. <i>pinnatifidum</i>					ERYPINPI	
Eryngium subdecumbens Ms	I		eE		ERYSUB	
Homalosciadium homalocarpum					HOMHOM	
Hydrocotyle alata					HYDALA	
Hydrocotyle blepharocarpa					HYDBLE	
Hydrocotyle callicarpa					HYDCAL	
Hydrocotyle capillaris					HYDCAP	
Hydrocotyle diantha					HYDDIA	
Hydrocotyle hispidula					HYDHIS	
Hydrocotyle medicaginoides					HYDMED	
Hydrocotyle pilifera var. <i>glabrata</i>					HYDPILGL	
Hydrocotyle pilifera var. <i>pilifera</i>					HYDPILPI	
Hydrocotyle scutellifera					HYDSCU	
Hydrocotyle tetragonocarps					HYDTET	
Pentapeltis peltigera					PENPEL	
Platysace compressa					PLACOM	
Platysace haplosciadia					PLAHAP	
Platysace juncea				S	Cardup	
Platysace tenuissima					PLAJUN	
Schoenolaena juncea					PLATEN	
Trachymene coerulea					SCHJUN	
Trachymene pilosa					TRACOE	
Xanthosia candida					TRAPIL	
Xanthosia ciliata					XANCAN	
Xanthosia huigelii					XANCIL	
Xanthosia pusilla					XANHUE	
Apocynaceae					XANPUS	
Alyxia buxifolia						
Parsonia diaphanophleba	2	1	eP		ALYBUX	
Aponogetonaceae					PARDIA	
Aponogeton hexatepalus	R		eE		APOHEX	
Araceae					ZANAET	
* Zantedeschia aethiopica						
Asparagaceae					MYRASP	
* Myrsiphyllum asparagooides						
Asphodelaceae					BULSEM	
Bulbine semibarbata					TRADIV	
* Trachyandra divaricata						
Asteraceae						
Angianthus aff. <i>drummondii</i> (BJK & NG 013)					ANGAFFDR	
Angianthus drummondii					ANGDRU	
Angianthus micropodioides				3	ANGMIC	
Angianthus preissianus					ANGPRE	
* Arctotheca calendula					ARCCAL	
* Argyranthemum frutescens					ARGFRU	
* Aster subulatus					ASTSUB	
Asteridea pulverulenta					ASTPUL	
Blennospora aff. <i>drummondii</i> (golden bracts BJK & NG 20)		3	eE		BLEAFFDR	
Blennospora drummondii					BLEDRU	
Brachyscome bellidioidea					BRABEL	
Brachyscome iberidifolia					BRAIBE	
* Carduus pycnocephalus					CARPYC	
* Centaurea melitensis					CENMEL	
* Cirsium vulgare					CIRVUL	
* Conyza albida					CONALB	
* Conyza bonariensis					CONBON	
Cotula australis					COTAUS	
* Cotula bipinnata					COTBIP	
Cotula coronopifolia					COTCOR	
Cotula cotuloides					COTCOT	
* Cotula turbinata					COTTUR	
Craspedia sp. (Perth Flora GJK 13121)					CRASPSP	
Craspedia sp. nov. (Waterloo GJK 13110)					CRASPNOV	
* Dittrichia graveolens					DITGRA	
Gnaphalium indutum					GNAIND	
Gnaphalium sphaericum					GNASPH	
Gnephosis angianthoides					GNEANG	
Gnephosis drummondii					GNEDRU	
Gnephosis tenuissima - <i>drummondii</i> complex					GNETENDR	

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range Code	Geographic limit	Code
* Hedypnois rhagadioloides					HEDRHA	
Helichrysum cordatum					HELCOR	
Helipterum corymbosum					HELCORY	
Hyalosperma cotula					HYACOT	
Hyalosperma demissum					HYADEM	
Hyalosperma pusillum					HYAPUS	
* Hypochaeris glabra					HYPGLAb	
Ixiolaena viscosa				N	IXIVIS	
Lagenifera huegelii					LAGHUE	
Lawrencella rosea					LAWROS	
* Leontodon saxatilis					LEOSAX	
Leptorhynchus scabrus					LEPSCAB	
Millotia myosotidifolia					MILMYO	
Millotia tenuifolia					MILTEN	
Myriocephalus appendiculatus				3	MYRAPP	
Myriocephalus helichrysoides					MYRHEL	
Myriocephalus isoetes					MYRISO	
Myriocephalus rhizocephalus					MYRRHI	
Olearia axillaris					OLEAXI	
Olearia elaeophila					OLEBLA	
Olearia paucidentata					OLEPAU	
Olearia rufa					OLERUD	
* Osteospermum clandestinum					OSTCLLA	
Picris squarrosa					PICSQU	
Pithocarpa achilleoides				2	PITACH	
Pithocarpa corymbulosa					PITCOR	
Pithocarpa pulchella					PITPUL	
Podolepis gracilis					PODGRA	
Podolepis gracilis (Swamp form GJK 13126)					PODRASW	
Podolepis lessonii					PODLES	
Podotheca angustifolia					PODANG	
Podotheca chrysanthia					PODCHR	
Podotheca graphaliooides					PODGNA	
Pogonolepis stricta					POGSTR	
Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum					PSELUT	
Quinetia urvillei					QUIURV	
Rhodanthe manglesii					RHOMAN	
Rhodanthe pyrethrifolia					RHOPYR	
Rhodanthe spicata					RHOSPI	
Rutidosis multiflora					RUTMUL	
Senecio hispidulus					SENHIS	
Senecio laetus subsp. dissectifolius					SENLAUDI	
Senecio laetus subsp. maritimus					SENLAUMA	
Senecio quadridentatus					SENQUA	
Siloxerus filifolius					SILFIL	
Siloxerus humifusus					SILHUM	
* Sonchus asper					SONASP	
Sonchus hydrophilus					SONHYD	
* Sonchus oleraceus					SONOLE	
Trichocline sp. (GJK 6382-glabrous)				1	TRISP	
Trichocline spathulata					TRISPA	
* Urospermum picroides					UROPIC	
* Ursinia anthemoides					URSANT	
* Vellereophyton dealbatum					VELDEA	
Waitzia aurea					WAIAUR	
Waitzia citrina					WAICIT	
Waitzia paniculata					WAIPAN	
Waitzia suaveolens					WAISUA	
Azollaceae					AZOFIL	
Azolla filiculoides						
Boraginaceae					MYOAUS	
Mycositis australis						
Brassicaceae					BRATOU	
* Brassica tournefortii					CARHIR	
* Cardamine hirsuta					CARPAU	
* Cardamine paucijuga					HELPUS	
* Heliophila pusilla				4	LEPPUB	
Lepidium puberulum					LEPROT	
Lepidium rotundum					STEGRA	
Stenopetalum gracile					STEROB	
Stenopetalum robustum						

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Caesalpiniaceae						
<i>Labichea punctata</i>					LABPUN	
Callitrichaceae						
<i>Callitricha hamulata</i>					CALHAM	
* <i>Callitricha stagnalis</i>					CALSTA	
Campanulaceae						
* <i>Wahlenbergia capensis</i>					WAHCAP	
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>					WAHPRE	
Caryophyllaceae						
* <i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i>					ARESER	
* <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>					CERGLO	
* <i>Corrigiola litoralis</i>					CORLIT	
* <i>Minuartia hybrida</i>					MINHYB	
* <i>Petrorhagia velutina</i>					PETVEL	
* <i>Sagina apetala</i>					SAGAPE	
* <i>Sagina maritima</i>					SAGMAR	
* <i>Silene gallica</i>					SILGAL	
* <i>Silene nocturna</i>					SILNOC	
* <i>Spergula arvensis</i>					SPEARV	
* <i>Spergularia rubra</i>					SPERUB	
* <i>Stellaria media</i>					STEMED	
Casuarinaceae						
<i>Allocasuarina fraseriana</i>					ALLFRA	
<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>					ALLHUM	
<i>Allocasuarina microstachys</i>				D	ALLMIC	
<i>Allocasuarina thuyoides</i>				D	ALLTHU	
<i>Casuarina obesa</i>					CASOBE	
Centrolepidaceae						
<i>Aphelia cyperoides</i>					APHCYP	
<i>Brizula drummondii</i>	N			Bullsbrook	BRIDRU	
<i>Brizula muelleri</i>					BRIMUE	
<i>Brizula mutans</i>					BRINUT	
<i>Centrolepis alepyroides</i>					CENALE	
<i>Centrolepis aristata</i>					CENARI	
<i>Centrolepis caespitosa</i>	R				CENCAE	
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>					CENCEPCE	
<i>Centrolepis drummondiana</i>					CENDRU	
<i>Centrolepis glabra</i>					CENGLA	
<i>Centrolepis humillima</i>					CENHUM	
<i>Centrolepis inconspicua</i>					CENINC	
<i>Centrolepis mutica</i>					CENMUT	
<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>					CENPIL	
<i>Centrolepis polygyna</i>					CENPOL	
Chenopodiaceae						
<i>Atriplex cinerea</i>					ATRCIN	
<i>Atriplex hypoleuca</i>					ATRHYP	
* <i>Atriplex prostrata</i>					ATRPRO	
* <i>Chenopodium ambrosioides</i>					CHEAMB	
* <i>Chenopodium macrospermum</i>					CHEMAC	
<i>Chenopodium pumilio</i>					CHEPUM	
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i>	N			Lowlands	HALHAL	
<i>Halosarcia indica</i>					HALIND	
<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>					HALLEP	
<i>Rhagodia baccata</i> subsp. <i>baccata</i>					RHABAC	
<i>Rhagodia baccata</i> subsp. <i>dioica</i>					RHABACDI	
<i>Sarcocornia quinqueflora</i>					SARQUI	
<i>Suaeda australis</i>					SUAUS	
<i>Threlkeldia diffusa</i>					THRDF	
Chloanthaceae						
<i>Pityrodia bartlingii</i>	DS			Busselton Forrestfield	PITBAR	
Colchicaceae						
<i>Burchardia bairdiae</i>	S			Forrestdale Lake	BURBAI	
<i>Burchardia multiflora</i>					BURMUL	
<i>Burchardia umbellata</i>					BURUMB	
<i>Wurmbea dioica</i>					WURDIO	
<i>Wurmbea dioica</i> subsp. <i>aff. alba</i> (GJK 12803)					WURDIO_A	
<i>Wurmbea monantha</i>					WURMON	
<i>Wurmbea pygmaea</i>					WURPYG	
Commelinaceae						
<i>Cartonema philydroides</i>					CARPHI	

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Convolvulaceae						
<i>Dichondra repens</i>					DICREP	
<i>Wilsonia backhousei</i>					WILBAC	
<i>Wilsonia humilis</i>					WILHUM	
Crassulaceae						
<i>Crassula colorata</i>					CRACOL	
* <i>Crassula decumbens</i>					CRADEC	
<i>Crassula exserta</i>					CRAEXS	
* <i>Crassula glomerata</i>					CRAGLO	
* <i>Crassula natans</i>					CRANAT	
<i>Crassula pedicellosa</i>					CRAPED	
<i>Crassula peduncularis</i>					CRAPEDu	
* <i>Crassula thunbergiana</i>					CRATHU	
Cupressaceae						
<i>Actinostrobus acuminatus</i>	DS			Forrestfield	ACTACU	
<i>Actinostrobus pyramidalis</i>					ACTPYR	
<i>Callitris preissii</i>					CALPRE	
Cuscutaceae						
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>					CUSEPI	
Cyperaceae						
<i>Baumea acuta</i>					BAUACU	
<i>Baumea arthrophylla</i>					BAUARTH	
<i>Baumea articulata</i>					BAUART	
<i>Baumea juncea</i>					BAIJUN	
<i>Baumea vaginalis</i>					BAUVAG	
<i>Bolboschoenus caldwellii</i>					BOLCAL	
<i>Carex preissii</i>					CARPRE	
<i>Caustis dioica</i>					CAUDIO	
<i>Chorizandra cymbaria</i>					CHOCYM	
<i>Chorizandra enodis</i>					CHOENO	
<i>Cyathochaeta avenacea</i>					CYAAVE	
<i>Cyathochaeta clandestina</i>	N			Bullsbrook	CYACLA	
* <i>Cyperus congestus</i>	N			Landsdale	CYPCON	
* <i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>					CYPERA	
* <i>Cyperus polystachyos</i>					CYPPOL	
* <i>Cyperus tenellus</i>					CYPTEN	
<i>Eleocharis acuta</i>					ELEACU	
<i>Eleocharis sp. Kenwick (GJK 5179)</i>	1	eE			ELEKEN	
<i>Evandra aristata</i>	N				EVAARI	
<i>Evandra pauciflora</i>	N				EVAPAU	
<i>Gahnia trifida</i>					GAHTRI	
<i>Isolepis cernua</i>					ISOCER	
<i>Isolepis cyprioides</i>					ISOCYP	
* <i>Isolepis hystrix</i>					ISOHYS	
<i>Isolepis marginata</i>					ISOMAR	
<i>Isolepis nodosa</i>					ISONOD	
<i>Isolepis oldfieldiana</i>					ISOOLD	
<i>Isolepis producta</i>					ISOPRO	
<i>Isolepis setiformis</i>					ISOSET	
<i>Isolepis stellata</i>					ISOSTE	
<i>Lepidosperma aff. angustatum</i>					LEP_ANG	
<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>					LEPANG	
<i>Lepidosperma carphoides</i>					LEPCAR	
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>					LEPCOS	
<i>Lepidosperma gladiatum</i>					LEPGLA	
<i>Lepidosperma gladiatum x angustatum</i>					LEPGLAN	
<i>Lepidosperma leptostachyum</i>					LEPLEP	
<i>Lepidosperma longitudinale</i>					LEPLON	
<i>Lepidosperma scabrum</i>					LEPSCA	
<i>Lepidosperma sp. (Coastal terete BJK & NG 231)</i>					LEPANGCO	
<i>Lepidosperma sp. (Eastern terete BJK & NG 232)</i>					LEPETRE	
<i>Lepidosperma sp. E</i>					LEPSPE	
<i>Lepidosperma squamatum</i>					LEPSQU	
<i>Mesomelaena aff. graciliceps (BJK & NG 146)</i>					MES_GR	
<i>Mesomelaena graciliceps</i>					MESGRA	
<i>Mesomelaena pseudostygia</i>					MESPSE	
<i>Mesomelaena stygia</i>					MESSTY	
<i>Mesomelaena tetragona</i>					MESTET	
<i>Schoenus aff. brevisetis</i>					SCH_BR	
<i>Schoenus aff. laevigatus</i>					SCHAFFLA	
<i>Schoenus aff. obtusifolia (EAG 3841)</i>	DS			Melaleuca Park	SCHAFFOB	

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End. emic Code	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Schoenus aff. tenellus</i> (BJK & NG 110)			eE			SCHAFFTE
<i>Schoenus asperocarpus</i>						SCHASP
<i>Schoenus benthamii</i>			3			SCHBEN
<i>Schoenus bifidus</i>						SCHBIF
<i>Schoenus brevisetis</i>						SCHBRE
<i>Schoenus caespititus</i>						SCHCAE
<i>Schoenus capillifolius</i>	2		eE			SCHCAP
<i>Schoenus clandestinus</i>						SCHCLA
<i>Schoenus cruentus</i>				N	Gosnells	SCHCRU
<i>Schoenus curvifolius</i>						SCHCUR
<i>Schoenus discifer</i>						SCHDIS
<i>Schoenus elegans</i>						SCHELE
<i>Schoenus grandiflorus</i>						SCHGRA
<i>Schoenus humilis</i>						SCHHUM
<i>Schoenus lanatus</i>						SCHLAN
<i>Schoenus latifans</i>				DS	Forrestfield	SCHLAT
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>						SCHNAN
<i>Schoenus natans</i>	R		eE			SCHNAT
<i>Schoenus nitens</i>						SCHNIT
<i>Schoenus odontocarpus</i>						SCHODO
<i>Schoenus pedicellatus</i>						SCHPED
<i>Schoenus pennisetis</i>		1				SCHPEN
<i>Schoenus pleiostemoneus</i>						SCHPLE
<i>Schoenus rigens</i>						SCHRIG
<i>Schoenus rodwayanus</i>						SCHROD
<i>Schoenus sculptus</i>						SCHSCU
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. (BJK & NG 233)						SCHSPNT
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. (brown bracts)						SCHSPPB
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. (Hymus/Waroona - BJK & NG 111)						SCHGREEN
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. 1 (BJK & NG 114)						SCHOSPI
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. 2 (GJK 5739)						SCHOSP2
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. aff. <i>breviculmis</i>						SCH_BReu
<i>Schoenus</i> subbarbatus						SCHSUBba
<i>Schoenus</i> subbarbatus (Royce 2872)						SCHSUBRO
<i>Schoenus</i> subbulbosus						SCHSUBbu
<i>Schoenus</i> subfascicularis						SCHSUBfa
<i>Schoenus</i> subflavus						SCHSUBfl
<i>Schoenus</i> tenellus						SCHTEN
<i>Schoenus</i> unispiculatus						SCHUNI
<i>Tetraria australiensis</i>	R		eP			TETAUS
<i>Tetraria capillaris</i>						TETCAP
<i>Tetraria octandra</i>						TETOCT
<i>Tricostularia neesii</i> var. <i>elatior</i>						TRINEEL
<i>Tricostularia neesii</i> var. <i>neesii</i>						TRINEENE
Dasypergonaceae						
<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>				S	Anstey Rd	ACACAN
<i>Acanthocarpus preissii</i>				N	Capel NR	ACAPRE
<i>Baxteria australis</i>						BAXAUS
<i>Calectasia cyanea</i>						CALCYA
<i>Calectasia grandiflora</i>				DS	Mundijong Rd	CALGRAnd
<i>Chamaexeros serrs</i>						CHASER
<i>Dasypergon bromeliifolius</i>						DASBRO
<i>Dasypergon hookeri</i>						DASHOO
<i>Dasypergon obliquifolius</i>				DS	Cardup	DASOBL
<i>Kingia australis</i>						KINAUS
<i>Lomandra britannii</i>						LOMBRI
<i>Lomandra caespitosa</i>						LOMCAE
<i>Lomandra drummondii</i>						LOMDRU
<i>Lomandra hermaphrodita</i>						LOMHER
<i>Lomandra integra</i>						LOMINT
<i>Lomandra maritima</i>						LOMMAR
<i>Lomandra micrantha</i>						LOMMIC
<i>Lomandra nigricans</i>						LOMNIG
<i>Lomandra nutans</i>						LOMNUT
<i>Lomandra odora</i>						LOMODO
<i>Lomandra pauciflora</i>						LOMPAU
<i>Lomandra preissii</i>						LOMPRE
<i>Lomandra purpurea</i>						LOMPUR
<i>Lomandra sericea</i>						LOMSER
<i>Lomandra sonderi</i>						LOMSON
<i>Lomandra sparteo</i>				S	Dardanup	LOMSPA

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Lomandra suaveolens</i>						LOMSUA
Dennstaedtiaceae						
<i>Pteridium esculentum</i>						PTEESC
Dilleniaceae						
<i>Hibbertia acerosa</i>						HIBACE
<i>Hibbertia aff. helianthemooides</i>				S	Forrestfield	HIBAFFHE
<i>Hibbertia amplexicaulis</i>						HIBAMP
<i>Hibbertia aures</i>				S	Fish Rd NR	HIBAUR
<i>Hibbertia commutata</i>						HIBCOM
<i>Hibbertia crassifolia</i>				S	Marangaroo M12	HIBCRA
<i>Hibbertia cuneiformis</i>				N	Warnbro Sound	HIBCUN
<i>Hibbertia cunninghamii</i>						HIBCUNn
<i>Hibbertia enervia</i>						HIBENE
<i>Hibbertia glomerata</i>						HIBGLO
<i>Hibbertia huegelii</i>						HIBHUE
<i>Hibbertia hypericoides</i>						HIBHYP
<i>Hibbertia pachyrrhiza</i>						HIBPAC
<i>Hibbertia quadricolor</i>						HIBQUA
<i>Hibbertia racemosa</i>						HIBRAC
<i>Hibbertia rhadinopoda</i>						HIBRHA
<i>Hibbertia serra</i>						HIBSER
<i>Hibbertia spicata</i> subsp. <i>leptotheca</i>	3			S	Yalgorup	HIBSPILE
<i>Hibbertia stellaris</i>						HIBSTE
<i>Hibbertia subvaginata</i>						HIBSUB
<i>Hibbertia vaginata</i>						HIBVAG
Droseraceae						
<i>Drosera barbiger</i>						DROBAR
<i>Drosera bulbigena</i>				eE		DROBUL
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>						DROBULos
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>						DROERY
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> subsp. <i>erythrorhiza</i>						DROERYER
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> Ms						DROERYSQ
<i>Drosera gigantea</i> subsp. <i>geniculata</i> Ms				N	Lowlands	DROGIGGE
<i>Drosera gigantea</i> subsp. <i>gigantea</i>						DROGIG
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>						DROGLA
<i>Drosera heterophylla</i>						DROHET
<i>Drosera huegelii</i>						DROHUE
<i>Drosera leucoblasta</i>						DROLEU
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>						DROMAC
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> (Swan coastal plain form BJK & NG 228)				e		DROMACSC
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i> Ms						DROMACMA
<i>Drosera marchantii</i> subsp. <i>marchantii</i>	4					DROMARMA
<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>menziesii</i>						DROMENME
<i>Drosera menziesii</i> subsp. <i>penicillaris</i>						DROMENPE
<i>Drosera myriantha</i>						DROMYR
<i>Drosera neesii</i> (Pink southern form BJK & NG 096)				N	Lowlands	DRONEEST
<i>Drosera neesii</i> subsp. <i>neesii</i>				N	Twin Swamps	DRONEENE
<i>Drosera nitidula</i>						DRONIT
<i>Drosera nitidula</i> subsp. <i>nitidula</i>						DRONITNI
<i>Drosera occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>australis</i> Ms						DROCCAU
<i>Drosera occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>occidentalis</i>	4					DROCCOC
<i>Drosera paleacea</i>						DROPAL
<i>Drosera paleacea</i> subsp. <i>paleacea</i>						DROPALPA
<i>Drosera pallida</i>						DROPALI
<i>Drosera platystigma</i>						DROPLA
<i>Drosera pulchella</i>						DROPUL
<i>Drosera pycnoblasta</i>						DROPYC
<i>Drosera ramellosa</i>						DRORAM
<i>Drosera rosulata</i>						DROROS
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i>						DROSTO
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i> subsp. <i>orrecta</i>						DROSTOPO
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i> subsp. <i>stolonifera</i>						DROSTOST
<i>Drosera subhirtella</i>						DROSUB
<i>Drosera tubaestylis</i>				eE		DROTUB
Elatinaceae						
<i>Elatina gratiolooides</i>						ELAGRA
Epacridaceae						
<i>Acrotricha cordata</i>						ACRCOR
<i>Andersonia</i> aff. <i>latiflora</i> (Ironstone BJK & NG 227)	1		el			ANDAFFLA
<i>Andersonia aristata</i>						ANDARI
<i>Andersonia caerulea</i>						ANDCAE

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endem. ic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Andersonia heterophylla</i>					ANDHET	
<i>Andersonia involucrata</i>					ANDINV	
<i>Andersonia lehmanniana</i>					ANDLEH	
<i>Astroloma ciliatum</i>					ASTCIL	
<i>Astroloma drummondii</i>					ASTDTRU	
<i>Astroloma microcalyx</i>				eCL		ASTMIC
<i>Astroloma pallidum</i>						ASTPAL
<i>Astroloma stomarrhena</i>						ASTSTO
<i>Astroloma xerophyllum</i>						ASTXER
<i>Brachyloma preissii</i>						BRAPRE
<i>Conostephium minus</i>	4			S	Lowlands	CONMIN
<i>Conostephium pendulum</i>						CONPEN
<i>Conostephium preissii</i>						CONPRE
<i>Leucopogon aff. capitellatus</i> (BJK & NG 156)						LEU_CAP
<i>Leucopogon aff. gracilis</i>						LEU_GRA
<i>Leucopogon aff. nutans</i>						LEUAFFNU
<i>Leucopogon aff. oliganthus</i>						LEUAFFOL
<i>Leucopogon aff. polymorphus</i>						LEUAFFPO
<i>Leucopogon aff. polymorphus</i> (Southern form BJK & NG 158)						LEU_POLS
<i>Leucopogon aff. revolutus</i>						LEUAFFRE
<i>Leucopogon australis</i>						LEUAUS
<i>Leucopogon capitellatus</i>						LEUCAP
<i>Leucopogon conostephoides</i>						LEUCON
<i>Leucopogon cymbiformis</i>						LBUCYM
<i>Leucopogon glabellus</i>						LEUGLA
<i>Leucopogon gracillimus</i>						LEUGRA
<i>Leucopogon kingianus</i>						LEUKIN
<i>Leucopogon leptanthus</i>						LEULEP
<i>Leucopogon nutans</i>						LEUNUT
<i>Leucopogon obovatus</i>						LEUOBO
<i>Leucopogon oldfieldii</i>						LEUOLD
<i>Leucopogon oxycedrus</i>						LEUOXY
<i>Leucopogon parviflorus</i>						LEUPAR
<i>Leucopogon pendulus</i>						LEUPEN
<i>Leucopogon polymorphus</i>						LEUPOL
<i>Leucopogon propinquus</i>						LEUPRO
<i>Leucopogon racemulosus</i>						LEURAC
<i>Leucopogon spengeloides</i>						LEUSPR
<i>Leucopogon squarrosum</i>						LEUSQU
<i>Leucopogon verticillatus</i>						LEUVER
<i>Lysinema ciliatum</i>				2		LYSCIL
<i>Lysinema elegans</i>						LYSELE
<i>Sphenotoma capitatum</i>						SPHCAP
<i>Sphenotoma gracile</i>						SPHGRACI
<i>Styphelia tenuiflora</i>						STYTEN
Euphorbiaceae						
<i>Adriana quadripartita</i>						ADRQUA
<i>Amperes ericooides</i>						AMPERI
<i>Amperes volubilis</i>						AMPVOL
<i>Beyeria cinerea</i>						BEYCIN
* <i>Euphorbia peplus</i>						EUPPEP
* <i>Euphorbia terracina</i>						EUPTER
<i>Monotaxis grandiflora</i>						MONGRA
<i>Monotaxis occidentalis</i>						MONOCC
<i>Phyllanthus calycinus</i>						PHYCAL
<i>Poranthera ericooides</i>						PORERI
<i>Poranthera huegelii</i>						PORHUE
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>						PORMIC
<i>Pseudanthus virgatus</i>						PSEVIR
<i>Stachystemon axillaris</i>						STAAXI
<i>Stachystemon vermicularis</i>	4					STAVER
Frankeniaceae						
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>						FRAPAU
Fumariaceae						
* <i>Fumaria capreolata</i>						FUMCAP
Gentianaceae						
* <i>Centaurium erythraea</i>						CENERY
* <i>Cicendia filiformis</i>						CICFIL
Geraniaceae						
* <i>Erodium botrys</i>						EROBOT
* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>						EROCIC

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endemic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>					EROCYG	
* <i>Erodium moschatum</i>					EROMOS	
* <i>Geranium molle</i>					GERMOL	
<i>Geranium retrorsum</i>					GERRET	
* <i>Pelargonium capitatum</i>					PELCAP	
<i>Pelargonium littorale</i>					PELLIT	
Goodeniaceae						
<i>Anthotium humile</i>					ANTHUM	
<i>Anthotium junciforme</i>	4				ANTJUN	
<i>Dampiera alata</i>					DAMALA	
<i>Dampiera coronata</i>					DAMCOR	
<i>Dampiera linearis</i>					DAMLIN	
<i>Dampiera trigona</i>					DAMTRI	
<i>Goodenia caerulea</i>					GOOCAE	
<i>Goodenia eatoniensis</i>					GOOBAT	
<i>Goodenia micrantha</i>					GOOMIC	
<i>Goodenia pulchella</i>					GOOPUL	
<i>Lechenaultia biloba</i>					LECBIL	
<i>Lechenaultia expansa</i>					LECEXP	
<i>Lechenaultia floribunda</i>					LECFLO	
<i>Lechenaultia linarioides</i>	S	Coogee			LECLIN	
<i>Scaevola anchusifolia</i>					SCAANC	
<i>Scaevola calliptera</i>					SCACAL	
<i>Scaevola canescens</i>					SCACAN	
<i>Scaevola crassifolia</i>					SCACRA	
<i>Scaevola glandulifera</i>					SCAGLA	
<i>Scaevola lanceolata</i>					SCALAN	
<i>Scaevola nitida</i>					SCANIT	
<i>Scaevola phlebopetala</i>					SCAPHL	
<i>Scaevola repens</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i>					SCAREPAN	
<i>Scaevola repens</i> var. <i>repens</i>					SCAREPRE	
<i>Scaevola striata</i>					SCASTR	
<i>Scaevola thesioides</i>					SCATHE	
<i>Velleia trinervia</i>					VELTRI	
<i>Verreauxia reinwardtii</i>					VERREI	
Gyrostemonaceae						
<i>Gyrostemon subnudus</i>					GYRSUB	
<i>Tersonia cyathiflora</i>					TERCYA	
Haemodoraceae						
<i>Anigozanthos bicolor</i>					ANIBIC	
<i>Anigozanthos flavidus</i>					ANIFLA	
<i>Anigozanthos humilis</i>					ANIHUM	
<i>Anigozanthos manglesii</i>					ANIMAN	
<i>Anigozanthos viridis</i>					ANIVIR	
<i>Blancoa canescens</i>	S	Serpentine R			BLACAN	
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i>					CONACU	
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i> subsp. (Dunsborough)					CONACUDU	
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>					CONACUPR	
<i>Conostylis aculeata</i> x <i>candidans</i>					CONACXCO	
<i>Conostylis aures</i>					CONAUR	
<i>Conostylis candidans</i>					CONCAN	
<i>Conostylis caricina</i>					CONCAR	
<i>Conostylis festucacea</i> subsp. <i>festucacea</i>	S	Anstey Rd			CONFESFE	
<i>Conostylis juncea</i>					CONJUN	
<i>Conostylis laxiflora</i>					CONLAX	
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i>					CONPAU	
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>surythripis</i>	I				CONPAUEU	
<i>Conostylis serrulata</i>					CONSER	
<i>Conostylis setigera</i>					CONSET	
<i>Conostylis setosa</i>					CONSETO	
<i>Haemodorum brevisepalum</i>					HABRE	
<i>Haemodorum discolor</i>					HAEDIS	
<i>Haemodorum laxum</i>					HABELAX	
<i>Haemodorum loratum</i>	3				HAELOR	
<i>Haemodorum paniculatum</i>					HAEPAN	
<i>Haemodorum simplex</i>					HAESIM	
<i>Haemodorum sparsiflorum</i>					HAESPA	
<i>Haemodorum spicatum</i>					HAESPI	
<i>Phlebocarya ciliata</i>					PHLCIL	
<i>Phlebocarya filifolia</i>					PHLFIL	
<i>Tribonanthes aff. violacea</i>					TRIAFFVI	

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Tribonanthes australis</i>					TRIAUS	
<i>Tribonanthes brachypetala</i>					TRIBRA	
<i>Tribonanthes longipetala</i>					TRILON	
<i>Tribonanthes uniflora</i>					TRIUNI	
<i>Tribonanthes violacea</i>					TRIVIO	
Haloragaceae						
<i>Glischrocaryon aureum</i>					GLIAUR	
<i>Gonocarpus benthammii</i>					GONBEN	
<i>Gonocarpus hexandrus</i>					GONHEX	
<i>Gonocarpus paniculatus</i>					GONPAN	
<i>Gonocarpus pithyoides</i>					GONPIT	
<i>Haloragis aculeolata</i>	2				HALACU	
<i>Haloragis tenuifolia</i>	1				HALTEN	
<i>Myriophyllum drummondii</i>	1	2	eE		MYRDRU	
<i>Myriophyllum echinatum</i>					MYRECH	
Hyacinthaceae						
* <i>Lachenalia reflexa</i>					LACREF	
Hydatellaceae						
<i>Hydatella dioica</i>		2	eE		HYDDIO	
<i>Trithuria bibracteata</i>					TRIBIB	
<i>Trithuria submersa</i>					TRISUB	
Hypoxidaceae						
<i>Hypoxis glabella</i>					HYPGLA	
<i>Hypoxis occidentalis</i>					HYP OCC	
Iridaceae						
* <i>Babiana disticha</i>					BABDIS	
* <i>Ferraria crispa</i>					FERCRI	
* <i>Freesia aff. leichtlinii</i>					FREAFFLE	
* <i>Gladiolus angustus</i>					GLAANG	
* <i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i>					GLACAR	
* <i>Hesperantha falcata</i>					HESFAL	
* <i>Homeria flaccida</i>					HOMFLA	
<i>Orthrosanthus laxus</i>				D	ORTLAX	
<i>Patersonia babianoides</i>					PATBAB	
<i>Patersonia juncea</i>					PATJUN	
<i>Patersonia limbata</i>					PATLIM	
<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i>					PATOCC	
<i>Patersonia occidentalis</i> (swamp form, NG & ML 544)					PATOCCSW	
<i>Patersonia pygmaea</i>					PATPYG	
<i>Patersonia rufa</i>					PATRUD	
<i>Patersonia umbrosa</i> forma <i>xanthina</i>					PATUMBXA	
* <i>Romulea flava</i>					ROMFLA	
* <i>Romulea obscura</i>					ROMOBS	
* <i>Romulea rosea</i>					ROMROS	
* <i>Romulea rosea</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>					ROMROSRO	
* <i>Romulea rosea</i> var. <i>australis</i>					ROMROSAU	
* <i>Sisyrinchium exile</i>					SISEXI	
* <i>Sparaxis bulbifera</i>					SPABUL	
* <i>Watsonia bulbifera</i>					WATBUL	
* <i>Watsonia marginata</i>					WATMAR	
* <i>Watsonia meriana</i>					WATMER	
Isoetaceae						
<i>Isoetes drummondii</i>					ISODRU	
Juncaceae						
* <i>Juncus articulatus</i>					JUNART	
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>					JUNBUF	
<i>Juncus caespiticius</i>					JUNCAE	
* <i>Juncus capitatus</i>					JUNCAP	
<i>Juncus holoschoenus</i>					JUNHOL	
<i>Juncus kraussii</i>					JUNKRA	
<i>Juncus pallidus</i>					JUNPAL	
* <i>Juncus polyanthemus</i>					JUNPOL	
<i>Luzula meridionalis</i>					LUZMER	
Juncaginaceae						
<i>Triglochin calcitrappum</i>					TRICAL	
<i>Triglochin centrocarpum</i>					TRICEN	
<i>Triglochin minutissimum</i>					TRIMIN	
<i>Triglochin mucronatum</i>					TRIMUC	
<i>Triglochin muelleri</i>					TRIMUE	
<i>Triglochin procerum</i>					TRIPRO	
Triglochin sp. A (Perth Flora BJK & NG 095)					TRIGSPA	

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
—Triglochin stowardii						TRISTO
Triglochin striatum						TRISTR
Triglochin trichophorum						TRITRI
Lamiaceae						
Hemianthus pungens						HEMPUN
Hemigenia barbata					S Mt Brown	HEMBAR
Hemigenia incana						HEMINC
Hemigenia microphylla						HEMMIC
Hemigenia ramosissima						HEMRAM
Mentha piperita						MENPIP
Weinbergia dampieri						WESDAM
Lauraceae						
Cassytha aurea var. hirta						CASAURHI
Cassytha flava						CASFLA
Cassytha glabella						CASGLA
Cassytha micrantha					N Talbot Rd Midland	CASMIC
Cassytha pomiformis						CASPOM
Cassytha pubescens ssp.						CASPUB
Cassytha racemosa						CASRAC
Lemnaceae						
Lemna disperma						LEMDIS
Lentibulariaceae						
Polypompholyx multifida						POLMUL
Polypompholyx tenella						POLYTEN
Utricularia dichotoma						UTRDIC
Utricularia inaequalis						UTRINA
Utricularia menziesii						UTRMEN
Utricularia violacea						UTRVIO
Linaceae						
Linum marginale						LINMAR
* Linum trigynum						LINTRI
Lindsaeaceae						LINLIN
Lobeliaceae						
Isotoma hypocrateriformis					S Waroona	ISOHYP
Isotoma pusilla						ISOPUS
Isotoma scapigera						ISOSCAP
Lobelia alata						LOBALA
Lobelia gibbosa						LOBGIB
Lobelia heterophylla						LOBHET
Lobelia rhombifolia						LOBRHO
Lobelia tenuior						LOBTEN
* Monopsis debilis						MONDEB
Loganiaceae						
Logania campanulata						LOGCAM
Logania serpyllifolia						LOGSER
Logania serpyllifolia subsp. angustifolia						LOGSERAN
Logania vaginalis						LOGVAG
Mitrasacme palustris						MITPAL
Mitrasacme paradoxa						MITPAR
Mitrasacme sp. Southwest (GJK 343)	2				N Capel	MITSP.
Loranthaceae						
Amyema linophyllum						AMYLIN
Nuytsia floribunda						NUYFLO
Lycopodiaceae						PHYDRU
Phylloglossum drummondii						
Lythracene						LYTHYS
* Lythrum hyssopifolia						
Malvaceae						
Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa						LAVPLETO
Lawrenzia spicata						LAWSPI
Marsileaceae						
Marsilea sp. (BJK & NG 084)						MARDRU
Pilularia novae-hollandiae						PILNOV
Menyanthaceae						
Villarsia albiflora						VILALB
Villarsia capitata						VILCAP
Villarsia latifolia						VILLAT
Villarsia parnassifolia						VILPAR
Villarsia submersa						VILSUB
Villarsia violifolia				+		VILVIO

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endemic	Range	Geographic limit	Code
Mimosaceae						
Acacia alata					ACAALA	
Acacia alata var. tetrantha Ms					ACAAFFAL	
Acacia applanata Ms					ACAAPP	
Acacia auronitens					ACAAUR	
Acacia barbinervis subsp. barbinervis				DS	Burnside Rd	ACABARBA
Acacia barbinervis subsp. borealis						ACABARBO
Acacia browniana						ACABRO
Acacia cochlearis						ACACOC
Acacia cyclops						ACACYC
Acacia dentifera						ACADEN
Acacia divergens						ACADIV
Acacia drewiana				S	Lambert Lane	ACADRE
Acacia ericifolia						ACAERI
Acacia extensa						ACAEXT
Acacia flagelliformis	4					ACAFLA
Acacia huegelii						ACAHUE
Acacia incurva						ACAINC
Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (Long peduncle form)	1		eE			ACALASBR
Acacia lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa						ACALASLA
Acacia lateriticola						ACALAT
Acacia littorea				DN	Rottnest	ACALIT
Acacia mooreana	2		N		Boyanup	ACAMOO
Acacia myrtifolia						ACAMYR
Acacia nervosa						ACANER
* Acacia paradoxa						ACAPAR
Acacia pulchella (Eagle Bay)				N	Capel	ACAPULEB
Acacia pulchella var. glaberrima						ACAPULGL
Acacia pulchella var. pulchella						ACAPUL
Acacia pulchella var. reflexa Ms						ACAPULRE
* Acacia pycnantha						ACAPYC
Acacia rostellifera						ACAROS
Acacia saligna						ACASAL
Acacia semitrullata	3		N		Yarloop	ACASEM
Acacia sessilis						ACASES
Acacia spathulata						ACASPA
Acacia stenoptera						ACASTE
Acacia teretifolia						ACATER
Acacia tetragonocarpa						ACATET
Acacia truncata				S	Bunbury	ACATRU
Acacia urophylla						ACAURO
Acacia varia var. varia Ms						ACAVARVA
Acacia willdenowiana						ACAWIL
Acacia xanthina				S	Fremantle	ACAXAN
Paraserianthes lophantha						PARLOP
Molluginaceae						
Macarthuria aff. australis (Capel)			eP			MACAFFAU
Macarthuria apetala			S		Jandakot	MACAPE
Macarthuria australis			S		Mandurah	MACAUS
Myoporaceae						
Eremophila glabra						EREGLA
Myoporum caprariooides						MYOCAP
Myoporum insulare						MYOINS
Myrtaceae						
Actinodium cunninghamii				N	Bold Park	ACTCUN
Agonis flexuosa						AGOFLE
Agonis grandiflora						AGOGRA
Agonis linearifolia						AGOLIN
Agonis parviceps						AGOPAR
Astartea aff. fascicularis						AST_FA
Baeckea camphorosmae						BAECAM
Baeckea robusta						BAEROB
Baeckea tenuifolia	I		S		North Beach	BAETEN
Beaufortia elegans			S		Mundijong	BEAELE
Beaufortia macrostemon						BEAMAC
Beaufortia purpurea						BEAPUR
Beaufortia sparsa						BEASPA
Beaufortia squarrrosa				DS	Oates Rd	BEASQU
Calothamnus aff. crassus (Royce 84)	1			DN	Smith Rd	CAL_CR
Calothamnus aff. quadrifidus (Ironstone BJK & NG 230)		I	el			CALAFFQU
Calothamnus graniticus subsp. leptophyllus	2					CALGRALE

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Calothamnus hirsutus</i>					CALHIR	su
<i>Calothamnus lateralis</i>					CALLAT	e
<i>Calothamnus pallidifolius</i>					CALPAL	
<i>Calothamnus quadrifidus</i>					CALQUA	
<i>Calothamnus sanguineus</i>					CALSAN	
<i>Calytrix angulata</i>				DS	Guthrie Block	CALANG
<i>Calytrix aurea</i>						CALAUR
<i>Calytrix flavescens</i>						CALFLAv
<i>Calytrix fraseri</i>						CALFRA
<i>Calytrix leschenaultii</i>				DS	Capel Williamson Rd	CALLES
<i>Calytrix sapphirina</i>						CALSAP
<i>Calytrix strigosa</i>						CALSTR
<i>Calytrix variabilis</i>						CALVARia
<i>Chamelaucium erythrochlorum</i> Ms	R					CHAERY
<i>Chamelaucium roycii</i> Ms	R		eI			CHAROY
<i>Chamelaucium uncinatum</i>				S	Bold Park	CHAUNC
<i>Conothamnus trinervis</i>				DS	Forrestfield	CONTRI
<i>Darwinia citriodora</i>						DARCI
<i>Darwinia cederoides</i>						DAROED
<i>Darwinia</i> sp. (Williamson Rd, GJK 12717)	I	R	eI			DARIOR
<i>Darwinia thymoides</i>						DARTHY
<i>Eremaea asterocarpa</i> subsp. <i>asterocarpa</i>	I					EREASTAS
<i>Eremaea asterocarpa</i> subsp. <i>brachyclada</i>			ef			EREASTBR
<i>Eremaea fimbriata</i>				DS	Forrestfield	EREFIM
<i>Eremaea pauciflora</i>						EREPAU
<i>Eremaea pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>pauciflora</i>						EREPAUPA
<i>Eremaea purpurea</i>				S	Whiteman Park	EREPUR
<i>Eucalyptus argutifolia</i>	R			S	Yançep	EUCARG
<i>Eucalyptus calophylla</i>						EUCCAL
<i>Eucalyptus decipiens</i>						EUCDEC
<i>Eucalyptus foecunda</i>				S	Yalgorup	EUCFOE
<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>				S	Ludlow	EUCGOM
<i>Eucalyptus haematoxylon</i>						EUCHAE
<i>Eucalyptus lanepoolei</i>						EUCLAN
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> subsp. <i>elegans</i>	I	R	ef			EUCMAREL
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> subsp. <i>marginata</i>						EUCMARMA
<i>Eucalyptus patens</i>				S	Yalgorup	EUCPAT
<i>Eucalyptus petrensis</i> Ms						EUCPETRE
<i>Eucalyptus rufa</i>						EUCRUD
<i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i>						EUCTOD
<i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i>						EUCWAN
<i>Hypocalymma angustifolium</i>				N	Lyons block	HYPANG
<i>Hypocalymma ericifolium</i>						HYPERI
<i>Hypocalymma robustum</i>						HYPROB
<i>Kunzea</i> aff. <i>micrantha</i> (GJK & NG 040)						KUNAFFMI
<i>Kunzea ericifolia</i>						KUNERI
<i>Kunzea littoralis</i> Ms			eE			KUNLIT
<i>Kunzea micrantha</i>				N	Perth	KUNMIC
<i>Kunzea recurva</i>						KUNREC
* <i>Leptospermum erubescens</i>						LEPERU
<i>Leptospermum spinescens</i>						LEPSPIne
<i>Melaleuca acerosa</i>						MELACE
<i>Melaleuca</i> aff. <i>acerosa</i> (GJK 11242)	2					MELAFFAC
<i>Melaleuca</i> aff. <i>trichophylla</i>			eCL			MELAFFTR
<i>Melaleuca bracteosa</i>						MELBRA
<i>Melaleuca cardiphylloides</i>				S	Bold Park	MELCAR
<i>Melaleuca cuticularis</i>						MELCUT
<i>Melaleuca hamulosa</i>						MELHAM
<i>Melaleuca huegelii</i>						MELHUE
<i>Melaleuca incana</i>						MELINC
<i>Melaleuca lanceolata</i>						MELLAN
<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> var. <i>scutifolia</i>						MELLATAC
<i>Melaleuca lateritia</i>						MELLAT
<i>Melaleuca leptoclada</i>						MELLEP
<i>Melaleuca preissiana</i>						MELPRE
<i>Melaleuca rhaphiophylla</i>						MELRHA
<i>Melaleuca scabra</i>						MELSCA
<i>Melaleuca seriata</i>						MELSER
<i>Melaleuca</i> sp. B (Perth Flora GJK & NG 054)						MELASPB
<i>Melaleuca teretifolia</i>						MELTER
<i>Melaleuca thymoides</i>						MELTHY

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End-emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Melaleuca trichophylla</i>					MELTRI	
<i>Melaleuca uncinata</i>					MELUNC	
<i>Melaleuca viminea</i>					MELVIM	
<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>					PERELLIP	
<i>Pericalymma floridum</i> Ms					PERFLO	
<i>Regelia ciliata</i>					REGCIL	
<i>Regelia inops</i>					REGINO	
<i>Scholtzia ciliata</i>				DS	Yarloop	SCHCIL
<i>Scholtzia involucrata</i>						SCHINV
<i>Verticordia acerosa</i>						VERACE
<i>Verticordia densiflora</i>						VERDEN
<i>Verticordia drummondii</i>						VERDRU
<i>Verticordia habrantha</i>						VERHAB
<i>Verticordia huegelii</i>						VERHUE
<i>Verticordia huegelii</i> var. <i>huegelii</i>	4		eE			VERHUEHU
<i>Verticordia lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i>						VERLINLI
<i>Verticordia nitens</i>						VERNIT
<i>Verticordia ovalifolia</i>				S	Ellis brook	VEROVA
<i>Verticordia pennigera</i>						VERPEN
<i>Verticordia plumosa</i>						VERPLU
<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>pleiobotrya</i>	1		eE			VERPLUPL
<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>vassensis</i>	1		eE			VERPLUVA
Olacaceae						
<i>Olax benthamiana</i>						OLABEN
<i>Olax scalariformis</i>						OLASCA
Onagraceae						
<i>Epilobium billardierianum</i>						EPIBIL
<i>Epilobium billardierianum</i> subsp. <i>intermedium</i>						EPIBILIN
<i>Epilobium hirtigerum</i>						EPIHIR
Ophioglossaceae						
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>						OPHLUS
Orchidaceae						
<i>Caladenia aphylla</i>						CALAPH
<i>Caladenia arenicola</i> Ms						CALARE
<i>Caladenia attingens</i> subsp. <i>attinges</i>						CALATTAT
<i>Caladenia bicallista</i>						CALBIC
<i>Caladenia brownii</i>						CALBRO
<i>Caladenia deformis</i>						CALDEF
<i>Caladenia denticulata</i>						CALDEN
<i>Caladenia discoidea</i>						CALDIS
<i>Caladenia ferruginea</i>						CALFER
<i>Caladenia flava</i>						CALFLA
<i>Caladenia flava</i> subsp. <i>flava</i>						CALFLAFL
<i>Caladenia gemmata</i>						CALGEM
<i>Caladenia georgei</i>						CALGEOR
<i>Caladenia hirta</i>						CALHIR
<i>Caladenia huegelii</i>	R		eP			CALHUE
<i>Caladenia latifolia</i>						CALLAT
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i>						CALLON
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>calcigena</i>						CALLONCA
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>longicauda</i>						CALLONLO
<i>Caladenia marginata</i>						CALMAR
<i>Caladenia menziesii</i>						CALMEN
<i>Caladenia paludosa</i>						CALPAL
<i>Caladenia radiata</i>						CALRAD
<i>Caladenia reptans</i>						CALREP
<i>Caladenia sericea</i>						CALSER
<i>Caladenia speciosa</i>						CALSPEC
<i>Caladenia varians</i> subsp. <i>varians</i>						CALVARA
<i>Caladenia variegata</i>						CALVAR
<i>Corybas recurvus</i>						CORREC
<i>Cyrtostylis huegelii</i>						CYRHUE
<i>Cyrtostylis robusta</i>						CYRROB
<i>Diuris aff. amplissima</i>						DIUAFFAM
<i>Diuris carinata</i>						DIUCAR
<i>Diuris emarginata</i>						DIUEMA
<i>Diuris laxiflora</i>						DIULAX
<i>Diuris longifolia</i>						DIULON
<i>Diuris micrantha</i>						DIUMIC
<i>Drakaea glyptodon</i>						DRAGLY
<i>Elythranthera brunonis</i>	R		eP			ELYBRU

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Elythranthera emarginata					ELYEMA	
Epiblema grandiflorum					PIGRA	
Eriochilus dilatatus					ERIDIL	
Eriochilus dilatatus subsp. dilatatus					ERIDILD	
Eriochilus dilatatus subsp. multiflorus					ERIDILMU	
Eriochilus helonomos					ERIHEL	
Eriochilus multiflorus					ERIMUL	
Leporella fimbriata					LEPFIM	
Lyperanthus nigricans					LYPNIG	
Lyperanthus serratus					LYPSER	
Microtis aff. media					MICAFFME	
Microtis atrata					MICATTR	
Microtis media					MICMED	
Microtis media subsp. densiflora					MICMEDDE	
Microtis media subsp. media					MICMEDMB	
Microtis orbicularis					MICORB	
Microtis unifolia					MICUNI	
* Monadenia bracteata					MONBRA	
Prasophyllum aff. holmsii					PRA_HO	
Prasophyllum brownii					PRABRO	
Prasophyllum drummondii	N	GinGin			PRADRU	
Prasophyllum elatum					PRAELA	
Prasophyllum fimbria					PRAFIM	
Prasophyllum macrostachyum					PRAMAC	
Prasophyllum parvifolium					PRAPAR	
Prasophyllum plumaeforme					PRAPLU	
Prasophyllum plurifera Ms					PRASPLU	
Pterostylis aff. nana					PTEAFFNA	
Pterostylis aff. nana (limestone form)					PTENANLI	
Pterostylis aff. sanguinea					PTEAFFSA	
Pterostylis aff. vittata					PTEAFFVI	
Pterostylis aspera					PTEASP	
Pterostylis barbata					PTEBAR	
Pterostylis brevisepala Ms					PTEBRE	
Pterostylis concava					PTECON	
Pterostylis pyramidalis					PTEPYR	
Pterostylis recurva					PTEREC	
Pterostylis sanguinea					PTESAN	
Pterostylis scabra var. robusta					PTESCARO	
Pterostylis seratina var. robusta Ms					PTESERRO	
Pterostylis sp. nov. (Paganini)					PTEPAGA	
Pterostylis vittata					PTEVIT	
Thelymitra aff. holmesii					THEAFFHO	
Thelymitra aff. macrophyllum					THEAFFMA	
Thelymitra aff. pauciflora					THEAFFPA	
Thelymitra antenifera					THEANT	
Thelymitra benthamiana					THEBEN	
Thelymitra campanulata					THECAM	
Thelymitra canaliculata					THECAN	
Thelymitra crinita					THECRI	
Thelymitra flexuosa					THEFLE	
Thelymitra fuscolutea					THEFUS	
Thelymitra macrophylla					THEMAC	
Thelymitra mucida					THEMUC	
Thelymitra nuda					THENUD	
Thelymitra pauciflora					THEPAU	
Orobanchaceae					OROMIN	
* Orobanche minor						
Oxalidaceae					OXACOR	
Oxalis corniculata					OXAGLA	
* Oxalis glabra					OXAPER	
Oxalis perennans					OXAPES	
* Oxalis pes-caprae					OXAPUR	
* Oxalis purpurea						
Papilionaceae					AOTGRA	
Aotus gracillima					AOTPRO	
Aotus procumbens					BOSERI	
Bossiaea eriocarpa					BOSERILF	
Bossiaea eriocarpa (Large flowered form BJK & NG 229)					BOSORN	
Bossiaea ornata					BOSPUL	
Bossiaea pulchella						

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endemic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Bossiaea rufa</i>					BOSRUF	
<i>Brachysema celsianum</i>					BOSCEL	
<i>Brachysema praemorsum</i>					BRAPRA	
<i>Brachysema modesta</i> Ms (sp. Treeton BJK & NG 001)	1	R	eI		BRAAFFSE	
<i>Brachysema papilio</i> Ms (sp. Williamson GJK 12719)	1	R	eI		BRAWIL	
<i>Callistachys lanceolata</i>					CALLAN	
<i>Chorizema dicksonii</i>					CHODIC	
<i>Chorizema glycinifolium</i>					CHOGLY	
<i>Chorizema nanum</i>					CHONAN	
<i>Chorizema rhombaeum</i>					CHORHO	
<i>Chorizema varium</i>		R		S	Seabird	CHOVAR
<i>Daviesia angulata</i>					DAVANG	
<i>Daviesia comutata</i> Ms					DAVCOM	
<i>Daviesia cordata</i>					DAVCOR	
<i>Daviesia costata</i>					DAVCOS	
<i>Daviesia decurrens</i>					DAVDEC	
<i>Daviesia divaricata</i>					DAVDIV	
<i>Daviesia horrida</i>					DAVHOR	
<i>Daviesia incrassata</i>				N	Fish Rd NR	DAVINC
<i>Daviesia inflata</i>						DAVINF
<i>Daviesia nudiflora</i>						DAVNUD
<i>Daviesia physodes</i>						DAVPHY
<i>Daviesia podophylla</i>						DAVPOD
<i>Daviesia preissii</i>						DAVPRE
<i>Daviesia quadrilatera</i>						DAVQUA
<i>Daviesia rhombifolia</i>						DAVRHO
<i>Daviesia triflora</i>						DAVTRI
<i>Dillwynia dillwynioides</i>			2	eP		DILDIL
<i>Dillwynia cinerascens</i> Ms						DILCI
<i>Euchilopsis linearis</i>						EUCLIN
<i>Eutaxia virgata</i>						EUTVIR
<i>Gompholobium aristatum</i>				N	Capel	GOMARI
<i>Gompholobium capitatum</i>						GOMCAP
<i>Gompholobium confertum</i>						GOMCON
<i>Gompholobium knightianum</i>						GOMKNI
<i>Gompholobium marginatum</i>						GOMMAR
<i>Gompholobium ovatum</i>						GOMOVA
<i>Gompholobium polymorphum</i>						GOMPOL
<i>Gompholobium preissii</i>						GOMPRE
<i>Gompholobium scabrum</i>						GOMSCA
<i>Gompholobium tomentosum</i>						GOMTOM
<i>Hardenbergia comptoniana</i>						HARCOM
<i>Hovea chorizemifolia</i>						HOVCHO
<i>Hovea elliptica</i>						HOVELL
<i>Hovea pungens</i>						HOVPUN
<i>Hovea trisperma</i> var. <i>grandiflora</i>						HOVTRIGR
<i>Hovea trisperma</i> var. <i>trisperma</i>						HOVTRITR
<i>Isotropis cuneifolia</i>				R	eE	ISOCUN
<i>Isotropis cuneifolia</i> subsp. <i>glabra</i> Ms						ISOCUNG1
<i>Jacksonia aff. floribunda</i>						JACAFFL
<i>Jacksonia aff. sericea</i> (swamp form)					eP	JACAFFSE
<i>Jacksonia alata</i>						JACALA
<i>Jacksonia angulata</i>						JACANG
<i>Jacksonia condensata</i>						JACCON
<i>Jacksonia densiflora</i>						JACDEN
<i>Jacksonia densiflora</i> / <i>floribunda</i> complex						JACDF/F
<i>Jacksonia floribunda</i>						JACFLO
<i>Jacksonia furcellata</i>						JACFUR
<i>Jacksonia lehmannii</i>						JACLEH
<i>Jacksonia restioides</i>						JACRES
<i>Jacksonia sericea</i>	3				eP	JACSER
<i>Jacksonia</i> sp. Busselton (G.J. Keighery 4482) PN	3					JACSP.
<i>Jacksonia sternbergiana</i>						JACSTE
<i>Jacksonia stricta</i>						JACSTR
<i>Kennedia carinata</i>						KENCAR
<i>Kennedia coccinea</i>						KENCOC
<i>Kennedia prostrata</i>						KENPRO
<i>Kennedia stirlingii</i>						KENSTI
<i>Latrobea tenella</i>						LATTEN
* <i>Lotus angustissimus</i>						LOTANG
* <i>Lotus suaveolens</i>						LOTSUA

Floristic survey of Swan Coastal Plain

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Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>					LUPCOS	
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>					MEDPOL	
* <i>Melilotus indicus</i>					MELIND	
<i>Mirbelia dilatata</i>					MIRDIL	
<i>Mirbelia spinosa</i>					MIRSPI	
<i>Nemcia aff. capitata</i>					NEMAFFCA	
<i>Nemcia capitata</i>					NEMCAP	
<i>Nemcia dilatata</i>					NEMDIL	
<i>Nemcia reticulata</i>					NEMRET	
<i>Nemcia sp. (Cordate leaves BJK & NG 032)</i>					NEMCOR	
<i>Nemcia spathulata</i>					NEMSPA	
* <i>Ornithopus compressus</i>					ORNCOM	
* <i>Ornithopus pinnatus</i>					ORNPIN	
<i>Oxylobium lineare</i>					OXYLIN	
<i>Pultenaea ericifolia</i>				Bullabrook NR	PULERI	
<i>Pultenaea ochreata</i>					PULOCH	
<i>Pultenaea reticulata</i>					PULRET	
<i>Pultenaea skinneri</i>	4		eE		PULSKI	
<i>Sphaerolobium aff. macranthum</i>					SPHAFFMA	
<i>Sphaerolobium grandiflorum</i>					SPHGRA	
<i>Sphaerolobium linophyllum</i>					SPHLIN	
<i>Sphaerolobium medium</i>					SPHMED	
<i>Sphaerolobium viminum</i>					SPHVIM	
<i>Templetonia biloba</i>					TEMBIL	
<i>Templetonia retusa</i>					TEMRET	
* <i>Trifolium angustifolium</i>					TRIANG	
* <i>Trifolium arvense</i>					TRIARV	
* <i>Trifolium campestre</i>					TRICAM	
* <i>Trifolium cernuum</i>					TRICER	
* <i>Trifolium dubium</i>					TRIDUB	
* <i>Trifolium glomeratum</i>					TRIGLO	
* <i>Trifolium subterraneum</i>					TRISUBtE	
* <i>Vicia sativa</i>					VICSAT	
* <i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp. <i>sativa</i>					VICSATSA	
<i>Viminaria juncea</i>					VIMJUN	
Philydraceae						
<i>Philydrella drummondii</i>					PHIDRU	
<i>Philydrella pygmaea</i>					PHIPYG	
Phormiaceae						
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>					DIAREV	
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>brevicaulis</i>					DIAREVBR	
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>					DIAREVDI	
<i>Stypandra glauca</i>					STYGLA	
Pinaceae						
* <i>Pinus radiata</i>					PINRAD	
Pittosporaceae						
<i>Billardiera aff. ringens</i> (GJK 12977)	1		eCL		BILAFRI	
<i>Billardiera candida</i>					BILCAN	
<i>Billardiera parviflora</i>					BILPAR	
<i>Billardiera variifolia</i>					BILVAR	
<i>Pittosporum phylliraeoides</i>					PITPHY	
<i>Pronaya fraseri</i>					PROFRA	
<i>Sollia heterophylla</i>					SOLHET	
Plantaginaceae						
* <i>Plantago lanceolata</i>					PLALAN	
* <i>Plantago major</i>					PLAMAJ	
Poaceae						
<i>Agrostis avenacea</i>					AGRAVE	
<i>Agrostis plebeia</i>					AGRPLE	
<i>Agrostis preissii</i>					AGRPRE	
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>					AIRCAR	
* <i>Aira caryophyllea/cupaniana</i> group					AIRASP	
* <i>Aira cupaniana</i>					AIRCUP	
* <i>Aira praecox</i>					AIRPRA	
<i>Amphibromus neesii</i>					AMPNEE	
<i>Amphipogon amhipogonoides</i>					AMPAMP	
<i>Amphipogon debilis</i>					AMPDEB	
<i>Amphipogon laguroides</i>					AMPLAG	
<i>Amphipogon turbinatus</i>					AMPTUR	
* <i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>					ANTODO	
<i>Aristida contorta</i>				Beckenham	ARICON	

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic Code	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Aristida ramosa			1	D		ARIARAM
* Avellinia michelii						AVEMIC
* Avena barbata						AVEBAR
* Avena barbata/fatua						AVENASP
* Avena fatua						AVEFAT
* Briza maxima						BRIMAX
* Briza minor						BRIMIN
Bromus arenarius						BROARE
* Bromus diandrus						BRODIA
* Bromus hordeaceus						BROHOR
* Cotspeodium rigidum						CATRIG
Cynodon dactylon						CYNDAC
* Cynosurus echinatus						CYNECH
Danthonia acerosa						DANACE
Danthonia caespitosa						DANCAE
Danthonia occidentalis						DANOCO
Danthonia pilosa						DANPIL
Danthonia setacea						DANSET
Deyeuxia quadrisetata						DEYQUA
Dichelachne crinita						DICCRI
* Echinochloa crus-galli						ECHCRU
* Ehrharta calycina						EHRCAL
* Ehrharta longiflora						EHRLON
* Eragrostis curvula						ERACUR
Eragrostis elongata						ERAELO
* Glyceria maxima						GLYMAX
* Holcus lanatus						HOLLAN
* Holcus setiger						HOLSET
* Hordeum leporinum						HORLEP
* Lagurus ovatus						LAGOVA
* Lolium multiflorum						LOLMUL
* Lolium perenne						LOLPER
* Lolium rigidum						LOLRIG
Microlaena stipoides						MICSTI
Neurachne alopecuroidea						NEUALO
Neurachne amphipogonoides						NEUAMP
* Parapholis incurva						PARINC
* Paspalum dilatatum						PASDIL
* Pennisetum clandestinum						PENCLA
* Pentaschistis airoides						PENAIR
* Pentaschistis thunbergii						PENTHU
* Phalaris minor						PHAMIN
* Phleum pratense						PHLPRA
* Poa annua						POAANN
Poa drummondiana						POADRU
Poa poiformis						POAPOI
Poa poiformis/porphyroclados						POASP
Poa porphyroclados						POAPOR
* Polypogon monspeliensis						POLMON
Polypogon tenellus						POLTEN
Sporobolus virginicus						SPOVIR
* Stenotaphrum secundatum						STESEC
Stipa campylachne						STICAM
Stipa compressa						STICOM
Stipa elegantissima						STIELE
Stipa flavescens						STIFLA
Stipa macalpinei						STIMAC
Stipa pycnostachya						STIPYC
Stipa semibarbata						STISEM
Stipa semibarbata/campylachne						STISEMP
Stipa tenuifolia						STITEN
Tetraherena laevis						TETLAE
Themeda triandra						THETRI
* Vulpia bromoides						VULBRO
* Vulpia myuros						VULMYU
Podocarpaceae						PODDRO
Podocarpus drouynianus						
Polygalaceae						COMCAL
Comesperma calymega						COMCON
Comesperma confertum						

Floristic survey of Swan Coastal Plain

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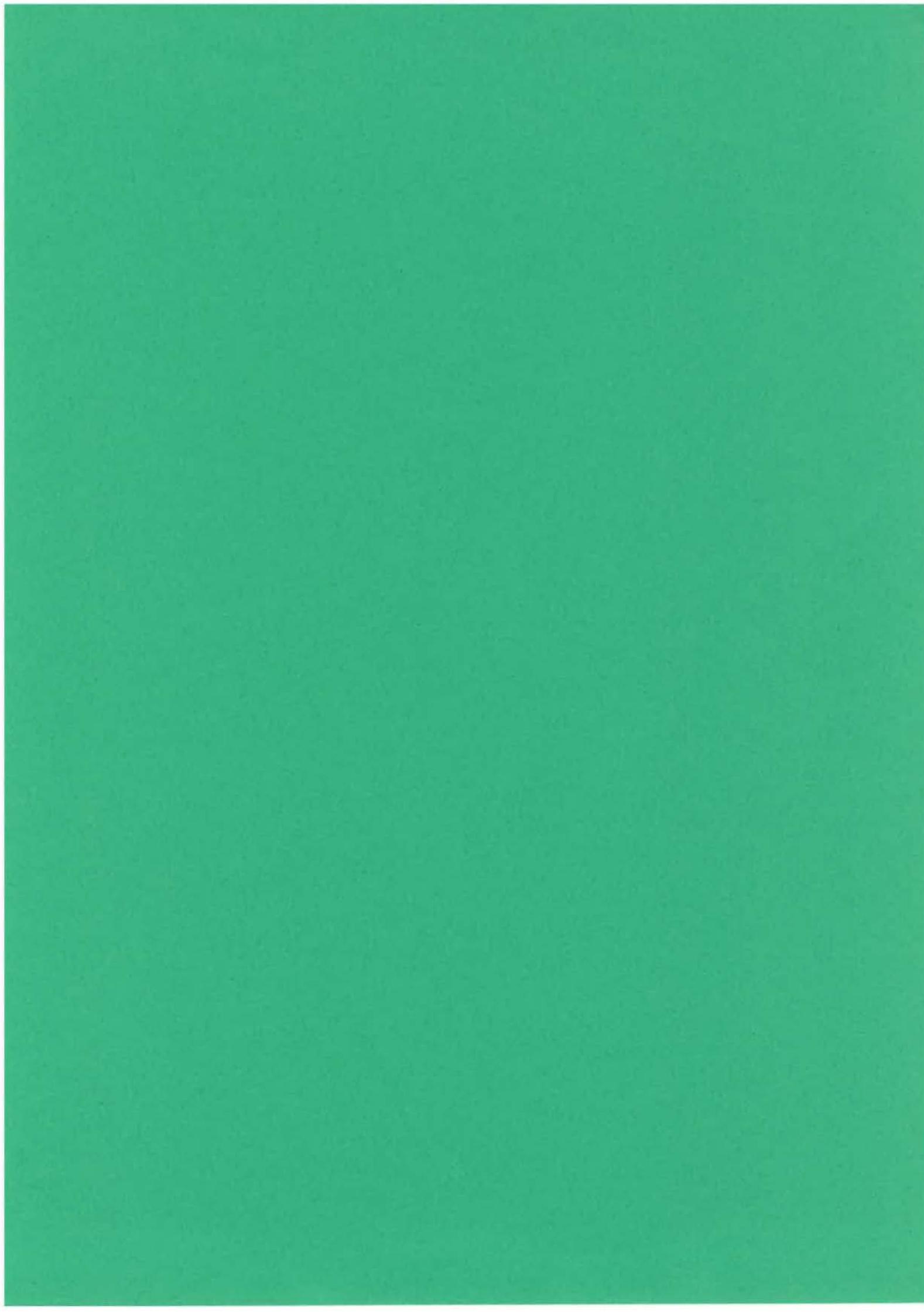
Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Comesperma flavum</i>					COMPLA	
<i>Comesperma integrifolium</i>					COMINT	
<i>Comesperma virgatum</i>					COMVIR	
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>					COMVOL	
<i>Muehlenbeckia adpressa</i>					MUEADP	
<i>Muehlenbeckia polybotrys</i>				S	Caraban	MUEPOL
<i>Persicaria prostrata</i>						PERPRO
<i>Persicaria salicifolium</i>						PERSAL
* <i>Rumex acetosella</i>						RUMACE
* <i>Rumex brownii</i>						RUMBRO
* <i>Rumex crispus</i>						RUMCRI
* <i>Rumex pulcher</i>						RUMPUL
Portulacaceae						
<i>Calandrinia brevipedata</i>					CALBRE	
<i>Calandrinia calyptrotrapa</i>					CALCAL	
<i>Calandrinia corrugoloides</i>					CALCOR	
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>					CALGRA	
<i>Calandrinia liniflora</i>					CALLIN	
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>					POROLE	
Primulaceae						
* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>					ANAARV	
<i>Samolus junceus</i>					SAMJUN	
<i>Samolus repens</i>					SAMREP	
Proteaceae						
<i>Adenanthera cygnorum</i>					ADECYG	
<i>Adenanthera intermedia</i>					ADEINT	
<i>Adenanthera meisneri</i>					ADEMEI	
<i>Adenanthera obovatus</i>					ADEOBO	
<i>Banksia attenuata</i>					BANATT	
<i>Banksia grandis</i>					BANGRA	
<i>Banksia ilicifolia</i>					BANILI	
<i>Banksia incana</i>					BANINC	
<i>Banksia littoralis</i>					BANLIT	
<i>Banksia meisneri var. ascendens</i>	4				BANMEIAS	
<i>Banksia menziesii</i>					BANMEN	
<i>Banksia prionotes</i>					BANPRI	
<i>Conospermum acerosum</i>					CONACE	
<i>Conospermum caeruleum subsp. spathulatum</i> Ms					CONCAESP	
<i>Conospermum capitatum</i>					CONCAP	
<i>Conospermum huegelii</i>				S	Brixton St	CONHUE
<i>Conospermum incurvum</i>					CONINC	
<i>Conospermum pedunculatum</i> Ms				eB		CONPED
<i>Conospermum stoechadis</i>					CONSTO	
<i>Conospermum stoechadis x triplinervium</i>					CONSXT	
<i>Conospermum teretifolium</i>					CONTER	
<i>Conospermum undulatum</i>	4	R	ef	N	Capel	CONUND
<i>Dryandra aff. nivea</i> (GJK 6622)		R				DRYAFFNI
<i>Dryandra armata</i>						DRYARM
<i>Dryandra bipinnatifida</i>				E		DRYBIP
<i>Dryandra nivea</i>						DRYNIV
<i>Dryandra sessilis</i>						DRYSES
<i>Dryandra</i> sp. 30 (aff. <i>squarrosa</i> ASG 11657)	1	R	el			DRYSPIR
<i>Franklandia triariata</i>	4					FRATRI
<i>Grevillea althoferorum</i>	1			S	Bullbrook	GREALT
<i>Grevillea bipinnatifida</i>						GREBIP
<i>Grevillea brachystylis</i> subsp. <i>brachystylis</i>	2		eB			GREBRABR
<i>Grevillea crithmifolia</i>				S	Yalgorup	GRECRI
<i>Grevillea elongata</i>	2	R	el			GREELO
<i>Grevillea endlicheriana</i>						GREEND
<i>Grevillea manglesioides</i>						GREMAN
<i>Grevillea maccutcheonii</i> Ms	1		el			GREMCC
<i>Grevillea pilulifera</i>						GREPIL
<i>Grevillea pulchella</i>						GREPUL
<i>Grevillea quercifolia</i>						GREQUE
<i>Grevillea thelemanniana</i> subsp. <i>obtusifolia</i>				S	Pinjarra	GRETHEOB
<i>Grevillea thelemanniana</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>				S	Yalgorup	GRETHEPR
<i>Grevillea thelemanniana</i> subsp. <i>thelemanniana</i>						GRETHETH
<i>Grevillea trifida</i>						GRETRI
<i>Grevillea vestita</i>						GREVES
<i>Grevillea wilsonii</i>						GREWIL
Hakea aff. <i>undulata</i> (BJK & NG 897)	2	4	eCL			HAK_UND

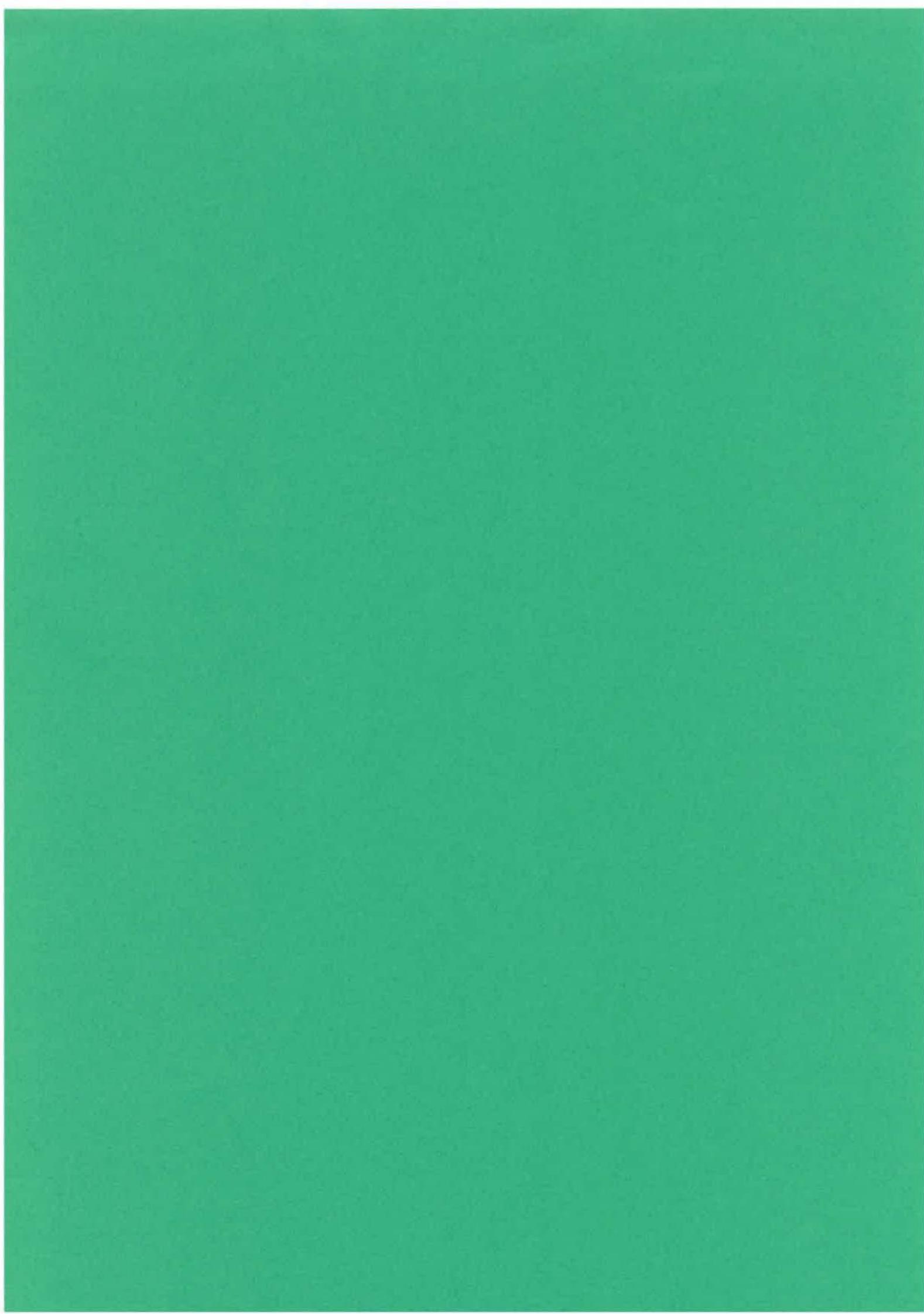
Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endemic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Hakea amplexicaulis</i>					HAKAMP	
<i>Hakea auriculata</i>				S	Perth	HAKAUR
<i>Hakea candolleana</i>						HAKCAN
<i>Hakea ceratophylla</i>				S	Byford	HAKCER
<i>Hakea conchifolia</i>				S	Forrestfield	HAKCON
<i>Hakea costata</i>						HAKCOS
<i>Hakea cristata</i>						HAKCRI
<i>Hakea cyclocarpa</i>						HAKCYC
<i>Hakea erinacea</i>				S	Perth	HAKERI
<i>Hakea incrassata</i>						HAKINC
<i>Hakea lissocarpa</i>						HAKLIS
<i>Hakea marginata</i>						HAKMAR
<i>Hakea myrtoides</i>	3					HAKMYR
<i>Hakea prostrata</i>						HAKPRO
<i>Hakea ruscifolia</i>						HAKRUS
<i>Hakea stenocarpa</i>						HAKSTE
<i>Hakea sulcata</i>						HAKSUL
<i>Hakea trifurcata</i>						HAKTRI
<i>Hakea undulata</i>						HAKUND
<i>Hakea varia</i>						HAKVAR
<i>Hakea varia</i> (Yellow flw ironstone form BJK & NG 226)	R		eI			HAKVARIR
<i>Isopogon asper</i>						ISOASP
<i>Isopogon drummondii</i>	3			S	Forrestfield	ISODRUM
<i>Isopogon dubius</i>				S	Forrestfield	ISODUB
<i>Isopogon scaber</i>	1			S	Ambergate	ISOSCA
<i>Isopogon sphaerocephalus</i>						ISOSPH
<i>Lambertia multiflora</i> subsp. <i>darlingensis</i>	3			S	Dardanup	LAMMUL
<i>Lambertia propinqua</i>	2			DN	Williamson Rd	LAMPRO
<i>Persoonia angustiflora</i>						PERANG
<i>Persoonia comata</i>						PERCOM
<i>Persoonia elliptica</i>						PERELL
<i>Persoonia graminea</i>				DN	Carbanup	PERGRA
<i>Persoonia longifolia</i>						PERLON
<i>Persoonia saccata</i>						PERSAC
<i>Petrophile biloba</i>						PETBIL
<i>Petrophile brevifolia</i>						PETBRE
<i>Petrophile latericola</i> Ms	1	R	eI			PETLAT
<i>Petrophile linearis</i>						PETLIN
<i>Petrophile macrostachya</i>						PETMAC
<i>Petrophile media</i> var. <i>juncifolius</i> Ms						PETMEDJU
<i>Petrophile seminuda</i>						PETSEM
<i>Petrophile serruriae</i>						PETSER
<i>Petrophile shuttleworthiana</i>						PETSHU
<i>Petrophile squamata</i>						PETSQU
<i>Petrophile striata</i>						PETSTR
<i>Stirlingia latifolia</i>						STILAT
<i>Strangea stenocarpoides</i>						STRSTE
<i>Synaphea</i> ? <i>gracillima</i> x <i>acutiloba</i>	3					SYNGXA
<i>Synaphea acutiloba</i>						SYNACU
<i>Synaphea</i> aff. <i>petiolaris</i>						SYNPET
<i>Synaphea</i> <i>gracillima</i>						SYNGRA
<i>Synaphea petiolaris</i>						SYNPET
<i>Synaphea petiolaris</i> (trilobe form)						SYNPETTR
<i>Synaphea pinnata</i>	4		eE			SYNPIN
<i>Synaphea polymorpha</i>						SYNPOL
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Busselton)						SYNBUS
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Fine leaves BJK & NG 247)						SYNSTE
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Fish Road GJK & BJK sn)						SYNFISH
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Ironstone wedge leaves GJK sn)				eI		SYNWEDG
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Oats Road GJK & NG 251)						SYNOATS
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Smith Rd BJK & NG 244)						SYNFLO
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. (Whiche Range BJK & NG 036)						SYNWICH
<i>Synaphea spinulosa</i>						SYNSPI
<i>Xylomelum occidentale</i>						XYLOCC
<i>Ranunculaceae</i>						CLELIN
<i>Clematis linearifolia</i>						CLEPUB
<i>Clematis pubescens</i>						RANCOL
<i>Ranunculus colonorum</i>						RANPUM
<i>Ranunculus pumilio</i>						RANSESSE
<i>Ranunculus sessiliflorus</i> var. <i>sessiliflorus</i>						

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
Restionaceae						
<i>Alexgeorgea nitens</i>					ALENIT	
<i>Anarthria gracilis</i>					ANAGRA	
<i>Anarthria humilis</i>					ANAHUM	
<i>Anarthria laevis</i>					ANALAE	
<i>Anarthria prolifera</i>					ANAPRO	
<i>Anarthria scabra</i>					ANASCA	
<i>Chaetanthes leptocarpoides</i>					CHALEP	
<i>Harperia lateriflora</i>					HARLAT	
<i>Hypolaena exulta</i>					HYPEXS	
<i>Hypolaena fastigiata</i>					HYPFAS	
<i>Hypolaena ramosissima</i>					HYPRAM	
<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>					LEPPRE	
<i>Leptocarpus aff. crebriculmis</i> (BJK & NG 236)					LEPAFFCR	
<i>Leptocarpus aristatus</i>					LEPARI	
<i>Leptocarpus canus</i>					LEPCAN	
<i>Leptocarpus coangustatus</i>					LEPCOA	
<i>Leptocarpus elegans</i> Ms					LEPELE	
<i>Leptocarpus roycii</i> Ms					LEPROY	
<i>Leptocarpus scariosus</i>					LEPSCAr	
<i>Leptocarpus</i> sp. (large rhizome - Forrestdale Lake, NG & ML 1551)					LEPTFL	
<i>Leptocarpus tenax</i>					LEPTEN	
<i>Lepyrodia aff. macro</i> (GJK 9848)					LEPYSP	
<i>Lepyrodia drummondiana</i>					LEPDRU	
<i>Lepyrodia glauca</i>					LEPGLAu	
<i>Lepyrodia heleocharoides</i>	3				LEPHEL	
<i>Lepyrodia macro</i>					LEPMAC	
<i>Lepyrodia muirii</i>					LEPMUI	
<i>Loxocarya cinerea</i>					LOXCIN	
<i>Loxocarya fasciculata</i>					LOXFAS	
<i>Loxocarya flexuosa</i>					LOXFLE	
<i>Loxocarya magna</i> Ms	3			N	Wonnerup Rd	LOXMAG
<i>Loxocarya pubescens</i>						LOXPUB
<i>Lyginia barbata</i>						LYGBAR
<i>Meeboldina denmarkica</i>						MEEDEN
<i>Pseudoloxocarya grossa</i> Ms				DN	Carburnup River	PSUGRO
<i>Restio elegans</i> Ms						RESELE
<i>Restio gracilior</i>	3			N	Yoongarilup	RESGRA
<i>Restio leptocarpoides</i>						RESLEP
<i>Restio microcodon</i> Ms				S	Melaleuca Park	RESMIC
<i>Restio serialis</i> Ms				DN	Williamson Rd	RESSER
<i>Restio sinuosus</i> Ms				S	Burnside Rd	RESSIN
<i>Restio stenostachyus</i>				S	Lowlands	RESSTE
<i>Restio tremulus</i>						RESTRE
Rhamnaceae						
<i>Cryptandra arbutiflora</i>						CRYARB
<i>Cryptandra humilis</i>				DS	Forrestfield	CRYHUM
<i>Cryptandra mutila</i>				S	Yallingup	CRYMUT
<i>Cryptandra pungens</i>						CRYPUN
* <i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>						RHAALA
<i>Spyridium globulosum</i>						SPYGLO
<i>Spyridium tridentatum</i>						SPYTRI
<i>Trymalium albicans</i>				S	Yalgorup	TRYALB
<i>Trymalium floribundum</i>						TRYFLO
<i>Trymalium ledifolium</i>						TRYLED
Rubiaceae						
* <i>Gallium aparine</i>						GALAPA
* <i>Gallium divaricatum</i>						GALDIV
* <i>Gallium murale</i>						GALMUR
<i>Opercularia apiciflora</i>						OPEAPI
<i>Opercularia hispidula</i>						OPEHIS
<i>Opercularia sparmacocea</i>						OPESPE
<i>Opercularia vaginata</i>						OPEVAG
<i>Opercularia vaginata</i> (Ironstone form BJK & NG 238)				eI		OPEVAGIR
* <i>Sherardia arvensis</i>						SHEARV
Rutaceae						
<i>Boronia alata</i>				N	Rottnest Minnim Cove	BORALA
<i>Boronia crenulata</i>						BORCRE
<i>Boronia defoliata</i>				N	Capel	BORDEF
<i>Boronia denticulata</i>						BORDEN
<i>Boronia dichotoma</i>						BORDIC

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	Endemic	Range end	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Boronia purdieana</i>						BORPUR
<i>Boronia ramosa</i>						BORRAM
<i>Boronia spathulata</i>						BORSPA
<i>Diplolaena angustifolia</i>	S			Yançep		DIPANG
<i>Diplolaena dampieri</i>	N			Woodsman Point		DIPDAM
<i>Eriostemon spicatus</i>						ERISPI
Santalaceae						
<i>Exocarpos odoratus</i>						EXOODO
<i>Exocarpos sparteus</i>						EXOSPA
<i>Leptomeria cunninghamii</i>						LEPCUN
<i>Leptomeria empetriformis</i>						LEPEMP
<i>Leptomeria ericooides</i>	1					LEPERI
<i>Leptomeria lehmannii</i>	2					LEPLEH
<i>Leptomeria preissiana</i>						LEPPRE
<i>Leptomeria scrobiculata</i>						LEPSCR
<i>Leptomeria spinosa</i>						LEPSPI
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>						SANACU
Sapindaceae						
<i>Dodonaea australis</i>						DODAPT
<i>Dodonaea hackettiana</i>	4					DODHAC
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>					eW	DODVIS
Scrophulariaceae						
* <i>Bellardia trixago</i>						BELTRI
* <i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>						CYMMUR
* <i>Dischisma arenarium</i>						DISARE
* <i>Dischisma capitatum</i>						DISCAP
<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>						GLODIA
<i>Glossostigma drummondii</i>						GLODRU
<i>Gratiola peruviana</i>						GRAPER
* <i>Parentucellia latifolia</i>						PARLAT
* <i>Parentucellia viscosa</i>						PARVIS
<i>Veronica aff. calycina</i> (BJK & NG 235)						VERAFFCA
* <i>Veronica arvensis</i>						VERARV
Selaginellaceae						
<i>Selaginella gracillima</i>						SELGRA
Solanaceae						
<i>Anthocercis ilicifolia</i>						ANTILI
<i>Anthocercis littorea</i>						ANTLIT
* <i>Solanum americanum</i>						SOLAME
* <i>Solanum nigrum</i>						SOLNIG
<i>Solanum symonii</i>						SOLSYM
Stackhousiaceae						
<i>Stackhousia monogyna</i>						STAMON
<i>Tripterococcus brunonis</i>						TRIBRU
<i>Triterococcus</i> sp. Cannington (A.S.George 16201) PN	1					TRISP.
Sterculiaceae						
<i>Guichenotia ledifolia</i>						GUILED
<i>Thomasia cognata</i>						THOCOG
<i>Thomasia grandiflora</i>						THOGRA
<i>Thomasia purpurea</i>						THOPUR
<i>Thomasia triphylla</i>						THOTRI
Stylidiaceae						
<i>Levenhookia pauciflora</i>						LEVPAU
<i>Levenhookia pusilla</i>						LEVpus
<i>Levenhookia stipitata</i>						LEVSTI
<i>Stylium adnatum</i>						STYADN
<i>Stylium adpressum</i>						STYADP
<i>Stylium aff. bulbiferum</i> (Ironstone, BJK & NG 706)	2					STYAFFBUL
<i>Stylium affine</i>						STYAFF
<i>Stylium amoenum</i>						STYAMO
<i>Stylium breviscapum</i>						STYBRE
<i>Stylium brunonianum</i>						STYBRU
<i>Stylium brunonianum</i> subsp. minor						STYBRUMI
<i>Stylium bulbiferum</i>						STYBUL
<i>Stylium calcaratum</i>						STYCAL
<i>Stylium canaliculatum</i>						STYCAN
<i>Stylium carnosum</i>						STYCAR
<i>Stylium crassifolium</i>						STYCRA
<i>Stylium crossocephalum</i>						STYCRO
<i>Stylium dichotomum</i>						STYDIC
<i>Stylium diuroides</i>						STYDIU
					Pearce	
					Wanneroo	

Family/taxon	Cons. Code	Prop. Cons.	End- emic Code	Range	Geographic limit	Code
<i>Stylium divaricatum</i>			S	Fish Rd NR		STYDIV
<i>Stylium ecorne</i>						STYEKO
<i>Stylium emarginatum</i>						STYEMA
<i>Stylium guttatum</i>						STYGUT
<i>Stylium imbricatum</i>				DN	Payne Rd	STYIMB
<i>Stylium inundatum</i>						STYINU
<i>Stylium junceum</i>						STYJUN
<i>Stylium latericola</i> Ms						STYLAT
<i>Stylium leptophyllum</i>						STYLEP
<i>Stylium longitubum</i>	1		S	Mundijong Rd		STYLON
<i>Stylium macrocarpum</i>			S	White Hill		STYMAC
<i>Stylium maritima</i> Ms						STYMAR
<i>Stylium mimeticum</i>	1	eE				STYMIM
<i>Stylium obtusatum</i>						STYOBT
<i>Stylium periselianthum</i>						STYPER
<i>Stylium perpusillum</i>						STYPERP
<i>Stylium petiolare</i>						STYPET
<i>Stylium piliferum</i>				DN	Ken Hurst Park	STYPIL
<i>Stylium preissii</i>						STYPRE
<i>Stylium pulchellum</i>						STYPUL
<i>Stylium repens</i>						STYREP
<i>Stylium rigidifolium</i>	2		s			STYRIG
<i>Stylium roseo-alatum</i>						STYROS ^a
<i>Stylium roseonatum</i>						STYROS
<i>Stylium scandens</i>						STYSCA
<i>Stylium schoenoides</i>						STYSCH
<i>Stylium spathulatum</i>						STYSPA
<i>Stylium striatum</i>						STYSTR
<i>Stylium utricularioides</i>						STYUTR
Thymelaeaceae						
<i>Pimelea argentea</i>						PIMARG
<i>Pimelea calcicola</i>			S	Yalgorup		PIMCAL
<i>Pimelea ferruginea</i>						PIMFER
<i>Pimelea imbricata</i> var. <i>imbricata</i>						PIMIMBIM
<i>Pimelea imbricata</i> var. <i>major</i>		eE				PIMIMBMA
<i>Pimelea imbricata</i> var. <i>piligera</i>						PIMIMBPI
<i>Pimelea leucantha</i>						PIMLEU
<i>Pimelea preissii</i>						PIMPRE
<i>Pimelea rosea</i>			N	Lake Pinjar		PIMROS
<i>Pimelea suaveolens</i>						PIMSUA
<i>Pimelea sulphurea</i>						PIMSUL
Tremandraceae						
<i>Platytheca galloides</i>						PLAGAL
<i>Tetratheca hirsuta</i>						TETHIR
<i>Tetratheca hirsuta</i> (glabrous)						TETHIRSC
Urticaceae						
<i>Parietaria debilis</i>						PARDEB
Valerianaceae						
* <i>Centranthus macrosiphon</i>						CENMAC
Violaceae						
<i>Hybanthus calycinus</i>						HYBCAL
<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i>						HYBFLO
Xanthorrhoeaceae						
<i>Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya</i>			S	Boyanup		XANACA
<i>Xanthorrhoea brunonis</i>						XANBRU
<i>Xanthorrhoea drummondii</i>						XANDRU
<i>Xanthorrhoea gracilis</i>						XANGRA
<i>Xanthorrhoea preissii</i>						XANPRE
Zamiaceae						
<i>Macrozamia riedlei</i>						MACRIE
Zygophyllaceae						
<i>Zygophyllum fruticosum</i>			S	Port Kennedy		ZYGFRU





Appendix 3.

The full floristic data set of 1410 taxa and 509 sites is listed in Cornell University Condensed Format. The taxa listed below were grouped for the floristic analysis. Species codes follow those in Appendix 2 and site locations follow Appendix 4.

<i>Acacia applanata</i> Ms	<i>Jacksonia densiflora</i>
<i>Acacia willdenowiana</i>	
<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>glaberrima</i>	<i>Lepidosperma aff. angustatum</i>
<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>pulchella</i>	<i>Lepidosperma angustatum</i>
<i>Acacia pulchella</i> var. <i>reflexa</i> Ms	<i>Lepidosperma leptostachyum</i>
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (Eastern terete, BJK & NG 232)
* <i>Aira caryophyllea/cupaniiana</i> group	
* <i>Aira cupaniiana</i>	
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	<i>Logania serpyllifolia</i>
* <i>Avena barbata/fatua</i>	<i>Logania serpyllifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>
* <i>Avena fatua</i>	
<i>Boronia denticulata</i>	<i>Microtis media</i>
<i>Boronia spathulata</i>	<i>Microtis media</i> subsp. <i>densiflora</i>
	<i>Microtis media</i> subsp. <i>media</i>
<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i>	<i>Pericalymma ellipticum</i>
<i>Bossiaea eriocarpa</i> (Large flowered form BJK & NG 229)	<i>Pericalymma floridum</i> Ms
<i>Caladenia flava</i>	<i>Poa poiformis</i>
<i>Caladenia flava</i> subsp. <i>flava</i>	<i>Poa poiformis/poiphyroclados</i>
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i>	<i>Poa porphyroclados</i>
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>longicauda</i>	
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i>	<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i>
<i>Conostylis pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>euryhipis</i>	<i>Pterostylis aff. nana</i> (limestone form)
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	<i>Pterostylis brevisepala</i> Ms
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i>	<i>Rhagodia baccata</i> subsp. <i>baccata</i>
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> subsp. <i>erythrorhiza</i>	<i>Rhagodia baccata</i> subsp. <i>dioica</i>
<i>Drosera erythrorhiza</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> Ms	
<i>Drosera gigantea</i> subsp. <i>geniculata</i> Ms	<i>Romulea rosea</i>
<i>Drosera gigantea</i> subsp. <i>gigantea</i>	* <i>Romulea rosea</i>
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>	* <i>Romulea rosea</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i> Ms	* <i>Romulea rosea</i> var. <i>australis</i>
<i>Drosera nitidula</i>	
<i>Drosera nitidula</i> subsp. <i>nitidula</i>	
<i>Drosera paleacea</i>	<i>Schoenus aff. brevisetis</i>
<i>Drosera paleacea</i> subsp. <i>paleacea</i>	<i>Schoenus aff. laevigatus</i>
	<i>Schoenus brevisetis</i>
	<i>Schoenus caespititus</i>
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i>	<i>Stipa campylachne</i>
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i> subsp. <i>orrecta</i>	<i>Stipa semibarbata</i>
<i>Drosera stolonifera</i> subsp. <i>stolonifera</i>	<i>Stipa semibarbata/campylachne</i>
<i>Epilobium billardierianum</i>	<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>
<i>Epilobium billardierianum</i> subsp. <i>intermedium</i>	<i>Thysanotus manglesianus/patersonii</i> complex
<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i>	<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>
<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i> subsp. <i>dilatatus</i>	
<i>Eriochilus dilatatus</i> subsp. <i>Multiflorus</i>	
<i>Jacksonia floribunda</i>	<i>Tricostularia neesii</i> var. <i>elatior</i>
<i>Jacksonia densiflora</i> / <i>floribunda</i> complex	<i>Tricostularia neesii</i> var. <i>neesii</i>
	<i>Verticordia huegelii</i>
	<i>Verticordia huegelii</i> var. <i>huegelii</i>
	<i>Verticordia plumosa</i>
	<i>Verticordia plumosa</i> var. <i>pleiobotrys</i>
	* <i>Watsonia bulbillifera</i>
	* <i>Watsonia meriana</i>
	□

Swan Coastal Plain dataset

(16i5)

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1	34	37	43	63	69	74	75	119	159	164	172	174	193	286	336
1	365	378	434	461	467	475	502	511	518	555	556	558	559	579	592
1	605	641	643	657	660	744	761	765	773	837	845	855	856	861	862
1	869	921	952	986	994	1046	1082	1086	1212	1238	1277	1281	1295	1300	1309
1	1327														
2	15	27	63	69	74	76	159	193	286	311	314	366	378	449	452
2	461	475	502	511	518	555	558	595	605	638	641	649	679	681	684
2	738	746	761	849	854	855	862	863	944	952	998	1000	1086	1140	1218
2	1232	1285	1295	1298	1299	1300	1352	1427	1431	1432	1434				
3	53	74	83	148	170	227	260	261	288	311	328	332	378	404	457
3	475	497	526	571	590	595	607	610	645	679	681	702	738	792	797
3	862	905	908	939	991	1035	1148	1161	1228	1240	1241	1285	1295	1309	1326
3	1432														
4	15	16	53	56	63	85	90	104	136	170	183	184	232	286	378
4	388	452	454	511	517	518	553	653	664	679	681	684	734	736	746
4	769	772	805	809	816	845	856	859	895	900	946	958	991	1010	1034
4	1035	1086	1095	1131	1172	1178	1193	1203	1253	1257	1269	1302	1351	1383	1431
4	1432														
5	15	53	63	147	159	183	184	192	193	194	240	286	366	384	388
5	406	449	461	497	511	518	549	638	641	649	653	661	679	684	735
5	738	746	761	837	843	845	855	862	868	870	908	946	981	998	1010
5	1013	1034	1131	1200	1218	1232	1274	1295	1297	1300	1314	1331	1355	1383	1427
5	1432	1434	1435												
6	18	37	63	65	83	107	124	170	227	260	261	269	311	314	365
6	378	386	404	463	526	558	595	607	610	645	669	681	684	702	738
6	783	797	865	868	889	908	981	991	1069	1147	1174	1193	1240	1243	1246
6	1285	1300	1309	1326	1333	1346	1432								
7	3	15	52	53	59	63	76	85	119	136	159	193	232	286	312
7	314	336	366	378	388	393	452	461	475	497	511	518	558	561	571
7	576	595	605	638	641	661	679	681	724	738	797	805	829	845	854
7	855	862	870	871	905	908	945	952	976	981	990	1010	1034	1061	1131
7	1207	1212	1224	1228	1233	1240	1246	1267	1269	1297	1299	1300	1302	1308	1404
7	1431	1432													
8	15	37	53	63	74	84	85	124	146	148	170	227	260	311	312
8	314	332	378	388	444	463	511	526	553	557	571	590	595	607	610
8	645	679	681	702	724	738	739	761	782	797	862	868	908	939	981
8	991	1147	1172	1177	1228	1240	1285	1309	1326	1346	1431	1432			
9	3	15	27	53	63	74	85	111	119	135	136	159	193	232	286
9	311	328	365	378	388	402	452	461	475	502	511	518	558	605	641
9	661	679	681	719	724	738	746	835	845	853	855	862	865	869	900
9	908	939	966	976	981	990	991	1010	1024	1034	1131	1152	1177	1212	1228
9	1233	1253	1257	1274	1285	1298	1300	1302	1327	1331	1333	1353	1413	1431	1432
9	1434														
10	15	27	52	53	63	74	119	136	159	184	193	232	286	312	366
10	376	378	399	402	449	452	461	475	497	511	518	554	555	558	586
10	605	641	679	681	684	690	738	746	761	827	829	844	845	853	854
10	862	908	946	952	981	994	998	1034	1086	1131	1177	1218	1232	1253	1295
10	1298	1299	1300	1327	1346	1427	1432								
11	43	67	69	79	121	135	138	168	172	193	259	265	267	319	324
11	333	341	342	366	378	390	401	437	450	467	473	475	495	502	518
11	554	555	586	587	605	627	640	641	665	716	738	744	748	761	762
11	845	849	853	855	862	868	897	906	926	947	978	998	999	1139	
11	1148	1163	1211	1219	1228	1249	1267	1269	1277	1288	1300	1334	1361	1369	1429
12	50	67	69	79	119	121	135	138	141	172	193	260	267	307	319
12	324	333	341	342	361	366	390	392	437	450	473	475	493	495	502
12	522	554	586	587	596	627	640	641	694	713	716	725	744	748	762
12	820	844	845	849	855	862	868	871	897	906	976	978	998	999	1011
12	1030	1139	1148	1163	1177	1228	1240	1245	1249	1288	1300	1327	1352	1361	1369
13	220	262	276	347	545	656	672	763	764	936	1009	1051	1053	1054	1126
13	1129	1165	1168	1264	1271	1347	1362	1372	1381	1402	1405				
14	95	107	111	161	177	184	220	268	269	283	304	373	440	442	467
14	551	566	653	667	697	699	729	763	860	886	923	1009	1053	1054	1116
14	1126	1167	1168	1193	1264	1272	1347	1372	1380	1381					
15	33	124	184	227	269	276	281	347	417	521	568	684	697	699	706
15	727	766	781	889	892	925	1202	1259	1362	1401	1402	1409			
16	33	135	137	146	214	282	286	307	409	467	530	561	591	681	684
16	715	740	781	869	877	916	923	991	1193	1240	1331	1339	1377		
17	33	107	124	183	184	214	227	269	274	286	314	378	417	455	521
17	561	610	655	669	681	684	715	781	827	865	889	902	903	914	923
17	991	1086	1104	1171	1179	1185	1193	1240	1243	1248	1327	1333	1383	1432	
18	33	49	64	146	180	183	214	274	282	314	348	350	561	669	684
18	720	740	827	877	902	903	919	923	1044	1058	1083	1096	1116	1124	1225

58	860	892	894	904	925	949	955	1052	1053	1161	1165	1168	1181	1195	1202	
58	1244	1257	1362	1407	1416	1422										
59	61	64	82	95	130	177	183	184	186	195	269	281	285	299	304	
59	373	384	412	436	446	500	545	567	610	689	727	729	743	746	781	
59	860	892	894	903	914	924	949	955	973	1009	1053	1116	1123	1155	1159	
59	1167	1244	1310	1331	1407											
60	37	49	61	64	102	107	130	146	184	192	232	265	269	274	304	
60	314	373	440	447	451	466	536	567	610	681	689	690	727	729	743	
60	761	763	841	860	862	865	886	902	925	952	978	991	1009	1014	1021	
60	1054	1064	1071	1082	1100	1161	1171	1193	1207	1243	1248	1254	1268	1305	1310	
60	1331	1372	1383	1407	1408											
61	27	37	52	63	64	105	119	120	124	139	183	215	234	265	314	
61	378	408	413	518	561	627	648	655	684	715	736	746	755	781	818	
61	828	865	895	916	927	953	978	1013	1015	1034	1048	1172	1193	1232	1240	
61	1257	1326	1327	1339	1411	1415	1431									
62	16	17	27	56	63	135	137	172	183	193	194	197	269	314	358	
62	382	388	413	437	452	502	518	561	618	627	638	641	644	645	655	
62	661	681	684	690	715	720	736	746	761	774	818	845	853	862	868	
62	869	877	900	916	924	927	952	978	998	1010	1013	1034	1041	1203	1232	
62	1274	1297	322	1330	1339	1431	1432	1434								
63	33	64	119	120	135	172	183	184	194	214	243	314	344	358	382	
63	391	412	413	452	469	502	511	518	561	618	641	655	684	690	715	
63	746	761	835	844	845	848	858	869	877	955	961	978	998	1010	1013	
63	1048	1203	227	1274	1330	1339	1377	1411	1415	1431	1432					
64	26	43	56	129	154	183	184	188	194	226	284	314	318	344	391	
64	397	409	412	447	479	514	539	541	580	618	621	641	684	761	858	
64	877	948	961	965	995	1006	1013	1041	1157	1202	1203	1227	1348	1399		
65	15	37	43	85	136	170	172	183	193	200	214	216	286	288	333	
65	388	437	452	499	502	511	518	553	561	627	641	644	650	661	681	
65	684	719	746	752	761	805	807	845	853	855	862	863	868	900	927	
65	978	994	995	998	1010	1034	1242	1274	1302	1312	1327	1330	1339	1431	1432	
66	27	64	69	79	88	135	137	172	180	183	193	216	217	286	288	
66	333	452	460	495	502	553	561	627	641	661	684	719	722	740	746	
66	752	774	807	817	844	845	868	900	978	998	1010	1035	1071	1086	1184	
66	1225	1267	1269	1276	1327	1339	1346	1431								
67	16	34	37	53	85	124	152	170	183	216	260	378	386	388	440	
67	517	528	561	679	684	724	797	805	808	855	856	895	914	991	1010	
67	1095	1172	1245	1257	1315	1432										
68	102	147	526	610	680	766	783	889	892	991	1161	1246	1362	1401	1404	
69	15	27	79	99	170	172	184	197	209	265	286	312	328	358	378	
69	382	388	404	448	452	466	475	502	511	553	556	567	627	641	644	
69	645	651	661	669	679	681	684	738	761	827	829	844	845	862	865	
69	908	976	991	1137	1161	1174	1224	1238	1245	1285	1295	1297	1300	1327	1330	
69	1333	1339	1431	1432												
70	27	64	105	120	124	144	154	164	184	214	265	311	318	408	460	
70	526	567	680	740	781	791	874	899	914	923	968	973	991	1069	1172	
70	1193	1254	1257	1269	1326	1382	1403	1413								
71	15	63	64	120	135	172	183	193	217	254	314	333	382	388	452	
71	497	518	561	618	627	641	644	661	681	736	746	761	827	835		
71	845	856	868	900	927	958	978	1010	1035	1044	1225	1240	1269	1274		
71	1276	1324	1339	1377	1411	1413	1431									
72	60	64	124	144	154	184	265	269	350	355	460	487	526	567	684	
72	689	729	732	740	781	788	827	831	859	896	899	912	923	925	968	
72	973	1069	1096	1193	1326	1339	1362	1382	1403	1409	1413					
73	60	64	105	124	144	265	269	274	304	347	354	486	732	766	781	
73	831	859	896	899	925	968	973	1193	1362	1403	1413					
74	60	126	262	347	354	368	616	699	727	731	873	886	896	903	970	
74	1052	1129	1362	1402												
75	64	82	95	107	108	111	146	177	184	262	265	269	281	283	304	
75	348	442	536	566	655	671	684	689	697	699	727	729	731	831	886	
75	894	896	902	903	914	923	925	1051	1127	1129	1166	1168	1173	1193	1202	
75	1214	1304	1357	1358	1420											
76	33	82	146	183	184	188	190	196	233	234	391	480	507	521	536	
76	543	684	740	773	781	860	877	914	916	953	965	978	1114	1120	1203	
76	1251	1331	1333	1339	1352	1376										
77	12	15	23	24	27	37	51	53	63	68	75	76	96	136	159	
77	174	194	197	265	314	323	328	336	378	389	394	452	502	511	518	
77	556	558	573	576	586	592	605	638	641	645	646	661	666	681	682	
77	684	687	724	735	738	761	773	818	829	845	846	854	855	861	862	
77	908	921	952	954	976	981	986	991	1010	1024	1058	1068	1090	1134	1137	
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77	1434															
78	7	15	56	116	174	183	184	194	311	378	404	511	518	558	592	
78	641	679	684	687	746	773	818	854	862	908	981	994	1068	1131	1203	

97	820	845	853	868	869	882	942	978	998	1010	1148	1152	1154	1160	1225
97	1228	1240	1249	1267	1269	1333	1393	1431	1432						
98	64	107	169	183	184	269	281	365	373	427	442	443	451	589	601
98	654	662	667	684	706	729	743	925	971	973	1009	1049	1053	1054	1055
98	1096	1116	1167	1185	1193	1266	1305	1325	1333	1343	1387	1402	1407	1408	1432
99	33	64	82	107	169	183	184	269	274	299	304	365	373	440	451
99	466	521	566	589	599	610	630	654	662	671	679	683	685	689	729
99	743	764	773	916	925	944	960	971	973	1009	1053	1096	1099	1159	1167
99	1202	1262	1266	1331	1343	1387	1407	1421	1432						
100	33	60	64	107	169	183	184	269	304	373	378	442	443	451	462
100	566	568	589	655	667	679	684	685	697	699	729	743	892	925	944
100	971	973	1009	1021	1054	1055	1116	1167	1181	1182	1185	1202	1259	1344	1362
100	1407	1409	1432												
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101	1305	1371	1378	1390	1421										
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102	480	566	567	589	654	662	679	684	697	743	925	1009	1049	1053	1055
102	1096	1116	1167	1185	1203	1262	1266	1305	1327	1343	1377	1387	1402	1407	
103	33	64	82	129	183	184	193	194	274	365	373	467	475	480	511
103	556	586	589	635	654	679	697	720	729	736	773	830	863	965	1013
103	1116	1192	1225	1227	1232	1253	1368	1377	1387	1407	1408	1432			
104	33	129	183	188	269	365	451	479	480	521	630	635	654	679	684
104	761	916	944	973	984	1116	1226	1374	1387						
105	146	265	536	766	775	831	889	896	899	931	1126	1198	1201		
106	33	82	95	111	139	154	161	177	184	260	284	348	391	409	429
106	467	536	540	610	613	669	671	684	697	707	761	764	768	779	781
106	815	889	894	899	903	923	955	973	978	1040	1054	1063	1168	1202	1218
106	1302	1327	1342	1347	1348	1351	1352	1358	1370	1409	1421	1423	1432		
107	33	139	265	467	536	610	764	768	779	781	815	837	865	889	899
107	903	931	955	973	978	1145	1172	1201	1213	1326	1421	1432			
108	62	92	95	124	161	177	182	183	184	185	192	283	304	347	373
108	384	414	440	466	509	536	551	566	615	685	686	689	697	699	703
108	727	729	739	752	842	860	879	886	894	902	935	1009	1021	1053	1096
108	1116	1126	1161	1167	1171	1185	1263	1305	1325	1347	1351	1372	1379	1381	1382
108	1405	1408	1409												
109	84	92	124	161	177	183	192	268	269	283	347	384	414	427	440
109	466	509	566	685	686	699	739	788	879	886	903	915	935	1009	1053
109	1159	1161	1181	1191	1243	1256	1325	1347	1372	1379	1381	1382			
110	84	107	124	192	259	268	269	281	314	347	373	404	440	451	489
110	526	567	607	686	699	739	761	879	902	1021	1053	1054	1100	1161	1171
110	1250	1254	1310	1333	1343	1344	1387	1396	1407						
111	64	84	92	104	107	161	169	177	182	183	184	232	269	281	304
111	314	347	373	404	414	440	451	466	475	566	571	607	610	619	667
111	670	684	686	699	702	728	729	739	782	831	865	867	868	879	902
111	925	947	958	973	991	1008	1009	1048	1049	1053	1090	1100	1161	1167	1171
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111	1351	1361	1372	1382	1387	1407									
112	69	139	227	267	328	336	378	388	440	451	466	475	497	502	517
112	526	553	571	590	591	595	607	634	651	684	686	702	720	738	739
112	752	761	778	797	862	865	868	879	908	915	947	978	991	1004	1090
112	1100	1109	1176	1228	1240	1245	1250	1268	1269	1285	1361	1389	1432		
113	27	64	98	107	178	183	192	269	327	365	378	382	388	413	454
113	475	502	591	655	669	679	681	684	708	742	752	762	845	862	865
113	868	944	978	991	1021	1116	1154	1193	1240	1326	1333	1339	1352	1377	1431
113	1432														
114	124	227	265	274	463	486	491	566	726	766	781	860	899	903	973
114	1109	1175	1406												
115	27	33	107	178	184	269	373	440	497	500	567	607	610	699	708
115	742	762	865	868	1008	1060	1100	1116	1167	1171	1183	1333	1387	1388	
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116	507	526	536	563	566	602	679	684	689	729	742	764	798	893	902
116	917	925	936	973	1008	1021	1049	1060	1096	1116	1167	1185	1193	1248	1250
116	1251	1252	1325	1343	1360	1372	1396	1408							
117	17	20	63	115	135	141	172	183	193	197	214	314	327	333	344
117	388	402	409	412	450	479	502	511	561	563	661	681	684	708	
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117	1253	1326	1331	1334	1352	1369	1431								
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118	479	502	561	644	684	715	807	844	845	848	863	868	877	944	946
118	978	998	1086	1154	1203	1228	1240	1269	1321	1331	1435				
119	17	27	66	98	115	135	141	183	193	217	254	314	344	450	479
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120	64	130	178	183	184	269	283	304	373	662	684	689	729	860	892
120	903	917	925	973	1048	1049	1060	1116	1181	1256	1347	1377	1409	.	.
121	53	64	66	107	124	170	183	184	191	269	378	388	454	517	526
121	679	681	684	685	690	697	860	895	978	991	1100	1160	1167	1172	1193
121	1240	1269	1333	1431	1435										
122	26	64	82	236	494	539	891	965	969	1013	1058	1111	1198	1199	1215
122	1227	1337	1338	1339	1435										
123	9	26	32	33	45	73	266	310	322	350	353	381	391	432	494
123	539	548	761	785	815	819	832	923	928	1044	1187	1215	1227	1319	1339
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125	26	82	108	266	284	306	310	539	618	805	842	891	933	1111	1215
125	1338	1339	1435												
126	99	162	177	184	191	194	269	283	304	348	440	442	450	465	507
126	551	566	590	671	684	691	697	715	743	781	848	860	896	903	984
126	1009	1048	1096	1117	1123	1159	1161	1167	1182	1185	1251	1266	1305	1340	1343
126	1347	1349	1350	1362	1377	1383	1387	1421							
127	95	162	177	183	184	186	191	262	269	275	348	364	414	450	507
127	551	655	667	671	684	691	697	703	704	741	766	896	918	973	1009
127	1044	1049	1051	1096	1116	1123	1126	1156	1161	1185	1193	1251	1305	1325	1343
127	1362	1372	1408												
128	64	82	95	107	162	183	184	186	262	268	269	274	275	281	282
128	283	304	348	450	551	667	669	689	703	727	729	842	919	925	973
128	1051	1052	1115	1116	1129	1156	1159	1168	1171	1193	1202	1251	1347	1358	1408
129	17	64	67	69	115	119	135	137	172	183	193	199	217	314	334
129	336	382	388	407	437	450	460	518	543	561	563	586	618	636	640
129	641	681	684	687	713	756	807	845	858	863	868	871	906	919	923
129	939	978	998	1010	1045	1139	1154	1228	1242	1243	1267	1333	1334	1339	1348
129	1377														
130	27	53	64	170	184	269	286	350	378	388	440	442	450	502	517
130	528	549	648	650	655	670	679	681	684	727	729	761	794	845	851
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130	1269	1322	1330	1339	1377	1409	1413	1431	1432						
131	53	64	66	105	124	146	170	214	274	388	433	484	517	528	655
131	679	681	684	697	740	867	868	895	923	991	1044	1071	1082	1096	1124
131	1172	1193	1257	1325	1326	1339	1377	1408	1413	1432					
132	15	27	56	82	120	135	159	172	180	183	184	193	199	212	214
132	286	327	333	334	350	374	388	391	428	439	461	467	502	511	518
132	561	618	627	641	644	655	684	690	715	746	761	818	844	868	877
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132	1413	1432													
133	53	64	66	105	124	164	184	212	214	239	265	286	388	461	480
133	484	653	679	681	684	697	707	740	791	805	895	919	923	1013	1035
133	1058	1071	1095	1096	1172	1192	1325	1339	1377	1408	1413				
134	3	34	37	116	120	135	136	159	172	183	193	194	214	286	314
134	327	333	358	378	382	388	397	461	467	502	511	518	561	641	644
134	655	661	662	684	697	740	746	761	821	844	845	848	855	858	863
134	867	868	877	900	919	949	978	998	1010	1034	1035	1071	1203	1240	1274
134	1325	1339	1348	1377	1411	1431									
135	15	17	34	52	79	135	172	180	193	214	216	217	286	327	333
135	388	461	467	484	498	502	518	561	627	641	644	650	681	684	715
135	774	807	821	845	849	855	868	869	877	880	900	919	924	946	978
135	1010	1034	1071	1083	1154	1202	1240	1267	1302	1339	1377	1431			
136	64	68	135	141	183	184	193	274	286	314	318	382	388	437	480
136	518	640	641	649	655	662	684	687	762	818	827	845	863	869	906
136	916	998	1045	1048	1058	1096	1152	1193	1202	1225	1269	1327	1339	1408	1411
136	1432														
137	37	64	68	79	135	141	183	184	193	214	274	286	307	314	336
137	382	388	437	446	479	543	561	604	641	655	662	684	687	720	736
137	753	761	762	768	828	844	845	863	877	906	916	939	998	1044	1045
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137	1408	1413	1431	1432											
138	64	77	124	137	139	146	164	274	307	355	521	649	679	681	684
138	895	991	1095	1096	1193	1225	1240	1269	1339	1413					
139	65	135	137	141	164	172	183	193	197	216	286	318	378	382	388
139	450	460	561	563	644	661	681	684	761	845	858	868	869	883	900
139	955	978	998	1010	1116	1154	1160	1202	1240	1267	1269	1339	1432		
140	64	82	135	141	183	184	193	214	216	259	274	314	327	333	382
140	388	437	508	518	561	563	618	641	644	655	661	684	687	720	746
140	761	818	828	844	845	863	868	877	978	998	1010	1048	1096	1160	1203
140	1228	1240	1267	1339	1377	1408	1415	1432							
141	27	77	124	139	183	226	265	318	408	409	518	521	684	831	877
141	895	914	979	1034	1142	1148	1202	1213	1331	1333	1435				

142	27	43	56	64	82	97	98	119	120	136	183	184	205	214	226
142	314	350	362	391	437	467	503	512	541	561	604	618	623	644	655
142	661	665	684	690	695	697	715	735	736	746	761	818	828	835	844
142	848	858	863	877	916	919	960	965	969	978	983	1006	1013	1192	1202
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143	37	43	52	63	116	119	135	136	159	172	183	195	214	265	286
143	314	327	333	334	344	382	388	397	413	437	461	467	497	502	511
143	518	554	558	561	641	644	661	662	684	715	746	761	768	796	818
143	821	828	835	837	844	845	848	861	863	868	869	877	916	919	953
143	978	994	995	998	1010	1013	1034	1071	1086	1096	1203	1245	1274	1298	1325
143	1339	1364	1426	1431	1434										
144	34	52	135	137	168	172	214	286	437	467	511	553	563	627	649
144	650	659	681	715	800	807	844	848	868	869	895	900	946	991	998
144	1010	1034	1058	1086	1154	1240	1257	1267	1269	1297	1302	1325	1339	1426	1431
145	82	193	274	284	314	350	353	409	475	480	580	601	641	644	665
145	684	697	877	1013	1227	1408	1432								
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146	409	412	475	480	514	518	543	601	618	623	641	644	661	684	697
146	818	844	863	867	868	877	916	983	998	1058	1116	1202	1338	1432	
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147	334	360	382	391	409	461	467	475	476	479	538	543	552	618	621
147	641	661	684	687	753	762	776	835	863	877	880	888	906	933	939
147	961	978	998	999	1013	1088	1130	1132	1203	1216	1226	1227	1300	1322	1330
147	1334	1339	1348	1373	1377	1408	1409	1431	1432						
148	68	98	135	141	183	193	214	230	314	333	401	407	409	467	479
148	534	543	561	591	618	621	641	684	687	718	776	789	844	849	853
148	863	868	906	916	926	933	939	998	1116	1132	1139	1157	1202	1203	1228
148	1240	1322	1325	1339	1352	1376	1377	1432							
149	52	105	124	170	265	314	388	458	542	610	679	681	781	865	868
149	895	896	991	1010	1086	1100	1172	1269	1326						
150	27	52	63	64	68	135	137	172	184	193	234	265	314	327	378
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150	746	753	761	807	818	819	835	848	853	855	867	869	877	900	923
150	995	1025	1034	1243	1298	1326	1339	1431							
151	27	37	53	63	74	119	195	265	311	327	378	382	388	402	412
151	437	467	502	511	518	561	618	631	641	644	650	679	681	746	761
151	768	773	844	845	848	855	862	868	869	905	939	953	998	1010	1034
151	1172	1212	1298	1333	1432										
152	27	56	63	64	74	116	119	172	183	184	193	196	286	327	333
152	378	382	388	391	402	412	413	437	467	502	511	518	561	627	641
152	650	662	679	681	684	720	746	800	818	819	848	855	863	868	908
152	939	955	955	978	998	1010	1045	1154	1172	1176	1203	1218	1225	1227	1245
152	1267	1274	1311	1321	1326	1333	1352	1431							
153	63	64	98	111	119	172	183	184	193	194	214	314	327	409	413
153	439	467	508	511	518	561	590	641	655	661	679	681	684	736	746
153	800	848	854	862	867	905	908	939	953	978	1086	1203	1300	1330	1333
153	1432														
154	64	107	143	169	177	183	184	192	232	234	269	274	304	373	427
154	440	451	466	567	607	608	667	684	697	727	728	729	742	763	914
154	973	1009	1048	1051	1052	1053	1090	1096	1116	1135	1152	1161	1167	1168	1193
154	1256	1262	1265	1304	1343	1347	1358	1381	1387	1408					
155	18	107	146	169	203	247	260	269	274	286	304	373	440	442	451
155	497	589	607	610	667	679	684	727	742	763	844	862	903	978	
155	991	1000	1001	1009	1014	1053	1090	1135	1161	1167	1172	1176	1184	1193	1218
155	1243	1248	1250	1262	1268	1285	1305	1330	1333	1343	1351	1387	1407		
156	64	67	79	98	115	119	135	137	141	172	193	209	216	240	319
156	333	336	338	378	382	397	401	407	437	450	495	502	518	543	561
156	586	627	640	641	644	661	665	681	687	713	720	762	862	863	868
156	906	926	942	978	995	998	1023	1072	1107	1139	1154	1228	1240	1243	1243
156	1267	1269	1288	1300	1334	1431	1432								
157	35	67	79	119	135	141	172	193	197	286	319	333	334	336	378
157	382	397	401	402	407	437	450	475	495	518	543	554	586	604	627
157	640	641	644	661	665	681	718	762	827	844	845	862	863	868	876
157	906	926	942	978	998	999	1090	1139	1154	1228	1232	1243	1267	1300	1327
157	1330	1334	1369	1415	1431										
158	64	67	79	119	135	141	172	193	209	216	240	274	307	319	333
158	336	338	366	382	388	397	401	402	407	437	450	460	495	502	518
158	543	561	563	586	605	640	641	661	681	684	687	752	795	817	844
158	845	858	862	863	868	871	906	923	926	942	978	998	1010	1045	1154
158	1228	1240	1242	1243	1267	1274	1307	1334	1339	1352	1377	1431	1432		
159	26	56	82	205	226	255	364	391	415	514	539	541	618	637	667
159	697	775	835	916	963	965	1013	1076	1098	1111	1187	1202	1215	1221	
159	1337	1338	1339	1385	1413	1435									
160	26	56	64	82	205	226	255	284	391	421	480	497	539	540	541

160	618	623	637	667	697	746	747	815	835	877	916	919	965	969	1013
160	1071	1111	1202	1215	1221	1293	1331	1337	1338	1339	1354	1370	1408	1409	1413
160	1435														
161	26	32	73	205	226	255	265	314	419	539	582	618	637	761	815
161	948	965	969	1058	1071	1128	1215	1218	1293	1318	1325	1338	1339		
162	26	32	56	205	226	255	265	306	351	419	421	539	582	604	618
162	627	637	675	678	815	835	890	916	969	1013	1058	1071	1111	1215	1226
162	1227	1293	1337	1338	1339										
163	26	32	56	82	188	205	226	255	270	284	306	350	415	503	514
163	539	541	618	637	667	673	675	678	761	835	916	919	960	965	969
163	1013	1097	1111	1188	1215	1221	1227	1293	1337	1338	1339	1352	1354	1370	1413
164	60	109	125	273	305	368	697	731	781	831	841	896	931	1127	1202
164	1223	1435													
165	27	47	52	53	77	90	172	192	260	261	286	378	388	439	440
165	502	517	528	648	679	680	681	684	751	755	761	848	900	924	1010
165	1024	1154	1172	1184	1218	1240	1245	1269	1306	1326	1336	1431	1432		
166	10	27	56	64	120	130	135	184	193	214	274	286	391	461	467
166	514	518	641	644	655	684	687	707	746	818	828	835	844	848	853
166	867	869	877	900	916	919	960	998	1006	1013	1058	1071	1096	1187	1202
166	1203	1221	1339	1377	1408	1409	1413	1434							
167	43	50	67	68	69	98	115	121	135	136	141	172	193	319	327
167	329	333	336	342	366	378	388	407	467	518	554	561	586	634	640
167	641	681	690	713	717	725	738	761	801	815	844	845	855	862	868
167	876	906	923	926	946	978	995	998	1011	1027	1139	1154	1180	1228	1240
167	1249	1267	1288	1325	1326	1330	1346	1352	1431	1432	1434				
168	18	27	39	61	76	124	130	170	183	192	194	214	265	286	365
168	378	402	440	459	466	502	511	610	648	681	684	719	761	781	831
168	853	862	865	895	900	914	923	924	938	978	991	1035	1146	1171	1172
168	1193	1257	1333	1426	1431										
169	2	3	16	27	52	133	172	183	193	194	214	243	265	358	382
169	388	402	412	448	461	466	484	502	511	518	561	627	641	644	645
169	650	681	684	719	736	746	761	819	844	845	849	858	862	868	912
169	914	916	938	978	994	998	1010	1086	1116	1131	1193	1227	1243	1257	1274
169	1300	1330	1331	1346	1377	1426	1431								
170	3	27	37	64	76	120	135	137	172	183	184	193	214	216	274
170	286	333	350	378	382	388	452	502	511	518	618	641	644	655	684
170	719	722	740	746	761	828	844	845	854	862	868	869	877	900	923
170	946	998	1010	1034	1086	1218	1225	1228	1267	1339	1409	1411	1426	1431	1434
171	64	82	135	183	184	188	334	412	413	446	467	514	541	623	641
171	655	661	684	697	761	818	819	844	877	916	960	965	978	1006	1013
171	1025	1041	1048	1050	1058	1097	1202	1203	1339	1348					
172	9	26	32	64	82	194	226	252	274	284	310	350	374	375	391
172	410	467	572	618	641	668	684	697	707	761	815	819	835	847	916
172	965	973	1041	1058	1071	1197	1202	1227	1243	1293	1322	1339	1352	1354	1413
172	1432														
173	61	64	114	183	184	192	194	269	271	274	275	276	299	304	354
173	357	365	373	380	382	414	442	466	471	497	507	523	539	546	589
173	662	684	689	693	697	699	700	701	727	729	761	766	831	835	848
173	860	892	903	913	924	925	952	973	978	1009	1016	1052	1053	1090	1116
173	1123	1144	1150	1161	1168	1181	1202	1203	1251	1256	1304	1343	1344	1351	1363
173	1367	1368	1407	1409	1416										
174	11	27	41	62	63	64	78	99	110	114	130	154	169	171	182
174	183	184	192	195	269	276	285	299	304	307	348	357	365	373	378
174	414	461	466	507	523	556	566	567	589	601	662	693	697	701	703
174	707	742	766	848	892	923	925	944	952	955	973	978	1008	1048	1053
174	1116	1150	1161	1165	1181	1185	1203	1244	1251	1256	1266	1325	1330	1343	1344
174	1352	1355	1356	1379	1383	1407	1409	1416	1422						
175	50	124	137	167	367	388	648	679	681	740	781	895	924	946	991
175	1071	1082	1095	1100	1101	1240	1248	1249	1269						
176	50	89	135	137	141	168	333	388	460	502	649	684	774	807	814
176	817	868	869	871	898	978	998	1010	1071	1105	1148	1172	1184	1228	1240
176	1249	1260	1269	1393	1431	1432									
177	50	67	89	97	123	135	137	141	149	168	172	193	216	274	327
177	329	333	371	378	437	495	496	502	543	563	632	634	641	644	662
177	697	807	845	863	868	882	923	942	978	998	1044	1101	1154	1160	1249
177	1260	1269	1339	1377	1411										
178	50	89	97	115	123	135	137	141	149	167	172	193	216	241	259
178	326	327	329	333	378	388	437	450	460	461	495	496	502	543	629
178	632	634	641	649	713	751	774	807	814	817	844	845	863	868	871
178	877	882	946	978	998	1023	1105	1139	1154	1160	1217	1228	1240	1247	1249
178	1267	1274	1334	1393	1431										
179	50	64	135	137	216	333	378	388	437	460	496	543	649	679	697
179	740	774	807	844	849	853	858	871	898	923	978	998	1010	1154	1160
179	1240	1269	1274	1339	1352	1377	1393	1432							

180	50	64	67	79	89	123	135	141	149	167	172	193	199	216	259
180	407	437	450	452	461	495	502	543	627	632	634	641	690	714	807
180	817	844	845	868	869	923	978	998	1154	1160	1228	1240	1249	1260	1269
180	1377	1431													
181	27	50	67	79	89	97	123	135	141	149	193	216	241	327	329
181	363	407	437	450	460	495	502	543	563	632	634	649	713	751	761
181	795	807	814	817	845	868	882	923	926	939	946	978	998	1071	1154
181	1160	1228	1240	1249	1260	1269	1339	1393							
182	27	67	79	89	97	123	135	141	149	167	168	172	193	194	216
182	241	259	326	327	350	382	437	450	461	495	496	502	543	561	563
182	627	632	634	641	649	662	714	751	756	814	817	844	868	869	871
182	882	923	978	998	1071	1143	1154	1160	1217	1225	1228	1240	1249	1260	1267
182	1269	1339	1377	1411	1431										
183	17	27	67	97	135	137	141	168	172	193	199	214	216	274	327
183	329	333	388	437	452	461	495	502	543	649	662	684	714	753	774
183	807	844	855	863	868	882	916	923	978	998	1045	1058	1083	1096	1154
183	1160	1225	1240	1243	1267	1274	1339	1377	1382	1411	1431	1432			
184	20	226	284	318	391	409	431	476	480	497	514	618	684	775	948
184	966	1043	1071	1202	1215	1293	1327	1339							
185	10	20	64	183	284	318	322	391	409	437	476	479	623	641	679
185	684	784	863	877	906	948	966	1006	1043	1071	1202	1214	1215	1240	1293
185	1327	1339	1377												
186	50	64	135	137	139	141	142	146	183	199	214	269	333	391	460
186	608	655	681	684	868	869	919	923	946	991	998	1001	1044	1096	1193
186	1202	1225	1228	1240	1269	1334	1339	1377	1408	1410	1411				
187	58	146	318	521	568	775	895	896	1078	1196	1362				
188	89	97	135	137	141	149	168	172	193	216	241	259	329	450	460
188	461	495	502	543	649	714	774	807	821	845	863	868	877	923	942
188	978	998	1010	1086	1154	1160	1225	1228	1240	1249	1260	1269	1431		
189	17	27	37	64	67	79	91	97	135	141	149	172	193	209	216
189	240	274	319	327	333	336	382	437	492	495	522	549	561	563	586
189	605	640	641	649	681	684	697	715	720	746	761	762	774	795	844
189	845	853	855	858	863	868	869	871	882	906	923	942	978	998	999
189	1010	1027	1041	1086	1148	1154	1160	1225	1228	1243	1249	1267	1269	1285	1330
189	1339	1409	1410	1411	1431	1432									
190	27	139	147	210	417	484	655	715	740	869	892	895	896	1086	1100
191	27	135	137	141	168	172	193	327	333	378	382	388	437	461	497
191	511	563	641	649	661	715	746	761	774	845	849	877	978	989	998
191	1071	1267	1333	1339	1369	1432									
192	50	67	79	91	97	135	141	167	168	172	209	216	327	329	333
192	378	388	450	460	495	502	591	629	634	641	649	713	751	807	814
192	821	845	853	868	871	882	923	942	978	998	1010	1105	1148	1154	1160
192	1228	1247	1249	1267	1269	1339	1431								
193	50	67	89	135	137	141	149	167	172	241	327	329	388	446	502
193	561	563	649	713	774	807	814	821	845	868	872	883	942	978	998
193	1010	1148	1154	1160	1249	1267	1269	1274	1393	1431	1432				
194	43	56	82	128	183	188	215	226	233	284	314	391	412	415	480
194	514	518	539.	540	541	618	637	641	684	698	747	815	848	867	877
194	958	960	961	965	1006	1097	1111	1190	1192	1202	1203	1215	1227	1338	1339
194	1348	1350	1386	1399	1435										
195	43	56	64	120	128	135	172	183	184	188	215	226	243	255	284
195	314	346	391	412	514	518	539	540	618	637	641	657	671	684	697
195	746	747	818	844	858	877	916	953	960	961	965	969	971	1006	1013
195	1071	1086	1116	1187	1192	1202	1203	1232	1331	1339	1348	1350	1353	1386	1415
196	64	116	120	135	136	183	184	188	193	195	215	230	286	358	382
196	391	412	413	437	452	484	508	514	518	618	641	661	671	684	746
196	761	818	844	848	858	867	869	877	916	961	969	971	972	1006	1013
196	1015	1071	1086	1203	1227	1232	1311	1327	1339	1348	1415	1432			
197	37	53	64	107	124	183	184	261	269	378	388	440	502	528	679
197	681	761	794	858	868	978	991	1010	1107	1172	1178	1193	1240	1262	1269
197	1326	1352	1431	1432											
198	64	135	137	172	183	214	327	382	446	460	479	517	561	649	655
198	679	681	684	708	715	736	740	807	868	869	895	1010	1058	1071	1073
198	1225	1267	1269	1377	1432										
199	105	124	183	265	318	378	521	697	736	740	781	895	1172	1240	1250
199	1302														
200	50	64	79	105	135	137	141	172	183	193	216	274	314	327	333
200	378	382	388	437*	450	502	629	641	644	649	681	684	740	753	761
200	774	807	845	849	855	858	863	868	869	900	978	995	998	1010	1072
200	1082	1154	1160	1225	1240	1267	1269	1274	1307	1321	1323	1326	1339	1369	1377
200	1415	1431													
201	43	50	68	115	135	137	141	172	193	197	214	216	217	286	327
201	378	382	388	437	446	484	502	629	644	650	661	681	708	740	761
201	845	849	853	855	868	869	900	946	978	998	1010	1082	1154	1245	1267

223	863	888	890	924	942	960	973	1006	1111	1116	1125	1188	1192	1200	1202
223	1221	1227	1296	1320	1382										
224	26	32	64	82	112	183	184	226	265	275	280	284	308	318	362
224	476	504	524	537	561	578	618	647	662	684	747	762	815	842	847
224	863	880	888	1002	1013	1018	1116	1202	1227	1242	1316	1348	1350		
225	82	128	130	181	183	188	284	314	320	350	353	475	479	480	537
225	578	604	618	641	654	665	684	689	761	847	880	982	1002	1006	1111
225	1116	1198	1199	1200	1201	1227	1331	1376	1409						
226	26	33	82	128	183	184	188	226	255	256	284	305	391	409	412
226	480	514	518	540	543	618	641	654	684	720	746	747	761	815	844
226	863	877	920	933	1006	1013	1071	1083	1111	1116	1200	1201	1202	1331	1348
226	1432														
227	20	27	32	40	82	181	183	237	260	284	362	391	446	452	475
227	476	480	497	543	561	578	608	647	673	747	761	815	847	863	871
227	880	888	916	920	955	982	1013	1018	1058	1086	1116	1139	1162	1202	1227
227	1293	1327	1339	1347	1352	1353									
228	26	68	82	128	183	188	193	194	226	284	322	344	382	409	412
228	446	475	480	508	514	543	544	580	586	618	641	654	665	684	720
228	761	847	863	877	906	916	961	1013	1043	1058	1111	1116	1203	1227	1432
229	68	135	141	183	193	214	274	314	336	382	391	437	452	497	508
229	543	561	641	654	655	665	684	690	746	761	828	863	869	906	916
229	919	955	1058	1071	1086	1090	1096	1132	1152	1203	1227	1228	1240	1331	1339
229	1377	1415	1432												
230	64	97	120	135	141	154	172	183	184	188	194	219	274	284	314
230	322	333	350	382	391	407	437	452	475	508	518	543	561	623	641
230	655	684	697	746	761	818	844	863	877	906	919	955	998	999	1006
230	1090	1096	1132	1152	1202	1240	1243	1331	1339	1348	1376	1377	1409	1432	
231	64	68	82	119	135	172	183	184	193	284	322	333	391	407	413
231	437	450	475	508	518	561	601	618	623	641	655	684	697	746	762
231	844	845	863	869	877	906	919	998	1006	1043	1048	1058	1090	1152	1243
231	1300	1339	1348	1376	1377	1409	1411	1432							
232	64	82	183	184	193	194	237	274	284	322	382	391	407	437	446
232	475	508	511	514	539	641	653	655	669	684	720	746	762	818	844
232	863	906	916	919	955	960	1006	1048	1071	1088	1090	1096	1152	1202	1203
232	1243	1300	1331	1339	1348	1376	1377	1409	1411	1432					
233	64	68	82	183	284	286	322	391	437	446	476	508	539	543	641
233	654	671	684	761	844	845	855	863	906	916	919	1006	1071	1116	1202
233	1203	1300	1339	1348	1376	1409	1432								
234	33	68	116	119	135	172	183	193	214	314	333	336	391	407	409
234	412	437	452	479	484	508	518	543	618	641	684	746	761	853	858
234	863	877	906	939	998	999	1013	1071	1086	1096	1152	1203	1325	1348	1377
234	1432														
235	10	43	119	172	183	193	214	286	314	333	391	401	407	412	428
235	437	452	484	497	502	508	518	540	543	618	641	661	665	746	761
235	853	863	906	919	939	983	989	998	1013	1076	1086	1132	1203	1240	1346
235	1348	1377	1399	1432											
236	82	183	184	193	208	214	274	284	318	322	350	355	391	409	437
236	446	514	543	641	655	684	689	720	844	863	906	919	984	999	1010
236	1013	1058	1086	1202	1203	1227	1331	1339	1351	1432					
237	135	183	193	214	322	350	391	407	437	452	508	514	540	543	561
237	580	618	623	641	655	665	684	697	761	845	863	869	877	906	961
237	982	984	999	1006	1048	1058	1062	1090	1096	1152	1203	1225	1227	1327	1339
237	1348	1351	1377	1432											
238	20	64	69	82	119	172	183	184	193	214	229	237	274	314	336
238	391	437	475	476	484	543	561	578	601	608	623	634	684	757	761
238	815	847	858	863	869	880	906	919	955	961	1002	1006	1041	1152	1202
238	1203	1222	1227	1243	1326	1327	1330	1339	1347	1349	1352	1411	1432		
239	27	64	68	69	82	97	135	183	184	193	209	214	216	240	265
239	274	307	314	336	350	382	397	437	452	484	543	561	586	597	605
239	608	641	653	655	684	774	817	828	845	858	863	871	906	946	998
239	999	1006	1096	1154	1155	1193	1202	1243	1327	1339	1377	1409	1411	1415	1431
239	1432														
240	20	32	69	82	172	193	237	265	314	336	362	391	437	452	475
240	476	479	497	502	543	578	601	608	623	641	647	661	665	684	761
240	815	847	853	863	871	880	888	906	955	1002	1006	1013	1085	1086	1096
240	1162	1216	1227	1293	1331	1339	1351	1352	1377	1431					
241	63	68	135	172	183	193	259	286	314	327	333	378	382	428	447
241	467	498	502	518	561	618	641	649	684	715	736	761	855	863	869
241	877	953	998	1010	1083	1219	1267	1274	1330	1339					
242	17	27	52	64	79	135	137	141	172	183	193	214	216	259	286
242	327	333	382	388	437	446	495	502	561	641	655	661	681	684	740
242	753	761	821	844	845	855	863	868	900	939	946	978	998	1010	1034
242	1071	1160	1225	1269	1325	1326	1339	1431	1432						
243	9	20	26	32	40	82	97	111	188	226	260	322	391	421	561

243	623	655	665	673	678	695	736	747	761	790	815	835	847	863	880
243	955	969	1013	1041	1044	1058	1187	1188	1215	1227	1257	1322	1339	1347	1385
243	1413	1423													
244	20	26	188	237	260	322	353	362	382	391	421	446	618	623	627
244	644	695	736	761	787	790	847	863	880	955	1013	1041	1044	1111	1141
244	1157	1187	1222	1227	1330	1339									
245	33	64	98	135	205	237	260	274	322	338	344	350	363	382	391
245	397	409	461	561	618	623	641	684	721	736	746	761	835	847	863
245	880	906	919	955	999	1006	1013	1041	1047	1088	1141	1157	1216	1225	1227
245	1260	1331	1339	1377	1409										
246	20	26	188	205	237	260	265	322	350	353	362	382	391	421	618
246	623	627	761	790	847	863	880	924	955	1013	1041	1043	1111	1141	1157
246	1187	1222	1227	1322	1331	1339	1354	1370							
247	15	27	52	69	86	116	135	153	170	172	183	193	214	216	
247	240	260	269	274	300	378	388	399	437	450	452	475	484	502	515
247	518	553	591	605	641	650	661	682	684	687	719	722	743	752	761
247	774	806	808	826	827	829	845	849	851	853	854	855	861	862	868
247	869	900	908	919	923	944	978	1011	1025	1046	1064	1086	1184	1218	1228
247	1269	1274	1284	1300	1333	1339	1352	1361	1377	1413	1434				
248	33	64	107	178	183	184	192	194	268	269	286	365	378	440	442
248	454	521	526	567	586	610	648	661	671	681	684	727	740	828	865
248	868	908	939	942	946	978	992	1014	1059	1096	1123	1148	1167	1185	1193
248	1218	1240	1243	1304	1305	1306	1326	1343	1409						
249	33	122	146	265	521	610	732	777	783	788	896	910	1040	1080	1362
250	33	37	184	226	286	417	456	521	526	567	610	648	681	684	715
250	755	781	788	844	895	914	978	992	1049	1071	1172	1185	1193	1248	1269
250	1310														
251	64	97	119	135	141	172	180	183	193	194	214	286	314	334	378
251	382	391	407	437	450	518	561	641	644	661	665	681	684	690	746
251	761	774	828	835	844	845	855	863	877	998	1045	1048	1071	1072	1096
251	1203	1218	1227	1228	1240	1267	1274	1339	1377						
252	33	109	146	147	536	781	831	896	931	1126	1202	1401			
253	43	139	226	314	327	391	437	508	514	653	684	746	761	781	818
253	835	869	877	916	931	953	965	1203	1221	1227	1322	1337	1339		
254	9	64	68	82	119	135	141	172	183	184	188	194	286	314	334
254	382	391	407	412	413	437	452	461	475	508	514	561	572	618	623
254	641	644	653	661	665	684	690	697	746	761	835	844	855	858	863
254	867	877	955	960	1006	1025	1041	1048	1049	1096	1132	1192	1202	1203	1221
254	1267	1274	1288	1339	1348	1377	1409	1431							
255	26	27	82	111	119	136	146	172	183	184	188	194	226	231	284
255	286	314	318	350	391	412	413	437	479	489	503	508	511	514	540
255	623	641	644	655	684	746	761	818	844	863	877	918	965	983	1006
255	1013	1025	1042	1071	1221	1342	1348	1377	1408	1409					
256	46	53	59	107	124	148	152	165	192	323	340	378	388	389	441
256	449	454	488	517	527	651	682	792	805	879	979	991	1010	1102	1103
256	1172	1255	1269	1310	1432										
257	82	146	188	284	353	486	698	731	762	805	842	847	928	982	1043
257	1116	1121	1227	1353											
258	20	26	32	33	208	255	314	322	353	391	421	561	623	627	689
258	715	761	805	815	847	863	948	1075	1111	1157	1215	1227	1339	1370	1412
259	20	26	33	188	314	353	362	421	530	623	715	736	761	815	847
259	863	880	955	983	1043	1111	1116	1130	1157	1188	1227				
260	20	26	32	188	229	257	259	308	314	353	391	421	618	627	761
260	815	847	863	880	948	1013	1043	1111	1157	1187	1215	1227	1339	1373	1413
261	20	26	33	108	154	353	382	391	421	561	684	761	815	847	880
261	948	973	983	1043	1062	1076	1111	1187	1215	1227	1339				
262	20	33	82	146	188	318	353	391	421	540	541	689	698	736	747
262	815	831	839	842	865	928	955	983	1043	1116	1200	1202	1214	1218	1353
262	1432														
263	20	183	304	377	409	479	523	589	601	630	654	679	684	689	729
263	863	944	971	973	1050	1055	1117	1253	1364						
264	171	183	269	278	292	365	373	392	396	398	409	442	451	475	556
264	589	601	604	630	641	679	684	696	741	752	761	773	858	863	908
264	944	955	971	973	1001	1009	1022	1055	1087	1096	1117	1193	1203	1248	1266
264	1292	1300	1310	1325	1356	1377	1387	1409	1432						
265	56	129	183	188	194	226	255	256	286	410	412	415	424	480	497
265	514	539	541	618	637	736	746	848	916	933	965	1078	1111	1202	1203
265	1215	1227	1253	1350	1352	1399	1435								
266	73	108	113	236	266	310	350	409	431	480	524	535	578	761	888
266	933	966	1110	1111	1116	1215	1227	1293	1316	1327	1351	1352			
267	26	44	73	113	236	409	476	494	514	534	535	618	839	933	1032
267	1111	1116	1133	1215	1226	1227	1293	1327	1352	1373					
268	27	67	79	89	97	123	135	141	149	172	216	241	259	329	333
268	452	460	495	629	632	649	714	807	810	814	820	855	868	880	923

268	978	998	1010	1105	1148	1154	1225	1240	1247	1269	1274	1369	1393		
269	17	27	50	89	123	135	141	149	167	172	193	216	240	265	329
269	388	437	461	495	502	561	563	629	632	641	649	690	714	774	807
269	810	811	820	845	863	868	978	998	1105	1154	1160	1183	1225	1228	1247
269	1249	1269	1274	1393	1394										
270	37	133	172	214	265	327	333	378	388	437	461	484	497	502	511
270	518	554	641	649	681	761	819	844	845	853	869	978	998	1010	1148
270	1269	1274	1432												
271	53	137	141	269	365	442	561	649	662	762	774	869	895	978	991
271	1010	1100	1218	1228	1240	1269	1377	1432							
272	61	64	137	147	237	269	276	304	350	356	442	550	610	663	669
272	684	727	740	818	827	946	955	1001	1089	1096	1164	1183	1193	1339	1377
272	1383	1408													
273	50	135	137	146	232	402	460	484	610	868	1100	1228	1306		
274	135	141	214	318	329	333	382	391	521	560	561	649	684	697	715
274	736	740	746	755	818	868	895	916	989	1010	1071	1202	1225	1269	1327
274	1339	1352	1409												
275	128	154	188	205	255	350	391	480	539	669	674	841	842	890	891
275	969	1043	1098	1111	1133	1202	1221	1320	1409						
276	27	32	73	111	181	183	194	237	310	322	350	409	421	437	476
276	479	494	524	531	552	578	580	604	618	623	627	641	665	684	690
276	745	757	761	815	842	866	880	906	982	1006	1091	1130	1202	1203	1322
276	1350	1377													
277	125	127	163	347	354	614	704	1129	1358						
278	82	125	127	146	275	284	368	480	486	529	536	669	731	896	903
278	1097	1111	1116	1127	1129	1202	1214	1366	1435						
279	22	26	56	82	103	108	154	183	226	255	265	275	284	391	415
279	497	530	537	541	618	637	669	677	746	747	761	775	805	913	923
279	965	973	983	1006	1017	1042	1052	1111	1190	1202	1215	1218	1227	1234	1339
279	1342	1351	1435												
280	22	56	108	207	250	255	284	306	345	374	415	497	541	618	637
280	677	747	761	815	965	969	1111	1215	1227	1234	1435				
281	56	284	521	529	536	684	747	766	886	896	1097	1202	1351	1368	1399
282	17	67	79	91	97	135	141	149	168	172	193	216	259	327	329
282	333	378	388	437	450	495	502	553	629	632	649	690	714	807	814
282	845	868	871	882	942	978	998	1010	1031	1105	1148	1154	1160	1240	1247
282	1249	1267	1269	1346	1393	1431									
283	27	67	69	79	97	123	135	141	168	172	193	216	240	314	329
283	336	338	378	437	450	460	495	502	522	543	629	640	641	649	714
283	756	761	774	795	807	817	827	855	863	868	869	882	923	946	998
283	1010	1148	1154	1160	1225	1228	1235	1240	1247	1249	1260	1267	1398	1431	
284	6	27	79	89	91	97	123	135	141	172	193	209	216	217	259
284	313	326	327	329	333	336	378	405	437	452	456	495	502	554	632
284	634	640	641	649	661	681	714	756	761	807	814	817	845	863	868
284	869	871	882	906	923	978	989	998	1001	1010	1027	1058	1139	1154	1160
284	1228	1235	1249	1267	1288	1330	1333	1431							
285	37	56	64	119	135	172	180	183	193	214	286	314	327	333	350
285	382	388	424	437	447	467	484	502	518	561	618	641	644	655	661
285	681	684	687	690	697	740	746	774	796	807	817	845	849	855	863
285	867	868	869	877	900	919	978	995	998	1010	1034	1058	1068	1086	1096
285	1218	1240	1267	1325	1339	1408	1431	1432							
286	80	124	227	681	684	763	781	791	860	895	959	991	1153		
287	27	79	135	137	159	172	193	214	217	308	327	333	388	437	446
287	460	467	502	518	561	627	641	661	681	684	687	715	740	746	761
287	815	844	845	855	863	868	869	877	900	978	995	998	1010	1082	1228
287	1245	1274	1297	1431											
288	15	17	56	64	120	135	137	172	183	193	214	216	219	254	286
288	333	350	388	452	641	649	681	684	687	719	722	740	752	761	774
288	807	808	844	845	858	863	868	869	871	900	923	946	978	998	1010
288	1068	1071	1072	1168	1189	1267	1274	1276	1327	1330	1339	1413	1431		
289	17	27	79	135	137	172	183	193	200	216	333	378	388	452	484
289	502	641	649	650	661	687	719	740	752	761	774	807	845	853	854
289	855	868	869	871	900	978	998	1010	1035	1218	1257	1276	1330	1339	1431
289	1432														
290	78	124	147	265	314	354	526	573	610	758	788	892	894	896	978
290	1362	1401	1404												
291	92	95	104	124	140	161	177	182	183	184	192	220	269	276	283
291	304	373	384	414	447	466	509	551	566	602	614	684	685	689	699
291	739	766	886	902	903	935	936	1009	1049	1051	1053	1054	1096	1126	1161
291	1167	1168	1181	1193	1243	1256	1262	1266	1304	1310	1327	1347	1372	1381	1396
292	81	94	126	127	262	731	842	1127	1129	1206	1214	1279			
293	205	208	226	231	258	306	352	391	409	418	510	512	618	673	697
293	775	885	969	983	1058	1112	1215	1301	1325	1333	1347				
294	20	26	178	208	265	291	308	330	350	362	364	380	382	391	618

294	627	647	678	695	697	761	790	815	847	863	880	885	942	948	955
294	1019	1043	1058	1112	1133	1139	1141	1188	1222	1227	1293	1331	1339	1347	1349
294	1419	1436													
295	20	32	44	178	188	208	226	229	257	258	260	330	350	362	380
295	382	391	421	561	623	627	647	665	678	697	761	819	847	863	880
295	942	948	955	960	1013	1041	1042	1058	1187	1227	1261	1322	1327	1339	1354
296	10	20	26	64	82	154	187	205	207	226	258	260	265	284	303
296	308	330	350	364	382	391	409	421	494	561	618	623	647	655	673
296	697	761	790	815	819	847	863	880	888	919	942	955	960	969	971
296	1018	1041	1042	1112	1128	1141	1188	1215	1222	1227	1257	1293	1322	1327	1338
296	1339	1373	1409												
297	26	82	188	226	255	257	265	284	291	303	330	350	356	364	382
297	421	475	504	561	578	618	623	673	678	684	847	863	878	880	888
297	890	919	932	942	955	960	969	1041	1042	1112	1125	1141	1187	1202	1215
297	1227	1293	1316	1320	1327	1330	1338	1339	1342	1347	1352	1373			
298	27	64	69	79	82	97	119	135	172	207	209	214	226	237	240
298	259	274	330	333	350	352	382	391	450	475	480	504	549	578	588
298	604	623	641	655	661	684	690	697	721	746	761	800	844	847	853
298	863	880	906	942	955	999	1002	1041	1044	1058	1086	1088	1112	1132	1154
298	1221	1240	1243	1269	1300	1333	1339	1346	1351	1377	1411	1432			
299	20	98	101	120	178	188	229	237	245	257	260	291	322	338	350
299	382	397	421	452	475	561	572	580	597	618	627	644	665	697	721
299	757	761	790	847	863	880	919	942	948	951	954	960	999	1041	1042
299	1092	1112	1132	1141	1157	1188	1216	1227	1288	1294	1322	1339			
300	20	26	82	156	188	207	330	353	380	391	480	494	548	618	627
300	673	678	747	787	815	885	923	932	942	948	955	960	969	1042	1044
300	1058	1112	1133	1141	1187	1202	1215	1227	1292	1316	1320	1331	1339	1347	1370
300	1409	1419	1436												
301	20	64	82	208	237	257	274	338	382	391	421	437	475	476	549
301	578	601	623	641	644	655	684	721	736	746	761	815	835	853	863
301	880	906	916	919	924	996	1013	1044	1059	1086	1152	1157	1198	1202	1221
301	1225	1227	1331	1337	1339	1352	1354	1377	1411	1413	1431	1432			
302	27	33	37	64	67	79	97	135	141	172	183	193	209	216	274
302	322	333	334	336	344	350	382	391	396	437	492	495	522	549	561
302	586	605	623	641	655	681	684	690	697	736	746	761	795	815	819
302	845	853	855	863	877	880	906	923	928	929	978	996	998	999	1027
302	1041	1045	1090	1132	1152	1160	1203	1228	1240	1243	1247	1269	1331	1333	1339
302	1346	1409	1411	1431	1432										
303	64	82	120	135	172	257	274	284	322	338	350	382	409	475	476
303	549	601	623	641	644	655	665	684	721	736	746	757	784	819	835
303	858	863	880	906	916	919	989	996	999	1044	1045	1058	1132	1152	1157
303	1187	1202	1225	1227	1240	1260	1294	1322	1331	1339	1411	1413	1424	1432	
304	20	64	134	155	205	237	259	284	322	336	350	353	362	382	391
304	421	437	447	475	476	497	561	578	623	655	662	675	684	690	695
304	697	835	863	880	919	1013	1111	1218	1225	1331	1339	1373	1409		
305	20	40	155	259	350	353	374	382	391	421	446	476	497	578	618
305	622	623	662	665	673	684	831	863	880	888	919	923	955	969	983
305	1058	1071	1084	1111	1187	1202	1227	1261	1293	1331	1339	1352	1373	1409	1413
305	1423														
306	10	26	64	135	251	284	330	350	391	475	503	514	525	641	644
306	684	697	746	835	863	877	916	919	946	989	1041	1111	1133	1152	1198
306	1202	1203	1221	1227	1339	1409	1411	1413	1432						
307	27	64	67	68	135	141	183	193	194	214	314	336	396	411	467
307	479	514	518	543	561	580	640	641	684	687	690	718	736	761	845
307	847	863	906	926	939	982	998	1006	1116	1139	1152	1192	1203	1300	1327
307	1377	1410	1431	1432											
308	27	67	79	97	119	135	141	172	193	216	307	314	327	333	336
308	344	378	382	388	407	437	492	495	502	634	640	649	661	662	681
308	721	761	817	844	845	855	863	868	876	882	923	942	978	989	998
308	1027	1031	1045	1139	1154	1225	1240	1243	1267	1333	1339	1369	1377	1411	1432
309	27	58	64	66	87	95	107	130	169	186	198	232	267	268	269
309	281	314	373	378	442	447	451	453	466	472	477	484	497	565	590
309	611	627	669	684	697	702	729	739	752	773	816	827	831	862	864
309	869	919	923	925	955	956	958	978	991	1009	1014	1053	1070	1096	1109
309	1137	1155	1191	1193	1237	1238	1240	1246	1251	1263	1266	1267	1269	1282	
309	1305	1339	1372	1381	1407	1409	1432								
310	1	20	64	82	130	154	183	204	223	265	284	374	391	420	475
310	476	497	539	543	549	578	618	622	623	655	673	684	747	815	847
310	863	880	888	919	923	955	1006	1013	1019	1050	1071	1116	1202	1221	1227
310	1257	1261	1293	1325	1339	1348	1352	1373	1376	1377	1409				
311	1	20	118	172	237	308	314	437	461	475	476	520	578	601	604
311	608	618	641	644	661	736	746	761	796	815	845	847	863	871	880
311	1002	1072	1076	1157	1207	1218	1257	1293	1300	1339	1352	1432			
312	135	141	172	183	184	193	194	314	344	378	409	412	437	446	452

336	27	35	50	64	67	69	79	91	98	123	135	141	149	160	168
336	172	183	193	199	216	217	259	260	274	327	333	378	388	461	495
336	502	543	561	640	641	649	684	713	753	771	774	807	810	813	827
336	828	845	868	877	898	919	923	942	978	995	998	1033	1071	1096	1105
336	1154	1160	1217	1225	1228	1240	1247	1249	1267	1269	1327	1339	1377	1411	1431
337	79	91	106	135	137	141	192	259	327	333	388	402	460	517	543
337	554	629	649	661	679	681	756	774	807	845	868	869	871	875	883
337	895	978	995	998	1010	1033	1035	1100	1105	1154	1240	1267	1269	1274	1321
337	1333	1334	1393	1431	1432										
338	27	64	67	120	129	135	183	184	188	193	201	212	284	314	320
338	333	344	350	382	391	397	401	407	409	450	479	480	514	543	561
338	580	586	618	623	641	644	654	684	687	690	697	718	746	761	762
338	844	845	863	869	906	939	955	982	996	999	1006	1013	1044	1088	1116
338	1132	1138	1157	1192	1202	1203	1225	1227	1339	1342	1352	1354	1377	1409	1410
338	1432														
339	64	67	119	135	183	193	274	314	333	344	382	391	397	401	407
339	437	446	479	518	543	561	586	618	640	641	644	661	684	687	690
339	746	761	762	844	845	858	863	877	906	916	926	961	978	998	1006
339	1027	1090	1132	1154	1203	1221	1227	1243	1300	1330	1331	1339	1352	1377	1408
339	1432														
340	110	124	184	265	368	446	610	684	760	777	860	892	894	949	974
340	1161	1362													
341	110	145	299	730	788	791	892	896	903	1362					
342	18	27	33	116	119	128	183	193	275	365	412	448	450	475	511
342	556	570	588	601	635	679	684	736	854	860	908	944	973	978	1116
342	1202	1204	1230	1299	1300	1302	1327	1331	1432						
343	18	33	63	64	82	107	116	132	154	171	183	192	269	281	286
343	304	365	373	378	383	402	435	442	446	466	511	526	543	564	566
343	589	590	610	645	662	666	679	684	695	730	736	742	782	848	858
343	908	944	952	955	964	973	976	1009	1049	1053	1116	1123	1147	1161	1167
343	1168	1185	1193	1202	1204	1211	1230	1244	1256	1285	1304	1310	1326	1331	1344
343	1364	1407	1408	1416	1431	1432									
344	6	27	64	67	91	105	135	141	172	216	237	274	314	327	333
344	336	344	350	382	391	437	495	554	561	605	636	640	641	649	662
344	681	684	690	720	740	746	774	795	817	827	845	858	863	868	869
344	880	906	919	923	942	946	955	978	998	999	1010	1044	1193	1225	1228
344	1235	1240	1243	1247	1267	1288	1339	1369	1377	1411	1415	1431	1432		
345	64	68	82	135	136	183	184	193	194	220	274	284	286	314	350
345	437	467	475	479	508	514	623	641	655	661	684	689	736	746	761
345	844	863	868	877	906	916	998	1006	1010	1048	1152	1198	1202	1203	1331
345	1339	1348	1409	1435											
346	37	64	68	82	135	141	172	183	184	193	286	314	327	333	378
346	382	388	437	452	479	508	511	518	561	618	623	627	641	644	684
346	690	695	736	740	753	761	828	835	844	848	849	853	855	858	863
346	877	906	926	927	978	995	998	1006	1048	1058	1132	1192	1193	1203	1228
346	1240	1267	1287	1288	1322	1331	1339	1377	1409	1431	1432	1434			
347	9	26	32	40	45	118	188	308	322	350	362	382	391	421	561
347	623	662	678	690	695	697	761	790	815	847	863	880	948	955	1013
347	1019	1041	1044	1048	1188	1215	1227	1242	1257	1261	1339	1354	1370		
348	26	32	56	188	205	322	375	391	409	761	815	847	863	880	916
348	948	1013	1042	1071	1111	1215									
349	40	118	259	308	362	382	446	475	578	647	662	761	771	863	871
349	880	888	955	1041	1162	1188	1215	1242	1293	1331	1339	1373			
350	40	118	259	260	308	391	409	437	446	475	476	502	513	578	608
350	641	647	761	762	815	835	847	863	871	880	888	955	1041	1128	1162
350	1212	1215	1242	1257	1293	1337	1339	1352	1373	1431	1432				
351	32	56	64	69	82	154	188	205	226	274	284	314	344	350	353
351	391	409	412	421	475	514	541	549	601	618	623	641	655	671	684
351	690	697	746	818	835	847	849	863	877	919	969	973	1013	1038	1071
351	1111	1124	1187	1192	1202	1203	1215	1319	1339	1370	1432				
352	50	67	123	135	141	172	183	193	199	214	217	240	274	314	319
352	333	350	378	388	437	450	492	496	502	522	543	561	627	640	641
352	649	684	697	713	725	793	807	828	845	863	868	869	876	919	978
352	998	1010	1044	1154	1160	1225	1228	1240	1243	1267	1269	1339	1377	1410	1415
352	1431														
353	37	58	79	111	123	139	193	269	350	365	388	442	480	511	526
353	591	610	681	684	761	781	844	868	895	919	991	1010	1161	1193	1240
353	1254	1269	1309	1333	1339	1377	1421	1432							
354	37	107	169	170	198	232	267	269	274	332	378	388	440	451	452
354	466	484	517	519	573	607	611	645	679	681	697	702	797	799	862
354	868	895	991	997	1053	1100	1104	1106	1228	1243	1254	1263	1282	1333	1361
355	27	66	67	79	97	98	123	135	141	172	183	193	199	240	259
355	274	327	378	382	388	407	437	450	461	479	495	502	522	543	561
355	563	629	632	641	649	661	679	684	713	751	753	761	762	774	807

355	817	828	845	853	863	868	869	898	942	946	978	987	998	1033	1056
355	1096	1139	1154	1160	1202	1228	1240	1267	1274	1321	1333	1339	1369	1377	1411
355	1415	1431	1432												
356	17	27	64	67	68	135	141	172	183	193	199	214	274	314	327
356	333	378	382	407	428	437	461	479	495	502	522	543	561	591	641
356	644	684	687	713	746	751	761	774	807	817	835	845	863	868	919
356	942	978	987	998	1010	1033	1096	1154	1203	1225	1240	1243	1247	1267	1269
356	1274	1321	1327	1330	1339	1377	1410	1411	1415	1431	1432				
357	33	124	264	269	274	276	281	425	568	573	611	669	686	739	761
357	864	894	902	903	935	965	1048	1181	1243	1256	1278	1362	1402		
358	27	37	65	95	107	177	183	184	185	186	194	195	198	232	269
358	274	286	289	314	373	378	384	427	471	501	521	566	579	617	623
358	627	662	667	684	697	699	739	773	859	862	864	865	914	935	955
358	956	971	979	1009	1049	1050	1053	1054	1116	1167	1173	1193	1237	1243	1310
358	1327	1332	1347	1372	1402	1407									
359	37	52	84	95	104	105	107	169	183	184	186	227	232	260	269
359	277	281	289	304	349	373	386	440	442	451	456	466	475	547	573
359	607	610	634	648	656	662	669	673	681	684	702	722	729	738	739
359	752	770	799	923	946	991	1009	1014	1040	1049	1054	1109	1116	1145	1155
359	1156	1167	1185	1191	1193	1243	1248	1252	1254	1256	1262	1266	1268	1269	1285
359	1310	1333	1396	1407	1409	1415									
360	37	87	95	107	169	183	184	186	192	198	214	232	267	268	269
360	271	274	281	286	289	309	321	442	447	454	466	472	477	611	627
360	662	684	739	752	761	773	797	799	859	862	864	865	914	956	991
360	997	1008	1053	1109	1191	1218	1251	1252	1262	1268	1269	1309	1310	1325	1407
360	1418														
361	32	207	236	306	480	524	535	539	933	1128	1202	1215	1338		
362	26	32	82	226	284	306	310	322	409	419	480	514	524	539	618
362	761	847	880	916	933	1013	1157	1202	1215	1226	1322	1338	1339		
363	64	67	68	82	135	141	183	184	188	193	194	214	284	318	350
363	391	437	480	514	543	601	641	654	684	687	745	746	858	863	906
363	982	1006	1058	1088	1116	1198	1202	1203	1221	1269	1339	1342	1399	1431	1432
364	33	64	67	68	82	135	141	183	184	188	193	194	214	314	382
364	391	397	437	450	479	508	518	524	543	561	601	641	654	655	684
364	690	818	890	906	916	982	1006	1058	1090	1192	1202	1203	1331	1342	1377
364	1432														
365	9	64	82	101	184	187	205	214	226	229	255	257	284	306	350
365	391	420	437	467	512	530	540	541	578	604	618	623	641	644	671
365	684	697	707	746	761	842	847	877	880	916	919	969	1002	1013	1018
365	1071	1098	1111	1199	1202	1203	1215	1293	1322	1327	1337	1338	1339	1354	1431
366	27	33	64	69	97	120	172	178	214	259	260	274	314	336	350
366	382	391	420	439	446	467	475	520	554	578	604	605	608	612	618
366	623	627	641	644	655	665	671	684	697	746	761	796	818	835	844
366	847	848	863	880	923	942	948	1013	1048	1054	1071	1073	1082	1096	1154
366	1164	1188	1203	1222	1225	1269	1274	1294	1300	1327	1339	1352	1354	1370	1413
366	1432														
367	20	40	118	259	308	362	391	446	475	497	530	561	578	604	608
367	647	662	667	673	695	761	771	815	847	863	871	880	923	948	955
367	1041	1044	1061	1064	1071	1162	1213	1293	1327	1339	1373	1415			
368	20	40	43	69	118	226	260	308	314	391	467	475	497	502	513
368	578	608	612	641	644	647	659	746	761	815	847	863	871	880	942
368	955	1002	1041	1071	1086	1130	1257	1293	1325	1339	1352	1431	1432		
369	40	43	69	118	214	260	314	378	391	402	420	437	446	467	502
369	520	578	605	608	612	618	641	644	746	761	815	838	847	863	871
369	880	942	1002	1041	1071	1086	1257	1325	1352	1373	1431	1432			
370	27	64	82	104	118	135	184	188	214	247	260	274	314	344	350
370	359	391	420	437	439	475	479	497	561	604	605	618	641	644	655
370	661	667	668	671	684	697	707	746	761	844	848	863	877	880	919
370	1013	1041	1054	1071	1086	1096	1157	1192	1203	1215	1225	1322	1339	1347	1351
370	1377	1409	1411	1413	1431	1432									
371	64	82	116	154	184	194	214	274	284	391	409	412	437	475	514
371	518	540	558	605	618	627	641	644	661	668	684	689	697	746	761
371	818	837	838	844	847	848	863	877	880	916	919	948	973	995	1013
371	1038	1041	1071	1096	1097	1111	1124	1203	1221	1300	1331	1351	1413	1432	
372	20	40	64	97	118	259	260	308	314	362	446	475	497	561	578
372	604	644	647	662	669	771	796	815	847	863	871	880	923	955	1044
372	1141	1162	1212	1257	1293	1327	1339	1373	1413						
373	16	23	24	37	51	74	76	136	158	159	183	184	193	194	269
373	286	311	336	366	378	384	396	400	402	450	452	502	511	518	554
373	555	556	558	591	592	628	641	657	660	661	684	687	735	746	761
373	829	843	844	845	849	853	854	855	861	862	869	908	927	952	954
373	981	986	1039	1057	1064	1131	1212	1218	1232	1238	1243	1299	1300	1327	1330
374	27	64	82	115	172	274	284	314	322	350	391	409	437	475	476

374	479	506	514	580	586	601	604	608	623	661	665	684	697	721	736
374	746	761	818	835	844	847	858	863	906	916	919	982	983	999	1002
374	1124	1192	1202	1203	1221	1227	1288	1331	1339	1348	1370	1432			
375	10	29	82	136	172	253	274	284	318	322	333	336	344	350	382
375	391	437	503	504	514	597	618	623	644	655	684	697	721	736	746
375	814	815	818	819	877	919	946	982	989	999	1002	1006	1048	1050	1124
375	1202	1203	1300	1331	1339	1377	1411	1432							
376	64	82	136	274	275	284	333	336	350	391	437	512	618	623	684
376	697	736	746	761	863	880	919	946	961	1002	1006	1047	1050	1152	1192
376	1202	1203	1240	1243	1300	1339	1377	1409	1411	1432					
377	20	64	82	118	155	172	178	229	265	284	308	331	362	374	382
377	391	421	437	446	461	475	476	497	561	578	601	618	623	644	655
377	662	673	684	787	815	835	847	863	880	881	888	919	955	969	983
377	1041	1045	1058	1074	1076	1111	1187	1202	1221	1225	1227	1261	1319	1322	1325
377	1339	1373	1409	1423											
378	20	40	64	118	260	317	350	362	391	413	420	461	475	476	497
378	549	578	618	668	673	684	761	815	863	881	888	923	955	1071	1202
378	1227	1261	1293	1319	1331	1339	1373	1409	1421						
379	20	64	82	118	134	155	172	237	284	331	382	391	418	421	437
379	475	476	520	578	601	608	618	623	641	644	655	665	684	697	746
379	761	815	844	863	880	888	919	924	982	983	1006	1013	1041	1071	1086
379	1202	1221	1261	1331	1339	1352	1373	1409							
380	20	64	82	118	154	155	172	260	331	336	350	362	374	382	391
380	421	447	475	497	541	561	578	618	623	662	673	684	787	863	880
380	888	919	923	969	983	1141	1202	1227	1261	1322	1325	1339	1373	1409	1413
380	1423														
381	27	64	82	172	178	284	317	331	382	391	437	475	476	495	512
381	597	601	605	608	618	623	641	665	684	721	736	746	761	815	844
381	853	863	880	916	919	946	982	1002	1041	1041	1058	1071	1086	1095	1096
381	1225	1331	1339	1352	1369	1409	1411	1432							
382	17	37	50	135	136	137	147	149	307	333	403	460	563	774	939
382	946	989	991	998	1010	1105	1154	1228	1243	1249	1267	1269	1393		
383	50	77	106	137	147	333	442	446	451	560	561	684	715	736	740
383	869	895	978	989	991	998	1221	1240	1267	1269	1393	1432			
384	50	67	91	97	135	137	141	149	172	193	216	259	267	314	326
384	327	333	336	344	397	405	437	495	502	554	561	563	627	640	649
384	661	681	712	756	761	762	774	795	844	845	855	858	863	869	882
384	939	946	978	998	1027	1139	1148	1149	1154	1160	1228	1235	1240	1267	1269
384	1288	1334	1339	1352	1411	1431	1432								
385	20	40	82	97	178	183	214	259	350	378	382	391	421	437	452
385	461	476	497	578	601	608	623	634	644	665	673	684	761	815	844
385	847	863	880	916	919	923	955	1002	1013	1041	1071	1074	1111	1139	1202
385	1215	1222	1225	1227	1242	1261	1293	1331	1339	1348	1352	1373	1409	1432	
386	27	67	97	135	141	172	193	209	216	267	274	314	333	336	344
386	382	397	405	437	461	492	495	502	554	561	640	641	649	661	681
386	714	761	771	795	845	853	863	868	882	906	923	942	978	989	
386	998	999	1027	1031	1136	1154	1160	1228	1240	1243	1246	1247	1267	1269	1274
386	1288	1339	1431	1432											
387	33	82	105	136	147	184	193	411	428	521	684	715	736	740	746
387	895	1002	1309												
388	37	50	106	135	137	141	149	333	336	378	451	456	543	561	563
388	681	774	868	939	989	991	998	1010	1071	1105	1228	1240	1267	1346	1393
389	27	64	118	172	259	260	284	391	437	475	476	513	549	561	578
389	601	604	605	622	641	655	668	673	684	736	746	800	815	835	844
389	880	916	919	923	978	1225	1240	1243	1257	1288	1339	1352	1409	1411	1431
389	1432														
390	20	40	82	118	260	331	382	391	461	475	476	541	561	578	601
390	608	618	622	623	644	673	684	746	761	815	835	847	863	880	888
390	919	923	955	1041	1141	1193	1202	1225	1227	1257	1261	1293	1322	1339	1352
390	1373	1409	1421	1431											
391	27	64	135	172	183	274	333	334	336	391	405	437	475	484	492
391	497	502	518	561	601	640	641	655	684	690	736	746	774	817	827
391	845	863	869	877	919	942	998	999	1027	1028	1044	1086	1096	1152	1228
391	1240	1243	1267	1288	1339	1377	1409	1410	1411	1415	1431	1432			
392	10	17	27	135	141	172	183	322	333	336	391	396	409	437	497
392	518	543	561	608	618	641	661	684	690	736	746	761	818	845	853
392	858	863	869	877	906	916	955	998	1071	1082	1086	1228	1240	1274	1327
392	1339	1432													
393	27	69	97	135	136	141	183	193	237	240	265	274	314	333	336
393	382	391	437	484	543	561	601	641	655	684	697	736	746	762	817
393	853	863	869	906	946	982	989	998	999	1006	1047	1086	1192	1203	1218
393	1227	1228	1240	1243	1269	1331	1370	1377	1409	1415	1432				
394	26	64	82	130	135	193	229	257	286	322	336	338	391	437	475
394	514	543	601	618	623	641	655	684	697	721	736	746	784	863	877

394	906	919	989	1006	1072	1124	1152	1164	1193	1202	1203	1225	1339	1370	1377
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395	26	68	135	136	141	193	274	322	336	344	350	437	484	561	601
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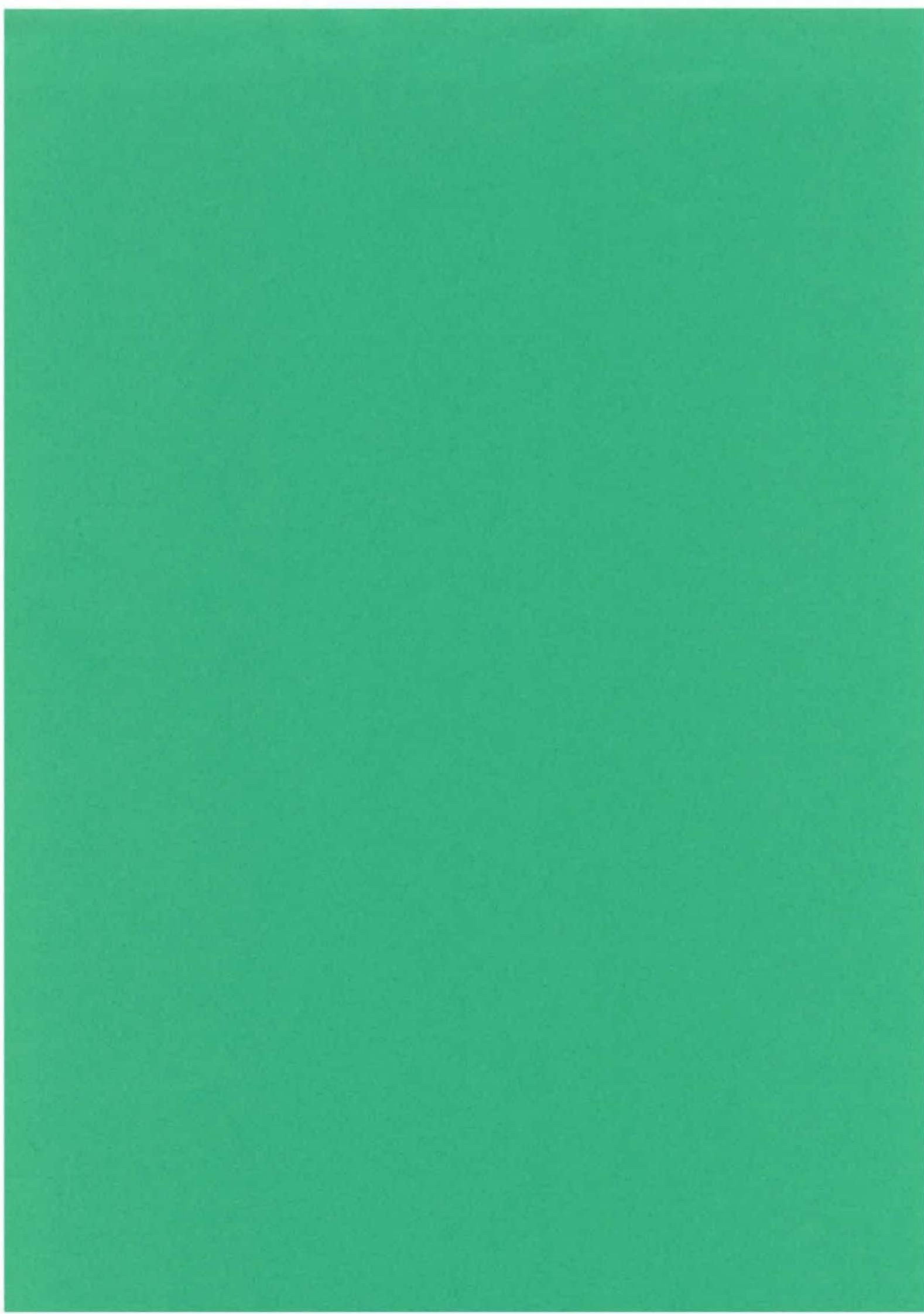
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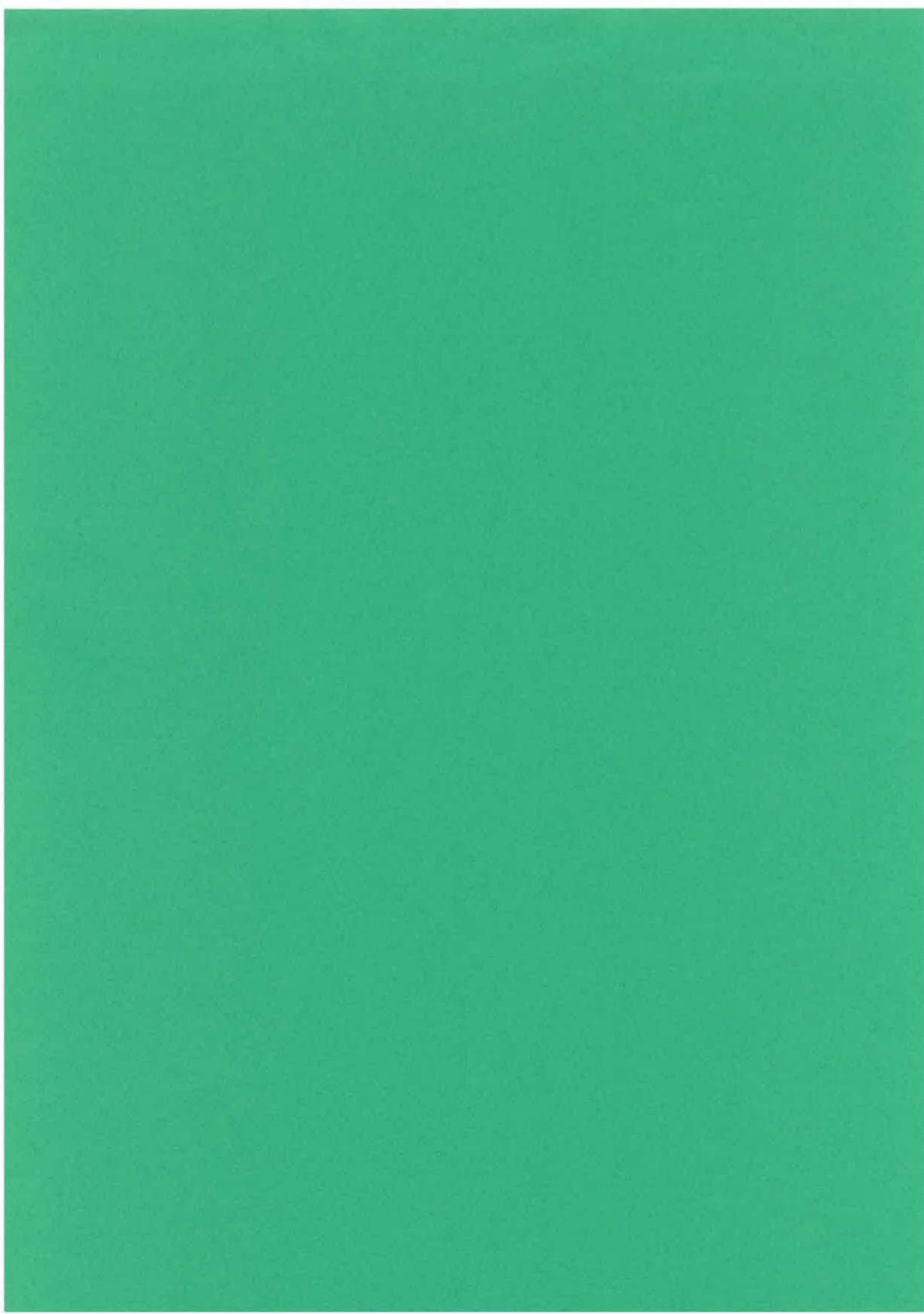
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ACAPYC	ACAROS	ACASAL	ACASEM	ACASES	ACASPA	ACASTE	ACATER	ACATET	ACATRU						
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ADEINT	ADEMEI	ADEOBO	ADIAET	ADRQUA	AGOFLE	AGOGRA	AGOLIN	AGOPAR	AGRAVE						
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ALLTHU	ALTNOD	ALYBUX	AMPAMP	AMPDEB	AMPERI	AMPLAG	AMPNEE	AMPTUR	AMPVOL						
AMYLIN	ANAARV	ANAGRA	ANALAE	ANAPRO	ANASCA	ANDAFFLAANDCAE	ANDHET	ANDINV							
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AZOFIL	BABDIS	BAECAM	BAEROB	BANATT	BANGRA	BANILI	BANINC	BANLIT	BANMEIAS						
BANMEN	BANPRI	BAUACU	BAUART	BAUARTH	BAUJUN	BAUVAG	BAWAUS	BEAELE	BEAMAC						
BEAPUR	BEASPA	BEASQU	BELTRI	BEYCIN	BILAFFRIBILCAN	BILPAR	BILVAR	BLACAN							
BLEAFFDRBLEDRU	BOLCAL	BORCRE	BORDEF	BORDEN	BORPUR	BORRAM	BORSCL	BORSPA							
BORSPH	BOSERI	BOSERILFBOSORN	BOSPUL	BOSRUF	BRABEL	BRAIBE	BRAPRA	BRAPRE							
BRATOU	BRIDRU	BRIMAX	BRIMIN	BRIMUE	BRINUT	BROARE	BRODIA	BROHOR	BULSEM						
BURBAI	BURMUL	BURUMB	CAEMIC	CAEMICBLCAEMICSWAECC	CALAFFQUCALANG	CALAPH									
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CALDEN	CALDIS	CALFER	CALFLA	CALFLFLCALFLAvECALE	CALGEM	CALGEOR	CALGRA								
CALGRAndCALHAM	CALHIR	CALHIRsuCALHUE	CALLAT	CALLATE	CALLES	CALLIN	CALLON								
CALLONCACALMAR	CAIMEN	CALPAL	CALPALI	CALPRE	CALQUA	CALRAD	CALREP	CALSAN							
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CARMOD	CARPAU	CARPHEP	CARPHI	CARPRE	CARPYC	CARVIR	CASAURHICASFLA	CASGLA							
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COMVIR	COMVOL	CONACE	CONACU	CONACUDUCONACUPRCONACXCOONALB	CONAUR	CONBON									
CONCAESPCONCAN	CONCAP	CONCAR	CONFSEFECONINC	CONJUN	CONLAX	CONMIN	CONPAU								
CONPAUEUNCONPED	CONPEN	CONPRE	CONSER	CONSET	CONSETe	CONSTO	CONSXT	CONTER							
CONTRI	CONUND	CORLIT	CORMIC	CORREC	COTBIP	COTCOR	COTCOT	COTTUR	CRACOL						
CRADEC	CRAEXS	CРАГЛО	CRANAT	CRAPED	CRAPEDu	CRASPNVCRASPSP	CRATHU	CRYARB							
CRYHUM	CRYMUT	CRYPTN	CUSEPI	CYAAVE	CYACLA	CYMMUR	CYNDAC	CYNECH	CYPCON						
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DAUGLO	DAVANG	DAVCOM	DAVCOR	DAVCOS	DAVDEC	DAVIDIV	DAVHOR	DAVINC	DAVINF						
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DODHAC	DODVIS	DRAGLY	DRBAR	DRBUL	DRBULos	DROERY	DROERYERDROERYSQDROGIG								
DROGIGGEDROGLA	DROHET	DROHUE	DROLEU	DROMAC	DROMACMADROMACSCDROMARMADROMEN										
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DROPALI	DROPLA	DROPLU	DROPYC	DRORAM	DROROS	DROSTO	DROSTOPDROSTOSTDROSUB								
DROTUB	DRYAFFNIDRYARM	DRYBIP	DRYNIV	DRIES	DRYSPIR	ECHCRU	EHRCL	EHLRLON							
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ERAELO	EREASTASEREFIM	EREGLA	EREPAUPAEREPUR		ERIDIL	ERIDILDIERIDILMUERIHEL									
ERIMUL	ERISPI	EROBOT	EROCIC	EROMOS	ERIPINPAEPYPINPIERYSUB	EUCARG									
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FERCRI	FRAPAU	FRATRI	FREAFFLEFUMCAP	GAHTRI	GALAPA	GALDIV	GALMUR	GERMOL							
GERRET	GLAANG	GLACAR	GLIAUR	GLODIA	GLODRU	GLYMAX	GNAIND	GNASPH	GNEDRU						

GNETENDRGMARI	GOMCAP	GOMCON	GOMKNI	GOMMAR	GOMOVA	GOMPOL	GOMPRE	GOMSCA	
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HIBACE HIBAFFHE	HIBAMP	HIBAUR	HIBCOM	HIBCRA	HIBCUN	HIBCUN	HIBGLO	HIBHUE	
HIBHYP HIBPAC	HIBQUA	HIBRAC	HIBRHA	HIBSER	HIBPILE	HIBSTE	HIBSUB	HIBVAG	
HODJUN HOLLAN	HOLSET	HOMFLA	HOMHOM	HORLEP	HÖVCHO	HOVELL	HOVPUN	HOVTRIGR	
HOVTRITRHYACOT	HYADEM	HYAPUS	HYBCAL	HYBFLO	HYDALA	HYDBLE	HYDCAL	HYDCAP	
HYDDIA HYDDIO	HYDHIS	HYDMED	HYDPILGL	HYDPILPI	HYDSU	HYDTET	HYPANG	HYPERI	
HYPEXS HYPFAS	HYPGLA	HYPGLAb	HYPPOCC	HYPRAM	HYPROB	ISOASP	ISOERC	ISOCUN	
ISOCUNGЛИSOCY	ISODRUM	ISODRUM	ISOHYP	ISOHYS	ISOMAR	ISONOD	ISOOLD	ISOPRO	
ISOPUS ISOSCA	ISOSCAP	ISOSET	ISOSPH	ISOSTE	IXIVIS	JACAFFSE	JACALA	JACANG	
JACCON JACDF/F	JACDEN	JACFLO	JACFUR	JACLEH	JACRES	JACSER	JACSP.	JACSTE	
JACSTR JOHACA	JOHAFFPU	JOHLUP	JOHPUB	JUNART	JUNBUF	JUNCAE	JUNCAP	JUNHOL	
JUNKRA JUNPAL	JUNPOL	KENCAR	KENCOC	KENPRO	KENSTI	KINAUS	KUNAFFMIKUNERI		
KUNLIT KUNMIC	KUNREC	LABPUN	LACREF	LAGHUE	LAGOVÄ	LAMMUL	LATTEN	LAXGRA	
LAXRAM LAXSESAUL	LAXSQU	LECBIL	LECEXP	LECFLO	LECLIN	LEMDIS	LEOSAX	LEPAFFCR	
LEPANG LEPANGCO	LEPEARI	LEPCAN	LEPCAR	LEPCOA	LEPCOS	LEPCUN	LEPDRLU	LEPELE	
LEPEMP LEPEP	LEPETRE	LEPFIM	LEPGLA	LEPGLAN	LEPGLAU	LEPHEL	LEPLEH	LEPLEP	
LEPLON LEPMAC	LEPMUI	LEPPRE	LEPPRES	LEPPUB	LEPROT	LEPROY	LEPSCA	LEPScab	
LEPSCAr LEPSCR	LEPSPE	LEPSPI	LEPSPI	LEPSPI	LEPTEN	LEPTFL	LEPYSP	LEP ANG	
LEUAFFN	LEUAFFOL	LEUAFFP	LEUAFFRE	LEUAUS	LEUCAP	LEUCON	LEUGLA	LEUKIN	
LEULEP LEUOBO	LEUOLD	LEUOXY	LEUPAR	LEUPEN	LEUPOL	LEUPRO	LEURAC	LEUSPR	
LEUSQU LEUVER	LEU_	LEU_GAP	LEU_GRA	LEU_POLSLEVPAU	LEVpus	LEVSTI	LINLIN	LINTRI	
LOBALA LOBGIB	LOBHET	LOBRHO	LOBTEN	LOGCAM	LOGSER	LOGSERAN	LOGVAG	LOLMUL	
LOLPER LOLRIG	LOMBRI	LOMCAE	LOMHER	LOMINT	LOMMAR	LOMMIC	LOMNIG	LOMNUT	
LOMODO LOMPAU	LOMPRE	LOMPUR	LOMSER	LOMSON	LOMSPA	LOMSUA	LOTANG	LOTSUA	
LOXCIN LOXFAS	LOXFLE	LOXMAG	LOXPUB	LUPCOS	LUZMER	LYGBAR	LYPNIG	LYPSER	
LYSCIL LYSELE	LYTHYS	MACAFFAUMACAPE	MACAUS	MACRIE	MEDPOL	MEEDEN	MELACE		
MELAFFACME LAFFTR	MELASPB	MELBRA	MELCAR	MELCUT	MELHAM	MELHUE	MELINC	MELIND	
MELLAN MELLAT	MELLATAC	MELLEP	MELPRE	MELRHA	MELSCA	MELSER	MELTER	MELTHY	
MELTRI MELUNC	MELVIM	MENPIP	MESGRA	MESPSE	MESSTY	MESTET	MES GR	MICAFFME	
MICATR MICMED	MICMEDDEM	MICMEDMEM	MICMCorB	MICSTI	MICUNI	MÍLMYO	MILTEN	MINHYB	
MIRDIL MIRSPI	MITPAR	MONBRA	MONDEB	MONGRA	MONOCC	MUEADP	MUEPOL	MYOADS	
MYOCAP MYOINS	MYRASP	MYRDRU	MYRECH	MYRHEL	MYRISO	NEMAFFCANEM	NEMCAP	NEMCOR	
NEMPIL NEMRET	NEMSPA	NEUALO	NEUAMP	NUYFLO	OLABEN	OLEAXI	OLEELA	OLEPAU	
OLERUD OPEAPI	OPEHIS	OPESES	OPEVAG	OPEVAGI	OPHPLUS	ORNCOM	ÖRNPIN	OROMIN	
ORTLAX OSTCLA	OXACOR	OXAGLA	OXAPER	OXAPES	OXAPUR	OXYLIN	PARDEB	PARINC	
PARLAT PARLOP	PARVIS	PASDIL	PATBAB	PATJUN	PATLIM	PATOCC	PATOCCSWPAT	PATYG	
PATUMBXAP	PELLCAP	PELLIT	PENAIR	PENCLA	PENTHU	PERANG	PERCOM	PERELL	
PERELLip	PERFLO	PERGRA	PERLON	PERSAC	PETBRE	PETLAT	PETMAC	PETMEDJU	
PETSEM PETSER	PETSHU	PETSQU	PETSTR	PETVEL	PHAMIN	PHIDRU	PHIPYG	PHLCIL	
PHLFIL PHLPRA	PHYCAL	PHYDRU	PICCSQ	PILNOV	PIMARG	PIMCAL	PIMFER	PIMIMBIM	
PIMIMBMAPIMBPI	PIMBLEU	PIMPRE	PIMROS	PIMSUA	PIMSUL	PINRAD	PITACH	PITBAR	
PITCOR PITPHY	PITPUL	PLACOM	PLAGAL	PLAHAF	PLALAN	PLAMAJ	PLATEN	POAANN	
POADRU POAPOI	POAPOR	PODANG	PODCHR	PODDRO	PODGNA	POGRASWP	POLES	POLES	
POGSTR POLMON	POLMUL	POLTEN	POLYTEN	PORERI	PORHUE	PORTIC	PRABRO	PRADRU	
PRAELA PRAFIM	PRAMAC	PRAPAR	PRAPLU	PRASPLU	PRA HO	PROFRA	PSELUT	PSEVIR	
PTEAFFN	PTEAFFP	PTEAFFS	PTEAFFVI	PTEASP	PTEBRE	PTECON	PTEESC	PTEANLI	PTEPAGA
PTEPYR PTEREC	PTESAN	PTESCAR	PTESES	PTEROPTEVIT	PTIDEC	PTIDRU	PTIHUMH	PTIMAN	
PTIPOL PTISTI	PULERI	PULUCH	PULRET	QUIURV	RANCOL	RANPUM	RANSESSER	REGCIL	
REGINO RESELE	RESGRA	RESLEP	RESMIC	RESSER	RESSIN	RESTE	RESTRE	RHAALA	
RHABAC RHABACD	RHOPYR	ROMFLA	ROMOBS	ROMROS	ROMROS	ROMROS	ROMROS	ROMROS	RUMBRO
RUMCRI RUMPUL	RUTMUL	SAGAPE	SAGMAR	SAMJUN	SAMREP	SANACU	SARQUI	SCAANC	
SCACAL SCACAN	SCACRA	SCAGLA	SCALAN	SCANIT	SCAPHL	SCAREPANS	SCAREP	SCAREP	SCASTR
SCATHE SCHAFFL	SCHAFFS	SCHAFFFOB	SCHAFFTES	SCHASP	SCHBEN	SCHBIF	SCHBRE	SCHCAE	SCHCAP
SCHCIL SCHCLA	SCHCRU	SCHCUR	SCHDIS	SCHFEL	SCHGRA	SCHGREEN	SCHHUM	SCHINV	
SCHJUN SCHLAN	SCHLAT	SCHNAN	SCHNAT	SCHNIT	SCHODO	SCHOSP2	SCHPED	SCHPEN	
SCHRIG SCHROD	SCHSCU	SCHSPBB	SCHSPNT	SCHSUBROS	SCHSUBba	SCHSUBbu	SCHSUBfa	SCHSUBf1	
SCHTEN SCHUNI	SCH_BR	SCH_BRC	SCHSELGRA	SENHIS	SENLAUBI	SENLAUM	SENASEN	QUA	SHEARV
SILFIL SILGAL	SILHUM	SILNOC	SISEXI	SOLAME	SOLHET	SOLNIG	SOLSYM	SONASP	
SONHYD SONOLE	SOWLAX	SPABUL	SPEARV	SPERUB	SPHAFFMAS	SPHCP	SPHGRA	SPHGRACi	
SPHLIN SPHMED	SPHVIM	SPOVIR	SPYGLO	SPYTRI	STAAXI	STAMON	STAVER	STEGRA	
STEMED STEROB	STESEC	STICAM	STICOM	STIELE	STIFLA	STILAT	STIMAC	STIPYC	
STISEM STISEMP	STRSTE	STYADN	STYADP	STYAFF	STYAFFBUSTY	STYAMO	STYBRE	STYBRU	
STYBRUM	STYBUL	STYCAL	STYCAR	STYCR	STYDRO	STYDIC	STYDIU	STYDIV	
STYECO STYEMA	STYGLA	STYGUT	STYIMB	STYINU	STYJUN	STYLEP	STYLON	STYMAC	
STYMAR STYMM	STYOBT	STYPER	STYPERP	STYPET	STYPI	STYFUL	STYRE	STYRIG	
STYROS STYROSa	STYSCA	STYSCH	STYSPA	STYSTR	STYUTR	SUAAUS	SUACU	SUACU	
SYNBUS SYNFLO	SYNgra	SYNOATS	SYNPET	SYNPETTR	SYNPOL	SYNSPI	SYNSTE	SYNWICH	

SYN	PET	TEMBIL	TEMRET	TERCYA	TETCAP	TETDEC	TETHIR	TETHIRSCTETLAE	TETOCT
TETTET	THEAFFHOTHEAFFMATHEAFFPATHEANT	THEBEN	THECAM	THECAN	THECRI	THEFLE			
THEFUS	THEMAC	THEMUC	THENUD	THEPAU	THOCOG	THOGRA	THOPUR	THOTRI	THRDF
THYARB	THYARE	THYDIC	THYGLA	THYMAN	THYMUL	THYPAT	THYPAU	THYPSE	THYSPA
THYSMP	THYTEN	THYTHY	THYTRI	THY PAU	THY SPA	TRACOE	TRADIV	TRAPIL	TRIAFFVI
TRIANG	TRIARV	TRIAUS	TRIBIB	TRIBRA	TRIBRU	TRICAL	TRICAM	TRICEN	TRICER
TRIDUB	TRIELA	TRIGLO	TRIGSPA	TRIHUM	TRILON	TRIMIN	TRIMUC	TRIMUE	TRINEEL
TRINEENETRIPRO	TRISP	TRISPA	TRISTO	TRISTR	TRISUB	TRISUBte	TRITEN	TRITRI	
TRIUNI	TRIVIO	TRYALB	TRYFLO	TRYLED	UROPIC	URSANT	UTRDIC	UTRINA	UTRMEN
UTRVIO	VELDEA	VELTRI	VERACE	VERAFFCAVERARV	VERDEN	VERDRU	VERHAB	VERHUE	
VERHUEHUVERLINLIVERNIT	VEROVA	VERPEN	VERPLU	VERPLUPLVERREI	VICSAT	VICSATSA			
VILALB	VILCAP	VILLAT	VILPAR	VILSUB	VILVIO	VIMJUN	VULBRO	VULMYU	WAHCAP
WAHPRE	WAIAUR	WAICIT	WAIPAN	WAISUA	WATBUL	WATMAR	WATMER	WEsdAM	WILBAC
WURDIO	WURDIO AWURMON	WURPYG	XANACA	XANBRU	XANCAN	XANCIL	XANDRU	XANGRA	
XANHUE	XANPRE	XANPUS	XYLOCC	ZANAET	ZYGFRU				
ACTON-1	AMBR-1	AMBR-2	AMBR-3	AMBR-4	AMBR-5	AMBR-6	AMBR-7	AMBR-9	AMBRAL-1
APBF-1	APBF-2	AUSTB-1	AUSTB-2	AUSTB-3	AUSTB-4	AUSTB-5	AUSTB-6	AUSTB-7	AUSTB-8
AUSTRA-1	BAMBUN-1	BAMBUN-2	BAMBUN-3	BANK-1	BANK-1A	BANK-2	BANK-3	BOLD-1	BOLD-2
BOLD-3	BOLD-4	BRIX-1	BRIX-2	BRIX-3	BRIX-4	BRIX-5	BULL-1	BULL-10	BULL-11
BULL-12	BULL-3	BULL-4	BULL-5	BULL-6	BULL-7	BULL-8	BULL-9	BULLER-1	BULLER-2
BULLER-3	BURN-1	BURN-2	BURNRD01	BURNRD02	BYRD-1	CS8-1	CS8-2	CS8-3	CS8-4
C71-1	C71-2	C71-3	C71-4	CAPEL-1	CAPEL-2	CAPEL-3	CAPEL-4	CAPEL-5	CAPEL-6
CAPEL-7	CAPEL-8	CAPEL-9	CARAB-1	CARAB-2	CARAB-3	CARB-1	CARB-2	CARB-3	CARB-4
CHIDPT-1	CLIF-1	CLIF-2	CLIF-3	CORON-1	CORON-2	CRAMPT-1	CRAMPT-2	DEJONG-a	DEJONG-c
DEPOT-1	DRAIN-1	DUCK-1	DUCK-2	DUCK-3	DUNS-1	ELDO-1	ELLEN-1	ELLEN-2	ELLEN-3
ELLEN-4	ELLEN-5	ELLEN-6	ELLEN-7	ELLIS-1	ELLIS-2	ELLIS-3	FISH-1	FISH-2	FISH-3
FISH-4	FISH-5	FL-1	FL-10	FL-2	FL-3	FL-4	FL-5	FL-6	FL-7
FL-9	GARDEN-1	GARDEN-2	GARDEN-3	GARDEN-4	GINGIN-1	GINGIN-2	GINGIN-3	GOLF-1	GUTHR-1
GUTHR-2	GUTHR-3	GUTHR-4	GUTHR-5	GUTHR-6	HARRY-1	HARRY-2	HARRY-3	HARRY-4	HARRY-5
HARRY-6	KEME-1	KEME-2	KEME-3	KERO-1	KERO-2	KING-1	KING-2	KOOLJ-1	KOOLJ-2
KOOLJ-3	KOOLJ-4	KOOLJ-5	KOOLJ-6	KOOLJ-7	KOON-1	KOON-2	LAND-1	LESCH-1	LESCH-2
LESCH-3	LESCH-4	LESCH-5	LYONS-6	LYONS-1	LYONS-2	M53	MANEA-1	MANEA-2	MANEA-3
MEAL-1	MEAL-2	MEELON-1	MEELON-2	MELA-1	MELA-10	MELA-2	MELA-3	MELA-5	MELA-6
MELA-7	MELA-8	MELA-9	MHENRY-1	MHENRY-2	MILT-1	MILT-2	MILT-3	MILT-4	MILT-5
MILT-6	MILT-7	MILT-8	MINN-1	MINN-2	MINN-3	MODO-1	MODO-2	MODO-3	MODO-4
MODO-5	MODO-6	MPK01	MPK02	MPK03	MTB-1	MTB-2	MTB-3	MTB-4	MTB-5
MUCK-1	MUCK-2	MUD-2	MUD-3	MUD-4	MUD-5	MUD-6	MUD-7	MUD-9	MYALUP-2
McLART-1	NAVB-1	NAVB-2	NAVB-3	NAVB-4	NEER-1	NEER-10	NEER-11	NEER-2	NEER-20
NEER-21	NEER-22	NEER-23	NEER-3	NEER-4	NEER-5	NEER-6	NEER-7	NEER-8	NEER-9
NINE-1	NINE-2	NPRES-1	NWIL-1	NWIL-2	NWIL-3	OATES-1	PAGA-1	PAGA-2	PAGA-3
PAGA-4	PAGA-5	PAGA-6	PAGA-7	PAGA-8	PAYNE-1	PB-1	PB-2	PB-3	PB-4
PB-5	PB-6	PEARCE-1	PEARCE-2	PEPB-1	PEPGRV-1	PEPGRV-2	PLINE-1	PLINE-2	PLINE-3
PLINE-4	PLINE-5	PLINE-6	PLINE-7	PRES-1	PTWALT-1	Possum1	Possum2	Possum3	Possum4
Possum5	RAAF-1	RAAF-2	RAAF-3	REDL-1	RIVD-1	RIVD-2	RUAB-1	RUAB-2	RUAB-3
RUAB-4	SANDON-1	SEAB-1	SEAB-2	SEAB-3	SEAB-4	SEAB-5	SEAB-6	SEAB-7	SEAB-8
SHE-1	SHE-2	SHE-3	SHE-4	SHE-5	SHE-6	SHENT-1	SINT-1	SMITH-1	SVH-1
SVH-2	TAM-1	THOM-2	TRIG-1	TRIG-2	TRIG-3	TRIG-4	TRIG-5	TRIG-6	TWIN-1
TWIN-10	TWIN-11	TWIN-2	TWIN-3	TWIN-4	TWIN-5	TWIN-7	TWIN-8	WABL-1	WABL-2
WABL-3	WABL-4	WAND-1	WARB-1	WARB-2	WARB-3	WARB-4	WARI-1	WARI-2	WATER-1
WATER-2	WATER-3	WATER-4	WATERRD1	WELL-1	WELL-2	WHILL-1	WHILL-2	WHILL-3	WHILL-4
WHILL-5	WHITE-1	WHITE-2	WILL-1	WIRR-1	WIRR-2	WONN-3	WONN-4	WONN-5	WONN-6
WOODP-1	WOODP-2	WOODV-1	WOODV-2	YALG-1	YALG-2	YALG-3	YALG-4	YALG-5	YALG-6
YALG-7	YALG-8	YALLIN-1	YAN-1	YAN-10	YAN-11	YAN-12	YAN-13	YAN-14	YAN-15
YAN-16	YAN-17	YAN-18	YAN-19	YAN-2	YAN-20	YAN-21	YAN-22	YAN-23	YAN-24
YAN-25	YAN-3	YAN-4	YAN-5	YAN-6	YAN-8	YAN-9	YOON-1	YOON-2	YOON-3
YULE-1	YULE-2	YULE-3	YULE-4	YULE-5	boyan	01boyan	02brick1	brick2	brick3
brick4	brick5	brick6	brick7	brick8	buffer01	card1	card10	card11	card12
card13	card2	card3	card4	card5	card6	card7	card8	card9	cool 01
cool 02	cool 03	cool 04	cool 08	cool 09	cool 11	dard01	dard02	dard03	gibson01
gibson02	hurst01	hurst02	hurst03	hurst04	hymus01	hymus02	hymus03	hymus04	hymus05
hymus06	iron01	iron02	kelly01	kelly02	kemp01	lamb1	lamb2	low01	low04
low06a	low06b	low07	low08	low09a	low09b	low10a	low10b	low12a	low12b
low13a	low13b	low14a	rowe01	rowe02	smith02	smith03	smith04	talb1	talb10
talb11	talb12	talb13	talb2	talb3	talb4	talb5	talb6	talb7	talb8
talb9	waro 01	waro 02	waro 03	waro 04	waro 05	waro 06	welr 01	welr 02	wicher01
will02	will03	will04	wonn01	wonn02	yarl01	yarl02	yarl03	yarl04	





Appendix 4.

Plot location, altitude and community type.

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
ACTON-1	-33.7515	115.2231	40	1a
AMBR-1	-33.7386	115.3208	35	1b
AMBR-2	-33.7381	115.3236	35	2
AMBR-3	-33.7372	115.3306	35	4
AMBR-4	-33.7347	115.3258	35	1b
AMBR-5	-33.7361	115.3350	35	2
AMBR-6	-33.7408	115.3231	75	1b
AMBR-7	-33.7408	115.3225	35	2
AMBR-9	-33.7376	115.3214	35	1b
AMBRAL-1	-33.7392	115.3231	35	1b
APBF-1	-31.9794	116.0003	40	20a
APBF-2	-31.9806	115.9658	40	20a
AUSTB-1	-32.6156	115.7774	5	7
AUSTB-2	-32.6148	115.7779	5	7
AUSTB-3	-32.6158	115.7792	5	11
AUSTB-4	-32.6111	115.7758	5	5
AUSTB-5	-32.6035	115.7806	5	5
AUSTB-6	-32.6018	115.7778	5	5
AUSTB-7	-32.6019	115.7798	5	7
AUSTB-8	-32.6438	115.7811	5	7
AUstra-1	-33.2768	115.7345	20	21a
BAMBUN-1	-31.4280	115.8938	20	7
BAMBUN-2	-31.4274	115.8951	20	15
BAMBUN-3	-31.4276	115.8962	20	7
BANK-1	-32.2542	115.8859	20	22
BANK-1A	-32.2563	115.8887	20	13
BANK-2	-32.2554	115.8893	20	23a
BANK-3	-32.2545	115.8860	20	23a
BOLD-1	-31.9526	115.7620	20	24
BOLD-2	-31.9533	115.7643	20	24
BOLD-3	-31.9540	115.7623	20	24
BOLD-4	-31.9458	115.7728	50	24
BOYAN01	-33.4769	115.7607	90	21b
BOYAN02	-33.4593	115.7835	100	1a
BRICK1	-32.2347	115.9983	40	3a
BRICK2	-32.2293	116.0014	40	20b
BRICK3	-32.2320	116.0018	40	3a
BRICK4	-32.2309	116.0019	40	9
BRICK5	-32.2319	115.9992	40	3a
BRICK6	-32.2310	116.0004	40	3a
BRICK7	-32.2271	115.9971	40	3a
BRICK8	-32.2286	115.9954	40	3a
BRIX-1	-32.0306	115.9712	15	8
BRIX-2	-32.0319	115.9700	15	3a
BRIX-3	-32.0318	115.9704	15	8
BRIX-4	-32.0320	115.9695	15	8
BRIX-5	-32.0333	115.9700	15	3a
BUFFER01	-33.5381	115.7335	110	21b
BULL-1	-31.6294	116.0240	75	28
BULL-10	-31.6262	116.0225	75	28
BULL-11	-31.6243	116.0238	75	28
BULL-12	-31.6235	116.0200	60	11
BULL-3	-31.6330	116.0202	75	23a
BULL-4	-31.6320	116.0196	75	28
BULL-5	-31.6283	116.0144	75	5
BULL-6	-31.6258	116.0153	75	7
BULL-7	-31.6244	116.0156	75	5
BULL-8	-31.6250	116.0153	75	7
BULL-9	-31.6282	116.0203	75	28
BULLER-1	-32.8700	115.8283	20	21a
BULLER-2	-32.8735	115.8277	20	21a
BULLER-3	-32.8785	115.8272	20	21c
BURN-1	-31.7367	115.7297	5	29a
BURN-2	-31.7367	115.7306	5	29a
BURNRD01	-32.7223	115.9416	50	20b
BURNRD02	-32.7280	115.9417	50	3b
BYRD-1	-33.1085	115.8085	20	9
C58-1	-32.8616	115.7730	10	4
C58-2	-32.8634	115.7626	10	13
C58-3	-32.8627	115.7636	10	8
C58-4	-32.8611	115.7690	10	10a
C71-1	-33.4107	115.6253	20	11
C71-2	-33.4061	115.6251	20	21a
C71-3	-33.4381	115.6094	20	21a
C71-4	-33.4389	115.6067	20	25
CAPEL-1	-33.5788	115.5454	20	21b
CAPEL-2	-33.5791	115.5450	20	21b

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
CAPEL-3	-33.5655	115.5490	20	4
CAPEL-4	-33.5770	115.5458	20	13
CAPEL-5	-33.5773	115.5453	20	1b
CAPEL-6	-33.5713	115.5453	20	12
CAPEL-7	-33.5728	115.5465	20	21a
CAPEL-8	-33.5723	115.5418	20	12
CAPEL-9	-33.5724	115.5420	20	12
CARAB-1	-32.6374	115.7190	5	15
CARAB-2	-32.6388	115.7206	5	7
CARAB-3	-32.6394	115.7194	5	11
CARB-1	-33.7059	115.1870	20	1b
CARB-2	-33.6998	115.1830	20	1b
CARB-3	-33.7049	115.1838	20	21b
CARB-4	-33.7063	115.1874	20	1b
CARD1	-32.2441	115.9881	40	20b
CARD10	-32.2496	115.9838	40	6
CARD11	-32.2480	115.9841	40	6
CARD12	-32.2434	115.9842	40	3b
CARD13	-32.2427	115.9842	40	3b
CARD2	-32.2450	115.9869	40	20b
CARD3	-32.2468	115.9863	20	21a
CARD4	-32.2469	115.9864	40	6
CARD5	-32.2497	115.9864	40	20b
CARD6	-32.2495	115.9863	40	20b
CARD7	-32.2496	115.9852	40	21a
CARD8	-32.2508	115.9841	40	20b
CARD9	-32.2505	115.9841	40	20b
CHIDPT-1	-32.0172	115.7781	10	24
CLIF-1	-32.8190	115.6959	40	21a
CLIF-2	-32.8171	115.6874	35	26a
CLIF-3	-32.8165	115.6877	35	26a
COOL01	-32.2833	115.7878	15	17
COOL02	-32.2833	115.7858	15	24
COOL03	-32.2828	115.7853	15	24
COOL04	-32.3201	115.7664	5	17
COOL08	-32.3292	115.7671	10	24
COOL09	-32.3294	115.7677	10	19
COOL11	-32.3287	115.7682	10	17
CORON-1	-32.8701	115.7202	35	21a
CORON-2	-32.8706	115.7265	40	25
CRAMPT-1	-33.0252	115.7436	30	21a
CRAMPT-2	-33.0234	115.7423	30	21a
DARD01	-33.4361	115.7974	120	1a
DARD02	-33.4079	115.7957	70	21b
DARD03	-33.4317	115.7980	130	1a
DEJONG-A	-32.1656	115.8906	30	22
DEJONG-C	-32.1667	115.8922	30	21c
DEPOT-1	-31.7295	115.7902	20	28
DRAIN-1	-32.8198	115.7500	10	21a
DUCK-1	-32.2917	115.8850	40	3c
DUCK-2	-32.2915	115.8841	40	3c
DUCK-3	-32.2915	115.8854	40	9
DUNS-1	-33.6051	115.1003	15	3b
ELDO-1	-31.3585	115.7573	50	23b
ELLEN-1	-31.7522	116.0331	20	8
ELLEN-2	-31.7550	116.0350	20	8
ELLEN-3	-31.7564	116.0331	20	8
ELLEN-4	-31.7567	116.0306	20	8
ELLEN-5	-31.7564	116.0311	20	8
ELLEN-6	-31.7556	116.0350	20	3c
ELLEN-7	-31.7531	116.0371	20	6
ELLIS-1	-32.9305	115.7158	5	17
ELLIS-2	-32.9311	115.7129	5	18
ELLIS-3	-32.9306	115.7153	5	18
FISH-1	-33.7314	115.3884	20	7
FISH-2	-33.7313	115.3890	20	7
FISH-3	-33.7311	115.3882	20	10a
FISH-4	-33.7350	115.3883	20	10a
FISH-5	-33.7360	115.3868	20	2
FL-1	-32.1591	115.9516	20	4
FL-10	-32.1703	115.9347	20	12
FL-2	-32.1585	115.9511	20	10a
FL-3	-32.1642	115.9496	20	8
FL-4	-32.1663	115.9508	20	21a
FL-5	-32.1563	115.9432	20	21c
FL-6	-32.1574	115.9438	20	21c
FL-7	-32.1572	115.9499	20	8

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
FL-9	-32.1741	115.9341	20	4
GARDEN-1	-32.1686	115.6714	5	30a
GARDEN-2	-32.1743	115.6600	5	29a
GARDEN-3	-32.1724	115.6698	10	30a
GARDEN-4	-32.2051	115.6812	1	30a
GIBSON01	-33.6291	115.6461	70	21b
GIBSON02	-33.6370	115.6512	90	1a
GINGIN-1	-31.4050	115.9114	20	7
GINGIN-2	-31.4052	115.9108	20	7
GINGIN-3	-31.4056	115.9101	20	7
GOLF-1	-31.8292	115.8347	60	20a
GUTHR-1	-33.0807	115.7769	20	4
GUTHR-2	-33.0822	115.7748	20	5
GUTHR-3	-33.0846	115.7732	20	21a
GUTHR-4	-33.0804	115.7795	20	5
GUTHR-5	-33.1094	115.7417	15	21a
GUTHR-6	-33.0929	115.7825	20	21a
HARRY-1	-32.1726	115.8305	20	28
HARRY-2	-32.1722	115.8302	20	28
HARRY-3	-32.1741	115.8292	20	5
HARRY-4	-32.1727	115.8403	20	23a
HARRY-5	-32.1702	115.8372	20	21a
HARRY-6	-32.1708	115.8282	20	11
HURST01	-32.0814	115.8875	30	23a
HURST02	-32.0819	115.8889	30	23a
HURST03	-32.0811	115.8822	30	23a
HURST04	-32.0781	115.8833	30	23a
HYMUS01	-32.3492	115.8568	30	11
HYMUS02	-32.3483	115.8564	50	11
HYMUS03	-32.3501	115.8578	50	21c
HYMUS04	-32.3496	115.8593	50	21c
HYMUS05	-32.3510	115.8631	50	11
HYMUS06	-32.3516	115.8629	50	11
IRON01	-33.8148	115.2203	90	10b
IRON02	-33.8137	115.2212	90	10b
KELLY01	-33.5768	115.6887	70	1a
KELLY02	-33.5768	115.6903	70	21b
KEME-1	-33.2157	115.7369	30	25
KEME-2	-33.2160	115.7398	25	21a
KEME-3	-33.2252	115.7404	15	21c
KEMP01	-33.7666	115.4323	80	1a
KERO-1	-32.2955	115.7999	20	24
KERO-2	-32.2945	115.7983	20	24
KING-1	-31.9691	115.8357	20	28
KING-2	-31.9607	115.8286	20	28
KOOLJ-1	-32.7301	115.7133	5	4
KOOLJ-2	-32.7293	115.7140	5	21a
KOOLJ-3	-32.7268	115.7234	5	21a
KOOLJ-4	-32.7316	115.7234	5	21a
KOOLJ-5	-32.7565	115.7365	5	3b
KOOLJ-6	-32.7563	115.7350	5	10a
KOOLJ-7	-32.7554	115.7356	5	10a
KOON-1	-31.8389	115.8675	70	20a
KOON-2	-31.8361	115.8681	60	20a
LAMB1	-32.1814	116.0060	30	3a
LAMB2	-32.1815	116.0053	30	3a
LAND-1	-31.8208	115.8503	60	20a
LE SCH-1	-33.2423	115.6887	5	30b
LE SCH-2	-33.2212	115.6897	5	30b
LE SCH-3	-33.2010	115.6839	5	30b
LE SCH-4	-33.2013	115.6857	5	30b
LE SCH-5	-33.2003	115.6897	5	30b
LE SCH-6	-33.2003	115.6911	5	17
LOW01	-32.3326	115.9032	15	21c
LOW04	-32.3296	115.9033	15	21a
LOW06A	-32.3215	115.9079	15	21c
LOW06B	-32.3214	115.9098	15	21c
LOW07	-32.3222	115.9144	15	21c
LOW08	-32.3220	115.9154	15	5
LOW09A	-32.3263	115.9225	15	5
LOW09B	-32.3269	115.9222	15	5
LOW10A	-32.3371	115.9106	15	21a
LOW10B	-32.3379	115.9088	15	11
LOW12A	-32.3394	115.9037	15	21a
LOW12B	-32.3393	115.9056	15	21a
LOW13A	-32.3489	115.9009	15	21a
LOW13B	-32.3500	115.8996	15	23a

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
LOW14A	-32.3501	115.8927	15	4
LYONS-1	-32.9954	115.7663	20	4
LYONS-2	-32.9813	115.7523	50	25
M53	-31.9775	115.9881	99	20a
MANEA-1	-33.3690	115.6591	30	9
MANEA-2	-33.3681	115.6621	30	21a
MANEA-3	-33.3701	115.6576	30	21b
MCLART-1	-32.6938	115.7054	5	13
MEAL-1	-32.6772	115.6871	5	25
MEAL-2	-32.6807	115.6875	20	26b
MEELON-1	-32.6905	115.9349	40	8
MEELON-2	-32.6904	115.9347	40	8
MELA-1	-31.6733	115.8939	60	4
MELA-10	-31.6721	115.9245	60	22
MELA-2	-31.6717	115.8939	70	23b
MELA-3	-31.6717	115.8971	80	23b
MELA-5	-31.6678	115.8941	70	22
MELA-6	-31.6658	115.8935	75	23b
MELA-7	-31.6900	115.9044	60	23b
MELA-8	-31.6956	115.9056	60	23b
MELA-9	-31.6722	115.9276	60	23b
MHENRY-1	-32.0336	115.8589	5	30c
MHENRY-2	-32.0339	115.8583	5	30c
MILT-1	-31.4010	115.6949	45	5
MILT-2	-31.3959	115.7992	55	13
MILT-3	-31.3958	115.7962	40	23b
MILT-4	-31.4095	115.6914	60	28
MILT-5	-31.3978	115.7914	60	14
MILT-6	-31.3935	115.7816	60	21a
MILT-7	-31.4009	115.7695	60	23b
MILT-8	-31.4001	115.7261	60	23b
MINN-1	-33.4738	115.5612	20	25
MINN-2	-33.4733	115.5617	20	25
MINN-3	-33.4789	115.5623	20	25
MODO-1	-32.2377	115.8951	20	4
MODO-2	-32.2280	115.8966	20	21c
MODO-3	-32.2283	115.8990	20	11
MODO-4	-32.2304	115.9022	20	23a
MODO-5	-32.2246	115.9018	20	23a
MODO-6	-32.2261	115.8984	20	4
MPK01	-31.6636	115.9200	70	23b
MPK02	-31.6767	115.9070	70	22
MPK03	-31.6799	115.8970	70	23b
MTB-1	-32.1828	115.7869	30	24
MTB-2	-32.1713	115.7790	20	24
MTB-3	-32.1712	115.7777	20	24
MTB-4	-32.1601	115.7811	20	24
MTB-5	-32.1586	115.7824	20	17
MUCK-1	-31.3470	115.7815	50	23b
MUCK-2	-31.3452	115.7798	50	7
MUD-2	-32.2970	115.9503	40	8
MUD-3	-32.2968	115.9488	40	8
MUD-4	-32.2984	115.9636	40	3a
MUD-5	-32.2981	115.9608	40	3a
MUD-6	-32.2961	115.9464	40	8
MUD-7	-32.2969	115.9451	40	8
MUD-9	-32.2979	115.9600	40	8
MYALUP-2	-33.0652	115.7659	30	25
NAV-B-1	-32.1645	115.7679	5	16
NAV-B-2	-32.1645	115.7681	5	29a
NAV-B-3	-32.1715	115.7709	5	24
NAV-B-4	-32.1720	115.7711	5	24
NEER-1	-31.6925	115.7548	30	24
NEER-10	-31.6541	115.7331	70	24
NEER-11	-31.6418	115.7290	40	24
NEER-2	-31.6922	115.7429	30	28
NEER-20	-31.7110	115.7506	50	28
NEER-21	-31.7118	115.7559	70	28
NEER-22	-31.7108	115.7598	70	28
NEER-23	-31.7108	115.7591	70	28
NEER-3	-31.6836	115.7380	30	28
NEER-4	-31.6825	115.7432	30	28
NEER-5	-31.6823	115.7446	30	28
NEER-6	-31.7000	115.7448	30	28
NEER-7	-31.6417	115.7188	30	24
NEER-8	-31.6413	115.7189	30	28
NEER-9	-31.6541	115.7328	70	24

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
NINE-1	-32.7365	115.7775	20	21a
NINE-2	-32.7386	115.7780	10	21a
NPRES-1	-32.8364	115.6427	40	29b
NWIL-1	-31.3840	115.5606	40	29b
NWIL-2	-31.3858	115.5591	45	26b
NWIL-3	-31.3909	115.5605	50	29b
OATES-1	-33.6869	115.5576	80	21b
PAGA-1	-32.4465	115.8016	10	5
PAGA-2	-32.4547	115.8020	10	13
PAGA-3	-32.4565	115.7998	10	5
PAGA-4	-32.4564	115.7888	30	21a
PAGA-5	-32.4396	115.7833	10	17
PAGA-6	-32.4395	115.7839	10	25
PAGA-7	-32.4394	115.7854	20	21a
PAGA-8	-32.4528	115.7825	10	25
PAYNE-1	-33.7542	115.1944	30	4
PB-1	-32.3860	115.7350	5	19
PB-2	-32.3858	115.7352	5	29b
PB-3	-32.3836	115.7354	5	29b
PB-4	-32.3901	115.7405	5	29b
PB-5	-32.3868	115.7315	5	29b
PB-6	-32.3794	115.7415	5	19
PEARCE-1	-31.6660	116.0303	20	6
PEARCE-2	-31.6667	116.0294	20	3c
PEPB-1	-33.5402	115.5125	15	30b
PEPGRV-1	-31.9944	115.7714	6	30a
PEPGRV-2	-31.9936	115.7714	6	30a
PLINE-1	-31.5568	115.9256	50	23b
PLINE-2	-31.5556	115.9135	70	23b
PLINE-3	-31.5625	115.8625	50	21a
PLINE-4	-31.5600	115.8625	50	4
PLINE-5	-31.5605	115.8437	50	5
PLINE-6	-31.5601	115.8425	50	22
PLINE-7	-31.5565	115.8403	50	21c
POSSUM1	-33.6665	115.2368	5	16
POSSUM2	-33.6651	115.2355	5	16
POSSUM3	-33.6604	115.2380	10	30b
POSSUM4	-33.6616	115.2377	5	30b
POSSUM5	-33.6701	115.2313	5	17
PRES-1	-32.8775	115.6641	20	29a
PTWALT-1	-32.0186	115.7856	10	24
RAAF-1	-31.4782	115.8584	50	23b
RAAF-2	-31.4787	115.8220	70	23b
RAAF-3	-31.4792	115.7906	55	23b
REDL-1	-33.0478	115.8156	20	21a
RIVD-1	-32.9895	115.7805	20	12
RIVD-2	-32.9918	115.7874	25	21a
ROWE01	-32.3504	115.8908	30	11
ROWE02	-32.3505	115.8931	30	4
RUAB-1	-33.6456	115.5061	30	21b
RUAB-2	-33.6456	115.5047	20	21b
RUAB-3	-33.6423	115.5066	20	13
RUAB-4	-33.6471	115.5083	20	7
SANDON-1	-32.0308	115.8706	10	16
SEAB-1	-31.2858	115.4473	10	30c
SEAB-2	-31.2879	115.4468	10	29b
SEAB-3	-31.2888	115.4498	10	29b
SEAB-4	-31.2979	115.4566	10	29a
SEAB-5	-31.2998	115.4574	10	29a
SEAB-6	-31.3018	115.4716	10	28
SEAB-7	-31.3316	115.4936	10	29b
SEAB-8	-31.2874	115.4465	10	29a
SHE-1	-31.4303	115.6373	60	26b
SHE-2	-31.4291	115.6493	50	28
SHE-3	-31.4277	115.6496	50	26b
SHE-4	-31.4037	115.6145	50	26a
SHE-5	-31.4040	115.6143	50	26a
SHE-6	-31.4103	115.6020	40	26b
SHENT-1	-31.9606	115.7978	20	28
SINT-1	-31.5876	115.7939	50	23b
SMITH-1	-33.7976	115.2921	70	10b
SMITH02	-33.7974	115.2895	70	1a
SMITH03	-33.8017	115.2961	70	1a
SMITH04	-33.8070	115.2396	60	10b
SVH-1	-31.6604	115.7744	113	26a
SVH-2	-31.6615	115.7740	90	27
TALBI	-31.8733	116.0469	50	3c

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
TALB10	-31.8736	116.0433	50	20c
TALB11	-31.8725	116.0444	50	20c
TALB12	-31.8822	116.0464	50	3c
TALB13	-31.8819	116.0464	50	3c
TALB2	-31.8728	116.0492	50	20c
TALB3	-31.8725	116.0481	50	20c
TALB4	-31.8714	116.0469	50	3c
TALB5	-31.8719	116.0469	50	20c
TALB6	-31.8697	116.0469	50	20c
TALB7	-31.8714	116.0447	50	20c
TALB8	-31.8703	116.0439	50	20c
TALB9	-31.8711	116.0425	50	20c
TAM-1	-32.3196	115.8075	30	21a
THOM-2	-32.1440	115.8381	20	24
TRIG-1	-31.8794	115.7593	20	29b
TRIG-2	-31.8830	115.7570	10	29a
TRIG-3	-31.8714	115.7596	10	28
TRIG-4	-31.8743	115.7619	10	28
TRIG-5	-31.8750	115.7605	10	24
TRIG-6	-31.8748	115.7586	10	24
TWIN-1	-31.7197	116.0098	20	6
TWIN-10	-31.7270	116.0111	20	15
TWIN-11	-31.7266	116.0110	20	11
TWIN-2	-31.7200	116.0101	20	6
TWIN-3	-31.7245	116.0140	20	6
TWIN-4	-31.7240	116.0146	20	6
TWIN-5	-31.7251	116.0175	20	15
TWIN-7	-31.7243	116.0138	20	21c
TWIN-8	-31.7253	116.0139	20	21c
WABL-1	-31.4045	115.6770	60	26a
WABL-2	-31.4050	115.6764	40	26b
WABL-3	-31.4042	115.6770	40	26b
WABL-4	-31.4024	115.6741	50	28
WAND-1	-32.2010	115.8754	30	23a
WARB-1	-31.7350	115.9445	70	23a
WARB-2	-31.7342	115.9441	70	22
WARB-3	-31.7570	115.9495	70	23a
WARB-4	-31.7569	115.9469	60	22
WARI-1	-31.8369	115.8128	30	28
WARI-2	-31.8447	115.8139	30	28
WARO01	-32.7904	115.8948	20	3b
WARO02	-32.7897	115.8934	20	3b
WARO03	-32.8122	115.9024	20	8
WARO04	-32.8112	115.9025	20	8
WARO05	-32.8136	115.9045	20	10a
WARO06	-32.8052	115.9006	20	3a
WATER-1	-33.3312	115.7580	20	13
WATER-2	-33.3295	115.7590	20	13
WATER-3	-33.3309	115.7590	20	3c
WATER-4	-33.3308	115.7578	20	8
WATERRD1	-31.4769	115.7615	70	28
WELL-1	-32.2818	115.8214	20	21a
WELL-2	-32.2773	115.8303	20	21a
WELR01	-33.0538	115.8131	20	9
WELR02	-33.0540	115.8131	20	9
WHILL-1	-32.6925	115.6120	20	29b
WHILL-2	-32.6918	115.6114	20	29b
WHILL-3	-32.6918	115.6190	20	27
WHILL-4	-32.6915	115.6195	10	27
WHILL-5	-32.6907	115.6189	5	26b
WHITE-1	-31.8242	115.9394	20	23a
WHITE-2	-31.8273	115.9416	30	4
WICHER01	-33.7387	115.4833	60	1a
WILL-1	-33.7009	115.5383	50	10b
WILL02	-33.7192	115.5180	70	1a
WILL03	-33.7016	115.5326	60	10b
WILL04	-33.7013	115.5500	70	1a
WIRR-1	-31.7408	115.8722	60	23a
WIRR-2	-31.7392	115.8578	60	23a
WONN-3	-33.6673	115.5804	20	9
WONN-4	-33.6670	115.5701	20	10b
WONN-5	-33.6585	115.5405	40	10b
WONN-6	-33.6538	115.5267	40	10b
WONN01	-33.6678	115.5863	20	1a
WONN02	-33.6674	115.5823	20	1b
WOODP-1	-32.1310	115.7559	5	30a
WOODP-2	-32.1329	115.7592	5	30a

SITE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE (m)	COMM. TYPE
WOODV-1	-31.7842	115.7817	40	28
WOODV-2	-31.7819	115.7803	40	28
YALG-1	-32.9149	115.6900	20	26b
YALG-2	-32.9155	115.6908	20	26b
YALG-3	-32.9157	115.6927	40	27
YALG-4	-32.9156	115.6933	40	27
YALG-5	-32.9165	115.6949	30	27
YALG-6	-32.9170	115.6948	30	26b
YALG-7	-32.9179	115.6978	20	26b
YALG-8	-32.9169	115.6983	20	27
YALLIN-1	-33.6716	115.1343	20	1b
YAN-1	-31.5628	115.6961	20	26b
YAN-10	-31.5471	115.7189	70	26b
YAN-11	-31.5461	115.7191	70	26b
YAN-12	-31.5020	115.7052	70	26a
YAN-13	-31.5025	115.7050	70	26a
YAN-14	-31.5045	115.7041	70	26b
YAN-15	-31.5049	115.7041	70	26a
YAN-16	-31.5065	115.7050	65	26b
YAN-17	-31.5063	115.7200	40	22
YAN-18	-31.5044	115.7204	40	22
YAN-19	-31.5074	115.7281	35	23b
YAN-2	-31.5616	115.6937	30	26a
YAN-20	-31.5072	115.7241	45	23b
YAN-21	-31.5089	115.7166	40	14
YAN-22	-31.5070	115.7186	40	22
YAN-23	-31.4958	115.7100	50	26b
YAN-24	-31.4958	115.7091	50	26a
YAN-25	-31.4935	115.7101	40	28
YAN-3	-31.5594	115.6914.	20	28
YAN-4	-31.5700	115.7116	30	28
YAN-5	-31.5634	115.7257	60	26b
YAN-6	-31.5625	115.7259	60	28
YAN-8	-31.5496	115.7251	70	28
YAN-9	-31.5478	115.7225	70	28
YARL01	-32.9353	115.9048	35	3c
YARL02	-32.9357	115.9046	35	9
YARL03	-32.9534	115.9182	60	3b
YARL04	-32.9601	115.9154	50	20b
YOON-1	-33.7228	115.4374	20	1b
YOON-2	-33.7230	115.4351	20	2
YOON-3	-33.7247	115.4338	20	7
YULE-1	-32.0239	115.9799	40	23a
YULE-2	-32.0230	115.9788	40	23a
YULE-3	-32.0210	115.9802	40	21c
YULE-4	-32.0221	115.9765	40	10a
YULE-5	-32.0229	115.9792	40	7