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## *Lanzia lanaripes* — black tacks

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*Lanzia lanaripes*, or black tacks, is a small disc-like fungus with a long stem. It's found throughout southern Australia in both wet eucalypt forests and temperate rainforest; often fruiting from cracks or amongst moss on the surface of wet well-decayed wood. The moss covering serves to keep the wood moist between rain events. In the southwest of Western Australia it fruits on large well-rotted logs and stumps in karri and jarrah forest.

The whole fruit body is shaped like a small flat-headed nail or tack, hence its common name black tacks. Disc-shaped caps are up to 10mm diameter, the upper surface is smooth, bluish black to black, flat or with a small central depression. The lower surface of the disc and the stem are lighter in colour, smooth or minutely downy. Stems vary in length but may be up to 20mm long and taper towards the base which may be sparsely hairy or woolly.

The scientific name honours the 19<sup>th</sup> century Italian mycologist Dr Matteo Lanzi (1824-1908), and also refers to the downy character of the stem. *Lanzia*: after Lanzi, *lani*-: wool, *-pes*: foot.