Vegetation of depth-gauged wetlands in nature reserves of south-west Western Australia

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Abstract

Brief descriptions are given of the wetland-associated vegetation around gauge sites in 106 depth-gauged wetlands in south-west Western Australia that are monitored by the Department of Conservation and Land Management. The common species at each site are listed, their distribution in relation to water levels is categorized and vegetation structure of the wetland is quantified. This information is intended to be used as a baseline for long-term monitoring.

One hundred and fifty plant species are recorded. Most species occur on the margins of wetlands, few grow where they are exposed to long periods of inundation. Salinity does not appear to affect the number of species recorded per wetland in undisturbed sites but species richness is reduced by the salinization that results from land clearing. Grazing also reduces species richness.

INTRODUCTION

Wetlands can be defined as '... areas of seasonally, intermittently or permanently waterlogged soils or inundated land whether natural or otherwise, fresh or saline, e.g. waterlogged soils, ponds, billabongs, lakes, swamps, tidal flats, estuaries, rivers and their tributaries'. ¹

Agricultural and urban development have caused loss or alteration of many wetlands in south-west Western Australia. Complete disappearance of wetlands has been common on the Swan Coastal Plain (Fig. 1) where drainage, land-fill and clearing of vegetation have affected approximately 70 per cent of the wetlands that occurred prior to European settlement (Riggert 1966; Arnold and Sanders 1981; Halse 1989). The planned increase in groundwater extraction to supply Perth with potable water has the potential to reduce water levels in many remaining wetlands so that vegetation in them will experience drought (Muir 1983: Ventriss 1989). Human activity has not always caused declines in water levels, however. Increased run-off from urban and agricultural land has sometimes increased water levels on the Swan Coastal Plain and wetland vegetation has died because of waterlogging (Halse 1989).

The amount of salinized land in agricultural areas is still increasing (Schofield et al. 1988), which means that wetlands will continue to become saline and there will be concomitant changes in wetland vegetation. When conservation areas are being altered by external influences, it is important for management purposes to have a quantified record of change (Hopkins et al. 1987; Clark 1990). The primary purpose of this paper is to present baseline data on the vegetation of 106 wetlands in south-west Western Australia as the initial step in a long-term monitoring program to record changes in vegetation. Data on depth, salinity and pH of these wetlands have been collected since approximately

In contrast to the coastal plain, there probably has been little complete loss of wetlands in the Wheatbelt or on the South Coast (Fig. 1). Although extensive networks of drains have sometimes been installed on individual farming properties, it is more common for water levels to have risen (Watson 1978) than for wetlands to have been drained. Nevertheless, agricultural clearing has removed the band of fringing vegetation from many Wheatbelt and South Coast wetlands and has caused the majority of them, including those in nature reserves, to become saline (Schofield et al. 1988). High salinities kill many wetland plant species (Froend et al. 1987; Sanders 1991). The whole process of land-clearing leading to an increase in the amount of salt in the landscape, especially wetlands, is usually termed 'salinization' (Mulcahy 1978) and constitutes one of the most important ecological disturbances in south-west Western Australia (see Mulcahy 1978; Schofield et al. 1988).

Definition used by Wetlands Advisory Committee, set up by Environment Protection Authority of Western Australia in 1975.

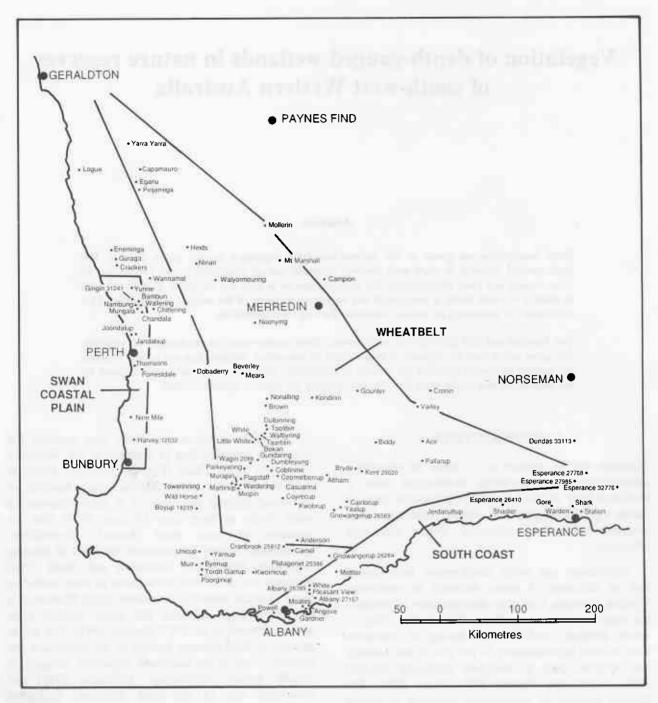


Figure 1

Wetlands surveyed in south-west Western Australia (after Lane and Munro 1983). Location of the Swan Coastal Plain, Wheatbelt and South Coast (as referred to in text) are indicated.

1980 as part of a continuing program by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (Lane and Munro 1983).

The paper also provides general information about wetland vegetation in south-west Western Australia and the effect of salinity on wetland plant species. These data supplement previous, more detailed investigations at individual wetlands to provide some idea of the types of wetland plant communities that occur in the south-west, and their distribution. Previous studies on

the Swan Coastal Plain include McComb and McComb (1967), Congdon and McComb (1976), Atkins et al. (1977), Bell et al. (1978), Backshall and Bridgewater (1981), Crook and Evans (1981), Pen (1983), Speck and Baird (1984), Keighery and Alford (1990) and the comprehensive work of Arnold (1990). Generalized accounts of the different plant communities that occur on the coastal plain are given by Seddon (1976), Heddle et al. (1980) and Semeniuk et al. (1990); information about individual species is given by Marchant et al. (1987).

There have been fewer studies of the vegetation of inland wetlands and they are mostly unpublished (Mattiske 1978; Burgman 1985; Newbey 1985; Keating and Trudgen 1986; Watkins and McNee 1987; Froend et al. 1987; Lyons 1988; Froend and van der Moezel 1991). The only general accounts of the communities that occur are those of Beard (1972 and subsequent publications) and Smith (1972 and subsequent publications).

This paper describes only the emergent aquatic vegetation in wetlands and wetland-associated plants growing on the shore. The submerged aquatic flora of most of the wetlands has been described by Brock and Lane (1983).

METHODS

One hundred and six depth-gauged wetlands in the South West and Eucla Land Divisions were surveyed between December 1987 and February 1988. All but two occurred in nature reserves (Appendix 1). The depth-gauged wetlands were not representative of the types of wetland that occur in south-west Western Australia (see earlier definition): most were lakes; only one river and no estuary nor tidal flat was included. The location of each wetland is shown in Figure 1. The approximate position of the depth gauge in each wetland (sometimes there were several gauges to cover the full range of water depths) is shown in maps accompanying each wetland account² (Appendix 1).

Accounts for each wetland give geographical co-ordinates and information about vesting, period of inundation, salinity³ and total areas of wetland, vegetation and open water. Areas were calculated from aerial photography. Names by which the wetlands are known within the Department of Conservation and Land Management have been used in the wetland accounts. These sometimes differ from the name of the reserve in which the wetland is situated and often differ from names used locally. Reserve name is given if a name exists.

Definitions of the wetland zones and categories of inundation and salinity used in the wetland accounts are given in Table 1. In the maps accompanying the wetland accounts (Appendix 1), open water is shown in black and vegetated areas are marked with a vegetation symbol.

Table 1

Zones used to describe the position of plants in a wetland and categories of salinity and inundation.

Parameter	Category/Zone	Description
	fresh	water <3 ppt TDS all year
Salinity	brackish	water <10 ppt TDS all year, <3 ppt after inflow
	saline	water <50 ppt TDS all year, <10 ppt after inflow
	hypersaline	water often 100 ppt, >25 ppt after inflow
	permanent	holds water throughout year in 80% of years
	semi-permanent	holds water throughout year in 61-80% of years
Inundation	seasonal	holds water throughout year in 21-60% of years, receives inflow most year
	ephemeral	holds water throughout year in ≤20% of years, frequently does not receive inflow
	1 (sublittoral)	plant grows from below low watermark where it i constantly inundated (except for rare drying events) to highwater mark
Zones	2 (littoral)	plant grows between low and high watermarks
	3 (littoral/ supralittoral)	plant grows around highwater mark
	4 (supralittoral)	plant grows above highwater mark

Vegetation surveys

The vegetation survey of each wetland consisted of three components.

- (1) Vegetation description at the depth gauge site. The major plant species in the vicinity of the depth gauge(s) were collected from 105 wetlands by G.B. Pearson and S.A. Halse for subsequent identification by S. Patrick. The vegetation was described, starting from the centre of the lake and extending across highwater mark to the beginning of the surrounding 'dryland' vegetation. A species list, indicating wetland zones in which species occurred, is included with the description. Names of genera and species follow Green (1985, 1988); exotic species are marked with an asterisk.
- (2) Structure of the vegetation. The highwater mark (maximum extent of flooding in years of average

Exact positions of depth gauges are given in Department of Conservation and Land Management files.

³ Calculated from wetland depth and salinity monitoring data supplied by J.A.K. Lane and D.R. Munro, Department of Conservation and Land Management.

rainfall) was located and the structure of vegetation on the lake side of the highwater mark was quantified using eight life-forms: grasses, herbs, samphires, sedges (and other sedge-like plants), shrubs, trees, dead shrubs and dead trees. Two additional categories - seedlings and saplings - were occasionally used to describe regenerating trees.

The average height of vegetation in each life-form was estimated (when the distribution of heights was obviously bimodal two classes were recognized, e.g. 5 m high trees and 10 m high trees) and the extent of coverage was determined using two measures - percentage area and percentage cover.

Percentage area was a measure of how widespread a life-form was within the vegetation of a wetland. It was calculated by assuming the wetland vegetation consisted of a solid band and then estimating the proportion of the band in which the life-form occurred (e.g. in a wetland with a narrow, sparse band of vegetation that contained trees throughout and sedges only near the highwater mark, the percentage area of trees would be 100 per cent whereas it might be only 30 per cent for sedges - Fig. 2a).

Percentage cover was a measure of projected canopy cover of a life-form within the area(s) in which it occurred (e.g. if sedges occurred in 20 per cent of the area of wetland vegetation but had a projected canopy cover of 100 per cent within their area of occurrence, then percentage cover was 100 per cent - Fig. 2c). Further examples of calculations of percentage area and percentage cover are given in Figure 2.

(3) Area of vegetation. Using 1:40 000 or 1:50 000 aerial photographs taken between 1969 and 1978⁴, each wetland was mapped and the area of vegetation was calculated. Because highwater mark could not always be distinguished from photographs, the outer limit wetland-associated vegetation was taken as the boundary of the wetland when calculating wetland area and the wetland-associated vegetation above highwater was included in the calculation of vegetation area. Consequently, data on vegetation areas cannot be reconciled with vegetation structure data, which refer only to vegetation below the highwater mark.

Vegetation type

Using results of the surveys, each wetland was assigned to a particular 'vegetation' type, mainly according to which life-form was visually dominant, although percentage area and percentage cover values were also taken into account. Except for the vegetation type 'dead tree', which often consisted of a few dead trees over much more abundant samphire, vegetation type usually corresponded with the most extensive life-form. The vegetation types were live tree, dead tree, shrub, sedge, samphire and open, which was the term used when no vegetation was present.

Occurrence of species in relation to salinity

The number of species recorded in each salinity class and the mean species richness of wetlands in each salinity class were calculated. The effects of salinity and disturbance (either salinization or grazing) on species richness were examined using two-way ANOVA after checking that the data were normally distributed and variances were equal (Wadsworth 1990).

The occurrence of 44 taxa recorded at least three times was examined graphically in relation to salinity class

RESULTS

Wetland vegetation

Detailed information about the vegetation of each wetland is given in the wetland accounts (Appendix 1). Altogether 150 wetland-associated species were recorded (Appendix 3)⁵. Fifteen of these were exotic. Three taxa that were only identified to genus were regarded as exotic because they belonged to genera containing some exotic species.

Ninety-five species were recorded from fresh wetlands, 40 from brackish, 47 from saline and 36 from hypersaline wetlands. Eight species were recorded in the sublittoral zone, 41 in the littoral, 85 in the littoral/supralittoral and 81 in the supralittoral. Most species were recorded from very few wetlands (Table 2). The 10 most commonly occurring species are listed in Table 3.

The most common wetland vegetation type at the time of survey was 'dead tree' (Table 4), which reflects the prevalence of salinization. Prior to European settlement 53 per cent of wetlands would have been

^{4 1985} photography was used for Forrestdale, Jandabup, Joondalup and Thomsons Lakes because the vegetation boundaries were known to have changed in recent years.

⁵ The number of species was probably under-estimated because not all plants were identified to species level.

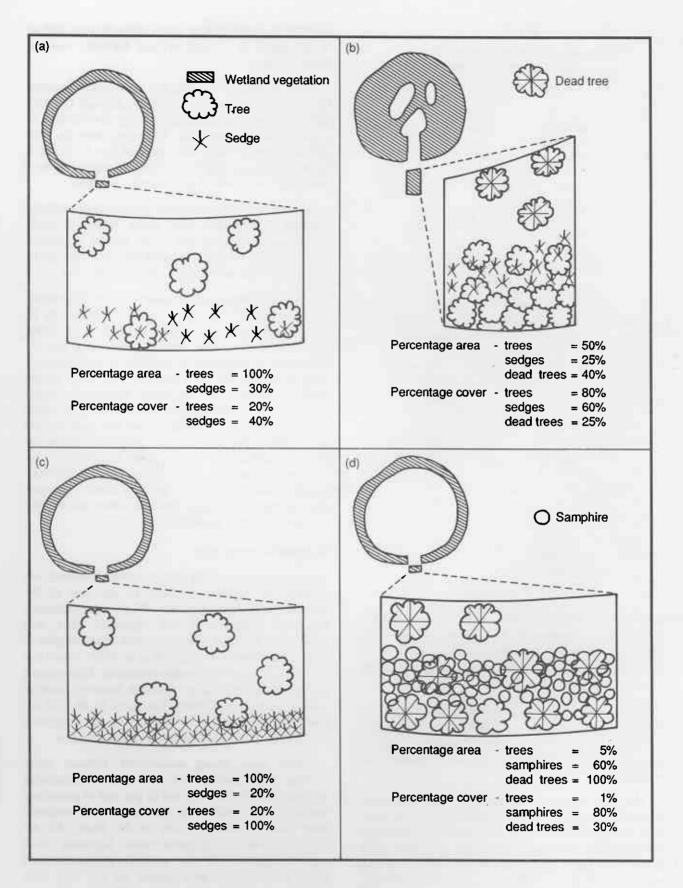


Figure 2

Method calculating percentage area and percentage cover of vegetation life forms.

Table 2
Frequency of occurrence in surveyed wetlands of the 150 plant species recorded.

No. of	No. of
wetlands	species
1-2	106
3-5 6-9	25
6-9	7
10-15	5
16-25	4
>25	3

Table 3

The 10 most commonly recorded plant species from the wetlands surveyed in south-west Western Australia.

Species	No. of wetlands
Halosarcia pergranulata	38
Casuarina obesa	31
Sarcocornia quinqueflora	27
Baumea articulata	25
Melaleuca rhaphiophylla	23
Halosarcia lepidosperma	23
Eucalyptus rudis	22
Melaleuca cuticularis	20
Halosarcia syncarpa	13
Schoenus brevifolius	12

dominated by live trees. Only Lake Bryde and Kent 29020 were dominated by shrubs (≤1m high *Muehlenbeckia* sp. growing throughout the wetland, see Appendix 1); this is an unusual vegetation type in south-west Western Australia.

The most common species in sedge or rush-dominated wetlands was Baumea articulata. Other species of Baumea, Gahnia, Isolepis, Juncus, Lepidosperma, Leptocarpus, Restio and Schoenus also occurred.

The most common tree species in tree-dominated wetlands was *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*, which often occurred in association with the large shrub/small tree *M. teretifolia. Melaleuca cuticularis* frequently grew around naturally saline wetlands. Other common species of *Melaleuca*, which is the predominant tree genus in south-west Western Australian wetlands, included *M. lanceolata* and *M. preissiana*. The growth form, bark and overall appearance of *M. lanceolata*

recorded in wetlands was vastly different from that of *M. lanceolata* in coastal dryland habitats, such as Rottnest Island.

Most wetlands containing the tree Casuarina obesa belonged to the 'dead tree' category, although C. obesa still grew above highwater mark. Lake Toolibin and, to a much lesser extent, Lake Walbrying were the only wetlands surveyed that still contained live C. obesa in the inundated area (see Halse 1988). Various species of Melaleuca also occurred in 'dead tree' wetlands.

Eucalyptus rudis was widely distributed in wetlands, although usually alive only above highwater mark. Eucalyptus occidentalis had a very limited occurrence in the surveyed wetlands, although the 'yate' swamps in which they occur are common on the South Coast.

The dominant genera of samphire were *Halosarcia* and *Sarcocornia*. They were widely distributed in all but fresh wetlands and comprised most of the living vegetation in 'dead tree' wetlands. They were also the major type of vegetation in wetlands of the 'samphire' category (Table 4). The distribution of these genera within wetlands was very much affected by recent flooding history. Plants often extended into the centre of brackish and saline wetlands that had been dry for one or two years whereas they were restricted to the edge of wetlands that had flooded in 1987 even if they were dry at the time of survey (summer of 1987/88). Samphire was restricted to the area above highwater mark in most hypersaline wetlands where soil salinity appeared to control its distribution.

Wetland characteristics

Some characteristics of the wetlands surveyed are summarized in Table 4. Only 31 per cent of the wetlands were fresh and only 47 per cent contained significant quantities of live vegetation other than salt-tolerant samphire. This is a result of salinization of most of the wheatbelt (Schofield *et al.* 1988), which has caused death of tree and sedge vegetation. There were a number of naturally saline wetlands, however, such as Lake Jerdacuttup and Station Lake (Fig. 1). Most of the ephemeral hypersaline wetlands, such as Esperance 32776 (Fig. 1), also represented a natural situation.

There were strong associations between some wetland characteristics: 75 per cent of ephemeral wetlands were hypersaline and 62 per cent of permanent wetlands were fresh. The permanent fresh wetlands were usually within 50 km of the coast. All the wetlands without vegetation below highwater mark were hypersaline. Of the wetlands containing dead trees, 65 per cent were saline, 20 per cent were brackish, 9 per cent were fresh and 6 per cent were hypersaline. In the fresh, and some of the brackish wetlands, only a small proportion of trees were dead.

Table 4
Percentage of the 106 wetlands surveyed in each class of salinity, inundation regime, size, vegetation type and extent of vegetation.

Salinity	Inundation	Size	Vegetation type	Vegetation extent ^(a)
fresh	permanent	≤30 ha	sedge	throughout
31	15	17	21	25
			tree 24	
brackish 17	semi-permanent 22	31-120 ha 30	shrub 2	broad fringe
			dead tree 29	
saline	seasonal	121-400 ha	samphire	narrow fringe
34	52	25	8	29
hypersaline	ephemeral	400 ha	open	open
18	11	28	16	16

⁽a) distribution of vegetation below highwater mark

Occurrence of species in relation to salinity

There was no significant relationship between salinity and species richness in undisturbed wetlands (Fig. 3, Table 5). Disturbance, in the forms of grazing and salinization, however, was inversely related to species richness (Fig. 3, Table 5).

Of the 44 taxa recorded in three or more wetlands, 11 were restricted to fresh and brackish sites and eight were restricted to saline and hypersaline sites (Fig. 4). The occurrence of the individual species in relation to salinity is illustrated in Appendix 2.

DISCUSSION

Undoubtedly, more than 150 species of vascular plant occurred in the 106 wetlands surveyed and the mean number of species per wetland would have been higher than our data indicated. This is largely owing to the fact that we collected only the more common species. In addition, taxonomic difficulties reduced the number of species recognized. For example, there were 26 occurrences of unidentified *Melaleuca*, seven of unidentified *Restio* and some Cyperaceae could not be identified even to genus level.

Our surveys provided additional evidence to that of Halse (1987) that salinization has had a detrimental effect on inland wetlands in south-west Western Australia. As well as causing a decline in species richness (Fig. 3), salinization has caused a marked change in the species composition of wetland vegetation (see also Sanders 1991) because many species occur only within a restricted salinity range (Fig. 4; Appendix 2). The principal factors responsible for reduced species richness in salinized wetlands are increased salinity levels and waterlogging, which together cause the death of many plants (Froend et al. 1987; van der Moezel et al. 1988). Water-logging also causes death of plants in some fresh wetlands on the Swan Coastal Plain as a result of increased run-off after land clearing and urbanization (Halse 1989).

Sixty-two per cent of all species were recorded from fresh sites compared with only 31 per cent and 24 per cent, respectively, from saline and hypersaline sites. Even allowing for the reduced species richness associated with salinized wetlands, the above figures suggest that the flora of fresh wetlands was more diverse (although each wetland contained the same number of species) than the saline flora. This result is in accordance with the general observation that biological diversity declines as salinity increases (Bayly and Williams 1973). The number of species of aquatic invertebrate in south-west Western Australian wetlands decreases with increasing salinity (Halse 1981; Edward 1983) and the number of waterbird species drops at high salinity levels (Halse et al 1993).

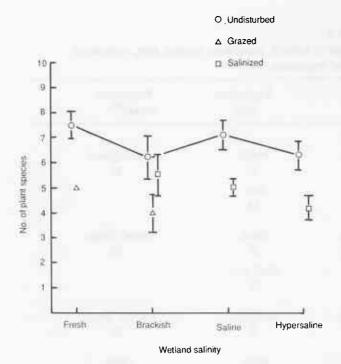


Figure 3

Effect of salinity and disturbance on plant species richness in surveyed wetlands.

Table 5

Two-way ANOVA of effect of salinity and disturbance on plant species richness in surveyed wetlands.

Treatment	df	MS	F	Significance
Salinity (A)	3	2.3	0.41	NS
Disturbance (B)	1	34.8	6.27	**
AxB	3	1.0	0.17	NS
Error	97	5.5		
Implied contrasts				
Salinized vs undisturbed	1	35.0	9.16	**
Grazed vs undisturbed	1	42.9	5.41	*

Grazing by sheep and cattle had a detrimental effect on number of emergent and fringing plant species (Fig. 3). Domestic stock have the same effect on submerged macrophytes, which causes associated reduction in the number of invertebrate species that occur in a wetland. This is rarely a problem on nature reserves in south-west Western Australia but it may limit the conservation potential of wetlands on private land unless stock are fenced out.

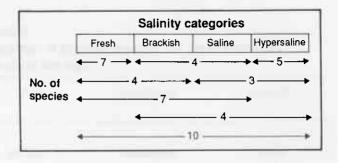


Figure 4

Number of commonly occurring plant species recorded in various categories of wetland salinity (see Appendix 2).

It is apparent from the wetland accounts in Appendix 1 that there are very few yate swamps in nature reserves in south-west Western Australia although they are a moderately common type of wetland. A few occur in Fitzgerald River National Park and other areas under control of the Department of Conservation and Land Management but they are not good examples of the type and it would be desirable to have more reserves created around yate swamps. A substantial proportion of the trees in many yate swamps on private land have died from water-logging in recent years as adjacent land has been cleared and run-off into wetlands has increased.

The data presented herein are intended to be the basis for a long-term monitoring program. We suggest the surveys should be repeated at intervals of 10 years to document the substantial changes that are expected to occur in the vegetation of many depth-gauged wetlands over the next few decades as salinity levels continue to increase (Schofield *et al.* 1988) and, perhaps, rainfall patterns change as a result of the Greenhouse Effect.

Both Yarnup Swamp (Fig. 1) and an unnamed wetland on the eastern boundary of Watheroo National Park provide evidence that the situation in south-west Western Australian wetlands is not stable yet. In 1979 Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca spp. grew on the margins of the Watheroo National Park wetland (Halse 1981). By 1987 these species had died and a belt of samphire had become established. Salinity did not appear to have increased (10.7 ppt TDS in September 1979 vs 3.3 ppt in December 1987) but water depth was

⁶ D.G. Frey, University of Indiana, USA, personal communication.

⁷ S.A. Halse and D.R. Munro, unpublished data collected during annual aerial surveys counting ducks.

greater in 1987⁸, making it difficult to compare salinities. Death of the trees may have been largely due to increased water-logging rather than salinity; water levels had increased as a result of drainage of adjacent farmland into the wetland (Halse 1981).

Yarnup Swamp is at an earlier stage of change. The upper part of the catchment is farmland, some of which is salt-affected. In 1983 or 1984 salt scalds appeared in the nature reserve about 200 m south of the wetland although to date there are no definite signs of an increase in salinity in the swamp itself.

Tree-planting schemes and other agricultural strategies to reduce salinization (Halse 1988; Schofield et al. 1989) are urgently required in catchments such as that of Yarnup Swamp to prevent these wetlands becoming saline. Long-term monitoring of vegetation, as well as water depth and salinity (Lane and Munro 1983), will enable assessment of the effectiveness of salinity-reduction schemes in protecting the conservation values of wetlands.

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Appendix 1

Wetland accounts

Exotic species are marked with an asterisk, taxa that may be exotic are marked with a hatch, open water is shaded black, vegetation is stippled. Description of categories of lake permanence and salinity and the zones where plants occur are given in Table 1 (p. 3). Reserve boundary is shown only when it impinges on wetland vegetation.

Abbreviations are: Cons. = Conservation of; NPNCA = National Parks and Nature Conservation Authority;

NR = Nature Reserve.

Lake Ace

Nature Reserve:

Lake Ace NR **NPNCA**

Reserve Number: Purpose:

Vesting: Lake Area: Open Water:

150.3 ha

91.3 ha (60.75%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.00 S, 119.46 E

Vegetation Area:

59.0 ha

34522

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

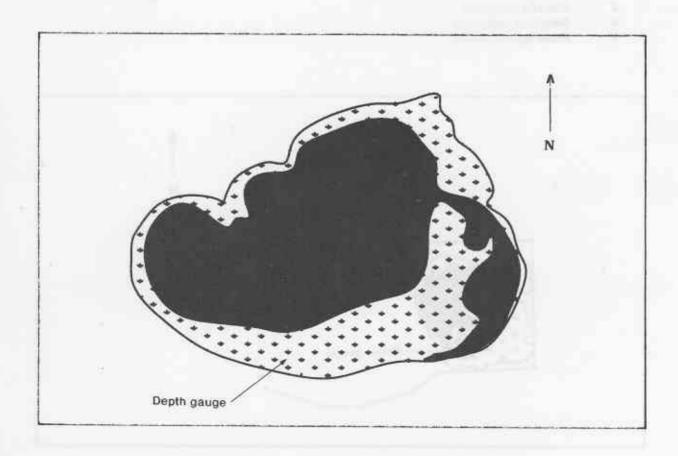
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A large open hypersaline lake, around which is a low open shrubland of samphire consisting of Halosarcia pergranulata, Sarcocornia quinqueflora and H. halocnemoides. As the ground around the lake rises Carpobrotus sp., Lawrencia squamata and Atriplex sp. also occur, as well as larger Melaleuca sp. shrubs and, in some areas, a few Eucalyptus sp. Beyond this is an open eucalypt woodland. More detailed information is given by Newbey (1985).

- Atriplex sp.
- 4 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Eucalyptus sp.
- 4 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 4 4 4 Halosarcia pergranulata
- Lawrencia squamata
- Melaleuca sp.
- Sarcocornia quinqueflora



Albany 26385

Nature Reserve:

North Sister NR

Reserve Number:

26385

80.0 ha

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 126.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

46.0 ha (36.51%) Semi-permanent 34.48 S, 118.10 E

Lake Salinity:

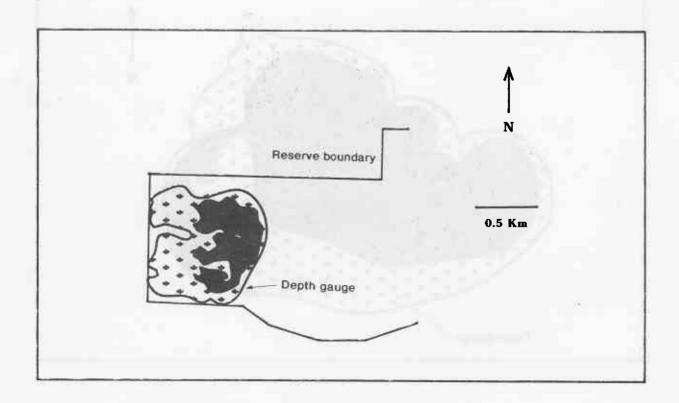
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	0.50	80	80
sedges	2.00	20	80

A moderate-sized lake mostly covered with sedges. There is a small area of open water in the centre containing clumps of Baumea articulata. This is surrounded by a fairly extensive area of sparse Gahnia sp. and then a broad band of B. articulata and Lepidosperma aff. leptostachyum that contains isolated clumps of Juncus pauciflorum, Villarsia parnassifolia and Tetrariopsis octandra. Lepidosperma aff. leptostachyum then extends out to the water mark. A few clumps of Thysanotus sp. occur around the water mark, beyond which is a band of Restio leptocarpoides and then isolated clumps of the shrubs Daviesia incrassata, Banksia littoralis and Melaleuca cuticularis. The ground rises to a closed jarrah/marri woodland.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 2 Gahnia sp.
- 2 Lepidosperma aff. leptostachyum
- 2 Tetraria octandra
- 3 Thysanotus sp.
- 3 Villarsia parnassifolia
- 4 Banksia littoralis
- 4 Daviesia incrassata
- 4 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 4 Restio leptocarpoides



Albany 27157

Nature Reserve:

Cheyne Road NR

Vesting: **NPNCA** Reserve Number:

27157

Lake Area:

72.0 ha

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 64.0 ha

Open Water:

8.0 ha (11.11%) Permanent

Vegetation Area: Lake Salinity:

Fresh

Coordinates: 34.48 S, 118.17 E

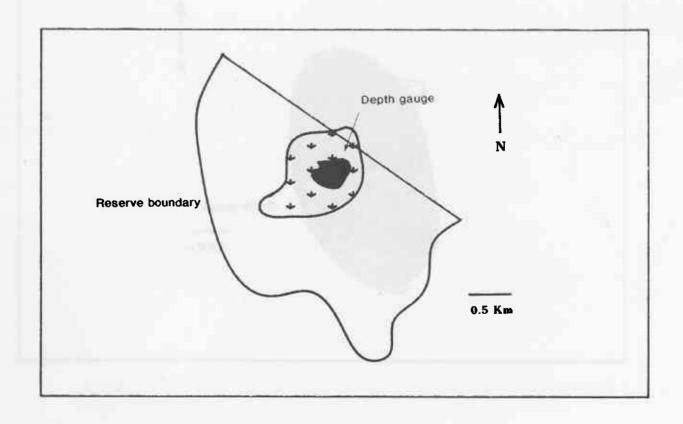
Vegetation Structure:

Lake Permanence:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	0.60	85	100
sedges	1.50	15	100
shrubs	2.00	2	20
trees	6.00	5	10

A moderate-sized sedge lake with a few Melaleuca cuticularis trees and shrubs in patches around the edge and a small area of open water in the middle. There are some extensive areas of Baumea articulata but most of the area is covered by Gahnia sp. with an understorey of Lepidosperma tenue, outside which is a band of Restio spp and another species of Gahnia. Juncus pauciflorus occurs in clumps at the water mark and extends onto higher ground amongst M. cuticularis and Boronia denticulata.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 2 Gahnia sp.
- 2 Lepidosperma tenue
- 3 Gahnia sp.
- 3 Juncus pauciflorus
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Restio sp.
- 3 Restio sp.
- Boronia denticulata



Lake Altham

Nature Reserve:

Chinocup NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

28395

Vesting: Lake Area:

243.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Fiora and Fauna 5.0 ha

Open Water:

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

238.0 ha (97.94%) Seasonal

Lake Salinity: 33.24 S, 118.27 E

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Агеа

% Cover

totally open

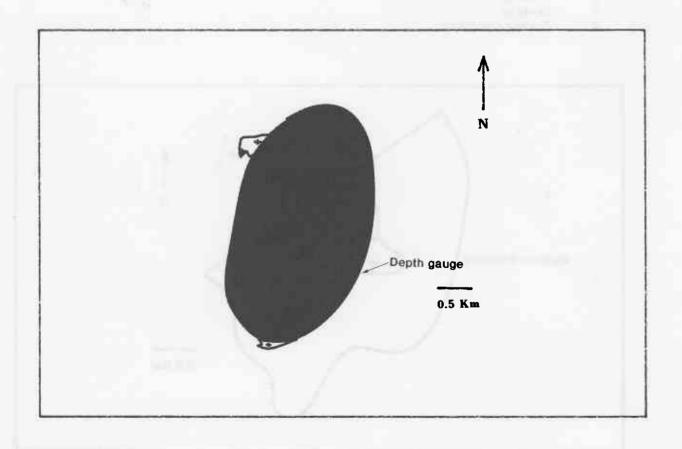
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A large completely open hypersaline lake. Above the water mark there is a sparse samphire marsh containing Halosarcia pergranulata, Sarcocornia quinqueflora and Melaleuca sp. at the rear of marsh. Occasional low shrubs of Atriplex paludosa ssp. baudinii also occur in the marsh. On the landward side of this riparian strip there is a low bank, behind which is a second marsh. The dominant species in the second marsh is A. paludosa ssp. baudinii. Other species present include Maireana brevifolia, Lycium australe and Acacia nyssophylla.

- Acacia nyssophylla
- 4 Atriplex paludosa ssp. baudinii
- 4 Halosarcia pergranulata
- Lycium australe
- 4 4 Maireana brevifolia
- Melaleuca sp.
- Sarcocornia quinqueflora



Lake Anderson

Nature Reserve:

Anderson Lake NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

25194 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Lake Area: Open Water: 186.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

Coordinates:

samphires seedlings dead trees

142.0 ha (76.34%) Seasonal 34.10 S, 117.58 E

Lake Salinity:

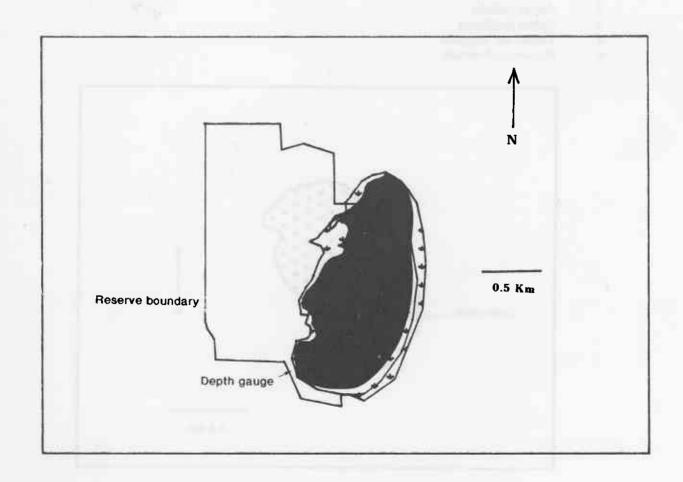
44.0 ha Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
0.10	100	60
0.50	30	30
4.00	80	50

A large saline lake with a fringe of dead trees forming an open woodland. Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Halosarcia pergranulata and Disphyma crassifolium occur beneath the dead trees, behind which is a thicket of Melaleuca cuticularis that is 3-4 m high. In the vicinity of the depth gauge, seedling M. cuticularis extend down to the water line. Occasional clumps of Gahnia trifida and an unidentified sedge occur above the water line. Behind the fringing wetland vegetation there is a low woodland of Eucalyptus astringens.

- 3 Disphyma crassifolium
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Cyperaceae sp.
- Gahnia trifida



Lake Angove

Nature Reserve:

Two Peoples Bay NR

Reserve Number: Purpose:

27956

Vesting:

NPNCA

Cons. Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 70.6 ha

54.7 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

15.8 ha (22.38%) Permanent 34.47 S, 118.10 E

Lake Salinity:

Vegetation Area:

Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

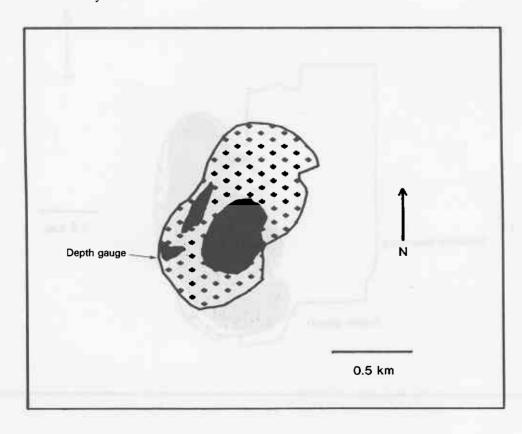
% Агеа

% Cover

sedges sedges

A moderate-sized fresh sedge lake with small areas of open water. Baumea articulata is the dominant sedge in deeper water but B. ?preissii occurs in shallow areas. On the shore in less disturbed parts of the lake are Juncus pallidus, B. juncea, Isolepis prolifera, Triglochin procera and Cotula coronopifolia. Behind the sedgeland are the shrubs Agonis juniperina and Kunzea aff. ericifolia and a dense thicket of Melaleuca thymoides. Oxylobium lanceolatum grows farther from the lake. The western part of the lake has been cleared for cattle grazing; the cattle probably have access to all the lake and this may have caused changes to the vegetation even in the more remote parts of it.

- Baumea articulata
- 2 Baumea? preissii
- 2 Triglochin procera
- 3 Baumea iuncea
- 3 Cotula coronovifolia
- 3 *Isolepis prolifera
- 3 Juncus pallidus
- 4 Agonis juniperina
- 4 Kunzea aff. ericifolia
- Melaleuca thymoides



Lake Bambun

Nature Reserve:

Bampanup NR

Reserve Number:

Lake Salinity:

26756

Vesting: Lake Area: **NPNCA** 42.5 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Cons. Fauna 8.3 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

34.2 ha (80.47%)

Semi-permanent

31.26 S, 115.53 E

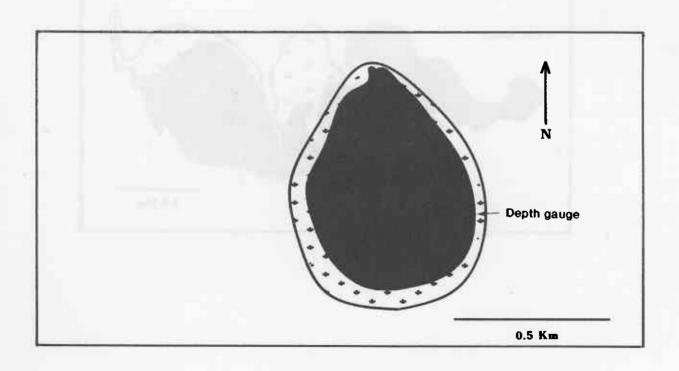
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.50	1	100
shrubs	3.00	10	90
trees	10.00	90	50

A moderate-sized lake fringed by a belt of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees along the water mark. At the northern end of the lake M. teretifolia shrubs occur on the lake side of the M. rhaphiophylla and near the depth gauge there is a small patch of Baumea articulata growing in the water. Above the water mark, and behind the M. rhaphiophylla, Eucalyptus rudis trees occur with occasional clumps of Cyperus ?tenuiflorus beneath. Paspalum distichum grows prolifically along the shore.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 1 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 3 *Paspalum distichum
- 4 *Cyperus ?tenuiflorus
- Eucalyptus rudis



Beverley Lakes

Nature Reserve:

Yenyenning Lakes NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

31837

Vesting:

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Recreation and Cons. Flora and Fauna 716.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 3115.0 ha

2399.0 ha (77.01%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 32.14 S, 117.09 E Lake Salinity:

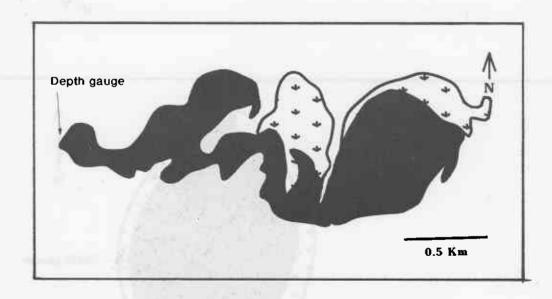
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
samphires	0.20	50	10
dead shrubs	2.00	30	30
dead trees	6.00	40	30

An extensive system of saline lakes fringed by samphire and trees that have been dead for so long that usually only their trunks remain. Halosarcia pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora occur in the samphire belt. Above the water mark Casuarina obesa occurs. Farther from the lake the land is mostly cleared for farming although there are small areas of salmon gum woodland.

- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Lake Biddy

Nature Reserve:

Lake Biddy NR

Reserve Number:

17617 Cons. Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area: NPNCA 13.4 ha Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Lake Salinity:

Open Water:

7.4 ha (55.22%)

33.01 S, 118.57 E

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

7.4 ha (55.22 Seasonal _

6.0 ha Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Cover

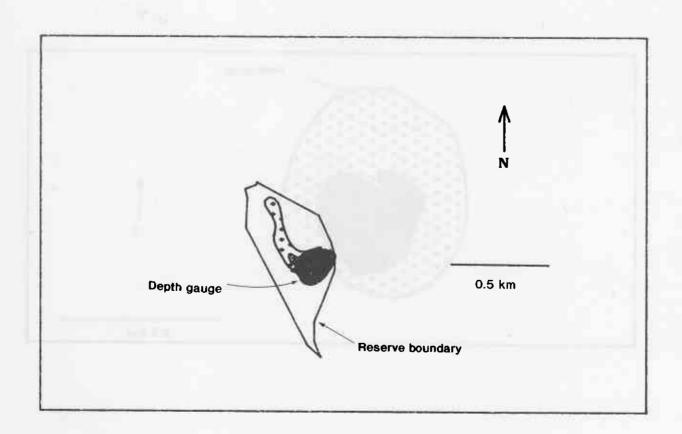
samphires dead trees dead trees 0.30 4.00 3.00 100 10 30

% Area

70 10 50

A small saline lake surrounded by samphire marsh consisting of *Halosarcia pergranulata*, *H. doleiformis* and *Enchylaena tomentosa*. Other species, including *Atriplex paludosa* ssp. *baudinii*, occur at low frequency. There are isolated dead trees around the margin of the lake and in the water and two areas of dense dead saplings. On higher ground there is a belt of *Melaleuca lanceolata*.

- 3 Enchylaena tomentosa
- 3 Halosarcia doleiformis
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 4 Atriplex paludosa ssp. baudinii
- 4 Melaleuca lanceolata



Lake Bokan

Nature Reserve:

Bokan NR

Reserve Number:

9628

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 41.2 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence:

38.3 ha (92.99%) Seasonal

Coordinates:

32.59 S, 117.32 E

Lake Salinity:

Saline

2.9 ha

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

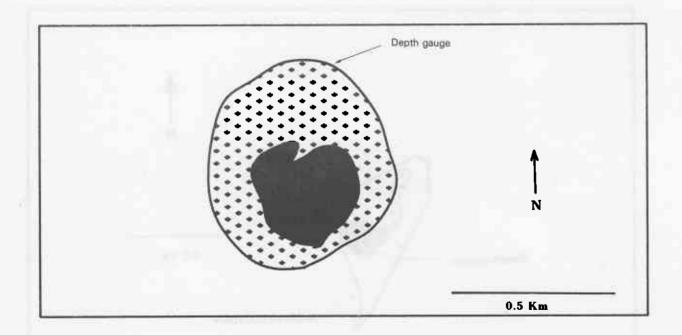
% Area

% Cover

samphires dead trees dead trees

A moderate-sized saline lake with isolated dead Casuarina obesa trees around the lake margin and a thicket of small dead Melaleuca sp. at one end. Live C. obesa occur above the water mark with Halosarcia lepidosperma, Disphyma crassifolium, Sarcocornia quinqueflora and H. pergranulata as an understorey above and below the water mark.

- Disphyma crassifolium
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- Casuarina obesa



Boyup 18239

Nature Reserve:

Kulikup NR

Reserve Number:

18239

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 24.5 ha

0.0 ha (0.00%)

Vegetation Area:

24.5 ha

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal

Coordinates: 33.50 S, 116.40 E Lake Salinity:

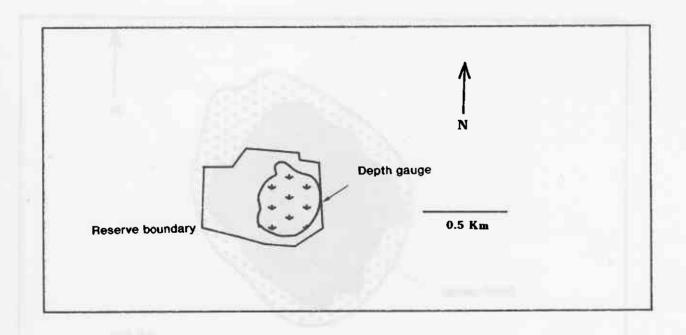
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.00	100	100
shrubs	1.50	5	20
trees	6.00	5	50

A small fresh sedge swamp. The centre of the lake is covered by Baumea articulata and there is no open water. The pattern at the edge of the lake is quite complex but several 'zones' are distinguishable. Outside the B. articulata zone there is a belt of Melaleuca cuticularis shrubs and trees. Baumea articulata continues as an understorey species into the middle of this zone where it is replaced by Restio sp. This transition approximates high water mark. Outside the M. cuticularis zone, Restio sp. continues as a low sedgeland until it is replaced by a second species of Restio just before the ground rises into a narrow zone of jarrah/marri woodland. This woodland is replaced by a narrow band of Melaleuca cuticularis, which probably represents an old flood line, before the ground rises higher and fully developed jarrah/marri woodland vegetation occurs.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 4 Restio sp.
- Restio sp.



Lake Brown

Nature Reserve:

Nonalling NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

24428

Vesting: Lake Area:

127.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 50.0 ha

Open Water : Lake Permanence : 77.0 ha (60.63%)

Coordinates:

Seasonal 32.33 S, 117.39 E

Lake Salinity:

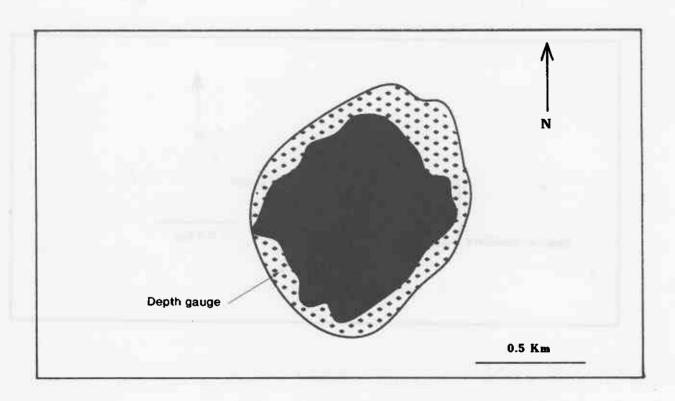
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses herbs samphires trees dead trees	0.20 0.02 0.20 4.00 4.00	2 30 50 5 50	50 70 5 50

A moderate-sized saline lake with a fringe of dead *Melaleuca* sp. shrubs and *Casuarina obesa* trees. A few live *Melaleuca* sp. occur within the inundated area, which is extensively covered by *Sarcocornia quinqueflora*. Above the water mark live *C. obesa* occur.

- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Lake Bryde

Nature Reserve:

Lake Bryde NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number: Purpose:

29021

Vesting: Lake Area:

97.0 ha

ha Vegetation Area:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 97.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates: 0.0 ha (0.0%) Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

Fresh

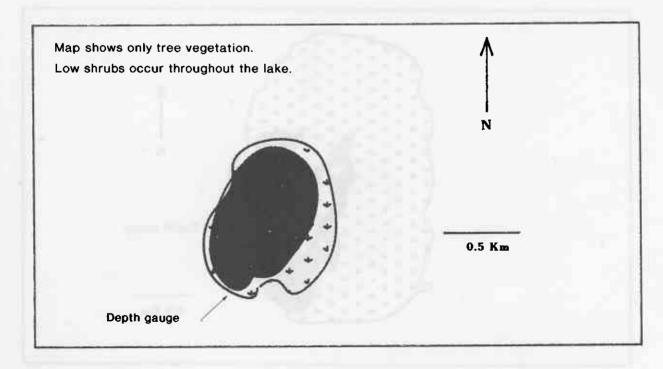
Vegetation Structure :

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires shrubs trees trees	0.70 1.00 4.00 10.00	20 80 3 2	20 30 30 30 30

33.21 S, 118.50 E

A moderate-sized fresh lake with the low shrub Muehlenbeckia sp. growing across the lake bed. The samphire Tecticornia verrucosa also grows in parts of the lake bed. Around the margin of the lake but below the water mark Melaleuca sp. and Eucalyptus occidentalis occur with a very sparse understorey of Halosarcia pergranulata and Carpobrotus sp. Eucalyptus occidentalis continues above the water mark as eucalypt woodland with the shrubs Melaleuca ?preissiana and M. lateriflora forming an understorey around high water mark.

- 2 Muehlenbeckia sp.
- 2 Tecticornia verrucosa
- 3 Eucalyptus occidentalis
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 4 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Melaleuca lateriflora
- 4 Melaleuca ?preissiana



Byenup Lagoon

Nature Reserve:

Lake Muir NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

31880

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

Coordinates:

572.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

372.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 200.0 ha (34.97%) Semi-permanent 34.28 S, 116.44 E

Lake Salinity:

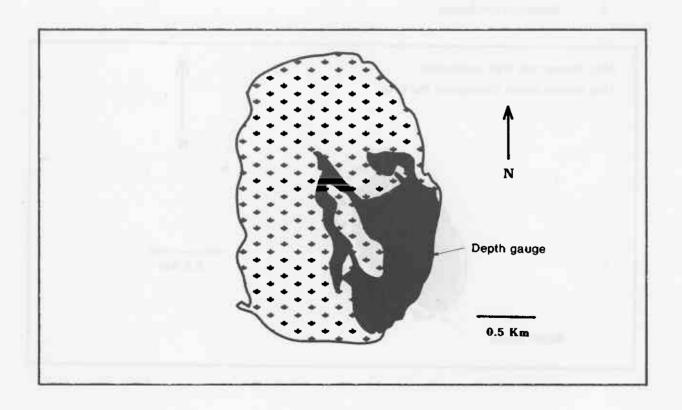
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	95	100
sedges	1.00	5	100
trees	5.00	5	50

A large brackish sedge lake with a large area of open water and extensive stands of the sedge Baumea articulata. On the eastern side there is a narrow belt of Schoenus brevifolius between the B. articulata and open water. Melaleuca rhaphiophylla (up to 10 m high) grows with an understorey of B. articulata at the edge of the water and Gahnia trifida occurs on higher ground. Eucalyptus rudis woodland occurs on the landward side of the M. rhaphiophylla belt. Very extensive stands of B. articulata occur in the western and northern sectors of the lake. Islands of B. articulata occur in the northern part of the lake.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 1 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Gahnia trifida
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis



Cairlocup Lake

Nature Reserve:

Cairlocup NR

Reserve Number:

28324

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

284.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence:

88.0 ha (30.99%) Ephemeral

33.44 S, 118.45 E

Lake Salinity:

196.0 ha Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Агеа

% Cover

totally open

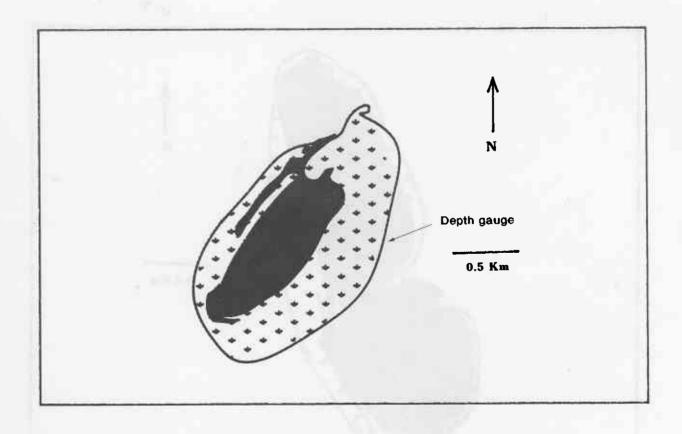
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A large open hypersaline lake with a raised bank around the edge which supports a low shrubland of Halosarcia halocnemoides and H. pergranulata close to the water's edge and Lawrencia squamata, H. syncarpa, Schoenus sp. and Carpobrotus sp. higher up the bank. Beyond this the ground level drops and there is more samphire marsh containing H. halocnemoides, H. pergranulata and other species before the ground rises to a eucalypt woodland.

- #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 4 Halosarcia pergranulata
- Halosarcia syncarpa
- Lawrencia squamata
- Schoenus sp.



Lake Camel

Nature Reserve:

Camel Lake NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

26161

Vesting:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 402.0 ha 288.0 ha (71.64%)

Vegetation Area:

114.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 34.17 S, 118.00 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

samphires

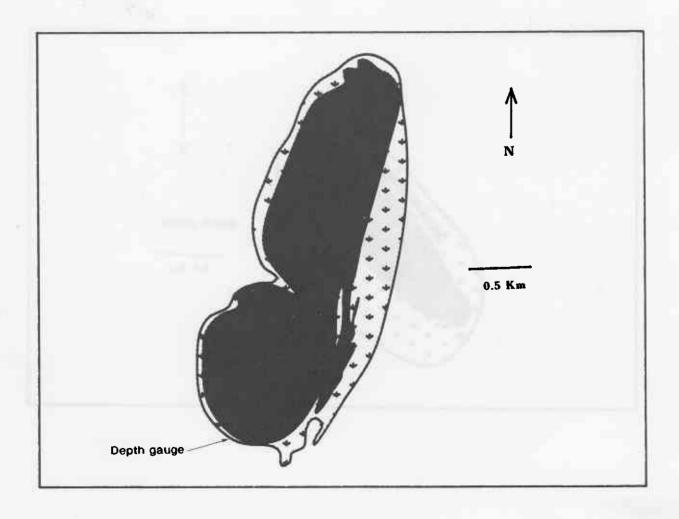
0.20

100

30

A large open hypersaline lake with a narrow belt of samphire above the water mark containing Halosarcia pergranulata and H. syncarpa, behind which a belt of Melaleuca cuticularis grows on a raised bank around the lake. Halosarcia halocnemoides and Sarcocornia quinqueflora grow under the M. cuticularis together with Lawrencia squamata and Stipa sp. On the landward side of the M. cuticularis belt, the ground drops down to an open marsh that contains the understorey species from the Melaleuca zone. On the landward side of the marsh M. cuticularis occurs again.

- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 4 4 4 4 Lawrencia squamata
- Melaleuca cuticularis
- Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- Stipa sp.



Lake Campion

Nature Reserve:

Campion NR

Reserve Number:

NPNCA

24789 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area:

611.2 ha

611.2 ha (100.00%)

Seasonal

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

0.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Open Water:

31.09 S, 118.21 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

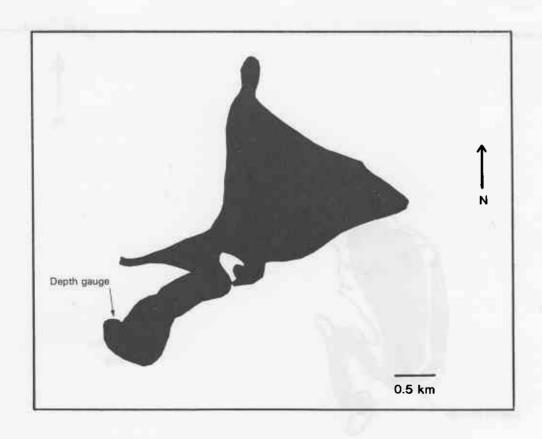
0.00

0

0

A very large open hypersaline lake. Above the water mark there is a low shrubland of Halosarcia pergranulata, H. lepidosperma, Frankenia sp. and Disphyma crassifolium with larger Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum interspersed. Salmon gum woodland occurs on higher ground.

- Disphyma crassifolium
- 4 Eucalyptus salmonophloia
- 4 Frankenia sp.
- 4 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 4 Halosarcia pergranulata
- Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum



Capamouro Lake

Nature Reserve:

Capamouro NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

24618

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 145.5 ha 74.5 ha (64.98%) 50.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal

29.54 S, 115.56 E

Lake Salinity:

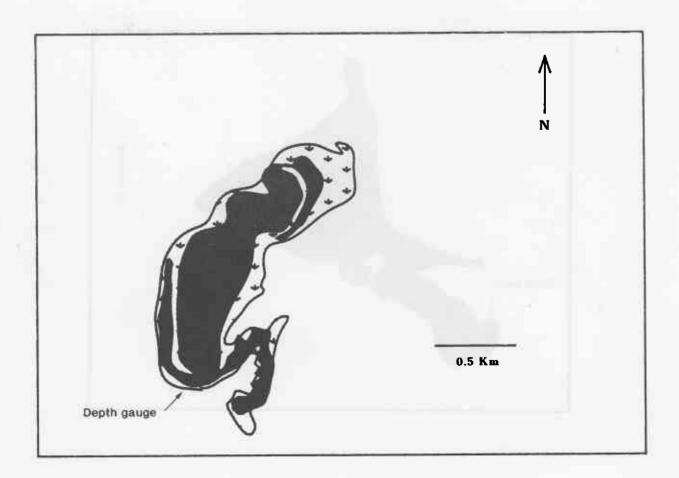
Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
grasses	0.05	5	25
herbs	0.05	5	25
samphires	0.50	30	30

A moderate-sized hypersaline lake with a belt of dead Casuarina obesa above the high water mark, interspersed with occasional live C. obesa and Melaleuca sp. Halosarcia halocnemoides grows beneath the trees. Below the water mark there is a broad belt of samphire consisting of Halosarcia fimbriata and H. indica ssp. bidens.

- Halosarcia fimbriata
- 3 Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- Melaleuca sp.



Casuarina Lake

Nature Reserve:

Coblinine NR

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

25136 Purpose:

Lake Area:

57.7 ha

Vegetation Area:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 41.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 16.7 ha (28.94%)

Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.39 S, 117.45 E Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

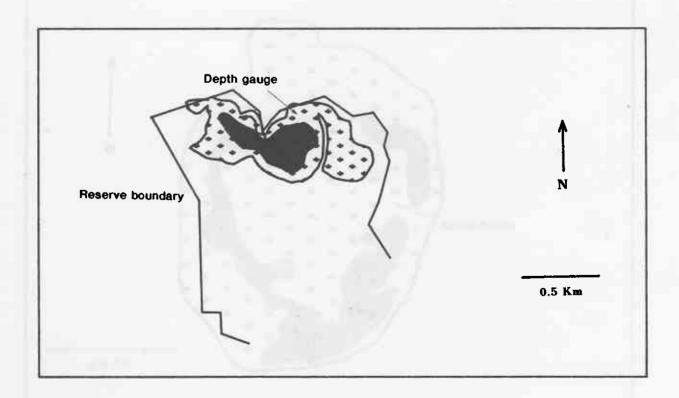
	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.20	5	70
dead shrubs	2.00	100	30
dead trees	5.00	100	10

A moderate-sized saline lake containing an extensive area of dense thickets and more scattered dead trees. At the edge of the lake below the water mark there is a narrow belt of the samphire Sarcocornia quinqueflora with occasional shrubs of Melaleuca uncinata. Above the water mark Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens and H. lepidosperma grow under a 2-3 m high thicket of Melaleuca sp. and under a woodland of Melaleuca uncinata and Casuarina obesa growing behind the thicket. A few Hakea sp. and unhealthy Eucalyptus sp. grow in the woodland.

Plant species list (zones indicated by a single numeral)

3 Melaleuca uncinata

- Sarcocornia quinqueflora 3
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus sp.
- 4 Hakea sp.
- 4 Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- Melaleuca sp.



Lake Chandala

Nature Reserve:

Chandala NR

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

37060 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

97.2 ha

Vegetation Area:

Open Water:

25.2 ha (25.90%)

Lake Permanence : Coordinates : Permanent 31.30 S, 115.58 E

Lake Salinity:

Fresh

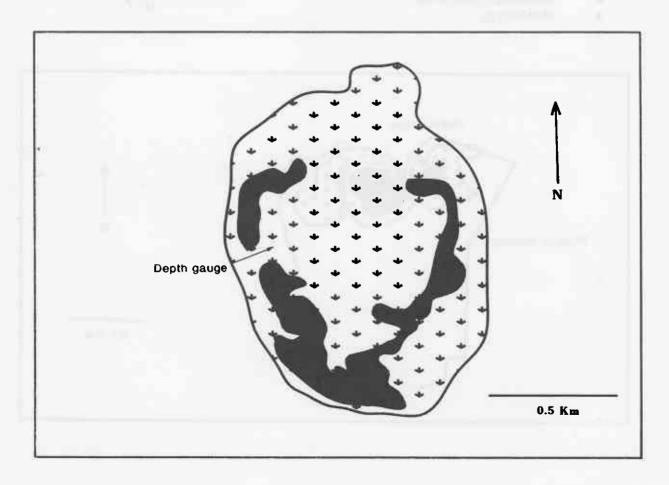
72.0 ha

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.10	30	50
trees	5.00	15	100
trees	7.00	40	100
trees	10.00	15	100

A moderate-sized fresh closed *Melaleuca* swamp. The area of open water around the depth gauge is surrounded by large *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*, behind which is a very dense thicket of *M. rhaphiophylla* saplings. A dense belt of *Eucalyptus rudis* occurs at the rear of the *M. rhaphiophylla* and this is replaced by further thickets of *M. rhaphiophylla*. Towards the edge of the lake, within the flooded zone, there are occasional *Melaleuca uncinata* interspersed amongst the samphire *Sarcocornia blackiana*. At the lake edge and above the waterline there is a low open grassland of *Sporobolus virginicus*. There is no tree vegetation around the wetland because the area was cleared for farmland before becoming a reserve.

- 1 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Eucalyptus rudis
- 2 Melaleuca uncinata
- 2 Sarcocornia blackiana
- 3 Sporobolus virginicus



Lake Chittering

Nature Reserve:

Chittering Lakes NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

29538

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Fauna 79.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 148.0 ha

69.0 ha (46.62%)

Lake Permanence: Semi-pe Coordinates: 31.30 S

Semi-permanent 31.30 S, 115.58 E Lake Salinity:

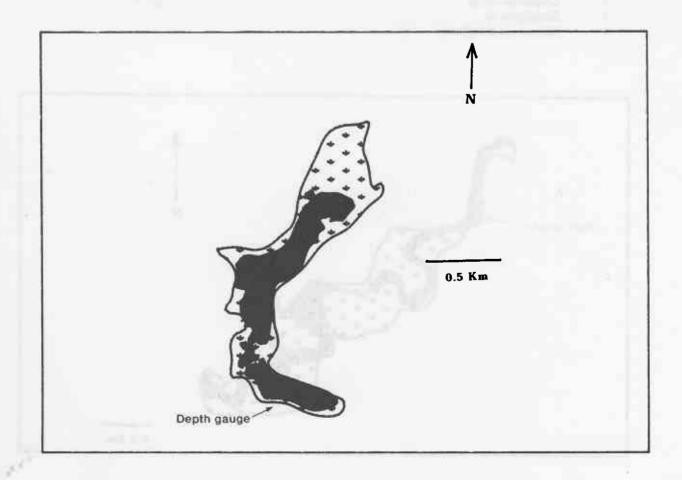
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
shrubs	1.00	1	50
shrubs	3.00	20	60
trees	6.00	100	70

A moderate-sized lake with a controlled water level. It becomes brackish as water levels decline in summer. Occasional *Melaleuca teretifolia* and *M. rhaphiophylla* shrubs occur throughout the wetland and *M. rhaphiophylla* grows profusely on some islands at the north-western end of the lake, although some of these trees have died from water-logging. Around the edge of the lake, within the flooded zone, there is a dense 20 m wide belt of large *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla*. Above high water there are occasional *M. rhaphiophylla* and *Eucalyptus rudis* in cleared farmland.

- 1 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 1 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis



Coblinine River

Nature Reserve:

Coblinine NR

Reserve Number:

25134

142.0 ha

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 191.8 ha 49.8 ha (25.96%) Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Permanent 33.23 S, 117.42 E Lake Salinity:

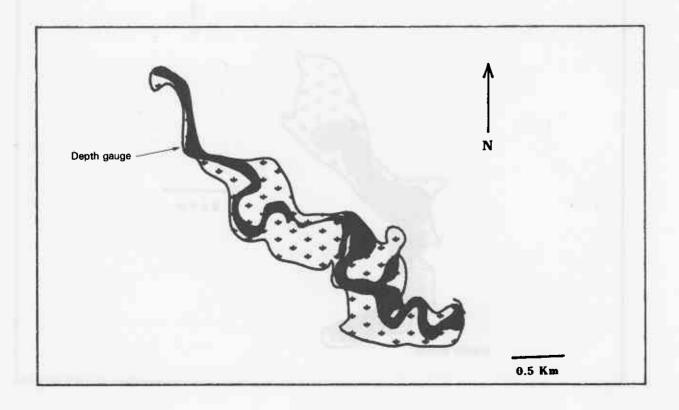
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires seedlings shrubs dead shrubs dead trees	0.30 0.50 3.00 3.00 5.00	10 1 1 100	5 20 90 50 10

A moderate-sized lagoon in the river with steep sides and a fringing belt of *Eucalyptus* sp. high on the banks. The water level in the river is very variable but below the flood mark all trees are dead. These dead trees are not numerous. In some areas thickets of *Melaleuca* sp. regrowth (to 3 m high) have become established in the flood zone, in other areas there are similar dead thickets. Occasional *Casuarina obesa* and *Eucalyptus* sp. seedlings occur in the thickets. There is a sparse covering of samphire on the banks of the river with *Halosarcia lepidosperma* and *H. pergranulata* growing below the flood line and *H. doleiformis* occurring higher up the bank. Above the water mark there is a narrow band of *Melaleuca* sp. shrubs and some *C. obesa* before eucalypt woodland becomes dominant. Additional information is given by Keating and Trudgen (1986).

- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus sp.
- 4 Halosarcia doleiformis



Lake Coomelberrup

Nature Reserve:

Coomelberrup NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

10472

Vesting:

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 48.5 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 90.6 ha

42.1 ha (46.47%)

Lake Permanence: Semi-permanent 33.24 S, 117.47 E Coordinates:

Lake Salinity:

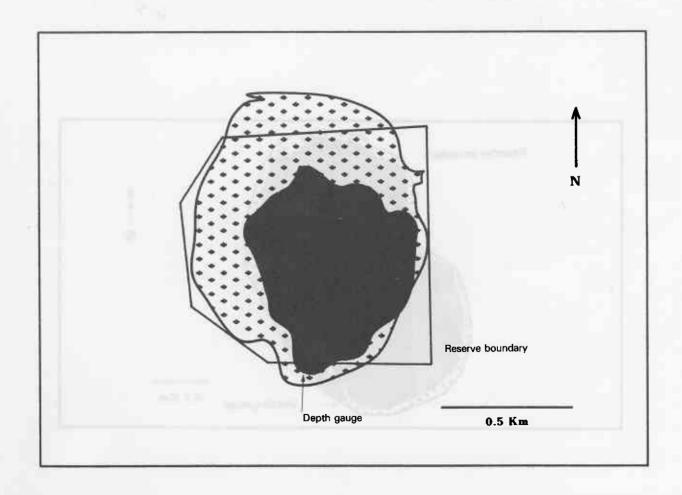
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.20	40	20
shrubs	2.00	40	5
trees	4.00	10	30
dead shrubs	2.00	40	5
dead trees	4.00	70	50

A moderate-sized lake with extensive areas of recently-dead trees on the western side. There is a dense belt of dead trees (50 - 100 m wide) around most of the lake below the water mark with scattered live Melaleuca sp. trees close to the shore. A sparse understorey of Halosarcia lepidosperma and H. pergranulata occurs beneath the dead and live trees. Above the water mark there are occasional Casuarina obesa, which are replaced by eucalypt woodland farther up the slope.

- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- Casuarina obesa



Lake Coyrecup

Nature Reserve:

Coyrecup NR

Reserve Number:

28552

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Flora, Fauna and Recreation 89.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 448.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

359.0 ha (80.13%) Semi-permanent

33.43 S, 117.51 E

Lake Salinity:

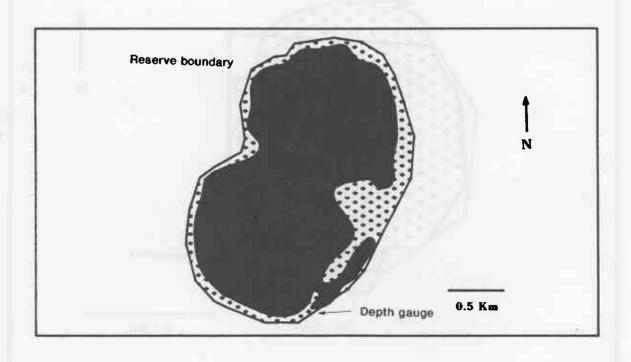
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.30	90	50
dead trees	8.00	100	5
dead trees	3.00	50	70

A large saline lake with extensive areas of dead trees. Around the open water the dead trees consist of very old stags, towards the shore some of the trees have died more recently and along the shoreline there are areas of recently-dead, 3 m high Melaleuca sp. shrubs. Throughout the dead tree zone and extending above the water mark there is an understorey of samphire consisting of Halosarcia pergranulata, Sarcocornia quinqueflora and H. lepidosperma (above water mark). Around the edge of the lake are a few unhealthy Melaleuca cuticularis, behind which is a belt of Casuarina obesa and dead Eucalyptus sp. Additional information is given by Lyons (1988).

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Halosarcia lepidosperma



Crackers Swamp - Main Lake

Nature Reserve:

Namming NR

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

28558 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

74.8 ha

Vegetation Area:

64.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 10.7 ha (14.34%) Seasonal

Lake Permanence : Coordinates : 30.54 S, 115.35 E

Lake Salinity:

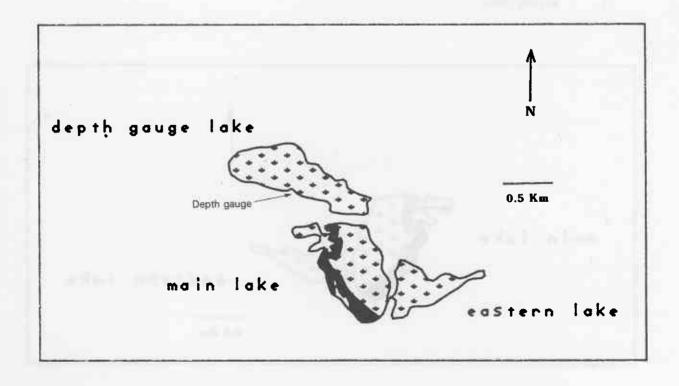
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	0.60	10	20
shrubs	2.00	50	50
trees	7.00	30	30
dead trees	9.00	10	5

A moderate-sized fresh lake with extensive open stands of shrubs or low trees of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. teretifolia through most of the lakes interspersed with small areas of open water. There are a few dead M. rhaphiophylla trees in the lake and numerous live trees closer to the shore. Just inside the water mark there is a dense belt of M. rhaphiophylla and M. preissiana with an understorey of Anarthria sp. and an unidentified sedge, as well as the shrubs Astartea fascicularis and Regelia ciliata in the landward half of the Melaleuca zone where M. preissiana grows.

- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 3 Anarthria sp.
- 3 Astartea fascicularis
- 3 Cyperaceae sp.
- 3 Melaleuca preissiana
- 3 Regelia ciliata



Crackers Swamp - Eastern Lake

Nature Reserve:

Namming NR

Reserve Number:

28558

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

34.7 ha

Vegetation Area:

34.7 ha

Open Water:

0.0 ha (0.00%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 30.54 S, 115.35 E

Lake Salinity:

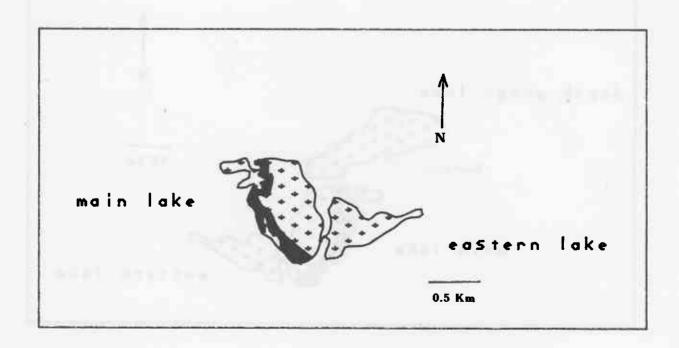
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	0.60	30	50
shrubs	2.00	50	70
trees	8.00	40	30

A slightly smaller wetland than the main lake with virtually no open water and more complex vegetation. In the lake bed there are dense stands of Melaleuca teretifolia shrubs and M. rhaphiophylla saplings and trees. Along the shore there are a few patches of Baumea articulata and scattered areas of Anarthria sp. Behind these, below the water mark, M. rhaphiophylla and M. preissiana trees occur with an understorey of the sedges Leptocarpus coangustatus, L. aristatus and Lepidosperma sp. and shrubs Regelia ciliata, Astartea fascicularis, Hakea varia and H. sulcata.

- Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 3 Anarthria sp.
- 3 Astartea fascicularis
- 3 Hakea sulcata
- 3 Hakea varia
- 3 Leptocarpus aristatus
- 3 Leptocarpus coangustatus
- 3 Lepidosperma sp.
- 3 Melaleuca preissiana
- Regelia ciliata



Crackers Swamp - Depth Gauged Lake

Nature Reserve:

Namming NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

28558 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 65.8 ha

1.4 ha (2.13%)

30.54 S, 115.35 E

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

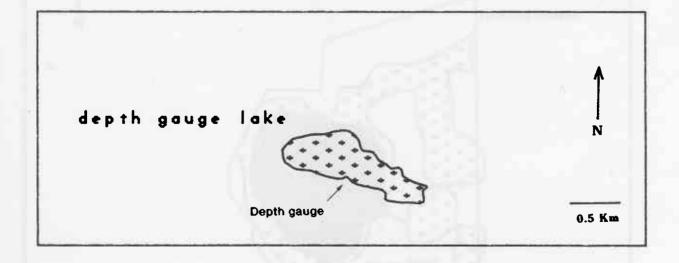
64.4 ha Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	0.60	20	80
sedges	2.00	5	20
shrubs	2.00	5	60
trees	6.00	20	20

A similar-sized wetland to the main lake but more densely vegetated. Melaleuca teretifolia occurs throughout the inundated area as 3 m high shrubs together with M. rhaphiophylla saplings and trees. Lepidosperma aff. tenue often grows around the bases of shrubs and trees. Around the shore, on and below the water mark, there is an extensive band of sedges. The main species is Anarthria sp. but Lepidosperma effusum, Juncus pallidus, Cyperus sp., Schoenus brevifolius and an unidentified sedge also occur. Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees and M. teretifolia shrubs grow in this band as well as in the lake bed. At the western end of the lake there is a large area of Baumea articulata growing below the water mark under M. rhaphiophylla trees.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 Cyperaceae sp.
- 2 Lepidosperma aff. tenue
- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 2 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Anarthria sp.
- 3 Juncus pallidus
- 3 Lepidosperma effusum
- 3 Schoenus sp.



Cranbrook 25812

Nature Reserve:

Salt Lake NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number: Purpose:

25812

49.1 ha

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area:

82.4 ha

33.3 ha (40.41%)

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 34.18 S, 117.48 E Lake Salinity:

Vegetation Area:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

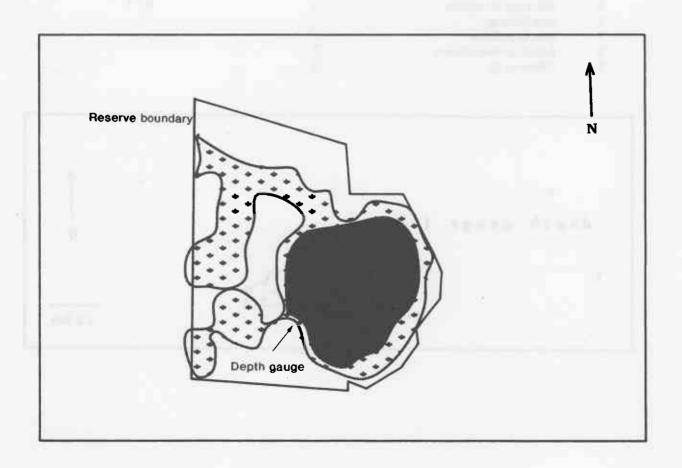
0.00

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A moderate-sized completely open lake with a raised bank outside the water mark that supports Halosarcia pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora. Behind the bank is a lower area of samphire marsh dominated by H. lepidosperma and H. syncarpa. Crassula sp. occurs commonly in the marsh. At the rear of the marsh there is an open woodland of Melaleuca cuticularis with an understorey consisting of Gahnia ?trifida. The M. cuticularis is gradually replaced by a eucalypt woodland.

- 4 #Crassula sp.
- 4 Gahnia? trifida
- 4 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- Halosarcia pergranulata
- Halosarcia syncarpa
- Melaleuca cuticularis
- Sarcocornia quinqueflora



Lake Cronin

Nature Reserve:

Lake Cronin NR

Reserve Number:

36256

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 13.1 ha

4.0 ha (30.53%)

Lake Permanence:

Vegetation Area:

9.1 ha

Coordinates:

Ephemeral 32.23 S, 119.48 E Lake Salinity:

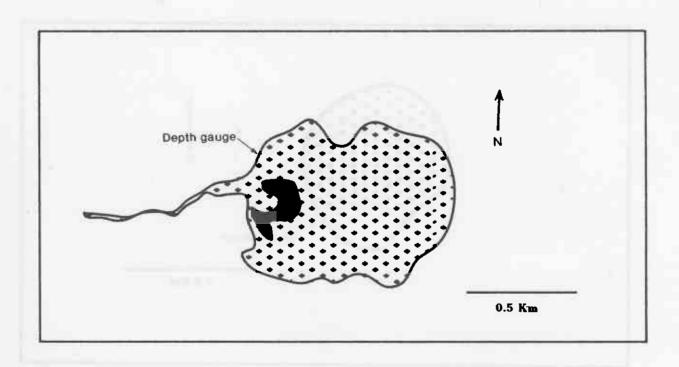
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
herbs	0.30	70	40
trees	8.00	30	70
trees	3.00	2	20

A small fresh lake fringed with an extensive dense thicket of Melaleuca lanceolata interspersed with occasional trees of the same species. In January 1988 the centre of the lake was dry and covered with a dense herbland of Goodenia viscida and Glycyrrhiza acanthocarpa. In October 1986 when the lake contained about 0.2 m of water Morgania floribunda, the grass Amphibromus neesii and the sedge Eleocharis acuta were also present.

- Amphibromus neesii
- 2 Eleocharis acuta
- 2 Glycyrrhiza acanthocarpa
- 2 Goodenia viscida
- 2 Morgania floribunda
- 3 Melaleuca lanceolata



Dobaderry Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Dobaderry NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

34442

Vesting:

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 63.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 63.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

0.0 ha (0.00%) Seasonal

32.13 S, 116.38 E

Lake Salinity:

Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

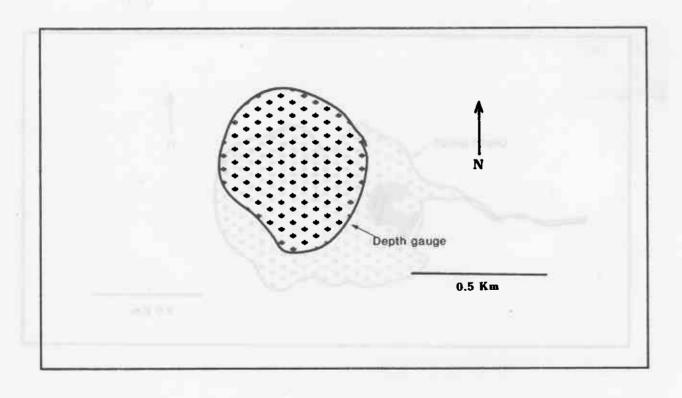
% Area

% Cover

sedges shrubs

A small fresh swamp covered by a dense 1.5 m high shrubland of Melaleuca lateritia. The sedge Leptocarpus coangustatus grows extensively among the M. lateritia and the small herb Chorizandra enodis covers the ground when the swamp is dry. Occasional 2 m high shrubs of Melaleuca aff. hamulosa also occur within the wetland. Above the water mark there is a shrubland of M. aff. hamulosa.

- 2 Chorizandra enodis
- 2 Leptocarpus coangustatus
- 2 Melaleuca lateritia
- 3 Melaleuca aff. hamulosa



Lake Dulbining

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

9617

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 72.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

72.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

0.0 ha (0.00%)

Coordinates:

Seasonal 32.54 S, 117.37 E

Lake Salinity:

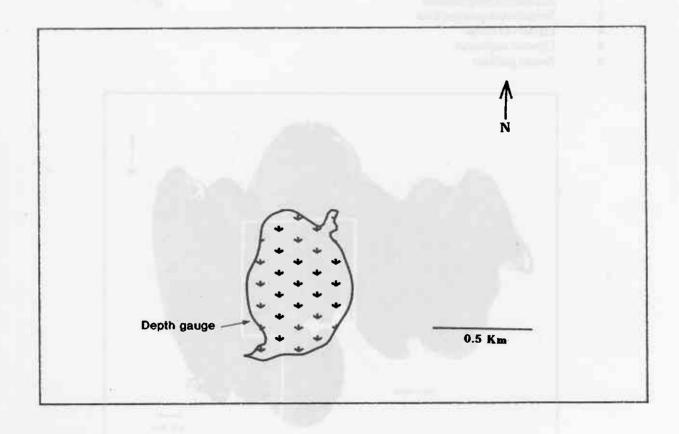
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses	0.30	1	5
herbs	0.05	10	50
shrubs	0.40	20	70
dead trees	8.00	70	70

A moderate-sized brackish lake with few open water areas. Extensive stands of Casuarina obesa are present as a woodland over most of the lake and occasionally as thickets. Melaleuca sp. trees occur intermittently amongst the thickets and throughout the woodland when the lake is dry. Halosarcia pergranulata, H. lepidosperma and Crassula sp. grow on the lake bed. Casuarina obesa also grows above the water mark at the edge of the lake; on higher ground it is replaced by eucalypt woodland.

- 2 Casuarina obesa
- 2 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 4 #Crassula sp.



Lake Dumbleyung

Nature Reserve:

Lake Dumbleyung NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

5999

Vesting: Lake Area:

5560.7 ha

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 1025.3 ha

Open Water:

4535.4 ha (81.57%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent

33.22 S, 117.38 E

Lake Salinity:

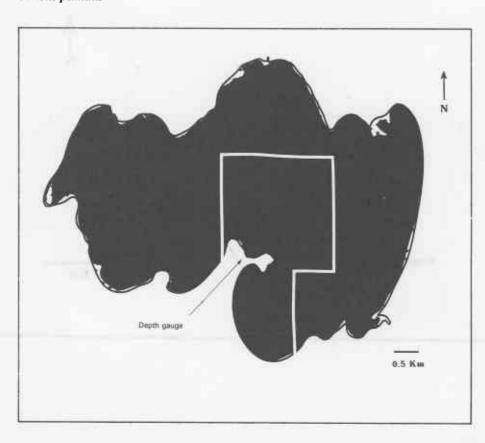
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
samphires	0.20	40	40
saplings	1.00	5	1
trees	4.00	5	10
dead trees	5.00	95	40

A very large saline lake with a fringing belt of trees that have been dead a long time. When the dead tree zone is dry it contains an open shrubland of Halosarcia pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora. Chenopodium sp. occurs on slightly higher ground with Enchylaena tomentosa and Atriplex semibaccata. Still below the maximum flood mark but in an area that is rarely inundated live Casuarina obesa and Eucalyptus sp. seedlings occur. Cyperus vaginatus, Epilobium sp. and Juncus pallidus also grow prolifically in this area. Above the high water mark yate and salmon gum woodland occurs. Additional information is given by Keating and Trudgen (1986).

- Atriplex semibaccata
- 3 Chenopodium sp.
- 3 Enchylaena tomentosa
- 3 #Epilobium sp.
- 3 Eucalyptus sp.
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Cyperus vaginatus
- Juncus pallidus



Dundas 33113

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

Lake Salinity:

33113

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 834.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

73.0 ha

Lake Permanence : Coordinates : 761.0 ha (91.25%) Enhemeral

Ephemeral 32.57 S, 121.51 E

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

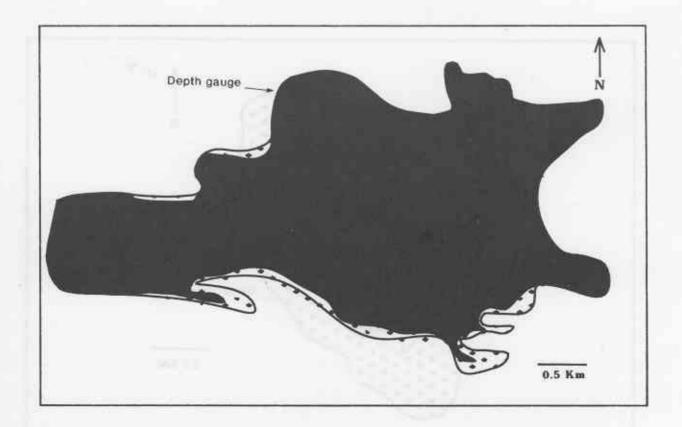
0.00

0

0

A very large open hypersaline lake, around which there is a steep low bank. A sparse band of samphire occurs on the bank around most of the lake. *Halosarcia lyleii* is the dominant species in this band but *Frankenia* aff. *pauciflora* also occurs. On top of the bank 2 m high *Melaleuca* sp. shrubs occur as well as samphire. These are replaced by mallee woodland as the ground rises.

- 4 Frankenia aff. pauciflora
- 4 Halosarcia lylei
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Lake Eganu

Nature Reserve:

Pinjarrega NR

Reserve Number:

25210

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 62.5 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 82.2 ha

19.7 ha (23.96%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 30.00 S, 115.53 E Lake Salinity:

Vegetation Area:

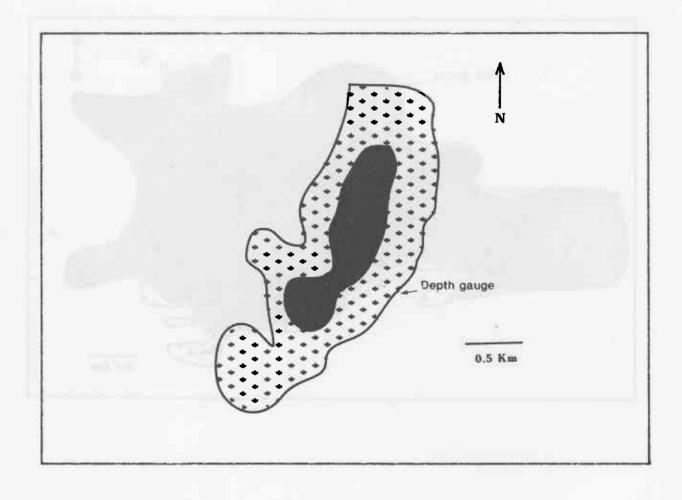
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.30	30	20
trees	7.00	2	1
dead trees	6.00	80	50

A large saline lake with an extensive belt of dead Melaleuca sp. and Casuarina obesa trees around the lake edge. The samphire Halosarcia pergranulata grows under the dead trees and extends into a belt of live C. obesa, Melaleuca sp. and Eucalyptus rudis above the water mark, some of which are also dead.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Eneminga Swamps

Nature Reserve: Vesting:

Eneminga NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

Purpose:

27394 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

62.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

41.5 ha

Open Water:

20.5 ha (33.06%)

Lake Permanence:
Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 30.47 S, 115.31 E

Lake Salinity:

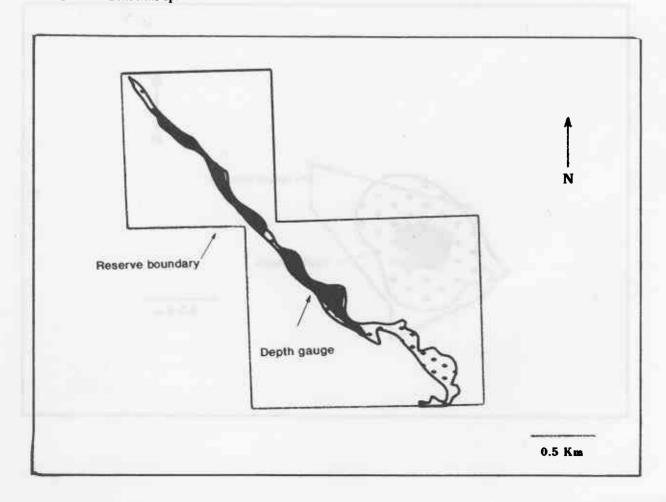
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
sedges	0.60	5	15
sedges	2.00	1	1
shrubs	2.00	40	30
trees	5.00	30	50

A moderate-sized system of swamps and lakes containing fresh water, some of which are seasonal and others are semi-permanent. The surrounding ground drops sharply into the depth-gauged lake, which has a narrow fringe of Eucalyptus rudis above the water mark, with the sedges Schoenus sp. and Lepidosperma sp. growing as an understorey. Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees and shrubs and M. teretifolia shrubs grow below the water mark with a few clumps of Baumea articulata.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 3 Lepidosperma sp.
- 3 Schoenus sp.



Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

Lake Salinity:

60 40

Vesting:

NPNCA

26410 Purpose:

Lake Area:

105.2 ha

Cons. Flora and Fauna 90.0 ha

Open Water:

15.2 ha (14.45%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Ephemeral

Vegetation Area:

33.44 S, 120.53 E

Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

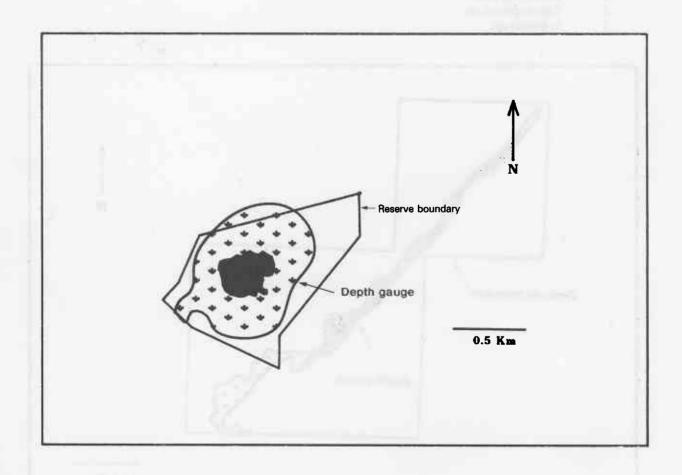
Height (m)

% Area % Cover

trees dead shrubs

A moderate-sized yate swamp with a small area of open water, around which occasional Melaleuca cuticularis occur. On the landward side of the M. cuticularis there is an extensive belt of occasionally-flooded Eucalyptus occidentalis with a shrub understorey that consisted of Acacia glaucoptera and M. glaberrima in 1986. In January 1988 water levels were still very high after flooding in 1986 with the result that the shrub understorey had died. A few M. cuticularis occur in the E. aff. astringens belt.

- 2 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 4 Acacia glaucoptera
- 4 Eucalyptus occidentalis
- Melaleuca glaberrima



Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

NPNCA

27768

Vesting:

131.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 6.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

125.0 ha (95.42%) **Ephemeral**

33.18 S, 121.49 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Lake Permanence:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

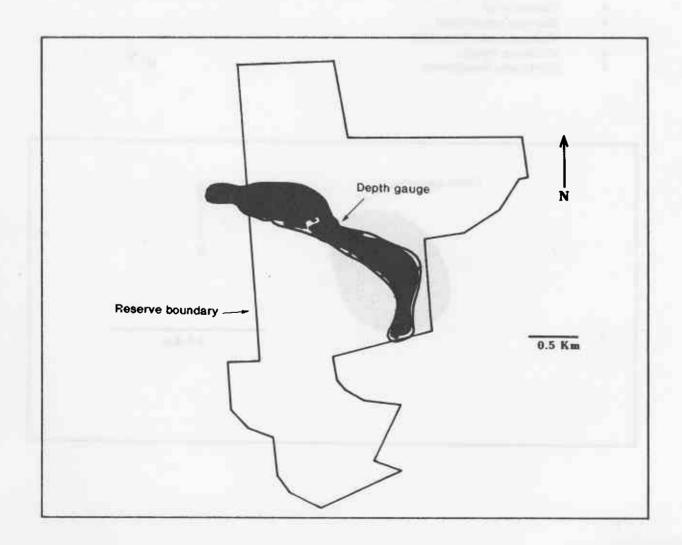
totally open

0.00

0

A moderate-sized hypersaline lake containing some low islands covered with Halosarcia halocnemoides and Maireana oppositifolia. There is a low, steep bank around the lake, on which occur isolated clumps of Halosarcia sp. and Frankenia pauciflora. Higher on the bank Melaleuca aff, acuminata and M. thyoides shrubs grow. Beyond the shrubs there is eucalypt woodland.

- Frankenia pauciflora
- 4 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 4 Halosarcia sp.
- Maireana oppositifolia
- Melaleuca aff. acuminata
- Melaleuca thyoides



Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

27985 Purpose: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area:

11.5 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Salinity:

Open Water:

11.0 ha (95.65%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Ephemeral 33.23 S, 121.46 E 0.5 ha

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

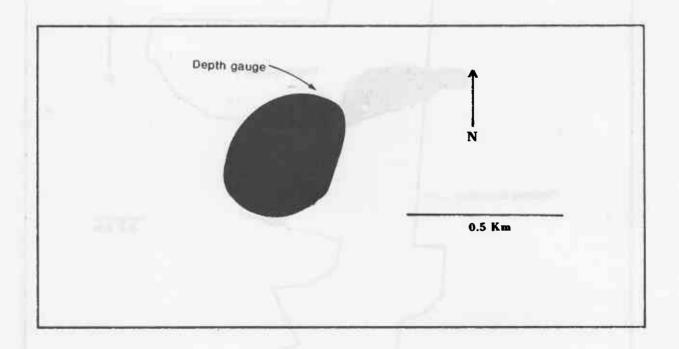
totally open

0.00

0

A small hypersaline lake, which is completely open with the exception of a small samphire-covered island at one end. Sclerostegia moniliformis, Halosarcia halocnemoides, Disphyma crassifolium and Maireana oppositifolia grow on the island. Around the edge of the lake S. mc. iliformis, Halosarcia sp. and Frankenia pauciflora grow as scattered clumps near the water to be replaced by the shrub Melaleuca thyoides with an understorey of H. lepidosperma as the ground rises. Farther from the lake M. conothamnoides occurs, then eucalypt woodland.

- 4 Disphyma crassifolium
- 4 Frankenia pauciflora
- 4 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 4 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 4 Halosarcia sp.
- 4 Maireana oppositifolia
- 4 Melaleuca conothamnoides
- 4 Melaleuca thyoides
- Sclerostegia moniliformis



Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

32776

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 4.0 ha 4.0 ha (100.00%) Vegetation Area:

0.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Ephemeral 33.32 S, 122.21 E Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

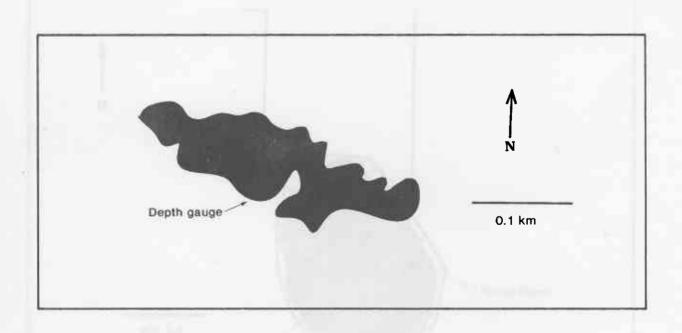
0.00

0

0

A small open hypersaline lake surrounded by fairly flat samphire marsh with Halosarcia halocnemoides and Sclerostegia moniliformis near the water and Frankenia sp., Halosarcia syncarpa, Maireana oppositifolia and Calandrinia sp. farther away. The marsh is replaced by a shrubland of Melaleuca aff. acuminata and Melaleuca sp. as the ground rises.

- Calandrinia sp.
- 4 Frankenia sp.
- Halosarcia halocnemoides
- Halosarcia syncarpa
- 4 4 4 4 4 Maireana oppositifolia
- Melaleuca aff. acuminata
- Melaleuca sp.
- Sclerostegia moniliformis



Flagstaff Lake

Nature Reserve:

Flagstaff NR

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

27609 Protection of Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 223.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

31.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

192.0 ha (86.10%)

Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.30 S, 117.16 E

Lake Salinity:

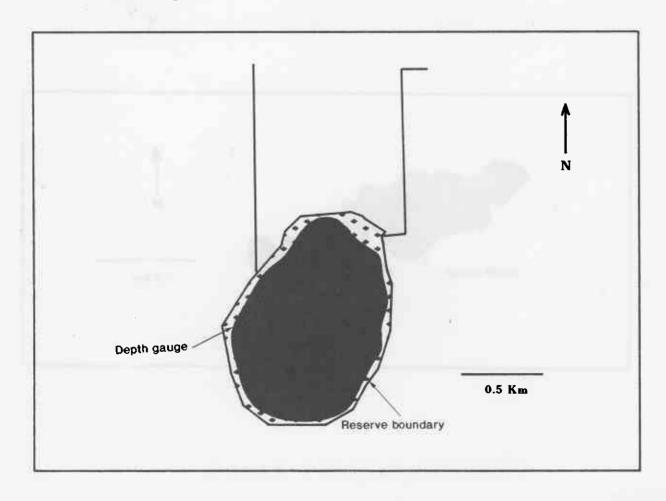
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.40	100	10
saplings	4.00	10	1
dead saplings	3.00	90	20

A moderate-sized saline lake with a narrow fringe (up to 30 m wide) of dead saplings. Live *Melaleuca* sp. saplings occur occasionally through the sapling belt and just inside the water mark. There is an extensive though fairly sparse zone of samphire under the sapling belt; it extends into a narrow dense thicket of live *Melaleuca* sp. occurring above the water mark. The main samphire species are *Halosarcia pergranulata* and *H. syncarpa*; *Sarcocornia blackiana* grows closest to the centre of the lake and *Wilsonia humilis* grows around the water mark. *Casuarina obesa* and then eucalypt woodland occur behind the live *Melaleuca* sp.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 Sarcocornia blackiana
- 3 Wilsonia humilis
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Lake Forrestdale

Nature Reserve:

Forrestdale Lake NR

Vesting:

NPNCA

Reserve Number: Purpose:

24781

Lake Area: Open Water:

199.6 ha

158.6 ha (79.46%)

Lake Permanence:

Semi-permanent

Vegetation Area:

Protection of Flora and Fauna and Rec'n 41.0 ha

Coordinates: 32.10 S, 115.56 E

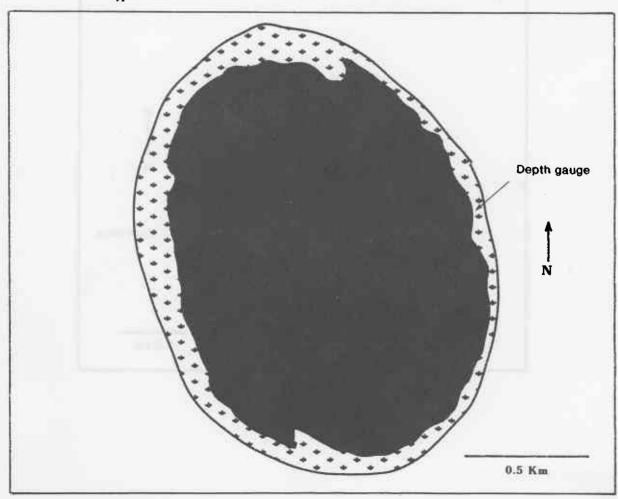
Brackish Lake Salinity:

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	90	100
sedges	1.00	10	100
shrubs	2.00	10	15
trees	4.00	10	70

A moderate-sized brackish lake fringed by rushes, sedges and trees. Below the water mark there is an almost continuous belt of Typha orientalis, behind which Baumea articulata, B. juncea and Juncus pallidus grow. On the water mark there is a belt of trees, principally Melaleuca rhaphiophylla but Acacia saligna and Eucalyptus rudis occur on the landward side of this zone. Cyperus congestus grows under M. rhaphiophylla. More detailed information is given by Bartle et al. (1987).

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 *Typha orientalis
- 3 Baumea juncea
- 3 *Cyperus congestus
- 3 Juncus pallidus
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 Acacia saligna
- Eucalyptus rudis



Lake Gardner

Nature Reserve:

Two Peoples Bay NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number: Purpose:

27956 Cons. Fauna

Vesting : Lake Area :

170.2 ha

Vegetation Area:

21.3 ha

Open Water:

148.9 ha (87.49%)

Lake Permanence: Perma Coordinates: 34.58

Permanent 34.58 S, 118.09 E Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

sedges

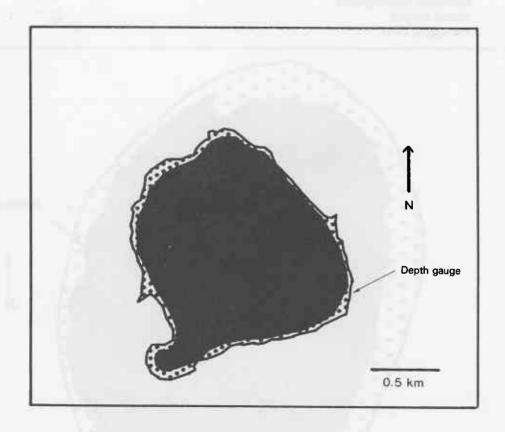
1.00

100

60

A moderate-sized brackish lake fringed by a belt of sedges up to 100 m wide but often only 20 m wide and sparse. The dominant species of sedge in the water is unidentified but Schoenus brevifolius is dominant along the shoreline, interspersed with Restio sp. Away from the open water but below the maximum flood level Gahnia trifida and shrubs, including Agonis juniperina and Hakea sp., form a 2-3 m high thicket. The thicket is only flooded extensively when the bar across Gardner Creek (the overflow from Lake Gardner) is closed. Banksia woodland occurs on higher ground.

- 2 Restio sp.
- 2 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Agonis juniperina
- 3 Gahnia trifida
- 3 Hakea sp.



Gingin 31241

Nature Reserve:

Yeal NR

Reserve Number:

NPNCA

31241

Vesting:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 67.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 92.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence:

25.0 ha (27.17%) Semi-permanent

Coordinates:

31.25 S, 115.49 E

Lake Salinity:

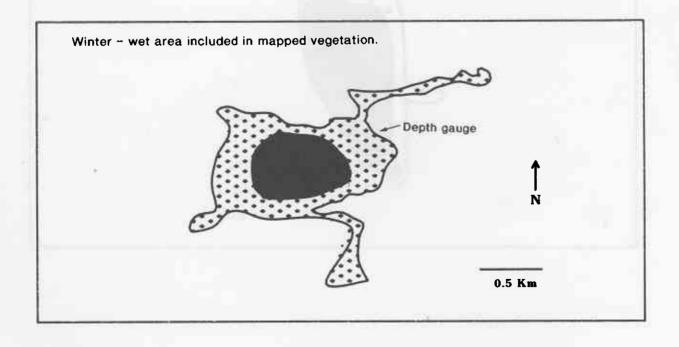
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.50	20	$^{80}_{100}_{100}$
shrubs	3.00	20	
trees	6.00	80	

A moderate-sized fresh lake fringed by large Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees, without an understorey, that extend to the boundary of the lake. On the lake side of the Melaleuca belt there are occasional clumps of Baumea articulata along the shore and, in some sections, M. teretifolia occurs as dense 3 m-high shrubs. Beyond the lake boundary there is a dense belt of M. teretifolia with occasional clumps of B. articulata under isolated M. rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis trees. Melaleuca lateritia, Lepidosperma longitudinale and Schoenus sp. also occur in this zone which is low-lying and becomes 'winter-wet'.

- Baumea articulata
- 1 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 3 Lepidosperma longitudinale
- Melaleuca lateritia
- 3 Schoenus sp.



Gnowangerup 26264

Nature Reserve:

Vesting:

Lake Area:

Unnamed

NPNCA

174.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

87.0 ha (50.00%)

Seasonal 34.22 S, 118.29 E Reserve Number:

26264 Purpose: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vegetation Area: 87.0 ha

Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

0.00

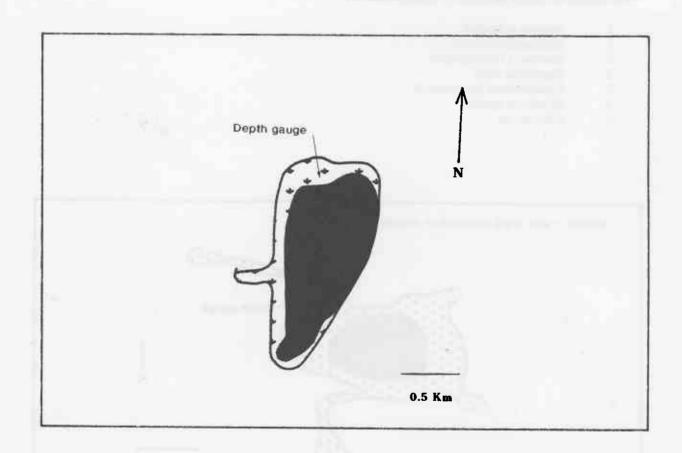
0

0

A moderate-sized completely open saline lake with a surrounding bank above the water mark, on which samphire grows.

Plant species list (zones indicated by a single numeral)

No collection made



Gnowangerup 26569

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

26569

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

7.6 ha

Vegetation Area:

2.0 ha

Open Water:

5.6 ha (73.68%)

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

Ephemeral 33.49 S, 118.29 E

Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

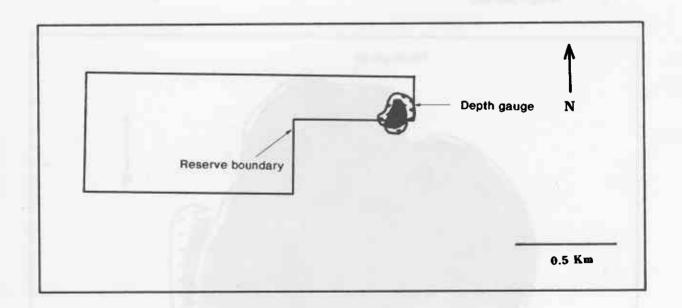
% Cover

samphires dead trees 0.30 3.00 100

60 20

A small brackish lake with an open woodland of long-dead small trees. When the lake is dry there is an understorey of *Halosarcia pergranulata*, *H. lepidosperma*, *Atriplex exilifolia* and *Carpobrotus* sp. throughout the wetland area. Above the high water mark there is a fringe of *Melaleuca lanceolata* and *Melaleuca* sp. with a samphire understorey similar to that in the lake. Behind the *Melaleuca* belt is a mallee woodland - many of the trees in it are affected by salinity or high groundwater levels.

- 3 Atriplex exilifolia
- 3 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 4 Melaleuca lanceolata
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Lake Gore

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

32419

Vesting:

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna 39.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

738.0 ha

699.0 ha (94.72%)

Permanent 33.46 S, 121.32 E Lake Salinity:

Saline

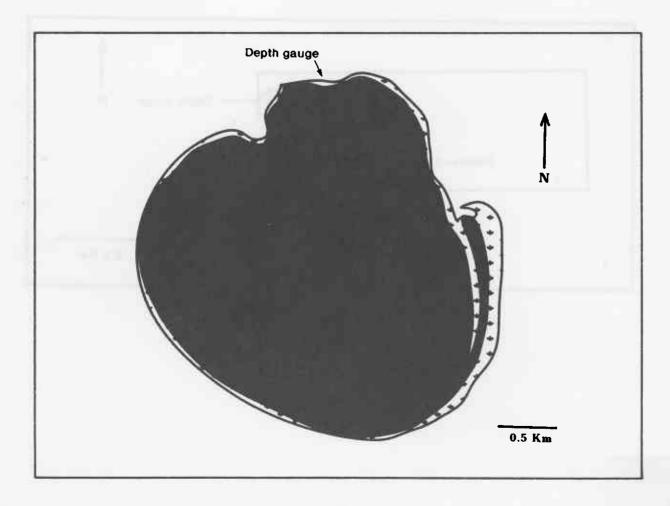
Vegetation Structure:

Lake Permanence:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires sedges trees dead trees	0.20 0.80 5.00 4.00	5 60 20	20 10 60 40

A large open saline lake with a fringing belt of Melaleuca cuticularis of variable width growing on the shoreline and in the water. Many of the outermost trees are dead or moribund. Around high water mark the sedges Schoenus brevifolius, Gahnia trifida, samphires Suaeda australis, Sarcocornia quinqueflora, grass Sporobolus virginicus and herb Samolus repens occur. On the north side of the lake there is a steep bank that rises sharply above high water mark. Melaleuca cuticularis and associated species are replaced by Acacia sp. as the ground rises up the bank.

- 2 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Gahnia trifida
- 3 Samolus repens
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 3 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Sporobolus virginicus
- 3 Suaeda australis



Lake Gounter

Nature Reserve:

Lake Gounter NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

Vesting:

NPNCA

21253 Purpose: Cons. Flora and Fauna Act

Lake Area:

118.0 ha

Open Water:

85.0 ha (72.03%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 32.25 S, 118 49 E

33.0 ha

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

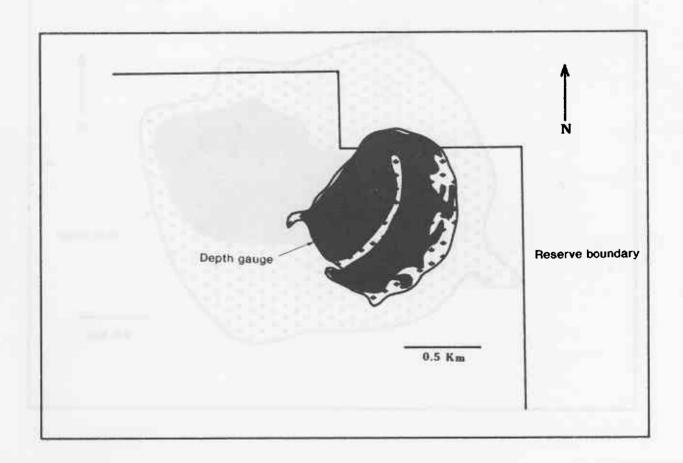
samphires

0.30

30

A moderate-sized hypersaline lake with a few scattered bushes of Halosarcia lepidosperma below the water mark. Melaleuca aff. acuminata and M. thyoides shrubs occur above the water mark with a little Carpobrotus

- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 4 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Melaleuca aff. acuminata
- Melaleuca thyoides



Lake Gundaring

Nature Reserve:

Gundaring Lake NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

24373

Vesting:

Purpose:

Protection of Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 308.0 ha

87.0 ha (28.25%)

Vegetation Area:

221.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 33.18 S, 117.30 E Lake Salinity:

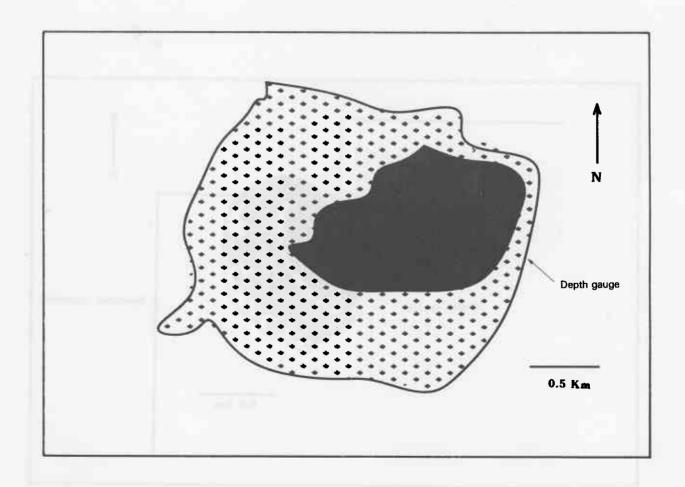
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
samphires	0.40	20	60
trees	5.00	15	60
dead trees	4.00	85	50

A moderate-sized saline lake with an extensive fringe of dead trees. The samphires Sarcocornia quinqueflora and Halosarcia pergranulata occur under the landward-most dead trees and under a thin belt of live Melaleuca aff. acuminata above the water mark, behind which Casuarina obesa and occasional Eucalyptus rudis occur.

- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Melaleuca aff. acuminata



Lake Guraga

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Dandaragan Shire

Reserve Number: Purpose:

Lake Salinity:

31223 Recreation

Vesting: Lake Area:

695.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

154.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

541.0 ha (77.84%) Semi-permanent 30.52 S, 115.33 E

Brackish

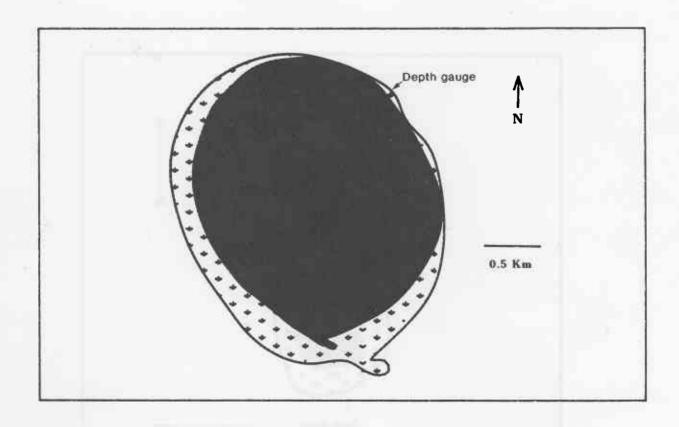
Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)	% Area	% Cover

grasses herbs shrubs

A large brackish open lake. There is a low bank around the lake rising to an extensive grassy plateau that contains Agrostis avenacea, Sporobolus virginicus and the herb Wilsonia backhousei.

- Agrostis avenacea
- Sporobolus virginicus
- Wilsonia backhousei



Harvey 12632

Lake Salinity:

Nature Reserve: Vesting:

Riverdale NR

Reserve Number:

NPNCA

12632 Purpose: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water:

1.7 ha

1.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

0.7 ha (43.00%) Seasonal

Vegetation Area:

Coordinates:

35.59 S, 115.48 E

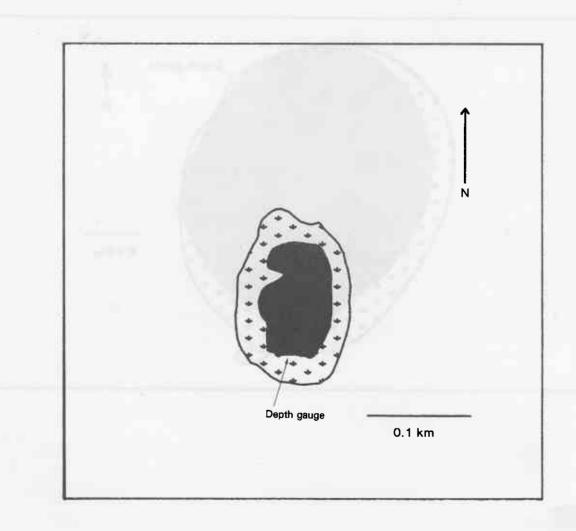
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.00	70	80
shrubs	2.00	90	90
trees	5.00	60	90

A small fresh lake with an extensive belt of Melaleuca aff. rhaphiophylla and tall M. lateritia shrubs extending from high water mark into the lake. The sedges Leptocarpus scariosus and Lepidosperma sp. grow under the trees below the water mark; Astartea fascicularis shrubs extend from just below the water mark onto dry land where they are replaced by jarrah/marri woodland.

- Leptocarpus scariosus
- 2 Lepidosperma sp.
- 2 Melaleuca lateritia
- 2 Melaleuca aff. rhaphiophylla
- 3 Astartea fascicularis



Lake Hinds

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

16305

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 306.9 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

1592.9 ha

1286.0 ha (80.73%)

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal 30.46 S, 116.34 E Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

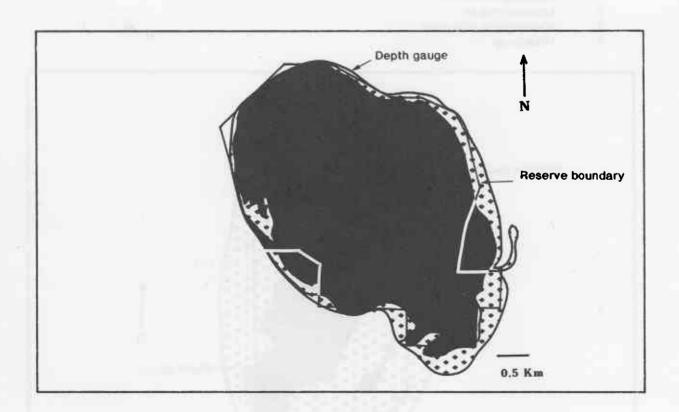
samphires dead trees

15 2

% Cover

A large hypersaline lake with a sparse belt of samphire and long-dead trees around the water mark. Halosarcia pergranulata, H. lepidosperma and Sarcocornia quinqueflora occur is. the samphire.

- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora



Lake Jandabup

Nature Reserve:

Jandabup NR

Reserve Number:

7349

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Co

Cons. Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 451.0 ha 171.0 ha (37.92%) Vegetation Area:

280.0 ha

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

Semi-permanent 31.45 S, 115.50 E Lake Salinity:

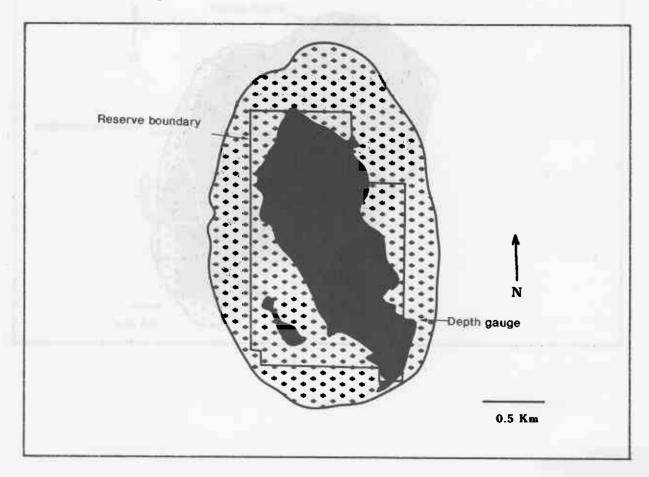
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	70	100
sedges	1.00	30	50
shrubs	2.00	1	1

A large fresh lake with open water in the centre surrounded by extensive sedge beds. The wetland area extends beyond the reserve boundary. The main sedge species is *Baumea articulata* but towards the shore there are areas containing two unidentified sedges. Yet closer to high water mark *Leptocarpus scariosus*, *Lepidosperma* sp. and another unidentified sedge occur. The herbs *Villarsia* sp. and *Myriophyllum tillaeoides* occur amongst them. Low shrubs of *Astartea fascicularis* also occur occasionally on the higher ground within the flooded zone. This sedge-dominated vegetation continues above the water mark until it is replaced with *Banksia* woodland as the ground rises. Some additional information is given by Lantzke (1983).

- 1 Baumea articulata
- Cyperaceae sp.
- 3 Astartea fascicularis
- 3 Leptocarpus scariosus
- 3 Lepidosperma sp.
- 3 Myriophyllum tillaeoides
- 3 Villarsia sp.



Lake Jerdacuttup

Nature Reserve:

Oldfield NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

40156

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 597.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

1203.0 ha

606.0 ha (50.37%)

33.56 S, 120.14 E

Permanent

Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Lake Permanence:

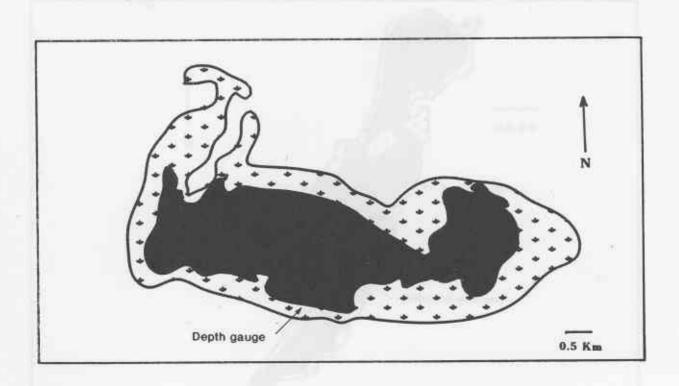
Height (m)

% Area % Cover

samphires sedges trees

A very large saline lake. Near the depth gauge Melaleuca cuticularis forms a riparian belt (up to 100 m in width) of 5 m high dense woodland. In other parts of the lake the woodland belt is far more extensive. On the landward side of the woodland Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens, Carpobrotus sp. and Isolepis stelbata occur as a sparse low shrubland with occasional M. cuticularis trees. As the ground rises the shrubland is replaced by more terrestrial vegetation, consisting of a low eucalypt woodland. In very wet years the lake floods beyond the Melaleuca cuticularis belt into the low shrubland but more commonly only Melaleuca cuticularis is inundated.

- 1 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
- 4 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Isolepis stellata



Lake Joondalup

Nature Reserve:

Joondalup NR

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

31048

Lake Area:

458.5 ha

Vegetation Area:

Recreation and Cons. Flora and Fauna 48.5 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 410.0 ha (89.42%) Permanent

Permanence: Permanen

Coordinates:

31.45 S, 115.47 E

Lake Salinity:

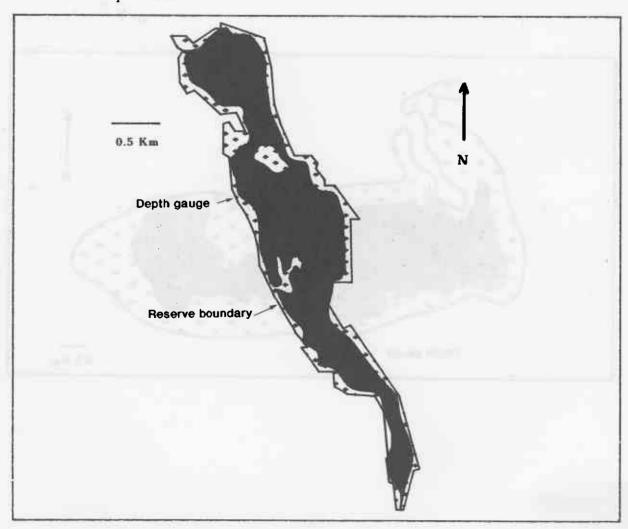
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	20	100
trees	5.00	5	90
dead trees	4.00	1	50

A large fresh lake with islands of Baumea articulata occurring throughout and a fringe of the same species around the edge. In places the B. articulata has been replaced by expanding pockets of Typha sp. Outside the sedge there is a dense belt of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, which straddles the water mark. Schoenus subfascicularis grows beneath the M. rhaphiophylla canopy and intrudes into the B. articulata. The herb Centella asiatica and clumps of the rush Isolepis nodosa are also present beneath the M. rhaphiophylla belt canopy but only above the water mark. More detailed information is given by Congdon and McComb (1976).

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 1 #Typha sp.
- 2 Schoenus subfascicularis
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 Centella asiatica
- 4 Isolepis nodosa



Kent 29020

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

Lake Salinity:

NPNCA

29020

Vesting: Lake Area:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Open Water:

42.6 ha 0.0 ha (0.00%)

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal

Vegetation Area:

42.6 ha

Fresh

Coordinates:

33.22 S, 118.54 E

Vegetation Structure:

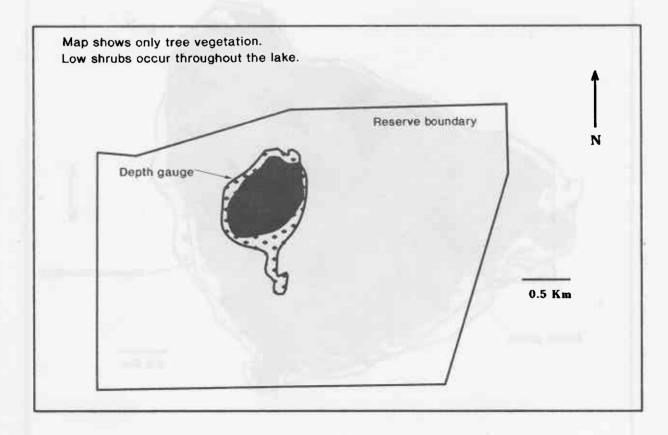
Height (m) % Area % Cover

shrubs shrubs trees

20 30 1

A small fresh lake containing low shrubs of Muehlenbeckia sp. throughout the wetland area with occasional Halosarcia pergranulata, Lawrencia squamata and Carpobrotus sp. Inside the edge of the wetland there is a thin belt of Melaleuca sp. with occasional Eucalyptus occidentalis occurring mostly as shrubby saplings. Melaleuca priessiana occurs at the water mark, behind which is a Eucalyptus occidentalis woodland.

- #Carpobrotus sp.
- 2 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 2 Lawrencia squamata
- 2 Muehlenbeckia sp.
- 3 Eucalyptus occidentalis
- 3 Melaleuca preissiana
- 3 Melaleuca sp.



Lake Kondinin

Nature Reserve:

Kondinin Lake NR

Kondinin Shire

Purpose:

22519

Vesting:

1517.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Reserve Number:

Recreation and Cons. Flora and Fauna 226.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

1291.0 ha (85.10%)

Semi-permanent 32.30 S, 118.12 E Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Lake Permanence:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

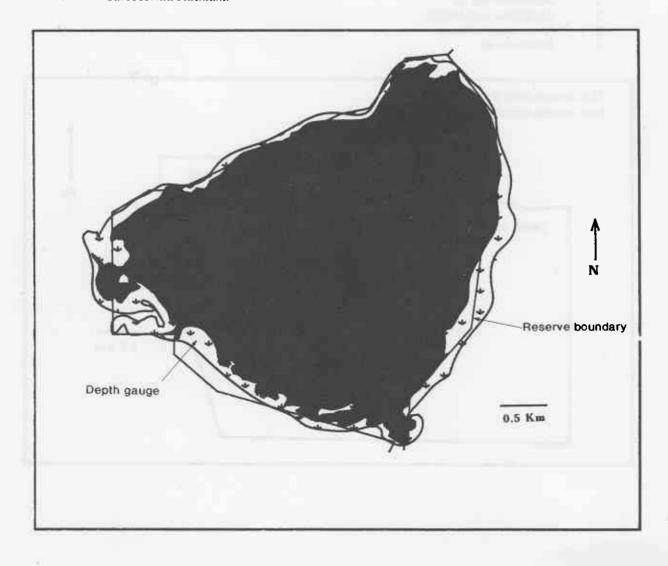
samphires dead trees 0.30

30

20 1

A very large hypersaline lake with a few dead trees and shrubs and a sparse samphire shrubland of *Halosarcia* syncarpa and *H. pergranulata* around the edge. Above the water mark there is a thicket of dead trees and shrubs, under which the same samphire species grow as well as *Sarcocornia blackiana* and *Carpobrotus* sp. A few live *Melaleuca uncinata* shrubs also occur among the dead trees and shrubs.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 4 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 4 Melaleuca uncinata
- 4 Sarcocornia blackiana



Kwobrup Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

Not reserved

Vesting:

Lake Area:

42.8 ha

Open Water:

6.2 ha (14.49%)

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal

Coordinates:

33.44 S, 118.01 E

Lake Salinity:

Purpose:

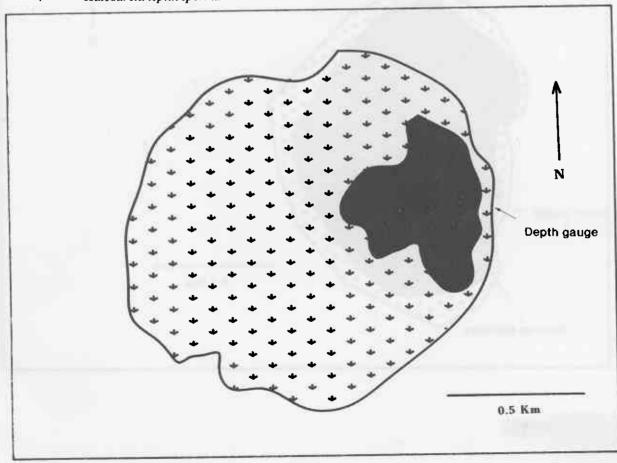
36.6 ha Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
samphires	0.30	70	30
trees	5.00	60	50
dead trees	5.00	50	10
dead trees	3.00	10	50

A small lake that is relatively heavily vegetated with much of the vegetation badly salt-affected. Melaleuca lanceolata occurs in poor condition over most of the lake as an open woodland and forms a narrow thicket (in some places dead) along the high water mark. Long-dead trees, probably Eucalyptus sp., also occur through most of the lake. At the northern and eastern sides there is a low dense shrubland of dead Melaleuca sp. Halosarcia pergranulata, H. lepidosperma, Sarcocornia quinqueflora ssp. quinqueflora, Wilsonia rotundifolia, Dysphyma crassifolium, Atriplex exilifolia and A. semibaccata occur throughout the lake when it is dry. Halosarcia lepidosperma occurs above the water mark and extends into the eucalypt woodland that surrounds the lake.

- Melaleuca lanceolata 2
- 3 Atriplex exilifolia
- 3 Atriplex semibaccata
- 3 Disphyma crassifolium
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora ssp. quinqueflora
- 3 Wilsonia rotundifolia
- Halosarcia lepidosperma



Lake Kwornicup

Nature Reserve:

Kwornicup Lake NR

Reserve Number:

32284

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 218.0 ha

Vegetation Area: 44.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

174.0 ha (79.82%)

Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

Saline

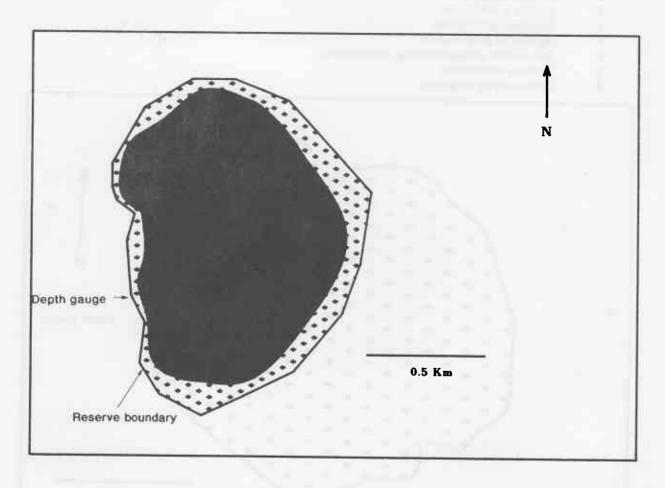
Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.10	100	60
shrubs	3.00	2	80
dead shrubs	3.00	5	1

34.33 S, 117.26 E

A moderate-sized open saline lake surrounded by a fringe of Melaleuca cuticularis. Scattered clumps of Sarcocornia quinqueflora and some sparse Schoenus brevifolius occur as a narrow band below the water mark. The small succulent Wilsonia backhousei is present between the samphire and the edge of sapling M. cuticularis about 3 m high that form a narrow band inside the main belt of M. cuticularis in some places and presumably established on a receding water level after flooding. At the water mark clumps of Gahnia trifida occur among the band of Melaleuca cuticularis; these clumps extend into a tall woodland of jarrah/marri as the ground rises.

- Gahnia trifida
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 3 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Wilsonia backhousei



Little White Lake

Nature Reserve:

Carmody NR

Reserve Number:

26786

Vesting: Lake Area: **NPNCA**

43.3 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 30.8 ha

Open Water:

12.5 ha (28.87%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.01 S, 117.26 E Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

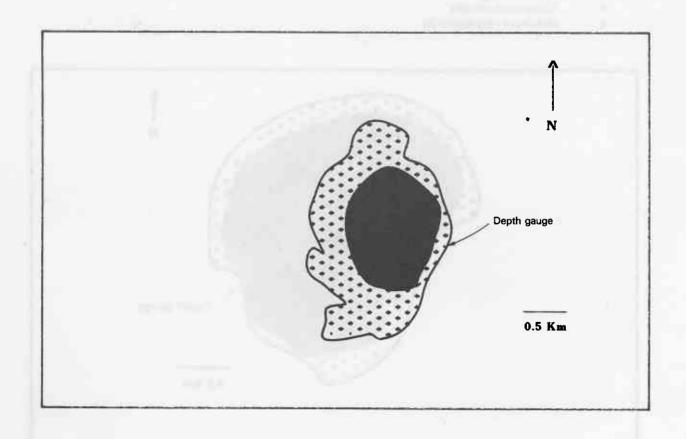
% Area

% Cover

samphires dead trees

A moderate-sized saline lake in which several islands have been created. Extending into the lake from the water mark there is an extensive band of dead Melaleuca aff. halmatur rum with Halosarcia pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora growing underneath. Above the water mark there is a thicket of live M. aff. halmaturorum and a few Eucalyptus sp. Casuarina obesa also occurs above the water mark, especially on the western side of the lake.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus sp.
- Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum



Lake Logue

Nature Reserve:

Lake Logue NR

Unvested

Reserve Number:

29073 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area:

424.8 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

106.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

318.0 ha (74.86%)

Seasonal

29.51 S, 115.08 E

Lake Salinity:

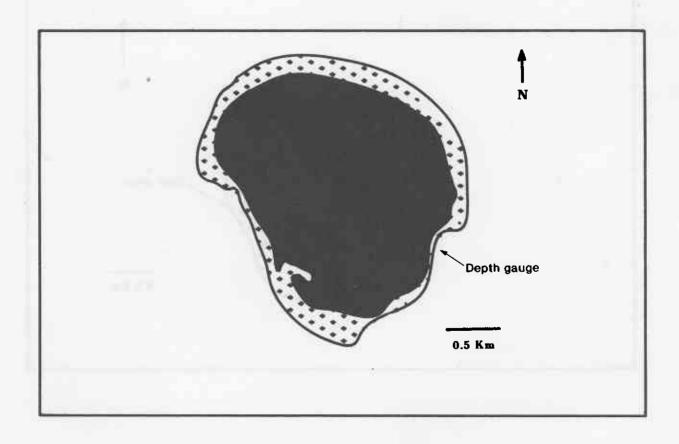
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses herbs sedges shrubs trees dead trees dead trees	0.50 0.50 1.00 2.00 6.00 6.00	40 30 15 5 5 10	15 15 5 2 25 10 25

A large fresh lake with a fringe of live Casuarina obesa interspersed with mostly dead Eucalyptus rudis. An unidentified sedge grows under the C. obesa. Isolated C. obesa occur farther into the lake on raised mounds. When the lake is dry Eragrostis curvula occurs on lake bed. Outside the C. obesa zone Melaleuca rhaphiophylla occurs as a sapling or tree with an understorey of Alyogyne hakeifolia.

- 3 Casuarina obesa
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Alyogyne hakeifolia
- 4 Cyperaceae sp.
- 4 *Eragrostis curvula
- Melaleuca rhaphiophylla



Lake Martinup

Nature Reserve:

Martinup NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

17055

Vesting:

84.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 12.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

72.0 ha (85.71%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.32 S, 117.10 E Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

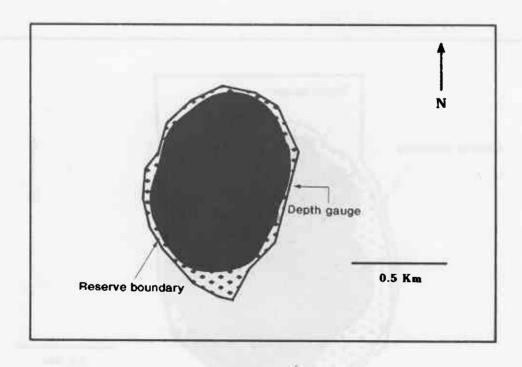
% Area

% Cover

trees dead trees

A moderate-sized saline lake with a narrow (about 20 m) band of dead trees well below water mark. Live Melaleuca aff. acuminata trees occur occasionally below the water mark and Casuarina obesa occurs above it. Halosarcia lepidosperma and Sarcocornia quinqueflora grow under all the tree zones.

- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Melaleuca aff. acuminata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Lake Mears

Nature Reserve:

Wandjagill NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

25884

Vesting: Lake Area:

199.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 52.0 ha

Open Water:

147.0 ha (73.87%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 32.14 S, 117.21 E Lake Salinity:

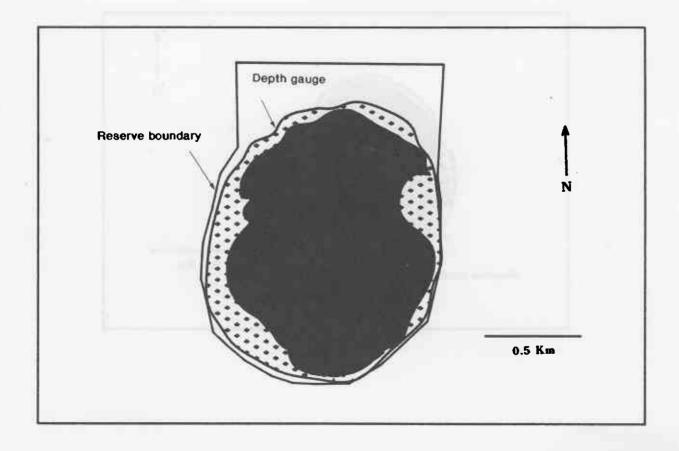
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
herbs samphires trees dead trees	0.20 0.10 8.00 6.00	40 2 50	10 80 20 50

A moderate-sized saline lake with a broad fringe of dead Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca halmaturorum, under which Halosarcia pergranulata and H. lepidosperma grow. Between the band of dead trees and high water mark there are a few live C. obesa trees, numerous C. obesa seedlings and a few Rhagodia sp. Above the water mark Melaleuca halmaturorum and Eucalyptus rudis occur and are replaced by salmon gum woodland as the ground rises.

- Casuarina obesa
- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Rhagodia sp.
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- Melaleuca halmaturorum



Mettler Lake

Nature Reserve:

Mettler Lake NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

26894

Vesting:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 24.0 ha

0.0 ha (0.00%)

Seasonal

Vegetation Area:

24.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

34.34 S. 118.37 E

Lake Salinity:

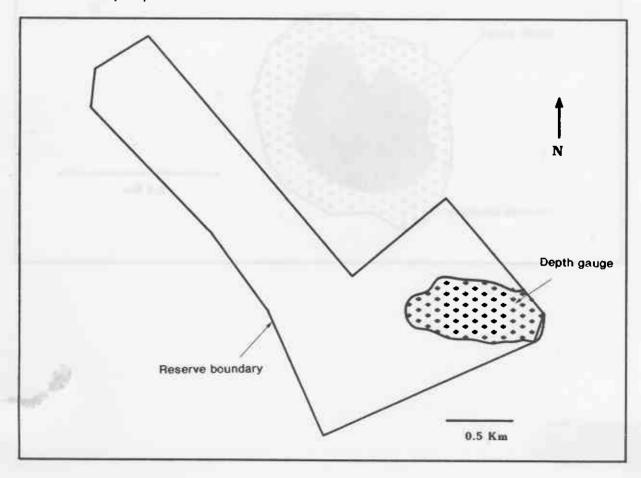
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges sedges shrubs trees trees	2.00 0.60 3.00 8.00 5.00	80 20 10 1 40	100 60 20 20 20 20

A small densely vegetated swamp containing the sedge Baumea articulata in the centre and fringed with Schoenus sp. (restricted to the edge of the B. articulata zone) and Lepidosperma leptostachyum, which extends to the edge of the lake. Towards the outside of the swamp B. juncea and L. tenue occur with L. leptostachyum, forming a low sedge meadow. Just inside the B. articulata zone there is a belt of Melaleuca cuticularis shrubs, outside which scattered M. cuticularis trees extend to the lake edge, but the overall impression is that the lake vegetation consists of sedges. Beyond the swamp the vegetation consists of Eucalyptus occidentalis woodland; the bases of some of these trees are inundated when water levels are high.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 Baumea juncea
- 2 Lepidosperma leptostachyum
- 2 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 2 Schoenus sp.
- 3 Eucalyptus occidentalis
- 3 Lepidosperma tenue



Lake Miripin

Nature Reserve:

Miripin NR

Reserve Number:

24912

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

28.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

14.0 ha

Open Water:

14.0 ha (50.00%)

Lake Permanence: Sea Coordinates: 33.

Seasonal 33.32 S, 117.12 E

Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

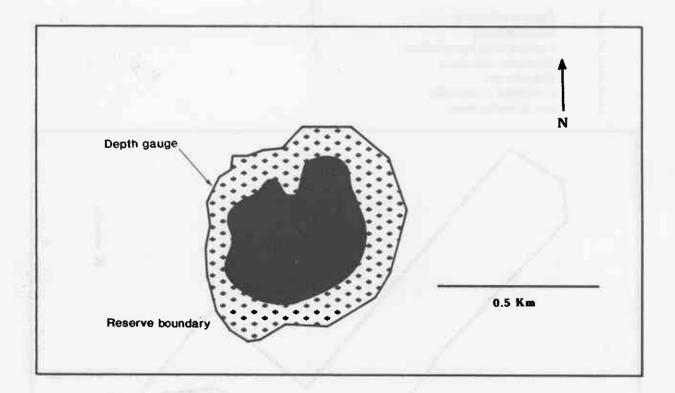
shrubs dead trees 4.00

100

5 5

A small brackish lake fringed by a sparse band of dead *Eucalyptus loxophleba* and *Eucalyptus* sp. trees and live *Melaleuca* sp. shrubs growing inside the water mark. The herb *Spergularia rubra* grows among the shrubs and dead trees. Above the water mark *E. loxophleba* and *Eucalyptus* sp. occur.

- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 *Spergularia rubra
- 4 Eucalyptus loxophleba
- 4 Eucalyptus sp.



Lake Moates

Nature Reserve:

Two Peoples Bay NR

Reserve Number:

27956

Vesting: Lake Area: **NPNCA** 144.0 ha Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Lake Salinity:

Cons. Fauna 82.2 ha

Open Water:

61.8 ha (42.92%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

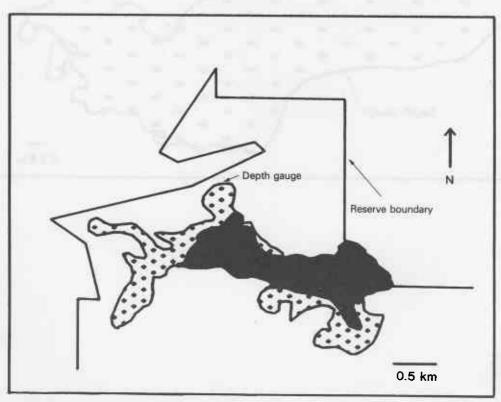
Permanent 34.57 S, 118.06 E Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.00	50	90
sedges	2.00	50	90
shrubs	1.00	5	5
trees	3.00	5	60

A moderate-sized fresh lake containing areas of sand dune that extend into the water on the southern side. There are belts of sedges in the water dominated by Baumea articulata and B. juncea. Triglochin procera occurs in sheltered areas. At the edge of the water there is a sedgeland that includes Leptocarpus scariosus, L. coangustatus, Anarthria scabra, an unidentified sedge, Evandra aristata and the herbs Stylidium scandens, Dampiera sp. and Xanthosia rotundifolia. At the rear of the sedgeland are a few low trees of Agonis linearifolia and A. juniperina with an understorey of Melaleuca thymoides, Cosmelia rubra, Actinodium cunninghamii, Adenanthos obovatus, Aotus sp., Boronia denticulata, Pimelea imbricata, Dasypogon bromeliifolius and the herbs Stylidium scandens, Dampiera sp. and Xanthosia rotundifolia. The ground rises to an open Eucalyptus staerii/Allocasuarina decussata woodland away from the lake.

1	Baumea articulata	4	Actinodium cunninghamii
2	Baumea juncea	4	Adenanthos obovatus
2	Triglochin procera	4	Agonis juniperina
3	Anarthria scabra	4	Agonis linearifolia
3	Dampiera sp.	4	Aotus sp
3	Evandra aristata	4	Boronia denticulata
3	Leptocarpus coangustatus	4	Cosmelia rubra
3	Leptocarpus scariosus	4	Dasypogon bromeliifolius
3	Stylidium scandens	4	Melaleuca thymoides
3	Xanthosia rotundifolia	4	Pimelea imbricata



Lake Mollerin

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

14429

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 4882.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

2200.0 ha

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

2682.0 ha (54.94%)

Ephemeral 30.30 S, 117.34 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

herbs samphires 0.10

20 20 10 30

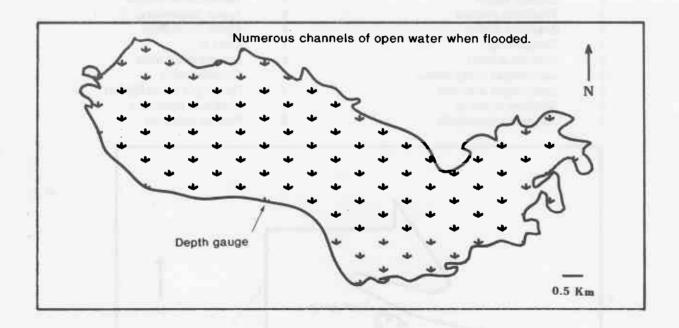
An extensive hypersaline lake containing a network of small islands with channels between. Around the edge of the lake a narrow band of samphire occurs below the water mark consisting of *Halosarcia leptoclada* ssp. inclusa and *Frankenia* sp. Above the water mark there is a band of *Sclerostegia moniliformis*. All three species occur on the islands. Behind the *S. moniliformis* zone at the edge of the lake there is an open shrub zone and then salmon gum woodland.

Plant species list (zones indicated by a single numeral)

3 Frankenia sp.

3 Halosarcia leptoclada ssp. inclusa

4 Sclerostegia moniliformis



Mt Marshall 26687

Nature Reserve:

North Wallambin NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

26687

Vesting:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 0.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 106.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

106.0 ha (100.00%)

Coordinates:

Ephemeral 30.55 S, 117.38 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

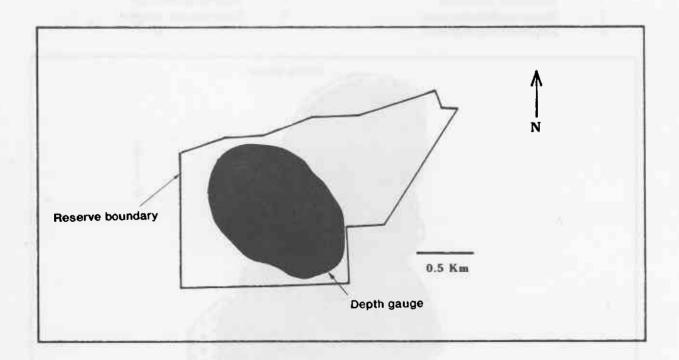
0.00

0

0

A moderate-sized acidic hypersaline lake. Above the water mark there is an open shrubland of Halosarcia lylei, Hakea preissii, Callitris verrucosa and other species. Farther from the lake this is replaced by salmon gum woodland.

- Callitris verrucosa
- Hakea preissii
- Halosarcia lylei



Lake Muir

Nature Reserve:

Lake Muir NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

31880

Vesting:

4600.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna 516.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

4084.0 ha (88.78%)

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal

Coordinates:

34.26 S, 116.40 E

Lake Salinity:

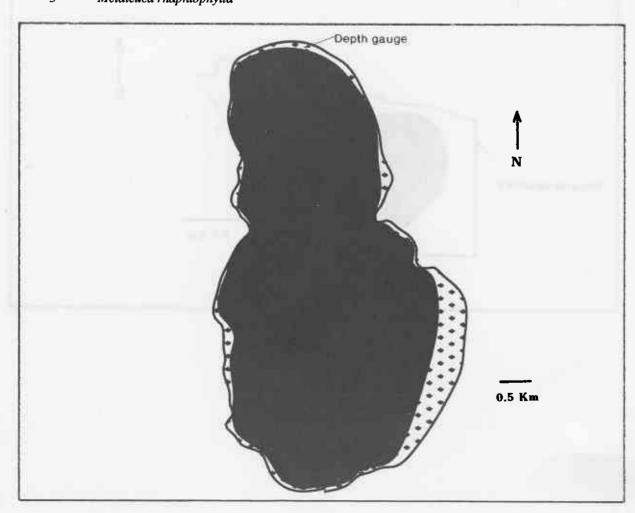
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.20	80	30
sedges	0.60	20	20
shrubs	0.60	20	2
trees	4.00	20	10

An extensive large saline lake with a belt of samphire around the edge, behind which are Melaleuca spp. Sarcocornia quinqueflora is the main samphire species but there is also some Halosarcia lepidosperma on the landward side of it. In some places M. halmaturorum grows between two samphire zones. On the landward side of the samphire there are sparse clumps of Lepidosperma effusum with occasional shrubs of Melaleuca sp. and M. cuticularis trees. At the high water mark and beyond M. aff. viminea shrubs occur with Melaleuca sp. as an understorey; they are replaced by jarrah/marri woodland farther from the lake. Near the depth gauge a drain enters the lake. It is fringed with M. rhaphiophylla and Melaleuca sp.; Leffusum and Schoenus brevifolius grow in it. Wilsonia backhousei grows around the drain.

3	Halosarcia lepidosperma	3	Sarcocornia quinqueflora
3	Lepidosperma effusum	3	Schoenus brevifolius
3	Melaleuca cuticularis	3	Wilsonia backhousei
3	Melaleuca halmaturorum	4	Melaleuca aff. viminea
3	Melaleuca thanhianhylla		



Lake Mungala

Nature Reserve:

Bampanup NR

Reserve Number:

26756

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Fauna 2.9 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 14.6 ha 11.7 ha (80.14%)

11.7 ha (80.14%) Seasonal

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

31.27 S. 115.53 E

Lake Salinity:

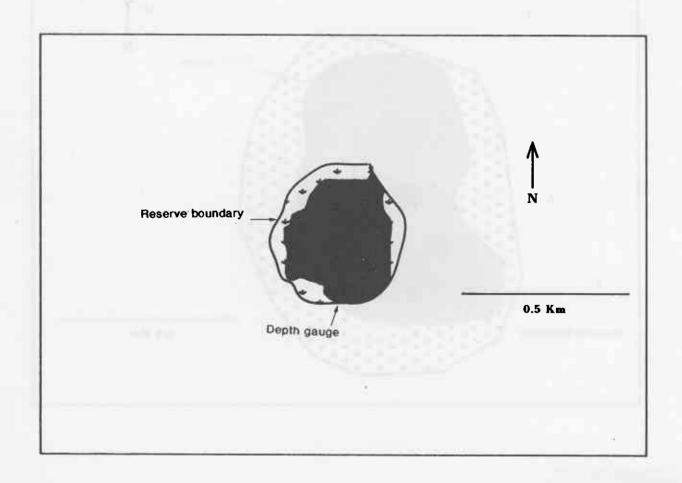
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
sedges	0.50	10	20
shrubs	2.00	40	90
trees	4.00	60	40

A small brackish lake that has been cleared to the water mark in several areas. Elsewhere there is a thin band of *Melaleuca rhaphiophylla* with an understorey of *M. teretifolia* and *Cyperus ?tenuiflorus*. In two areas on the western side dense low shrubs of *M. teretifolia* extend inside the *M. rhaphiophylla* band with an unidentified sedge growing amongst them. Most of the wetland vegetation shows signs of heavy grazing by sheep.

- Cyperaceae sp.
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 3 *Cyperus ?tenuiflorus
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla



Lake Murapin

Nature Reserve:

Murapin NR

Reserve Number:

17257

41.6 ha

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 64.4 ha 32.8 ha (50.93%) Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal

33.32 S, 117.11 E

Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

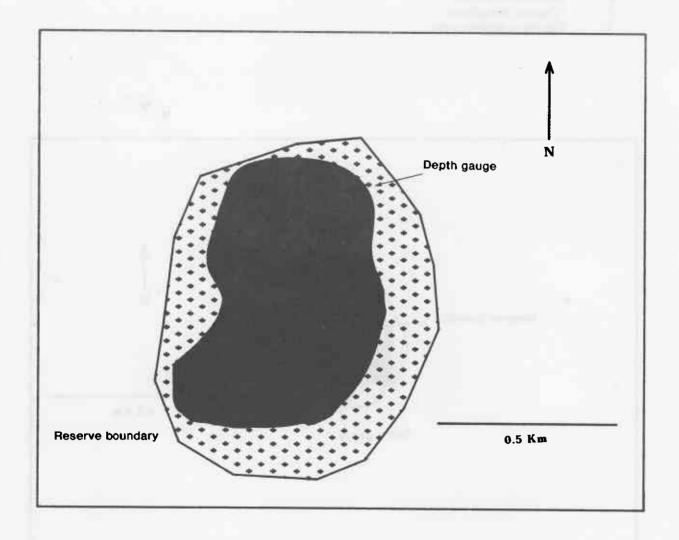
Height (m)

% Area % Cover

samphires trees dead trees

A moderate-sized lake with a wide (100 m or more) belt of long-dead Casuarina obesa below the water mark, in which there is scattered regeneration in higher parts of the lake bed. Small scattered bushes of Sarcocornia quinqueflora occur under the dead trees. Above the water mark there is a dense belt of live C. obesa.

- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Lake Nambung

Nature Reserve:

Bampanup NR

Reserve Number:

26756

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Lake Salinity:

Cons. Fauna 9.2 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 28.8 ha

19.6 ha (68.06%)

n Area: 9.2

Lake Permanence : Coordinates : Seasonal 31.27 S, 115.53 E

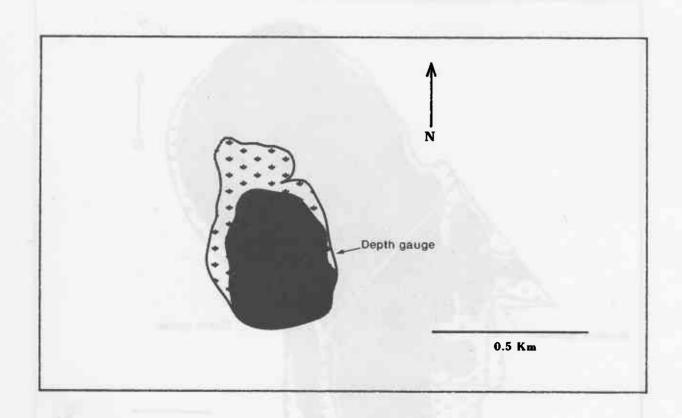
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
shrubs	2.50	10	90
trees	5.00	90	25
dead trees	5.00	2	40

A small brackish lake with a very narrow open fringe of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees below the water mark. In some places a few Melaleuca teretifolia shrubs occur and there are a few dead trees at the southern end. Above the water mark Lepidosperma sp. occurs amongst a few trees of Kunzea ericifolia, Acacia cyclops and Eucalyptus rudis. Banksia prionotes occurs on higher ground. The whole area has been heavily grazed by sheep.

- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 2 Melaleuca teretifolia
- 4 Acacia cyclops
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Kunzea ericifolia
- 4 Lepidosperma sp.



Lake Ninan

Lake Salinity:

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

27026 Reserve Number: Cons. Flora and Fauna Purpose:

Vesting:

NPNCA 722.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Area: Open Water:

551.0 ha (76.32%)

Semi-permanent

171.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

30.57 S, 116.39 E

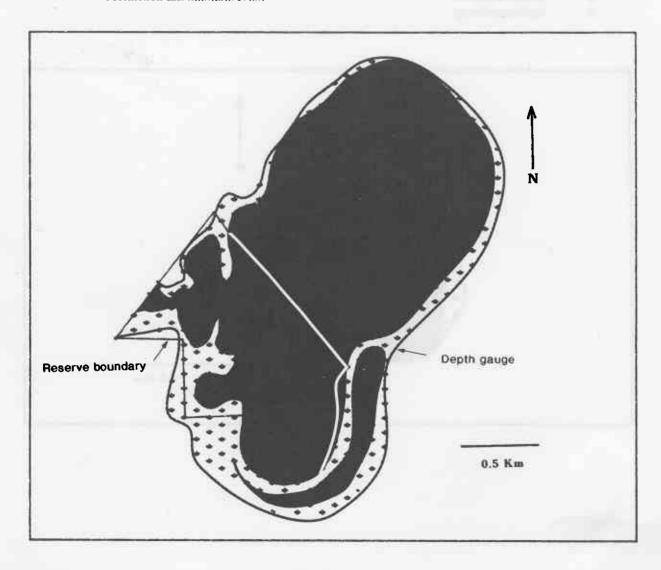
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Агеа	% Cover
samphires	0.20	10	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 20 \\ 2 \end{array}$
dead shrubs	2.00	10	
dead trees	8.00	5	

A large saline lake with a fringe of sparse dead Casuarina obesa trees and dead Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum shrubs below the water mark. Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Halosarcia pergranulata and H. syncarpa occur amongst the dead trees and shrubs near the water mark and extend above it into a band of sparse live C. obesa and M. aff. halmaturorum.

- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum



Nine Mile Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Nine Mile Lake NR

Vesting: **NPNCA**

15.1 ha

Purpose:

16907

Vegetation Area: 14.6 ha

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

Lake Permanence:

0.5 ha (3.31%)

Permanent 32.44 S, 115.45 E Lake Salinity:

Reserve Number:

Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

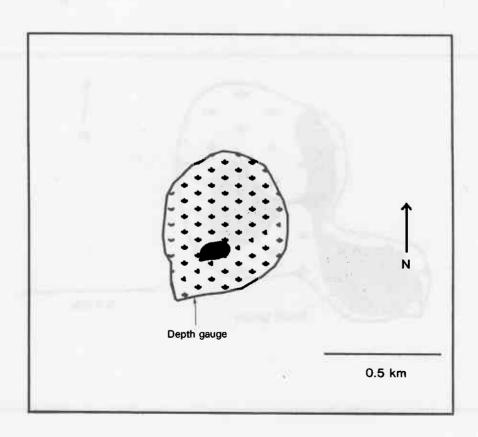
sedges shrubs

100

100

A small fresh swamp with a very small area of open water in the centre. Most of the lake is covered in a mixture of Baumea articulata and Typha sp. with a belt of B. articulata close to the shoreline. Lepidosperma sp. and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla occur outside the B. articulata but below the water mark. Melaleuca rhaphiophylla also occurs above the water mark together with M. preissiana, Leptocarpus scariosus and Astartea fascicularis. A closed jarrah/marri woodland occurs around the lake as the ground rises.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 1 #Typha sp.
- 3 Lepidosperma sp.
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 Astartea fascicularis
- 4 Leptocarpus scariosus
- Melaleuca preissiana



Lake Nonalling

Nature Reserve:

Nonalling NR

Reserve Number:

24428

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 20.4 ha

Vegetation Area:

13.0 ha

Saline

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

7.4 ha (36.27%)

Seasonal

32.32 S, 117.37 E

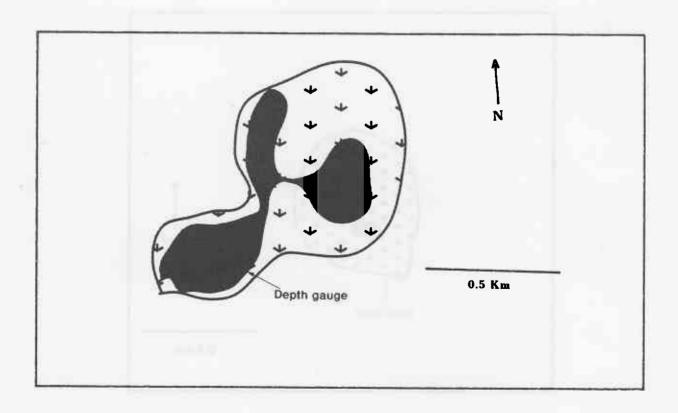
Lake Salinity:

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
herbs	0.05	10	20
samphires	0.20	60	80
dead trees	6.00	40	60

A small saline lake with a dense fringing belt of dead Casuarina obesa below the water mark, under which samphire grows. The dominant samphire is Sarcocornia quinqueflora; Halosarcia pergranulata, H. syncarpa and the herb Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum (near water mark only) also occur. Above the water mark the samphire H. indica ssp. bidens grows amongst a few C. obesa trees. Eucalypt woodland grows farther from the

- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 *Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens



Lake Noonying

Nature Reserve:

Noonying NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

10313

Vesting: Lake Area:

12.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Water and Cons. Fauna 12.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 0.0 ha (0.00%)

Coordinates: Season 31.40

Seasonal 31.40 S, 117.27 E Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

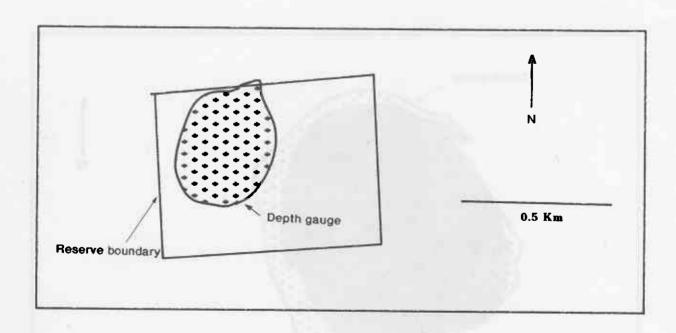
Height (m) % Area

% Cover

shrubs dead trees 3.00 10.00 20 80 5 40

A small lake that has recently become saline. The lake bed is covered in a dense stand of recently-dead Casuarina obesa. Above the water mark and just below it live C. obesa saplings and Melaleuca uncinata shrubs occur in a 20-30 m wide band. Beyond this Eucalyptus loxophleba occurs.

- 3 Casuarina obesa
- 3 Melaleuca uncinata



Lake Pallarup

Nature Reserve:

Pallarup NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

29860

Vesting: Lake Area:

1125.0 ha

Cons. Flora and Fauna 225.0 ha

Open Water:

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

900.0 ha (80.00%) **Ephemeral** 33.14 S, 119.45 E

Lake Salinity:

Purpose:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Агеа

totally open

0.00

O

% Cover 0

A large open hypersaline lake. Above the water mark there is a low samphire marsh containing Halosarcia halocnemoides and Maireana oppositifolia, which is replaced on higher ground by an open shrubland of Melaleuca aff. acuminata and M. thyoides with an understorey of Atriplex paludosa ssp. cordata, Schoenus sp., Halosarcia lepidosperma and Carpobrotus sp. In drier parts of the samphire marsh and in the shrubland H. lylei occurs. Away from the lake the shrubland is replaced by salmon gum woodland.

Plant species list (zones indicated by a single numeral)

Atriplex paludosa ssp. cordata

4 #Carpobrotus sp.

4 Halosarcia halocnemoides

4 Halosarcia lepidosperma

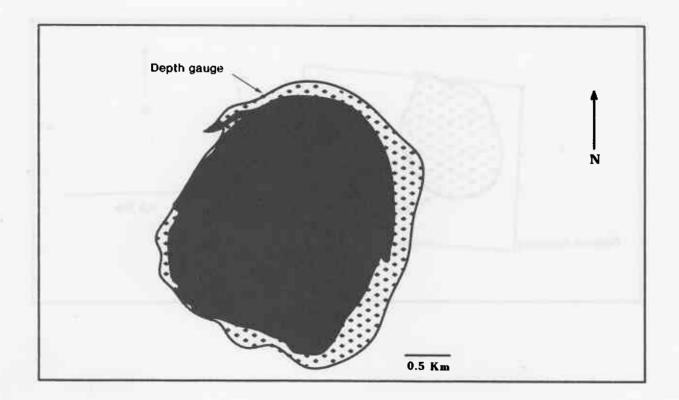
4 Halosarcia lylei

4 Maireana oppositifolia

4 Melaleuca aff. acuminata

Melaleuca thyoides

Schoenus sp.



Lake Parkeyerring

Nature Reserve:

Parkeyerring NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

24792

Vesting: Lake Area:

322.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

Recreation and Cons. Flora and Fauna 42.0 ha

Open Water:

280.0 ha (86.96%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 33.22 S, 117.20 E Lake Salinity:

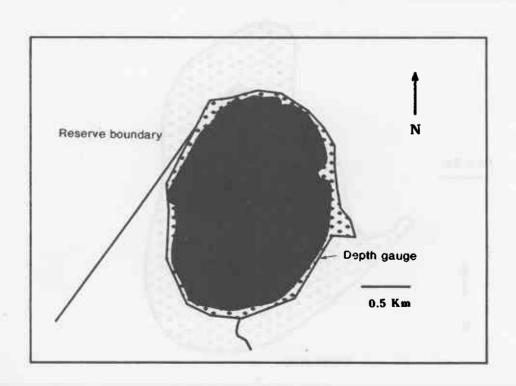
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.30	20	40
saplings	3.00	20	5
trees	10.00	10	60
dead saplings	3.00	40	30
dead trees	6.00	5	30

A moderate-sized saline lake with an extensive fringe of long-dead Melaleuca sp. shrub/saplings, on the landward side of which are occasional dead Casuarina obesa. There are some regenerating Melaleuca sp. saplings amongst the dead trees in places. Around the perimeter of the wetland is a narrow but dense belt of live C. obesa trees, which are below the maximum water mark (although the lake rarely fills to this level). There is a samphire zone containing Halosarcia lepidosperma on the lake side of the C. obesa but it does not extend far into the dead timber.

- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Lake Pinjarrega

Nature Reserve: Vesting:

Pinjarrega NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number: Purpose:

25210

Lake Area:

696.7 ha

Vegetation Area:

Flora and Fauna Act 503.0 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 193.7 ha (27.80%) Seasonal

Coordinates :

30.05 S, 115.55 E

Lake Salinity:

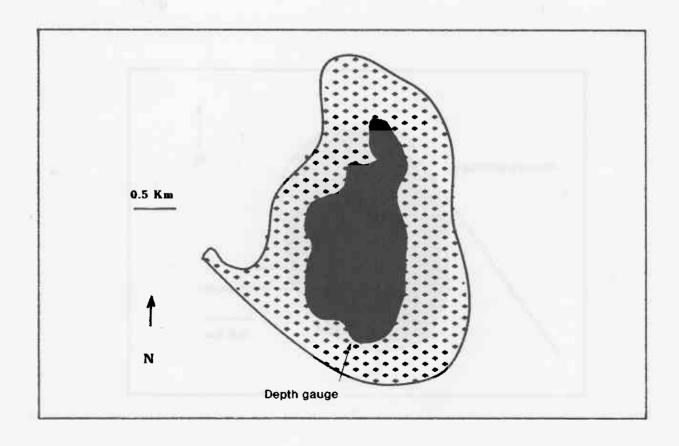
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
herbs samphires trees dead trees	0.10 0.50 5.00 5.00	30 2 83	25 10 38

A large saline lake with very extensive thickets of Melaleuca lanceolata in the outer part of the lake and an open Melaleuca sp. woodland in the centre. Except at the periphery of the lake all the Melaleuca spp. are dead; around the water mark some M. lanceolata thickets still contain a small proportion of live saplings. Beneath the thickets there is an understorey of Halosarcia lepidosperma, Threlkeldia diffusa, Carpobrotus sp. and Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum.

- 3 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Melaleuca lanceolata
- 3 *Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum
- 3 Threlkeldia diffusa



Plantaganet 25386

Purpose:

Nature Reserve:

Chillinup NR

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

Vesting:

NPNCA

25386

Lake Area:

200.5 ha

Cons. of Indigenous Fauna 84.5 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

116.0 ha (57.86%)

Seasonal

34.32 S, 118.04 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

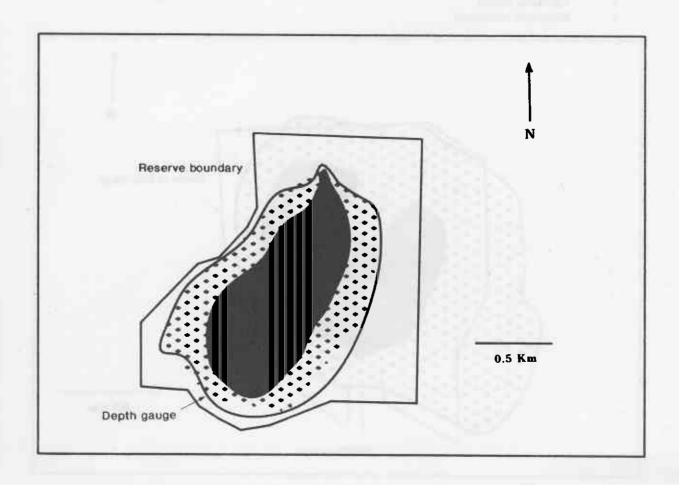
0.00

0

0

A large open hypersaline lake with a low raised bank around the edge. On the front of the bank growing down to the water mark are Halosarcia syncarpa and Tegicornia uniflora. Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Lawrencia squamata and an unidentified sedge grow higher on the bank and extend into a winter-wet marsh behind the bank. On the ridge of the bank Melaleuca halmaturorum trees and shrubs grow; they also grow on the landward side of the winter-wet marsh, although many of the M. halmaturorum in this zone are dead. Eucalypt woodland occurs behind the M. halmaturorum zone.

- 3 Cyperaceae sp.
- 3 Lawrencia squamata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 4 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 4 Melaleuca halmaturorum
- Tegicornia uniflora



Lake Pleasant View

Nature Reserve:

Lake Pleasant View NR

NPNCA

Purpose:

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

15107 Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vesting: Lake Area:

201.3 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence:

Coordinates:

0.8 ha (0.04%)

34.50 S, 118.11 E

Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

Fresh

200.5 ha

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

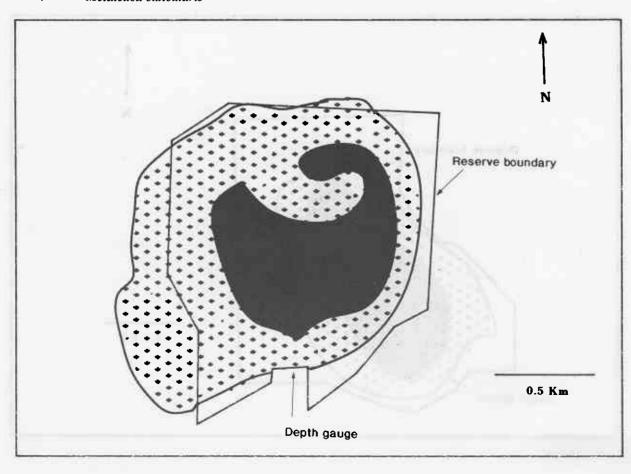
% Area

% Cover

sedges sedges shrubs

A moderate-sized sedge lake containing a number of small open water areas and extensive areas of sparse sedge. There are clumps of Baumea articulata throughout the lake and a couple of quite extensive areas of the species. However, the main sedge in the lake is Gahnia sp. Around the edge of the lake it is replaced by Restio sp., Juncus sp., Lepidosperma tenue and Schoenus sp., all of which extend into Melaleuca cuticularis shrubland that occurs just above the water mark. In places Viminaria juncea, with Villarsia parnassifolia as an understorey, occurs inside the M. cuticularis shrubland. A jarrah/marri woodland occupies the higher ground around the lake.

- Baumea articulata
- 2 Gahnia sp.
- 3 Juncus sp.
- 3 Lepidosperma tenue
- 3 Restio sp.
- 3 Schoenus sp.
- 3 Villarsia parnassifolia
- 3 Viminaria juncea
- Melaleuca cuticularis



Poorginup Swamp

Lake Salinity:

Nature Reserve:

Lake Muir NR

NPNCA

NR Reserve Number:

31880

Vesting:

143.4 ha

Purpose: Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water:

143.4 na 0.0 ha (0.00%)

0.0 na (0.

ence: Seasonal

Vegetation Area: 143.4 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

34.32 S, 116.44 E

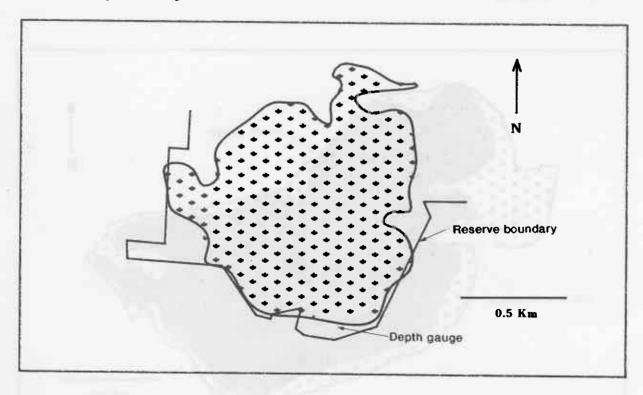
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.50	100	100
shrubs	2.50	20	30
trees	4.00	20	2
trees	8.00	10	60

A moderate-sized fresh sedge swamp. Baumea articulata and Leptocarpus scariosus are the major species of sedge in the centre of the swamp with occasional clumps of B. vaginalis. The twining herb Cassytha glabella often grows amongst the sedges. Melaleuca lateritia occurs occasionally as a shrub throughout the swamp, especially on the western side. Around the water mark there is a dense belt of M. rhaphiophylla trees with an understorey of B. articulata, M. lateritia and, in the higher part of the M. rhaphiophylla belt, Astartea fascicularis and Sphenotoma sp. Jarrah/marri woodland occurs on higher ground around the swamp.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 Baumea vaginalis
- 2 Cassytha glabella
- 2 Leptocarpus scariosus
- 2 Melaleuca lateritia
- 3 Astartea fascicularis
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 3 Sphenotoma sp.



Lake Powell

Nature Reserve:

Lake Powell NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

25809

Vesting: Lake Area:

142.8 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Open Water:

12.6 ha (84.47%)

22.2 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Permanent 35.02 S, 117.44 E Lake Salinity:

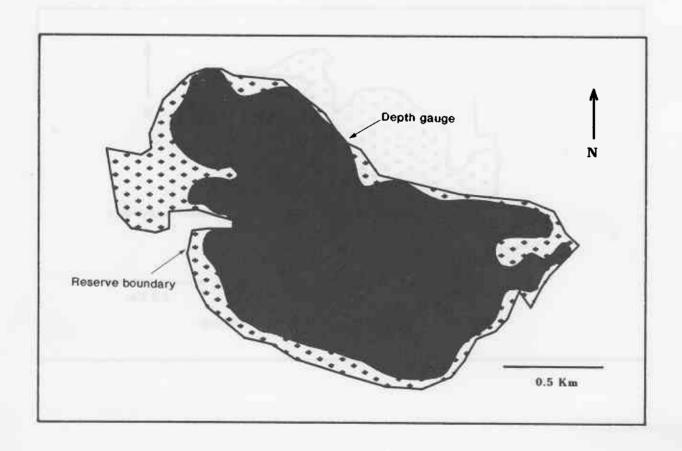
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses	0.50	40	100
sedges	3.00	10	100
sedges	0.60	50	40
trees	4.00	10	70

A moderate-sized fresh swamp fringed by dense sedges and grassy banks. There are several islands supporting the sedge Lepidosperma effusum. Below the water mark around the lake there are beds of Typha sp., L. effusum and the grass Paspalum distichum. On the southern side of the lake Melaleuca sp. trees occasionally grow in this zone. Behind the fringing vegetation, but still below or on the water mark, Agonis juniperina and Melaleuca sp. trees grow with an understorey of sedges Leptocarpus scariosus, Restio sp. and Juncus planifolius. Water levels are artificially controlled.

- #Typha sp.
- 1 2 Lepidosperma effusum
- 2 *Paspalum distichum
- 3 Agonis juniperina
- 3 Juncus planifolius
- 3 Leptocarpus scariosus
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 Restio sp.



Shark Lake

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

31197

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

8.6 ha

Vegetation Area:

4.1 ha

Open Water:

4.5 ha (52.33%)

33.47 S, 121.52 E

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Permanent

Lake Salinity:

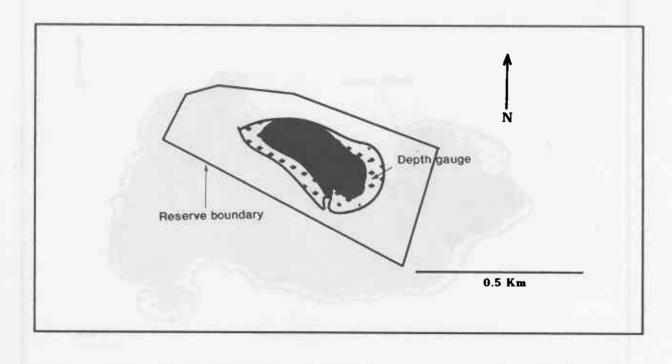
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	40	60
sedges	1.00	50	100
shrubs	2.00	5	70
trees	4.00	10	70

A small fresh lake with very dense sedge beds around the edge of the open water. In deeper water at the edge of the lake Baumea articulata occurs. Isolepis nodosa, Juncus sp., Schoenus brevifolius, the grasses Hainardia cylindrica and Agrostis avenacea and the herbs Lobelia alata and Centella cordifolia grow just below or on the water mark and are seasonally flooded. Melaleuca sp. shrubs and trees grow at the edge of the lake on the eastern side on and above the water mark. Banksia woodland occurs on higher ground around the lake that has not been cleared.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 2 Melaleuca sp.
- Agrostis avenacea
- Centella cordifolia
- 3 3 3 *Hainardia cylindrica
- Isolepis nodosa
- 3 Juncus sp.
- 3 Lobelia alata
- 3 Schoenus brevifolius



Lake Shaster

Nature Reserve:

Lake Shaster NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

32339

Vesting:

479.3 ha

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water:

Vegetation Area:

111.0 ha

Lake Permanence:

368.3 ha (76.84%) Seasonal

Coordinates:

33.52 S, 120.42 E

Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

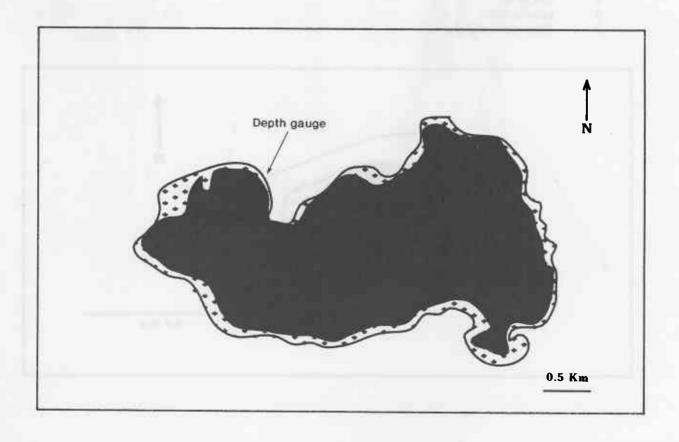
samphires

0.20

20

A large open saline lake with some small rock outcrops along the edge. Isolated clumps of Halosarcia pergranulata, Halosarcia syncarpa, Wilsonia humilis and W. backhousei occur at the water mark. Farther from the water the vegetation consists mostly of clumps of Gahnia trifida and H. pergranulata and the shrubs Melaleuca spp. and Gastrolobium sp. grow. Melaleuca cuticularis also occurs in this zone in some areas.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 Wilsonia backhousei
- 3 Wilsonia humilis
- 4 Gahnia trifida
- 4 Gastrolobium sp.
- Melaleuca cuticularis
- Melaleuca sp.



Station Lake

Nature Reserve: Unnamed

Reserve Number: 23825 Vesting: **NPNCA** Purpose: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: 87.5 ha Vegetation Area: 31.0 ha Open Water: 56.5 ha (64.57%)

Lake Permanence: Seasonal Lake Salinity: Saline

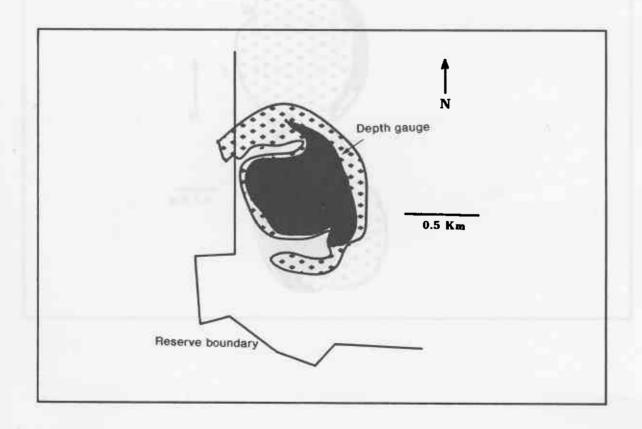
Coordinates: 33.49 S, 121.57 E

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.20	70	40
shrubs	1.50	1	60
dead shrubs	1.50	1	40
dead trees	3.00	2	1

A moderate-sized saline lake that is mostly open but contains a narrow fringe of dead trees at the northern end. There is a patch of dense live small shrubs, dead shrubs and trees on the western side. On the eastern side is a low ridge that separates the lake from an extensive marshland. There are distinct bands of vegetation associated with the ridge. As the ground rises from the lake there is a low shrubland of Suaeda australis, Halosarcia syncarpa, Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Sclerostegia moniliformis, Schoenus sp. and Gahnia trifida. On top of the ridge Melaleuca cuticularis and Melaleuca sp. trees and shrubs occur with Schoenus sp. and Gahnia trifida as understorey. The marsh at the rear of the ridge is inundated in wet winters and contains samphire. As the ground rises behind the marsh the vegetation changes to Melaleuca/Acacia woodland.

- Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- Sclerostegia moniliformis
- 3 3 Suaeda australis
- 4 Gahnia trifida
- Melaleuca cuticularis
- 4 Melaleuca sp.
- Schoenus sp.



Lake Taarblin

Nature Reserve:

Taarblin Lake NR

Reserve Number:

20962

Vesting:

NPNCA

916.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Area: Open Water:

150.0 ha (16.38%)

766.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal

32.59 S, 117.33 E

Lake Salinity:

Purpose:

Brackish

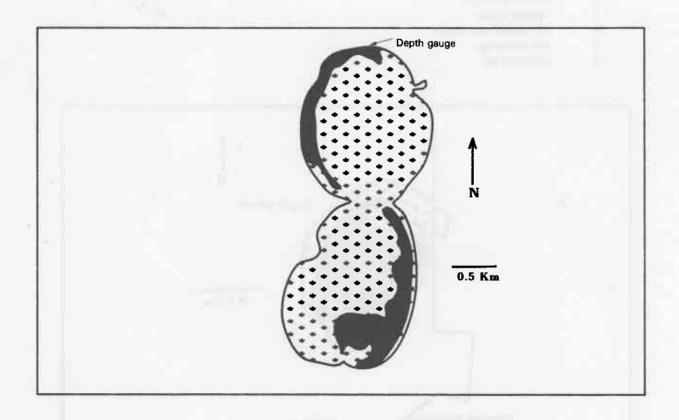
Cons. Flora and Fauna

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
herbs	0.10	80	10
samphires	0.30	20	60
dead trees	5.00	85	50

A large brackish-to-saline lake with extensive areas of long-dead Casuarina obesa trees below the water mark. There are live C. obesa trees in some raised sections of the lake bed. Halosarcia pergranulata and Wilsonia rotundifolia grow under the dead trees. Above the water mark live C. obesa trees occur, with Disphyma crassifolium growing on the ground near the edge of the inundated area.

- 3 Disphyma crassifolium
- Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Wilsonia rotundifolia
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Thomsons Lake

Nature Reserve:

Thomsons Lake NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

15556

Vesting:

Purpose:

Fauna Conservation Research and Drainage

Lake Area: Open Water: 213.3 ha

Vegetation Area:

94.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

119.3 ha (55.93%)

Seasonal 32.09 S, 115.49 E Lake Salinity:

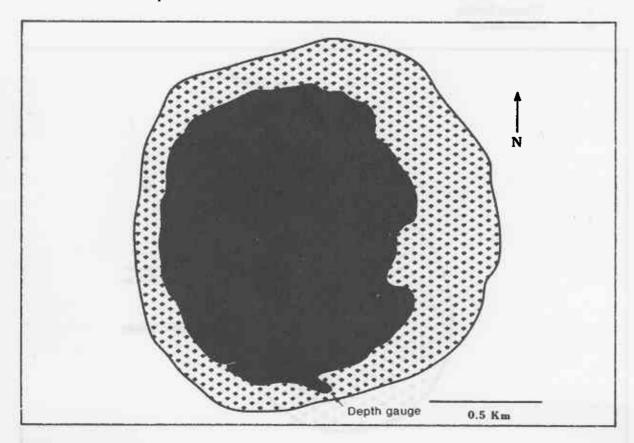
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	2.00	80	100
sedges	1.00	20	90
shrubs	3.00	15	10
trees	6.00	5	5

A moderate-sized brackish lake with an extensive band of sedges below the water mark. As the lake dries out Bulboschoenus caldwellii becomes established inside the main belt of sedges, which consist of Baumea articulata and Typha sp. Around the water mark B. juncea replaces B. articulata and Typha sp. This zone contains a few Viminaria juncea and Acacia saligna shrubs. Above the usual water mark (though within the maximum flood mark) Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana and Jacksonia furcellata grow. These are replaced by Banksia/jarrah woodland as the ground rises. Additional information is given by Crook and Evans (1981).

- Baumea articulata
- 2 #Typha sp.
- Acacia saligna
- 3 3 3 Baumea juncea
- Bolboschoenus caldwellii
- 3 Viminaria juncea
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Jacksonia furcellata
- Melaleuca preissiana



Lake Toolibin

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

24556 Protection of Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 296.4 ha

Vegetation Area:

253.2 ha

Lake Permanence : Coordinates : 43.2 ha (14.56%) Semi-permanent 32.55 S, 117.37 E

Lake Salinity:

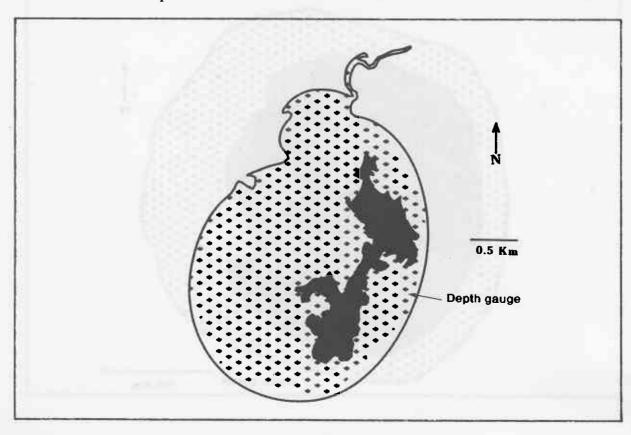
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
herbs	0.01	30	20
samphires	0.50	15	10
trees	12.00	40	10
trees	6.00	60	40

A large brackish lake containing very dense thickets of Casuarina obesa, Melaleuca strobophylla and occasional Eucalyptus rudis below the water mark. A few C. obesa reach 12 m in height. On the western side of the lake a lot of trees have died due to increasing salinity. There are also a few dead trees (mostly E. rudis) in the open lagoon on the eastern side of the lake. When the lake is dry samphire species Halosarcia lepidosperma, H. pergranulata and H. indica ssp. bidens occur on the lake bed as a low open shrubland. There are patches of Atriplex exilifolia, Carpobrotus sp., Goodenia viscida and Wilsonia humilis among the samphire. Eucalyptus rudis trees occur above the water mark. Additional information is given by Mattiske (1978).

- 1 Casuarina obesa
- 1 Melaleuca strobophylla
- 3 Atriplex exilifolia
- 3 #Carpobrotus sp.
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 3 Goodenia viscida
- 3 Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Wilsonia humilis
- 4 #Crassula sp.



Tordit-Garrup Lagoon

Nature Reserve:

Lake Muir NR

Reserve Number:

31880

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

686.6 ha

Vegetation Area:

Lake Salinity:

Open Water:
Lake Permanence:

157.0 ha (22.87%)

Area: 529.6 ha

Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 34.30 S, 116.45 E

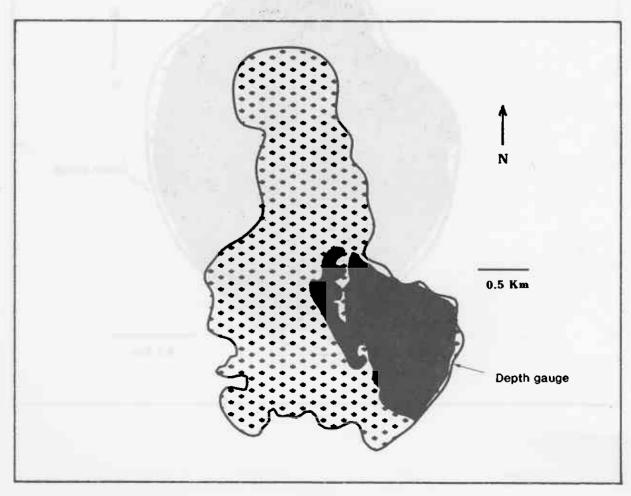
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	1.00	85	100
sedges	2.00	15	100
trees	4.00	5	5

A large fresh lake with extensive sedge beds below the water mark and a large area of open water. The large sedge bed on the western side consists mostly of Baumea articulata but near the shore it is dominated by Schoenus brevifolius interspersed with Baumea articulata, behind which a scattered belt of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees occur on the water mark. On the eastern side S. brevifolius and occasional clumps of two unidentified sedges grow sparsely on an open shore and there are a few M. rhaphiophylla trees. Behind the shore, which is an open beach in some areas, the ground rises steeply to a jarrah/marri woodland. At the southern end of the lake there is a small patch of Typha sp. beside the open water.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 1 #Typha sp.
- 2 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Cyperaceae sp.
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla



Lake Towerinning

Purpose:

Nature Reserve:

Lake Area:

Open Water:

Towerinning NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number: 24917

Vesting:

NPNCA

179.5 ha

158.0 ha (88.02%)

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

Permanent 33.35 S, 116.48 E

Vegetation Area: Lake Salinity: Aquatic Sports and Preservation of Fauna 21.5 ha

Brackish

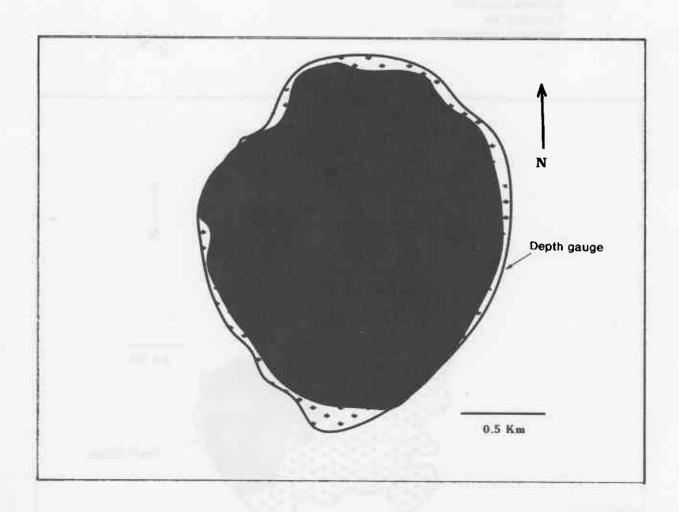
Vegetation Structure:

Height (m) % Area % Cover

sedges trees dead trees 1.00 6.00 5.00 50 50 5 5 7

A moderate-sized brackish lake with several patches of *Baumea articulata* below the water mark and isolated dead and live *Melaleuca cuticularis* nearby, slightly higher on the shore. There is a narrow fringe of *Eucalyptus rudis* above the water mark. *Schoenus* sp. grows sparsely beneath the *E. rudis*. Froend and McComb (1991) give information about changes in vegetation and water quality since the 1960s.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Schoenus sp.



Lake Unicup

Nature Reserve:

Unicup NR

Reserve Number:

25798

Vesting:

NPNĆA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

280.8 ha

Vegetation Area:

38.5 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

242.3 ha (86.29%)

Seasonal 34.21 S, 116.43 E Lake Salinity:

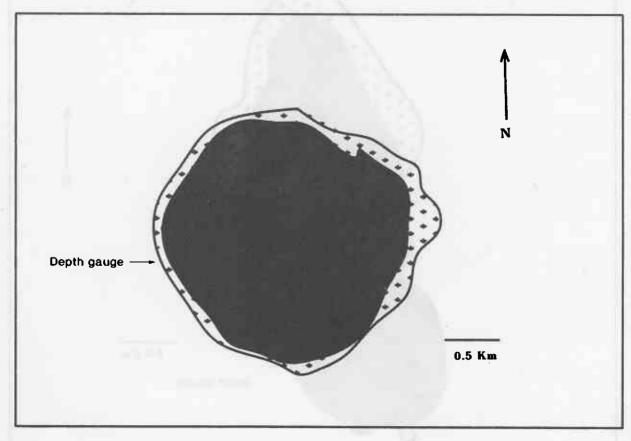
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
sedges	1.50	80	50
sedges	0.70	30	60
shrubs	1.50	2	5

A moderate-sized brackish acidic lake with a flat shore and extensive area of sedges comprising Baumea articulata, which is restricted to the area below the water mark, and Schoenus brevifolius, Isolepis sp. and Juncus pallidus which extend from below to above the water mark. Melaleuca sp. and Kunzea ericifolia occur at the water mark and above, together with Eucalyptus rudis on higher ground. There is a single M. cuticularis near the depth gauge. Farther from the lake jarrah/marri woodland occurs.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 3 Isolepis sp.
- 3 Juncus pallidus
- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 Schoenus brevifolius
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4
- Kunzea ericifolia 4 Melaleuca cuticularis



Lake Varley

Nature Reserve:

Lake Varley NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

27928

Vesting: Lake Area:

1051.0 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 84.0 ha

Open Water:

967.0 ha (92.00%)

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

Seasonal 32.41 S, 119.22 E

Lake Salinity:

Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

% Cover

totally open

0.00

0

0

A large open hypersaline lake. Above the water mark there is an extensive area of samphire marsh that becomes damp in winter but has no surface water. The marsh contains *Halosarcia pergranulata*, *H. halocnemoides* ssp. catenulata, Kippistia suaedifolia, Carpobrotus sp. and Stipa sp. Atriplex paludosa ssp. cordata grows at the back of the marsh. As the ground rises the marsh is replaced by eucalypt woodland.

Plant species list (zones indicated by a single numeral)

4 Atriplex paludosa ssp. cordata

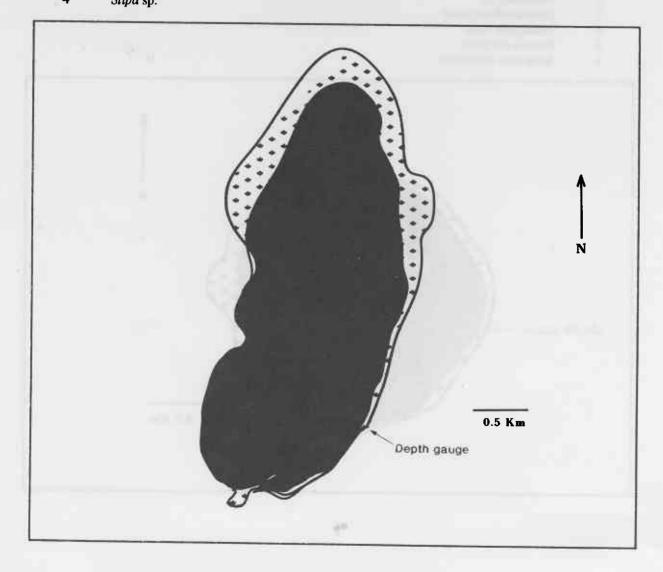
4 #Carpobrotus sp.

4 Halosarcia halocnemoides ssp. catenulata

4 Halosarcia pergranulata

4 Kippistia suaedifolia

4 Maireana oppositifolia4 Stipa sp.



Wagin 2088

Nature Reserve:

Casuarina NR

Reserve Number:

2088

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 14.4 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

49.7 ha 35.3 ha (71.03%)

Vegetation Area:

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal 33.20 S, 117.23 E Lake Salinity:

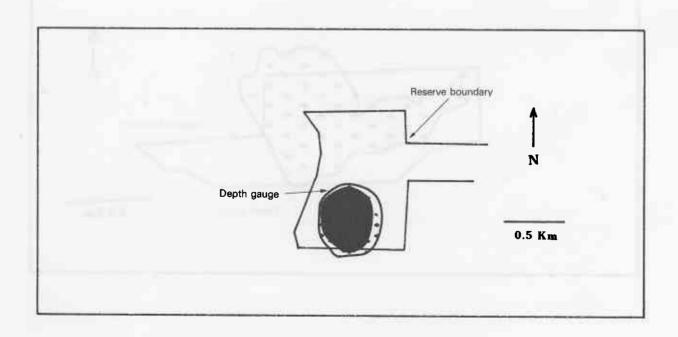
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.30	100	80
saplings	4.00	1	70
trees	4.00	5	1
dead shrubs	2.00	10	10
dead trees	4.00	10	1

A moderate-sized open saline lake with a broad belt of samphire below the water mark consisting mainly of Sarcocornia quinqueflora and Halosarcia pergranulata interspersed with H. syncarpa and Wilsonia humilis. Above the water mark there is a dense fringing belt of Melaleuca sp. (including a few dead trees) with H. indica ssp. bidens as an understorey. Casuarina obesa occurs behind the Melaleuca belt. There are a few live and dead Melaleuca sp. trees and small thickets below the water mark.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 3 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- Wilsonia humilis
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens 4
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Lake Walbyring

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

14398

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Protection of Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

53.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

53.0 ha

Open Water:
Lake Permanence:
Coordinates:

0.0 ha (0.00%)

32.56 S, 117.36 E

Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

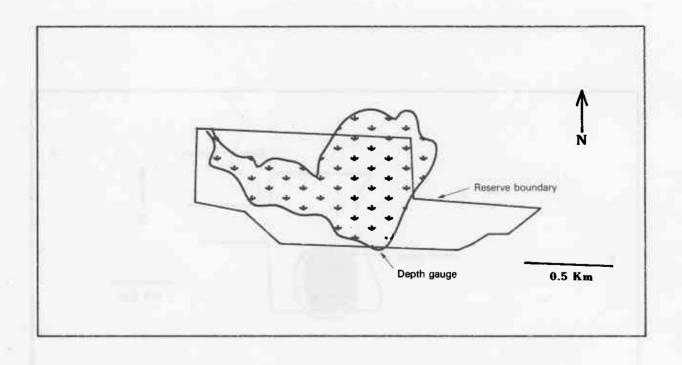
samphires trees dead trees 20 60 00 60 00 40

20 60 50

% Cover

A moderate-sized brackish lake containing extensive sparse thickets of Casuarina obesa through the southern end and Melaleuca sp. through the northern end. There is a band of dead trees around the edge of the lake with Halosarcia pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora growing beneath them. Halosarcia lepidosperma occurs at and above the water mark under a dense belt of C. obesa.

- 2 Casuarina obesa
- 2 Melaleuca sp.
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora



Wallering Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Bampanup NR

NPNCA

Reserve Number:

26756

Vesting:

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 8.9 ha 3.3 ha (37.08%) Vegetation Area:

5.6 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal

31.27 S, 115.53 E

Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

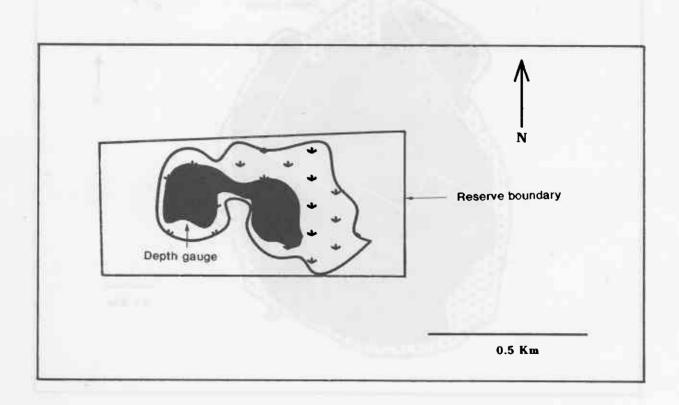
% Area

% Cover

shrubs trees

A small brackish swamp that contains a dam on the western side. There is substantial regrowth of Melaleuca rhaphiophylla thickets (to about 4 m in height) across the lake bed. The original M. rhaphiophylla trees were mostly bulldozed. There are occasional small Eucalyptus rudis trees in the lake. Above the water mark there are seedling and sapling E. rudis that have regenerated since grazing stopped around the lake. There is a single M. teretifolia shrub above the usual water mark.

- 2 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Melaleuca teretifolia



Lake Walyormouring

Nature Reserve:

Walyormouring NR

Reserve Number:

17186

Vesting:

NPNCA 1010.0 ha Purpose: Vegetation Area: Native Fauna 201.8 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

Coordinates:

808.2 ha (80.02%)

Lake Permanence: Seasonal

31.08 S, 116.51 E

Lake Salinity:

Saline

Vegetation Structure:

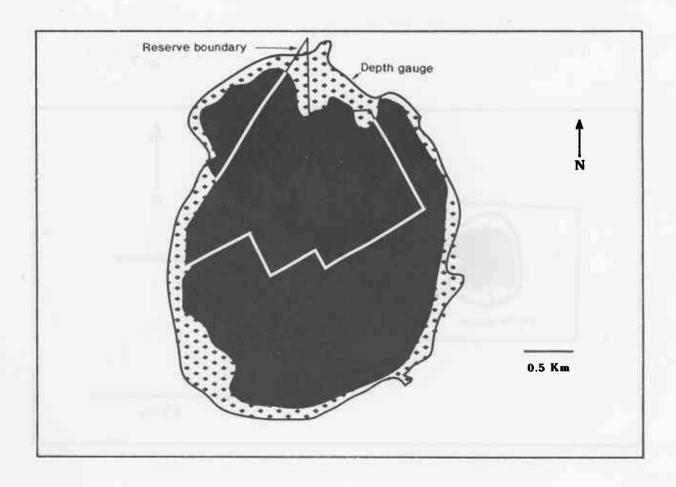
Height (m)

% Area % Cover

samphires dead trees

A large saline lake with long-dead Casuarina obesa extending above and below the water mark. Halosarcia pergranulata grows under the dead trees around the shore line. There are a few live C. obesa saplings in higher parts of the inundated area, which will presumably die when the lake next floods.

- Casuarina obesa
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata



Lake Wannamal

Nature Reserve:

Lake Wannamal NR

Reserve Number:

9838

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area: Open Water: 240.0 ha 76.0 ha (31.67%) 164.0 ha

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Permanent 31.08 S, 116.03 E Lake Salinity:

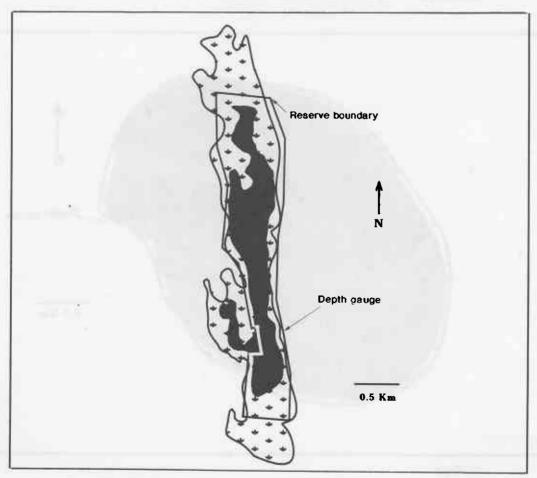
Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses grasses samphires sedges shrubs trees trees dead trees	0.05 0.01 0.50 1.00 2.00 15.00 5.00 8.00	5 3 15 160 5 15 30	60 80 10 1 80 20 3

A moderate-sized brackish lake with extensive areas of live M. teretifolia thicket at each end and scattered Melaleuca rhaphiophylla trees at the southern end. Stags of dead M. rhaphiophylla occur around the edge of the open water area and thickets of dead M. teretifolia occur along the eastern shore and towards the northern end of the lake. Live M. teretifolia grows around the edge of the lake below the water mark. On the western shore Baumea articulata grows among the M. teretifolia and there is a patch of Typha ?orientalis. Above the water mark there is a narrow belt of Eucalyptus rudis and a few Casuarina obesa trees. Sporobolus virginicus and Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens grow beneath the trees.

1	Baumea articulata	3	Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
1	Melaleuca teretifolia	4	Casuarina obesa
2	Melaleuca rhaphiophylla	4	Eucalyptus rudis
2	*Typha ?orientalis	4	Sporobolus virginicus



Lake Warden

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

32257

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Reci

Lake Area:

665.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Recreation and Cons. Flora and Fauna 31.0 ha

Open Water:

Coordinates:

634.0 ha (95.34%)

Lake Permanence:

Semi-permanent 33.50 S, 121.53 E Lake Salinity:

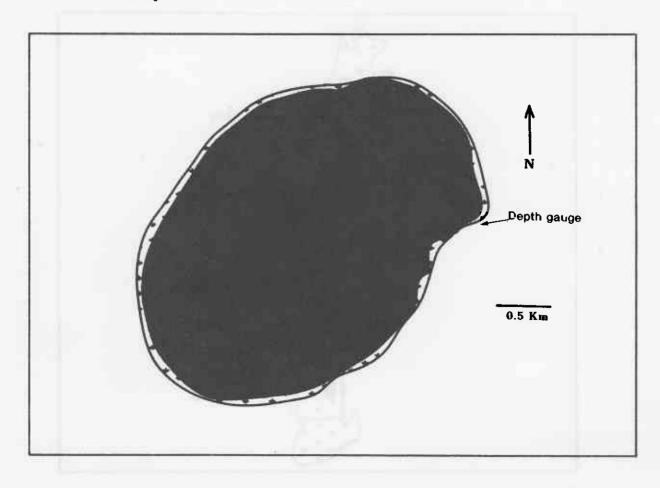
Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.40	60	50
trees	4.00	30	5
dead trees	4.00	30	20

A large saline lake with a belt of samphire below the water mark that contains Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Halosarcia pergranulata, H. lepidosperma and sparse clumps of Chenopodium glaucum as a low succulent shrubland. Around the high water mark Isolepis nodosa, Schoenus brevifolius and Juncus sp. occur. Small Melaleuca cuticularis trees occur fairly sparsely on and above the water mark. Acacia sp. occurs at the back of the M. cuticularis zone.

- 3 *Chenopodium glaucum
- 3 Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Isolepis nodosa
- 3 Juneus sp.
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Sarcocornia quinqueflora
- 3 Schoenus brevifolius
- 4 Acacia sp.



Lake Wardering

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

NPNCA

17258 Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

Vesting:

44.9 ha

Purpose: Vegetation Area:

9.4 ha

Open Water:

35.5 ha (79.06%)

Lake Permanence:

Seasonal

Coordinates:

33.32 S, 117.15 E

Lake Salinity:

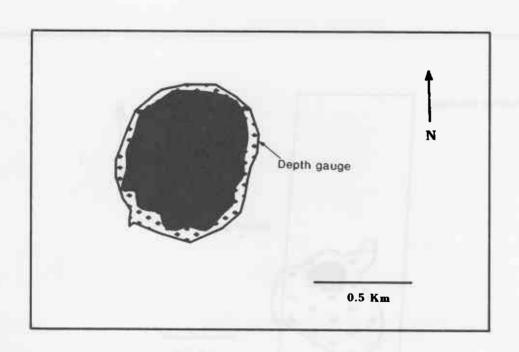
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
samphires	0.20	1	10
sedges	0.50	1	10
trees	4.00	10	30

A small saline lake with occasional dead trees below the water mark and, at one end, a narrow but extensive stand of dead Melaleuca sp. trees. At the rear of the dead trees and scattered around the lake just below the water mark there are small live Melaleuca sp. A belt of dense samphire occurs just below the water mark. Above the water mark Casuarina obesa and Eucalyptus rudis occur with an understorey of Sporobolus virginicus and occasional clumps of Juncus sp.

- 3 Melaleuca sp.
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Juncus sp.
- 4 Sporobolus virginicus



White Lake (Albany)

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed NPNCA Reserve Number:

36550

Vesting: Lake Area:

32.2 ha

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 32.2 ha

Open Water:

0.0 ha (0.00%)

Vegetation Area: 32.2

Lake Permanence : Coordinates :

Seasonal 34.46 S, 118.10 E

Lake Salinity:

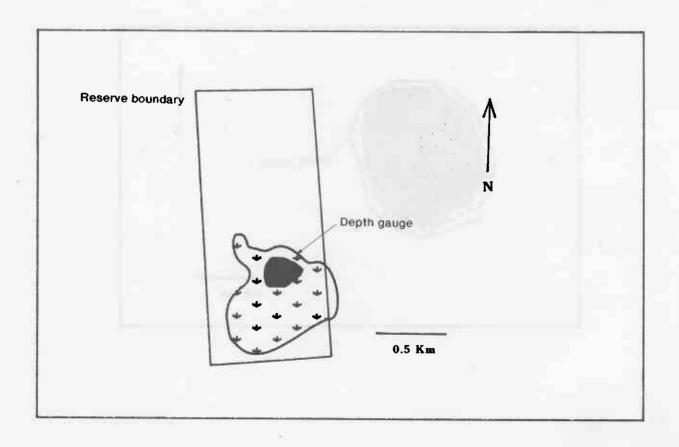
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

sedges sedges shrubs	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
sedges sedges shrubs trees	0.40 2.00 1.00 5.00	50 50 1 1	100 5 2

A moderate-sized fresh sedge lake with an extensive area of Baumea articulata in the centre that is surrounded by Lepidosperma aff. leptostachyum and then Restio leptocarpoides, which extends to the water mark. There is a narrow band of sapling M. cuticularis amongst the R. leptocarpoides. Villarsia aff. parnassifolia grows under the sedges throughout the lake. Above the water mark there are low Daviesia incrassata shrubs and taller Melaleuca cuticularis in occasional clumps or as dense thickets in places. There are a few raised 'islands' in the lake supporting M. cuticularis and D. incrassata.

- 2 Baumea articulata
- 2 Lepidosperma aff. leptostachyum
- 2 Villarsia aff. parnassifolia
- 3 Melaleuca cuticularis
- 3 Restio leptocarpoides
- 4 Daviesia incrassata



White Lake (Narrogin)

Nature Reserve:

Quongunnerunding NR

Reserve Number: Purpose:

21284

Vesting:

NPNČA

208.0 ha

Vegetation Area:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 60.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

148.0 ha (71.15%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Seasonal 33.01 S, 117.27 E Lake Salinity:

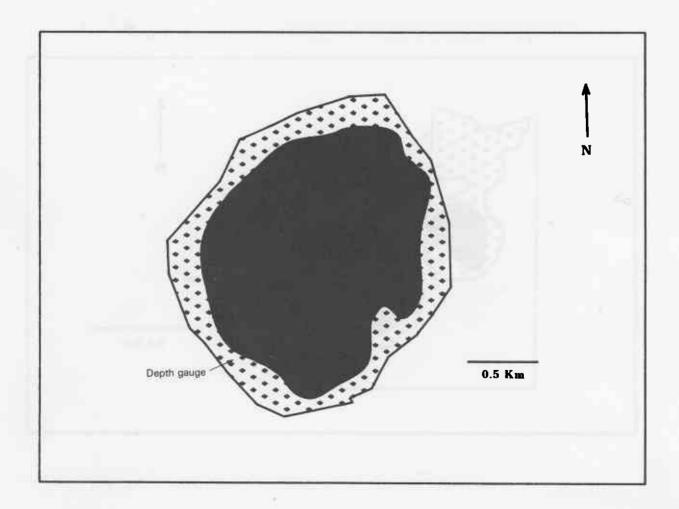
Saline

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
samphires	0.20	20	60
trees	3.00	15	60
dead trees	4.00	60	40

A moderate-sized saline lake with a belt of dead Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum and Casuarina obesa trees below the water mark. Occasional live M. aff. halmaturorum occur near the water mark with Halosarcia syncarpa and H. pergranulata forming an understorey. Above the water mark M. aff. halmaturorum and Casuarina obesa occur as a low woodland with occasional Melaleuca sp. trees present that are up to 10 m high.

- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 3 Halosarcia syncarpa
- 3 Villarsia parnassifolia
- 4 Casuarina obesa
- Melaleuca aff. halmaturorum 4
- 4 Melaleuca sp.



Wildhorse Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Wildhorse Swamp NR

Reserve Number:

1740

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Recreation and Cons Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

Coordinates:

4.2 ha

Vegetation Area:

3.9 ha

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 0.3 ha (6.01%)

33.40 S, 116.44 E

Seasonal

Lake Salinity:

Brackish

Vegetation Structure:

Height (m)

% Area

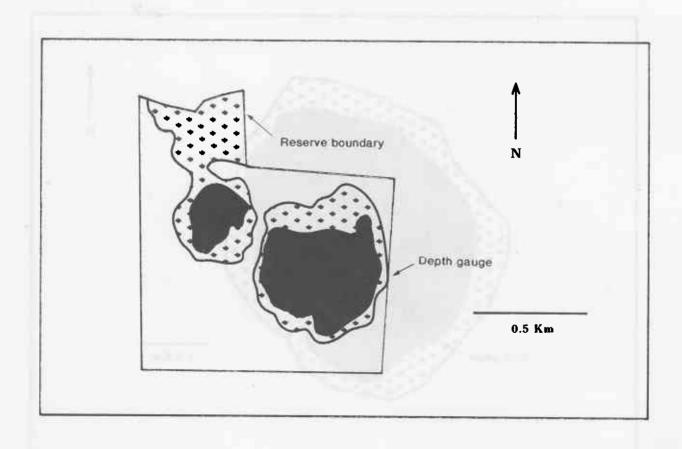
dead shrubs dead trees

30 40

% Cover

A small brackish swamp containing dense stands of dead Melaleuca rhaphiophylla throughout the lake bed with occasional Halosarcia lepidosperma growing beneath them. Above the water mark there is a closed woodland of M. rhaphiophylla trees and smaller M. aff. viminea thickets. The sedge Schoenus brevifolius grows under M. rhaphiophylla. Behind the Melaleuca zone is a woodland of Eucalyptus rudis.

- Halosarcia lepidosperma
- 4 Eucalyptus rudis
- 4 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 Melaleuca aff. viminea
- Schoenus brevifolius



Yaalup Lagoon

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

Vegetation Area:

36967

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna 6.5 ha

Lake Area: Open Water:

15.7 ha

9.2 ha (58.60%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Semi-permanent 33.45 S, 118.34 E Lake Salinity:

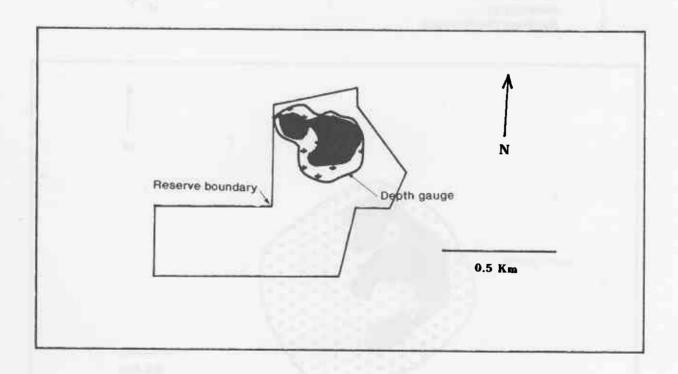
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cove
sedges shrubs saplings trees trees	0.30 1.50 4.00 15.00 6.00	10 10 10 100 100	50 90 20 10

A small fresh lake within an extensive additional area subject to occasional flooding. There is a small area of open water surrounded by a wide belt of eucalypt woodland dominated by Eucalyptus occidentalis. Scattered trees and thickets of Melaleuca lanceolata occur throughout the woodland. Above the water mark but in the area subject to flooding Melaleuca aff. acuminata shrubs and scattered Juncus capitatus occur.

- 2 Melaleuca lanceolata
- 3 Eucalyptus occidentalis
- 4 *Juncus capitatus
- 4 Melaleuca aff. acuminata



Yarnup Lagoon

Nature Reserve:

Yarnup NR

Reserve Number:

29601

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Water and Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

25.4 ha

Vegetation Area:

17.7 ha

Open Water:
Lake Permanence:
Coordinates:

7.7 ha (30.31%) Permanent

34.23 S, 116.51 E

Lake Salinity:

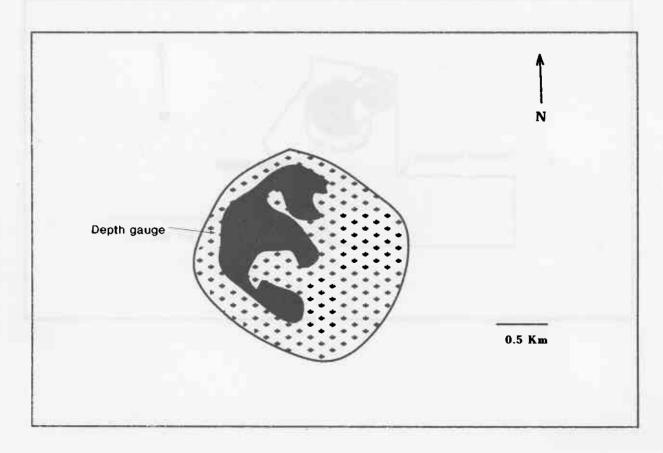
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
sedges	4.00	95	100
sedges	1.00	5	70
shrubs	4.00	5	100
trees	6.00	1	20

A small fresh swamp with dense beds of Baumea articulata. There are small areas of open water. Around the edge of the lake below the water mark there is a narrow belt of Melaleuca lateritia with an understorey of Schoenus brevifolius, Gahnia drummondii and Haloragis sp. There are a few M. rhaphiophylla trees in the water but most of the M. rhaphiophylla trees occur on and above the water mark with an understorey of S. brevifolius and G. drummondii. A few Eucalyptus rudis occur in the M. rhaphiophylla zone, behind which jarrah/marri woodland occurs. According to local farmers the salt-scalds evident in the bush around Yarnup Lake have appeared during the past five years.

- 1 Baumea articulata
- 2 Melaleuca lateritia
- 2 Schoenus brevifolius
- 3 Eucalyptus rudis
- 3 Gahnia drummondii
- 3 Haloragis sp.
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla



Yarra Yarra Lake

Nature Reserve:

Unnamed

Reserve Number:

26442

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose: Vegetation Area: Cons. Flora and Fauna 41.0 ha

Lake Area: Open Water: 1213.0 ha

1172.0 ha (96.62%)

Lake Permanence: Coordinates:

Ephemeral 29.35 E, 115.46 E Lake Salinity:

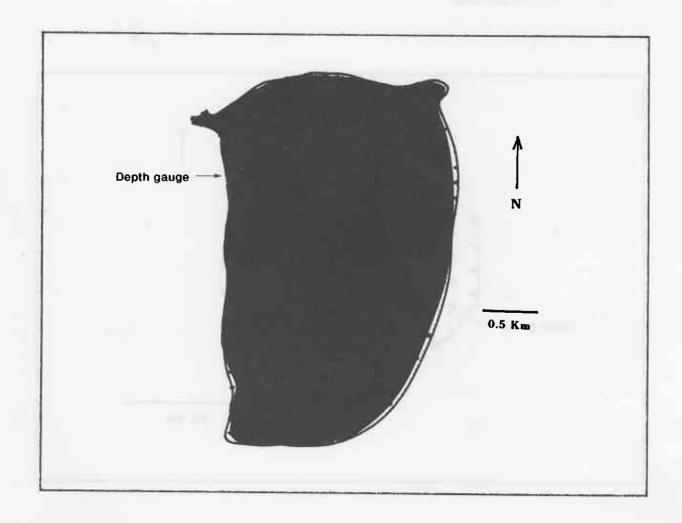
Hypersaline

Vegetation Structure:

grasses samphires	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses samphires trees	0.05 0.50 6.00	10 70	10 50 70

A very large hypersaline lake with a narrow belt of samphire below the water mark containing Halosarcia halocnemoides, H. indica ssp. bidens and H. pergranulata. A narrow belt of Casuarina obesa trees occurs above the water mark around part of the lake.

- 3 Halosarcia halocnemoides
- 3 Halosarcia indica ssp. bidens
- 3 Halosarcia pergranulata
- 4 Casuarina obesa



Yurine Swamp

Nature Reserve:

Yurine Swamp NR

31.15 S, 115.47 E

Reserve Number:

Vesting:

NPNCA

Purpose:

Cons. Flora and Fauna

Lake Area:

Coordinates:

7.5 ha

Vegetation Area:

2.9 ha

9676

Open Water: Lake Permanence: 4.6 ha (61.33%) Permanent

Lake Salinity:

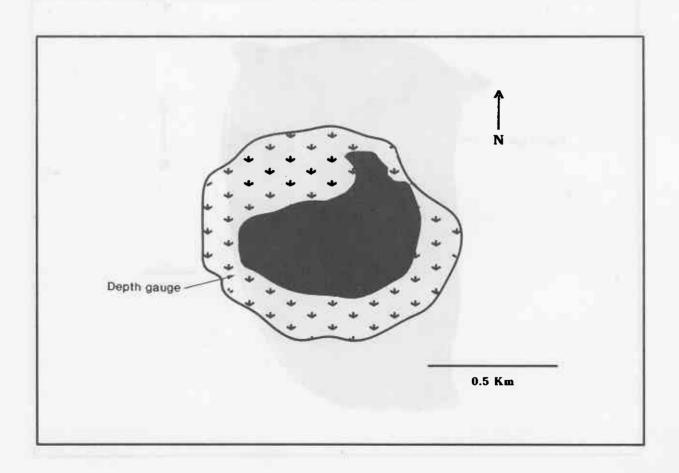
Fresh

Vegetation Structure:

	Height (m)	% Area	% Cover
grasses herbs sedges trees trees	0.10 1.00 0.50 8.00 6.00	5 1 20 30	80 70 70 30 60

A small fresh lake fringed by Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla that extend into the water and form a riparian band. The understorey on the shore (on and above the water mark) consists of grass Cynodon dactylon, clumps of sedges Cyperus alterniflorus and C. tenuiflorus and the annual Aster subulatus.

- Eucalyptus rudis
- 3 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- 4 *Aster subulatus
- 4 Cynodon dactylon
- 4 Cyperus alterniflorus
- *Cyperus tenuiflorus

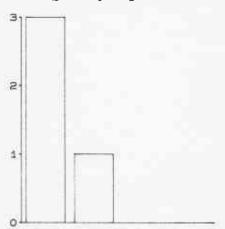


Appendix 2

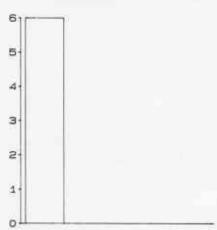
Number of occurrences (vertical axes) of 44 plant species according to wetland salinity (horizontal axes)

(1 = fresh, 2 = brackish, 3 = saline, 4 = hypersaline).

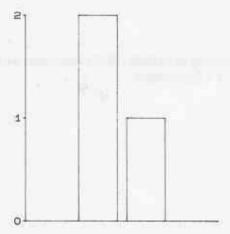
Agonis juniperina



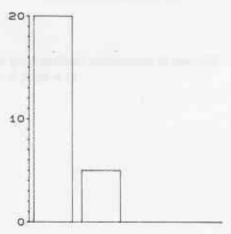
Astartea fascicularis



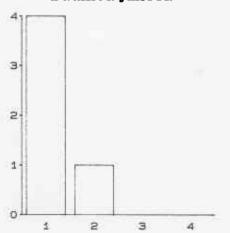
Atriplex exilifolia



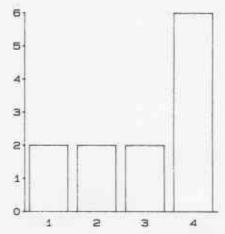
Baumea articulata

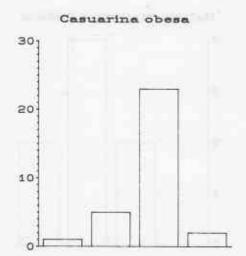


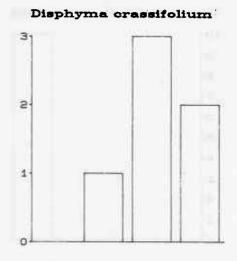
Baumea juncea

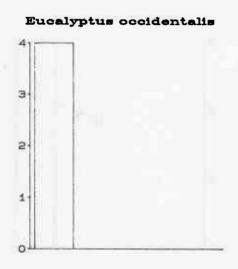


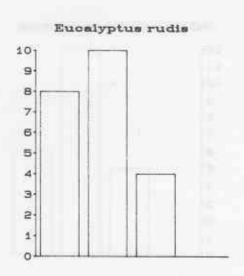
Carpobrotus sp.

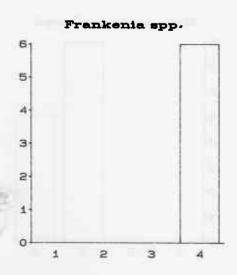


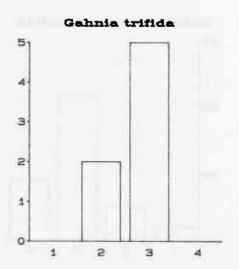




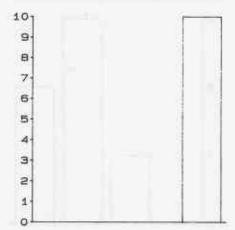




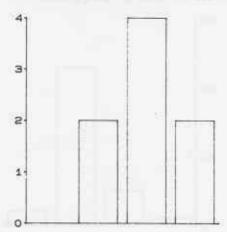




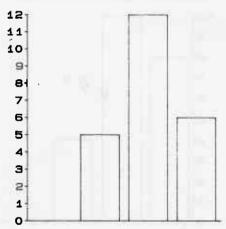
Halosarcia halocnemoides



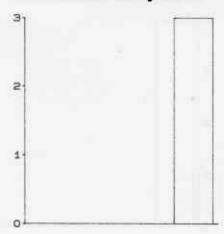
Halosarcia indica bidens



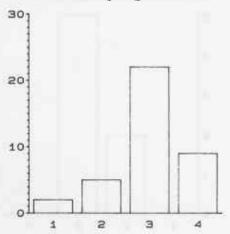
Halosarcia lepidosperma



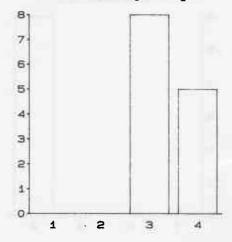
Halosarcia lylei



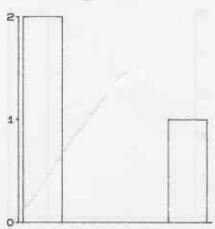
Halosarcia pergranulata



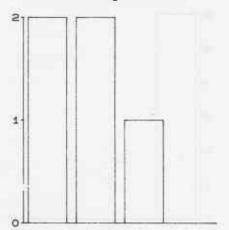
Halosarcia syncarpa



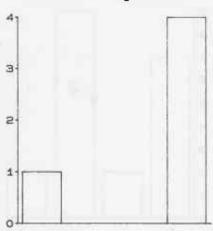
Isolepis nodosa



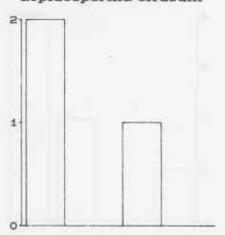
Juneus pallidus



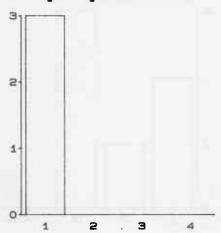
Lawrencia squamata



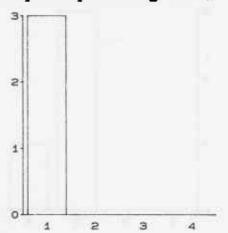
Lepidosperma effusum



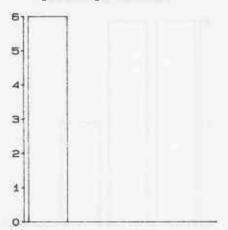
Lepidosperma tenue



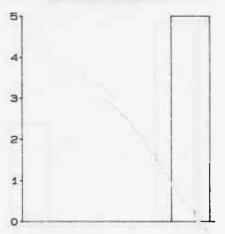
Leptocarpus coangustatus



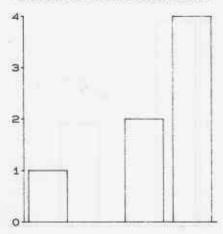
Leptocarpus scariosus



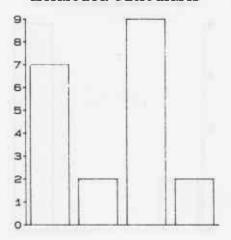
Maireana oppositifolia



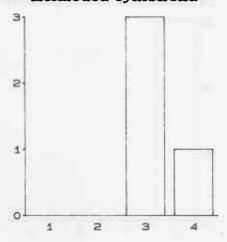
Melaleuca aff acuminata



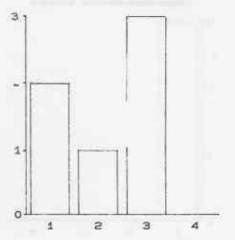
Melaleuca cuticularis



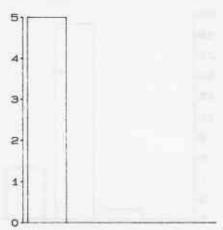
Melaleuca cymbifolia



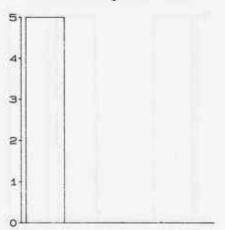
Melaleuca lanceolata



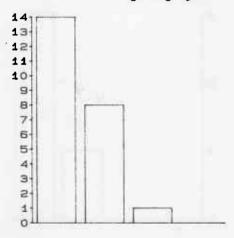
Melaleuca lateritia



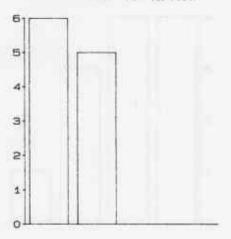
Melaleuca preissiana



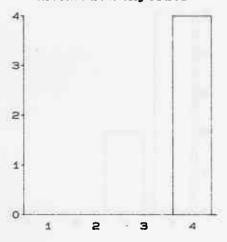
Melaleuca rhaphiophylla



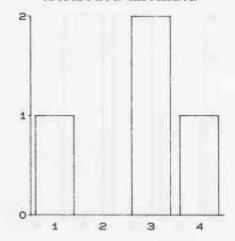
Melaleuca teretifolia



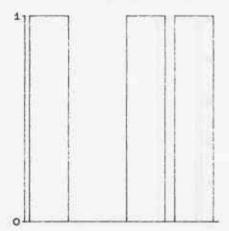
Melaleuca thyoides



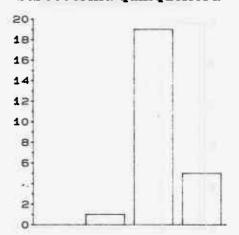
Melaleuca uncinata



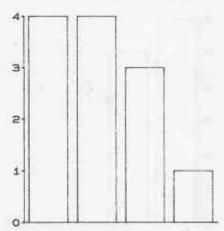
Sarcocornia blackiana



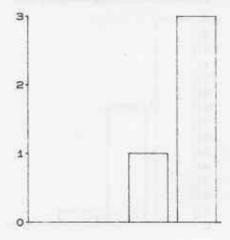
Sarcocornia quinqueflora



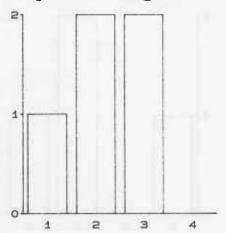
Schoenus brevifolius



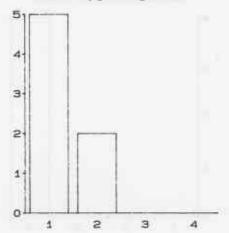
Sclerostegia moniliformis



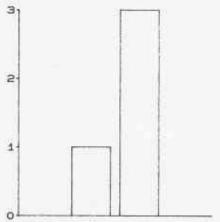
Sporobolus virginicus



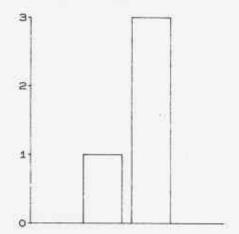
Typha sp.







Wilsonia humilis



Appendix 3

Plant species and wetlands in which they were recorded. Four-letter codes are used for wetland names; the wetlands are in the same order as in Appendix 1.

	CODE	SPECIES	ACE	ALB1	ALB2	ALTH	ANDE	ANGO	BAMB	BEVE	BIDD	BOKA	BOYU	BROW	BRYD	BYEN
	ACACYC	Acacia cyclops	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACAGLA	Acacia glaucoptera	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACARYS	Acacia nyssophylla	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACASAL	Acacia saligna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0
	ACASP	Acacia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0
	ACTCUN	Actinodium cunninghamii	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ADEOBO	Adenanthus obovatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0
	AGOJUN	Agonis juniperina	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AGOLIN	Agonis linearifolia	0	ō	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
	AGRAVE	Agrostis avenacea	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALYHAK	Alyogyne hakeifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AMPNEE	Amphibromus neesii	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
	ANASCA	Anarthria scabra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	ANASP	Anarthria sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AOTSP	Aotus sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
	ASTFAS	Astartea fascicularis	0	. 0	0	0	0	0		0	_	-	0	0	0	0
	ASTSUB	*Aster subutatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ATREXI	Atriplex exilifolia	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ATRPAB	Atriplex paludosa	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ATRSEM	Atriplex semibaccata		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
	ATRSP	Atriplex sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
	BANLIT	Banksia littoralis	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BAUART	Baumea articulata	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BAUJUN		0	1	1	. 0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	BAUPR?	Baumea juncea	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BAUVAG	Baumea ?preissii	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BORDEN	Baumea vaginalis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Boronia denticulata	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BULCAL	Bolboschoenus caldwellii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CALSP	Calliania sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CALVER	Callitris verrucosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CARSP	#Carpobrotus sp.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	CASGLA	Cassytha glabella	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CASOBE	Casuarina obesa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
	CENASI	Centella asiatica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CENCOR	Centella cordifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHEGLA	*Chenopodium glaucum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHESP	Chenopodium sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CORENO	Chorizandra enodis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COSRUB	Cosmelia rubra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COTCOR	Cotula coronopifolia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CRASP	#Crassula sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYNDAC	Cynodon dactylon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYPALT	Cyperus alterniflorus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYPCON	*Cyperus congestus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYPSP	Cyperaceae sp.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYPTE?	*Cyperus ?tenuiflorus	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	D
	CYPTEN	*Cyperus tenuiflorus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYPVAG	Cyperus vaginatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(DAMSP	Dampiera sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DASBRO	Dasypogon bromeliifolius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DAVING	Daviesia incrassata	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DISCRA	Disphyma crassifolium	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
-	ELEAEN	Eleocharis acuta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
١	ENCTOM	Enchylaena tomentosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
١	EPISP	#Epilobium sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
١	ERACUR	*Eragrostis curvula	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
١	EUCLOX	Eucalyptus loxophleba	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ı	EUCOCC	Eucalyptus occidentalis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	o
ı	EUCRUD	Eucalyptus rudis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

CODE	SPECIES	ACE	ALB1	AL82	ALTH	ANDE	ANGO	BAMB	BEVE	BIDD	BOKA	воуи	BROW	BRYD	BYEN
EUCSAL	Eucalyptus salmonophloia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCSP	Eucalyptus sp.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EVAARI	Evandra arîstata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPA1	Frankenia aff. pauciflora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPAU	Frankenia pauciflora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRASP	Frankenia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHDRU	Gahnia drummondii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHSP1	Gahnia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTR?	Gahnia ?trifida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTRI	Gahnia trifida	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
GASSP	Gastrolobium sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLYACA	Glycyrrhiza acanthocarpa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOVIS	Goodenia viscida	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAICYL	*Hainardia cylindrica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKPRE	Hakea preissii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSP	Hakea sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSUL	Hakea sulcata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKVAR	Hakea varia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALDOL	Halosarcia doleiformis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
HALFIM	Halosarcia fimbriata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALHAL	Halosarcia halocnemoides	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O
HALINB	Halosarcia indica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALLEI	Halosarcia leptoclada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
HALLEP	Halosarcia lepidosperma	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	o	0	0
HALLYL	Halosarcia lylei	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
HALPER	Halosarcia pergranulata	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
HALSP	Halosarcia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	o	o	0
HALSYN	Halosarcia syncarpa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAOSP	Haloragis sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISONOD	Isolepis nodosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0
ISOPRO	*Isolepis prolifera	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSP	Isolepis sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSTE	Isolepis stellata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
JACFUR	Jacksonia furcellata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNCAP	*Juncus capitatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPAL	Juncus pallidus	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPAU	Juncus pauciflorus	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
JUNPLA	Juncus planifolius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNSP	Juncus sp.	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	ō	o	0	o	o
KIPSUA	Kippistia suaedifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNER1	Kunzea aff. ericifolia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNERI	Kunzea ericifolia	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAWSQU	Lawrencia squamata	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPARI	Leptocarpus aristatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPCOA	Leptocarpus coangustatus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSCA	Leptocarpus scariosus	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPEFF	Lepidosperma effusum	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLE1	Lepidosperma aff. leptostachy		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLEP	Lepidosperma leptostachyum	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0			_
LEPLON	Lepidosperma longitudinale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSP	Lepidosperma sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0
LEPTE1		0	0	0	0	0	0		•	-	0	0	0	0	0
LEPTEN		0	0		_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOBALA	Lobelia alata	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LYCAUS	Lycium australe	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIBRE	Maireana brevifolia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIOPP	Maireana oppositifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELAC1	Metaleuca aff. acuminata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCON	Melaleuca conothamnoides	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CODE	SPECIES	ACE	ALB1	ALB2	ALTH	ANDE	ANGO	BAMB	BEVE	BIDD	BOKA	BOYU	BROW	BRYD	BYEN
MELCU	Melaleuca cuticularis	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MELCY	Melaleuca cymbifolia s. l.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
MELCY	Melaleuca halmaturorum	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELGL	Metaleuca glaberrima	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELHA'	Metaleuca aff. hamulosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAI	Melaleuca lateriflora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
MELLA	Melaleuca lanceolata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAT	Melaleuca lateritia	0	0	0	0	0	0	j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELPR?	Melaleuca ?preissiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
MELPRE	Melaleuca preissiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0
MELRH?	Melaleuca aff. rhaphiophylla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELRHA	Metaleuca rhaphiophytla	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELSP	Melaleuca sp.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
MELST	Melaleuca strobophylla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTER	Melaleuca teretifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTH	Melaleuca thymoides	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHY	Melaleuca thyoides	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELUNC	Melaleuca uncinata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELVI1	Melaleuca aff. viminea	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MESNO	*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORFLO	Morgania floribunda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUESP	Muehlenbeckia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	1	0
MYRTIL	Myriophyllum tillaeoides	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PASD 15	*Paspalum distichum	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PIMIME	Pimelea imbricata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGCIL	Regelia ciliata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESLEF	Restio leptocarpoides	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESSP1	Restio sp.	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
RHASP	Rhagodia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAMREF	Samolus repens	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARBLA	Sarcocornia blackiana	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARQUI	Sarcocornia quinqueflora	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
SCHBRE	Schoenus brevifolius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SCHFA1	Schoenus subfascicularis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCHSP	Schoenus sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCLMON	Sclerostegia moniliformis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPERUE	*Spergularia rubra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPHSP	Sphenotoma sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPIVIR	Sporobotus virginicus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STISP	Stipa sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STYSCA	Stylidium scandens	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUAAUS	Suaeda australis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TECVER	Tecticornia verrucosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
TEGUNI	Tegicornia uniflora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TETOCI	Tetraria octandra	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THRDIF	Threlkeldia diffusa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THYSP	Thysanotus sp.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TRIPRO	Triglochin procera	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPOR?	*Typha ?orientalis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPORI	*Typha orientalis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPSP	#Typha sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPA1	Villarsia aff. parnassifolia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPAR	Villarsia parnassifolia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILSP	Villarsia sp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIMJUN	Viminaria juncea	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILBAC		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ	o	o
WILHUM		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	o	0
WILROT		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0
XANROT		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
															_

CODE	CAIR	CAME	CAMP	CAPA	CASU	CHAN	CHIT	COBL	COOM	COYR	CRA1	CRA2	CRA3	CRAN	CRON	DOBA	DULB	DUMB	DUND	EGAN
ACACYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACAGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACARYS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACTCUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADEOBO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOLIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGRAVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALYHAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AOTSP	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0
ASTFAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0
ASTSUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	Ō	0
ATREXI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRPAB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRSEM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ATRSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANLIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUART	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BULCAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALVER	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CARSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASOBE	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
CENASI CENCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
CORENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
COSRUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0
COTCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	1	o	0	1	0	0	0
CYNDAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPALT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPCON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTE?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
DAMSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DASBRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAVINC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCRA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELEAEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ENCTOM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
EPISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ERACUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCLOX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCOCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCRUD	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

C	ODE	CAIR	CAME	CAMP	CAPA	CASU	CHAN	CHIT	COBL	COOM	COYR	CRA1	CRA2	CRA3	CRAN	CRON	DOBA	DULB	DUMB	DUND	EGAN
Ε	UCSAL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	UCSP	0	0	0	0 .	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	VAARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RAPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	RAPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RASP	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHDRU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHTR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHTRI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ASSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LYACA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	2 I VOO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	AICYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AKPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AKSP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AKSUL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AKVAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALDOL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALFIM ALHAL	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALINB	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALLEI	0	0	0	1 0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALLEP	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALLYL	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
	ALPER	0	ò	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	ALSP	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0 .	0	1	1	0	1
	ALSYN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AOSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SONOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SOPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SOSP	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SOSTE	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0
	ACFUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNCAP	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNPAL	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNPAU	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNPLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNSP	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1 PSUA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UNER1	0	0	0	Ō	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
	UNERI	1	1	0	0	ō	0	0	0	õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AWSQU	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPARI	0	o	0	0	o	0	0	0	ō	0	0	o	1	o	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPCOA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Õ	ŏ	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	EPEFF	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Ö	o	0	ò	0	0	0	0
	EPLE1	0	Ô	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	o	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPLON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	ō	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPSCA	0	o	0	Ō	. 0	o	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPSP	ō	0	0	0	ō	o	0	0	0	o	0	o	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPTE1	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	1	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPTEN	0	ō	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OBALA	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	YCAUS	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AIBRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AIOPP	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ELAC1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ELCON	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
- 17						V	v	9	U	Ü	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0

CODE	CAIR	CAME	CAMP	CAPA	CASU	CHAN	CHIT	COBL	COOM	COYR	CRA1	CRA2	CRA3	CRAN	CRON	DOBA	DULB	DUMB	DUND	EGAN
MELCUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCY2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCYM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELHA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MELLAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MELPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	,O	0	0	0
MELRH1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELRHA	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELSP	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
MELSTR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTER	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELUNC	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELVI1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MESNOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORFLO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
MUESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MYRTIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PASDIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PIMIMB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGCIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0
RESLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAMREP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARBLA	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARQUI	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
SCHBRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCHFA1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCLMON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0
SPERUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPIVIR	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STYSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUAAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TECVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEGUNI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TETOCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THRDIF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THYSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TRIPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPOR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPORI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NULMIV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILBAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
WILHUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	ő	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILROT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CODE	ENEM	ESP1	ESP2	ESP3	ESP4	FLAG	FORR	GARD	GING	GNO1	GNO2	GORE	GOUN	GUND	GURA	HARV	HIND	JAND	JERD	JOON
ACACYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACAGLA	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACARYS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACTCUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADEOBO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOLIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGRAVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ALYHAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
AMPNEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AOTSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASTFAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
ASTSUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATREXI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRPAB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRSEM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o o	0	0
ATRSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANLIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUART	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
BAUJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0
BAUPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BULCAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	0	0	0	0
CALSP	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CARSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
CASGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0
CASOBE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CENASI	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CENCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	n	0	n	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CORENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COSRUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COTCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYNDAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPALT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPCON	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
CYPTE?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0
CYPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
CYPVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
DAMSP	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DASBRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAVINC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCRA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELEAEN	0	0	0	0		0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENCTOM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EPISP	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERACUR	_	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCLOX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCOCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCRUD	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

CODE	ENEM	ESP1	ESP2	ESP3	ESP4	FLAG	FORR	GARD	GING	GNO1	GNO2	GORE	GOUN	GUND	GURA	HARV	HIND	JAND	JERD J	OON
EUCSAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCSP	0	0	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EVAARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPAU	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRASP	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHDRU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTRI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GASSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLYACA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOVIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAICYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSUL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKVAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALDOL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALFIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALHAL	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALINB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	θ	0	0	0	1	0
HALLEI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALLEP	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
HALLYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALPER	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
HALSP	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALSYN	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAOSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISONOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
I SOPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSTE		0		0		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACFUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
JUNCAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	0	0	0	0	n	0	0	n	n	0	n	0
JUNPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPLA	o	0	o	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNSP	0	Ō	0	ő	ō	0	ō	o	0	0	0	Ď	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KIPSUA	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNER1	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNERI	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAWSQU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPCOA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPEFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLE1	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLEP	o	0	0	0	o	0	0	o	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
LEPLON	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	o	ō	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
LEPSP	1	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
LEPTE1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOBALA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LYCAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIBRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIOPP	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELAC1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCON	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCON	J	U	,	V	Ų	U	U	U	U	U	V	U	U	U	U	U	Ų	U	U	U

CODE	ENEM	ESP1	ESP2	ESP3	ESP4	FLAG	FORR	GARD	GING	GNO1	GNO2	GORE	GOUN	GUND	GURA	HARV	HIND	JAND	JERD	JOON
MELCUT	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
MELCY2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCYM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELGLA	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELHA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAN MELLAT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MELPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELRH1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MELRHA	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELSP	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELSTR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTER	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHY	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELUNC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELVI1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MESNOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORFLO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	× 0	0	0	0	0	0
MYRTIL PASDIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
PIMIMB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGCIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	ō	Ŏ	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAMREP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARBLA	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
SARQUI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
SCHBRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCHFA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SCHSP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0
SCLMON	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPERUB SPHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPIVIR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
STYSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUAAUS	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TECVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEGUNI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TETOCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THRDIF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THYSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TRIPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPOR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPORI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
VILPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
VIMJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILHUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
WILROT	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
XANROT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AMMAUI	Ų	J	J	U	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CODE	KENT	KOND	KWOB	KWOR	LITT	LOGU	MART	MEAR	METT	MIRI	MOAT	MOLL	MTMA	MUIR	MUNG	MURA	NAMB	NINA	NINE	NONA
ACACYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
ACAGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACARYS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACTCUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADEOBO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOLIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGRAVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALYHAK	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AMPNEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AOTSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASTFAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ASTSUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATREXI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRPAB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRSEM	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANLIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUART	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BAUJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BULCAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CARSP	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASOBE	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
CENASI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CENCOR CHEGIA	0	0	0	0 n	0	0	0 n	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHESP	0	0	0	•	•	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0
CORENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COSRUB	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COTCOR		0	0			0	0		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYNDAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		_					_	ĺ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPALT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTE?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CYPVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAMSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						0	0	0	0	0
DASBRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAVINC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCRA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
ELEAEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENCTOM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		_	0	0	0	0	0
EPISP	0	0	0		0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0		0				-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERACUR	_	0	0	0	0	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCCCC	0 1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		_	_	_	-	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCRUD	0	C	0	0	0	1	0	1	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

CODE	KENT	KOND	KWOB	KWOR	LITT	LOGU	MART	MEAR	MÉTT	MIRI	MOAT	MOLL	MTMA	MUIR	MUNG	MURA	NAMB	NINA	NINE	NONA
EUCSAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCSP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EVAARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHDRU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTRI	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
GASSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLYACA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOVIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAICYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSUL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKVAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALDOL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALFIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALHAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALINB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	1
HALLEI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALLEP	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALLYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALPER	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
HALSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALSYN	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
ISONOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSTE	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACFUR	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNCAP	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPAL	Ō	o	n	0	ū	0	0	n	n	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	a	0
JUNPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNSP	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KIPSUA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0
KUNER1	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNERI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	ŏ	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
LAWSQU	1	0	0	Ô	o	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	o	0	Ö	0	0	0
LEPARI	o	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
LEPCOA	0	0	0	Ō	o	ō	0	0	0	ō	1	0	0	0	o	0	0	ō	0	0
LEPEFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	1	0	0	0	o	0	0
LEPLE1	0	0	0	0	ō	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	o	0	0	0	0
LEPLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Ŏ	0	o	0	ō	0	o
LEPLON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Ō
LEPSP	0	0	0	o	ő	ŏ	0	0	0	0	ò	0	0	0	ō	o	1	0	1	0
LEPTE1	0	0	0	0	0	ō	o	o	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ	Ö	0	0	0
LEPTEN	o	0	ō	0	0	ō	0	0	1	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
LOBALA	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	ò	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LYCAUS	0	0	ŏ	o	0	ŏ	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIBRE	o	o	0	o	ŏ	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIOPP	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELAC1	0	0	0	0	0	o	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCON	0	0	0	0	0	0	ò	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
MELCON	U	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	V	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	V	0	U

			KWOB			_	_	_						_				_		_
MELCUT	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELCY2	0	0	0	0 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ELCYM	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELHA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELLAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELLAN	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELLAT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	0	0	0	0	0
ELPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELPRE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ELRH1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ò	0
ELRHA	0	Ō	Ō	0	0	1	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
ELSP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	0	0
ELSTR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
															_					
ELTER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
IELTHM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELTHY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELUNC	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELVI1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESNOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
IORFLO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IUESP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYRTIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASDIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IMIMB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EGCIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESSP1	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0
HASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AMREP	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-			0				0									- 1	_		
ARBLA	0	1	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARQUI	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
CHBRE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHFA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLMON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PIVIR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UAAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ECVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
EGUN I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
ETOCT	0	0	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Č
HRDIF	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
HYSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	Č
RIPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
YPOR?	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0											(
	_		0					-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
YPORI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
YPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(
ILPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
ILPAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
ILSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
IMJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- (
ILBAC	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	(
/I LHUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
ILROT	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(

CODE	NOON	PALL	PARK	PINJ	PLAN	PLEA	POOR	POWE	SHAR	SHAS	STAT	TAAR	THOM	TOOL	TORD	TOWE	UNIC	VARL	WAGI	WALB
ACACYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0 -	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACAGLA	0	0	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACARYS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACTCUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ADEOBO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō
AGOJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGOL I N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGRAVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALYHAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
AMPNEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AOTSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASTFAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASTSUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATREXI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRPAB	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ATRSEM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATRSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANLIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUART	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
BAUJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BULCAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALVED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
CALVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CARSP	0	'	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
CASGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASOBE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	<u>'</u>	
CENCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	ď	0	0	0	0	0	0	n	0	0	0	0
CHESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CORENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COSRUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COTCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYNDAC	o	0	ō	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPALT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPCON	ō	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0
CYPSP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTE?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CYPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ	0	0	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
CYPVAG	ō	Ō	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	ő	0	0	0	0	0
DAMSP	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DASBRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
DAVING	0	o	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELEAEN	0	o	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENCTOM	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EPISP	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERACUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCLOX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCOCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0																0
EUCRUD	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0

CODE	NOON	PALL	PARK	PINJ	PLAN	PLEA	POOR	POWE	SHAR	SHAS	STAT	TAAR	THOM	TOOL	TORD	TOWE	UNIC	VARL	WAGI	WALB
EUCSAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0
EUCSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EVAARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRAPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ç	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHDRU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHSP1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAHTRI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
GASSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLYACA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOVIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAICYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSP	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKSUL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAKVAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALDOL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALFIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALHAL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
HALINB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0 -	0	0	0	1	0
HALLEI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALLEP	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
HALLYL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALPER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	Ó	0	1	1	1
HALSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HALSYN	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
HAOSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISONOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISOSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
ISOSTE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACFUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNCAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
JUNPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNPLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JUNSP	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KIPSUA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
KUNER1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KUNERI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
LAWSQU	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPCOA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPEFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 _	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLE1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPLON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPTE1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOBALA	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LYCAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAIBRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MATOPP	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
MELAC1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CODE	NOON	PALL	PARK	PINJ	PLAN	PLEA	POOR	POWE	SHAR	SHAS	STAT	TAAR	THOM	TOOL	TORD	TOWE	UNIC	VARL	WAGI	WALB
MELCUT	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
MELCY2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELCYM	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELGLA	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELHA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELLAT	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELPRE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
MELRH1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELRHA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
MELSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
MELSTR	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELTHM MELTHY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELUNC	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELVI1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MESNOD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MORFLO	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MYRTIL	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0
PASDIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PIMIMB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGCIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RESSP1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		0	0	0	0	201			0	0	0	0	0
RHASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAMREP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARBLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARQUI	Ō	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
SCHBRE	0	0	0	0	n	0	0	0	,	0	ò	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	Ó	0
SCHFA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	Ö	0	0	0
SCHSP	ō	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	o	0	0	0	1	0	0	o	0
SCLMON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	i	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPERUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0
SPHSP	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPIVIR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STISP	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
STYSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0
SUAAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TECVER	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	o	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEGUNI	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Ď	0	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0
TETOCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THRDIF	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THYSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TRIPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	Ō	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPOR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYPORI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0
TYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	ō	0	o	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
VILPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VILPAR	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0
VILSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIMJUN	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILBAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WILHUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
WILROT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	1	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	o	0
WILKUI			-	-			-	1.7		-	_			_	-	-	-	-		

CODE	WALL	WALY	WANN	WAR1	WAR2	WHI1	WHI2	WILD	YAAL	YARN	YARR	YURI	TOTAL
ACACYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ACAGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ACARYS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ACASAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ACASP	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ACTCUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ADEOBO AGOJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
AGOLIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	Ō	Ō	1
AGRAVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ALYHAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
AMPNEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ANASCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ANASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
AOTSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ASTFAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
ASTSUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
ATREXI ATRPAB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0	4
ATRSEM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	2
ATRSP	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BANLIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BAUART	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	25
BAUJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	5
BAUPR?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BAUVAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
BULCAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 1
CALSP CALVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CARSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0	0	12
CASGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CASOBE	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	31
CENASI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CENCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CHEGLA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CHESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CORENO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
COSRUB COTCOR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	3
CYNDAC		0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CYPALT		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CYPCON		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
CYPTE?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
CYPTEN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CYPVAG		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
DAMSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
DASBRO		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
DAVINO		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
ELEAEN		0	ŏ	0	0	ő	0	0	0	o	0	0	1
ENCTOR		Ō	0	0	Ŏ	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	2
EPISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ERACUR		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
EUCLO)	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
EUCOCO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
EUCRUI	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	22

EUCSAL O O O O O O O O O O O O O	CODE	WALL	WALY	WANN	WAR1	WAR2	WHI1	WH12	WILD	YAAL	YARN	YARR	YURI	TOTAL
EVARRI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 FARAPAI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 FARAPAI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 FARAPAI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EUCSAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
FRAPA1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EUCSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
FRAPAU 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EVAARI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
FRASP O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	FRAPA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
GANDRU 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 GANSP1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	FRAPAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
GANISP1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	FRASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
GANTR? 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	GAHDRU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
GAHTRI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 GASSP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		_	-	_	0	0	0				-	0		
GASSP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		-												
GLYACA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 GOOVIS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		_	_					-						-
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JUNSP 0 0 0 1 1 0 <td></td>														
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LEPEFF 0 <td>LEPCOA</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	LEPCOA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LEPLE1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 LEPLEP 0 <td< td=""><td>LEPEFF</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	LEPEFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
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LEPLON 0 <td>LEPLEP</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	LEPLEP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LEPSP 0 <td>LEPLON</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	LEPLON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LEPSP 0 <td>LEPSCA</td> <td>0</td> <td>6</td>	LEPSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
LEPTEN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 LEPTEN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 LOBALA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 LYCAUS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIBRE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIOPP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 7	LEPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
LEPTEN 0 <td>LEPTE1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td>	LEPTE1	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		
LOBALA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 LYCAUS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIBRE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIOPP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 7	LEPTEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LYCAUS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIBRE C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIOPP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 7	LOBALA	0		0		0		0	0	0	0	0		
MAIBRE C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 MAIOPP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7	LYCAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
MAIOPP 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 7	MAIBRE	C		0		0		0	0	0	0	0		
MELAC1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 7	MAIOPP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	MELAC1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
	MELCON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CODE	WALL	WALY	WANN	WAR1	WAR2	WHI1	WHI2	WILD	YAAL	YARN	YARR	YURI	TOTAL
MELCUT	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
MELCY2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
MELCYM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
MELGLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELHA1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELLAF MELLAN	0	0	_0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5
MELLAT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	1	0	0	5
MELPR?	Ō	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELPRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
MELRH1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELRHA	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	23
MELSP	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	26
MELSTR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MELTER	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
MELTHM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
MELTHY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
MELUNC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
MELVI1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
MESNOD MORFLO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MUESP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
MYRTIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
PASDIS	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
PIMIMB	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
REGCIL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
RESLEP	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
RESSP1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
RHASP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SAMREP	0	G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SARBLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SARQUI	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27 12
SCHBRE SCHFA1	0	0	0	1 0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
SCHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	9
SCLMON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
SPERUB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SPHSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SPIVIR	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
STISP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
STYSCA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SUAAUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
TECVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TEGUNI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TETOCT THRD I F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
THYSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TRIPRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
TYPOR?	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TYPORI	0	Ō	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TYPSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
VILPA1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
VILPAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
VILSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
VIMJUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
WILBAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WILHUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WILROT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
XANROT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1