Western Ground Parrot Project — 2008 Review

2008 brought mixed results for the Western Ground Parrot Project. The first half of the vear focused on visiting each of the known WGP populations to find out how many birds remain. In and September August switched to concentrate on radiotracking in an attempt to find out more about WGP breeding biology (see Jeff's story on page 7 for more on the radio-tracking).

Population monitoring results

WGPs are now only found in Cape Arid and Fitzgerald River National Parks. Our population monitoring in 2008 revealed that there are probably fewer than 140 individuals remaining. Particularly in the Fitz, things are looking very grim. Over the past few years numbers have declined dramatically and last year we estimated that there were fewer than 16 WGPs remaining at just two sites.

In addition to this, the birds at Short Rd seem to have vanished. A survey carried out here in June 2007 found that there were still 3 or 4 WGPs in the area but in June Pasley fire this site. Whether these birds have moved or something happened to them remains a mystery.

The reasons for the decline at

aren't entirely clear as neither site has been affected by fire in recent years. The most likely culprit appears to be predation, particularly by feral cats. When a population reaches such low levels, even the loss of one or two birds will have a major impact.

At Cape Arid, the situation is looking more positive. The Poison Creek area was last surveyed in 2007 and the number of WGPs present was estimated to be between 20-40 individuals. Our 2008 survey revealed a similar number of birds. The Pasley/Telegraph population on the other hand had not been properly surveyed since 2005. While cautiously optimistic about the trip we had planned for April, we expected to find only 30-40 birds in the Pasley area. What we found exceeded all expectations. In just one evening, with 6 listeners spaced out over a 400m x 800m grid, we heard between 20 to 40 birds. Potentially, there may be 100 or more WGPs within the Pasley subpopulation.

2008 no WGP calls were heard at Unfortunately some of the area we had surveyed at Pasley was burnt in May by a prescribed burn that escaped due to an unexpected wind change. WGPs require areas of habitat that have not been burnt for many years the other two sites in the Fitz and the best way of protecting



this habitat is to use fire to create strategic buffers. While there is always the chance of prescribed burns escaping, to not burn at all means that we could lose the entire Cape Arid population in a single wildfire.

While in Cape Arid for the Poison Creek survey in May we also visited Pasley to resurvey around the edges of the burnt area. Only a small proportion of the potential habitat was burnt and the fire was slowmoving, giving the WGPs a chance to escape it. Although very few ground parrot calls were heard, the survey was just a few days after the fire and the disturbance may have

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FRIENDS OF THE WESTERN GROUND PARROT ASSOCIATION

If you would like to join the Friends of the Western Ground Parrot Association and receive regular updates on activities associated with this beautiful, cryptic bird, please email:

wgparrot@exetel.com.au

Further information is available at their website: www.western-ground-parrot.org.au

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not surveyed.

A follow-up survey was conducted in July and the results The year ahead resident in the area.

Ground Parrot, however one se- cess when or if its needed. vere wildfire could potentially result in the loss of more than

caused the WGPs to temporarily 80% of the population. It is hoped stop calling. Alternatively, they that over the next few years premay have moved well away from scribed burns can be implethe burnt area into places as yet mented to reduce the risk of wildfires burning large areas of WGP habitat at Cape Arid.

were more encouraging. The In 2009 we will again monitor number of calls heard along the each of the WGP populations to edges of the burnt area had in- see how numbers are going. We creased and we also heard good will continue to work with fire numbers of calls to the west and management staff to plan effecnorth, representing up to 30 in-tive fire management strategies dividuals. However, these areas to protect valuable WGP habitat. had not been surveyed since Trials of cat baits are planned for 2005 so it is impossible to know April - if successful and dependwhether these birds were refu- ent on funding, landscape-scale gees from the fire or already cat baiting will be undertaken in the Fitz and Cape Arid.

The area of potential habitat at A captive management trial is Cape Arid is large and we have also proposed, dependent on not had the time or the people funding. The WGP has never been to survey it thoroughly. It is pos- kept in captivity so it is vital that sible that there are more WGPs we take a small number of birds there than we know about. into captivity soon to refine techniques for keeping them to give a For now, Cape Arid seems to be full-scale captive breeding prothe stronghold of the Western gram the greatest chance of suc-

Autonomous Recording Units

During 2009, we will be trialing the use of ARUs to determine their suitability to survey sites for the presence of Western Ground Parrots. These units will be able to be left in place for longer periods to provide long-term monitoring of WGP populations. This project has been made achievable due to generous support from Exetel Pty Ltd.

Volunteer opportunities

There is a field-trip planned for late-August 2009 to Cape Arid to survey for the Western Ground Parrot. However, surveys past this date have not been scheduled due to funding uncertain-

Western Ground Parrots need help. Please throw your support behind them by joining the Friends of the Western Ground Parrot Association and add your support for this Critically Endangered species.

Abby Berryman

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This newsletter was prepared jointly by the Department of Environment and Conservation and volunteers. We would also like to thank DEC, Environment Australia and South Coast Natural Resource Management Inc. for their financial support for some of these projects. Exetel Pty Ltd has provided much-needed funds to trial autonomous recording units to assist with surveys of Western Ground Parrots during 2009.

In addition we would like to acknowledge the phenomenal support of volunteers on the recovery programs for the south coast threatened birds. In 2008 over 1500 hours of volunteer time was spent assisting with surveys for Western Ground Parrots, Noisy Scrub-birds, Western Whipbirds and Western Bristlebirds in the aftermath of the Manypeaks wildfire.

Any contributions about threatened birds on the south coast are welcome. If you wish to receive this newsletter electronically please let us know! **NEWSLETTER EDITOR:**

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