

PORT KENNEDY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: LOCATION INFORMATION

Bush Forever Site no. 377

Area (ha): bushland 674.9

Map no. 74, 79

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–II SW, 2033–III NE, 2033–III SE

Other Names: Becher Point Wetlands, part of Port Kennedy and Rockingham Lakes Regional Parks

Local Authorities (Suburb): City of Rockingham (Port Kennedy, Secret Harbour)

Includes CALM Managed Land: Nature Reserve 44077 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna), 45041 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

System 6 (1983): Part M106 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, only bushland described

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S2, S13)

Wetlands (within the Quindalup Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: *not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

19a Sedgeland in Holocene dune swales (DEP 1996, equivalent to 19 in Gibson *et al.* 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29b *Acacia* shrublands on taller dunes

*S13 Northern *Olearia axillaris* — *Scaevola crassifolia* shrublands

*S14 *Spinifex longifolius* grassland and low shrubland

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Quindalup

Cooloongup (Qu.1)

Becher (Qu.2)

Peelhurst (Qu.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (19.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19 as defined by Gibson *et al.* 1994), Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dunes

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c; part Site — Trudgen 1989); limited survey (Gibson *et al.* 1994 (PB 01–06))

Structural Units: mapping (part Site — Trudgen 1989)

Quindalup Dunes

Uplands — Beach ridge plain: *Olearia axillaris* Open Shrubland to Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub;

Scaevola crassifolia and *Olearia axillaris* Low Open heath to Closed Heath to Open Scrub; Open Heath to

Open Low Heaths dominated by *Acacia rostellifera*, *A. lasiocarpa* var. *lasiocarpa*, *Melaleuca systema*, *Olearia axillaris*, *Jacksonia furcellata* and combinations of these over *Austrostipa flavescens* Grassland

Wetlands — Beach ridge plain: *Juncus kraussii* Closed Sedgeland, at times over *Sarcocornia quinqueflora*

Closed Herbland; *Isolepis nodosa* and *Baumea juncea* Closed to Open Sedgeland, generally with an overstorey of *Xanthorrhoea preissii*

Strand: *Spinifex longifolius* Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Pristine, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 172 native taxa, 68 weed taxa (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993 — *Cryptandra mutila* and *Zygophyllum fruticosum* (southern range end), *Hibbertia cuneiformis* (most northern known population); *Jacksonia furcellata* (floriferous shrub form)

Fauna: limited surveys for birds (22 species), native mammals (5 species), reptiles (7 species) and amphibians (3 species) (Binnie & Partners 1988, Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Quenda

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and east (Site 356, across road); part of Greenways 1, 83 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1998a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Part A, Map 7)

Other Special Attributes

Meets all six of the specific criteria for coastal reserves —

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 764.2ha (657.9ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 4km inland
- (iii) Shoreline: soft (sandy)
- (iv) Linkage: through adjacent Site 356 to Spearwood Dunes
- (v) Vegetation: two regional floristic groups, one of which is a threatened community, areas of vegetation in apparently Pristine condition
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Part Site recommended to be declared an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson *et al.* (1994); wetlands of 'national and international significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); majority of Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Entered in the Register of the National Estate; subject to protection under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing vegetation and coastal vegetation

Recommendation: Site with Some Existing Protection; the care, control and management of this Site (Reserves 44077, 45041) for conservation purposes within Port Kennedy and Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed (see Table 3, Volume 1).

PORT KENNEDY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 377 **Map no.** 92, 98, 99 **Map sheet series ref. no.** 2033-II SW, 2033-III NE, 2033-III SE

System 6 (1983): Part M106 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, only bushland described

Other Names	Area (ha): total 785.2; bushland 674.9
Becher Point Wetlands	
Local Authorities (Suburb)	Zoning
City of Rockingham (Port Kennedy, Secret Harbour)	MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Waterways, Public Purposes-Special Uses
	TPS: Development Zone, Landscape, Ocean
Ownership Categories	Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),
State Government	Street name
	132, 133 Forty Rd; 138, 213, 1377 street not identified
	Crown Reserve
	Nature Reserve 44077 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna),
	45041 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)
CALM Managed Land	

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S2, S13)

Wetlands (within the Quindalup)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: *not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

19a Sedgeland in Holocene dune swales (DEP 1996, equivalent to 19 in Gibson *et al.* 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29b *Acacia* shrublands on taller dunes

*S13 Northern *Olearia axillaris* — *Scaevola crassifolia* shrublands

*S14 *Spinifex longifolius* grassland and low shrubland

WETLANDS

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Becher (Qu.2)

Peelhurst (Qu.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (19.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19 as defined by Gibson *et al.* 1994), Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dunes

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c; part Bushplan Site — Trudgen 1989); limited survey (Gibson *et al.* 1994 (PB 01-06))

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Trudgen 1989)

Quindalup Dunes

Uplands - Beach ridge plain: *Olearia axillaris* Open Shrubland to Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; *Scaevola crassifolia* and *Olearia axillaris* Low Open heath to Closed Heath to Open Scrub; Open Heath to Open Low Heaths dominated by *Acacia rostellifera*, *A. lasiocarpa* var. *lasiocarpa*, *Melaleuca acerosa*, *Olearia axillaris*, *Jacksonia furcellata* and combinations of these over *Austrostipa flavescens* Grassland

Part B DESCRIPTIONS

Wetlands - Beach ridge plain: *Juncus kraussii* Closed Sedgeland, at times over *Sarcocornia quinqueflora* Closed Herbland; *Isolepis nodosa* and *Baumea juncea* Closed to Open Sedgeland, generally with an overstorey of *Xanthorrhoea preissii*

Strand: *Spinifex longifolius* Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Pristine, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 172 native taxa, 68 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c): *Cryptandra mutila* and *Zygophyllum fruticosum* (southern range end), *Diplolaena dampieri* and *Hibbertia cuneiformis* (northern range end); *Jacksonia furcellata* (floriferous shrub form)

Fauna: limited survey by Binnie & Partners (1988) and Tingay, Alan & Associates (1997a) for birds (22), native mammals (5), reptiles (7) and amphibians (3). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Quenda

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east (BS356); part of proposed Greenways 1, 98 (Tingay, Alan, & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes

Meets all six of the specific criteria for coastal reserves —

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 764.2ha (657.9ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 4km inland
- (iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)
- (iv) Linkage: through adjacent BS356 to Spearwood Dunes
- (v) Vegetation: two regional floristic groups, one of which is a threatened community, areas of vegetation in apparently Pristine condition
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Part Bushplan Site recommended to be declared an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson *et al.* 1994; wetlands of 'national and international significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban zoning

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserves 44077, 45041) for conservation purposes within Port Kennedy and Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed.

Note Critically
Endangered
On National List
of TEC's
Inform MHP
/Homesweb.



BUSHPLAN SITES CORRECTED

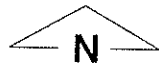


WESTERN
AUSTRALIAN
PLANNING
COMMISSION



CUSTOMER
FOCUS
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

P 76 28/10/98







Bush Forever Site 377: Port Kennedy

- Bush Forever Sites
- Local Government Authority Boundaries
- Lakes EPP
- Geomorphic Wetlands Feb04 by Evaluation
 - Conservation
 - Resource Enhancement
 - Multiple Use
- Floristic Survey Sites of the Southern Swan Coastal Plain
 - GJKENV (Keighery 1996)
 - GRIFFIN (Griffen 1994)
 - SCP (Gibson et al 1994)
 - SYS6ENV (DEP 1996 and Trudgen & Keighery 1995)
 - SYS6ENV2 (DEP 1996 and Trudgen & Keighery 1995)
- ★ CALM Threatened Ecological Communities 2002
- Roads - Perth Metropolitan
- 5 Metre, South West WA

0 400 800 1200 1600 Meters



1:25000

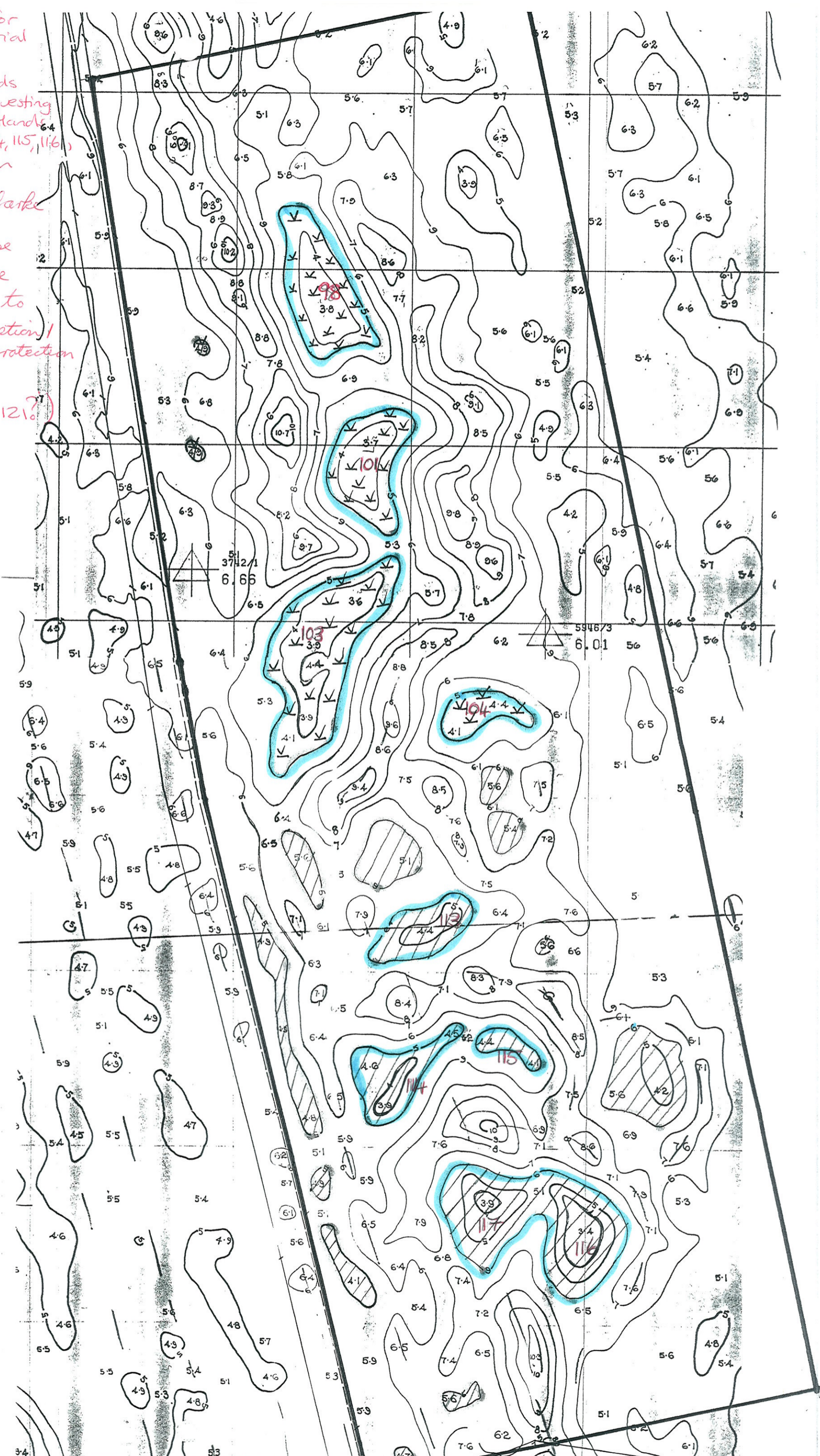


Data Sources:
Cadastral DLI
Aerial Photography : Skyview DLI

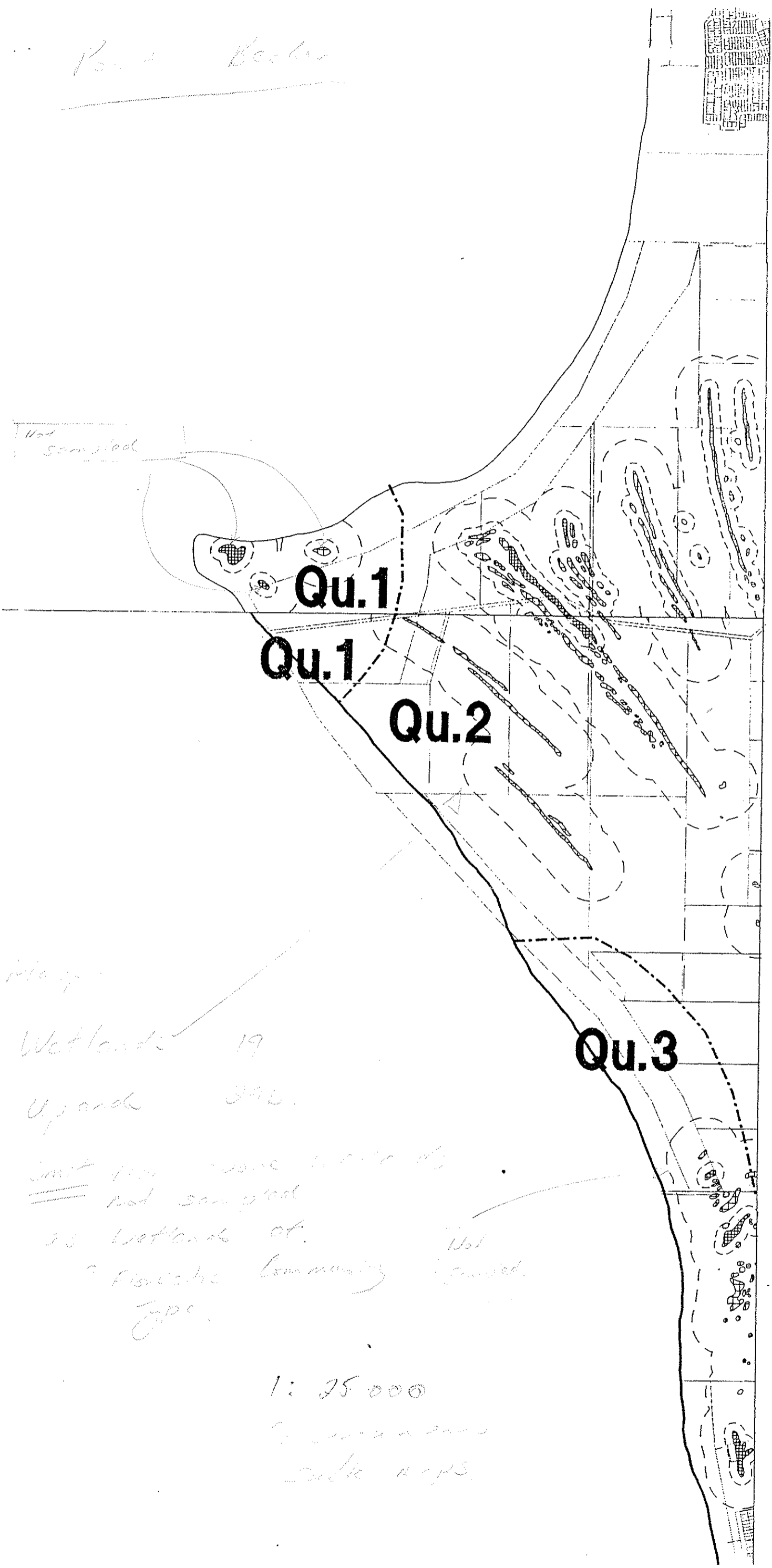
Datum: GDA - Projection: MGA Zone 50

Notes for
30/5/02 Ministerial
received from
Cockburn Wetlands
Study Group requesting
protection of Wetlands
98, 101, 103, 104, 113, 114, 115, 116,
117, 120, 121,
* Interpretation
(this map)
by Karen Clarke
of where these
wetlands are
in relation to
Semeniuck's Option 1
recommended protection
areas
(Location of
Wetland 120 & 121?)

Option 1.
21.06 ha



Point Becker



Not sampled

Qu.1

Qu.1

Qu.2

Qu.3

Map

Wetlands 19

Uplands 345

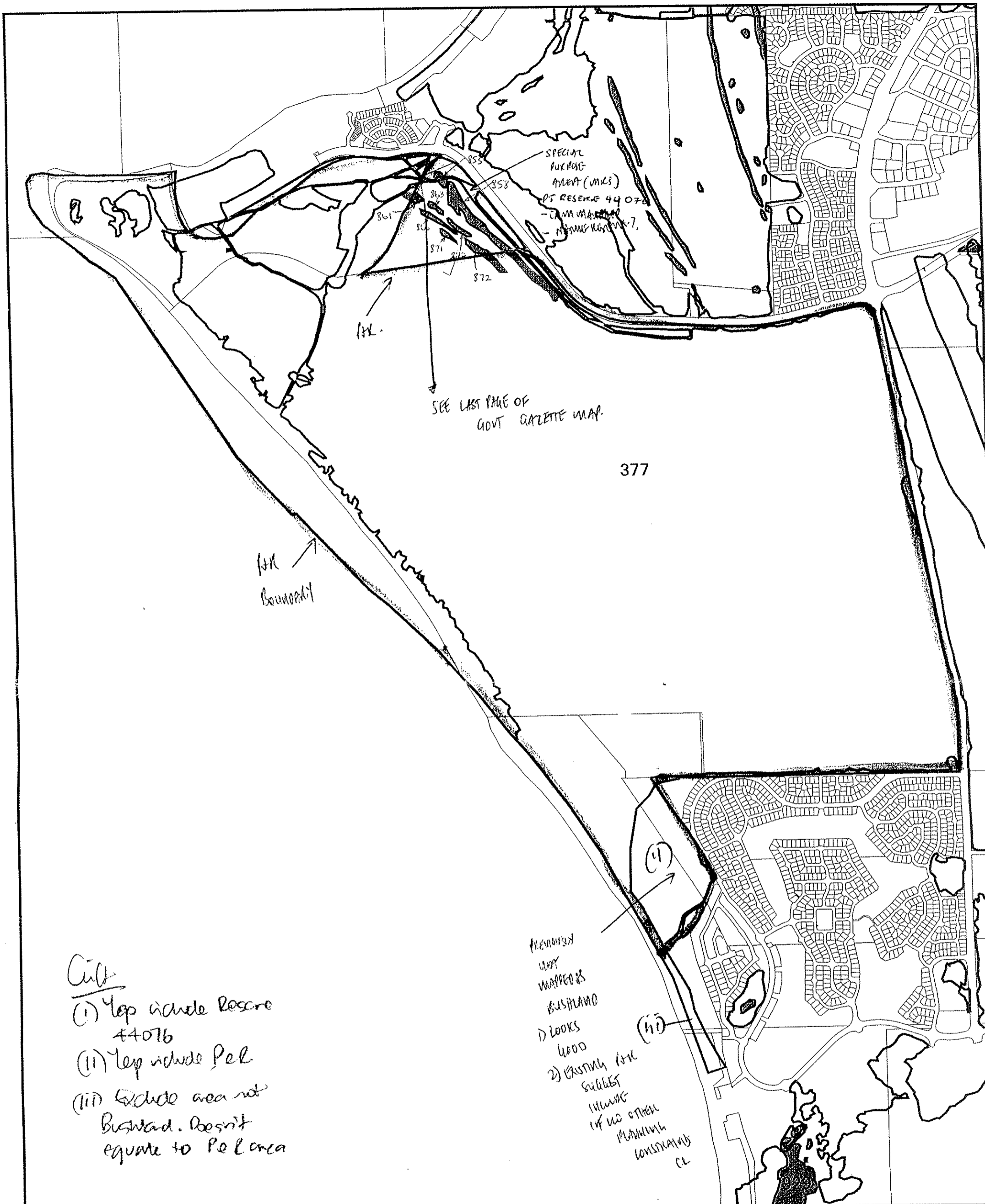
Limit for some wetlands
not sampled

as wetlands of

biotic community Not
Type sampled

1: 25,000

Scale maps








377

Cult
 (i) Top include Reserve 44076
 (ii) Top include Pel
 (iii) Exclude area not Bushland. doesn't equate to Pel area

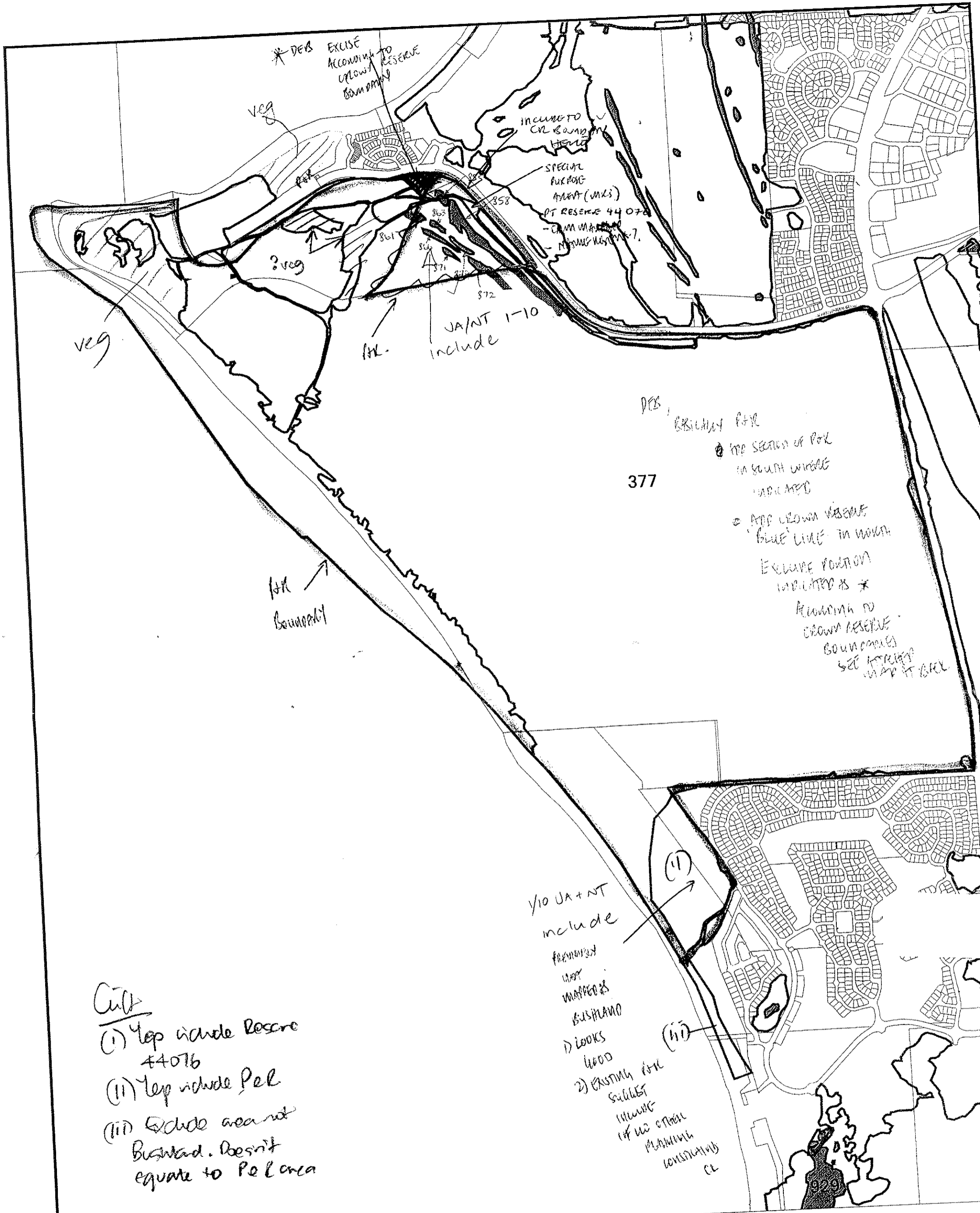
PLANNING MAP MAPPERS BUSHLAND LOOKS GOOD
 2) CRISTINA (sic) SUGGEST INCLUDE (if no other planning constraints) CC

bp site 377

-  AG VEG 1998 BOUNDARY THEME
-  Cadastre
-  Bushplan sites refno 1-500 SCP BOUNDARY THEME
-  cons category wetlands
-  Verified CCWs

Map Ident: plot980603_1	DATE: 03 Jun 98
Prepared By: Andrea Zappacosta	Prepared For:
Scale 1:AUTO	MFP INTERNAL USE ONLY

0 500 m



- Cult
- (i) Top include Reserve 44076
 - (ii) Top include PEL
 - (iii) Exclude against Bushland. Doesn't equate to PEL area

bp site 377

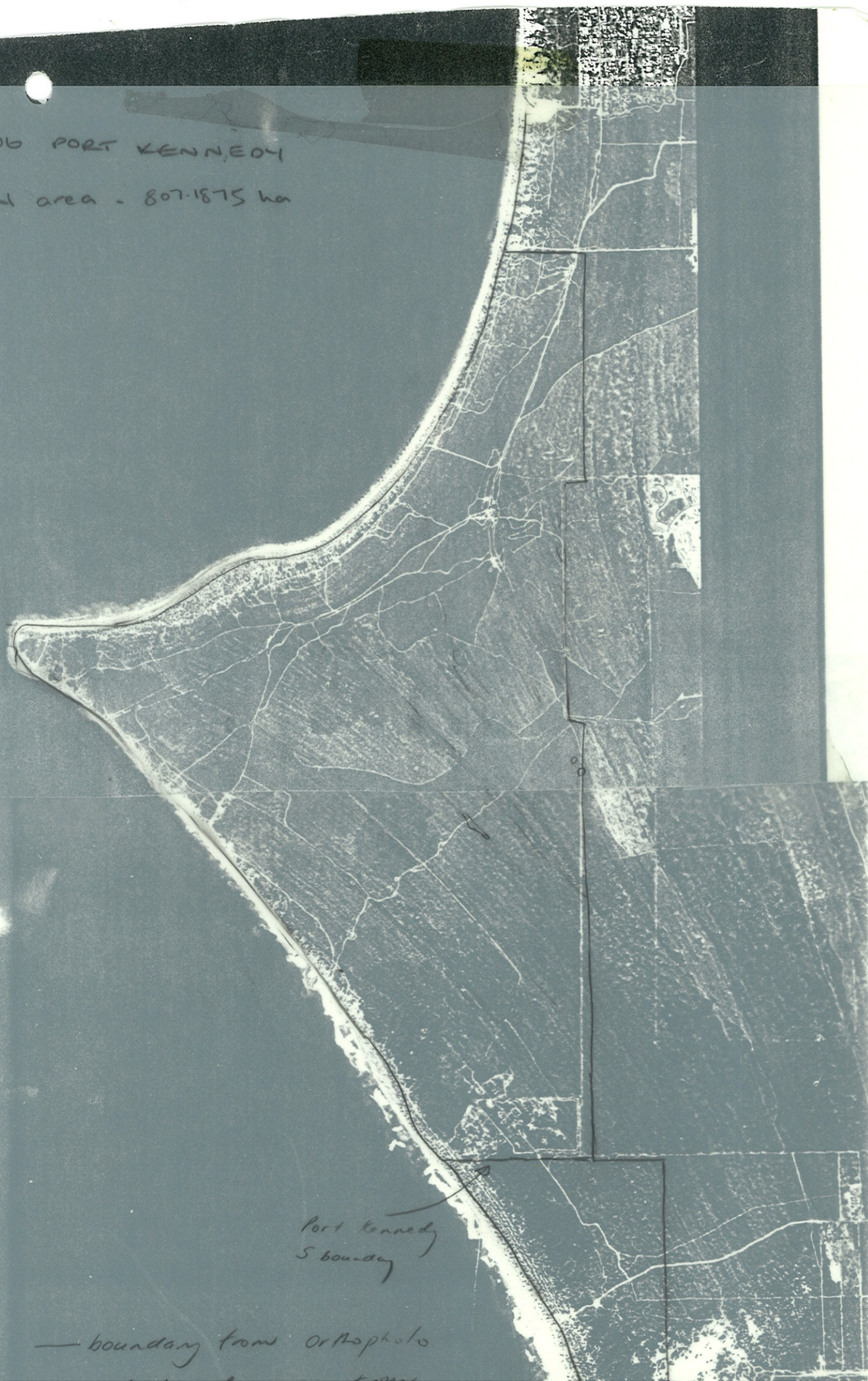
Map Ident: plot980603_1	DATE: 03 Jun 98
Prepared By: Andrea Zappacosta	Prepared For:
Scale 1:AUTO	MFP INTERNAL USE ONLY



- AG VEG 1998 BOUNDARY THEME
- Cadastre
- Bushplan sites refno 1-500 SCP BOUNDARY THEME
- cons category wetlands
- Verified CCWs

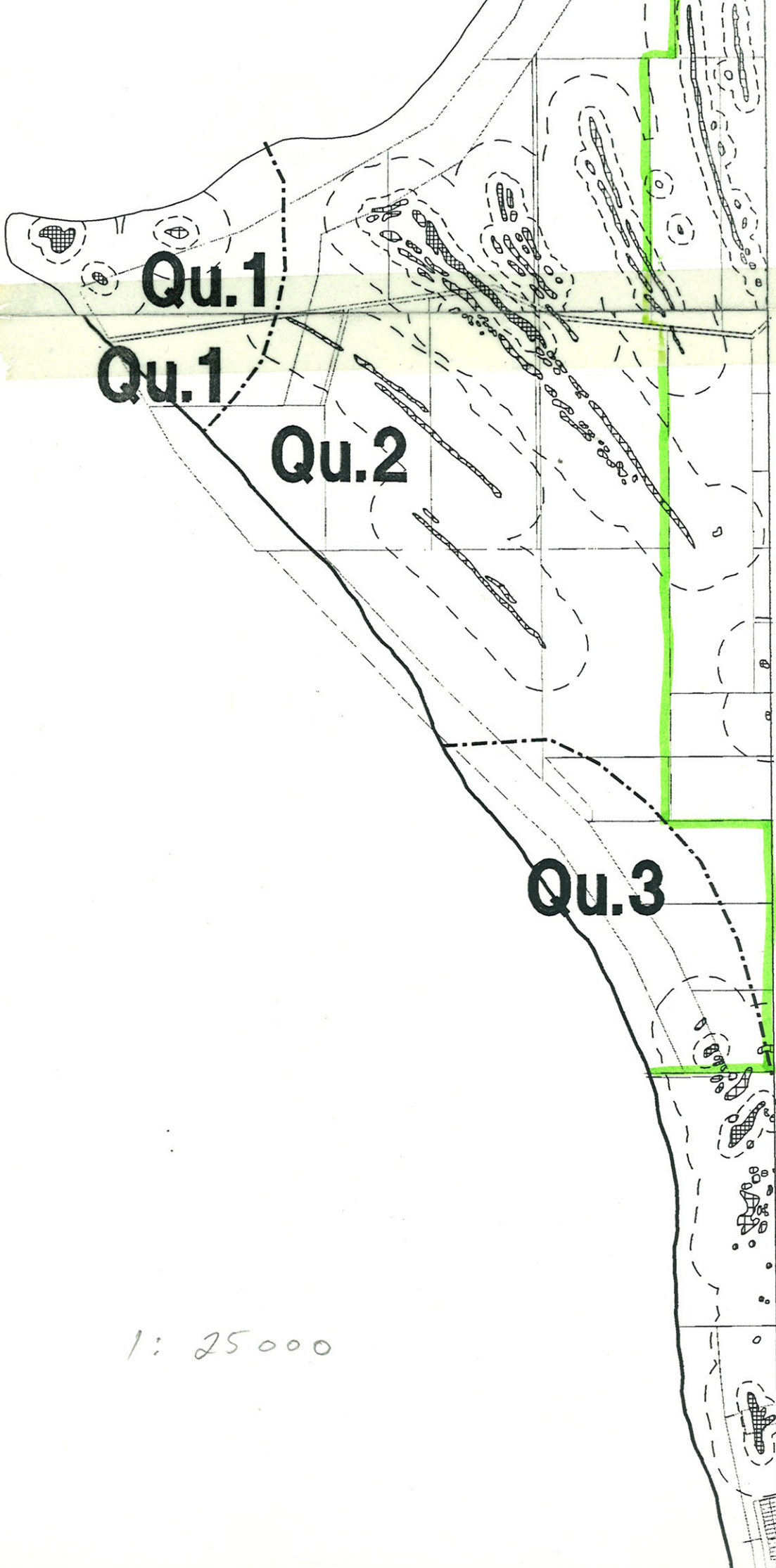
M106 PORT KENNEDY

total area - 807.1875 ha



Port Kennedy
S boundary

— boundary from orthophoto



1: 25000

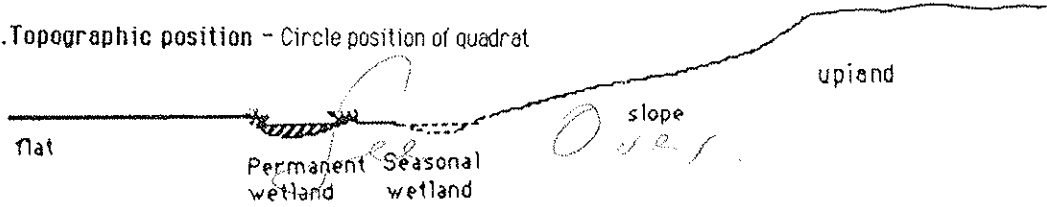
QUADRAT No. PB 91 VEGETATION TYPE Tropical Sedge
 DATE FIRST TRIP 2/9/92 VOLUNTEERS 10/1/92
 DATE SECOND TRIP _____ VOLUNTEERS _____
 BOTANIST NO. 1/92

1. LOCATION of the QUADRAT

a. Mud Map Draw a sketch of the location of the quadrat the back of this sheet →

b. Photograph Photographer's name _____

c. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

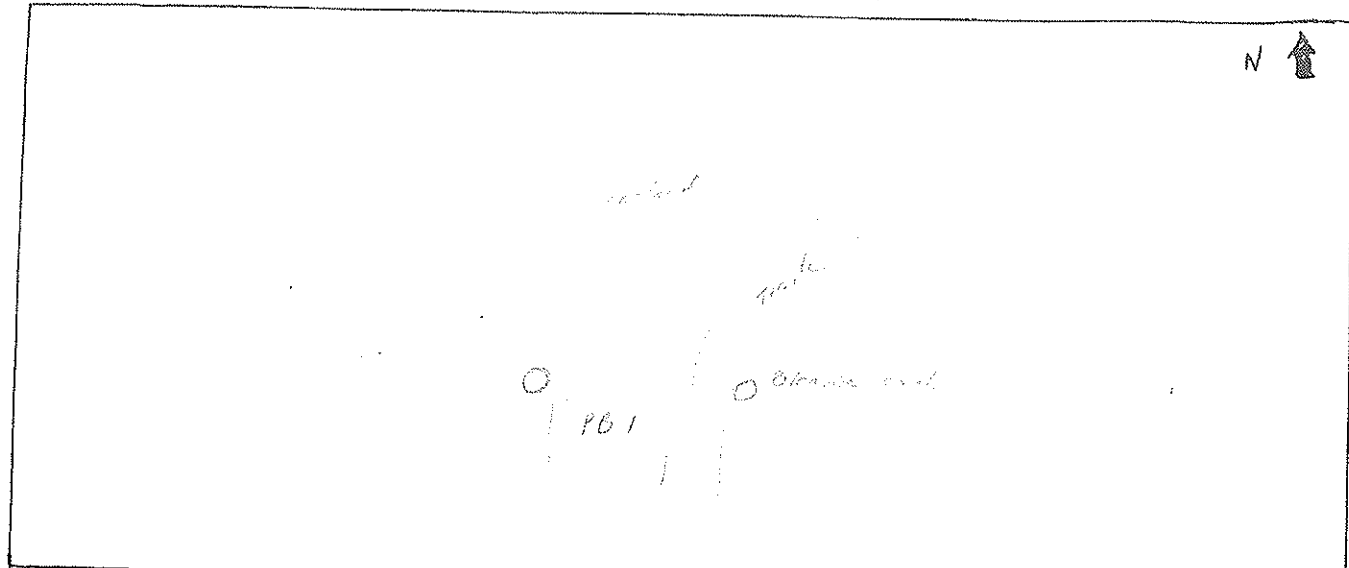
Slope flat gentle steep Aspect N NE E SE S SW W NW

% Bare ground _____ Drainage well mod poor Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____ Surface soil _____ Sub-surface soil _____

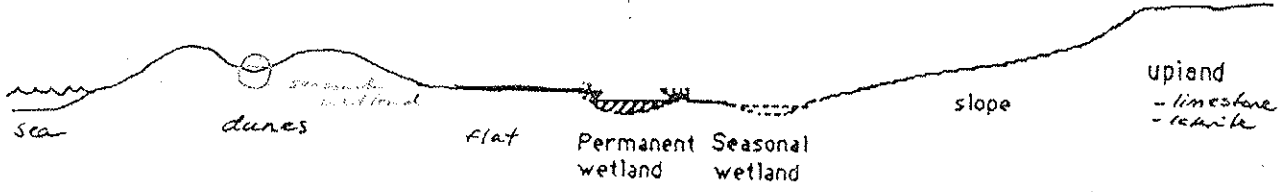
3. VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND COVER. Record appropriate cover class

Cover Class - percentage classes	over 70%	TREES		MALLEES		Height (metres)		
	50-70%	LIFE FORM	or > 15m 5-15m 	Under 5m 	MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m 		MALLEE TREE 8m or more 	
	30-50%	COVER CLASS (%)	2-15m 5-15m					
	20-30%	SHRUBS						
	10-20%	LIFE FORM	over 2m 	2.0-1.5m 	1.5-1.0m 		1.0m - .5m 	under 5m
	2-10%	COVER CLASS (%)						
	0%	BUNCH GRASSES		HERBS	SEDGES			
		LIFE FORM	100 stem Branched under .5m 	(except creepers) under .5m 	over .5m 		under .5m 	
		COVER CLASS (%)	2-10%	10-20% 20-70%	50-70%		2-10%	



b. Road Location	c. Latitude	Longitude
see aerial photograph	32° 23' 09.7"	115° 44' 06.1"
d. Photograph Photographer's name _____	Photo No. _____	Altitude
		5m

e. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep

Aspect

N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW
---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

Surface soil humus rich sandy clay

Sub-surface soil _____

Drainage well mod poor

Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) 0%

% Bare ground 0%

4. VEGETATION CONDITION

EXCELLANT		Comments <u>Wetland weed</u>
VERY GOOD		
GOOD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
POOR		
VERY POOR		

Canal remnants seen
Wetlands have patches of Gyneria, Lygodium, Scirpus throughs

4. SPECIES PRESENCE

- work systematically through the vegetation, start with the tallest stratum, i.e. trees
- within each stratum try to record the most common species first and the most uncommon last.
- as each species is collected label it with a numbered tag and use this number on your recording sheet
- indicate if the species is in flower

Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

QUADRAT No.
 PB 01

Trees	No	ID	SHRUBS	No	ID	Herbs	No	ID
			29/10					
			1 <i>Flourensia douglasii</i>					
			1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>					
			1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>					
			1 <i>Leersia glauca</i>	X				
Mallees								
SHRUBS								
1 <i>Lonicera australis</i> (with mallee)								
1 <i>Melaleuca cajuputi</i>								
			Bunch Grasses					
			1 <i>Poa horrida</i>	X				
			1 <i>Styphelia longifolia</i>	X				
			Weed					
			1 Weed <i>Volcania</i> sp.					
						Sedges		
						1 <i>Ischaemum nodosum</i>		
						1 <i>Leptocarpus longifolius</i>		
						1 <i>Leptocarpus longifolius</i>		
			Herbs					
			1 <i>Muellbeckia adpressura</i>					
			1 <i>Leptocarpus longifolius</i>					
			1 <i>Epilobium hilliardii</i>					
			1 <i>Leptocarpus longifolius</i>					
			1 <i>Rumex crispus</i>					
			1 <i>Leptocarpus longifolius</i> (mallee)					
			1 <i>Rumex crispus</i>					

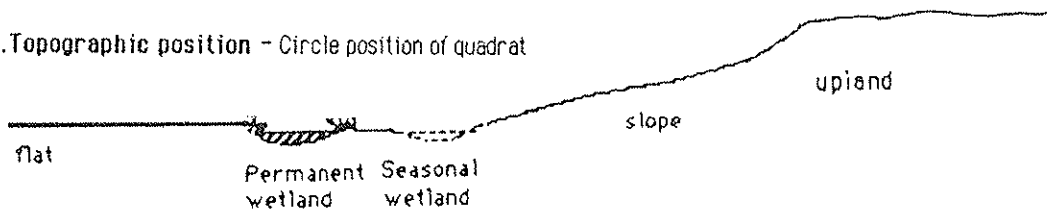
QUADRAT No. 10 02 VEGETATION TYPE _____
 DATE FIRST TRIP 2/2/92 VOLUNTEERS _____
 DATE SECOND TRIP _____ VOLUNTEERS _____
 BOTANIST: NO. 15K

1. LOCATION of the QUADRAT

a. Mud Map Draw a sketch of the location of the quadrat the back of this sheet →

b. Photograph Photographer's name _____

c. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep Aspect N NE E SE S SW W NW

% Bare ground _____ Drainage well mod poor Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____ Surface soil _____ Sub-surface soil _____

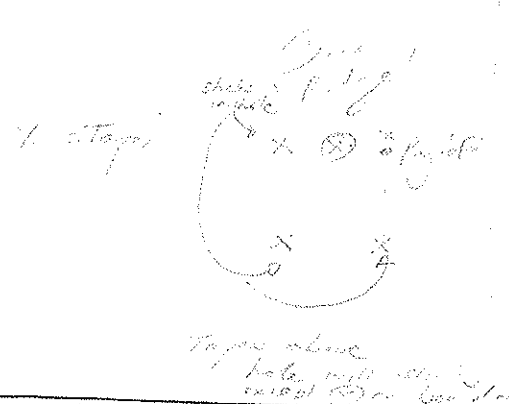
3. VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND COVER Record appropriate cover class

Cover Class - percentage classes	over 70%	TREES				MALLEES				Height (metres)
	50-70%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	30-50%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	20-30%	SHRUBS				SHRUBS				Height (metres)
	10-20%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	2-10%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	0%	BUNCH GRASSES				HERBS		SEDGES		Height (metres)
	under 2%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	under 2%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		

LIFE FORM	TREES	Under 5m	MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m	MALLEE TREE 8m or more
	COVER CLASS (%)	5-15m		

LIFE FORM	SHRUBS	over 2m	2.0-1.5m	1.5-1.0m	1.0m - .5m	under 5m
	COVER CLASS (%)		50-70%		10-20%	

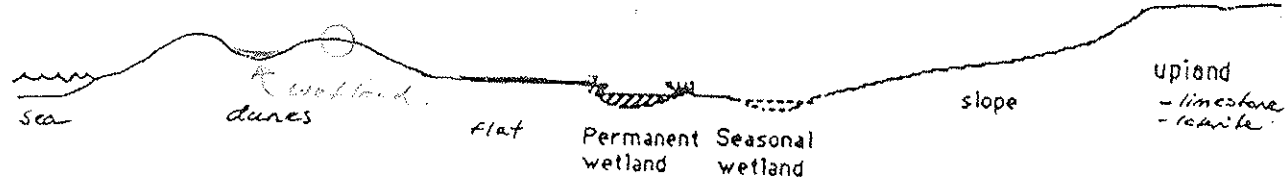
LIFE FORM	BUNCH GRASSES	HERBS	SEDGES
	COVER CLASS (%)	30-50%	10-20%



fine soil
brown black and so
5m water

b. Road Location	c. Latitude	Longitude
at road photo, adj. to E. 0201	32° 23' 08.9"	115° 44' 08.6"
d. Photograph Photographer's name <u>NG</u> Photo No. <u>4-30m</u>	Aspect <u>SE</u> <u>5m</u>	

e. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep
crest small dune

Aspect

N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW
---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

Surface soil cream | good

Sub-surface soil _____

Drainage well mod poor
Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) 20%
% Bare ground 10%

4. VEGETATION CONDITION

EXCELLANT		Comments <i>Ground with very few bare, ground not covered by water.</i>
VERY GOOD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/>	
POOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	
VERY POOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	

14

2-15m, 35-50%
No signs, lymphoid glab, capillary
more granular

open surface to lymphoid, lymphoid glab,

15-10 Observed surface

Conditioned Lead to the ground

10-0.5 Ac. tension

2-15% to 20-30%

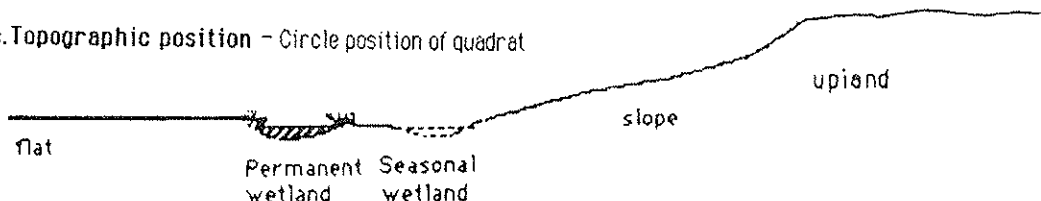
QUADRAT No. BB 03 VEGETATION TYPE Mo to low shrubland
 DATE FIRST TRIP 3/12/95 VOLUNTEERS 1/1/1/1
 DATE SECOND TRIP 1/1/1/1 VOLUNTEERS 1/1/1/1
 BOTANIST _____

1. LOCATION of the QUADRAT

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b. Photograph Photographer's name _____

c. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



Keighery and Keighery, 1990
Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
MOORE RIVER to JURRIEN SANDPLAIN
SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

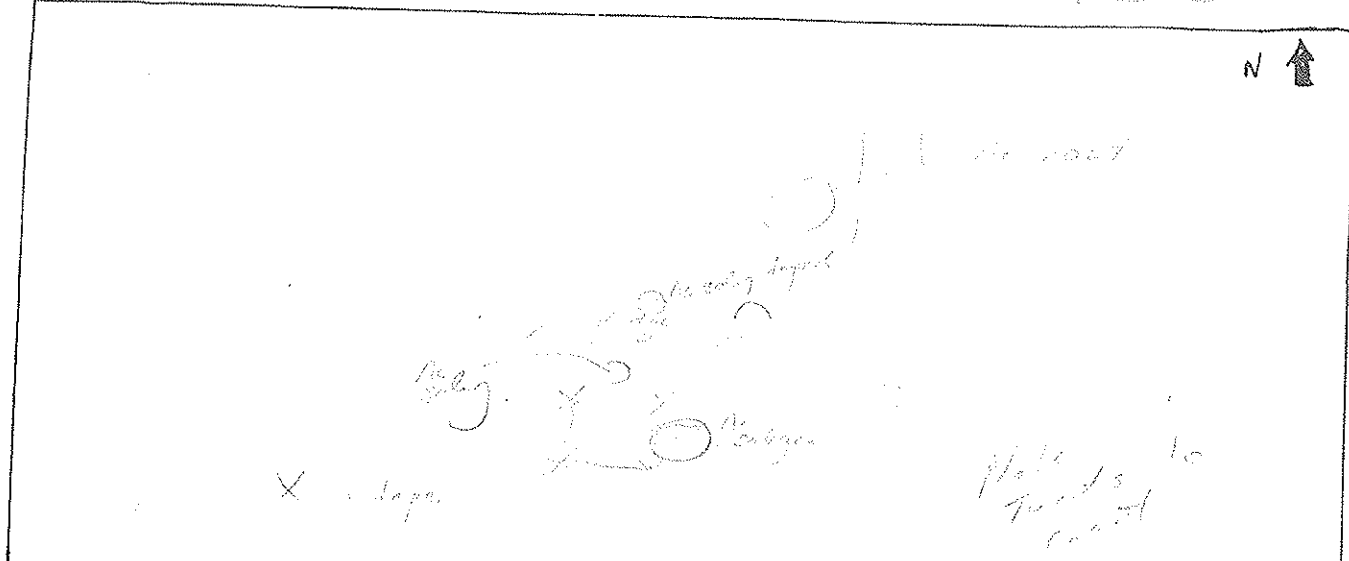
Slope flat gentle steep Aspect N NE E SE S SW W NW

% Bare ground _____ Drainage well mod poor Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____ Surface soil _____ Sub-surface soil _____

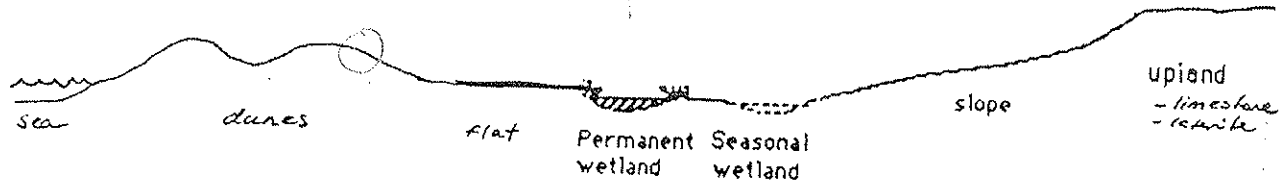
3. VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND COVER Record appropriate cover class

Cover Class - percentage classes	over 70%	TREES				MALLEES				Height (metres)
	50-70%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	30-50%	> 15m 5-15m 		Under 5m 		MALLEE SHRUBS less than 8m 		MALLEE TREE 8m or more 		
	20-30%	SHRUBS								
	10-20%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	2-10%	over 2m 		2.0-1.5m 		1.5-1.0m 		1.0m - .5m under 5m 		
	0%	LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		LIFE FORM		COVER CLASS (%)		
	under 2%	under .5m 		under .5m (except creepers) 		over .5m 		under .5m 		
	under 2%	BUNCH GRASSES		HERBS		SEDGES				
	0%	under .5m 		under .5m (except creepers) 		over .5m 		under .5m 		
	0%	COVER CLASS (%)		COVER CLASS (%)		COVER CLASS (%)		COVER CLASS (%)		



b. Road Location	c. Latitude	Longitude
	27 23 17.0	104 07.5
d. Photograph Photographer's name	Photo No	Artist's name

e. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response
 Slope flat gentle steep

Aspect:

N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW
---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

Surface soil _____

Sub-surface soil _____

Drainage well mod poor
 Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____
 % Bare ground _____

4. VEGETATION CONDITION

EXCELLANT		Comments
VERY GOOD		
GOOD		
POOR		
VERY POOR		

4. SPECIES PRESENCE

- work systematically through the vegetation, start with the tallest stratum, i.e. trees
- within each stratum try to record the **most common species first** and the most uncommon last.
- as each species is collected **label** it with a numbered tag and use this number on your recording sheet
- indicate if the species is in flower

Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

QUADRAT No.
 PB 03

Trees	No	ID	SHRUBS	No	ID	Herbs	No	ID
			25/10 = PB 03 Poac. parish Acrolytoides tomentosa Dodonaea leptocladia Nanthopelates sp. 100m of shrubland → Hydrocotyle sp. SP-157 Sphaeralcea Sida			25/10 PB 03 ✓ Poa ? prostr. * Bromus distachyos		
Mallees								
SHRUBS			Bunch Grasses			Sedges		
✓			Neocoma saligna					
✓			Sack (Grevillea?)					
✓			Ma. lara					
✓			Leucophaea parva					
✓			Met. melaleuca					
✓			Exocarpos sparsus	X				
✓			Myrsine laevis					
✓			Gleichenia multicaulis	VSP				
✓			Glaucium holosericeum	X				
✓			Halimolobos lobocarpa					
			Herbs					
✓			Conoclinium west					
✓			Cenchrus aculeatus					
✓			Quercus sp.					
✓			Stenactis lanthana	VSP				
✓			Leucanthes scabra					
✓			Crocosmia glomerata					
✓			Junonia sp.					
✓			Delonix regia					
✓			Pithecolobium					
✓			Dichroa cymaria	X				
						ADS 3/15/12		
						Glyptostoma multicaulis		(15)

Coastal State

Swampy - ground level 500 ft - 1000 ft
(about 100 ft)

Draw as Pb P3
f/m

Wetlands

Wet grass, but some in grass

Note

o Red. cap very rare
2 specimens seen

o Veldt gun - Not seen

Most sig woods

* Red. ten Dubuque
& birch

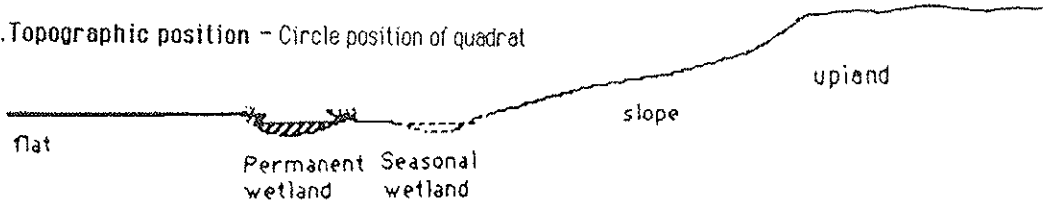
QUADRAT No. 108 704 VEGETATION TYPE Acacia scrub
 DATE FIRST TRIP 3/9/92 VOLUNTEERS _____
 DATE SECOND TRIP 5/10/92 VOLUNTEERS _____
 BOTANIST W. DSK (same)

1. LOCATION of the QUADRAT

a. Mud Map Draw a sketch of the location of the quadrat the back of this sheet →

b. Photograph Photographer's name _____

c. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep Aspect N NE E SE S SW W NW

% Bare ground _____ Drainage well mod poor Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____ Surface soil _____ Sub-surface soil _____

3. VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND COVER Record appropriate cover class

Cover Class - percentage classes	over 70%	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>TREES</th> <th colspan="3">MALLEES</th> </tr> <tr> <td>LIFE FORM</td> <td> > 15m or 5-15m </td> <td> under 5m </td> <td> MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m </td> <td> MALLEE TREE 8m or more </td> </tr> <tr> <td>COVER CLASS (%)</td> <td> > 15m 5-15m </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>				TREES	MALLEES			LIFE FORM	> 15m or 5-15m 	under 5m 	MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m 	MALLEE TREE 8m or more 	COVER CLASS (%)	> 15m 5-15m				15m 10m 5m				
	TREES	MALLEES																						
	LIFE FORM	> 15m or 5-15m 	under 5m 	MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m 	MALLEE TREE 8m or more 																			
	COVER CLASS (%)	> 15m 5-15m																						
	50-70%																							
	30-50%																							
	20-30%	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>SHRUBS</th> <th colspan="5"></th> </tr> <tr> <td>LIFE FORM</td> <td> over 2m </td> <td> 2.0-1.5m No rest Sprouting </td> <td> 1.5-1.0m </td> <td> 1.0m - .5m No rest </td> <td> under .5m </td> </tr> <tr> <td>COVER CLASS (%)</td> <td></td> <td>20-30</td> <td></td> <td>5-10</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>				SHRUBS						LIFE FORM	over 2m 	2.0-1.5m No rest Sprouting 	1.5-1.0m 	1.0m - .5m No rest 	under .5m 	COVER CLASS (%)		20-30		5-10		3m 2m 1m
	SHRUBS																							
	LIFE FORM	over 2m 	2.0-1.5m No rest Sprouting 	1.5-1.0m 	1.0m - .5m No rest 	under .5m 																		
	COVER CLASS (%)		20-30		5-10																			
	10-20%																							
	2-10%																							
0%	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>BUNCH GRASSES</th> <th>HERBS</th> <th>SEDGES</th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <td>LIFE FORM</td> <td> <i>Conochylis ac</i> <i>Lomatium mon</i> under .5m (except creepers) </td> <td> over .5m </td> <td> under .5m </td> </tr> <tr> <td>COVER CLASS (%)</td> <td>10-20%</td> <td>< 2%</td> <td>< 2%</td> </tr> </table>				BUNCH GRASSES	HERBS	SEDGES		LIFE FORM	<i>Conochylis ac</i> <i>Lomatium mon</i> under .5m (except creepers) 	over .5m 	under .5m 	COVER CLASS (%)	10-20%	< 2%	< 2%	2.0m 1.5m 1.0m .5m							
BUNCH GRASSES	HERBS	SEDGES																						
LIFE FORM	<i>Conochylis ac</i> <i>Lomatium mon</i> under .5m (except creepers) 	over .5m 	under .5m 																					
COVER CLASS (%)	10-20%	< 2%	< 2%																					

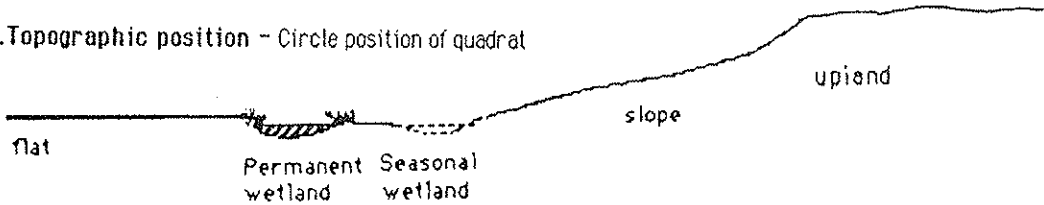
QUADRAT No. 16/75 VEGETATION TYPE Oleina shrubland
 DATE FIRST TRIP 2/19/92 VOLUNTEERS _____
 DATE SECOND TRIP _____ VOLUNTEERS _____
 BOTANIST W. Carr

1. LOCATION of the QUADRAT See map

a. Mud Map Draw a sketch of the location of the quadrat the back of this sheet →

b. Photograph Photographer's name _____

c. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



Keighery and Keighery, 1990
 Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
 MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
 SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep Aspect N NE E SE S SW W NW

% Bare ground _____ Drainage well mod poor Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) _____ Surface soil _____ Sub-surface soil _____

3. VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND COVER. Record appropriate cover class

Cover Class - percentage classes	over 70%	TREES		MALLEES				Height (metres)	
	50-70%	LIFE FORM	<u>> 15m</u> <u>5-15m</u> 	<u>Under 5m</u> 	<u>MALLEE SHRUB less than 8m</u> 	<u>MALLEE TREE 8m or more</u> 	15m 10m 5m		
	30-50%	COVER CLASS (%)	<u>> 15m</u> <u>5-15m</u>						
	20-30%	SHRUBS							
	10-20%	LIFE FORM	<u>over 2m</u> 	<u>2.0-1.5m</u> <u>Oleina will</u> <u>Spiral</u> 	<u>1.5-1.0m</u> 	<u>1.0m - .5m</u> <u>Pic las</u> <u>Mal low</u> 	<u>under 5m</u> 		3m 2m 1m
	2-10%	COVER CLASS (%)		<u>30-50%</u>		<u>20-30%</u>			
	0%	BUNCH GRASSES		HERBS		SEDGES			
	under 2%	LIFE FORM	<u>20/10</u> <u>Poa & Stipas</u> <u>under .5m</u> 	<u>under .5m (except creepers)</u> 	<u>over .5m</u> 	<u>under .5m</u> 	2.0m 1.5m 1.0m .5m		
	under 2%	COVER CLASS (%)	<u>2-10%</u>	<u>10-20%</u>					



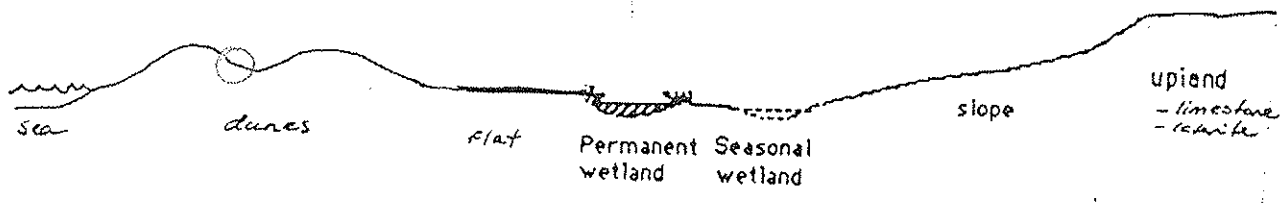
No PEGS

possibly some
etc.

100m
 X - obvious line by bare shrub
 X - cream shrub 32m
 1 type
 Shrub
 shade x on shade

b. Road Location	c. Latitude	Longitude
See aerial photo, same track as 1-3 direct 474 m to Site 3 (becoming SW)	39° 23' 12.2"	115° 43' 53.3"
d. Photograph Photographer's name <u>DC</u>	Photo No <u>± 30m</u>	<u>AREKUS</u> <u>EM</u>

e. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep

Aspect

N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW
---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

Surface soil grey sand

Sub-surface soil 10 grey sand - cream sand

Drainage well mod poor

Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) 10-20%

% Bare ground 2%

4. VEGETATION CONDITION

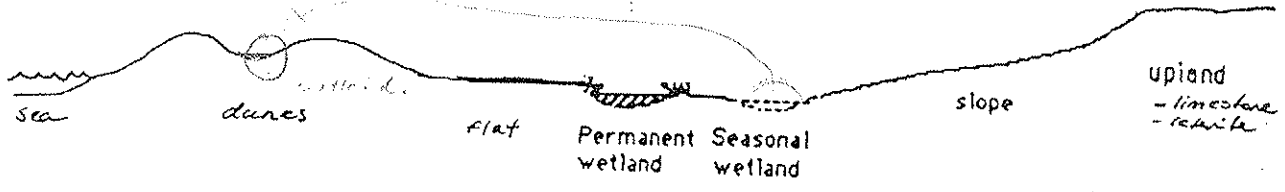
EXCELLANT		Comments Moss in both bare patches and wood in water (bare patches have no plants visible, but cover ground)
VERY GOOD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/>	
POOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	
VERY POOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	



Level of water
to the 1st wetland
also to 2nd
water table
top
dead stand 1.5m

b. Road Location		c. Latitude	Longitude
Roads from 1, 4, 5 & 6 E of junction 2 km		32° 22' 45.8"	115° 48' 29.4"
d. Photograph	Photographer's name	Photo No	± 30m
		AR 10/10	5m

e. Topographic position - Circle position of quadrat



2. SITE DATA - Circle the correct response

Slope flat gentle steep

Aspect

N	NE	E	SE	S	SW	W	NW
---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

Surface soil humus rich clayey sand

Sub-surface soil _____

Drainage well mod poor

Wet All year winter/spring

Litter (% cover) 20% (most Acacia sativa dead)

% Bare ground 0%

4. VEGETATION CONDITION

EXCELLANT		Comments Grass weeds (annual)
VERY GOOD		
GOOD	✓	
POOR		
VERY POOR		

4. SPECIES PRESENCE

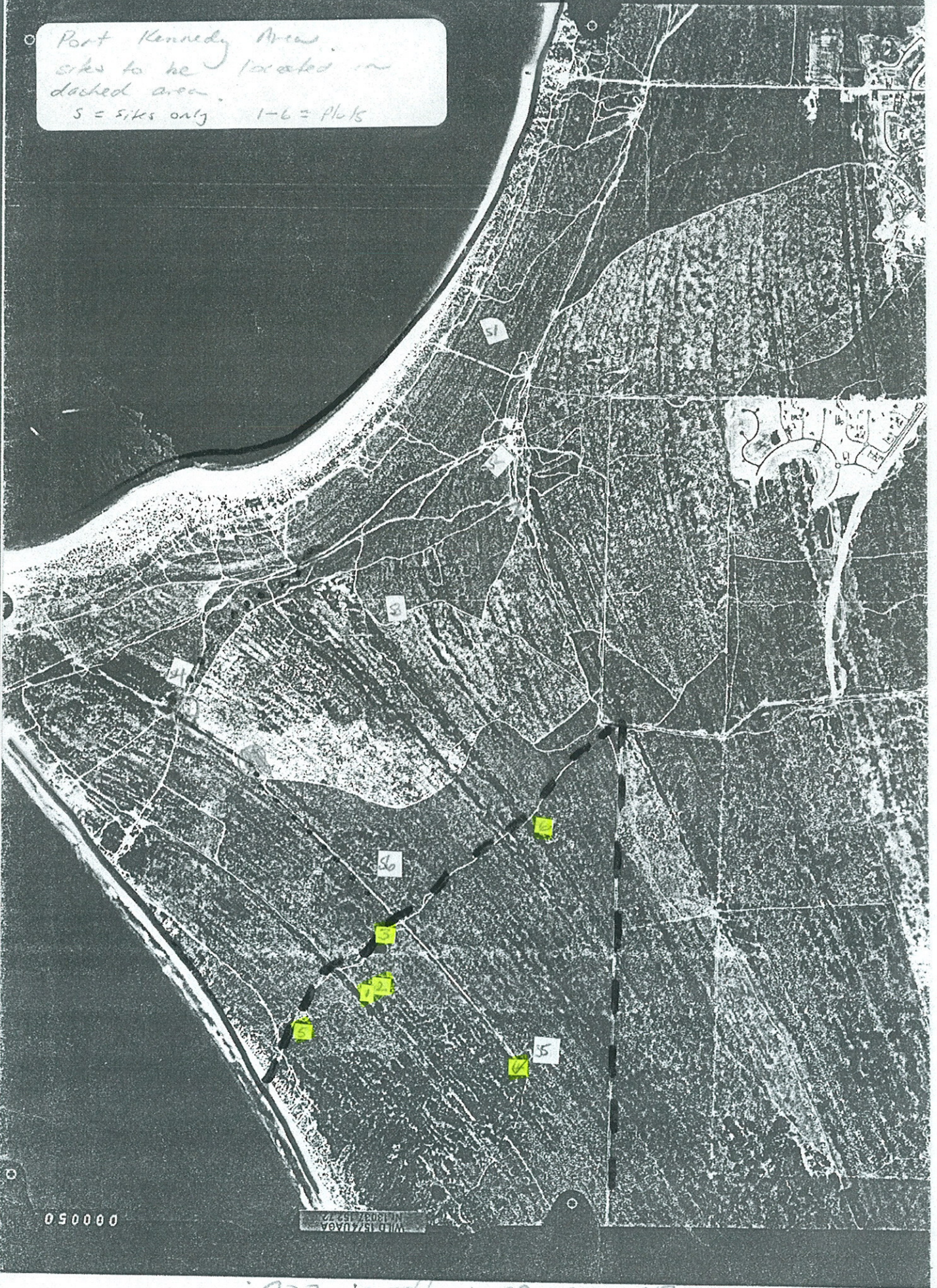
- work systematically through the vegetation, start with the tallest stratum, i.e. trees
- within each stratum try to record the most common species first and the most uncommon last.
- as each species is collected label it with a numbered tag and use this number on your recording sheet
- indicate if the species is in flower

QUADRAT No.
PB 96

Keighery and Keighery, 1990
Adapted from Griffin and Keighery, 1989
MOORE RIVER to JURIE SANDPLAIN
SURVEY. WILDFLOWER SOCIETY of WA

Trees	No	ID	SHRUBS	No	ID	Herbs	No	ID
			29/10					
			1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>					
			1 * <i>Brachycome diandra</i>	X				
			1 * <i>Callitriche</i>					
			1 <i>Leaved mistle</i>					
			1 <i>Lobelia alata</i>					
Mallees			1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>	X	AD7			
			1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>	VSP	X	1 <i>Stachys recta</i>		
			1 <i>Stachys pubescens</i>					
			1 <i>Tetradlea crumena</i>	X				
			1 * <i>Brachycome</i>					
SHRUBS								
1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>								
1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>								
1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>								
1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>								
1 <i>Acacia saligna</i>								
			Bunch Grasses					
			1 <i>Wood = <i>Stylidium ovatum</i></i>	X				
			1 <i>Food = <i>Stylidium</i> off berry</i>	X	VSP			
			1 <i>Sporobolus nigricaudus</i>	X				
			1 <i>Grass</i>					
						Sedges		
			Herbs			1 <i>Limonium p. brisban</i>	X	
			1 <i>Trichostema</i>			1 <i>Boerhaavia juncea</i>		
			1 * <i>Sarcocolla mollis</i>			1 <i>Zonopsis nodosa</i>		
			1 <i>Sarcocolla</i>					
			1 * <i>Sarcocolla densa</i>					
			1 <i>Stylidium</i>					
			1 <i>Thymelaea</i>					
			1 * <i>Penstemon</i>					
			1 * <i>Amorpha</i>					
			1 <i>Callitriche</i>					
			1 * <i>Tetradlea</i>					
			1 <i>Lobelia alata</i>					
			1 <i>Stylidium</i>	X				
			1 * <i>Centropogon</i>					
			1 <i>Trichostema</i>					

Port Kennedy Area
sites to be located in
dashed area
S = sites only 1-6 = plots



000050

WILD 157406A
MILWAUKEE 1977 72

Block to be mapped, LCD.

PB



1 ← 0.832

2.07 7/2 to 2.10

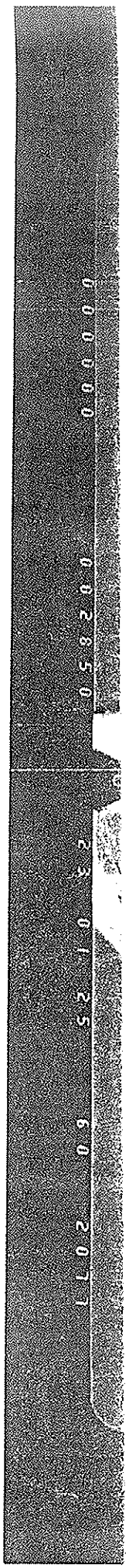
1-3

3-085

~~4-085~~ site 4

0.65 5.65
(1075)
(near to h sites)

3
4107
507
2-03





M106 Port Kennedy

Bulletins 281 (Westport Project), 398 (Port Ken Rec centre), 734 (changes to 398 boundaries).

Friends

Advocate

Management

Other Names:

Specific Study/studies

Miscellaneous studies

Flora

Vegetation Map 1 2 3

Flora list 1 2 3 4

Significant Taxa done suitable / doubtful

Fauna

Mammals 1 2

Birds 1 2 RAOU

Reptiles and Amphibia 1 2

Invertebrates 1 2

Vegetation Condition Map Sites Comment

Disturbance Factors Comment Management

Swan Coastal Plain Floristic Survey

AHC: National Estate - ~~Listed~~ Interim / Nominated / Notified NT (WA): Heritage Classification

Notes

M106 Port Kennedy

Bulletins 281 (Westport Project), 398 (Port Ken Rec centre), 734 (changes to 398 boundaries).

M106.1 Regional park recommendations be applied to this area.	Unresolved Issues	Proposed to be a regional park in Metroplan (December 1990).
M106.2 DPUD consider reserving those portions not already reserved for Parks and Recreation under Metropolitan Region Scheme.	Unresolved Issues	Portion of the area is proposed to be developed as a tourist resort, with most of the area to be set for conservation. Port Kennedy Land Conservation District Committee, Friends of Port Kennedy, Conservation Council, Wetlands Conservation Society and Waterbird Conservation Group have an interest in this area.

SHEET 1: System 6 - REPORT Information Search

Date 13/5/94 BJK

Please circle the appropriate response or respond in the space provided.

Area M/06 Name	<u>Port Kennedy - Beecher Point</u>		
	<u>91, 46</u>	<u>Naval Base;</u>	<u>Swanbourne</u>
Title	<u>The Flora of Three Coastal Bushland Areas</u>		
	<u>(System 6 Areas M 46, M 91 and M 106). PART IX</u>		
Published/Unpublished	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Published	<input type="checkbox"/> Unpublished	Date <u>June 1993</u>
Author/s	<u>C.J. Keighery & B.J. Keighery</u>		
Location of Publication	<u>CALM (Woodvale), EPA</u>		
Purpose (why was the report prepared?)	<u>Flora Survey</u>		
Government	<u>CALM, Heritage Commission</u>		
Corporate			
Community Group	<u>Wildflower Society</u>		
Management Plan			

Soils			
Units	mapped	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> described	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> referenced

Landscape		
Features	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> described	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> referenced

Flora		
Vegetation Map		
Units		Site based (no)
Mapped		
Veg Units	<u>Comparable Heddle et al</u>	<u>Compared Heddle et al. Unit not mapped by Heddle et al.</u>
Flora list	<u>comparison between the 3 areas</u>	
Timing	<u>% completion 90%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Significant Taxa
<u>2 yrs</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Trees	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shrubs
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Herbs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sedges
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Weeds	<input type="checkbox"/> DRF
		<input type="checkbox"/> CALM Priority
		<input type="checkbox"/> Other

Fauna		
Timing	<u>% completion</u>	<u>Significant Taxa</u>
	<u>Mammals</u>	<u>Birds</u>
	<u>Reptiles</u>	<u>Invertebrates</u>
		<u>Sched1 Sched2 Other</u>

Vegetation Condition	<u>general description</u>		
Site based	Mapped	Units	<u>Tudger</u>

Disturbance Factors		
Phytophthora	<u>observed</u>	<u>Other incidental</u>
	<u>tested</u>	<u>itemised</u>

Notes	

Please circle the appropriate response or respond in the space provided.

Area M106 Name	<u>Port Kennedy</u>		
Title	<u>A Report on the Flora and Vegetation of the Port Kennedy Area</u>		
Published/Unpublished	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Date	<u>May 1988</u>
Author/s			
Location of Publication			
Purpose (why was the report prepared?)			
Government			
Corporate	<u>Bauman-Bisham & Associates</u>		
Community Group			
Management Plan			

Soils			
Units	mapped	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Landscape			
Features	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	

Flora			
Vegetation Map			
Units	<u>Aplin</u>	Site based (no)	<u>at least one each unit</u>
Mapped	<u>13 units mapped</u>		
Veg Units	<u>Comparable Heddle et al</u>	Compared Heddle et al.	Unit not mapped by Heddle et al.
Flora list			
Timing	%completion	<u>80%-70%</u>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Any/ <u>Winter</u> <u>1988</u>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
			<u>partial</u>

Fauna			
Timing	%completion	Significant Taxa	
	Mammals	Birds	Sched1 Sched2 Other
	Reptiles	Invertebrates	

Vegetation Condition			
Site based	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Units <u>Tredgen</u>

Disturbance Factors			
Phytophthora	observed	Other	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
	tested	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	

Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vegetation units discuss/cover flora and cover each unit. • Comments on perception of conservation values 		
Adjoining Area:	<u>'St Clair' Development</u>		
	<u>for Peet & Co May 1992 (unpublished)</u>		

A Report
on the Flora
and Vegetation
of the Port Kennedy area

Prepared for

Bowman Bishaw

and Associates

Rokeby Rd., Subiaco

by

Malcolm Trudgen

Consultant Botanist

113 Park Street, Subiaco

May 1988

Area M/106 Name <u>Port Kennedy, Secret Harbour,</u>	
<u>Golden Bay, Singleton</u>	
Source <u>Bob Holze (Naturalist)</u>	
Purpose (why was the study done?)	
Government	
Corporate	
Community Group	
Management Plan	
Publication Planned	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes No Date <u>? 1994 Sept</u>
Planned Location	

Soils		
Units	described	referenced

Landscape		
Features	described	referenced

Flora			
Vegetation Map			
Units	Site based (no)		
Mapped			
Veg Units	Comparable Heddle <i>et al</i>	Compared Heddle <i>et al</i>	Unit not mapped by Heddle <i>et al</i>
Flora list			
Timing	%completion		Significant Taxa
	Trees	Shrubs Herbs Sedges	Weeds DRF CALM Priority Other

Fauna <u>trapping and observations, traplines marked</u>			
Timing	%completion		Significant Taxa
<u>18 mths</u>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Mammals <u>98%</u>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Birds <u>95%</u>	Sched1 Sched2 Other
<u>(every weekend)</u>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Reptiles <u>90%</u>	Invertebrates	

Vegetation Condition		
Site based	Mapped	Units
Disturbance Factors		
Phytophthora	observed	Other incidental
	tested	itemised

Notes	
<u>?6 taxa on List</u>	<u>Deerant</u>
<u>Fox baiting</u>	<u>Black Gloved Wallaby</u>
<u>- cat trapping/baiting</u>	<u>Bandicoot</u>
	<u>Children's Python</u>
<u>Fauna work at: M53 (area), Ellis Brook, Ellen Brook</u>	
<u>Bushland, Snake Swamp, Kookooloo, Kerwick</u>	
<u>Wetlands, White-man Park</u>	

- ✓ Port Kennedy region recreation centre, Port Kennedy Joint Venture : report and recommendations of the Environmental Protection Authority. Bull 398, 711.559(941) WES
- ✓ Port Kennedy regional recreation centre design concept. Western Australia. Metropolitan Region Planning Authority. 711.455(941) WES
- ✓ Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre : environmental review and management programme. Binnie & Partners. 711.559(941.1) BIN
- Port Kennedy regional recreation centre: design concept: approved draft, amended. Western Australia. Metropolitan Region Planning Authority. 712.256 WES
- Port Kennedy recreation centre design concept, prepared by the Town Planning Department on behalf of the Metropolitan Region Planning Authority. Western Australia. Town Planning Department. 712.256 WES
- ✓ Compliance and progress report volume 1 : Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre stage 1. Bowman Bishaw Gorham [for Fleuris Pty Ltd]. 711.559(941) BOW
- ✓ Compliance and progress report volume II : sand dune stabilisation and management programme Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre. Bowman Bishaw Gorham [for Fleuris Pty Ltd]. 711.559(941) BOW
- Compliance and progress report volume III : fire management plan Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre. Bowman Bishaw Gorham [for Fleuris Pty Ltd]. 711.559(941) BOW
- ✓ Change to environmental conditions for regional recreation centre Stage 1 Boundary, Port Kennedy Fleuris Pty Ltd : report and recommendations of the Environmental Protection Authority. Bull 734. 711.559(941) WES

Author: ✓ Binnie and Partners Pty. Ltd.

Date: ✓ 1988

Title: Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre ERMP, Volume I: Summary Report

Source: Unpublished report Binnie and Partners to the E.P.A.

Author: ✓ Binnie and Partners Pty. Ltd.

Date: ✓ 1988

Title: Port Kennedy Regional Recreation Centre. Environmental Review and Management Programme Volume III: Appendices

Source: Binnie and Partners ERMP

Author: Semeniuk V. Cresswell I.D. Wurm P.A.S.

Date: ✓ 1989

Title: ✓ The Quindilup Dunes: The regional system, physical framework and vegetation habitats

Source: Journal of the Royal Society of Western Australia 71: 23-47

711.559 (941)

AREA INFORMATION

System 6 Area (C or M) or Update Area (Update)

M106

Conservation Area
Nature Reserve
Reserve No
National Park
Reserve No
Local Government
Reserve No
Other
Proposed Conservation Areas
Local Government
Reserve No
Other DOLA unvested C20716 Minister for Community Welfare - C33837

Conservation Area

PRIVATE - lots 1072-94

Nature Reserve
Reserve No
National Park
Reserve No
Local Government
Reserve No
Other

TOTAL AREA

Bushland Area	hectares
Completely Degraded	

AREA MAPPED FLORISTIC UNITS

Units	Site (Condition)	Code	A	PB	Bound	Area (ha)
19	Ø1 (3)	Ø6 (3)				
298	Ø2 (2)	Ø3 (2)	Ø4 (2)			
	Ø5 (2)					

Boundaries determined by use of

aerial photograph	Metro Street Directory run 6 5043-49	5/1/91
orthophoto	2033 II SW, III NE	Aug 1991
vegetation map		
soil map		

CONTACT DR N. GIBSON CALM WOODVALE for further information.

Flora list for M106 (extracted from Swan Coastal Plain database, PB sites 1 - 6, 2/1995).

Department of Environmental Protection System 6 Update: Site Based Flora List M106 Port Kennedy

(extracted from the CALM Swan Coastal Plain database, 85 taxa, Pb sites 1-6, 2/95)

Aizoaceae

Carpobrotus virescens

Apiaceae

Apium annuum

Daucus glochidiatus

Hydrocotyle sp. scps

Trachymene pilosa

Asteraceae

* *Conyza albida*

* *Hypochaeris glabra*

Olearia axillaris

Senecio lautus subsp. *dissectifolius*

Senecio lautus subsp. *maritimus*

* *Sonchus asper*

* *Sonchus oleraceus*

Waitzia aurea

Waitzia citrina

Brassicaceae

* *Heliophila pusilla*

Caryophyllaceae

* *Cerastium glomeratum*

Chenopodiaceae

Rhagodia baccata subsp. *baccata*

Crassulaceae

* *Crassula glomerata*

Cyperaceae

Baumea juncea

Carex preissii

Isolepis cernua

Isolepis nodosa

Lepidosperma "coastal terete" scps (BJK&NG 231)

Lepidosperma angustatum

Schoenus grandiflorus

Dasypogonaceae

Acanthocarpus preissii

Lomandra maritima

Epacridaceae

Leucopogon australis

Leucopogon parviflorus

Euphorbiaceae

Phyllanthus calycinus

CONTACT DR N. GIBSON CALM WOODVALE for further information.

Flora list for M106 (extracted from Swan Coastal Plain database, PB sites 1 - 6, 2/1995).

Geraniaceae

- * *Geranium molle*
- Geranium retrorsum*
- * *Pelargonium capitatum*
- Pelargonium littorale*

Goodeniaceae

- Scaevola anchlussifolia*

Haemodoraceae

- Conostylis aculeata*
- Conostylis candicans*

Iridaceae

- * *Romulea rosea*

Juncaceae

- Juncus kraussii*

Juncaginaceae

- Triglochin trichophorum*

Lamiaceae

- Hemiandra pungens*

Lauraceae

- Cassytha flava*

Lobeliaceae

- Lobelia alata*

Loganiaceae

- Logania vaginalis*

Mimosaceae

- Acacia lasiocarpa*
- Acacia rostellifera*
- Acacia saligna*

Myrtaceae

- Melaleuca acerosa*

Onagraceae

- Epilobium billardierianum*

Orchidaceae

- Prasophyllum fimbria*
- Pterostylis barbata*
- Pterostylis brevisepala* ms sthst

Papilionaceae

- Gompholobium tomentosum*
- Hardenbergia comptoniana*
- Jacksonia furcellata*
- Kennedia prostrata*
- * *Trifolium glomeratum*

CONTACT DR N. GIBSON CALM WOODVALE for further information.

Flora list for M106 (extracted from Swan Coastal Plain database, PB sites 1 - 6, 2/1995).

Poaceae

- * *Bromus diandrus*
- Danthonia occidentalis*
- Danthonia sp. scps*
- * *Holcus sp. scps*
- * *Lagurus ovatus*
- * *Lolium rigidum*
- Poa porphyroclados*
- Poa sp. scps*
- Sporobolus virginicus*
- Stipa flavescens*

Polygalaceae

- Comesperma confertum*

Polygonaceae

- Muehlenbeckia adpressa*
- * *Rumex crispus*

Portulacaceae

- Calandrinia corrigioloides*
- Calandrinia liniflora*

Primulaceae

- * *Anagallis arvensis*

Restionaceae

- Loxocarya flexuosa*
- Loxocarya pubescens*

Rhamnaceae

- Cryptandra mutila*
- Spyridium globulosum*
- Trymalium albicans*

Rubiaceae

- Opercularia vaginata*

Santalaceae

- Exocarpos sparteus*

Scrophulariaceae

- * *Bellardia trixago*
- * *Dischisma arenarium*
- * *Parentucellia viscosa*

Stackhousiaceae

- Stackhousia monogyna*

Xanthorrhoeaceae

- Xanthorrhoea preissii*



41
BS377
PB176

CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

Civic Boulevard, Rockingham
Western Australia

OUR REF: TP11-2-44 PM.mw
YOUR REF:

ENQUIRIES TO: Mr Monks

23rd April 1999

Manager
Environmental Planning Branch
Ministry for Planning
469 Wellington Street
PERTH WA 6000

MINISTRY FOR
PLANNING
27 APR 1999
805-2-1-32PT12
FILE

Dear Sir

Re: Submission on the Draft Perth's Bushplan

I refer to your letter dated the 27th November 1998 inviting comment on the draft Perth's Bushplan. The report and plans were presented to Council at its ordinary Meeting held on the 23rd March 1999, where it was resolved to submit the following comments, which are divided into four sections:-

1. Principles and Recommendations.
2. Comments on specific sites nominated in the City of Rockingham.
3. General Comments.
4. Implementation.

1. PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The retention of regionally and locally significant bushland is an important measure that has the support of the City of Rockingham, and the draft Perth Bushplan provides important information and recommendations to achieve this objective.

The methodology used to establish which sites are of regional significance is clear, once the reporting structure of the various volumes of the documents is understood.

Council has attended a number of briefing sessions organised by the Ministry for Planning and WAMA and these sessions have played a very important role in understanding both the implications of the recommendations of Perth Bushplan, and the views of the various parties that are affected by the Report.

(xiii) Bushplan Site No. 367 - Penguin, Seal, Bird and Gull Islands and Shag Rock

These sites are part of the Shoalwater Islands Marine Park and are reserved in the MRS as 'Parks and Recreation'. The sites are subject to a management strategy prepared by CALM which is responsible for protection and ongoing management.

(xiv) Bushplan Site No. [redacted] - Doghill Road Bushland, Baldivis

This site contains significant remnant vegetation and is wholly contained within private ownership. It is appropriate that Council, the Bushplan Co-ordinator and the Ministry for Planning liaise with the landowners on a negotiated planning solution that enables the retention of the significant vegetation whilst catering for the aspirations of the affected landowners.

Council's Rural Land Strategy permits subdivision of lots in the precinct within which these lots are located, to a minimum size of 2ha, however, it is a usual part of any planning process to identify physical features worthy of preservation and this should also occur in this instance.

It should be noted that Council has received copies of submissions from two of the affected landowners. Council supports the need for all the above parties to meet to determine the future development potential of the various landholdings, after taking into account the significant on-site vegetation.

(xv) Bushplan Site No. [redacted] - Port Kennedy

The Port Kennedy area is reserved in the MRS as 'Parks and Recreation' and is an 'A' Class Reserve for Scientific Purposes. The site is also part of the Rockingham Lakes Regional Park, for which CALM is currently preparing a Management Plan.

(xvi) Bushplan Site No. [redacted] - Anstey Swamp, Karnup

Anstey Swamp is currently reserved 'Parks and Recreation' in the MRS. The swamp is also an EPP and Conservation status sumpland and is appropriately nominated as a Bushplan site.

(xvii) Bushplan Site No. [redacted] - Folly Pool, Baldivis

Folly Pool is vested with the Water Corporation and as such, management responsibilities should primarily rest with this authority, in consultation with other relevant authorities, including the City. The site is a nominated EPP and Resource Enhancement status sumpland.

V. & C. SEMENIUK RESEARCH GROUP

RESEARCH AND EDUCATIONAL CONSULTANTS IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL SCIENCES

PRINCIPAL POSTAL ADDRESS:
21 GLENMERE ROAD
WARWICK 6024
TELEPHONE (09) 447 3708

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123 FITZGERALD STREET
WEST PERTH 6005

12th July 2000

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION RECORDS SECTION	
18 JUL 2000	
FILE No	PR176
NAME	G WHISSON
FILE No	
NAME	

Mr G Whisson
Dept Environmental Protection
Allendale Square
St Georges Tce
Perth
WA. 6000

RE: PROTECTION OF IMPORTANT WETLANDS AND BEACHRIDGE DUNES, PORT KENNEDY LOT 17.

Dear Mr Whisson

I write to you in response to a request from Mrs C Edwardes MLA in a letter received 20th June 2000. In this letter Mrs Edwardes requested the following information regarding the wetland and beachridge sites located on Port Kennedy Lot 17, currently under freehold title to Landcorp:

- specific location of the wetlands of particular significance
- information on the site, its significance, and its sensitivities
- the forms of development or changes to the local environment that would threaten their scientific values
- the size of the area that needs to be protected, and
- management requirements to maintain the scientific values of the site.

I herein submit a brief synopsis of the situation, values and processes from current knowledge and understanding, as well as accompanying maps and diagrams.

Specific location of the wetlands of particular significance

There are several wetland basins in the swale nearest and parallel to the proposed Bakewell Drive, Port Kennedy. These basins are sumplands and damplands. Three of these wetlands have been the subject of intense scientific research for the period 1991-2000. These specific wetlands are located on Map Sheet 2033 II NW in the Wetland Atlas (Hill et al 1996), and are circled on the enclosed 1:25,000 aerial photograph. They are:

- Wetland 98
- Wetland 101
- Wetland 103

Information on the site, its significance, and its sensitivities

Already, much information and significant argument have been put forward regarding the international significance and scientific heritage value of the wetlands in this setting, the time period of the earth's history that they span, and the unusual and variable ecological relationships which occur between sediments, hydrology and vegetation response (Rockingham Report to AHC 1991, correspondence to DEP 1989-95, testimony to Hansard Committee 1992, presentation to Federal Minister for Conservation, presentation to WA Parliament 1992, SW Environmental audit to Ministry for Planning 1993, correspondence to Conservation Council of WA 1991-94, presentation and correspondence to Rockingham City Councillors 1991-4, etc.). Although it is not the intention of this letter to repeat such arguments, a brief summary of points is presented:

1. The Becher Cuspate Foreland and its beachridges contain part of the Holocene record of the changing coastline of this region for the period 7,000 years BP to the present. The Becher Cuspate Foreland is the largest sedimentary deposit of coastal deposits in the southern part of Western Australia, and as such contains the best archive of Holocene history in the southern Indian Ocean. Information from the beachridge sediments provides an understanding of past climates and sealevel history, and allows the impacts of future climatic and sea level changes to be predicted. In this context, wetlands developed on the Cuspate Foreland are part of this unique setting.
2. Wetlands in the inter-ridge depressions of the Holocene Quindalup Dunes geomorphic unit are rare on the Swan Coastal Plain, and only occur in the Becher Cuspate Foreland.
3. Wetland development on the Swan Coastal Plain generally commenced approximately 10,000-7,000 yrs BP, as watertables rose with rising sealevels into an undulating dune terrain. At that time, the Becher Cuspate Foreland was not yet in existence. Once the beachridge plain began to form, wetlands also began to develop. Wetland development on the Becher Cuspate Foreland commenced 5,000 years BP to the present. Pollen records which are recent and continuous are contained in the sediments. Pollen records are crucial for unravelling the past climatic record and predicting future climatic trends.
4. Wetlands on the Becher Cuspate Foreland exhibit a wide range as well as unusual vegetation communities for the Quindalup Dunes. There are 11 wetland vegetation types, all related to the unique carbonate and quartz sand nature of the Quindalup Dunes.
5. Sedimentary fill *in* the wetlands of the Becher Cuspate Foreland contain carbonate muds, as well as peat. Carbonate muds are commonly associated with shallow seas, marine systems, lagoons and saline lakes. Around the world, humic sands are the typical wetland sediments in this setting.

The features documented above and the unique and undisturbed setting of the Becher Suite wetlands makes them internationally scientifically unique and valuable.

The wetlands which are the focus of this letter should be viewed in the context of the information provided above.

The objective of this letter is to provide specific additional information on the wetlands of Port Kennedy Lot 17.

Specific information on wetlands 98, 101, 103

- 1. Most importantly, wetland 98, one of the three wetlands in the linear swale, is the oldest of the Becher Suite wetlands dated so far.**
- 2. Each of the wetlands adjacent to each other within the same linear swale began their history at different times, and as such indicate differing histories in the Holocene**
- 3. Wetlands 98, 101, and 103 contain unequivocal evidence of climatic change within the last four and a half thousand years.**
- 4. The three wetland basins contain clear evidence of wetland subsidence, wetland sediment cut-and-fill, dissolution, alternating with sedimentary filling - which is not observable in the younger wetlands of the Scientific Park. This is a feature, not documented elsewhere, globally, and one which will become important nationally and globally in the story of wetland evolution.**
- 5. The vegetation in each of the wetlands is completely dissimilar, and illustrates the subtle effects of the variation of sedimentary fill, hydroperiod evolution, geochemical evolution, and the resulting hydrochemical evolution of the wetland.**
- 6. The small scale hydrological mechanisms are different in each wetland, and different to the younger wetlands within the Scientific Park.**

These points are amplified below.

As noted above, the three wetland basins, although in the same swale and in close proximity are different ages (4,350 yrs BP, 4,100 yrs BP, 2,900 yrs BP). Wetland 98 is the oldest of wetland fills in the Becher Suite wetlands dated so far. Therefore it contains the most complete record of the Holocene time period for the Becher Suite of wetlands. In addition, the occurrence of wetlands so close, and yet, of different ages, is crucial information in unravelling the model of wetland evolution in the Becher Suite.

The stratigraphic logs in the three wetlands reveal carbonate mud deposits overlain by peaty/humic sediments. Carbonate muds are known to be precipitated in semi-arid to arid conditions, during times of inundation. In contrast, peat and humic material are products of humid climatic conditions. The presence of these two types of sediment in the same basin are evidence for climatic change.

The three wetlands contain the most clear and convincing evidence for wetland formation resulting from basin subsidence due to carbonate dissolution. This is a new discovery in wetland science, and will have global importance in the understanding of wetland evolutionary processes.

The three basins exhibit different vegetation associations even though they are in close proximity (*Baumea articulata* sedgeland, *Melaleuca teretifolia* closed heath, and *Juncus kraussii* sedgeland). Understanding plant distribution in wetlands has been a major, and as yet unresolved quest, and the example afforded in the Becher area is a particularly interesting, important and challenging occurrence, in that within an inherently complex soil system, it provides information and insights into the effect of soils, soil evolution, geochemistry, hydrochemistry, and the hydroperiod in defining the range and tolerance limits for wetland vegetation.

Although the major recharge and discharge mechanisms of all the Becher Suite wetlands are similar, the three basins exhibit different small scale hydrological mechanisms. For example, wetland 98 exhibits a sharp vertical cliffed contact between wetland and beachridge sediments, wetland 101 exhibits onlapping of wetland sediments by beachridge sediments, and wetland 103 exhibits interfingering of wetland and beachridge sediments. There is evidence that these variable contacts affect water movement and water availability within the wetlands. This evidence is crucial to understanding how the Becher Suite wetlands are maintained, and may be important in the preservation of other wetlands on the Swan Coastal Plain.

The significance of the points raised above is noted in the Table below. Levels of significance are provided by applying criteria from the Ramsar Convention and the Water Resources Council (1988) for International Significance, criteria from Australian Heritage Commission and the Water Resources Council (1988) for National Significance, and the Water Resources Council (1988) for State-wide to Regional Significance.

Feature	Implications	Significance
Wetland 98 is the oldest of the Becher Suite wetlands	contains the oldest sequence of sediment fill in the Becher Suite, and given that it contains the complexities outlined above, this will be the most important archive	Nationally to Regionally Significant

Wetlands adjacent to each other within the same linear swale began their history at different times,	indicate differing histories in the Holocene	Nationally to Regionally Significant
Wetlands 98, 101, and 103 contain unequivocal evidence of climatic change within the last four and a half thousand years.	contains the best archive of Holocene history in wetlands	Nationally to Regionally Significant
There is evidence of wetland subsidence, sediment cut-and-fill, dissolution, alternating with sedimentary filling	a feature, not documented elsewhere, globally, and one which will become important nationally and globally in the story of wetland evolution	Globally Significant
The vegetation in each of the wetlands is completely dissimilar	illustrates the subtle effects of the variation of sedimentary fill, hydroperiod evolution, geochemical evolution, and the resulting hydrochemical evolution of wetlands	State-wide Significance
The small scale hydrological mechanisms are different in each wetland, and different to the younger wetlands within the Scientific Park.	in combination with geochemical variation noted above, this illustrates the subtle effects of the variation of sedimentary fill, hydroperiod evolution, geochemical evolution, and the resulting hydrochemical evolution of wetlands	State-wide Significance

The forms of development or changes to the local environment that would threaten their scientific values

Change to process alters product. The forms of development detrimental to the scientific values of the wetlands are those which would alter the geomorphology, the hydrology and the sedimentology of the wetlands.

Geomorphology

The geomorphology would be altered if human impact on the wetland were to intensify, or if the wetland basin, slopes, depth, or surrounds to the wetland were flattened, infilled, dissected or in any way, modified.

Hydrology

The hydrology would be altered if any of the following conditions were to change.

- the recharge mechanisms are altered
- the water quality is altered
- the period of water availability is altered
- the water volumes are altered

The wetlands are currently recharged by groundwater rise as a result of rain infiltration. If surface runoff were to increase, sheet wash deposition is likely. If drainage is directed into the wetland, the hydroperiod will be altered. Groundwater rise is relatively slow and the balance between peat formation, continued dissolution of the carbonate grains and preservation of the carbonate muds is dependent upon the groundwater and the surface soil waters being separated for some specific length of time.

The wetlands are products of freshwater dominated conditions. Salts, nutrients, heavy metals are either very low or absent. Input of contaminants through regional groundwater flow will increase the toxicity of the wet ecosystems. As flow through of groundwater in these wetlands is very slow due to low hydraulic gradients, they are virtually closed systems. Therefore whatever contaminants enter the wetlands are likely to be permanent.

Changes to the length of time that water is available to plants and macro and soil fauna would alter the vegetation assemblages. There is much evidence to support this finding (Armstrong 1975, Breen et al 1988, Froend et al 1993). Although plants are tolerant to a range of water levels and inundation frequency, competition from other coastal dune species and invasive species is intense. The vegetation is unaltered largely because of the density of cover within the wetlands. Stress from altered water levels and hydroperiod, lowers this density through decreased productivity, and in many cases, death. As these plants propagate through vegetative reproduction, introduced seed banks of other species will be very competitive and difficult to remove.

Water volume changes will probably have the least impact in the short term as the wetland cycle naturally incorporates these fluctuations.

Sedimentology

In the long term, water volume changes will probably have a more serious impact by altering the chemical and sedimentological/hydrological interactions through changes to oxidation-reduction processes and effects on the carbonate equilibrium. The groundwaters are slightly alkaline which preserves the carbonate mud, but an influx of rainwater, even if uncontaminated, would alter the pH of the soil waters and probably initiate rapid changes to the sediment composition.

The size of the area that needs to be protected.

Ideally, the size of the area to be protected would be that which includes all the wetland basins in this swale (98, 101, 103, 104, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117), and this is

labelled in the diagram called Option 1. The area includes adjacent beachridges and swales west and east of the wetlands. This area is approximately 21 ha.

Option 2 includes only the wetlands which have been the focus of this letter, i.e., 98, 101, 103. The area is highlighted in the diagram labelled Option 2. Again, adjoining beachridges and swales are included. This area is approximately 11.4 ha.

Management requirements to maintain the scientific values of the site

The major management requirement is to preserve the existing setting and processes which are occurring in the wetlands. Another way of stating this is to preserve the way the wetland functions in its present natural state. The greatest risk to wetland scientific values is of course altered hydrology. This is also the most difficult factor to manage. We do not have successful models to emulate. Therefore, as this resource is so important, the first step is to err on the side of caution. An example of this type of action is to provide buffer zones wider than the normal regulated buffer. Although, through flow is extremely slow, it does occur. The minimum water levels in these wetlands are still within one metre of the surface. Therefore, even in the dry season, when it would appear that management of hydrology would be easier, the wetlands are susceptible to damage. The following recommendations are presented for your consideration, although I am happy to discuss any additional ideas you might have for wetland protection.

Recommendations

- 1. It is recommended that drainage from developed areas be transported off site and not allowed to enter the local groundwater.**
- 2. It is recommended that the surrounding beachridges be maintained and that their vegetation be protected to ensure similar infiltration rates and volumes to the surrounding areas.**
- 3. It is recommended that the three wetlands are preserved without alienation, i.e., the current track which separates wetland 98 and wetland 101 should be moved.**

I do hope that you will contact me if there are questions arising from this letter, or if you require more information, and that you will keep me informed as to the progress being made with respect to the conservation of these important wetlands.

Yours sincerely



Christine Semeniuk

INDIAN OCEAN

MAP

2033 III NE

MAP

2033 II NW

INDIAN OCEAN

MAP

2033 III SE

MAP

2033 II SW

BECHER POINT WETLANDS

NOTE: In high density areas Basin & Flat Wetlands are Dc unless shown otherwise.

BASIN AND FLAT WETLANDS

- lake (permanently inundated)
- estuary (permanently inundated)
- sumpland, floodplain (seasonally inundated), estuary (peripheral)
- vegetated section of extensive wetland
- dampland, palusplain (seasonally waterlogged)
- vegetated section of extensive wetland
- other basin wetlands

CHANNEL WETLANDS

- River (permanently inundated)
- Creek (seasonally inundated)
- Artificial channel
- Gravity or Pressure Drainage Pipes (metro area)

WETLAND TYPE

- L Lake
- CR Creek
- S Sumpland
- D Dampland
- AL Artificial Lake
- F Floodplain
- P Palusplain
- R River
- EW Estuary (Waterbody)
- E Estuary (Peripheral)
- PS Paluslope

ZONES OF INFLUENCE

- Zone of Critical Influence 50 metre boundary
- Zone of Secondary Influence 200 metre boundary

PRELIMINARY WETLAND MANAGEMENT CATEGORY

- c Conservation
- r Resource Enhancement
- m Multiple Use
- na Not Assessed

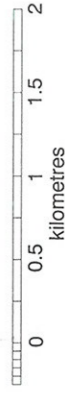
Note: All vegetated sections of extensive wetlands are assigned a Management Category of Conservation.

WETLAND MAP IDENTIFICATION NOS. EG. 12, 12-V1

Map Identification Numbers have been assigned to each wetland according to their type and method of classification.
Map Identification Numbers less than 300 represent wetlands mapped by the V & C Semeniuk Research Group for the Water Authority.
'V' denotes a vegetated selection of a wetland. eg. 12-V2

Map Identification Numbers ranging from 301 to 600 have been assigned to basin wetlands (mostly rock pools and dams) and numbers 601 and greater to channel wetlands (rivers, creeks, and artificial channels). Wetlands numbered 301 and greater have been described from complimentary DOLA digital hydrographic mapping.

SCALE 1:25 000



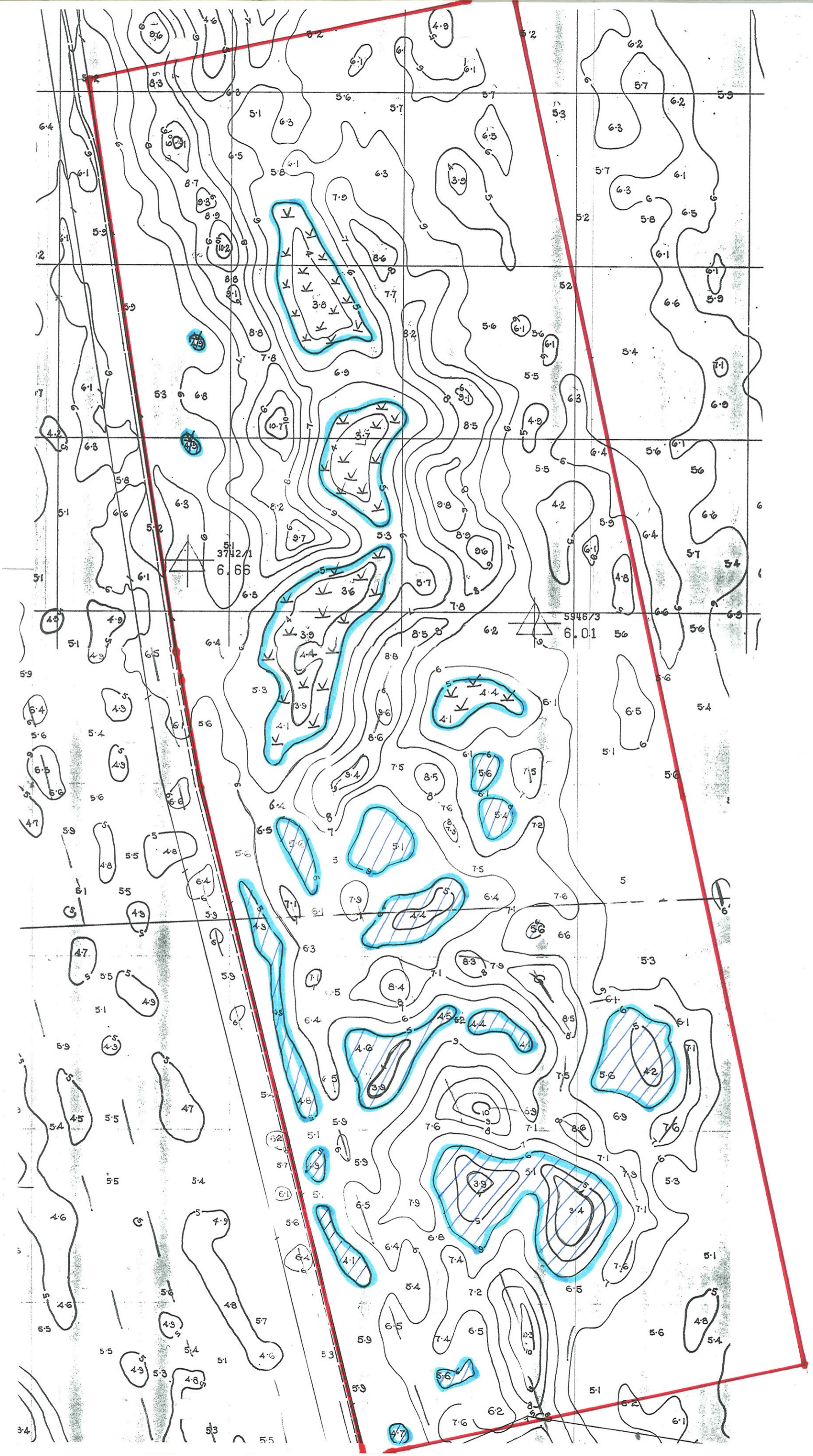
NORTH



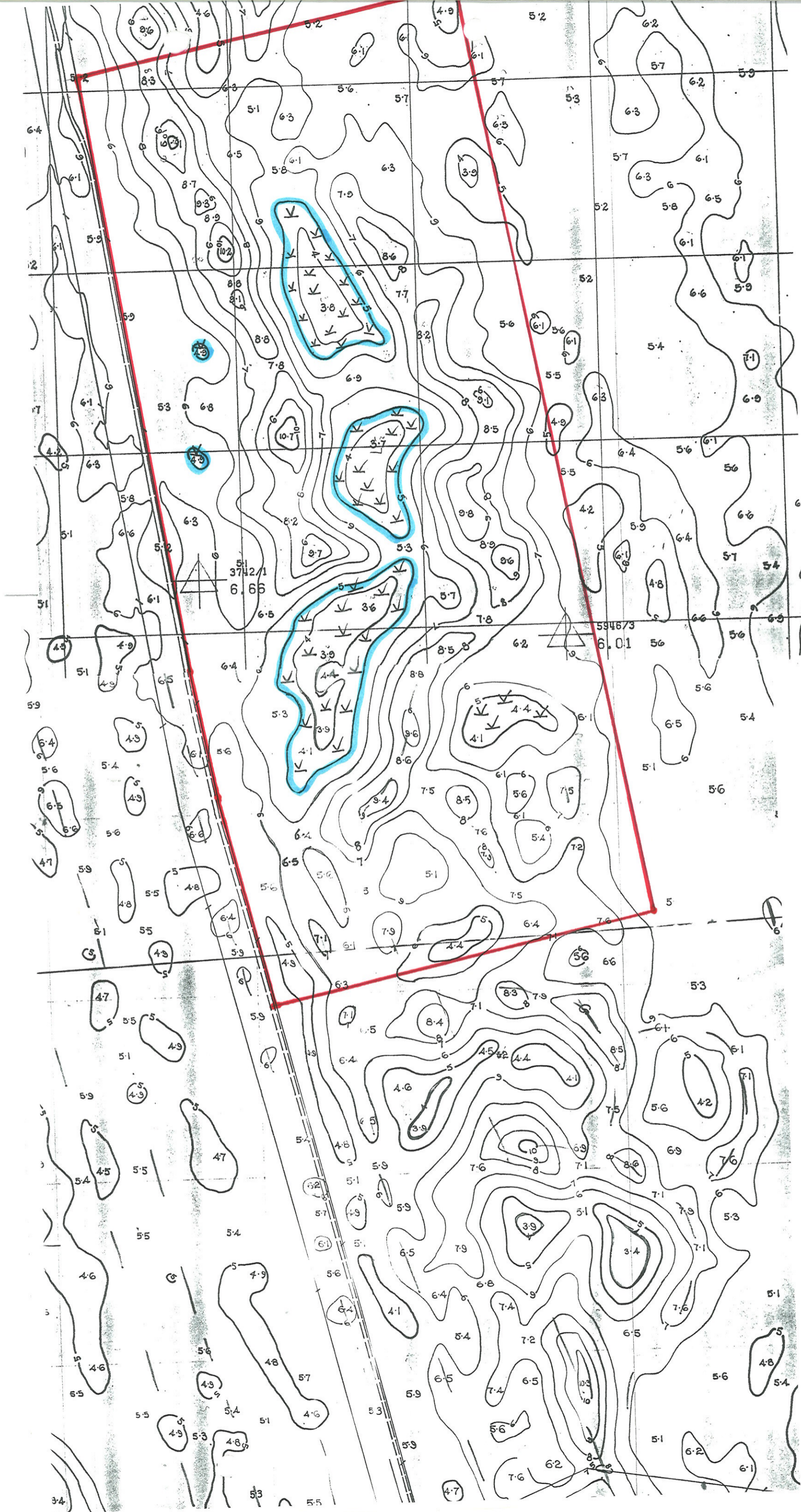


↑N 1:25,000

Option 1.
21.06 ha



Option 2
11.44 ha





M107

197

CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

Civic Boulevard, Rockingham,
Western Australia

OUR REF: TP11-2-11 PM.mw

YOUR REF:

3rd October 1995

ENQUIRIES TO: Mr Monks

The System Six Study Team
Department of Environmental Protection
141 St George's Terrace
PERTH WA 6000

ATT: Mr K McAlpine

Dear Sir

Re: System Six Update

The current review of the System Six recommendations were considered by Council at its ordinary Meeting held on the 26th September 1995. Council resolved that the following modifications and additions to the System Six Areas be submitted for consideration:-

1. Modification of Existing System Six Areas

(i) M107 - Peelhurst, Singleton and Madora

The recommendations of the System Six Report have in part been overturned by the EPA and the Minister for the Environment in approving urban development at Singleton and Golden Bay.

It is recommended that the boundaries of this recommendation should be modified to exclude the east-west transects where urban development has been approved. It is desirable, however, that the System Six recommendations remain over the land currently zoned Rural in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and Special Rural under Town Planning Scheme No.1, this being the Peelhurst and Singleton Special Rural Zones (see attached plan).

(ii) Similarly M103 should be modified to delete the area between Green Meadows and the Port Kennedy Business Park recently rezoned to Urban and Industrial under the Metropolitan Region Scheme, a portion of which is currently being rezoned to Development Zone under Town Planning Scheme No.1. M103 should, however, be extended to take into account the MRS Parks and Recreation Reserve around Tamworth Swamp (see attached plan).

(iii) M106 at Port Kennedy should be modified to exclude that portion of Secret Harbour approved for urban development and to rationalise the boundaries to coincide with the boundaries of the 'Scientific Park' to the west of the Warnbro Sound Avenue extension (see attached plan).

The recommendations applicable to Garden Island, Cape Peron, Lake Richmond and the Serpentine River remain relevant and should remain.

2. Additional Areas to Be Included in System Six

- (i) An additional area within the City that should be investigated for possible inclusion within the System Six Report is the Paganoni and Anstey Swamp area which is a Regional Reserve for Parks and Recreation under the Metropolitan Region Scheme and classified by the National Trust.

The above wetland is currently protected by an Environmental Protection Policy, however, incorporating it into a System Six recommendation may provide additional benefits in terms of its protection.

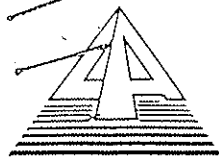
Council also resolved to consider the recommendations contained within the Red Book (Status Report 1993) for System Six with the view towards pursuing those recommendations that remain outstanding. A submission on Council's approach to implementing the recommendations will be forwarded to you following consideration of the Report.

As Council does not have a copy of the above Report, could a copy be forwarded to Council so that this matter can be progressed.

Should you have any enquiries with respect to this advice please do not hesitate to contact Mr Peter Monks on 528 0330.

Yours faithfully


G G HOLLAND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



DOLA

Department of LAND ADMINISTRATION

Your Ref: 807-2-28-30 V3

Our Ref : 2687/1996

Telephone: 273 7291

Enquires: Mr N.BUKHARY

13
MIDLAND SQUARE, MIDLAND
WESTERN AUSTRALIA
Postal Address: PO Box 22
Midland, Western Australia 60

MINISTRY FOR PLANNING
469 WELLINGTON STREET
PERTH WA 6000

ATT : BRUCE CUNNINGHAM

Dear Sir

RE RESERVE 45041

Further to your letter dated 4 June 1997 I advise that all necessary EXCO action has been completed and Port Kennedy Lot 213 is set aside as Reserve 45041 for the designated purpose of "Conservation of Flora and Fauna".

This reserve is automatically vested in N.P.N.C.A. pursuant to Section 7 of the CALM Act 1984.

Notice to this effect was published in the Government Gazette dated 5 August 1997, and I enclose a print of the said reserve .

Yours faithfully

for 

T. THOMSON

MANAGER

ACQUISITIONS, ROADS AND RESERVES

LAND OPERATIONS DIVISION

11 AUGUST 1997

Encl

08NBR7

C C CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

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into correct
file *Be*

MINISTRY FOR
PLANNING
13 AUG 1997
FILE 807-2-28-83

18/8/97

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT Gazette

4421



PERTH, TUESDAY, 5 AUGUST 1997 No. 132

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY JOHN A. STRIJK, GOVERNMENT PRINTER AT 3.30 PM

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PROCLAMATIONS

AA101

PUBLIC AND BANK HOLIDAYS ACT 1972**PROCLAMATION**

WESTERN AUSTRALIA P. M. Jeffery, Governor. [L.S.]	}	By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.
--	---	--

I, the Governor, acting under section 7 of the Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, declare that Monday, 2 October, shall be the Celebration Day for the Anniversary of the Birthday of the Reigning Sovereign in the year 2000.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

G. D. KIERATH, Minister for Labour Relations.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

AA201*

TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893
TRANSFER OF LAND (REVESTMENT)

PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA P. M. Jeffery, Governor. [L.S.]	}	By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.
--	---	--

DOLA File: 02687-1996-01RO.

UNDER Section 243 of the Transfer of Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby revest in Her Majesty as of her former estate, the land described as (a) Lot 1 on Plan 20449 being the whole of the land in Certificate of Title Volume 2034 Folio 870 (now portion of Port Kennedy Lot 213) and (b) Lot 3 on Plan 20273 being the whole of the land in Certificate of Title Volume 2043 Folio 1000. (now portion of Port Kennedy Lot 213).

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893
TRANSFER OF LAND (REVESTMENT)

PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA P. M. Jeffery, Governor. [L.S.]	}	By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.
--	---	--

DOLA File: 01224-1937-01RO.

UNDER Section 243 of the Transfer of Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby revest in Her Majesty as of her former estate, the land described as Port Hedland Lot 77 being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1063 Folio 522.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

AA202*

LAND ACT 1933
CLASSIFICATION OF RESERVED LANDS
PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA
 P. M. Jeffery,
 Governor.
 [L.S.]

} By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael
 Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer
 of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military
 Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.

DOLA File: 02079-1962-01RO.

UNDER Section 31 (1)(A) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby classify as of Class 'A' Reserve No 29432 Comprising Edel Location 85 with an area of 58.1833 hectares for the designated purpose of "National Park".

Local Authority: Shire of Shark Bay.

DOLA File: 01673-1997-01RO.

UNDER Section 31 (1)(A) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby classify as of Class 'A' Reserve No 45023 Comprising Perth Lot 1082 with an area of 1660 square metres for the designated purpose of "Use and Requirements of the Parliament and Government".

Local Authority: City of Perth.

DOLA File: 01674-1997-01RO.

UNDER Section 31 (1)(A) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby classify as of Class 'A' Reserve No 45024 Comprising Perth Lots 836 and 1083 with an area of 477 square metres for the designated purpose of "Parliamentary Buildings".

Local Authority: City of Perth.

DOLA File: 02304-1996-01RO.

UNDER Section 31 (1)(A) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby classify as of Class 'A' Reserve No 45035 Comprising Swan Location 12751 with an area of 6.1235 hectares for the designated purpose of "Conservation of Flora and Fauna".

Local Authority: Shire of Gingin.

DOLA File: 02687-1996-01RO.

UNDER Section 31 (1)(A) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby classify as of Class 'A' Reserve No 45041 Comprising Port Kennedy Lot 213 with an area of 589.4965 hectares for the designated purpose of "Conservation of Flora and Fauna".

Local Authority: City of Rockingham.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

AA203*

LAND ACT 1933
CANCELLATION OF "B" CLASSIFICATION
PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA
 P. M. Jeffery,
 Governor.
 [L.S.]

} By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael
 Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer
 of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military
 Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.

DOLA File: 11066-1898-01RD.

UNDER Section 31 (2) of the Land Act 1933, I, the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby cancel the "B" classification of Reserve 6245 ((Perth Lot N131)) for the designated purpose of "Police".

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

AA202*

LAND ACT 1933
CLASSIFICATION OF RESERVED LANDS
PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA P. M. Jeffery, Governor. [L.S.]	}	By His Excellency Major General Philip Michael Jeffery, Companion of the Order of Australia, Officer of the Order of Australia (Military Division), Military Cross, Governor of the State of Western Australia.
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DOLA File: 02079-1962-01RO.

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Local Authority: City of Perth.

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Local Authority: City of Rockingham.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

AA203*

LAND ACT 1933
CANCELLATION OF "B" CLASSIFICATION
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Given under my hand and the Seal of the State on 29 July 1997.

By His Excellency's Command,

D. SHAVE, Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

Lark Hill Equestrian Complex - New Proposal

Timeline of Events

July 1994

The subject land was first included in an omnibus amendment to the Metropolitan Region Scheme was formally assessed by the EPA.

EPA Formal Assessment resulted in Statement No.368 and the following condition being imposed upon the site which is as follows;

368:M4.22:2 Area west of Ennis Avenue and within System 6 area M103	Action Secure and manage for recreational and conservation purposes, the land owned by the State Planning Commission reserved under the Metropolitan Region Scheme for Public Purposes generally known as Lark Hill shown on Figure 13 (copy attached to the Minister's Statement) east of Warnbro Sound Avenue, south of Port Kennedy Drive and west of Ennis Avenue and Mandurah Road.
---	---

May 2000

ATA Environmental submitted Larkhill Regional Sport and Recreation Complex Management Strategy to EPA for assessment and approval.

July 2000

EPA Audit conditionally clears M4.22.2 in part subject to the following;

"Prior to the use of groundwater from the site commencing, a Contingency Plan for responding to reaching the maximum and minimum investigation levels is required upon advice from the WRC. Similarly further information upon the impact on the Lark Hill wetlands from the use of groundwater on site will also be required prior to the use of groundwater on the Lark Hill site commencing".

March 2004

After consultation with Inter-Agency, BFO advised ATA Environmental that the proposal that the BFO considered the proposal generally presented an improved environmental outcome. EPA Service Unit concurred and considered the proposal did not need further assessment.

July 2004

WAPC approved Development Application.

June 2005

Racing and Wagering WA presented the Racing and Training Complex proposal to BFO for comment.

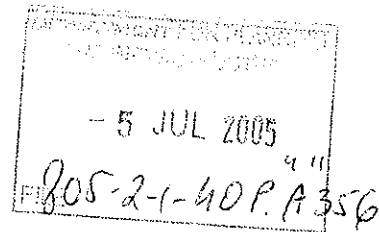
30 June 2005

RWW-2005-001-ENAD_002_pvdm

Karen Sanders
Senior Environmental Planner
Bush Forever Office
Department of Planning & Infrastructure
469 Wellington St
Perth WA 6000

Dear Karen

RE: LARK HILL EQUESTRIAN COMPLEX



Thank you for meeting with Dianne Begg and myself to discuss the proposed Master Plan for the Lark Hill Equestrian Complex. As discussed, the current approved plan for Lark Hill includes provision for a number of equestrian related items including:

- Construction of parking and a grandstand to the north of the track, accessed from Forty Road (to be constructed);
- The construction of additional race tracks internal to the existing grass track;
- Upgrade of the existing stables and maintenance shed area;
- Establishment of short stay accommodation along Mandurah Road;
- Provision for a horse training area in the cleared land to the south of the track adjacent to Forty Road.
- Possible upgrade of the horse training area into a future commercial stabling area;
- An agistment area east of the track on cleared land;
- Horse exercise tracks throughout the site; and
- Provision for Riding for the Disabled to the south-east of the existing track.

The Western Australian State Government has recently confirmed its intent to upgrade the current training facility into an all-weather racetrack, most probably for mid-week race meets. Racing and Wagering Western Australia (RWWA) has taken over the lease of the site and is in the process of preparing a Master Plan for the intended upgrade. RWWA has employed Dalton Consulting Engineers to prepare the Master Plan. The detailed planning of the site has revealed that the generic location of some of the items listed above is not adequate to meet the requirements of the intended use. Of most concern is the possible location for commercial stabling on the approved Master Plan. Dalton Consulting has designed a facility that will accommodate 380 horses in a stabling area. The horses would reside in the stables during their intensive training periods then return off-site while they are not training. A residential stabling area of this capacity is necessary for the commercial viability of the equestrian complex upgrade.



**OPTION 1:
EXISTING CHUTE**

VEGETATION BALANCE

Vegetation Lost:

- 6.3ha Stable Development
- 0.9ha New Stake Hill access road

Vegetation Gain:

- 2.5ha Mandurah Rd boundary
- 1.4ha Revegetated access roads
- 3.3ha Northern boundary (as shown)

Nett Vegetation Gain/Loss: 0.0ha

LEGEND

- Remnant Vegetation (Inter'd from Dec 2003 Air Photo)
- Vegetation Attributed to Wetlands (Inter'd from Dec 2003 Air Photo)
- Buffer zone Wetland Vegetation (50m)
- Possible Development Sites
- Degraded area to be returned to Natural Vegetation to compensate development
- Depression contours (<=5m AHD)
- Lease boundary



**FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY
ISSUE DATE: 10/6/05**



Coords:
Levels:

Scale @ A1/A3 SCALE(S) 1:2500/1:5000

RACING & WAGERING WESTERN AUSTRALIA
LARK HILL RACING & TRAINING FACILITY
MANDURAH ROAD, LARK HILL
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRAINTS PLAN
SITE ANALYSIS OVERVIEW
Drawing No. 7378-OP-1 Rev A
Sheet No. 1
©Dalton Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd ABN 78 429 221 049

Dalton Consulting Engineers
255 Whitehorse Rd
Victoria 3103
T 61 3 9 4 6 1 3 1
F 61 3 9 4 6 1 3 1
info@dcep.com.au
www.dcep.com.au

REF	REVISION	DATE	APPD.
A	ISSUED FOR DISCUSSION	10/6/05	D.A.

Designed
AN
Verified
AN
Audited
AN
Approved
AN



Ac (G-VG)

Ac (VG)

Ac GD



Ac (VVG)

Deg

- Proposed Residential / Stabling Option 1
- Previous Conservation Area to be Cleared
- Previous Development Area to be Retained
- Conservation Area to be Retained
- Protected in Lave Hill Master Plan

Scale 1:4000

Lark Hill Bush Forever Site 356

-  Bush Forever 2000 - Site Boundaries
-  Bush Forever 2004 - (Draft) Protection Areas



Map Ident: plot050721_1

Prepared By: Hermione Scott

Prepared For:

Date: 21 Jul 2005

Scale 1:11000

0  500 m

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DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
WESTRALIA SQUARE
141 ST. GEORGE'S TERRACE, PERTH

COMPLIANCE AND PROGRESS REPORT

VOLUME I

**PORT KENNEDY
REGIONAL RECREATION CENTRE
STAGE 1**

Prepared for:

Fleuris Pty Ltd
Suite 3/294 Rokeby Road
SUBIACO WA 6008

Prepared by:

Bowman Bishaw Gorham
294-296 Rokeby Road
SUBIACO WA 6008
Telephone: 388 1859
Fax: 381 7362

Report No: MA3145

September, 1993

PT. KENNEDY

+ index

Q

BS 377

no fauna

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environmental specifications to be included in Construction
Contracts.

M106

WESTPORT PROJECT

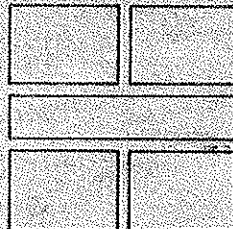
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Report and Recommendations
by the
Environmental Protection Authority

PK
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PORT KENNEDY REGIONAL RECREATION CENTRE DESIGN CONCEPT



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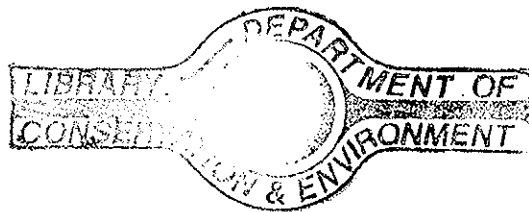
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no fauna



FOREWORD

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Some of the sketches used in this report were modelled from photographs purchased from *West Australian Newspapers Ltd.*, and some from photographs supplied by the *Sunday Times*.

PORT KENNEDY Q
BS 377

ANSTEY Q
SWAMP
BS 379

PAGANONI
SWAMP Q
BS 395

LAKES Q
COOLOONGUP
+ WALYUNGUP
BS 356



LAKE Q
RICHMOND
BS 358

TAMWORTH
HILL SWAMP
Q

Proposed Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks Management Framework

Includes the Port Kennedy Scientific Park,
Lake Richmond, Anstey Swamp, Paganoni Swamp,
Tamworth Hill Swamp, Lake Cooloongup
and Lake Walyungup

**Full document
available
on request**

Prepared for



PORT KENNEDY
BOARD OF
MANAGEMENT

By



August 1997

PORT KENNEDY REGIONAL RECREATION CENTRE

PORT KENNEDY JOINT VENTURE

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Report and Recommendations
of the
Environmental Protection Authority

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Environmental Protection Authority
Perth Western Australia
Bulletin 398 September 1989

Quin
PORT. KENN.

BS 377

Karen Clarke

FLORISTICS of
RESERVES and BUSHLAND AREAS
of the PERTH REGION (SYSTEM 6)

Parts V - IX

**Full document
available
on request**

G.J. Keighery and B.J. Keighery

The Wildflower Society of Western Australia has published these papers, parts of a continuing series, in the interest of the conservation of our unique flora. The Society considers it essential that decision makers and managers have available the necessary flora information before making irreversible land use decisions.

The Floristic Survey of the Swan Coastal Plain, of which the surveys of the flora of these areas was part, was carried out with the assistance of funds made available by the Commonwealth of Australia under the National Estate Grants Programme, and by the Australian Heritage Commission.

Wildflower Society of Western Australia (Inc.)
PO Box 64 Nedlands WA 6009

ISBN 0 9595443 8 0

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Change to environmental conditions for regional recreation centre Stage 1 Boundary, Port Kennedy

Fleuris Pty Ltd

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Report and recommendations
of the Environmental Protection Authority

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Environmental Protection Authority
Perth, Western Australia
Bulletin 734
February 1994

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PORT KENNEDY JOINT VENTURE

PORT KENNEDY REGIONAL RECREATION CENTRE
ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Volume II: Main Report

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DECEMBER 1988

Binnie & Partners Pty Ltd
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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PORT KENNEDY REGIONAL RECREATION CENTRE

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

VOLUME I: SUMMARY REPORT

**Full document
available
on request**

Prepared for Port Kennedy Joint Venture

by Binnie & Partners Pty Ltd

Project Co-ordinator: RI Allan Architect Pty Ltd

December 1988

PORT KENN.

INDEX
FLORA
✓ FANNA
ATTACHED
APPENDICES

Q

BS 377

BUSH SITE 377 : PORT KENNEDY



BUSH SITE : PORT KENNEDY



WILD 15740A8A
Nr.13037 152.72

000029



WILD 15740A9A
Nr 13037 152.72

000030

- 5 0 2 2 - 1 2 6 8 - 5 5 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 6 0 5 6 -

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 9 7 2 0 0 1 2 5 6 0 1 9 0 6

WILD 1574 UAGA
Nr 13037 152,72

000145

5022 - 1 268 - 55 100 0140 0320 402

000000 002229 22012560 2677